

STUVE Gold Corp.

Advancing historically productive Gold/Copper

Projects in Chile.

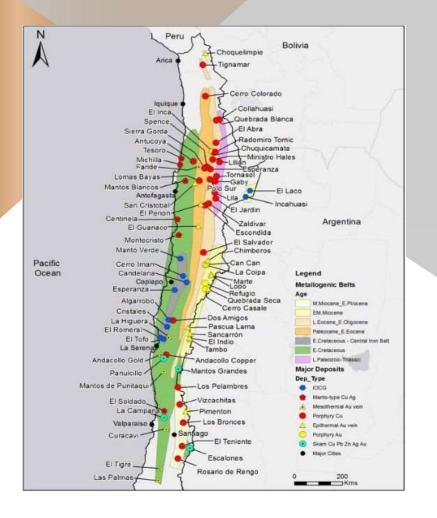


Forward Looking Statements

This presentation includes certain statements that constitute "forward-looking information" within the meaning of applicable Canadian securities laws concerning the business, operations and financial performance and condition of the Company. All statements in this presentation that are not purely historical are forward-looking statements and include any statements regarding beliefs, plans, expectations and orientations regarding the future. Often, but not always, forward-looking statements can be identified by words such as "pro forma", "plans", "expects", "may", "should", "budget", "schedules", estimates", "forecasts", "intends", "anticipates", "believes", "potential" or variations of such words including negative variations thereof and phrases that refer to certain actions, events or results that may, could, would, might or will occur or be taken or achieved. Such forward-looking statements include, among others, statements as to the anticipated business plans and timing of future activities of the Company and to conduct exploration activities thereon. Actual results could differ from those projected in any forward-looking statements due to numerous factors including risks and uncertainties relating to exploration and development and actual results of exploration activities; the ability of the Company to obtain additional financing; delays in obtaining governmental and regulatory approvals (including of the TSX-V), permits or financing; the need to comply with environmental and governmental regulations; potential defects in title to the Company's properties; fluctuations in the prices of commodities and precious metals; operating hazards and risks; environmental issues and liabilities; and competition and other risks and uncertainties of the mining industry. Although the Company believes that the beliefs, plans, expectations and intentions contained in this presentation are reasonable, there can be no assurance that those beliefs, plans, expectations or intentions will prove to be accurate. Readers should consider all of the information set forth herein and should review the Company's periodic reports filed from time-to-time with Canadian securities regulators. These reports and the Company's filings are available at www.sedar.com

Readers are cautioned not to place undue reliance on forward-looking statements. The forward-looking statements contained in this presentation are made as of the date of this presentation and, except as otherwise required by law, the Company undertakes no obligation to update the forward-looking statements contained herein, or to update the reasons why actual results could differ from those projected in these forward-looking statements





Why Chile?

Ranked 6th in the 2018 global Overall Investment Attractiveness Index by the Fraser Institute, Chile is considered one of the world's low-risk mining jurisdictions with a clear legal framework, a supportive government and administration as well as an abundance of available skills and labor.

Chile's production ranks amongst the highest in the world for a series of metals and minerals - including molybdenum, lithium, silver, and gold – but copper is undoubtedly the most important metal in the Chilean economy (#1 producer worldwide).

Mines and geology of Chile

Mission:

STUVE Gold Corps' mission is to generate superior stakeholder ROI through the advancement of historically productive Gold/Copper projects leveraging its strong in-country resources.

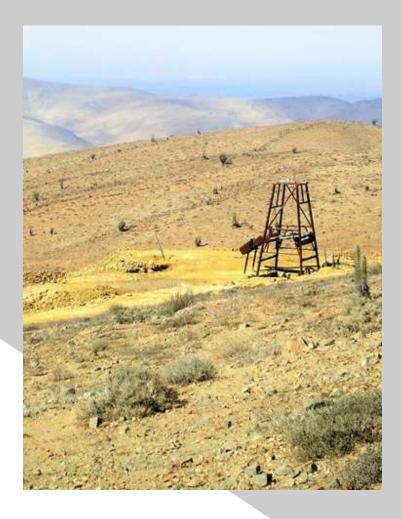
STUVE Gold has to date successfully acquired the following historical producing properties:

