

Test Report For:  
**SPIG Industries, LLC**  
**SGET End Terminal**



TESTED TO:  
**Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware (MASH 2016)**  
**Test 3-34**

PREPARED FOR:  
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<b>16. Abstract</b> <p>One (1) Test Level 3, Test 34 (3-34) was performed on the subject SPIG Industries, LLC SGET end terminal. The terminal was impacted by a 2013 Hyundai 4-door sedan. Testing was conducted by KARCO Engineering, LLC. in Adelanto, CA on April 11, 2018.</p> <p>The test vehicle impacted the SGET end terminal at a velocity of 61.93 mph (99.67 km/h) and an impact angle of 14.8°. The vehicle impacted the system downstream of post 1 and was redirected. The system was damaged from post 2 through post 5.</p> <p>The test vehicle sustained damage to its passenger side front end. The front wheel assembly was broken and dragged underneath the vehicle. The passenger side bumper, quarter panel and door were also damaged. The occupant compartment was not penetrated and the deformation limits were not exceeded.</p> <p>The SPIG Industries, LLC SGET met all the requirements for MASH 2016 Test 3-34.</p>			
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Quantity	Typical Application	Std Units	Metric Unit	Multiply By
Mass	Vehicle Weight	lb	kg	0.4536
Linear Velocity	Impact Velocity	miles/hr	km/hr	1.609344
Length or Distance	Measurements	in	mm	25.4
Volume	Fuel Systems	gal	liter	3.785
Volume	Small Fluids	oz	mL	29.574
Pressure	Tire Pressures	lbf/in <sup>2</sup>	kPa	6.895
Temperature	General Use	°F	°C	=(Tf -32)/1.8
Force	Dynamic Forces	lbf	N	4.448
Moment	Torque	lbf-ft	N•m	1.355

# 1. Introduction

## 1.1 Problem Statement

The purpose of this report is to detail the safety performance of the SPIG Industries, LLC Spig Gating End Terminal (SGET) when evaluated to the criteria set forth by *Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware* (MASH 2016).

## 1.2 Objective

The primary objective of this project was to evaluate the safety performance of the SGET when subjected to full-scale crash testing according to MASH 2016 Test Level 3, Test 34 (3-34) for redirective terminals.

## 1.3 Scope

This project consists of full-scale dynamic crash testing of the SGET end terminal. The system was subject to MASH 2016 Test 3-34. Test 3-34 was conducted with an 1100C test vehicle impacting the system at a nominal angle of 15° at the critical impact point (CIP) where the system changes from gating to redirection. The CIP chosen for this test was between post 1 and post 2 to increase the vehicle's potential of snagging on the terminal's anchor as well as creating potential vehicle instability by contact with the ground strut. The point was determined to be 32.0 in. (813 mm) from the center of post 1.

## 2. System Details

### 2.1 Test Article

The SPIG Gating End Terminal (SGET) is an energy absorbing guardrail end treatment designed to reduce the severity of end on impacts with W-beam guardrail. When impacted the SGET feeds the rail through the impact head and exits to the non-traffic side of the system. The SGET system was composed of one (1) impact head, one (1) post 1 assembly, one (1) cable anchor system, one (1) specialty panel, and seven (7) yielding posts. The posts were spaced 75.0 in. (1.9 m) on centers with the rail splices located at the posts. The total terminal length was 50.0 ft. (15.2 m). The system was attached to 106.3 ft. (32.4 m) of standard guardrail with splices placed midspan. The system can be installed with a top rail height of 31 in.  $\pm$  1 inch. The as-tested system was installed with a rail height of 32.0 in. (813 mm) to increase the risk of vehicle underride. The system was tested with an RFID chip attached to the impact head.

The impact head rests over the specialty panel and mounts to the first post with two (2) 3.0 in. (76 mm) long lag bolts and washers. The impact head was 64.0 in. (1.6 m) long and had a rear chute width of 5.0 in. (127 mm). The front face of the impact head was 24.0 in. (610 mm) tall and 17.0 in. (432 mm) wide. Welded 9.0 in. (229 mm) behind the front face of the impact head was a 0.625 in. (16 mm) thick steel post breaker plate. The chute was composed of 0.25 in. (6 mm) C-channel. The downstream end of the impact head tapers to an overall height of 13.5 in. (343 mm). There were two (2) 0.5 in. (13 mm) thick straps welded at the downstream end of the impact head.

Post 1 was a wooden post inserted into a steel foundation tube and once assembled was 8.9 ft. (2.7 m) long. The wooden post and foundation tube were connected with a 10.0 in. (254 mm) long 0.625 in. hex head bolt. The steel foundation tube was 6.0 in (152 mm) by 8.0 in. (203 mm) and 6.0 ft. (1.8 m) long. The wooden portion of post 1 was a 5.5 in. (140 mm) by 7.5 in. (188 mm) and was 4.2 ft. (1.3 m) long. The wooden portion had two (2) 0.75 in. (19 mm) holes drilled 13.0 in. (330 mm) down from the top to mount the strike plate and block. The strike plate and block were installed on the leading side of post 1 with one (1) 14.0 in. long 0.625 in. guardrail bolt, washer and guardrail nut. The rail does not attach to post 1 and there is no blackout.

The cable anchor assembly was secured to post 1 with a bearing plate and to the specialty panel with a guardrail grabber. The cable was routed through a 2.5 in (64 mm) hole located at the base of post 1. The bearing plate was 0.625 in (16 mm) thick and had two (2) 0.5 in. (13 mm) holes at the top used to secure the plate to post 1 with two (2) lag bolts. The downstream end of the cable assembly was the guardrail grabber. The grabber was 17.0 in. (432 mm) long and had

six (6) teeth that lock into the specialty panel. Between the specialty panel and the grabber there was a 17.0 in. (432mm) long reinforcement panel. The reinforcement panel was held onto the rail with six (6) 1.25in long 1/2 in. bolts, twelve (12) washers, six (6) lock washers and six (6) nuts. The specialty panel was a standard 12 Ga w-beam section measuring 12.5 ft. (3.8 m) long and had six (6) rectangular slots cut for the guardrail grabber. The other three (3) panels in the terminal section were standard 12 Ga 12.5 ft. (3.8m) MGS guardrail panels.

Posts 2 through 8 were 6.0 ft. (1.8 m) long yielding posts. The yielding posts had two (2) 0.5 in. (13 mm) holes drilled through both of its flanges 31.0 in. (787 mm) from the top of the post. There was a 3.0 in. (76 mm) by 3.0 in. (76 mm) by 80.0 in. (2032 mm) long strut channel that was connected between post 1 and 2. The upstream end was mounted at the connection point of the foundation tube and wooden post. The downstream end of the strut was connected to post 2 with two (2) 2.0 in. long 1.5 in. bolts, four (4) washers, two (2) lock washers and two (2) nuts. Post 2 attached to the specialty panel with a standard 1.25 in. long 0.625 in. guardrail bolt and nut with no blockout. Posts 3 through 8 used 8.0 in. (203 mm) deep notched wooden blockouts and 10.0 in. long 0.625 in. guardrail bolts.

After the terminal there was one (1) 9.4 ft. (2.9 m) panel to transition the splices to the midspan location. After the transition panel there were seventeen (17) W6x8.5 galvanized steel posts, seventeen (17) 8.0 in. (203 mm) deep notched wooden blocks and six (6) 12.5 ft. (3.8 m) MGS panels. The rails were spliced together with 1.25 in. long 5/8 in. guardrail splice bolts and nuts. The rails were held to the posts using 10.0 in. long 5/8 in. guardrail bolts and nuts. A second 9.4 ft. (2.9 m) transition panel was used before the downstream anchor and the installation was terminated with an SFT type anchor.

Photographs of the as-tested unit and installation are available in Appendix A of this report. The manufacturer's drawings are available in Appendix D. A complete set of manufacturer drawings are available in KARCO CD-R 2018-4895.

### 3. Test Requirements and Evaluation Criteria

#### 3.1 Test Requirements

The SGET system described in this report was classified as a redirective terminal. MASH 2016 recommends a series of up to nine (9) full scale crash tests to evaluate redirective terminals. However, Test 3-36 is intended for a system that had a rigid backup structure and is not applicable for this system. Test 3-38 is intended for a staging device and is not applicable for this system. Therefore Test 3-36 and 3-38 were not conducted.

**Table 1 MASH 2016 TL-3 Test Matrix for Redirective Terminals**

	Test Designation	Impact Conditions			Evaluation Criteria
	MASH Test No.	Vehicle	Nominal Speed (mph)	Nominal Angle (deg)	
<b>Test Level 3</b>	3-30	1100C	62	0	C,D,F,H,I,N
	3-31	2270P	62	0	C,D,F,H,I,N
	3-32	1100C	62	5-15	C,D,F,H,I,N
	3-33	2270P	62	5-15	C,D,F,H,I,N
	3-34	1100C	62	15	C,D,F,H,I,N
	3-35	2270P	62	25	A,D,F,H,I
	3-36	2270P	62	25	A,D,F,H,I
	3-37a	2270P	62	25	C,D,F,H,I,N
	3-37b	1100C			
	3-38	1500A	62	0	C,D,F,H,I,N

#### 3.2 Evaluation Criteria

Evaluation criteria for full-scale vehicle crash testing are based on three criteria: (1) Structural Adequacy, (2) Occupant Risk, and (3) Post-Impact Vehicular Response. Criteria for structural adequacy evaluate the article’s ability to allow redirection, controlled penetration, or controlled stopping of the vehicle. Occupant risk evaluates the degree of hazard to occupants in the impacting vehicle. Post-impact vehicular response is a measure of the potential of the vehicle to result in a secondary collision with other vehicles or fixed objects.

