

# **Material Safety Data Sheet**

### 1. PRODUCT AND COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

**Product Identification** 

Product ID: 4C-4205

Product Name: CAT YELLOW PRIMER PAINT AEROSOL 12UC

Product Use: Paint product.
Print date: 29/Mar/2013
Revision Date: 05/Jan/2013

Company Identification
The Valspar Corporation

PO Box 1461

Minneapolis, MN 55440

Manufacturer's Phone: 1-612-851-7000

**24-Hour Medical Emergency** 1-888-345-5732

Phone:

### 2. HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

### **Primary Routes of Exposure:**

Inhalation Ingestion Skin absorption

### **Eye Contact:**

- · Severe eye irritation
- · Risk of serious damage to eyes.

### **Skin Contact:**

- · Causes skin irritation.
- · May cause defatting of the skin.
- Dermatitis
- · Can be absorbed through skin.

### Ingestion:

· Irritation of the mouth, throat, and stomach.

- · Harmful if swallowed.
- · Aspiration hazard if swallowed can enter lungs and cause damage.

#### Inhalation:

- Causes respiratory tract irritation.
- · Harmful by inhalation.
- Asphyxia

### **Acute Other Health Effects:**

- · Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.
- May cause frostbite

### **Target Organ and Other Health Effects:**

- · Kidney injury may occur.
- · Causes headache, drowsiness or other effects to the central nervous system.
- · Blood disorders
- · Liver injury may occur.
- · Cardiac arrhythmias

### This product contains ingredients that may contribute to the following potential chronic health effects:

- Notice: Reports have associated repeated and prolonged occupational overexposure to solvents with permanent brain and nervous system damage. Intentional misuse by deliberately concentrating and inhaling the contents may be harmful or fatal.
- · Prolonged exposure over TLV may produce pneumoconiosis.

### Carcinogens:

Possible cancer hazard. Contains material which may cause cancer based on animal data.

# 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx.	Chemical Name
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	<b>Weight %</b> 35 - 40	Acetone
PROPANE 74-98-6	15 - 20	Propane
NAPHTHA 64742-89-8	5 - 10	SOLVENT NAPHTHA, PETROLEUM, LIGHT ALIPH
PROPRIETARY INERT	1 - 5	PROPRIETARY INERT
STODDARD SOLVENT 8052-41-3	1 - 5	Stoddard solvent
ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL 78-83-1	1 - 5	Isobutyl alcohol
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY 64742-82-1	1 - 5	Naphtha, petroleum, hydrodesulfurized heavy
MINERAL SPIRITS 64742-47-8	1 - 5	Petroleum distillates, hydrotreated light
NAPHTHA 64742-48-9	1 - 5	Naphtha, petroleum, hydrotreated heavy
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	1 - 5	Titanium dioxide

### 3. COMPOSITION / INFORMATION ON HAZARDOUS INGREDIENTS

AROMATIC NAPHTHA,	1 - 5	Petroleum naphtha, light aromatic
LIGHT		
64742-95-6		
ZINC OXIDE	1 - 5	ZINC OXIDE
1314-13-2		
ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1	Ethyl benzene
100-41-4		

If this section is blank there are no hazardous components per OSHA guidelines.

### 4. FIRST AID MEASURES

### **Eve Contact:**

In case of contact, immediately flush eyes with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. If easy to do, remove contact lenses. If medical assistance is not immediately available, flush an additional 15 minutes. Get medical attention immediately.

#### **Skin Contact:**

Remove contaminated clothing and shoes. Wash off immediately with plenty of water for at least 15 minutes. Get medical attention, if symptoms develop or persist.

### Ingestion:

Rinse mouth with water. Give one or two glasses of water. Only induce vomiting at the instruction of medical personnel. Never give anything by mouth to an unconscious person. Do NOT induce vomiting. If vomiting occurs, keep head lower than hips to prevent aspiration. Get medical attention immediately.

### Inhalation:

Move injured person into fresh air and keep person calm under observation. Get medical attention immediately. For breathing difficulties, oxygen may be necessary. If breathing stops, provide artificial respiration. Do not give direct mouth-to-mouth resuscitation if inhaled. To protect rescuer, use air-viva, oxy-viva or one-way mask. Resuscitate in a well-ventilated area.

### Medical conditions aggravated by exposure:

Any respiratory or skin condition.

### 5. FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Flash point (Fahrenheit): -100
Flash point (Celsius): -73
Lower explosive limit (%): 1
Upper explosive limit (%): 13

Autoignition temperature: not determined

Sensitivity to impact:

Sensitivity to static discharge: Subject to static discharge hazards. Please see bonding

and grounding information in Section 7.

