

## **KALAMUNDA SECONDARY EDUCATION SUPPORT CENTRE**

# Policy and processes facilitating positive student behaviour and managing inappropriate student behaviour

Working together we create a safe, supportive and positive learning environment, where relationships are based on mutual trust and respect

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#### INTRODUCTION

This policy has been developed to articulate the beliefs and processes that support positive student behaviour at Kalamunda Secondary Education Support Centre.

The policies and procedures outlined in this document assist our school community to work together to create a safe, supportive and positive learning environment, where relationships are based on mutual trust and respect.

Our purpose is to work together with the school and local community to implement the Western Australian Positive Behaviour Support program (PBS) and Classroom Management Strategies (CMS) in order to encourage positive behaviour, teach social skills, foster a positive attitude to learning and ensure that our students meet their academic, social, emotional and developmental potential.

#### LINKS TO DOEWA POLICY

At KSESC we aim to provide every student with the educational support they need to learn and maintain positive behaviour.

We seek to implement this through consistent and clear expectations and a school wide approach to managing and responding to student behaviour.

The KSESC Behaviour Support Policy is based on the following Department of Education WA policies:

- Student Behaviour in Public Schools Policy v2.2 (DoEWA 2018)
- Student Behaviours in Public Schools procedures v2.5 (DoEWA 2018)
- Duty of Care for Public School Students *supporting information* (DoEWA 2019)
- Commissioner's Instruction No. 7 Code of Ethics (PSC 2012)
- Code of Conduct (DoEWA 2011)

#### **POSITIVE BEHAVIOUR SUPPORT**

PBS is a strength-based approach to positive behaviour support which identifies the resourcefulness and resilience that exists in all students. It helps teachers to reframe how they see students and to view behaviour from a different perspective.

PBS is not a behavioural program, but a framework for designing and implementing proactive and preventative interventions.

PBS emphasizes four integrated elements:

- **Data** for decision making
- Measurable outcomes supported and evaluated by data
- **Practices** with evidence that these outcomes are achievable
- **Systems** that efficiently and effectively support implementation of these practices

A key component of PBS is the development of the PBS Matrix, which is designed to transform broad school-wide expectations into specific, observable behaviours. A continuum of acknowledgement strategies have been developed, specific to the KSESC context and student cohort, which are used by all staff, with all students and across all settings.

PBS is dynamic, continually being monitored, assessed and modified to ensure that all processes are data based, are relevant to our school community and align to individual student's needs.

#### THE SEVEN ESSENTIAL COMPONENTS OF PBS

#### Leadership

There is a dedicated PBS team appointed in the school which consists of the administration, classroom teachers and education assistants. However, the entire staff at KSESC are committed and involved in the design and implementation of PBS.

#### **Defining Expected Behaviour**

Just as schools rely on the directions provided by their academic curriculum, success with student discipline begins with clear expectations. These expectations are a vision of responsible student behaviour and social competence, and are detailed in the PBS Matrix. The PBS Matrix was collaboratively designed by staff and students and reflect the school values of safe, responsible and respectful behaviour.

#### **Encouraging Appropriate Behaviour**

Staff provide regular feedback to students about their individual learning pathways. Creating a school culture based on positive behaviours requires that staff interact with students through teaching, modelling and discussions about appropriate behaviour. Staff are encouraged to use PBS tokens to acknowledge when a student demonstrates safe, responsible and respectful behaviour. These tokens are added to the whole school total. The total is used towards a reward day at the end of each term.

#### **Responding to Unproductive Behaviour**

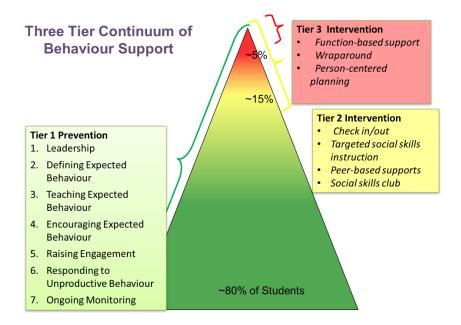
Inappropriate behaviour also requires feedback and should be viewed as a teaching opportunity – a chance to clarify and re-teach expectations. The same calm instructional approach used when students make academic errors should be used to correct behavioural concerns. Each student is respected as an individual, with their own unique special needs, and unproductive behaviours are assessed in relation to their individual learning plans.

