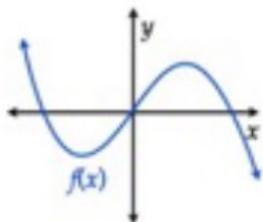


Math III

Study Guide Unit 2

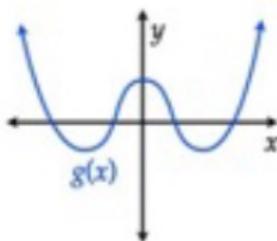
# Skills and Vocabulary

Circle the correct attribute that could model a function given



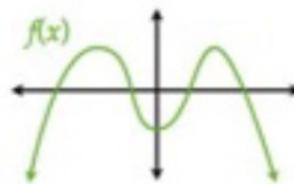
The leading coefficient must be:  
**POSITIVE** or **NEGATIVE**

The degree must be:  
**EVEN** or **ODD**



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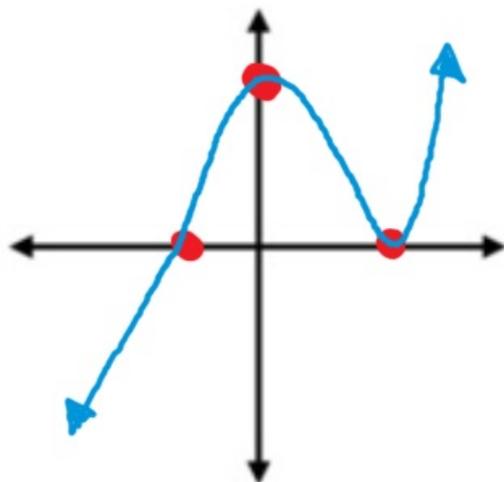
The leading coefficient must be:  
**POSITIVE** or **NEGATIVE**

The degree must be:  
**EVEN** or **ODD**

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Sketch a possible polynomial with all integer coefficients given the attributes listed

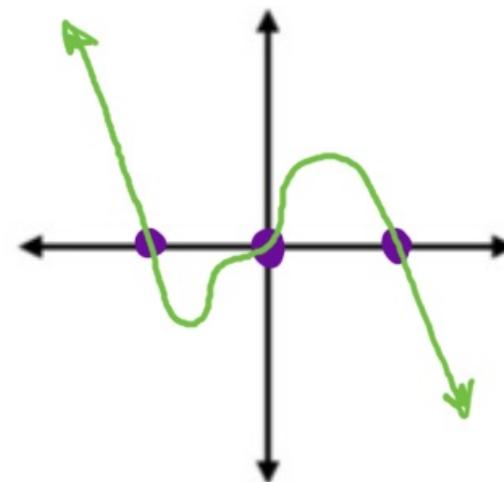


The polynomial the following zeros  
 $x = 3$ ; multiplicity 2  
 $x = -2$

✿ The polynomial also has a **positive y-intercept**

$$(x - 3)(x - 3)(x + 2)$$

$$x^3$$



The polynomial the following zeros  
 $x = 0$ ; multiplicity 3  
 $x = \sqrt{10}$      $x = -\sqrt{10}$

\* The polynomial also has a **negative leading coefficient**.

$$-(x)^3(x - \sqrt{10})(x + \sqrt{10})$$

$$x^5$$

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$$y = x^4 - 6x^3 - 7x^2$$

$$x^2(x^2 - 6x - 7)$$

The zeros are:

$$x = 0 \text{ mult } 2 \quad x = 7 \quad x = -1$$

The x-intercepts are:

$$(0, 0) \quad (7, 0) \quad (-1, 0)$$

\*The y-intercept of the polynomial is:  $(0, 0)$

\*The end behavior of the polynomial is

if  $x \rightarrow \infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \infty$

if  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \infty$

$$\begin{array}{r} -7 \\ -7 \times 1 \\ -6 \end{array}$$

$$x^2(x-7)(x+1)$$

$$x^2 = 0 \quad x - 7 = 0 \quad x + 1 = 0$$

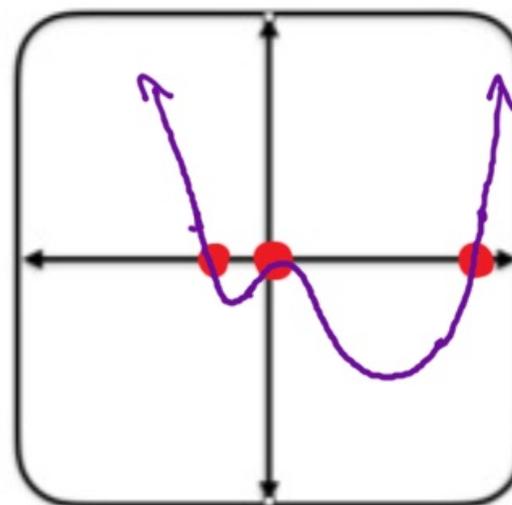
$$\quad \quad \quad +7 \quad \quad \quad -1$$

$$x = 0$$

mult 2

$$x = 7$$

$$x = -1$$



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$$y = 4x^3 - 17x^2 - 15x \quad x(4x^2 - 17x - 15)$$

