BEAT THE LAW "HOW TO GET DIPLOMATIC IMMUNITY"

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USE AT YOUR OWN RISK.
ALL RIGHTS ARE EXPLICITLY RETAINED AT ALL TIMES AND PLACES.
Government has no jurisdiction under the constitution.

Birth Certificate in Court Method 1

A few of us figured out (by the grace of God) that they are only wanting to charge some bogus bonds they are hiding, to your federal account and they only need our bond and/or permission to do the discharge. Otherwise you are to pay a fine and go to jail. But they neglected to tell us that the Birth certificate is the bond. And the birth certificate is proof that we are the beneficiary and not the trustee. The state is the trustee. Everything including crime and taxes is already prepaid through that bond / birth certificate.

In every case so far, the charges were settled and they let the fellow go without a record of crime by surrendering the birth certificate. Further the birth certificate proves that you are the beneficiary. The prosecution is claiming they represent the beneficiary (the state) when the state is really suppose to be the trustee. So when you bring the birth certificate in, you discharge all of the charges against you. And you prove that you are the beneficiary. And this completely shuts down the prosecutor. The prosecutor now has no standing.

You bringing in the birth certificate proves that he has brought fraud into the court by claiming to be the beneficiary. Only the beneficiary (YOU) can be the plaintiff. And only the trustee (the state) can be the defendant. I do not give legal advice, but this is what I would do if I was in your shoes.

THE PROCESS

1. *Take a certified copy of your birth certificate (you got from the state) to court with you. DO NOT MAKE A COPY OR IT IS VOID! DO NOT MARK ON IT OR IT IS VOID!*

2. *Write down what you are going to say, you will be nervous and forgetful.*

3. *When they call your name, you walk up to the bar but do not cross. If it is a court of record, ask them "Are we on the record?" Once you are satisfied you are on the record you can proceed. If they ask your name, ask again, "are we on the record". (If it is a misdemeanor, then a lot of times there is no record, so just proceed.)*

3. Then say, "Let the record show that I, (Say your first name only) reserve all of my rights UCC 1-308 and I do not consent."

4. Then turn around and leave. Do not stop, do not answer questions. When they say "hey you stop", ...keep on going and get out. The following is a suggested way to handle the situation for the one fellow that may get grabbed. Do not resist if they lay hands on you and force you into the well of the court. If they do, do not answer to any name.

If they say "Mr. Whatever your name is" while talking to you, say" I am not that person , I am the beneficiary and I reserve all of my rights UCC 1-308. I have already surrendered the person and birth certificate into the well of the court."The judge may start asking you questions like your who are you, name and address and etc.. This is all a trick to get you into his jurisdiction. Once ya give them your full name or address, they have ya. Simply say, "That is immaterial, I am the beneficiary and I reserve all of my rights UCC 1-308". If they ask what to call you. simply say you can call me the beneficiary. If the judge threatens you with contempt for not giving your name or answering his questions, simply ask, "can anything I say be used against me?" They usually will not answer you or they may say yes. Then remain silent. If he threatens you over and over, keep asking, "can anything I say be used against me?" Or you can answer, "I do not understand".

Sometimes they will take your ID from your wallet and ask you why your picture is on it. Say, "That proves I am the beneficiary." (NOTE: You had to show your birth certificate to get a social security number or drivers license because, the birth certificate proves you are the beneficiary who can receive it.)If the judge tries to find you in contempt for not answering, others reported only being held for a few hours as a scare tactic. Then let go. They cannot do anything to you unless you give your name or address. (NOTE: Always notice that a cop or Dog the bounty hunter yells. "What's your name?" They have to have your name to do anything to you.)

Then ask if the matter is settled. They will try to hand the birth certificate back to you, but do not take it until they say the matter is settled, excused or something to that effect.If the judge leaves the court room, he is trying to restart the proceedings because you have won. Then say, "Let the record show that the judge has abandoned the case and now the case is closed with prejudice." And then leave. The only thing ya may get is a nasty threat for a bench warrant in the mail or an order to pay a fine. But this would only be a trick. If they could do anything at all, there would be an arrest warrant the first day. I would make notes before I go in. So ya do not loose track of what you are doing. Once ya get nervous, its hard to remember everything. I always take my time and do not let them rush me.

Talk slow. They only do that to intimidate and to force me to make a mistake. Say. "I do not understand" over an over again regardless of the question.IF YOU DO NOT UNDERSTAND A QUESTION, DO NOT ANSWER IT. Say, "I do not understand." In fact

Confession and avoidance.

Miranda will be given for you to sign, reserve your rights on this instrument by not becoming in personam at Rule 12 (b). Do not give up your personam to "power of attorney" because you waive rights with each admission or tacit response answered by "persons standing in your stead," which makes you in personam for accepting this "benefit." Remain SILENT and the reservation will command you to Justice.

Without Prejudice UCC 1-308 above your signature not only puts a condition on an unconditional contract, but also reserves all your rights under Article III Judicial. Police power is void unless "crime" and probable cause exist.