Property	# of Claims	Size
COBA SW (incl TERESA)	5 Exploration Claims 12 Exploitation Claims	1,260 Ha
Santa Gracia	41 Exploration Claims	11,500 Ha
ROMA	12 Exploration Claims	3,500 Ha
INCA	17 Exploitation Claims	2,941 Ha





COBA SW - TERESA





Regional Setting

Coba SW is an advanced staged exploration property containing historic high-grade Cu-Au-Ag-Co mines located within the historic Carrizal Alto copper-goldcobalt mining camp in the Coastal Cordillera of Region III, Chile.

Regionally, it lies within the structural contact zone between the Devonian-Jurassic Metamorphic Terrain and the Jurassic-Cretaceous Intrusive Terrain of the Coastal IOCG/Cretaceous Porphyry Copper-Gold Belt.

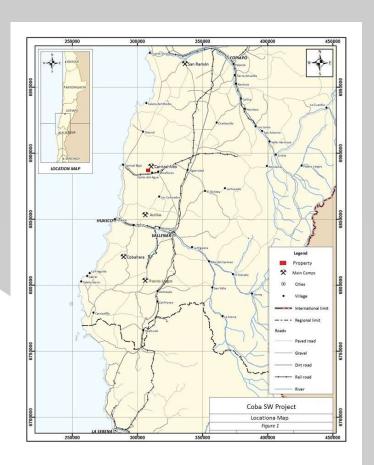
The same regional geological and structural environment as the historic San Roman, Carrizal Alto, Capote, Pastos Largos and Cobaltera mines.

The Coba SW Project has the potential to host several related deposit types;

• Cu-Au- Ag-Co-Fe disseminated and semi-massive sulphide vein deposits and or,

• Porphyry style Cu-Au deposits.

COBA SW – TERESA



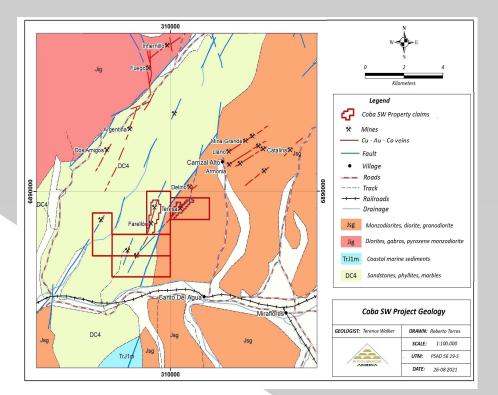


COBA SW – TERESA

Geology, Alteration & Mineralization.

The Coba SW property occurs within the southern Copiapó - Ovalle sector of the Chilean Coastal Iron Oxide Copper Gold (IOCG)/Cretaceous Porphyry Copper-Gold Metallogenic Belt.

Along the contact zone between the Coastal Metamorphic and Intrusive Terrains between Copiapó in the North and Ovalle in the south, breccia vein and semi-massive sulphide deposits that are locally enriched in copper, gold, silver and cobalt in the range of 2 - 5 %Cu, 5 - 20 g/t Au, 10 - 50 g/t Ag and 0.2 - 6% Co are common.





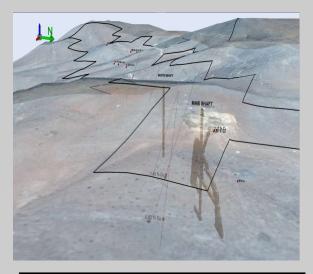
Historical Underground Workings

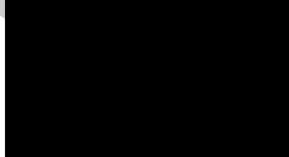
North and South shaft Investigations (Teresa Claim):

The level of mineral oxidation observed in the upper levels of the north shaft extends down to 30 metres (m). Below this level, a zone of mixed oxides plus secondary sulphides, mainly chalcocite, was encountered to 50 m. Below 50 m, the mineralization encountered down to the water level at 83 metres consisted of mainly primary chalcopyrite, bornite and enargite.