The zeros are:

$$x = 0 \quad x = 5 \quad x = -.75$$

The x-intercepts are:

$$(0, 0) \quad (5, 0) \quad (-.75, 0)$$

\* The y-intercept of the polynomial is:  $(0, 0)$

\* The end behavior of the polynomial is

if  $x \rightarrow \infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \infty$

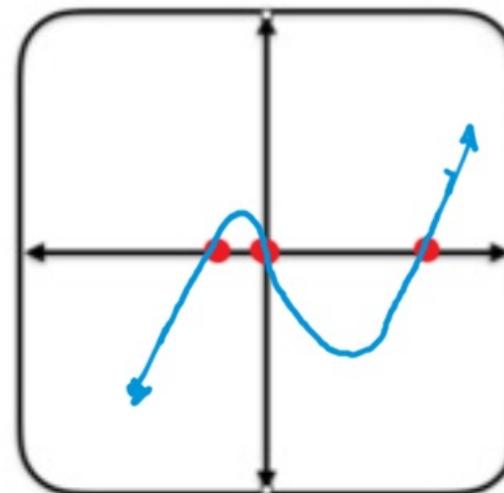
if  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  then  $y \rightarrow -\infty$

$$x(x^2 - 17x - 60) \rightarrow x(x - \frac{20}{4})(x + \frac{3}{4})$$

$$\begin{array}{r} -60 \\ -20 \times 3 \\ -17 \end{array}$$

$$x(x - 5)(4x + 3)$$

$$x = 0 \quad x = 5 \quad x = -.75$$



$$\begin{array}{r} 4x + 3 = 0 \\ +3 - 3 \\ \hline 4x = -3 \\ \frac{4x}{4} = \frac{-3}{4} \\ x = -.75 \end{array}$$

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$$y = 2x^5 - 50x^3$$

The zeros are:

$$\underline{x = 0 \text{ mult } 3 \quad x = -5 \quad x = 5}$$

The x-intercepts are:

$$\underline{(0, 0) \quad (-5, 0) \quad (5, 0)}$$

The y-intercept of the polynomial is:  $(0, 0)$

The end behavior of the polynomial is

if  $x \rightarrow \infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \infty$

if  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  then  $y \rightarrow -\infty$

$$2x^3(x^2 - 25)$$

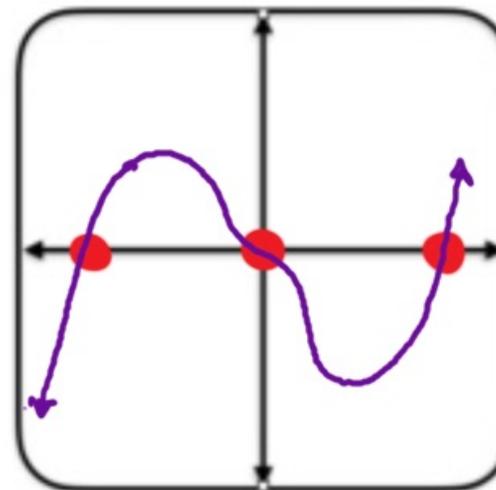
$$\downarrow (x)^2 - (5)^2$$

$$\underline{2x^3} (x+5)(x-5)$$

$$\frac{2x^3}{2} = \frac{0}{2}$$

$$x^3 = 0$$

$$x = 0 \text{ mult } 3$$



$$\begin{array}{r} x+5=0 \\ -5-5 \end{array}$$

$$x = -5$$

$$x-5=0$$

$$x = 5$$

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$$y = -2x^4 - 3x^3 + 4x^2$$

The zeros are:

$$x = -2.35 \quad x = .85 \quad x = 0 \text{ mult } 2$$

The x-intercepts are:

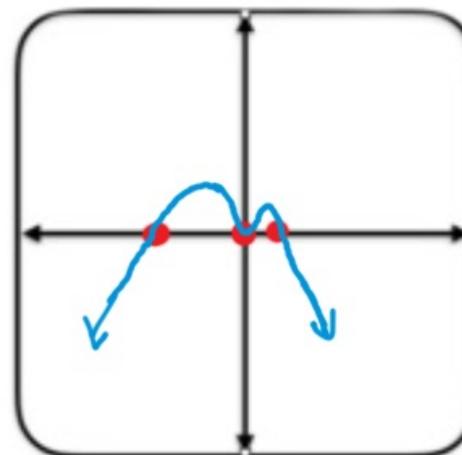
$$(-2.35, 0) \quad (.85, 0) \quad (0, 0)$$