Hazardous combustion products: See Section 10.

### Unusual fire and explosion hazards:

Contaminated rags, wipes, saw dust, etc., may catch fire spontaneously. Store waste under water in closed metal containers or in approved self-closing containers designed to prevent spontaneous combustion until disposed of in compliance with applicable regulations. Oxidizing Material

# **Extinguishing media:**

Carbon dioxide, dry chemical, foam and/or water fog.

### Fire fighting procedures:

Firefighters should be equipped with self-contained breathing apparatus and turn out gear. Keep containers and surroundings cool with water spray.

# 6. ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

# Action to be taken if material is released or spilled:

Ventilate the area. Avoid breathing dust or vapor. Use self-containing breathing apparatus or airmask for large spills in a confined area. Wipe, scrape or soak up in an inert material and put in a container for disposal. See section 7, "Handling and Storage", for proper container and storage procedures. Remove all sources of ignition. Soak up with inert absorbent material. Use only non-sparking tools. Avoid contact with eyes.

### 7. HANDLING AND STORAGE

# Precautions to be taken in handling and storage:

Keep away from heat, sparks and open flame. - No smoking. Keep container closed when not in use. Do not store above 120 degrees F. (49 degrees C). Based on flash point and vapor pressure, suitable storage should be provided in accordance with OSHA regulation 1910.106, Ontario OH&S regulation 851 section 22. Empty containers may contain product residue, including flammable or explosive vapors. Do not cut, puncture or weld on or near container. All label warnings must be observed until the container has been commercially cleaned or reconditioned. If the product is used near or above the flashpoint, an ignition hazard may be present. Activities, uses, or operations which liberate vapor (such as mixing or free fall of liquids) may also present an ignition hazard. Please ensure containers and other interconnected equipment are properly bonded and grounded at all times.

### 8. PERSONAL PROTECTIVE EQUIPMENT AND EXPOSURE CONTROLS

### **Personal Protective Equipment**

### Eye and face protection:

Wear chemical goggles with splash shields or face shield. Contact lenses should not be worn when working with chemicals because contact lenses may contribute to the severity of an eye injury in case of exposure.

### Skin protection:

Appropriate chemical resistant gloves should be worn.

### **Other Personel Protection Data:**

To prevent skin contact wear protective clothing covering all exposed areas. Ensure that eyewash stations and safety showers are close to the workstation location.

### Respiratory protection:

If exposure cannot be controlled below applicable limits, use the appropriate NIOSH approved respirator such as an air purifying respirator with organic vapor cartridge and dust/mist filter. Consult the respirator manufacturer's literature to ensure that the respirator will provide adequate protection. Read and follow all respirator manufacturer's instructions.

### Ventilation

Use only in well-ventilated areas. Ensure adequate ventilation, especially in confined areas. Ovens used for curing should contain a fresh air purge to prevent vapours from accumulating and creating a possible explosive mixture. Where the product is used in a hazardous classified area, use explosion-proof electrical/ventilating/lighting/equipment.

### **Exposure Guidelines**

# **OSHA Permissible Exposure Limits (PEL's)**

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA (final)	Ceilings limits (final)	Skin designations
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40	1000 ppm TWA 2400 mg/m³ TWA		
PROPANE 74-98-6	15 - 20	1000 ppm TWA 1800 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA		
PROPRIETARY INERT	1 - 5	Respirable. Listed. Total dust. Listed.		

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA (final)	Ceilings limits (final)	Skin designations
STODDARD SOLVENT	1 - 5	2900 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA		
8052-41-3		500 ppm TWA		
ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL	1 - 5	100 ppm TWA		
78-83-1		300 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA		
TITANIUM DIOXIDE	1 - 5	15 mg/m³ TWA dust		
13463-67-7		total		
ZINC OXIDE	1 - 5	15 mg/m³ TWA dust		
1314-13-2		total		
		5 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA fume		
		5 mg/m³ TWA respirable		
		fraction		
ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1	100 ppm TWA		
100-41-4		435 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA		

# **ACGIH Threshold Limit Value (TLV's)**

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	TWA	STEL	Ceiling limits	Skin designations
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40	500 ppm TWA	750 ppm STEL		
PROPANE 74-98-6	15 - 20	1000 ppm TWA Aliphatic hydrocarbon gases: Alkane C1-C4			
PROPRIETARY INERT	1 - 5	2 mg/m³ TWA particulate matter containing no asbestos and <1% crystalline silica, respirable fraction			
STODDARD SOLVENT 8052-41-3	1 - 5	100 ppm TWA			
ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL 78-83-1	1 - 5	50 ppm TWA			
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY 64742-82-1	1 - 5	100 ppm			
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	1 - 5	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> TWA			
ZINC OXIDE 1314-13-2	1 - 5	2 mg/m³ TWA respirable fraction	10 mg/m <sup>3</sup> STEL respirable fraction	_	
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1	100 ppm TWA	125 ppm STEL		

