Severity of Acute Stress Symptoms—Child Age 11–17* *National Stressful Events Survey Acute Stress Disorder Short Scale (NSESSS)

Name:_____ Age: ____ Sex: Male □ Female □ Date:_____

Please list the traumatic event that you experienced:

Date of the traumatic event:

<u>Instructions:</u> People sometimes have problems after extremely stressful events or experiences. How much have you been bothered during the PAST SEVEN (7) DAYS by each of the following problems that occurred or became worse after an extremely stressful event/experience? Please respond to each item by marking (✓ or x) one box per row.							
							Clinician Use
		Not at all	A little bit	Moderately	Quite a bit	Extremely	Item score
1.	Having "flashbacks," that is, you suddenly acted or felt as if a stressful experience from the past was happening all over again (for example, you reexperienced parts of a stressful experience by seeing, hearing, smelling, or physically feeling parts of the experience)?	0	1	□ 2	3	□ 4	
2.	Feeling very emotionally upset when something reminded you of a stressful experience?	□ 0	1	□ 2	3	4	
3.	Feeling detached or distant from yourself, your body, your physical surroundings, or your memories?	0 0	1	2	3	4	
4.	Trying to avoid thoughts, feelings, or physical sensations that reminded you of a stressful experience?	□ 0	1	□ 2	 3	4	
5.	Being "super alert," on guard, or constantly on the lookout for danger?	0	1	2	 3	4	
6.	Feeling jumpy or easily startled when you hear an unexpected noise?	0	1	□ 2	a 3	4	
7.	Being extremely irritable or angry to the point where you yelled at other people, got into fights, or destroyed things?	0 0	1	□ 2	 3	4	
Total/Partial Raw Score:							
Prorated Total Raw Score: (if 1 item left unanswered)							
Average Total Score:							

Kilpatrick DG, Resnick HS, Friedman, MJ. Copyright © 2013 American Psychiatric Association. All rights reserved. This measure can be reproduced without permission by researchers and by clinicians for use with their patients.

Instructions to Clinicians

The National Stressful Events Survey Acute Stress Disorder Short Scale (NSESSS) is a 7-item measure that assesses the severity symptoms of acute stress disorder in children ages 11–17 following an extremely stressful event or experience. The measure was designed to be completed by the child upon receiving a diagnosis of acute stress disorder (or clinically significant acute stress disorder symptoms) and thereafter, prior to follow-up visits with the clinician. Each item asks the child to rate the severity of his or her acute stress disorder during the past 7 days.

Scoring and Interpretation

Each item on the measure is rated on a 5-point scale (0=Not at all; 1=A little bit; 2=Moderately; 3=Quite a bit, and 4=Extremely). The total score can range from 0 to 28, with higher scores indicating greater severity of acute stress disorder. The clinician is asked to review the score of each item on the measure during the clinical interview and indicate the raw score for each item in the section provided for "Clinician Use." The raw scores on the 7 items should be summed to obtain a total raw score. In addition, the clinician is asked to calculate and use the <u>average total score</u>. The average total score reduces the overall score to a 5-point scale, which allows the clinician to think of the severity of the child's acute stress disorder in terms of none (0), mild (1), moderate (2), severe (3), or extreme (4). The use of the average total score was found to be reliable, easy to use, and clinically useful to the clinicians in the DSM-5 Field Trials. The <u>average total score</u> is calculated by dividing the raw total score by number of items in the measure (i.e., 7).

Note: If 2 or more items are left unanswered, the total score on the measure should not be calculated. Therefore, the child should be encouraged to complete all of the items on the measure. If 1 item is left unanswered, you are asked to calculate a prorated score. The prorated score is calculated by summing the scores of items that were answered to get a partial raw score. Multiply the partial raw score by the total number of items on the NSESSS— Acute Stress Disorder (i.e., 7) and divide the value by the number of items that were actually answered (i.e., 6). The formula to prorate the partial raw score to Total Raw Score is:

(Raw sum x 7)
Number of items that were actually answered

If the result is a fraction, round to the nearest whole number.

Frequency of Use

To track changes in the severity of the child's acute stress disorder over time, the measure may be completed at regular intervals as clinically indicated, depending on the stability of the child's symptoms and treatment status. Consistently high scores on a particular domain may indicate significant and problematic areas for the child that might warrant further assessment, treatment, and follow-up. Your clinical judgment should guide your decision.