The y-intercept of the polynomial is:  $(0, 0)$

The end behavior of the polynomial is

if  $x \rightarrow \infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$

if  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \underline{\hspace{2cm}}$



$$x^2 \left( \frac{-2x^2}{A} \quad \frac{-3x}{B} \quad \frac{+4}{C} \right)$$

$$x = 0 \text{ mult } 2$$

$$\frac{-B \pm \sqrt{B^2 - 4AC}}{2A}$$

$$\frac{-(-3) \pm \sqrt{(-3)^2 - 4(-2)(4)}}{2(-2)}$$

$$\frac{3 \pm \sqrt{9 + 32}}{-4} \rightarrow \frac{3 \pm \sqrt{41}}{-4}$$

$$\frac{3 + \sqrt{41}}{-4} \rightarrow -2.35 \quad \frac{3 - \sqrt{41}}{-4} \rightarrow .85$$

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The following polynomials are in FACTORED FORM. Answer the questions and sketch a reasonable graph

$$y = -x(2x-5)(x+7)^4 - x^5$$

The **zeros** are:

$$x = 2.5 \quad x = -7 \text{ mult } 4$$

The **x-intercepts** are:

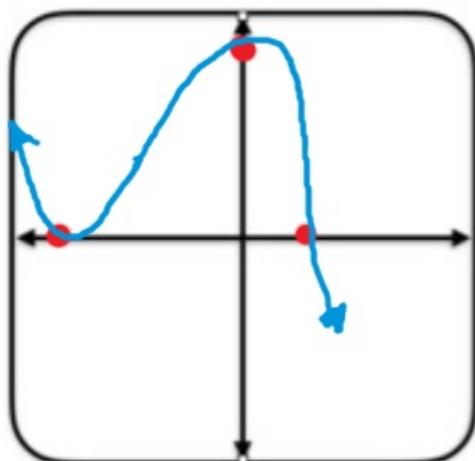
$$(2.5, 0) \quad (-7, 0)$$

The **y-intercept** of the polynomial is:  $(0, 12005)$

The **end behavior** of the polynomial is

if  $x \rightarrow \infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \text{_____}$

if  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \text{_____}$



$$y = x^3(2x-5)(x+5)^2 \quad x^3 \cdot x^1 \cdot x^2$$

The **zeros** are:

$$x = 0 \text{ mult } 3 \quad x = 2.5 \quad x = -5 \text{ mult } 2$$

The **x-intercepts** are:

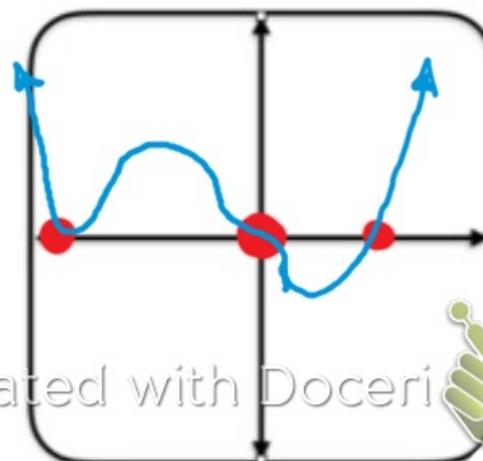
$$(0, 0) \quad (2.5, 0) \quad (-5, 0)$$

The **y-intercept** of the polynomial is:  $(0, 0)$

The **end behavior** of the polynomial is

if  $x \rightarrow \infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \text{_____}$

if  $x \rightarrow -\infty$  then  $y \rightarrow \text{_____}$



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For each of the following below, build a polynomial with ALL integer coefficients and has the characteristics described.

$$i^2 = -1$$

Zeros:

$$x = 3; \text{ mult } 2$$

$$x = -5$$

$$(x-3)(x-3)(x+5)$$

$$x^2 - 3x - 3x + 9$$

$$(x^2 - 6x + 9)(x+5)$$

$$x^3 - 6x^2 + 9x + 5x^2 - 30x + 45$$

$$x^3 - x^2 - 21x + 45$$

Zeros:

$$x = 1$$

$$x = \sqrt{7}$$

$$x = -\sqrt{7}$$

$$(x-1)(x-\sqrt{7})(x+\sqrt{7})$$

$$(x-1)(x^2 + x\sqrt{7} - x\sqrt{7} - 7)$$

$$(x-1)(x^2 - 7)$$

$$x^3 - 7x - x^2 + 7$$

$$x^3 - x^2 - 7x + 7$$

Zeros:

$$x = 0; \text{ mult } 3$$

$$x = -4i$$

$$x = 4i$$

$$x^3 (x+4i)(x-4i)$$

$$x^3 (x^2 - 4xi + 4xi - 16i^2)$$

$$x^3 (x^2 - 16i^2)$$

$$x^3 (x^2 - 16(-1))$$

$$x^3 (x^2 + 16)$$

$$x^5 + 16x^3$$

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Find the Quotient of the following using the technique as described.

