Managing the Rainbow! Gifted Children and the "Big 5" Overexcitabilities

The Parent's Guide to Gifted Children (2007) explains that:

"Kazimierz Dabrowski, a Polish psychiatrist, developed a theory that has enormously affected our understanding of gifted children and adults. His theory includes the concept of "overexcitabilities", referring to a person's heightened response to stimuli. This concept has shed light on the intensity and sensitivity so often displayed by persons with unusually high mental abilities. "

"...excitability seemed to occur in five different areas (intellectual, imaginational, emotional, sensual, and psychomotor). Some individuals showed their excitable passion and intensity in all areas; others in fewer areas, perhaps only one or two."

"The idea is that gifted children's passion and intensity lead them to be so reactive that their feelings and experiences far exceed what one would typically expect."

"These overexcitabilties are both a major source of strength to gifted children and also often a cause of substantial stress, a source of personal frustration, or a basis for criticism."

- Webb, Gore, Amend & DeVries, 2007

The accompanying table illustrates the five OEs and explains how they might appear to parents or educators.

Using color-coding to represent the different OEs, you can see how they cover a spectrum of behaviors, and you can begin to think of them as a "rainbow" of traits.

Understanding the colors of a child's unique rainbow can help both parents and educators make sense of their often perplexing, or even exasperating behavior.



The group "Supporting the Emotional Needs of the Gifted" or SENG (sengifted.org) published a 2001 article on the OEs by Sharon Lind who said the following:

"One outcome of the pursuit of educational and societal equity has been a diminishing of the celebration of diversity and individual differences. Highly gifted individuals, because of their uniqueness, can fall prey to the public and personal belief that they are not OK."

"It is vital when discussing OEs that individuals realize that overexcitability is just one more description of who they are, as is being tall, or Asian, or left-handed. Since OEs are inborn traits, *they cannot be unlearned*!"

"It is therefore exceedingly important that we accept our overexcitable selves, children, and friends. Another way to show acceptance is to provide opportunities for people to pursue their passions. This shows respect for their abilities and intensities and allows time for them to "wallow" in what they love, to be validated for who they are."

"Removing passions as consequences for inappropriate behavior has a negative effect by giving the message that your passions, the essence of who you are, are not valuable or worthy of respect."

Dabrowski's Overexcitabilities (OEs)					
Emotional		Psychomotor	Imaginational	Sensual	Intellectual
What it isextreme and complex emotions and intense positive/negative feelings; development of deep relationships and attachment to people, places and things; concern over the well-being of others or the environment What it may look likehighly sensitive, moody, overly dramatic, over-reacting, temper tantrums; but also compassionate, caring, empathetic, able to form strong attachments When upsetdepressed, anxious, or angry; highly self-critical; may suffer physical illness; may lash out or withdraw; feels responsible for things beyond their control					
Psychomotor	What it isheightened capacity for being active & energetic What it may look likerapid speech, surplus of energy, twiddling hair, tapping feet or pencils, fidgeting, compulsive organizing, very competitive, boundless physical and verbal enthusiasm/activity (that may be mis-diagnosed as hyperactivity or ADHD) When upsethyperactive, frustrated, competitive, compulsive, nervous tics				
Imaginational	What it isheightened imaginative & creative ability; drawn to fantasy What it may look likedaydreaming, imaginary friends, animistic thinking, fantasy play, belief in magic; artistic, dramatic, highly visual; drawn to complex imaginative schemes and use of metaphor When upsetmay tune out/withdraw into fantasy world, or have fear of the unknown				
Sensual	What it isheightened senses (seeing, smelling, tasting, touching, hearing); unusual sensitivity to music, language, and foods What it may look likedelight in artistic pleasures, cooking/eating, soothing textures/fabrics; or negative physical reaction to over-stimulation from sensual input i.e., very sensitive to noise, lighting, perfumes, tags/seams in clothing; or may be picky eaters When upsetmay over-indulge or seek comfort/luxury; may console oneself with a favorite cozy baby blanket or stuffed animal				
Intellectual	What it ishighly intelligent; a thirst for knowledge, understanding & truth What it may look likea love of logic, brain-teasers & puzzles; intense curiosity, problem-solving & theoretical thinking skills; avid reading, asking probing questions; very concerned with moral issues & fairness; independent thinkers & keen observers; but can be perfectionists and have overly intense focus (to exclusion of all else) When upsetcan be critical or impatient with others; may over-analyze situations; may be overly perfectionistic & self-critical				