#### **Ongoing Monitoring**

The use of data focuses the school's efforts by identifying areas in need of improvement as well as those operating well, and keep the effort alive by providing feedback or knowledge of results that promote consistent implementation and renewal. Data is used to monitor student behaviour and the PBS process.

#### **BEHAVIOUR SUPPORT LEVELS OF INTERVENTION**

PBS provides a multi-tiered, multi-faceted approach to managing student behaviour. It provides a flexible, whole school approach to supporting positive student behaviour across our school context. The behavioural support continuum contains 3 levels of both preventional and intervention strategies. At KSESC we understand the need to address all of the tiers all of the time. Whilst the emphasis is on the preventional strategies in tier 1, the need to implement interventional strategies in tiers 2 and 3 is also acknowledged and structures are in place to support both of these levels of intervention in a simultaneous approach dependent on individual student needs.



Tier 3:	Intensive practices and systems for students whose behaviours have been documented as not responsive at tiers 1 and 2. Individualised to the specific needs and strengths of the student
Tier 2:	Specialised practices and systems for students whose behaviours have been documented as not responsive at tier 1. Generally provided in a standardised manner in small student groupings.
Tier 1:	Practices and systems for all_students and staff implemented across all school settings.

#### FACILITATING POSITIVE BEHAVIOUR

#### The Behaviour Matrix

The KSESC PBS team have designed a Behaviour Matrix, in collaboration with staff and students, which articulates what our behavioural expectations look like in everyday school life. A number of verbal, non-verbal and tangible strategies are used to assist students to understand appropriate behaviour.

	<b>Safe</b> Protect yourself and others	Respectful Respect yourself and others	Responsible Make good choices
Around the whole school & all the time	<ul> <li>Maintain personal space at all times</li> <li>Ask for help from an adult if you have a problem</li> <li>Follow staff instructions</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use kind words</li> <li>Greet people, say please and thankyou</li> <li>Put rubbish in the bin and take care of school property</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Model good behaviour to others</li> <li>Wear school uniform</li> <li>Hand in devices</li> <li>Always tell the truth</li> <li>Be on time to class</li> </ul>
Classroom	<ul> <li>Hand in devices before school</li> <li>Push your chair in</li> <li>Sit properly on your chair</li> <li>Report anything unsafe to staff</li> <li>Keep the classroom tidy</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Put up your hand and wait for the teacher</li> <li>Look after student and school property</li> <li>Use inside 'voices' and speak clearly</li> <li>Ask before borrowing</li> <li>Line up before entering the classroom</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>When you enter the room sit down on your chair</li> <li>Participate positively in class activities</li> <li>Stay on task</li> <li>Finish your work</li> <li>Use the recycle bin</li> <li>Bring the equipment you need to class</li> <li>Be ready to learn</li> </ul>
Canteen	<ul> <li>Respond quickly to signals and instructions</li> <li>Walk on the pathways and in the canteen</li> <li>Stay in the assigned canteen/canteen quad area where you are clearly visible to duty staff</li> <li>Ask staff if you need to go to the toilet or water fountain</li> <li>Balls and ball games belong on the oval</li> <li>Walk away from poor behaviour of others</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use quite voices – keep noise to a minimum especially near classrooms</li> <li>Invite other students to sit with you</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Use recess and lunch to eat, get a drink and go to the toilet</li> <li>Look after your own lunch box and water bottle</li> <li>Your food is for <u>you</u> not other people</li> </ul>
Sports Carnivals & Bus Trips	<ul> <li>Sit on the bus</li> <li>Wear your seat belt</li> <li>Use quiet voices on the bus</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Clap for the opposition</li> <li>Shake hands with competitors</li> <li>Use positive language</li> <li>Be kind</li> </ul>	<ul> <li>Take part in all activities</li> <li>Play as a team</li> </ul>

#### **Restorative Practice**

At KSESC we utilise the Restorative Practise approach to dealing with inappropriate behaviour. Restorative Practice is a strategy that seeks to repair relationships that have been damaged, including those damaged through bullying. It does this by bringing about a sense of remorse and restorative action on the part of the offender and forgiveness by the victim. Restorative Practice is focused on offenders taking responsibility for their own actions and taking further action to repair the harm they have caused. This strategy is useful to maintain healthy relationships and to repair relationships that have been damaged. It is applied at a whole school and classroom level in response to challenging behaviours.