Post-Impact Head Deceleration (PHD), Theoretical Head Impact Velocity (THIV), and Acceleration Severity Index (ASI) occupant risk values have also been calculated for the evaluation of the crash tests.

**Table 2 MASH 2016 Evaluation Criteria for Terminals and Crash Cushions**

Evaluation Factors	Evaluation Criteria			
Structural Adequacy	C	Acceptable test article performance may be by redirection, controlled penetration, or controlled stopping of the vehicle.		
Occupant Risk	D.	Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment or present undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrian, or personnel in a work zone.		
	F.	The vehicle should remain upright during and after collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75 degrees		
	H.	Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following		
		Occupant Impact Velocity Limits, ft/s (m/s)		
		Component	Preferred	Maximum
		Longitudinal and Lateral	30 ft/s (9.1 m/s)	40 ft/s (12.2 m/s)
	I.	The occupant ridedown acceleration should satisfy the following limits		
Occupant Ridedown Acceleration Limits (G)				
Component		Preferred	Maximum	
Longitudinal and Lateral		15.0 G	20.49 G	
Post-Impact Vehicular Response	N.	Vehicle trajectory behind the test article is acceptable.		

### 3.3 Soil Strength Requirements

In accordance to Appendix B of MASH 2016, the soil strength must be verified before any full-scale crash testing can be conducted on soil-based installations. Two instrumented W6x16 posts are installed near the impact area of the installation. The posts are pulled prior to full-scale testing to ensure the soil meets 90% of the established baseline.

## 4. Test Conditions

### 4.1 Test Facility

This test series was conducted at KARCO Engineering's test facility in Adelanto, California.

### 4.2 Vehicle Tow and Guidance System

The tow road is a continuous level surface constructed of reinforced concrete and measures 700.0 ft. (213.4 m) in length, 14.0 ft. (4.3 m) wide, and 6.0 in. (152 mm) thick. A steel rail is embedded in the road to provide vehicle guidance. Vehicle tow propulsion is provided by a 1 ton truck using a 1-to-2 pulley system. The test vehicle is towed into the test article by a nylon rope clamped to a 0.375 in. (10 mm) steel cable. The clamp is released from the cable on contact with a cable release mechanism positioned to allow the test vehicle to proceed under its own momentum for a maximum of 25.0 ft. (7.6 m) before impacting the test article.

### 4.3 Test Vehicles

For test 3-34, an 1100C test vehicle was used. The vehicle was a 2013 Hyundai Accent 4-door sedan with a front mounted engine, automatic transmission, and front wheel drive. The 1100C test vehicle had a curb, test inertial, and gross static weight of 2,638.9 lbs (1,197.0 kg), 2,451.5 lbs (1,112.0 kg), and 2,617.9 lbs (1,187.5 kg) respectively. An Anthropomorphic Test Device (ATD) was placed on the driver seat for this test.

The vehicles hood height and average track width were out of tolerance as specified in MASH. MASH recommends that the hood height be between 20.0 in. (508 mm) and 28.0 in. (711 mm). The recorded hood height was 28.8 in. (731 mm). MASH also recommends that the average track width be between 54.0 in. (1,372 mm) and 58.0 in. (1,473 mm). The test vehicle's track width was recorded as 59.3 in. (1,507 mm).

Despite the hood height dimensions falling out of the MASH tolerance, KARCO utilized the test vehicle because it was determined that the dimension would not have a significant effect on the performance of the system for this test. For Test 3-34, the impact head engages the front quarter panel of the vehicle. The hood of the vehicle is not contacted until the vehicle is fully engaged with the article. The hood and grill are constructed of sheet metal and plastic with little structural integrity. These components crush during impact and do not significantly affect the vehicle dynamics during the impact event.

Regarding the vehicle's wheel track, a vehicle's track width has the potential to affect the vehicle's trajectory and stability. Being that the total average track width was exceeded by 1.3 in. (33 mm), which approximately translates to only 0.7 in. (18 mm) per wheel, the out of tolerance wheel

track was deemed as insignificant. The vehicle's CG was not changed by the out of tolerance wheel track, as it remained the same if the track width was within tolerance. The wider wheel track could potentially make the vehicle less susceptible to roll based on the wider stance, though as the maximum roll angle seen in the test was  $-7.5^{\circ}$  it can be concluded that stability in the roll axis was not a concern for this test since it was significantly lower than the  $75^{\circ}$  limit specified in MASH.

In summary the out of tolerance average wheel track and hood height were deemed to have an insignificant effect on the outcome of the test. The test vehicle information can be found in Figure 1.

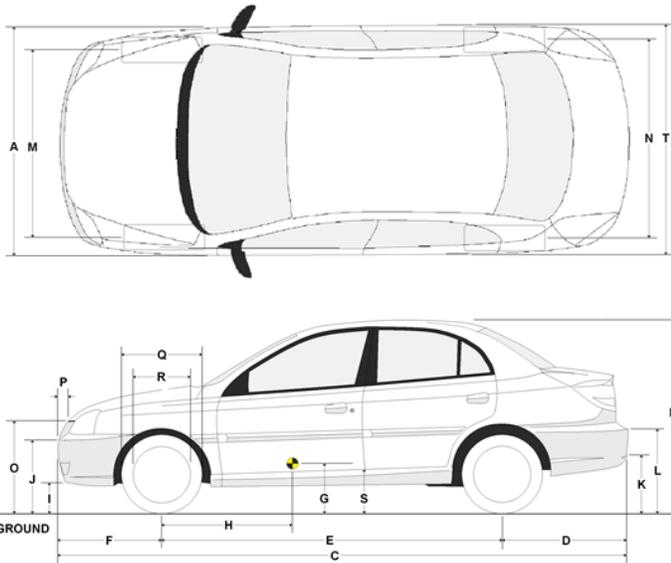
Test Date..... 04/11/18      Project No..... P38106-01      Year..... 2013  
 Make..... Hyundai      Model..... Accent      Color..... Gold  
 Tire Size..... P175/70R14      Vehicle Vin #..... KMHCT4AE1DU332688  
 Tire Inflation..... 32 psi      Odometer..... 195,044 mi

**GVWR Rating**

Total..... 3,527 lbs  
 Front..... 1,874 lbs  
 Rear..... 1,852 lbs

Engine Type..... Inline 4  
 Engine Size..... 1.6 L  
 Transmission Type..... Automatic

Dummy Type..... 50<sup>th</sup> Male  
 Dummy Mass..... 165 lb  
 Seat  
 Position..... Driver Seat



Previous Vehicle Damage.... None

No.	Inches	mm	No.	Inches	mm	No.	Inches	mm	No.	Inches	mm
A	66.9	1700	F	31.9	810	K	18.0	458	P	1.8	45
B	56.9	1445	G	27.4	697	L	24.0	610	Q	23.3	593
C	171.4	4354	H	36.8	935	M	59.1	1500	R	15.2	387
D	38.2	970	I	8.0	204	N	59.6	1514	S	11.4	290
E	101.3	2574	J	20.9	530	O	28.8	731	T	67.0	1703

**TEST VEHICLE MASS**

	As Received (lbs)			Test Inertial (lbs)			Gross Static (lbs)		
	Front	Rear	Total	Front	Rear	Total	Front	Rear	Total
Left	810.2	532.4	1342.6	765.0	482.8	1247.8	837.7	543.4	1381.1
Right	838.8	457.5	1296.3	795.9	407.8	1203.7	813.5	423.3	1236.8
Ratio (%)	62.5	37.5	100.0	63.7	36.3	100.0	63.1	36.9	100.0
Total	1649.0	989.9	2638.9	1560.9	890.6	2451.5	1651.2	966.7	2617.9

	As Received (kg)			Test Inertial (kg)			Gross Static (kg)		
	Front	Rear	Total	Front	Rear	Total	Front	Rear	Total
Left	367.5	241.5	609.0	347.0	219.0	566.0	380.0	246.5	626.5
Right	380.5	207.5	588.0	361.0	185.0	546.0	369.0	192.0	561.0
Ratio (%)	62.5	37.5	100.0	63.7	36.3	100.0	63.1	36.9	100.0
Total	748.0	449.0	1197.0	708.0	404.0	1112.0	749.0	438.5	1187.5

**Figure 1 Test 3-34 Vehicle Information**

#### 4.4 Data Acquisition Systems

All data acquisition for this test of the terminal was performed in accordance with the MASH 2016 requirements.

##### 4.4.1 Test Vehicle Instrumentation

The test vehicle was instrumented with one (1) tri-axial accelerometer and one (1) tri-axial angular rate sensor. The set of accelerometers and angular rate sensors were mounted within 2.0 in. (50 mm) of the test vehicle's center of gravity in the x-y plane. The accelerometers measured longitudinal (x), lateral (y), and vertical (z) acceleration. The angular rate sensors measured roll (moment x), pitch (moment y) and yaw (moment z).