The level of mineral oxidation observed in the upper levels of the south shaft extends down to 75 m. Below 75 m, the mineralization encountered to the blockage at 119 m consists of mainly primary chalcopyrite, bornite, enargite and local chalcocite.

COBA SW – TERESA







COBA SW – TERESA

Historical Mineral Values

Between November 1986 – July 1990 the North Shaft on the Teresa vein system was reopened by Minera Caminada and 22,000 tons of primary and secondary sulphide ore mine from below the 30m level. The ore produced was sold to the ENAMI (Empresa National De Mineria) processing plant at Vallenar. Sales receipts show that the copper and gold grades from this ore range from 0.785 – 4.321% Cu and 3.587– 6.726 g/t Au with weighted average of 2.45% Cu and 5.51 g/t Au.

In September 2001 Vector Mining S.A., a Chilean private company conducted limited sampling of the old surface workings and mine dumps at the Teresa Mine assays from which are reported to have graded 1.5 - 3.2% Cu, 2.7 - 12.1 g/t Au and 0.2 - 0.35% Co.

During 2019 and 2020, systematic programs of geological mapping, prospecting and rock sampling of the old surface workings pillars left along the 2 km of the Teresa, Delerio and Farellon vein systems exposed on the Teresa I-III, Fortuna and Coda II 13 claims. Assays from the 121 surface samples collected returned values in the range of 0.35 - 6.12% Cu and 0.19 – 11.2 g/t Au, 0.6 – 32.7 g/t and 0.07 – 0.254% Co. The 22 chip samples collected from the northeastern most 1km of the main vein on the Teresa I and II claims which includes the North and South shaft workings, assayed 0.88 – 5.67% Cu, 1.63 – 11.2 g/t Au, 2.4 – 26.2 g/t Ag and 0.11 – 0.95% Co with a weighted average of 2.2% Cu, 3.99 g/t Au, 8.6 g/t Ag and 0.36% Co.

In February and July 2020 underground sampling and mapping of the N and S shaft workings was completed by Jorge Caseras a local geologist specializing in this type of work. This sampling returned grades from old drift faces and stope pillars ranging from 1.1%Cu, 1.4g/t Au, 2.0 g/t Ag and 0.05% Co to 13.7%Cu, 16.65 g/t Au, 25 g/t Ag and 0.27% and averaged 3.59% Cu, 4.36 g/t Au, 5.7 g/t Ag and 0.11% Co.

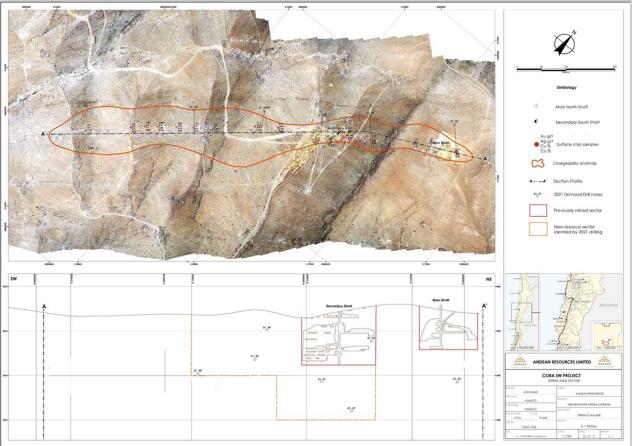


Drill Program -August 2021

In August of 2021 STUVE Gold was engaged in a 7-hole drill program to establish continuous vein-system mineralization across the property including 240m extension to the SW in addition to deeper sulphide rich mineralization to 175m (60 meters below existing workings).

