Patient Information

Vocal Hygiene Advice

What is Vocal Hygiene?

Vocal hygiene refers to the healthy habits and behaviours that help keep your voice working well. Just like you care for your teeth or skin, your voice also needs proper care—especially if you use it a lot at work, socially, or recreationally.

Good vocal hygiene helps to:

- Prevent voice problems
- Reduce strain and fatigue
- Support recovery from vocal injury or therapy

Why is Vocal Health Important?

Your voice is produced by the vibration of your vocal cords (or folds) in your larynx (voice box). Overuse, misuse, or poor care can lead to issues such as:

- Hoarseness
- Vocal fatigue
- Loss of voice
- Nodules, polyps, or laryngitis

General Vocal Care Tips

Do's

- **Stay well hydrated:** Aim for 6–8 glasses of water per day. Warm, non-caffeinated drinks are soothing.
- **Rest your voice:** Take vocal breaks, especially if you use your voice a lot during the day.
- Use a natural pitch and volume: Avoid shouting or whispering. Both can strain your vocal cords.
- Warm up your voice: Especially before singing, public speaking, or prolonged talking.
- Breathe from your diaphragm: Good breath support reduces tension on your voice.
- **Practice good posture:** Upright posture supports efficient breathing and voice production.

• Use amplification when needed: Use a microphone or voice amplifier if speaking to large groups.

Don'ts

- Avoid throat clearing: This can irritate your vocal cords. Try swallowing or sipping water instead.
- Don't smoke or vape: These dry out and damage your vocal folds.
- Limit caffeine and alcohol: These can dehydrate the vocal folds.
- Avoid talking over noise: This leads to vocal strain.
- Don't whisper when hoarse: It causes more tension than gentle speech.

Environmental and Lifestyle Factors

- **Humidity matters:** Use a humidifier in dry environments. Ideal humidity is around 40–60%.
- Avoid irritants: Stay away from dust, chemicals, and allergens.
- **Manage reflux:** Acid reflux can irritate your larynx. Avoid spicy foods, eat smaller meals, and don't eat right before bed.
- Address allergies and sinus issues: Postnasal drip can irritate the vocal cords.

If You Are Experiencing Voice Problems

Seek help from a healthcare professional such as:

- **GP** (General Practitioner): For referral and initial evaluation
- ENT Specialist (Ear, Nose & Throat): For examination of the vocal cords
- SLT (Speech and Language Therapist): For voice therapy and personalized advice

You should seek medical advice if you experience:

- Persistent hoarseness (longer than 2–3 weeks)
- Pain when speaking
- Loss of voice without a clear cause
- Sensation of a lump in the throat

Voice-Saving Tips for Professionals

If you are a teacher, singer, actor, coach, or use your voice professionally:

• Schedule vocal rest breaks during the day.

- Learn proper vocal techniques from a voice coach or therapist.
- Avoid speaking in noisy environments.
- Keep hydrated and well-rested.

Final Note

Taking care of your voice is essential for communication and overall well-being. With consistent vocal hygiene, most common voice problems can be prevented or significantly improved.