FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2024



Financial Statements March 31, 2024

Table of Contents	
	Page
Independent Auditor's Report	
Financial Statements	
Statement of Financial Position	1
Statement of Changes in Net Assets	2
Statement of Operations	3
Statement of Cash Flows	4
Notes to the Financial Statements	5
Schedule of Fundraising income	12



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the board of directors of Peace River Child Care Association

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of Peace River Child Care Association, which comprise the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2024, and the statements of changes in net assets, operations and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the effects of the matter described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the organization as at March 31, 2024, and its the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations (ASNPO).

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Peace River Child Care Association derives a material amount of revenue from donations and fundraising activities. We were not able to obtain sufficient appropriate audit evidence about the completeness of the reported amounts for accounts receivable, donation and fundraising revenue, revenue in excess of expenditure and changes to net assets because there is no direct relationship between assets or services given up in exchange for amounts received or receivable. Consequently, we were unable to determine whether any adjustments to these amounts were necessary.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the organization in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with ASNPO, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the organization's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the organization or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the organization's financial reporting process.

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT (Continued)

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the organization's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the organization to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Peace River, Alberta June 17, 2024

CHARTERED PROFESSIONAL ACCOUNTANTS

InVisian



Statement of Financial Position

As at March 31, 2024

		2024	2023
	ASSETS	\$	\$
	ASSETS		
Current: Cash (Note 3) Accounts receivable (Note 4)		534,466 37,166	409,268 81,687
		571,632	490,955
Capital assets (Note 5)		2,264,677	2,302,687
		2,836,309	2,793,642
	LIABILITIES		
Current:			
Accounts payable (Note 6)		161,192	193,723
Deferred revenue (Note 7)		96,422 554,232	104,923 594,198
Callable debt (Note 8)		337,232	374,170
		811,846	892,844
Deferred capital contributions (Note 9)		796,006	822,009
		1,607,852	1,714,853
	NET ASSETS		
Intermally postuicted not assets		105,614	139,452
Internally restricted net assets Unrestricted net assets		1,122,843	939,337
		1,228,457	1,078,789
		2,836,309	2,793,642
Assumed by the Decad			
Approved by the Board			
Members			
Members			

Statement of Changes in Net AssetsFor the year ended March 31, 2024

	Balance, beginning of year	Interfund transfers (Note 10)	Excess of revenues over expenditures	2024 Balance, end of year
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Internally restricted net assets	139,452	(67.268)	33,430	105,614
Unrestricted net assets	939,337	67,268	116,238	1,122,843
	1,078,789	-	149,668	1,228,457
Internally restricted net assets	Balance, beginning of year \$ 92,367	Interfund transfers (Note 10) \$ (10,320)	Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures \$ 57,405	2023 Balance, end of year \$ 139,452
Unrestricted net assets	970,292	10,320	(41,275)	939,337
	1,062,659	-	16,130	1,078,789

Statement of Operations

For the year ended March 31, 2024

	2024 Actual	2024 Budget	2023 Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Revenues: Affordability grant Deferred allocation income	557,736 26,003	530,000	419,790 32,337
Federal loan forgiveness, rent and wage subsidies Infant incentive	13,350	10,800	10,000 13,650
Other income and donations Parent fees and subsidies Staff funding and other operating grants	4,426 745,829 246,630	1,131,400 285,600	9,986 680,579 254,457
Town of Peace River (OSC grant)	11,250		-
	1,605,224	1,957,800	1,420,799
Expenditures:		. 200	£10
Advertising	60	1,200	518 73,092
Amortization	66,516 12,000	12,000	10,000
Audit fees Bad debts	3,525	-	702
Bank charges	4,608	7,200	6,150
Bookkeeping	36,200	35,400	35,400
Child supplies	23,985	20,868	30,500
Event expenses	650	7,500	280
Field trips	321	-	-
GST expense	4,353	-	5,636
Insurance	36,023	30,000	21,269
Interest on callable debt	46,931	50,000	39,812
Lease expense	12.000	15.000	12,212
Office expense	12,889	15,000	12,212
Professional fees	1,140 23,310	21,000	28,294
Repairs and maintenance	9,980	9,000	3,009
Training	37,141	39,600	41,725
Utilities Wages and benefits	1,172,640	1,764,776	1,170,814
wages and benefits	1,172,010		
	1,492,273	2,013,545	1,479,414
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenditures from operations	112,951	(55,745)	(58,615)
Other income:			
Gain on disposal of capital assets	3,287	-	17,340
Fundraising income (Schedule 1)	33,430	65,000	57,405
	36,717	65,000	74,745
Excess of revenues over expenditures	149,668	9.255	16,130

