

Marine Biotoxin Report

Southeast Alaska Tribal Ocean Research Sitka Tribe of Alaska Environmental Research Laboratory (907) 966-9650 - seator@sitkatribe-nsn.gov - www.seator.org/data

Paralytic Shellfish Toxins (PSTs) May 16, 2025



STAERL ID	Date Collected	Location	Sample Site	Species	*PST Result (μg/100 g)	Sample Type	Collector
250294	5/12/2025	Skagway	Nahku Beach	Blue Mussel	2149	whole	Skagway Traditional Council
250297	5/13/2025	Petersburg	Sandy Beach	Blue Mussel	NTD	whole	Petersburg Indian Association
250298	5/13/2025	Craig	False Island Boat Launch	Blue Mussel	8	whole	Craig Tribal Association
250299	5/13/2025	Craig	False Island Boat Launch	Littleneck Clam	5	whole	Craig Tribal Association
250300	5/13/2025	Craig	False Island Boat Launch	Butter Clam	80	whole	Craig Tribal Association
250301	5/14/2025	Kake	Town Flats	Butter Clam	25	whole	Organized Village of Kake
250302	5/14/2025	Kake	Culture Camp/Pt. White Jr	Butter Clam	41	whole	Organized Village of Kake

*PST results in red indicate values above FDA Action Level: 80 µg/100 g, NTD: No Toxins Detected, PSTs cause Paralytic Shellfish Poisoning (PSP)

The Southeast Alaska Tribal Ocean Research (SEATOR) network is comprised of 17 tribes in the Gulf of Alaska. SEATOR partners collect phytoplankton and shellfish samples from local beaches to track harmful algal blooms and marine biotoxin risk in their communities. Phytoplankton samples are analyzed by tribal environmental staff and shellfish samples are analyzed by the Sitka Tribe of Alaska Environmental Research Lab. These data can be found at seator.org/data. There is always risk when consuming wild shellfish. Toxins cannot be cooked, cleaned, or frozen out of shellfish. Toxins can vary between regions, beaches, and shellfish species.