"An unconstitutional statute, though having the form of law, is in reality, no law and imposed no duties, confers no rights, creates no office, bestows no power on anyone and justifies no actions performed under it." Am. Jur. 2d Sec. 256.

The graduated income tax, for example,is unconstitutional only, if the citizen abates its "color of law," "without Prejudice" to him.

Without Prejudice serves notice upon any agent, that you are not waiving any of your state Bill of Rights. Beware of agency procedure and sign everything with The reservation to make the instrument "non-assumpsit."

Black's. Non-assumpsit. The general issue in the action of assumpsit; being a plea by which the defendant avers, "he did not partake" or promise as alleged.

"But whenever the Judicial Power is called into play. It is responsible to the fundamental law and no other authority can intervene to force or authorize the judicial body to disregard it." Yakus v. U.S 321 U.S. 414 pg. 468 (1944).

The officer may not know the Law and will probably proceed with whatever "forum" is to be taken per his training instructions. He is a "ministerial" officer of the court and is given very little discretionary knowledge. When our Rights are violated by agency, we must cooperate with constitutional recourse and remedy. The agents must sign forms also and these become permanent record of the administrative process that will receive your judicial notice.

Our state citizenship is brought forth along with our personam Rights, which do not mingle well with statute procedure. A court appearance would be to gain jurisdiction over your personam. I would suggest that for study purposes you answer politely, that you do not understand the charges, and "without prejudice" under Uniform Commercial Code 1-308, "due to mistakes in fact and Law, I wish to remain silent."

The magistrate will have to be very constructive in his "color of law" procedure because his boundaries to engage you further are abated. Without contract or tacit

equity and admiralty under article 3. As opposed to this, the Federal corporation establishes a similar jurisdiction except as principles under the Uniform commercial code.
See...

General Principles of Law
Applicable.
the particular provisions of this Act, <u>the principles of law and equity, including the law merchant</u>and the law relative to capacity to contract, principal and agent, estoppel, fraud, misrepresentation, duress, coercion, mistake, Bankruptcy, or other validating or invalidating cause shall supplement its provisions.

Anytime ya see <u>law</u> by itself as in the foregoing, it means the <u>common law</u>. Except that they are taking the common law jurisdiction from the contract the **UCC.** The remedy of course is

UCC 1-308. So the **UCC** is a deceptive criminal contractual constitution of sorts to those who uses it against us.

UCC 1-308 is the remedy for any legal process under commercial law in the U.S.

UCC § 1-308. Performance or Acceptance Under Reservation of Rights.(a) A party that with explicit reservation of rights performs or promises performance or assents to performance in a manner demanded or offered by the other party does not thereby prejudice the rights reserved. Such words as "without prejudice," "under protest," or the like are sufficient.

27 CFR 72.11 PART 72_DISPOSITION OF SEIZED PERSONAL PROPERTY--Table of Contents

Subpart B_Definitions <u>Commercial crimes. Any of the following types of crimes (Federal or State):</u> Offenses against the revenue laws; burglary; counterfeiting;

forgery; kidnapping; larceny; robbery; illegal sale or possession of deadly weapons; prostitution (including soliciting, procuring, pandering, white slaving, keeping house of ill fame, and like offenses); extortion; swindling and confidence games; and attempting to commit, conspiring to commit, or compounding any of the foregoing crimes. Addiction to narcotic drugs and use of marihuana will be treated as if such were commercial crime.

On April 25, 1938, the Supreme Court overturned the standing precedents of the prior 150 years concerning "COMMON LAW" in the federal government. (Because there is no longer silver or gold coin as article one section 10 of the constitution.)
"THERE IS NO FEDERAL COMMON LAW, AND CONGRESS HAS NO POWER TO DECLARE SUBSTANTIVE RULES OF COMMON LAW applicable IN A STATE, WHETHER they be LOCAL or GENERAL in their nature, be they COMMERCIAL LAW or a part of LAW OF TORTS." (See: ERIE RAILROAD CO. vs. THOMPKINS, 304 U.S. 64, 82 L. Ed. 1188)
The Common Law is the fountain source of Substantive and Remedial Rights, if not our very Liberties. *The members and associates of the Bar thereafter formed committees, granted* ***themselves special privileges, immunities and franchises,*** *and held meetings concerning the Judicial procedures, and further, to amend laws* ***"to conform to a trend of judicial decisions or to accomplish similar objectives"****, including hodgepodging the jurisdictions of Law and Equity together, which is known today as* ***"One Form of Action."*** *[See: Constitution and By Laws, Article 3, Section 3.3(c), 1990-91 Reference Book, see also Colorado Methods of Practice, West Publishing, Vol. 4, pages 2-3, Authors Comments.]*

1939 *- ABA gets more involved in approval of uniform law products. Thirty-nine acts are presented to the Board of Governors of the ABA for consideration and approval. During the same year, all acts on aeronautics and motor vehicles are eliminated as well as the Land Registration Act, Child Labor Act of 1930, Uniform Divorce Jurisdiction Act, Firearms Act, Marriage Act and more. Six acts are reclassified as Model acts.*
1940 *- At start of decade, after deletions, etc., 53 acts out of 93 which had been approved since the group's founding remain on the books. Drafting committee for the Uniform Commercial Code (UCC) approved.*
1941 *- Speaking of the Commercial Code project, the Conference president states: "....this is the most important and the most far reaching project on which the conference has ever embarked." It would take the major part of the next 10 tear period to complete.*
1942 *- UCC effort begins in earnest with completion of work on the revised Uniform Sales Act.*

U.S. Office of Personnel Management Guide to Personnel Data Standards	**ETHNICITY AND RACE IDENTIFICATION** (Please read the Privacy Act Statement and instructions before completing form.)

