Housing for IDPs and War-Affected Individuals

Types of programs for IDPs

Internally displaced persons (IDPs) have the right to receive social and temporary housing or participate in an affordable housing program or a 3% mortgage program.

Temporary and social housing constitutes a segment of the housing stock owned by local governments, which is not eligible for privatization. Although they share a similar establishment process, temporary housing was funded through state budget subventions and local budget co-financing from 2019 to 2021.

The "Affordable Housing" program, run by the State Fund for Youth Housing Construction (Derzhmolodzhytlo), allows eligible participants to purchase housing that meets specific criteria (such as size and year of construction) with co-financing from both the participants and Derzhmolodzhytlo, at rates of 30% or 50%, depending on the participant category. Despite the program not receiving funding in 2024, the absence of funds does not preclude the acceptance of applications or placement on the waiting list in the respective region.

Additionally, Derzhmolodzhytlo is administering a 3% loan program, offering IDPs the opportunity to secure a loan at a 3% annual interest rate for the purchase of an apartment in a multi-family building or a single-family home, with a repayment period of up to 20 years. In 2024, the program will be bolstered by a €17 million grant from the German State Development Bank KfW to support the financing of these loans for IDPs.

	Social housing			Temporary			Affordable housing			Loan at 3% interest rate			
				housi	ng								
Participants	Socially	vulne	rable	IDPs	who	do	IDPs,		military	IDPs	and	their	family
	categories	of	the	not		own	personne	el,	and	meml	oers v	who h	ave no
	population	(orph	nans,	housi	ng	in	citizens	of	Ukraine	other	reside	ential p	roperty

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	pregnant women,	GCA, or such	who have not owned a	than that located in the
	pensioners,	housing does	home for the last 3	NGCA, or the living space
	combatants, IDPs,	not exceed 13.5	years and whose	is no more than 13.5 m2
	etc.) provided that	m2 per person.	income does not	per person;
	-do not own housing or		exceed 3 times the	
	have the right to		average monthly	
	improve housing		salary in the	
	conditions		respective region.	
	- the average monthly			
	total income is less		The program	
	than the indirect cost		establishes	
	of renting housing in		requirements for	
	the locality and the		housing (cost per m2,	
	subsistence level.		applicable	
			coefficients for	
			regions, the house	
			must be put into	
			operation).	
Provision	There is a priority and	Based on a	In order of priority by	The selection of persons
procedure	out of turn categories.	point system	region and availability	who will be able to
	A rental contract is	(vulnerability	of funding. A purchase	receive a preferential
	concluded.	criteria). A user	and sale agreement is	mortgage loan from
		agreement is	concluded.	among the candidates
		concluded.		included in the register is
				carried out by using a
				random number
				generator, which is

				carried out using appropriate software.
Length of stay	Determined by the contract.	1 year with the possibility of an		Housing is acquired as property.
Stay	Contract.	extension	as property.	property.
Payment	Rent, utilities, and	Payment for	IDPs and military	The loan is granted for a
	other services.	utilities and	personnel are entitled	term of up to 30 years,
		other services.	to 50% co-financing of	but not more than until
	The cost of rent should	Housing is	the standard cost of	the borrower reaches the
	not exceed 20% of the	provided free of	housing or a	age of 65 on the date of
	total family income.	charge.	preferential mortgage.	fulfillment of obligations
			For other categories of	under the loan
			citizens, the share of	agreement.
			co-financing or	
			preferential mortgage	The down payment of at
			is 30%.	least 6% of the cost of
				the housing is paid on
				the day the loan
				agreement is concluded.
				The interest rate is 3% per
				annum for the term of the
				loan agreement.

Pursuant to Art. 121 of the Land Code of Ukraine, every citizen of Ukraine has the right to receive a land plot from state or municipal property free of charge once in the following amounts:

• for running a farm - the size of the land as determined for members of agricultural enterprises located on the territory of the village, settlement, or city council where the farm is located;

- for personal farming no more than 2.0 hectares;
- for gardening no more than 0.12 hectares;
- for the construction and maintenance of a residential building, outbuildings, and structures (personal plot) in villages no more than 0.25 hectares, in towns no more than 0.15 hectares, in cities no more than 0.10 hectares;
- for individual summer cottage construction no more than 0.10 hectares;
- for the construction of individual garages no more than 0.01 hectares.