Hole	From	To	Width	Cu%	Au g/t	Ag g/t	Co%
COBA-21-01	92.6	98.71	6.11	2.5	4.45	28.9	0.56
including	93.25	97.72	4.47	2.9	5.37	34.4	0.61
COBA-21-04	100.3	115.0	14.7	1.96	2.46	5.6	0.10
including	106.38	113.7	7.32	3.42	4.98	9.7	0.12
COBA-21-07	174.49	179.2	4.71	1.4	5.27	2.4	0.35
including	174.9	178.5	3.6	1.72	6.66	2.7	0.45

COBA SW - TERESA









Project Photos - TERESA

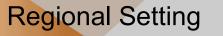




INCA



INCA



Inca is an early-stage exploration property located 85 kilometers east southeast of Tiera Amarrilla, Region III, Chile covering several large zones of acid sulphate hydrothermal alteration.

The Inca Project has the potential to host two related deposit types, • Vein and disseminated acid sulphate epithermal gold-silver-copper and or,

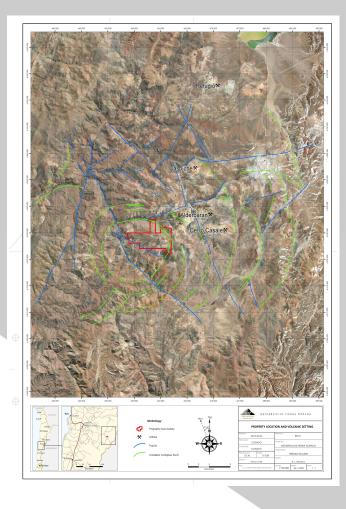
• Gold-silver-copper porphyry deposits. deposits.

Similar deposit types include:

Cerro Casale (Reserves + Resources; 28.9 million oz Au + 41.5 million oz Ag),10 kilometres to the east,

Caspiche (Reserves + Resources; 21.8 million oz Au + 48.4 million oz Ag), 12 kilometres to the northeast and

Refugio (Past Production; 8.9 million oz Au + 4.1 million oz Ag) 25 km to the north





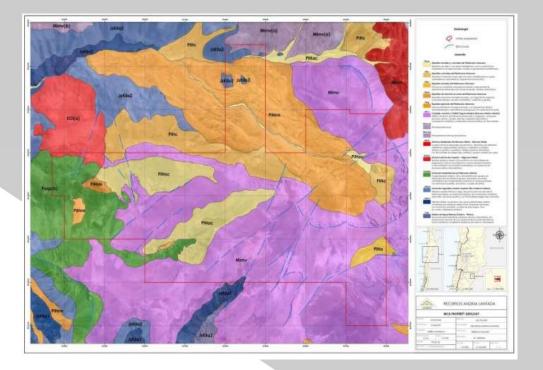
Geology, Alteration & Mineralization.

STUVE GOLD

The Maricunga belt is a linear metallogenic unit defined by at least 20 deposits of gold and/or silver mineralization.

The precious metal mineralization is related to a belt of Miocene volcanic rocks, most of which constitute a series of large compound stratovolcanoes of calc-alkaline composition.

The zones of gold and/or silver mineralization discovered in the Maricunga belt to date consist of intrusion-hosted porphyry-type deposits and volcanic hosted epithermal deposits of high sulphidation, acid sulphate type that are present in both the western and eastern subbelts.



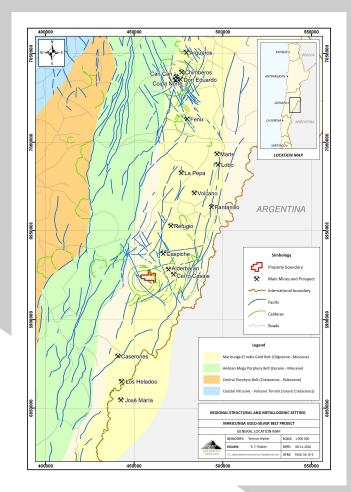
INCA

Field Work and Modelling:

The four zones of acid sulphate epithermal alteration identified to date on the property cover over 12 km². Their contained metal association bear strong similarities to gold-silver enriched systems in the Cerro Casale Mining Camp 10 km to the east.

At Cerro Casale, the current reserves and resources occupy less that 15% of the 6 km² Casale alteration system.