Name (Last, First, Middle Initial)	Social Security Number	Birthdate (Month and Year)
Mejia, Jermaine	075-76-3739	August, 1989

Agency Use Only

Privacy Act Statement

Ethnicity and race information is requested under the authority of 42 U.S.C. Section 2000e-16 and in compliance with the Office of Management and Budget's 1997 Revisions to the Standards for the Classification of Federal Data on Race and Ethnicity. Providing this information is voluntary and has no impact on your employment status, but in the instance of missing information, your employing agency will attempt to identify your race and ethnicity by visual observation.

This information is used as necessary to plan for equal employment opportunity throughout the Federal government. It is also used by the U. S. Office of Personnel Management or employing agency maintaining the records to locate individuals for personnel research or survey response and in the production of summary descriptive statistics and analytical studies in support of the function for which the records are collected and maintained, or for related workforce studies.

Social Security Number (SSN) is requested under the authority of Executive Order 9397, which requires SSN be used for the purpose of uniform, orderly administration of personnel records. Providing this information is voluntary and failure to do so will have no effect on your employment status. If SSN is not provided, however, other agency sources may be used to obtain it.

Specific Instructions: The two questions below are designed to identify your ethnicity and race. **Regardless of your answer to question 1, go to question 2.**

Question 1. Are You Hispanic or Latino? (A person of Cuban, Mexican, Puerto Rican, South or Central American, or other Spanish culture or origin, regardless of race.)

☐ Yes ☑ No

Question 2. Please select the racial category or categories with which you most closely identify by placing an "X" in the appropriate box. Check as many as apply.

RACIAL CATEGORY (Check as many as apply)	DEFINITION OF CATEGORY
☑ American Indian or Alaska Native	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of North and South America (including Central America), and who maintains tribal affiliation or community attachment.
☐ Asian	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of the Far East, Southeast Asia, or the Indian subcontinent including, for example, Cambodia, China, India, Japan, Korea, Malaysia, Pakistan, the Philippine Islands, Thailand, and Vietnam.
☐ Black or African American	A person having origins in any of the black racial groups of Africa.
☐ Native Hawaiian or Other Pacific Islander	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Hawaii, Guam, Samoa, or other Pacific Islands.
☑ White	A person having origins in any of the original peoples of Europe, the Middle East, or North Africa.

Standard Form 181
Revised August 2005
Previous editions not usable

42 U.S.C. Section 2000e-16

NSN 7540-01-099-3446

Signed By: Jermaine : of the Mejia family

copy/original verified

NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLORIDA
JAMES GARCIA
MY COMMISSION # HH 090760
EXPIRES: February 9, 2025
Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters

8.23.24 James Garcia

Notary Public

NOTARY PUBLIC STATE OF FLORIDA
JAMES GARCIA
MY COMMISSION # HH 090760
EXPIRES: February 9, 2025
Bonded Thru Notary Public Underwriters

James Garcia
8.23.2024

INSTRUCTIONS

(☆ MAKE A COPY OF EACH DOCUMENT AND SCAN PLEASE:)

- Citizenship Affidavit
- Minnesota 220 Rule
- Cover / Letter of Rescission
- Declaration of Ownership Affidavit
- Explanatory Statement Affidavit
- Miscellaneous Documents
- UCC 1-308 Form

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① Send Citizenship Affidavit (with ☑ Minnesota 220 Rule and ☐ DS-4080) to: U.S. Dept. of State, C/O: Administrative Records Dept., 44132 Mercure Circle, P.O. Box 1206, Sterling, VA 20166-1206

[☆ DS-4080 FORM IS MISSING]

② Explanatory Statement Affidavit and Citizenship Affidavit will be attached to the U.S. Passport Application

[☆ MISSING TO COMPLETE U.S. PASSPORT APPLICATION TO USE "EXPLANATORY STATEMENT AFFIDAVIT"]

③ Send Letter of Rescission to: Florida Dept. of Highway Safety and Motor Vehicle, 2900 Apalachee Parkway, Tallahassee, FL 32399

[☆ INCLUDE FL DRIVER LICENSE AND FL I.D.]

④ Once I receive Federal Authenticated Birth Certificate, I am going to file the Miscellaneous Document with Declaration of Ownership Affidavit and UCC 1-308 Form

[☆ ESSENTIALLY EVERY SINGLE DOCUMENT RELATED TO THIS PROCESS MUST BE FILED WITH THE COURT]