long division  

$$\frac{2x^3 - 9x^2 + 15}{2x - 5}$$

Handwritten long division work:

$$\begin{array}{r} 2x-5 \overline{) 2x^3 - 9x^2 + 0x + 15} \\ \underline{-(2x^3 + 5x^2)} \phantom{+ 0x + 15} \\ -4x^2 + 0x \phantom{+ 15} \\ \underline{-(-4x^2 + 10x)} \phantom{+ 15} \\ -10x + 15 \\ \underline{-(-10x + 25)} \\ -10 \end{array}$$

Handwritten notes:  $x^2 - 2x - 5$  R  $-10$

Handwritten boxed answers:

$$\begin{array}{l} x^2 - 2x - 5 \quad R \quad -10 \\ x^2 - 2x - 5 \quad \frac{-10}{2x - 5} \end{array}$$

synthetic division  

$$\frac{3x^4 - 2x^2 + 4}{x + 1}$$

Handwritten synthetic division:

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrrr} -1 & 3 & 0 & -2 & 0 & 4 \\ & & -3 & 3 & -1 & 1 \\ \hline & 3x^3 & -3x^2 & 1x & -1 & R \quad 5 \end{array}$$

Handwritten boxed answer:

$$3x^3 - 3x^2 + x - 1 \quad R \quad 5$$

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**COMPLETELY FACTOR THE FOLLOWING GIVEN FACTOR PROVIDED. THEN MAKE A SKETCH BASED ON THE FACTORED FORM**

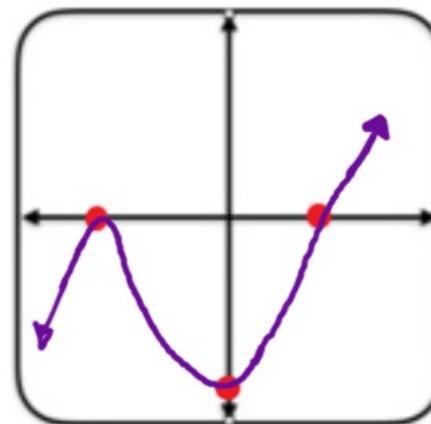
$f(x) = x^3 + 5x^2 - 8x - 48$  given  $(x + 4)$  if a factor.

$$\begin{array}{r|rrrr} -4 & 1 & 5 & -8 & -48 \\ & \downarrow & -4 & -4 & 48 \\ \hline & 1x^2 & 1x & -12 & \end{array}$$

$(x+4)(x^2 + x - 12)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -12 \\ 4 \times -3 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$(x+4)(x+4)(x-3)$   
 $x = -4$  (mult 2)  $x = 3$



$f(x) = -x^4 - 5x^3 - 2x^2 + 8x$  given  $(x + 2)$  if a factor.

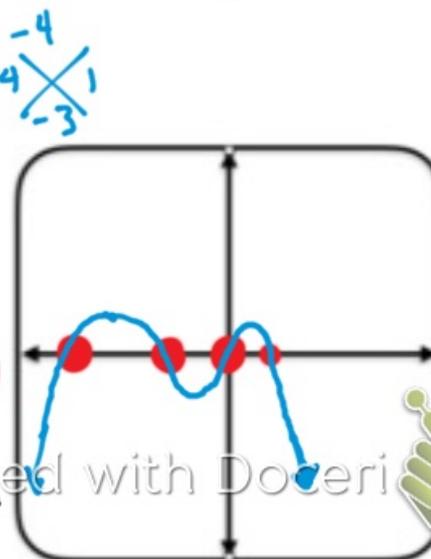
$$\begin{array}{r|rrrrr} -2 & -1 & -5 & -2 & 8 & 0 \\ & \downarrow & 2 & 6 & -8 & \\ \hline & -1x^3 & -3x^2 & 4x & & \end{array}$$

$(x+2)(-x^3 - 3x^2 + 4x)$   
 $(x+2)(x)(-x^2 - 3x + 4)$

$$\begin{array}{r} -4 \\ -4 \times -3 \\ \hline 1 \end{array}$$

$x^2 - 3x - 4$   
 $(x-4)(x+1)$

$(x+2)(x)(x+4)(x-1)$   
 $x = -2$   $x = 0$   $x = -4$   $x = 1$



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