Statement of Cash Flows

For the year ended March 31, 2024

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Operating activities: Cash received from parents and subsidies Cash received from fundraising and donations Cash paid to suppliers Cash paid to suppliers for fundraising Cash paid for wages and benefits Interest paid Interest received	1,626,160 57,791 (228,380) (36,830) (1,178,371) (51,584) 1,595	1,391,008 183,690 (193,924) (146,410) (1,129,380) (45,962) 8,696
	190,381	67,718
Financing activities: Repayment of callable debt Repayment of long-term debt	(39,966)	(15,988) (30,000) (45,988)
Investing activities: Purchase of capital assets Proceeds on disposal of capital assets	(37,138) 11,921	(4,731) 35,130
	(25,217)	30,399
Increase in cash	125,198	52,129
Cash, beginning of year	409,268	357,139
Cash, end of year	534,466	409,268

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2024

1. Nature of operations

Peace River Child Care Association (the "Organization") is a not-for-profit organization incorporated under the Societies Act of Alberta. The Organization was formed to provide child care services for the community of Peace River and surrounding area. The Organization is a registered charity under the *Income Tax Act*.

2. Significant accounting policies

These financial statements are prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The significant accounting policies are detailed as follows:

(a) Fund accounting

The Organization uses fund accounting to ensure compliance with restrictions placed on funds received. These funds are held in accordance with the objectives specified by the contributors or in accordance with the directives issued by the Board of Directors. Two funds are maintained - Internally Restricted Net Assets and Unrestricted Net Assets.

Internally Restricted Net Assets consist of restricted funds used to account for monies for specific purposes. This includes the funds obtained through fundraising activities and funds internally restricted for the use towards capital assets.

Unrestricted Net Assets is all revenue and expenditures related to the general and ancillary operations of the Organization. It includes the activities from the Daycare program.

(b) Donated material and services

Donated capital and investments are recorded in the financial statements at fair value on the date of the donation. Donated materials and services are not recorded because the fair market value is not readily determinable.

(c) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents are defined as cash, balances with banks, bank overdrafts, and short term deposits with term maturity of three months or less from year-end.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(d) Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost. The Organization provides for amortization using the straight-line method and rates, with residual values as indicated, designed to amortize the cost of the capital assets over their estimated useful lives. The annual amortization rate is as follows:

Building 40 years, 10% residual Equipment costing more than \$2,500 10 years, no residual Equipment costing between \$1,000 and \$2,500 5 years, no residual

An impairment loss is recognized when the carrying amount of these assets is not recoverable and exceeds their fair value.

All capital assets costing less than \$1,000 are expensed.

(e) Revenue recognition

The Organization follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions and reports on a fund accounting basis.

Internally and externally restricted contributions (such as specific purpose donations, raffle funds, casino funds and government funds for specific projects) are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred.

Unrestricted contributions (such as parent fees and government funding) are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

(f) Income taxes

No provision is made for income tax as the Organization is not subject to income tax under Section 149(1)e of the *Income Tax Act*.



Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2024

2. Significant accounting policies (Continued)

(g) Financial instruments

(i) Measurement of financial instruments

The Organization initially measures its financial assets and liabilities at fair value.

The Organization subsequently measures all its financial assets and financial liabilities at cost or amortized cost, except for investments in equity instruments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value. Changes in fair value are recognized in excess of revenues over expenditures in the period incurred.

Financial assets measured at amortized cost include cash and accounts receivable.

Financial liabilities measured at amortized cost include accounts payable, deferred revenue and callable debt.

The Organization has not designated any financial asset or financial liability to be measured at fair value.

(ii) Impairment

For financial assets measured at cost or amortized cost, the Organization determines whether there are indications of possible impairment. When there is an indication of impairment, and the Organization determines that a significant adverse change has occurred during the period in the expected timing or amount of future cash flows, a write-down is recognized in excess of revenues over expenditures. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of the improvement. The carrying amount of the financial asset may not be greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in excess of revenues over expenditures.

(h) Measurement uncertainty

The preparation of financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the period. Significant areas requiring the use of estimates include: capital assets and deferred revenue. Actual results may differ from management's best estimates as additional information becomes available in the future.

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2024

3. Cash

Cash relates to the following funds:

	2024_	2023
	\$	\$
Building	27,845	51,889
Casino	13,339	23,456
Fundraising	82,198	70,264
General	371,285	197,539
Raffle	39,798	66,120
	534,465	409,268

The building and fundraising funds are internally restricted for special use as to be determined by the board. The casino and raffle funds are externally restricted for specific purposes.