#### Building staff capacity

Staff within the school are supported to develop effective classroom strategies which are linked directly to the Behaviour Matrix:

- Staff are provided with support through school Administration and the PBS team
- Ongoing training for staff including CMS, PBS, Team Teach and Above/Below the line behaviours
- Induction for new staff, relief staff, work experience students and volunteers
- Sharing of resources throughout the school community
- Targeted Professional Development opportunities

Make a positive choice to benefit all our students.				
follow the rules         seek and provide feedback         be accountable         support others				
show respect share knowledge and experience embrace change have a positive attitude kale of the suppret				
be honest     be inclusive     have hope     value others     be confidential     smile     appreciate the opinions of others				
engage in transparent decision making       show patience       be an active listener       communicate effectively       show empathy to others				
make a conscious effort to grow be willing to help participate in creative problem solving work together				
Above the line thinking and behaviours be kind be non-judgemental				
Good leaders ask themselves "Where am I"?				
Below the line thinking and behaviours				
gossiping having a negative attitude controlling not following the rules				
blaming others allowing personal issues to impact work not doing your job being passive - no input				
being intimidating lying bullying self-serving focusing on the person not the issue				
making others feel inferior and not valued negative in communication ignoring others being judgemental				
engaging in negative put downs being tactless inconsistent consequences				
Every individual has a CHOICE as to how they will respond to a situation. Make it a positive choice.				

#### **RESPONDING TO INAPPROPRIATE BEHAVIOUR**

#### **Classroom Preventative Strategies**

- Maximise structure in the classroom
- Using the PBS Matrix teach, review, monitor the PBS expectations
- Ensure physical layout of the classroom is appropriate for students' needs
- Monitor noise levels
- · Classroom teacher and support staff to model respect and appropriate behaviour at all times
- Actively engage students
- · Specific class routines developed
- Active supervision
- Seating plan
- Regulate voice use calm moderate intonation
- Provide students with opportunities, and time, to respond
- Display PBS Behaviour Matrix in classroom and refer to it regularly
- Establish a continuum of strategies, linked to PBS, to acknowledge appropriate behaviour
- Ensure teaching and learning programs are relevant to student IEPs
- Develop class behaviour expectations and discuss with students

#### **Classroom Intervention Strategies**

- Refer to Behaviour Matrix
- Use CMS low key response strategies planned ignore, the 'look', proximity, pause in talk
- Positively remind student about classroom expectations
- Explicitly redirect students from what they are doing to what they should be doing
- Regulate voice use calm moderate intonation
- Provide 'think time' before expecting an answer
- Use language of choice
- Allow 'time out' e.g. use of sensory room
- Use restorative conversations
- Persistent behaviours seek advice from Deputy Principal
- Discussion with parents

#### **Deputy Principal Intervention**

- Facilitate temporary withdrawal of student to allow time for resolution to occur
- Assist teacher to develop an ISBP in consultation with relevant stakeholders via case conference
- Facilitate Restorative Justice session
- Liaise with external providers to arrange case conference etc
- Arrange parent meeting if required
- Liaise with classroom teachers by providing support or advice
- Mediate conflict
- Provide support and advice to monitor student behaviour
- Suspension for serious breaches in consultation with parents / carers

#### **Time Out**

Students who are demonstrating inappropriate behaviours due to sensory over stimulation, anxiety or other disability related reasons will be provided with appropriate time out. The type and place of the time out will be decided according to individual students needs.