**Table 3 Vehicle Instrumentation List for Test 3-34**

Ch.	Location	Axis	Ident. No.	Description	MFR	Model	Units
1	Vehicle CG	X	P51708	Accel, Half Bridge	Endevco	7264-2K	g
2	Vehicle CG	Y	P51700	Accel, Half Bridge	Endevco	7264-2K	g
3	Vehicle CG	Z	P51696	Accel, Half Bridge	Endevco	7264-2K	g
4	Vehicle CG	Yaw	ARS8537	Rate Gyro	DTS	ARS-18K	Deg/s
5	Vehicle CG	Pitch	ARS8532	Rate Gyro	DTS	ARS-18K	Deg/s
6	Vehicle CG	Roll	ARS8486	Rate Gyro	DTS	ARS-18K	Deg/s

##### 4.4.2 Calibration

All instrumentation used in this test has been calibrated through standards traceable to NIST and is maintained in a calibrated condition.

##### 4.4.3 Photographic Documentation

Photographic documentation of this test series included a minimum of two (2) real-time video cameras at 30 frames per second (fps), and seven (7) high-speed color digital video cameras at 1,000 fps. All high-speed cameras were activated by a pressure-sensitive tape switch which was positioned on the test article to indicate the instant of contact (time zero). A digital still camera was used for documenting the pre- and post-test condition of the test article and the test vehicle.

**Table 4 High Speed Camera Information Test 3-34**

View No.	Location	Identification No.	Manufacturer	Type
1	Driver Overall View	7959	Phantom	V9
2	Passenger Overall View	6657	Phantom	V10
3	Inline Track View	8187	Phantom	V10
4	Inline Article View	6936	Phantom	V10
5	Overhead Close-up View	6710	Phantom	V5.1
6	Overhead Overall View	6075	Phantom	V10
7	Oblique View	8520	Phantom	V10

#### 4.4.4 Measurement Uncertainty

Measurement uncertainties have been determined for pertinent values affecting the results of this test. KARCO maintains these uncertainty budgets, which are available upon request, but are not included in this report. In certain cases the nature of the test method may preclude rigorous and statistically valid calculation of uncertainty of measurement. In these cases KARCO attempts to identify the components of uncertainty and make a reasonable estimation. Reasonable estimation is based on knowledge of the performance of the method and on the measurement scope and makes use of, for example, previous experience and validation data.

## 5. Crash Test Results

### 5.1 Static Soil Test

Prior to full scale crash test P38106-01, a static soil test was conducted to ensure the soil condition was acceptable for full-scale crash testing. The static test results at 5.0 in. (127 mm), 10.0 in. (254 mm) and 15.0 in. (381 mm) were above 90% of the baseline established during soil certification. Static test results can be found in Appendix C of this test report.

### 5.2 Weather conditions

Test No. P38106-01 was conducted on April 11, 2018 at approximately 3:17 P.M.

**Table 5 Weather Conditions Test 3-34**

Temperature	83 °F
Wind Speed	25 mph
Humidity	19%
Wind Direction	South East

Information for reference only

### 5.3 MASH 2016 Test 3-34

As recommended in MASH 2016 a full-scale impact test was conducted to evaluate the impact performance of the Spig Industries, LLC SGET end terminal to MASH Test 3-34 on April 11, 2018. The test article was positioned at a nominal angle of 15° to the direction of travel of the test vehicle, with the vehicle aligned to impact the CIP. The test was conducted using a commercially available 2013 Hyundai Accent 4-door sedan with a test inertial mass of 2,454.5 lbs (1,112.0 kg).

### 5.4 Test Description

The test vehicle impacted the system at a velocity of 61.93 mph (99.67 km/h) and an angle of 14.8°. The vehicle was set to impact 32.0 in. (813 mm) downstream from the center of post 1, the actual first point of contact with the system was 33.2 in. (843 mm).

Upon impact the vehicle began to deflect the system to the field side. The vehicles wheel contacted post 2 at approximately 0.050 s and caused the post to deform. The impact caused the wheel to snag on post 2 which affected the free rolling of the front passenger side tire for the remainder of the test. The out of place wheel continued to interact with post 3 and 4. The vehicle continued downstream and caused post 5 and 6 to shift in the soil. The vehicle exited the system at approximately 0.569 s at an angle and velocity of 10.0° and 40.0 mph (64.4 km/h). As the vehicle exited the system the front wheel assembly was dragging under the vehicle which caused

the vehicle to travel in a non-tracking manner. The vehicle came to rest 121.6 ft. (32.4 m) downstream and 20.1 ft. (6.1 m) left from its initial point of contact with the system measured from the vehicle's center of gravity.

### 5.5 Test Article Damage

The system was damaged from post 2 through post 5 and rails 1 through 3 were damaged. The impact head had cosmetic damage and no visible structural damage. The ground strut and cable assembly remained intact with no visible damage.

- Post 1 – slight shift in soil
- Post 2 – twisted in the soil, deformation of the flange and web. The bolt hole was torn but the bolt remained intact
- Post 3 – deformed to the field side of the system and damage to the flanges
- Post 4 – deformed to the field side, traffic side flanges were deformed and the bolt head sheared off
- Post 5 – deformed just above the breakaway holes and remained attached to rail
- Post 6 – slight shift in soil and leaning towards the field side

### 5.6 Test Vehicle Damage

The vehicle's damage was concentrated at its front-right side. The front wheel assembly was only held on by the steering rod. The front shock assembly, sway bar and lower control arm was damaged. The front-right quarter panel was torn from the front of the vehicle. the front passenger door was damaged. The body structure behind the quarter panel was deformed and torn at its leading edge. The bumper fascia, hood and headlights were also damaged. The occupant compartment was not penetrated and the deformation limits were not exceeded.

**Table 6 Maximum Occupant Compartment Deformation by Location**

Location	Maximum Deformation	MASH Allowable Deformation
Roof	0.0 in.	4.0 in. (102 mm)
Windshield	0.0 in.	3.0 in. (76 mm)
Window	0.0 in.	0.0 in
Wheel / foot well and toe pan	1.5 in. (38 mm)	9.0 in. (229 mm)
Side front panel (forward of A-pillar	0.0 in.	12.0 in. (305 mm)
Front side door area (above seat)	0.0 in.	9.0 in. (229 mm)
Front side door area (below seat	0.0 in.	12.0 in. (305 mm)
Floor pan and transmission tunnel	0.4 in. (10 mm)	12.0 in. (305 mm)

## 5.7 Structural Adequacy

Acceptable test article performance may be by redirection, controlled penetration, or controlled stopping of the vehicle. The test article redirected the test vehicle.

## 5.8 Occupant Risk

Under occupant risk, the test articles are evaluated by four (4) criteria. The first criterion evaluates the potential hazard of detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article to penetrate the test vehicle's occupant compartment or present undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone. The second criterion is that the vehicle remains upright. The third criterion is that the roll angle of the vehicle does not exceed 75° throughout the test. The final criteria are based on the calculated Occupant Impact Velocities (OIV) and occupant ridedown accelerations. The maximum allowable limit for Occupant Impact Velocity Limit in both the longitudinal and lateral directions is 40.0 ft/s (12.2 m/s). The maximum allowable ridedown acceleration in both the longitudinal and lateral directions is 20.49 g. Both criteria are calculated from the acceleration data collected during the test.

The maximum extent of the debris field was 106.2 ft. (31.4 m) downstream and 20.1 ft. (6.1 m) to the right side measured from the first point of contact with the system. The debris consisted of broken blockouts and vehicle parts.

**Table 7 Summary of Occupant Risk Factors**

Test Parameter	Axis	Units	Max	Time (ms)	Min	Time (ms)
Vehicle Impact Velocity	X	ft/s	90.9			
Occupant Impact Velocity	X	ft/s	17.1	181.4		
Occupant Impact Velocity	Y	ft/s	13.8	181.4		
Ridedown Acceleration	X	g	2.2	343.7	-9.2	234.3
Ridedown Acceleration	Y	g	4.0	339.9	-4.9	198.5
THIV		ft/s	23.3	187.2		
PHD		g	9.4	243.4		
ASI			0.57	86.2		
Roll	X	deg.	4.1	556.3	-7.5	248.6
Pitch	Y	deg.	4.7	999.9	-0.6	205.4
Yaw	Z	deg.	27.4	676.3	-0.5	101.7

## 5.9 Discussion and Summary of Results

The SPIG Industries, LLC SGET end terminal met all the requirements for MASH 2016 Test 3-34. The system redirected the vehicle. None of the intrusion limits were exceeded, there was no penetration into the occupant compartment, and all the occupant risk factors were within the allowable limits. The SGET end terminal's performance to MASH 2016 test 3-34, was deemed as acceptable.