4. Accounts receivable

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Trade receivables from parents and government	41,243	54,021
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(6,415)	(11,759)
GST receivable	2,338	2,712
Affordability grant		36,713
	37,166	81,687

5. Capital assets

			2024	2023
	Cost	Accumulated amortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
	\$	\$	\$	\$
Building	2,686,746	452,151	2,234,595	2,267,914
Furniture and equipment	251,795	221,713	30,082	34,773
	2,938,541	673,864	2,264,677	2,302,687

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2024

6. Accounts payable

		2024	2023
		\$	\$
	Trade payables	137,626	141,165
	Affordability grant overpayment		28,175
	Payroll remittances payable	23,566	24,383
		1/1 103	102 722
		161,192	193,723
7.	Deferred revenue		
		2024	2023
		<u> </u>	\$
	Casino funds	13,339	6,179
	Parent deposits	4,200	9,000
	Parent fees	34,455	25,286
	Raffle funds	44,428	64,458
		0.5.400	104.003
		96,422	104,923

The deferred parent fees relate to fees collected in advance of the month the service is provided.

The parent deposits relate to deposits collected in advance of the provision of services.

Casino funds and raffle funds are externally restricted for specific purposes to be approved by the Alberta Gaming and Liquor Commission (AGLC).

8. Callable debt

	2024	2023
Term bank loan with general security agreement and building with a net book value of \$2,234,594 pledged as security, repayable in monthly installments of \$6,037 including interest at	\$	\$
prime plus 0.83% per annum with a renewal date of July 2024 and an amortization period ending February 2036	554,232	594,198
Less current portion	28,993	7,348
Callable debt	525,239	586,850

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2024

8. Callable debt (Continued)

Estimated principal repayments are as follows:

	\$
2025	28,993
2026	31,409
2027	34,026
2028	36,861
2029	39,932
Subsequent years	383,011

9. Deferred capital contributions

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Building funds	782,582	806,724
Equipment funds	13,424	15,285
	796,006	822,009

Deferred capital contributions relates to funds received towards the purchase of capital assets. Since capital assets are long-term assets, the deferred revenues are shown as a long-term liability accordingly.

A portion of deferred capital contributions is recognized each year on a basis consistent with the amortization of the assets purchased with these restricted funds. Deferred revenue has been recognized related to the building in the amount of \$24.141 (prior year \$24.141) and related to equipment in the amount of \$1,862 (prior year \$8,196).

10. Transfers between net assets (liabilities)

During the year, internally restricted building funds were transferred to unrestricted funds for purposes of paying for repairs to the building. In addition, funds restricted internally from fundraising were transferred to unrestricted funds for general use.

	2024	2023
	\$	\$
Transfer to unrestricted fund from internally restricted building fund Transfer from (to) unrestricted fund from internally restricted fundraising fund Net adjustment to unrestricted fund	(24,043)	(26,715)
	(43,225) 67,268	37,035 (10,320)

Notes to the Financial Statements For the year ended March 31, 2024

11. Lease commitments

The Organization has entered into a lease commitment with the Town of Peace River to lease the land the daycare building is located on. This commitment is for \$1 per year until June 2046.

12. Financial instruments

The Organization is exposed to various financial risks through transactions in financial instruments. The following provides helpful information in assessing the extent of the Organization's exposure to these risks.

(a) Credit risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Organization's main credit risk relates to its accounts receivable. The Organization reduces this risk by canceling child care if payment is made later than five days after an agreed upon date. If payment is not made, the Organization uses services of a collection agency for those accounts deemed necessary.

(b) Liquidity risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Organization will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with financial liabilities. The Organization is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable, accrued liabilities and callable and long term debt. The Organization mitigates this risk by monthly review of its net income and cash balances to ensure sufficient funds are available to make payment.

(c) Interest rate risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. The Organization is exposed to interest rate risk on its floating interest rate callable debt. Floating-rate financial instruments subject the Organization to a cash flow risk.

Schedule to the Financial Statements

For the year ended March 31, 2024

Schedule of Fundraising income			Schedule 1
	2024	2024	2023
	Actual	Budget	Actual
	\$	\$	\$
Revenue:			
Beer and wine raffle	4,468	-	9,105
Casino	23,519	2	33,228
Chase the Ace	1,929	-	-
Other fundraising	5,018	-	814
Prize-A-Palooza	-	-	13,879
RaffleBox raffle	6,743	~	-
Starlight Gala	-	90	129,092
Super Cash raffle	28,583	65,000	6,359
Vacation-a-month			11,337
	70,260	65,000	203,814
Expenditures:			
Advertising	_		529
Beer and wine raffle	-	2	8,050
Casino	-	-	6,156
Chase the Ace	1,837	-	_
Other fundraising	_	-	275
Prize-a-Palooza	-	-	13,459
RaffleBox raffle	6,743	-	-
Starlight Gala	_	9	100,508
Super Cash raffle	28,250	-	6,228
Vacation-a-month		-	11,204
	36,830	(8)	146,409
Excess of revenues over expenditures	33,430	65,000	57,405