2025 NSCA CERTIFIED REFEREE STANDARD EXAMINATION November 15, 2019

1.	In a two shot single target presentation, if the target is missed with the first shot and an ammo or gun malfunction occurs,
	preventing the second shot from being fired, the target will be re-attempted. The shooter must intentionally miss the target on the
	first shot. The second shot will count for either dead or lost. If the shooter breaks the target on the first shot in this scenario the
	target will be scored as lost.
	a) True b) False
2.	A target which breaks at launching shall be called "NO BIRD" and the shooter will be provided a new target.
	a) True b) False
3.	Ignorance of the rules will not be a cause to "re-attempt" targets lost because of rule violations.
٥.	a) True b) False
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4.	Should the shooter break both targets with either the first or second shot then the result will be scored as "two hits"
_	a) True b) False
5.	In the event of a "NO BIRD" on a simultaneous pair (true pair) or following pair, nothing can be established. Two good targets
	must be present to record the score.
	a) True b) False
6.	The Field Judge may poll the spectators and may reverse his/her original call.
	a) True b) False
7.	Eye and Ear protection is mandatory for all persons, spectators, shooters, field judges, and trap personnel on the course.
	a) True b) False
8.	The shooter shall be allowed a combined total of:
	a) four (4) gun malfunctions per day attributed to either the shooters gun or ammunition.
	b) three (3) malfunctions per day, per event attributed to either the shooters gun or ammunition.
	c) three (3) malfunctions per station attributed to either the shooters gun or ammunition.
0	In a squadding sequence, it is the responsibility of each shooter to be ready on time or within five (5) minutes of that time.
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1.0	a) True b) False
10.	When the shooter calls for the target:
	a) the target must be launched immediately or with a delay of up to three (3) seconds.
	b) the target must always be launched immediately at the call for the target.
	c) the target may be launched at the trapper's discretion.
11.	In the event of a "NO BIRD" on the second target of a report pair, the first bird will be established as "DEAD" or "LOST" and
	the shooter will repeat the pair to establish the result of the second target.
	a) True b) False
12.	The first shooter of every squad shall be allowed to view a good presentation of targets from within the shooting station.
	a) True b) False
13.	The call of "LOST" or "DEAD", "MISS" or "HIT" shall be announced by the Field Judge prior to recording the score on every
	target.
	a) True b) False
1/1	When calling for the target the shooter may use the "pre-mount" gun hold position.
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13.	The number of stations, quantity of targets and characteristics of targets from each station, on each field, will be determined by
	the Shoot Officials and will be the same for all shooters. Changes in target trajectory, distance, and/or velocity due to wind, rain,
	time of day, or any other natural cause does not constitute a violation of this rule.
	a) True b) False
16.	In a registered NSCA 5-Stand event; a shooter's gun must be open and empty while changing stands.
	a) True b) False
17.	In a registered NSCA 5-Stand event; a shooter's feet must be behind the front openings of the shooting stand except when
	changing stands.
	a) True b) False
18.	While viewing targets: All competitors may mount their loaded gun and track the targets being viewed.
	a) True b) False
10	.410 events shall be open to all shotguns of .410 bore, using shot loads not exceeding one-half (1/2) of an ounce.
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20.	A Report Pair is two sequential targets, where the second target is launched at the sound of the gun firing at the first target.
	a) True b) False
21.	In a NSCA 5-Stand event with multiple layouts, when the squad moves to the next layout, the original first shooter will rotate to
	the end of the line; the rest of the shooters on the squad will move up (toward the first cage) one position, thus rotating who the
	first shooter is at each subsequent layout.
	a) True b) False
22.	When a shooter is in the process of shooting, no one (other than the Referee/Trapper) is allowed within three feet (3') of the
	shooter.

	a) True b) False
23.	One example of an ammunition malfunction is:
	a) a soft load in which the shot and wad leave the barrel.
	b) a shell with very weak report but noticeable recoil.
	c) a shell, which fails to fire, providing firing pin indentation is clearly noticeable.
24.	It is everyone's responsibility to report any unsafe shooting condition or action immediately to Shoot Officials.
	a) True b) False
25.	Shoot Management may disqualify any shooter for willful or repeated violation of gun safety precautions, which endanger the
	safety of field personnel.
	a) True b) False
26.	In a NSCA 5-Stand registered event, shooters may not leave their station until instructed to do so by the referee or until the last
	shooter has fired his last shot.
	a) True b) False
27.	In a NSCA 5-Stand registered event no chokes may be changed after the round has begun. Failure to comply will result in loss
	of ALL targets attempted (in that round) after the choke was changed.
	a) True b) False
28.	In a two shot single target presentation the target will be scored "HIT" or "DEAD" if broken by either shot.
	a) True b) False
29.	No more than two (2) shells may be loaded in the gun at one time.
	a) True b) False
30.	The shooter must <u>fire</u> with his/her gun shouldered for all targets.
	a) True b) False
	The shooter fires at the first pair of targets at a station and decides they have the wrong choke. The shooter then removes their
	adjustable chokes and shoots the remainder of the targets on that station without any chokes in the gun. The results are scored as
	follows:
	a) the results on the first pair being scored as established and the remainder of the targets on that station being scored as
	"lost" or "missed".
	b) all targets on that station being scored as "lost".
	c) all targets on that station being scored as established by the shooter.
32.	Guns with release type triggers are allowed and must be clearly marked.
	a) True b) False
33.	A shooter not seeing the target presented:
	a) will get to shoot at another target
	b) be charged with shooter malfunction and scored lost.
34.	In the event of a "shooter malfunction" on the first bird of a report pair:
	a) nothing can be established and the shooter will re-shoot the pair.
	b) the first bird will be established as "lost" and the shooter will repeat the pair to establish the result of the second target.
	c) both targets are scored as "lost".
35.	In a 20-gauge event a shooter may shoot a 1-ounce load.
	a) True b) False
36.	All shooting stations must require the shooter (except wheelchair shooters) to engage all targets from the standing position.
	a) True b) False
37.	During a registered event, each shooter must verify his/her score before leaving the station. Once the shooter has left the station
	his/her score is final.
• •	a) True b) False
38.	In the event of a gun malfunction the shooter must first unload the gun and then hand the gun to the Field Judge for examination
• •	a) True b) False
39.	A shooter may test fire a gun without the permission of the Field Judge as long as it is safe.
	a) True b) False
40.	When shooting simultaneous pairs (true pairs) the shooter has the right to shoot either of the targets first.
	a) True b) False
41.	When a target is broken by either the first or the second shot it will be scored by making a slash (/ or \) on the scorecard, in the
	correct position on the scorecard.
	a) True b) False