**Table 8 Evaluation Criteria Summary**

Evaluation Factor	Evaluation Criteria	Result						
Structural Adequacy	C Acceptable test article performance may be redirection, controlled penetration, or controlled stopping of the vehicle.	PASS						
Occupant Risk	D Detached elements, fragments, or other debris from the test article should not penetrate or show potential for penetrating the occupant compartment, or present undue hazard to other traffic, pedestrians, or personnel in a work zone.	PASS						
	F The vehicle should remain upright during and after the collision. The maximum roll and pitch angles are not to exceed 75°.	PASS						
	H Occupant impact velocities (OIV) should satisfy the following limits:	PASS						
	<table border="1" data-bbox="399 1266 1315 1377"> <thead> <tr> <th>Component</th> <th>Preferred</th> <th>Maximum</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Longitudinal and Lateral</td> <td>30 ft/s (9.1 m/s)</td> <td>40 ft/s (12.2 m/s)</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Component	Preferred	Maximum	Longitudinal and Lateral	30 ft/s (9.1 m/s)	40 ft/s (12.2 m/s)	PASS
	Component	Preferred	Maximum					
Longitudinal and Lateral	30 ft/s (9.1 m/s)	40 ft/s (12.2 m/s)						
I The occupant ridedown acceleration should satisfy the following limits:	PASS							
<table border="1" data-bbox="399 1451 1315 1562"> <thead> <tr> <th>Component</th> <th>Preferred</th> <th>Maximum</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Longitudinal and Lateral</td> <td>15.0 g</td> <td>20.49 g</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Component	Preferred	Maximum	Longitudinal and Lateral	15.0 g	20.49 g	PASS	
Component	Preferred	Maximum						
Longitudinal and Lateral	15.0 g	20.49 g						
Vehicle Trajectory	N Vehicle trajectory behind the test article is acceptable.	PASS						
<b>OVERALL TEST ASSESSMENT</b>		PASS						



# **Appendix A**

## **Photographs**

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FIGURE 1. Test Setup



FIGURE 2. Test Setup, Close-Up



FIGURE 3. Test Setup



FIGURE 4. Test Setup, Close-Up



FIGURE 5. Test Setup



FIGURE 6. Test Setup, Close-Up



FIGURE 7. Test Setup



FIGURE 8. Test Setup, Close-Up



FIGURE 9. Test Setup



FIGURE 10. Test Setup, Close-Up



FIGURE 11. Pre-Test



FIGURE 12. Post-Test



FIGURE 13. Post-Test



FIGURE 14. Post-Test



FIGURE 15. Pre-Test Front View of Test Article



FIGURE 16. Post-Test Front View of Test Article



FIGURE 17. Pre-Test Right Front  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Article



FIGURE 18. Post-Test Right Front  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Article



FIGURE 19. Pre-Test Right View of Test Article



FIGURE 20. Post-Test Right View of Test Article



FIGURE 21. Pre-Test Right Rear  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Article



FIGURE 22. Post-Test Right Rear  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Article



FIGURE 23. Pre-Test Rear View of Test Article



FIGURE 24. Post-Test Rear View of Test Article



FIGURE 25. Pre-Test Left Rear  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Article



FIGURE 26. Post-Test Left Rear  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Article



FIGURE 27. Pre-Test Left View of Test Article



FIGURE 28. Post-Test Left View of Test Article



FIGURE 29. Pre-Test Left Front  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Article



FIGURE 30. Post-Test Left Front  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Article



FIGURE 31. Test Article Damage



FIGURE 32. Test Article Damage



FIGURE 33. Test Article Damage



FIGURE 34. Test Article Damage



FIGURE 35. Test Article Damage



FIGURE 36. Test Article Damage



FIGURE 37. Pre-Test Left View of Test Vehicle



FIGURE 38. Post-Test Left View of Test Vehicle



FIGURE 39. Pre-Test Left Front 3/4 View of Test Vehicle



FIGURE 40. Post-Test Left Front 3/4 View of Test Vehicle





FIGURE 43. Pre-Test Right Front  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Vehicle



FIGURE 44. Post-Test Right Front  $\frac{3}{4}$  View of Test Vehicle



FIGURE 45. Pre-Test Right View of Test Vehicle



FIGURE 46. Post-Test Right View of Test Vehicle



FIGURE 47. Pre-Test Windshield



FIGURE 48. Post-Test Windshield



FIGURE 49. Pre-Test Driver Side Occupant Compartment



FIGURE 50. Post-Test Driver Side Occupant Compartment



FIGURE 51. Pre-Test Driver Side Floorpan



FIGURE 52. Post-Test Driver Side Floorpan



FIGURE 53. Pre-Test Passenger Side Occupant Compartment



FIGURE 54. Post-Test Passenger Side Occupant Compartment



FIGURE 55. Pre-Test Passenger Side Floorpan



FIGURE 56. Post-Test Passenger Side Floorpan



FIGURE 57. Test Vehicle Manufacturer's Label

# **Appendix B**

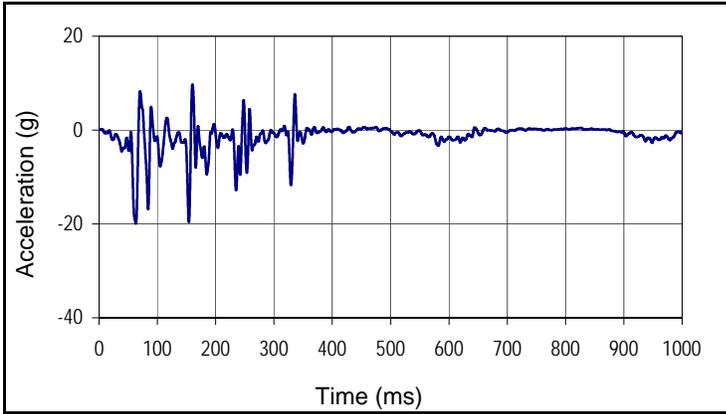
## **Data Plots**

## LIST OF DATA PLOTS

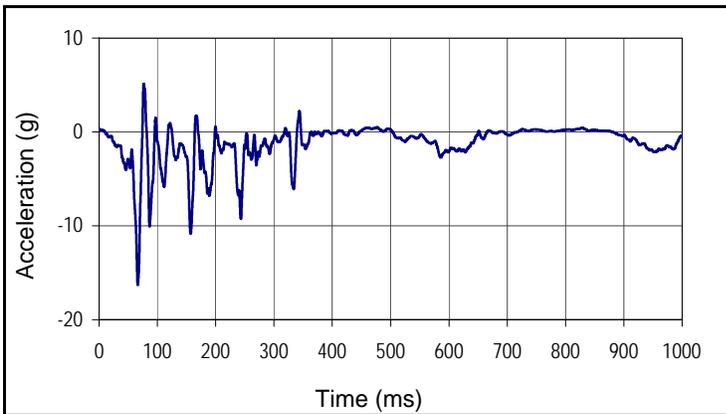
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Test Article: SPIG Industries SGET End Terminal  
 Test Program: MASH 3-34

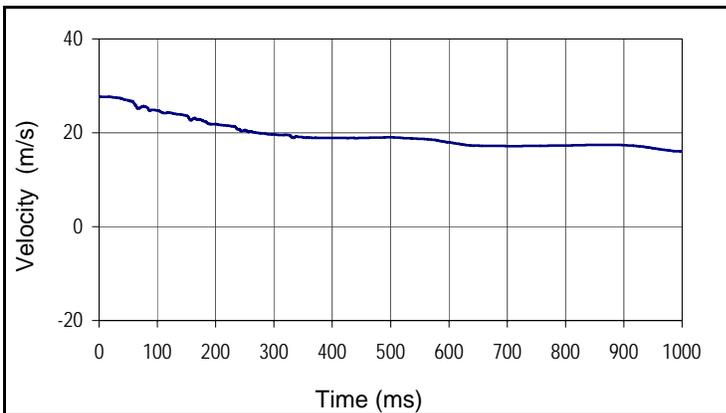
Project No: P38106-01  
 Test Date.: 04/11/18



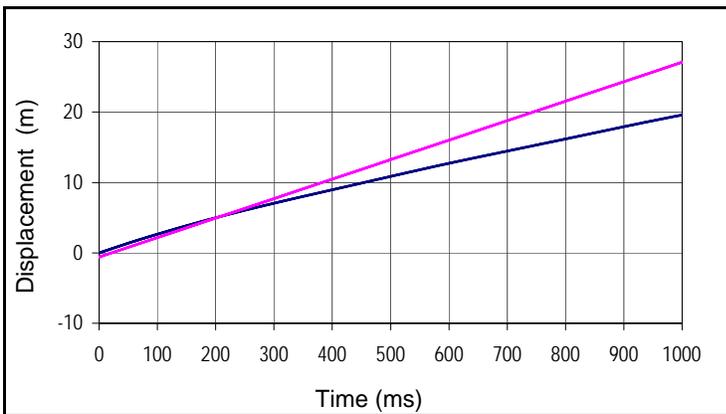
Curve Description			
Test Vehicle CG X			
Plot No.		SAE Class	Units
001		60	g
Max	Time	Min	Time
9.7	160.1	-19.9	63.1



Curve Description			
Test Vehicle CG X Moving Average			
Plot No.		SAE Class	Units
002		180	g
Max	Time	Min	Time
5.1	76.6	-16.3	66.4