The Ojos de Agua alteration zone on the Inca property covers about 42% of the area of the Casale alteration system. Hence by comparison, if 15% of the Ojos de Agua alteration zone carried similar gold and silver grades as the Casale deposit, **then this area could hypothetically contain in the order of 12 million ounces of gold and 17 million ounces of silver**.





Project Photos - INCA





STUVE Additional Properties:

ROMA -



The 3,500 ha Roma Property, part of the Ovalle mining district within the Coastal IOCG/Porphyry Copper-Gold Belt and in the same regional geological environment as the ex-Dayton gold and currently operating Teck Resources Andacollo copper-gold mines 20 km to the NE. For more than a century small-medium scale mining of high-grade copper, gold and silver ores grading up to 10% copper, 80 g/t gold has been carried out in the Ovalle mining district from skarns, disseminated deposits and poly-metallic veins systems. Prior drilling on the property yielded encouraging results.

Santa Gracia -

The second secon

The 11,500 ha Santa Gracia Property located in the Coastal Cordillera of Region III, Chile, covers known or inferred extensions of 7 past producing high-grade Cu, Au and Co bearing veins systems and covers the southern half of the La Higuera – Santa Gracia copper-gold-cobalt mining camp. The La Higuera-Sta Gracia mining district was one of the largest Cu-Au producers in Chile prior to 1881. In 1903 district production was around 12,000 tons/month at an average grade of 10% copper and 15 g/t gold.

Bosque -



The 25,800 ha El Bosque Property is an early staged exploration property located within the historic Rio Hurtado copper-gold-silver mining district in the Andean Cordillera of Region IV, Chile. At the north end of one of the six 1–9 km2 alteration zones on the property a 2011 Chilean Government regional geochemical survey detected a strong copper- gold- cobalt anomaly. Limited preliminary check sampling upstream from this 2.5 km2 anomaly by STUVE returned values up to 0.61% Cu and 0.11 g/t Au, 38.9 g/t Ag and 0.142% Co.

STUVE GOLD CORP

Management and Directors



Mr. Al J. Kroontje, B.Sc. (Eng.) - CEO (Director)

Mr. Kroontje has been involved in exploration, development and production operations in the oil and gas and mineral exploration sectors for over 30 years. He has been very involved in mineral exploration activities for gold, copper, silver and lithium in Chile since 2009.



Terry Walker - Chief Geologist (Director)

Mr. Walker is a highly-experienced geologist and a leading expert in hydrogeology. Terry has spent over 25 years in Chile's mining industry and is well-connected throughout the sector. He is the co-founder of GeoServicios Piedra Dorada - an exploration and development services company, focused on Latin America.



Gordon Aldcorn - President

A 20-year veteran of the capital markets representing junior resource companies.



Dale Burstall - Director Mr. Burstall practices in the area of commercial law with an emphasis on securities law. Mr. Burstall's practice includes all aspects of securities law.



Jeff Graw - Director Mr. Graw has 36 years of experience in the geophysical industry involving data acquisition and interpretation.



Jana Lillies - Controller



Corporate Structure: STUV-TSXV
(as at November 1, 2021)

Shares Issued and Outstanding:	29,648,484
Warrants:	1,816,500
Options outstanding:	1,416,667

Total Shares Fully Diluted:

32,881,651



Why Invest in STUVE Gold Corp.?

- I. The Projects -
 - Five Project areas of merit with historical exploration and data:
 - i. TERESA/COBA SW
 - ii. INCA
 - iii. Santa Gracia
 - iv. ROMA
 - v. El Bosque
- Projects comprise a mix of epithermal gold/copper and potential porphyry structures

2. Exposed to copper and gold – projected to be two best performing metals in 2021;

3. Near-term deliverables that include potential pilot production as well as a porphyry potential drill program

4. **Strong team** including VP of Exploration based in Chile with over 30 years of exploration experience in country.

STUVE Gold Corp – Contact Information

Gordon Aldcorn President 403-618-6507 galdcorn@stuvegoldcorp.ca





