## Lesson 3.2.4: Applying the

 Quadratic Formula
## OUE DOSSNOT STMPLU

FORGET THE QUADBATIC FORMUA

## By the end of this lesson, I will be able to answer the following questions...

1. What is the quadratic equation/formula?
2. How do I use the quadratic formula to solve a quadratic equation?
3. What is the discriminant and what does it do?

## Vocabulary

## 1. Quadratic Equation

$$
A x^{2}+B x+C
$$

2. Quadratic Formula

$$
\frac{-B \pm \sqrt{B^{2}-4 A C}}{2 A}
$$

3. Discriminant

$$
\sqrt{B^{2}-4 A C}
$$

## Prerequisite Skills with Practice

In our "notecard" example of $2 x^{2}-x-3$ what exactly did we find?

Solve using the quadratic equation

$$
5 x^{2}+13 x+6=0 \quad x^{2}+8 x+16=0
$$

$$
\frac{-B \pm \sqrt{B^{2}-4 A C}}{2 A}
$$

$$
x^{2}+8 x+30=0 \quad-x^{2}+8 x-3=0
$$

$5 x^{2}+13 x+6=0$
Using the Discriminant to determine the number of $x$ - intercepts.
$\sqrt{B^{2}-4 A C}$

$x^{2}+8 x+16=0$

$x^{2}+8 x+30=0$
$-x^{2}+8 x-3=0$



## THE END