#### In-school withdrawal

In-school withdrawal is centrally administered through the school Administration. In consultation with classroom teachers the Deputy Principal may elect to place students on an in-school withdrawal on response to an incident that requires a significant consequence discussions about appropriate behaviour.

The Deputy Principal with facilitate a suitable withdrawal period with specific behavioural expectations. If a student is repeatedly non-compliant this may result in a suspension.

#### Suspension

Suspension is used when the breach of school discipline causes significant disruption or harm to the student, other students or staff, and is for the purpose of providing opportunity to allow time for:

- The student, other students and staff time to recover
- Reflection on the incident, including where appropriate participating in restorative justice processes
- Evaluation of existing support plans, meet with stakeholders, seek advice on how to better support the students and put in place any adjustments to plans, resources, staff or strategies that may be required
- Parents/carers to meet with school administration to discuss how to improve coordination between school and home to help the student behave more appropriately at school.

A suspended student is not allowed to leave the school grounds before an agreement has been reached with the parent/carer to determine how the student will journey home.

Where a parent/carer is not able to arrange transport for the student, and asked that the student be allowed to leave school site and make their way home independently, the Principal will not allow the student into the community if the student is in an escalated state and may cause harm to self or others. The school staff will take all reasonable measure to calm the student where possible. The student will not be allowed to leave school site without written permission from a parent/carer either by email or SMS.

Any decision to suspend, and length of suspension, will be made with reference to the student's disability.

#### MEASURES TO ADDRESS BULLYING

At KSESC we have zero tolerance to any form of bullying or harassment.

#### What is bullying?

Bullying is when an individual or group misuses power to target another individual or group to intentionally threaten or harm them on more than one occasion. This may involve verbal, cyber, physical, relational and psychological forms of bullying. Examples may include:

- Verbal: Name calling, teasing, putdowns, racist comments, sarcasm and threats
- Physical: Hitting, punching, kicking, scratching and tripping
- Social: Ignoring, excluding and making inappropriate gestures
- Emotional: Spreading rumours, dirty looks, hiding or damaging possessions, sending hurtful notes, cyber bullying, and inappropriate use of phone cameras.

#### **Recommended responses for students to bullying**

- Don't be afraid to talk to your parents, carer or school staff if something is making you feel uncomfortable
- Try to ignore the bullying walk away and then go and tell a staff member
- If the person follows you, go straight to a staff member, your classroom or the office
- Try to stay away from the person who has been bullying you
- Tell the person to stop and ask them to go away
- If the person keeps bullying you, tell a staff member

#### **Recommended responses for bystanders**

- Report the incident to a staff member
- Be a good friend to the victim

• Do not approach the person who is doing the bullying or try to solve the situation yourself

#### **Recommended responses for parents**

- Support your child to tell a staff member if you suspect your child is being bullied
- Be aware of your own responses and act in a calm, supportive manner
- Keep in mind that there may be other factors related to the situation and all facts need to be investigated
- Do not approach other students involved directly
- Please report the incident to the Deputy Principal or Principal as soon as possible

#### **Responses for teachers**

- Act immediately on all observed or reported incidents of bullying to ensure all students are safe
- Regularly reinforce the expectations that the school has towards bullying
- Provide pastoral care to all students involved in bullying behaviours
- Be aware of your own responses and model appropriate behaviour by acting in a calm, supportive manner
- Do not make an initial judgment call keep in mind that there may be other factors related to the situation and all facts need to be investigated
- Report the incident to school administration immediately
- Ensure all learning programs teach Protective Behaviours

#### **Resolutions to Bullying**

All reported instances of bullying will be addressed by the Deputy Principal and may include:

- Investigation into allegations with all students involved
- Investigation into allegations with relevant staff
- Discussions with parents and carers which may or may not include face to face meetings
- Immediate action for students who have acted in a bullying manner, dependent on individual student situation and ability, and which may include, withdrawal or suspension
- Development of an Individual Support Plan (ISP) for students who have acted in a bullying manner

