

LEVEL 2—Depression—Child Age 11–17*

*PROMIS Emotional Distress—Depression—Pediatric Item Bank

Name: _____

Age: _____

Sex: Male Female

Date: _____

Instructions to the child: On the DSM-5 Level 1 cross-cutting questionnaire that you just completed, you indicated that *during the past 2 weeks* you have been bothered by “having little interest or pleasure in doing things” and/or “feeling down, depressed, or hopeless” at a mild or greater level of severity. The questions below ask about these feelings in more detail and especially how often you have been bothered by a list of symptoms **during the past 7 days**. **Please respond to each item by marking (✓ or x) one box per row.**

							Clinician Use
In the past SEVEN (7) DAYS...							Item Score
		Never	Almost Never	Sometimes	Often	Almost Always	
1.	I could not stop feeling sad.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
2.	I felt alone.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
3.	I felt everything in my life went wrong.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
4.	I felt like I couldn't do anything right.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
5.	I felt lonely.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
6.	I felt sad.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
7.	I felt unhappy.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
8.	I thought that my life was bad.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
9.	Being sad made it hard for me to do things with my friends.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
10.	I didn't care about anything.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
11.	I felt stressed.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
12.	I felt too sad to eat.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
13.	I wanted to be by myself.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
14.	It was hard for me to have fun.	<input type="checkbox"/> 1	<input type="checkbox"/> 2	<input type="checkbox"/> 3	<input type="checkbox"/> 4	<input type="checkbox"/> 5	
Total/Partial Raw Score:							
Prorated Total Raw Score:							
T-Score:							

*The PROMIS measure was developed for and can be used with children ages 8-17 but was tested in children ages 11–17 in the DSM-5 Field Trials.

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Instructions to Clinicians

The DSM-5 Level 2—Depression—Child Age 11–17 measure is the 14-item PROMIS Depression Short Form that assesses the pure domain of depression in children and adolescents. The PROMIS Depression scale was developed for and can be used with children ages 8–17; however, it was tested only in children ages 11–17 in the DSM-5 Field Trials. The measure is completed by the child prior to a visit with the clinician. Each item asks the child receiving care to rate the severity of his or her depression during the past 7 days.

Scoring and Interpretation

Each item on the measure is rated on a 5-point scale (1=never; 2=almost never; 3=sometimes; 4=often; and 5=almost always) with a range in score from 14 to 70 with higher scores indicating greater severity of depression. The clinician is asked to review the score on each item on the measure during the clinical interview and indicate the raw score for each item in the section provided for “Clinician Use.” The raw scores on the 14 items should be summed to obtain a total raw score. Next, the T-score table should be used to identify the T-score associated with the child’s total raw score and the information entered in the T-score row on the measure.

Score	T-Score	SE
14	31.7	5.9
15	35.2	5.3
16	36.9	5.2
17	39.1	4.8
18	40.6	4.7
19	42.4	4.3
20	43.8	4.1
21	45.2	3.9
22	46.5	3.7
23	47.6	3.5
24	48.7	3.4
25	49.7	3.3
26	50.6	3.2
27	51.5	3.1
28	52.4	3
29	53.2	3
30	54	2.9
31	54.8	2.9
32	55.6	2.8
33	56.3	2.8
34	57	2.8
35	57.7	2.8
36	58.4	2.8
37	59.1	2.7
38	59.8	2.7
39	60.4	2.7
40	61.1	2.7
41	61.8	2.7
42	62.4	2.7

Score	T-Score	SE
43	63.1	2.7
44	63.8	2.7
45	64.4	2.7
46	65.1	2.7
47	65.7	2.7
48	66.4	2.7
49	67	2.7
50	67.7	2.7
51	68.4	2.7
52	69	2.7
53	69.7	2.7
54	70.4	2.7
55	71.1	2.7
56	71.8	2.7
57	72.6	2.8
58	73.3	2.8
59	74.1	2.8
60	74.9	2.9
61	75.7	3
62	76.6	3
63	77.5	3.1
64	78.4	3.2
65	79.4	3.3
66	80.6	3.5
67	81.7	3.6
68	83.1	3.7
69	84.6	3.8
70	86.6	4

Note: This look-up table works only if all items on the form are answered. If 75% or more of the questions have been answered, you are asked to prorate the raw score and then look up the conversion to T-Score. The formula to prorate the partial raw score to Total Raw Score is:

$$\frac{(\text{Raw sum} \times \text{number of items on the short form})}{\text{Number of items that were actually answered}}$$

If the result is a fraction, round to the nearest whole number. For example, if 12 of 14 items were answered and the sum of those 12 responses was 40, the prorated raw score would be $40 \times 14/12 = 47$, after rounding. The T-score in this example would be 65.7.

The T-scores are interpreted as follows:

Less than 55	= None to slight
55.0—59.9	= Mild
60.0—69.9	= Moderate
70 and over	= Severe

If more than 25% of the total items (in this case more than 3) are missing a response, the scores should not be used. Therefore, the child receiving care should be encouraged to complete all of the items on the measure.

Frequency of Use

To track change in the severity of the child’s depression over time, the measure may be completed at regular intervals as clinically indicated, depending on the stability of the child’s symptoms and treatment status. Consistently high scores on a particular domain may indicate significant and problematic areas for the child that might warrant further assessment, treatment, and follow-up. Your clinical judgment should guide your decision.