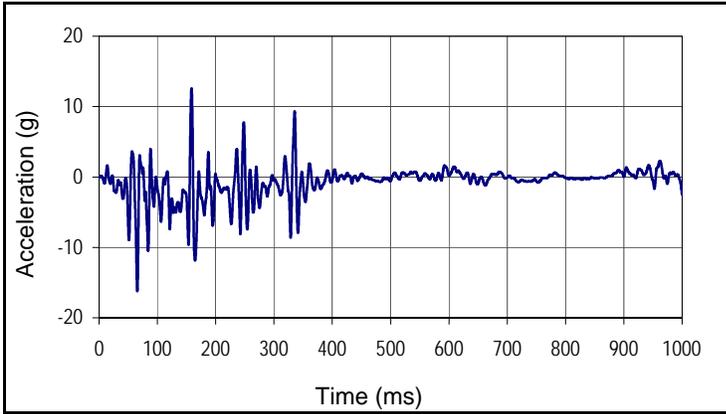


Curve Description			
Test Vehicle CG X Velocity			
Plot No.		SAE Class	Units
003		180	m/s
Max	Time	Min	Time
27.7	7.2	16.0	999.9

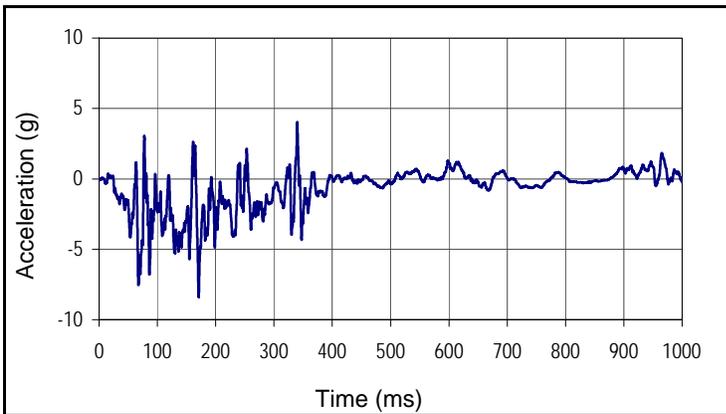


Curve Description			
Test Vehicle CG X Displacement			
Plot No.		SAE Class	Units
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Max	Time	Min	Time
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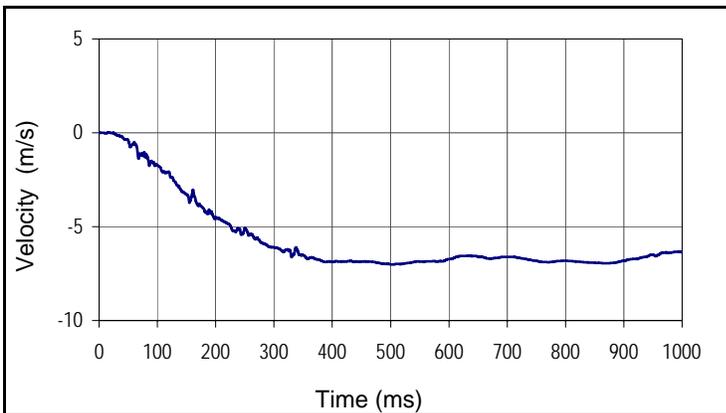
— Vehicle CG X Displacement  
 — Occupant X Displacement



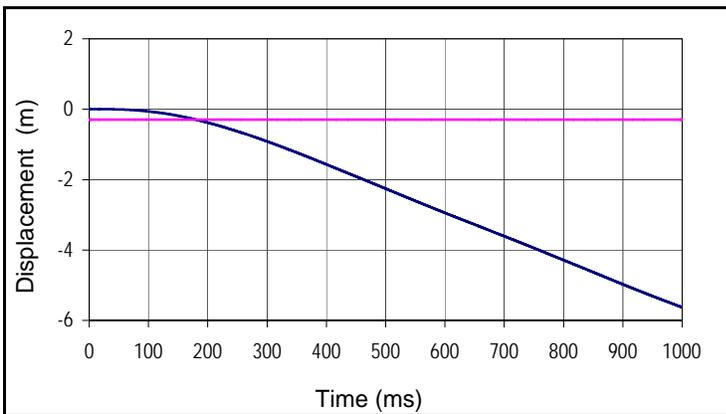
Curve Description			
Test Vehicle CG Y			
Plot No.		SAE Class	Units
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Max	Time	Min	Time
12.6	158.6	-16.2	65.6



Curve Description			
Test Vehicle CG Y Moving Average			
Plot No.		SAE Class	Units
006		180	g
Max	Time	Min	Time
4.0	339.9	-8.4	170.9



Curve Description			
Test Vehicle CG Y Velocity			
Plot No.		SAE Class	Units
007		180	m/s
Max	Time	Min	Time
0.0	15.5	-7.0	502.0



Curve Description			
Test Vehicle CG Y Displacement			
Plot No.		SAE Class	Units
008		180	m
Max	Time	Min	Time
0.0	8.5	-5.6	999.9

— Vehicle CG Y Displacement  
— Occupant Y Displacement





**Appendix C**  
**Soil Strength Information**

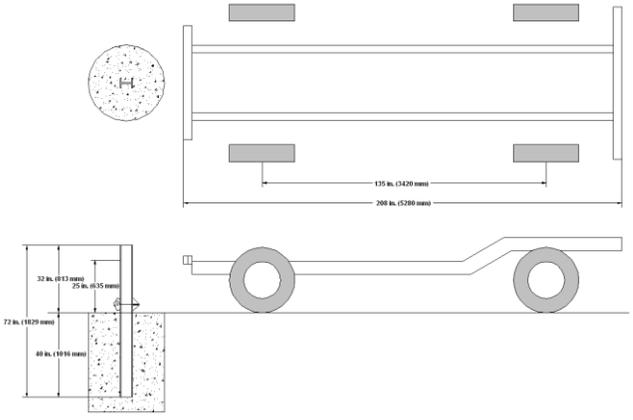
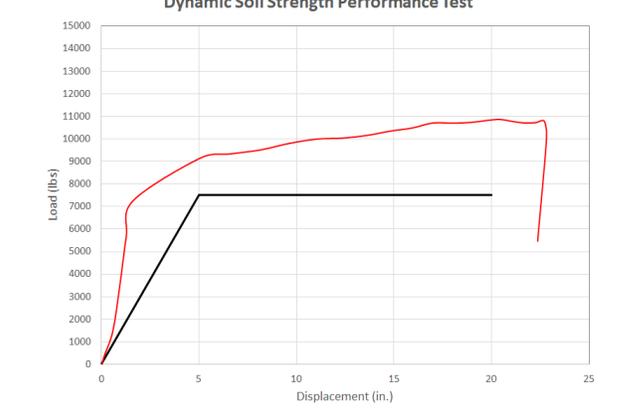
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2	Static Soil Strength Data	C-2
3	Soil Sieve Analysis	C-3

## DYNAMIC SOIL STRENGTH DATA

Test Article:           SPIG Industries SGET End Terminal                Project No.           P38106-01            
 Test Program:                                   MASH 3-34                                        Test Date:           04/11/18          

### DYNAMIC SOIL STRENGTH TEST DATA

	
<b>Dynamic Test Setup</b>	<b>Dynamic Test/Installation Details</b>
	
<b>Post-Test Photo of Post</b>	<b>Comparison of Load vs. Displacement</b>

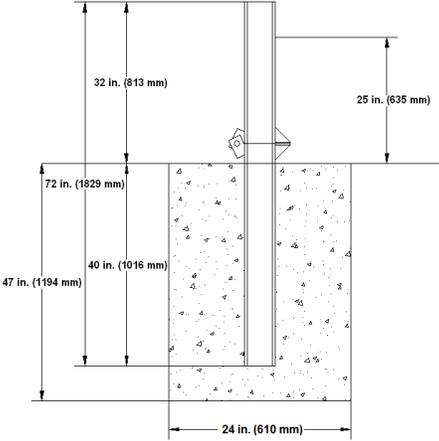
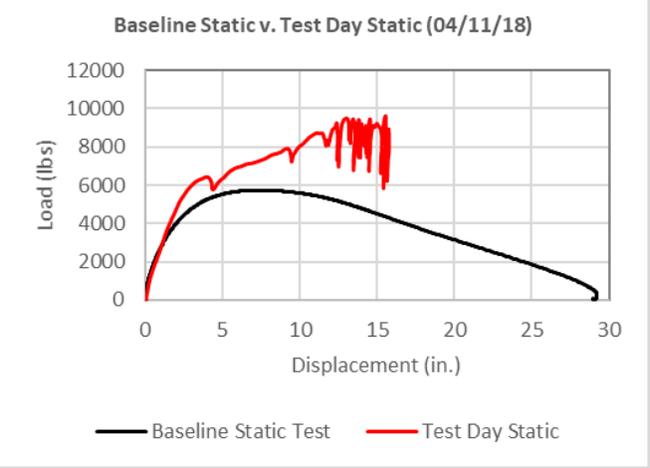
Certification Date	02/06/17
Test Facility and Site Location	KARCO, Track 4
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D 2487)	Medium to fine silty sand
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	8.0 in. (203 mm) lifts compacted with pneumatic tamper
Bogie Weight	2,044.8 lbs (927.5 kg)
Impact Velocity	20.74 mph (33.38 km/h)

Figure 1: Dynamic Soil Strength Data

## STATIC SOIL STRENGTH DATA

Test Article:           SPIG Industries SGET End Terminal                Project No.           P38106-01            
 Test Program:   MASH 3-34        Test Date:           04/11/18          