#### **MEASURES TO ADDRESS AGRESSION**

#### **Aggressive behaviour**

For the purpose of this policy, aggression is defined as any incident where a person is abused, threatened or assaulted on school grounds. The key issue is that aggression creates a risk to health and safety, as well as impacting on a positive school culture. All students have the right to learn in a calm environment, and all staff members have a right to work without fear of violence and abuse. Examples of aggressive behaviour are:

- Verbal or physical abuse or threats
- Scratching, biting, spitting
- Use of a weapon or throwing objects
- Sexual harassment or any form of indecent physical contact

When dealing with aggressive behaviour on school site, the following principles undermine the management of incidents:

- The priority is always safety of members of the school community
- Recognition that students with disabilities may exhibit aggressive behaviours due to their disability and not from choice, and providing appropriate interventions
- Fair and just intervention practices
- Provision of appropriate support for students, parents/carers and staff
- Police involvement where the safety concerns are beyond staff capacity to manage

#### Presence of weapons

A weapon is an item that is designed to inflict bodily harm or for self defence, and includes replica weapons. Students are not permitted to bring any item that can be classed as a weapon on to the school site at any time, or at any school activity.

Where there is reasonable suspicion that a student is in the possession of a weapon, staff will inform the Principal who will confiscate the item and lock it in the school safe. The Principal will contact parents/carers, report to the DoEWA via the Online Notification System and may also report the incident to the Police.

If a student refuses to hand over the weapon to the Principal the Principal will, where possible, conduct a bag search in order to confiscate the weapon. If this is not

possible the Principal will contact the Police and inform them that the school holds reasonable suspicion that a student is in the possession of a weapon.

## PHYSICAL RESTRAINT OF STUDENTS

Staff are expected to use protective behaviours in order to minimize the likelihood of physical contact with students, including modelling the proactive strategies developed through the PBS process.

Physical restraint will only be considered as a last resort, and if the student is likely to cause significant injury to self or others.

The overriding principle for physical restraint of students at KSESC is to ensure that it is

- Necessary
- Reasonable
- Proportionate

If a physical restraint is required staff will follow the Team Teach guidelines.

#### **RISK MANAGEMENT**

#### Excursions

Hazard identification and risk management for excursions is essential to ensure the safety of students while off school site. At KSESC risk management is a team process with the aim to reduce levels of risk from a high level to a level that is acceptable. KSESC has a documented Excursion Risk Management process which has the advantages of:

- Identifying foreseeable hazards and potential accidents and measures introduced to limit risks
- Providing a record that all foreseeable hazards were considered and appropriate control measures were developed
- Assisting in the development of behaviour planning for individual students

#### Self-harm and Suicidal Behaviour

At KSESC procedures are in place for managing emergencies that threaten the physical and psychological safety of students. Specific staff have been trained the in Gatekeeper Suicide Prevention training.

Staff are trained to:

• Treat all disclosures of intent to self-harm or suicidal thoughts seriously

• Follow Department of Education procedures to respond to disclosures of self- harm of suicidal thoughts

## PERSONAL USE OF MOBILE DEVICES

The use of mobile devices including mobile phones, music players and 'smart' watches can be disruptive to the learning environment of all students.

To ensure that the rights of all students and staff are respected as well as ensuring a safe and supportive learning environment, the use of mobile devices by any students for any purpose is not permitted at KSESC.

Students who require Augmented and Alternative Communication (AAC) Devices, or similar, will still be able to use these as required to enable them to access curriculum and extra curricula activities.

It is preferred that students do not bring mobile devices to school, but it is recognised that parents/carers may wish to provide mobile devices to protect their child from every day risks involving personal safety and security, and for reassurance. If a student brings a mobile device to school it must be handed in to school administration, or the classroom teacher, at the start of each day. The phone will then be locked in the office or class safe until the end of the school day when it will be returned to the student. 'Smart' watches must be set to airplane mode or similar during school hours.

If a student is found to be in possession of a mobile device during the school day, or is using their 'smart' watch to access the internet, it will be confiscated and locked in the school safe. Confiscated devices will need to be collected by the student at the end of the school day. Repeated breaches will result in the mobile device being confiscated until a parent/carer is able to collect it.

Please be aware that school staff cannot accept any responsibility for student's mobile devices in any circumstance.