# 9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Odor: Normal for this product type.

Aerosol

Physical State: pH: not determined

Vapor pressure: NOT DETERMINED mmHg @ 68°F (20°C)

Vapor density (air = 1.0): 5.1

# 9. PHYSICAL PROPERTIES

Boiling point: -44°F (-42°C)
Solubility in water: not determined
Coefficient of water/oil distribution: not determined

Density (lbs per US gallon):

Specific Gravity:

Evaporation rate (butyl acetate = 1.0):

Flash point (Fahrenheit):

Flash point (Celsius):

Lower explosive limit (%):

Upper explosive limit (%):

13

Autoignition temperature: not determined

# 10. STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Stability: Stable under normal conditions.

Conditions to Avoid: Heat.

Incompatibility: Strong oxidizing agents Hazardous Polymerization: None anticipated.

Hazardous Decomposition Products: Carbon monoxide and carbon dioxide. Metal oxide fumes.

Sensitivity to static discharge: Subject to static discharge hazards. Please see bonding

and grounding information in Section 7.

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	NIOSH - Selected LD50s and LC50s
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40	= 5800 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
PROPANE 74-98-6	15 - 20	= 658 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
NAPHTHA 64742-89-8	5 - 10	= 3000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit = 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Mouse
ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL 78-83-1	1 - 5	= 2460 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 6.5 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY 64742-82-1	1 - 5	> 3160 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
MINERAL SPIRITS 64742-47-8	1 - 5	> 2000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 5.2 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h > 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
NAPHTHA 64742-48-9	1 - 5	> 3160 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	1 - 5	> 10000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat
AROMATIC NAPHTHA, LIGHT 64742-95-6	1 - 5	= 3400 ppm Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h = 8400 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat > 2000 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit > 5.2 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
ZINC OXIDE 1314-13-2	1 - 5	> 5000 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat

### 11. TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1	= 15354 mg/kg Dermal LD50 Rabbit
100-41-4		= 17.2 mg/L Inhalation LC50 Rat 4 h
		= 3500 mg/kg Oral LD50 Rat

# Mutagens/Teratogens/Carcinogens:

Possible cancer hazard. Contains material which may cause cancer based on animal data.

Contains ethylbenzene, which has been determined by NTP to be an animal carcinogen with no known relevance to humans. IARC has classified ethylbenzene as possibly carcinogenic to humans (2b) on the basis of sufficient evidence of carcinogenicity in laboratory animals but inadequate evidence of cancer in humans. Contains TIO2 which is listed by IARC as a possible human carcinogen (Group 2B) based on animal data. Neither long term animal studies, nor human epidemiology studies of workers exposed to TIO2 provide an adequate basis to conclude TIO2 is carcinogenic. TIO2 is not classified as a carcinogen by NTP, U.S. OSHA, or the U.S. EPA.

0	Approx. Weight %	California Prop 65 - Reproductive (Female)	California Prop 65 - Carcinogen
ETHYLBENZENE	.1 - 1		Listed. initial date 6/11/04 -
100-41-4			carcinogen

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	IARC Group 1 - Human Evidence	IARC Group 2A - Limited Human Data	IARC Group 2B - Sufficient Animal Data
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	1 - 5			Monograph 47 [1989]
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1			Monograph 77 [2000]

_	Approx. Weight %	OSHA - Hazard Communication Carcinogens	OSHA - Specifically Regulated Carcinogens	ACGIH Carcinogens
TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7	1 - 5	Present		
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1	Present		A3 Confirmed Animal Carcinogen with Unknown Relevance to Humans

### 12. ECOLOGICAL DATA

No information on ecology is available.

### 13. DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Disposal should be made in accordance with federal, state and local regulations.

### 14. TRANSPORTATION INFORMATION

# **U.S. Department of Transportation**

UN ID Number (msds): CONCOM

Proper Shipping Name: CONSUMER COMMODITY ORM-D [Paint]

# U.S Hazmat and/or International DG shipment exceptions

The supplier may apply one of the following exceptions: Combustible Liquid, Consumer Commodity, Limited Quantity, Viscous Liquid, Does Not Sustain Combustion, or others, as allowed under 49CFR Hazmat Regulations. Please consult 49CFR Subchapter C to ensure that subsequent shipments comply with these exceptions.