### STATIC SOIL VERIFICATION TEST DATA

	
<b>Static Load Test Setup</b>	<b>Static Test/Installation Details</b>
	
<b>Post-Test Photo of Post</b>	<b>Comparison of Load vs. Displacement</b>

Date	04/11/18
Test Facility and Site Location	KARCO, Track 4
In Situ Soil Description (ASTM D 2487)	Medium to fine silty sand
Description of Fill Placement Procedure	8.0 in. (203 mm) lifts compacted with pneumatic tamper

Figure 2: Static Soil Strength Data

### SOIL SIEVE ANALYSIS

Test Article: SPIG Industries SGET End Terminal

Project No. P38106-01

Test Program: MASH 3-34

Test Date: 04/11/18

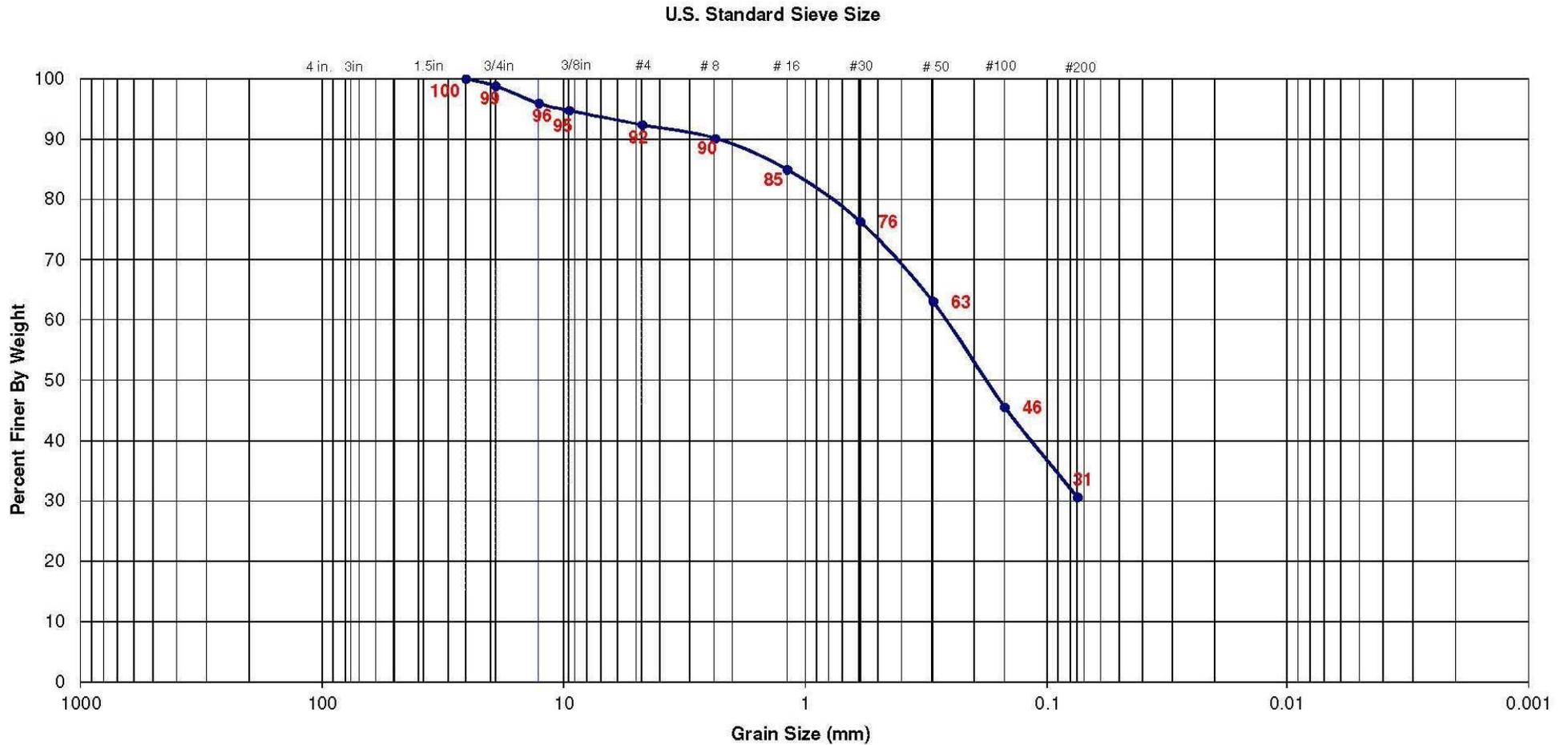


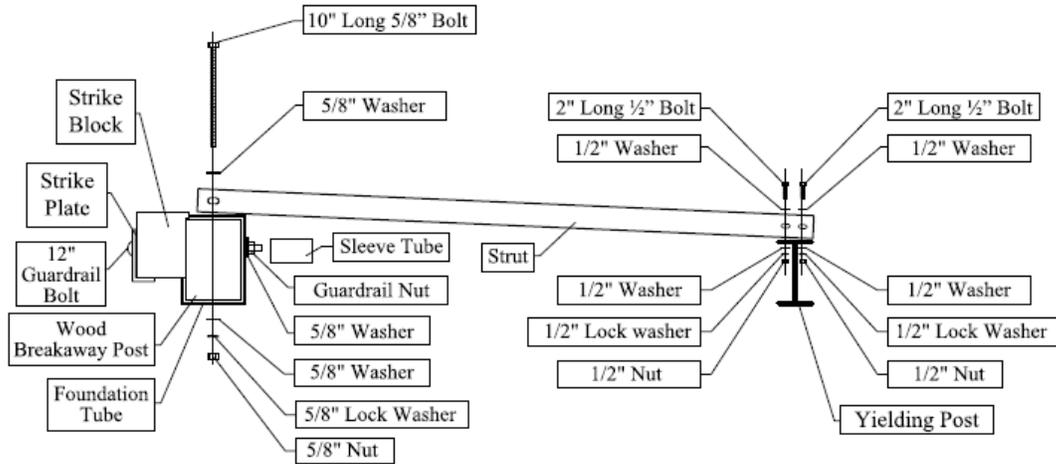
Figure 3: Soil Sieve Analysis

**Appendix D**  
**Manufacturer Documents**

## LIST OF FIGURES

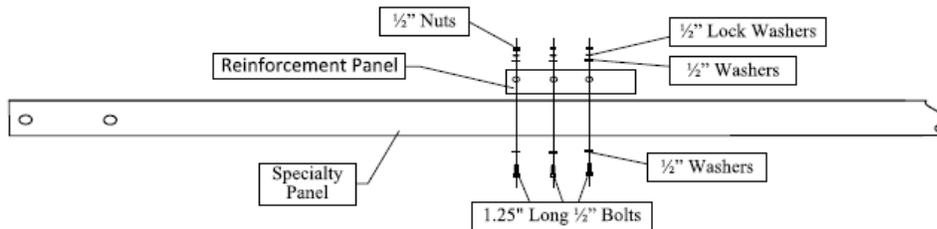
<u>Figure</u>		<u>Page</u>
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2	SGET System Parts	D-2
3	Single Guardrail Terminal	D-3
4	Single Guardrail Terminal	D-4

## SGET SYSTEM PARTS



### POST PARTS

	QTY
12" Guardrail Bolt – 5/8 X 12 307A HDG	1
Strike Plate	1
Strike Block	1
Guardrail Nut – 5/8-11 Nut A563 HDG	1
Wood Breakaway Post – 5-1/2 X 7-1/2 X 50 BCT	1
Foundation Tube – 6" X 8" X 6' Rectangular Tube	1
10" long 5/8" Bolt – 5/8-11 X 10 A325 HDG	1
5/8" Nut – 5/9-11 A563 Hex Nut Galvanized	1
5/8" Washer – 5/8 F436(A325) HDG Flatwasher	3
5/8" Lock Washer Galvanized	1
2" long 1/2" Bolt – 1/2-13 X 2 A325 HDG	2
1/2" Washer – 1/2 F436(A325) HDG Flatwasher	4
1/2" Nut – 1/2-13 A563 Hex Nut Galvanized	2
1/2" Lock Washer Galvanized	2
Yielding Post – Modified W6 X 8.5 Guardrail Post	7
Strut – 3" X 3" X 80" Angle	1
Sleeve Tube – 2-3/8 OD X 4-1/4	1

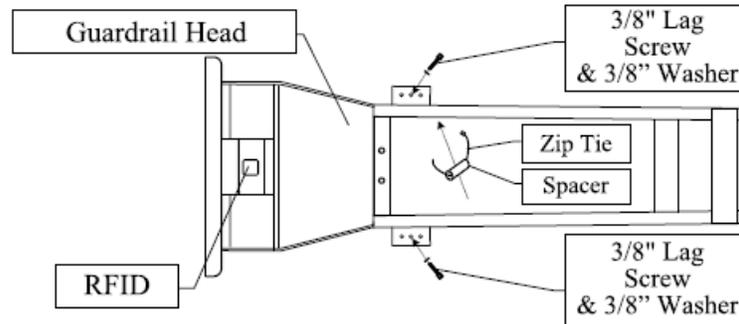


### SPECIALTY PANEL PARTS

	QTY
Specialty Panel	1
1.25" Long 1/2" Bolt – 1/2-13 X 1-1/4 A325 HDG	6
1/2" Washer – 1/2 F436(A325) HDG Flatwasher	12
1/2" Nut – 1/2-13 A563 Hex Nut Galvanized	6
1/2" Lock Washer Galvanized	6
Reinforcement Plate	1

