Particle Motion Practice

The **POSITION** of a moving particle on a coordinate line is given by the function,

$$s(t) = -t^3 - 4t^2 + 60t$$

where t is measured in minutes and s(t) is inches.

The **VELOCITY** of a particle is $v(t) = -3t^2 - 8t + 60$

where t is measured in minutes and v(t) is inches per minute.

The ACCELERATION of a particle is

$$a(t) = -6t - 8$$

where t is measured in minutes and a(t) is inches per minute squared.

$$V(t) = 0 - 3t^2 - 8t + 60 = 0$$

$$-18 \sqrt{10} \qquad t^2 - 8t - 180 = 0$$

$$-18 \sqrt{10} \qquad (t - 18)(t + 10) = 0$$

Answer the following questions about a particle that moves on a horizontal coordinate line.

1. Where does the particle start?

- 2. When is does the particle stop? furticle stop after 19/3 mins.
- 3. Where does the particle stop?

 Particle stops of x=118-519

5. When is the particle speeding up/ slowing down?

The **POSITION** of a moving particle on a coordinate line is given by the function,

 $s(t) = -t^4 + 8t^3$ where t is measured in minutes and s(t)

The **VELOCITY** of a particle is $v(t) = -4t^3 + 24t^2$

is inches.

where t is measured in minutes and v(t) is inches per minute.

The ACCELERATION of a particle is

 $a(t)=-12t^2+48t$ where t is measured in minutes and a(t) is inches per minute squared.

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$$S(0) = -(0)^4 + 8(0)^3$$

Answer the following questions about a particle that moves on a horizontal coordinate line.

1. Where does the particle start?

The Particle starts at x=0
2. When is does the particle stop? after 6
The Particle starts at rest and stops mins.

3. Where does the particle stop?
The Particle is stopped at x=D and x=432

4. When is the particle moving to the right/left?

Right: (0,6) Left (6,00)

5. When is the particle speeding up/ slowing down?

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$$S(0) = -(0)^4 + 8(0)^3 = 0$$
 $S(6) = -(6)^4 + 8(6)^3 = 432$

• v(t) | ttttt | ----

a(t)=0 => -12t2+48t=0 Slowdown: (4,6)

t=0 t=4

The **POSITION** of a moving particle on a coordinate line is given by the function,

$$s(t) = -t^2 + 22t - 112$$

where t is measured in minutes and s(t) is inches.

The **VELOCITY** of a particle is v(t) = -2t + 22

where t is measured in minutes and v(t) is inches per minute.

The *ACCELERATION* of a particle is a(t) = -2

where t is measured in minutes and a(t) is inches per minute squared.

- · S(0)=-(0)2+22(0)-112=-112
- v(t)=0 -2++22=0 t=1
- S(11)=-(11)²+22(11)-112=9

Answer the following questions about a particle that moves on a horizontal coordinate line.

- 1. Where does the particle start?

 He fartice starts of x=-112
- 2. When is does the particle stop?

 He farticle stops after Ilmins.
- 3. Where does the particle stop?

the Particle stops at x = 9

4. When is the particle moving to the right/left?

Right (0,11) Left (11,00)

6 5. When is the particle speeding up/ slowing down?

speeding up (11,00) slowing down [0,11)

-325,481

The **POSITION** of a moving particle on a coordinate line is given by the function, $s(t) = t^3 - 13t^2$

where t is measured in minutes and s(t) is inches.

The **VELOCITY** of a particle is

$$v(t) = 3t^2 - 26t$$

 $v(t)=3t^2-26t$ where t is measured in minutes and v(t) is inches per minute.

The ACCELERATION of a particle is a(t) = 6t - 26

where t is measured in minutes and a(t) is inches per minute squared.

$$s(0) = (0)^{3} - 13(0)^{2} = 0$$

$$v(t) = 0 \rightarrow 3t^{2} - 26t = 0$$

$$t(3t - 26) = 0$$

$$t = 0 \quad t = \frac{24}{3}$$

Answer the following questions about a particle that moves on a horizontal coordinate line.

- Output
 1. Where does the particle start? The particle starts at X=0
- 2. When is does the particle stop? The particle starts at rest and stops at x= 1/2
- 3. Where does the particle stop? The particle is stopped at X=0 and X=-325.481
- When is the particle moving to the right/left?
 - 5. When is the particle speeding up slowing down?

$$V(0) = (0)^3 - 13(0)^2 = 0$$
 $V(\frac{2}{3}) = (\frac{2}{3})^3 - 13(\frac{2}{3})^2 \approx 0$

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