# **Righteousness & Restoration**

#### Zechariah 3:1-10

Pastor Michael Lynn / West Hampden Baptist Church October 16, 2022 a.m.

<u>Introduction</u>: Today we come to Zechariah 3 where we find the 4<sup>th</sup> of Zechariah's visions. But before we study this chapter, consider briefly the vision of chapter 2, a man with a measuring line. This vision was to assure Zechariah & the people of Israel that Jerusalem will be restored & expanded as well as the nation being the recipient of God's blessing in the future (looking even ahead to the Millennium). I call your attention particularly to 2:8 & the phrase, "...for he that toucheth you toucheth the apple of His eye." The word "apple" is literally "pupil" (or "little man of the eye" – in reference to what is reflected there). Just as we know how sensitive the eye is to touch, so too, "to touch a child of God in hostility is tantamount to poking God in the eye" (RSB). In regard to Israel, this is another reminder of Genesis 12:3, "And I will bless them that bless thee, & curse him that curseth..." Phillips points out, "The Jewish people are precious to God, & woe betide any nation that harms them."

But we now consider this vision which describes the cleansing of the priest & the coming of the Prince. Before restoration there must be righteousness. Note how this vision develops this thought.

## I. The **cleansing** of the **priest** (Joshua) > 3:1-7

- A. The Devil's accusations (:1, "...to resist him.")
  - 1. Joshua's filthiness in sin ("filthy garments" in verses 3 & 4).
    - a. "Filthy" defined: "detestable & disgusting foulness of excrement or vomit" (RSB).
    - b. "Filthy" described: a vivid picture of sin (cf. Isaiah 64:6).
  - 2. Joshua's unfitness for service.
    - a. Joshua stands in official & representative capacity for the nation.
    - b. Joshua stands in representation of men before God, men filthy & defenseless.

Summary: "Employing the most loathsome, vile term for filth, the phrase pictures the habitual condition of defilement of the priesthood & the people which became the basis of Satan's accusation that the nation is morally impure & unworthy of God's protection & blessing" (MacArthur).

- B. The Lord's advocacy [the Lord is Joshua's Advocate cf. I John 2:1] (:2-4)
  - 1. The **rebuke** of Satan (:1-2) > "rebuke" "to chide, so as to silence those who are reproved" (Feinberg).
  - 2. The **recognition** of Joshua (:3) > "a brand plucked out of the fire" (cf. Amos 4:11).
    - a. Identified: a log or branch put in the fire but pulled out before consumed.
    - b. Illustrated: the story of John Wesley (rescued from a house fire when he was 5).
  - 3. The **removal** of sin (:3-4, & cf. :9)
    - a. Joshua's condition > helpless to cleanse or purify himself (cf. Romans 3:9-12; 23).
    - b. Joshua's cleansing > the work of God's grace for Joshua's forgiveness & acceptance.
    - c. Joshua's clothing > "change of raiment."

#### C. The priest's <u>assurance</u> (:5-7)

- 1. **Restoration** (:5a) >
  - a. "Fair mitre upon his head" a clean turban; part of high priest wardrobe inscribed with "holiness to the LORD" (see Exodus 28:36-37).
  - b. Zechariah is speaking in verse 5, asking for the complete cleansing & clothing of the priesthood.

#### 2. **Righteousness** (:5b) >

- a. "Clothed with garments" > cf. Isaiah 61:10.
- b. Speaks of the imputation of righteousness > II Corinthians 5:21; Philippians 3:9.

# 3. **Requirements** (:6-7) >

- a. "Protested" solemn words of warning.
- b. The high priest, Joshua, & all those serving in the Temple, are to be obedient & faithful to the Lord.

Summary: Joshua is given the promise of security in the presence of the Lord.

# II. The **coming** of the **Prince** (Christ) > 3:8-10

## A. He is "My Servant" –

- 1. Speaks of His humanity; see Isaiah 42:1 & 52:13.
- 2. Speaks of His humility; see Philippians 2:5-9.

## B. He is "the BRANCH" -

- 1. Speaks of a shoot or sprout; see Isaiah 11:1.
- 2. Speaks of His "insignificant" beginnings; see Isaiah 53:2.

#### C. He is the "Stone" -

- 1. Isaiah 28:16, "Therefore thus saith the LORD GOD, Behold, I lay in Zion for a foundation a stone, a tried stone, a precious corner stone, a sure foundation; he that believeth shall not make haste."
- 2. Psalm 118:22, "The stone which the builders refused is become the head stone of the corner." Note: The details of "seven eyes" ["the fullness of knowledge or omniscience of the stone" (Feinberg)] & "engrave the graving thereof" ["the engraving of the Stone alludes to Messiah's beauty, gifts, graces, & preciousness, as polished stones" (Feinberg)] are given in connection to the Stone.

Conclusion: The work of Christ is referred to in verse 9 by "...and I will remove the iniquity of that land in one day." That "one day" speaks of Christ's death on the cross & His shed blood making atonement for sin. The Book of Hebrews makes that "one day" clear when we read, "By the which will we are sanctified through the offering of the body of Jesus Christ once for all" (verse 10, & cf. 12 & 14). "The phrase looks to the future day when there will be cleansing & forgiveness for the nation as a whole (12:10 – 13:1; Rom. 11:25-27), made possible through Christ's redemptive provision at Calvary" (MacArthur). In that future day for Israel there will be peace & prosperity, signified by the expression "...shall ye call every man his neighbor under the vine & under the fig tree" (:10 & cf. Micah 4:4).

Joshua gives us a clear picture of justification. We all need cleansing from our "filthy rags" of self-righteousness (Isaiah 64:4) & stand in need of being clothed with the righteousness of Christ (Isaiah 61:10, "...garments of salvation...robe of righteousness"). Is that your testimony this morning? If not, why not make it your testimony today? If so, note again Zechariah 3:8 & the phrase "...they are men wondered at..." It refers to those men who were a sign or symbol – pointing to another (Christ, "My servant the BRANCH"). What was spoken of concerning the priests of Zechariah's day is true of all who are "believer-priests" today (those who are redeemed). It is our responsibility to point others to Christ, by our lives (to be Christ-like; Acts 4:13; 11:26; & Rom. 8:29), & by our lips to proclaim with John the Baptist, "Behold, the Lamb of God..." (John 1:29) & with Paul, "...we pray you in Christ's stead, be ye reconciled to God" (II Cor. 5:20). What kind of "sign" or witness for Christ are you today?