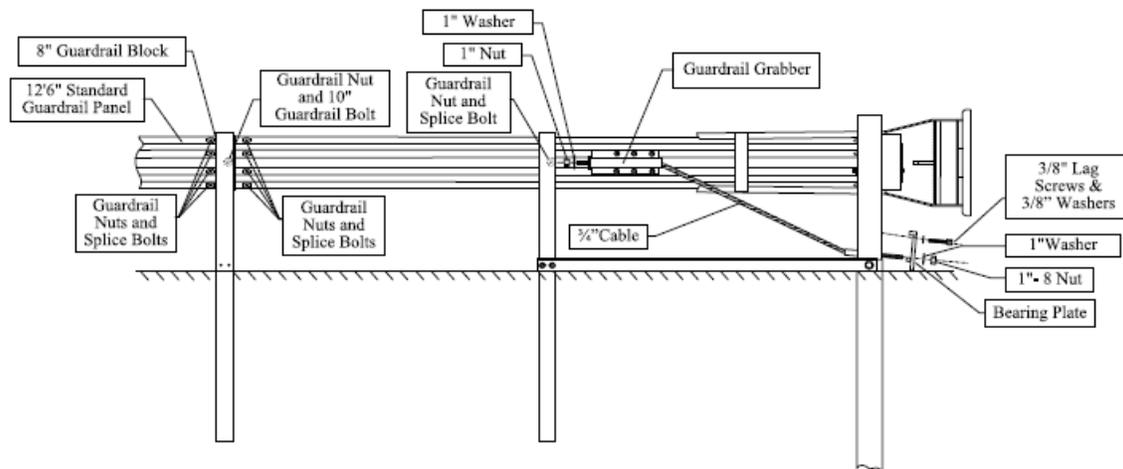
Figure 1: SGET System Parts

## SGET SYSTEM PARTS



### GUARDRAIL HEAD PARTS

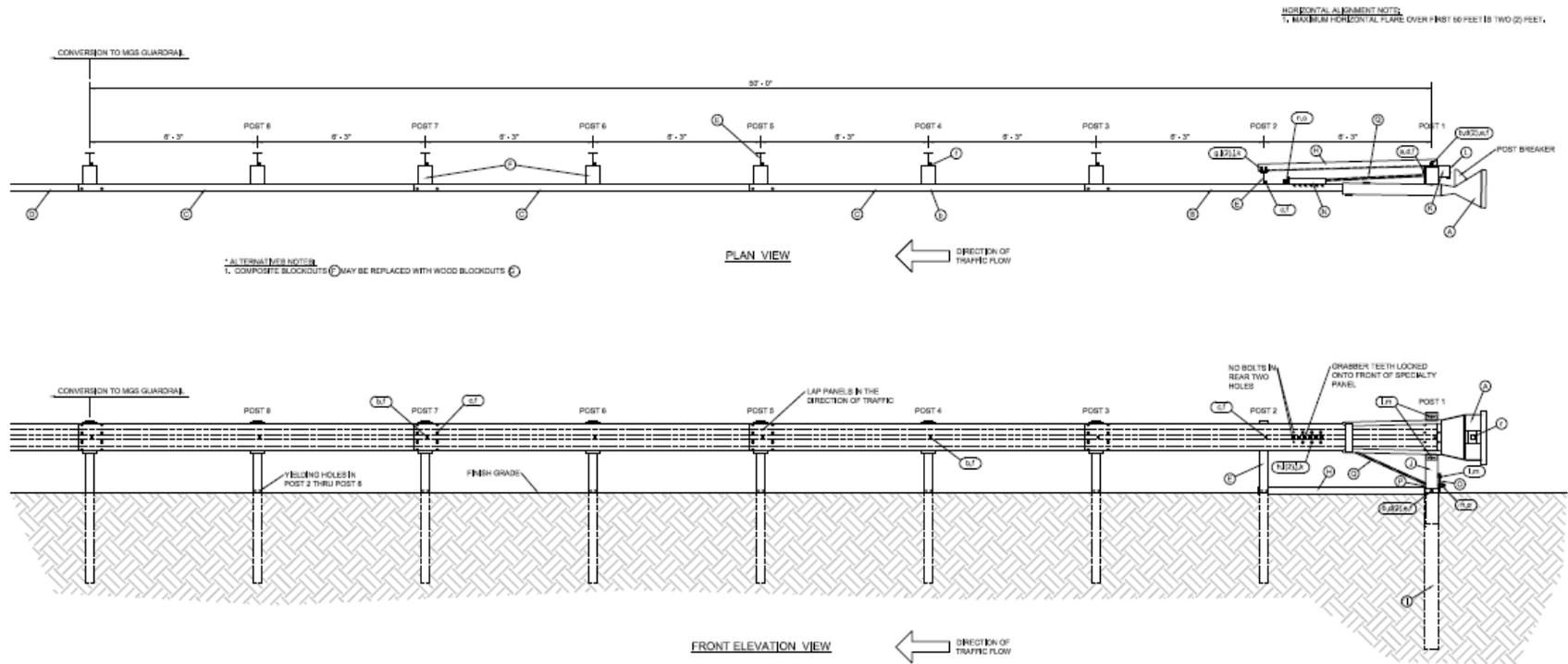
PARTS	QTY
Guardrail Head	1
3/8" Lag Screw – 3/8 X 3 GR5 HDG Hex Lag Screw	2
3/8" Washer Galvanized F844	2
Spacer – 4" Long X 1-1/2 SCH-40 PVC PIPE	1
Zip Tie – 18"-24" Long Rated at 175-200 lbs.	1
RFID chip rated MIL-STD-810F (e.g. Omni-ID EX0750)	1



### RAIL AND CABLE PARTS

PARTS	QTY
3/8" Cable – 81" Long BCT Cable	1
1" Nut – 1- 8 Hex Nut UNC Galvanized A563DH	2
1" Washer Galvanized F436	2
Guardrail Splice Bolt – 5/8 X 1-1/4 307A HDG	25
10" Guardrail Bolt – 5/8 X 10 307A HDG	6
Guardrail Nut– 5/8-11 Nut A563 HDG	31
8" Guardrail Block	6
12' 6" Standard Guardrail Panel – W-Beam M-180	3
Bearing Plate	1
3/8" Lag Screw – 3/8 X 3 GR5 HDG Hex Lag Screw	2
3/8" Washer Galvanized F844	2
Guardrail Grabber	1

Figure 2: SGET System Parts



\* ALTERNATES NOTE:  
1. COMPOSITE BLOCKOUTS (C) MAY BE REPLACED WITH WOOD BLOCKOUTS (D)

**MAIN SYSTEM COMPONENTS**

ITEM	QUANTITY	COMPONENT	ITEM NUMBER
A	1	SGET IMPACT HEAD	SHHA
B	1	SPECIALIZED GUARDRAIL PANEL/WOOD HED 12' 6" SECTION W-BEAM M-90	126P23P
C	3	STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL (12' 6" SECTION W-BEAM M-100)	DP126
D	1	MSS CONVERSION GUARDRAIL PANEL (W-BEAM M-90)	GR25
E	7	YIELDING POST - WOOD HED W/MS GUARDRAIL POST	YH8020
F	4	COMPOSITE BLOCKOUT 7' 6" Wx14'	CR28
G	8	WOOD BLOCKOUT 8" Wx14'	WB28
H	1	STRUT - 2"x2"x8' 2" A36 ANGLE	STR80
I	1	FOUNDATION TUBE - 6" Wx12' 3/4" RECTANGULAR TUBE	FND18
J	1	WOOD BREAKAWAY POST - 3' 2"x7' 2"x9"	WBK60
K	1	WOOD STRIKE BLOCK	WSSLK14
L	1	STRIKE PLATE - 1/2" A36 BENT PLATE	SPL18
M	1	REINFORCEMENT PANEL - 12 GA. GR55 17"x6.125" BENT PLATE	REPL17
N	1	GUARDRAIL GRABBER - 2' 2"x2' 2"x16' 2" 3/4" A36 SQUARE TUBE	GR17
O	1	BEARING PLATE - 1"x8' 3/4" A36 PLATE	BPL18
P	1	PPE SLEEVE - 4' 2" LONG x 2' 2" DIA x 2' 2" 1/2" A36 ROUND TUBE	PBLV4
Q	1	3/4" CABLE - 61' LONG 3/4" BCT CABLE	CB181

**SMALL HARDWARE**

ITEM	QUANTITY	COMPONENT	ITEM NUMBER
a	1	14" GUARDRAIL BOLT - 3/8 x 12 307A HDG	14GRBLT
b	7	12" GUARDRAIL BOLT - 3/8 x 12 307A HDG	12GRBLT
c	33	1 1/2" GUARDRAIL BRACE BOLT - 3/8 x 1 1/2 307A HDG	1GRBLT
d	3	3/8" FLAT WASHER - 3/8 F438 (A325) HDG	38FW38
e	1	3/8" LOCK WASHER - HDG	38LW
f	33	3/8" HEX NUT - 3/8 x 11 A36 HDG	38HN33
g	2	2" STRUT BOLT - 1/2 x 13 x 2 A325 HDG	2BLT
h	5	1 1/2" REINFORCEMENT PANEL - 3/8 x 13 x 1 1/2 A325 HDG	12REBLT
i	16	3/8" FLAT WASHER - 3/8 F438 (A325) HDG	12FW438
j	8	3/8" LOCK WASHER - HDG	12LW
k	8	3/8" HEX NUT - 3/8 x 13 A36 HDG	12HN83
l	4	3/8" HEX LAG SCREW - 3/8 x 3 GR5 HDG	38LS
m	4	3/8" FLAT WASHER - 3/8 F438 HDG	38FW384
n	2	1" FLAT WASHER - F438 (A325) HDG	1FW138
o	2	1" HEX NUT - 1 x 8 A36 HDG	1HN38
p	1	HWB CHEP RATED M4X20X10F (3/16 DIA) (30370)	30370