# **Reportable Quantity Description:**

# **International Air Transport Association (IATA):**

UN/ID No: UN1950

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Hazard Class: 2.1

# **International Maritime Organization (IMO):**

UN/ID No: UN1950

Proper shipping name: AEROSOLS, FLAMMABLE

Hazard Class: 2.1
Marine Pollutant No

# 15. REGULATORY INFORMATION

### **U.S. FEDERAL REGULATIONS:**

Ingredient Name CAS-No.	Approx. Weight %	SARA 302	SARA 313	CERCLA RQ in lbs.
DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1	35 - 40			5000
ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL 78-83-1	1 - 5			5000
ZINC OXIDE 1314-13-2	1 - 5		YES	
ETHYLBENZENE 100-41-4	.1 - 1		form R reporting required for 1.0% de minimis concentration	1000

# SARA 311/312 Hazard Class:

Acute: yes
Chronic: yes
Flammability: no
Reactivity: no
Sudden Pressure: yes

### **U.S. STATE REGULATIONS:**

### Right to Know:

The specific chemical identity of a component may be withheld as a trade secret under 34 Pennsylvania Code, Chapter 317.

### Pennsylvania Right To Know:

DIMETHYL KETONE- EXEMPT SOLVENT 67-64-1

MINERAL SPIRITS 64742-47-8

NAPHTHA (PETROLEUM), HYDRODESULFURIZED HEAVY 64742-82-1

NAPHTHA 64742-48-9 STODDARD SOLVENT 8052-41-3 ISOBUTYL ALCOHOL 78-83-1

AROMATIC NAPHTHA, LIGHT 64742-95-6 TITANIUM DIOXIDE 13463-67-7

NAPHTHA 64742-89-8 ZINC OXIDE 1314-13-2

PROPRIETARY INERT Trade Secret

PROPANE 74-98-6

### **Additional Non-Hazardous Materials**

PROPRIETARY RESIN Trade Secret
PROPRIETARY COLOR PIGMENT Trade Secret

## **California Proposition 65:**

WARNING! This product contains a chemical known in the State of California to cause cancer.

Rule 66 status of product

Not photochemically reactive.

#### **INTERNATIONAL REGULATIONS - Chemical Inventories**

### **US TSCA Inventory:**

All components of this product are in compliance with U.S. TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory Requirements.

#### **Canada Domestic Substances List:**

All components of this product are listed on the Domestic Substances List.

### 16. OTHER INFORMATION

#### **HMIS Codes**

Health: 2\* Flammability: 4 Reactivity: 1

**PPE:** X - See Section 8 for Personal Protective Equipment (PPE).

### Abbreviations:

OSHA - Occupational Safety and Health Administration, IARC - International Agency for Research on Cancer, NIOSH - National Institute of Occupational Safety and Health, NTP - National Toxicology Program, ACGIH - American Conference of Governmental Industrial Hygienists, SCAQMD - South Coast Air Quality Management District, TSCA - Toxic Substances Control Act, IATA - International Air Transport Association, IMO - International Maritime Organization, DOT - Department of Transportation, NA - Not applicable, NOT ESTAB - Not established, N.A.V. - Not available, RQ - Reportable quantity, WT - Weight, MG/CU M - Milligrams per cubic meter, G/L - Grams per liter, MM - Millimeters, MPPCF - Millions of particles per cubic foot, PPM - parts per million, PPT - parts per thousand, TCC/PM - Tag closed cup / Pensky-Martens, PB - Lead, PEL - Permissible exposure level, TWA - Time Weighted Average, STEL - Short term exposure limit, C - Celsius, F - Fahrenheit.

#### Disclaimer:

The data on this sheet represent typical values. Since application variables are a major factor in product performance, this information should serve only as a general guide. Valspar assumes no obligation or liability for use of this information. UNLESS VALSPAR AGREES OTHERWISE IN WRITING, VALSPAR MAKES NO WARRANTIES, EXPRESS OR IMPLIED, AND DISCLAIMS ALL IMPLIED WARRANTIES INCLUDING WARRANTIES OF MERCHANTABILITY OR FITNESS FOR A PARTICULAR USE OR FREEDOM FROM PATENT INFRINGEMENT. VALSPAR WILL NOT BE LIABLE FOR ANY SPECIAL, INCIDENTAL OR CONSEQUENTIAL DAMAGES. Your only remedy for any defect in this product is the replacement of the defective product, or a refund of its purchase price, at our option. This MSDS contains additional information required by the state of Pennsylvania.

# **Preparation Information:**

Prepared By: Regulatory Affairs Department

Print date: 29/Mar/2013 Revision Date: 05/Jan/2013