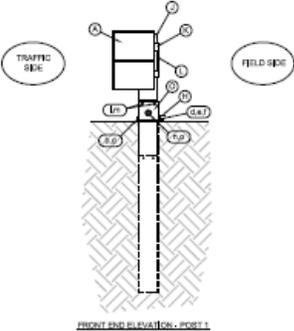
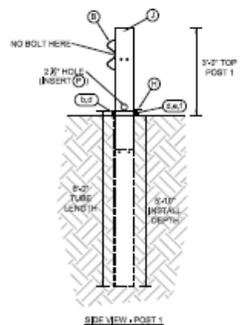
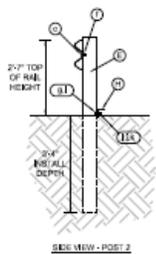
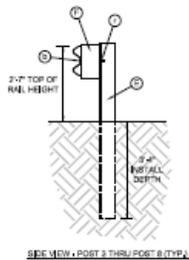
THIS PLAN IS NOT FINAL, UPON APPROVAL MY SEAL AND DATED SIGNATURE WILL APPEAR WHERE THIS CIRCLE EXISTS.

CERTIFICATION STATEMENT:  
I, BARNEY HORRELL, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA, LICENSE NO. 9422044654 AND THAT I PERSONALLY DRAFTED THIS PLAN SHEET BASED ON SKETCHES AND INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. I DO NOT CERTIFY TO THE DESIGN OR EFFECTIVENESS OF ANY OF THE ITEMS SHOWN. THE MANUFACTURER HAS COMMISSIONED OTHER PROPERLY LICENSED INDEPENDENT FIRMS TO TEST AND CERTIFY TO THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE ITEMS AND THEIR CONFIGURATION DEPICTED HEREON. THIS STATEMENT AND THE SEAL ABOVE REPRESENT ONLY THAT THIS DRAWING IS AN ACCURATE GRAPHIC DEPICTION OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ME BY THE MANUFACTURER.

CALIFORNIA DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION (CALTRANS)  
**SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL**  
 SGET-MASH-TL-3

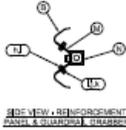
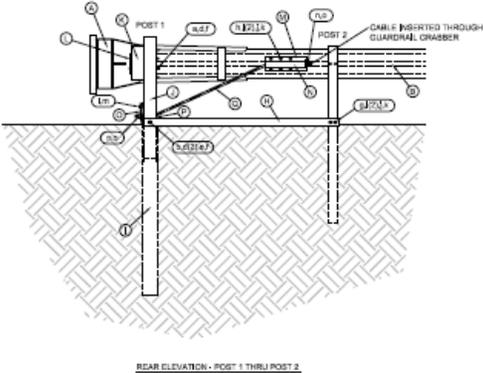
DATE: 06/17/2021	DRG #	REV #	REV #	REV #
FILE: SGET_2021_06_17.DWG	061720W			
CONT #	SECT #	JOB #	HWY #	
DBF #	COUNTY #			
REV #				SHEET NO. 1 OF 2

Figure 3: Single Guardrail Terminal



**GENERAL NOTES:**

1. STEP-BY-STEP INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS AS WELL AS OTHER GUIDANCE ARE AVAILABLE FROM SPIG INDUSTRY, INC., (276) 844-9510, 14675 INDUSTRIAL PARK RD., BRISTOL, VA 24202.
2. THE FIRST SPECIALIZED GUARDRAIL PANEL SHOULD BE CENTERED BETWEEN THE MOUNTING TABS OF THE SGET IMPACT HEAD SUCH THAT THE TOP SPACING BETWEEN THE TOP OF THE FIRST SPECIALIZED GUARDRAIL PANEL AND THE TOP FEED CHANNEL OF THE SGET IMPACT HEAD IS THE SAME AS THE BOTTOM SPACING BETWEEN THE BOTTOM OF THE FIRST SPECIALIZED GUARDRAIL PANEL AND THE BOTTOM FEED CHANNEL OF THE SGET IMPACT HEAD. A PLASTIC SPACER IS PROVIDED WITH THE INSTALLATION KIT TO ACCOMPLISH THE CENTERING OF FIRST SPECIALIZED GUARDRAIL PANEL BETWEEN THE MOUNTING TABS OF THE SGET IMPACT HEAD.
3. THE CABLE SHOULD BE TENSIONED SUCH THAT LESS THAN 1 INCH OF DEFLECTION OCCURS WHEN THE CABLE IS STEPPED ON.
4. THE THREADED END OF THE CABLE SHOULD ONLY PROTRUDE 1 TO 1 1/2 INCH FROM THE CABLE TIGHTENING NUT AT THE END OF THE GUARDRAIL GRABBER (N) ON THE FIRST SPECIALIZED GUARDRAIL PANEL (S).
5. THE NOMINAL HEIGHT OF THE GUARDRAIL BEAM IS 31 INCHES WITH A TOLERANCE OF +/- ONE INCH.
6. THE ENTIRE SYSTEM MUST BE INSTALLED IN A STRAIGHT LINE WITHOUT ANY CURVE. HOWEVER, THE SYSTEM CAN BE FLARED UP TO TWO FEET OVER 50 FEET TO FURTHER OFFSET THE FACEPLATE OF THE SGET IMPACT HEAD FROM THE SHOULDER OF THE ROAD.
7. THE SYSTEM IS SHOWN WITH A FIRST 12'-6" SPECIALIZED GUARDRAIL PANEL, A SECOND 12'-6" STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL, A THIRD 12'-6" STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL, AND A FOURTH 12'-6" STANDARD GUARDRAIL PANEL. THE FIRST 12'-6" SPECIALIZED PANEL MUST ALWAYS BE USED.
8. POSTS 2 THROUGH 8 MUST ALL BE YIELDING POSTS WITH THE YIELDING HOLES AT GROUND LEVEL.
9. THE REDIRECTIVE CAPABILITY OF THE SYSTEM BEGINS AT POST 3.



THIS PLAN IS NOT FINAL, UPON APPROVAL MY SEAL AND DATED SIGNATURE WILL APPEAR WHERE THIS CIRCLE EXISTS.

**CERTIFICATION STATEMENT:**  
I, BARNEY HORRELL, DO HEREBY CERTIFY THAT I AM A DULY LICENSED PROFESSIONAL ENGINEER IN THE STATE OF VIRGINIA, LICENSE NO. 0402044684 AND THAT I PERSONALLY DRAFTED THIS PLAN SHEET BASED ON SKETCHES AND INFORMATION PROVIDED BY THE MANUFACTURER. I DO NOT CERTIFY TO THE DESIGN OR EFFECTIVENESS OF ANY OF THE ITEMS SHOWN. THE MANUFACTURER HAS COMMISSIONED OTHER PROPERLY LICENSED INDEPENDENT FIRMS TO TEST AND CERTIFY TO THE EFFECTIVENESS OF THE ITEMS AND THEIR CONFIGURATION DEPICTED HEREON. THIS STATEMENT AND THE SEAL ABOVE REPRESENT ONLY THAT THIS DRAWING IS AN ACCURATE GRAPHIC DEPICTION OF THE INFORMATION PROVIDED TO ME BY THE MANUFACTURER.

CALIFORNIA DEPT. OF TRANSPORTATION (CALTRANS)

SINGLE GUARDRAIL TERMINAL

SGET-MASH-TL-3

FILE# SGET_2021_06_17.DWG	CHK ##	CHK ##	CHK ##	CHK ##
DATE	RECD	JOB	HR	HWY
##	##	##	##	##
DRPT	COUNTY	##	SHEET NO.	
##	##		2 OF 2	

DATE: JUNE 17, 2021  
FILE: SGET\_2021\_06\_17.DWG

Figure 4: Single Guardrail Terminal

**Appendix E**  
**Sequential Photographs**



0.000 s



0.075 s



0.150 s



0.300 s



0.450 s



0.700 s



0.000 s



0.075 s



0.150s



0.300 s



0.450 s



0.700 s

# **Appendix F**

## **References**

## References

1. American Association of State Highway and Transportation Officials. "Manual for Assessing Safety Hardware, Second Edition" 2016.
2. A Transportation Research Board. "NCHRP Report 350 Recommended Procedures for the Safety Performance Evaluation of Highway Features" Washington, D.C.: National Academy of Sciences, 1993
3. Society of Automotive Engineers. "SAE J224 MAR80, Collision Deformation Classification, SAE Recommended Practice Revised March 1980" SAE, Warrendale, Pennsylvania, 1980
4. National Safety Council. "Vehicle Damage Scale for Traffic Accident Investigators" Chicago, Illinois, 1984

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