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Tech Details & Operating Instructions

Fastening Clamps



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Range: Which Miniclamp Should I Use?





OPERATION PRINCIPLE 04

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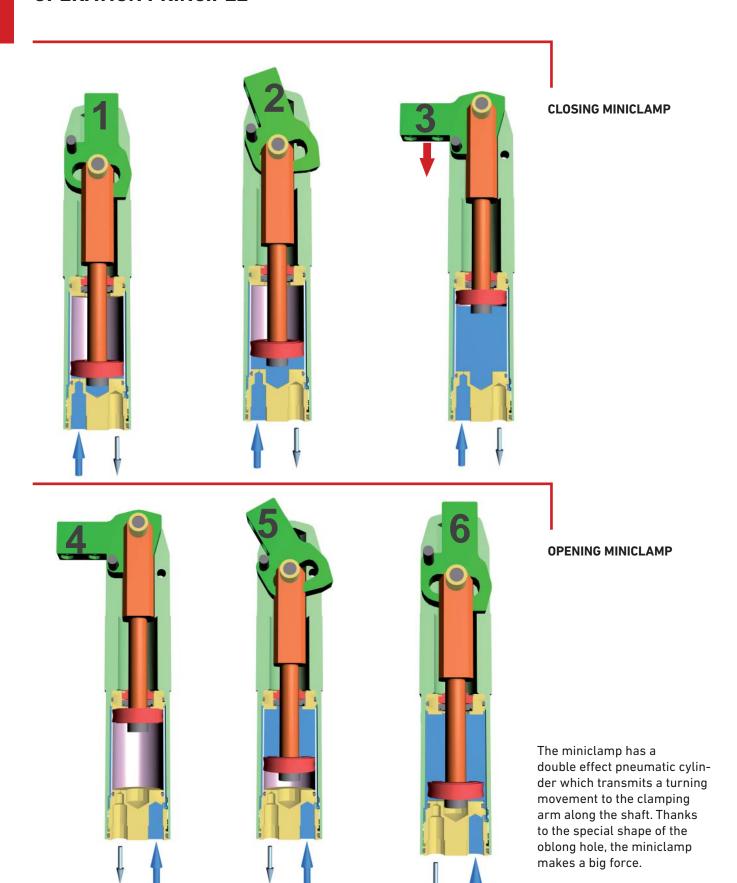
BALL-ENDED SCREW 06

SHIM KIT 07

JAW BLOCK 08

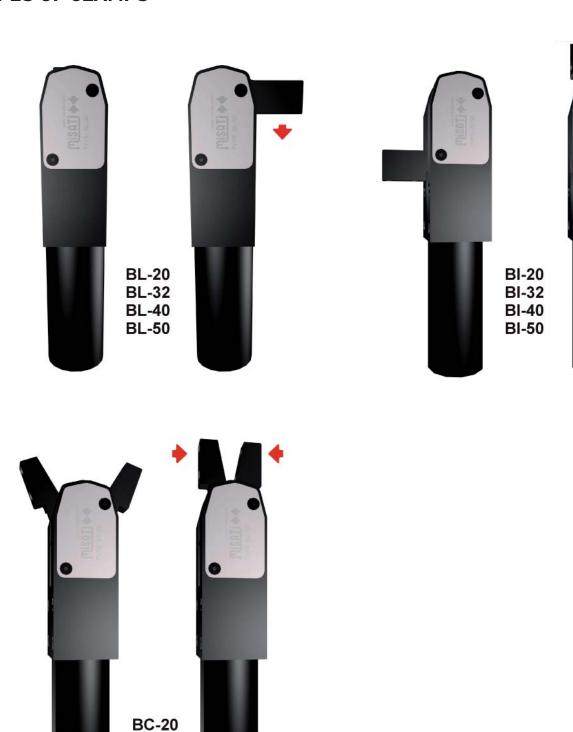
OPERATION PRINCIPLE





TYPES OF CLAMPS





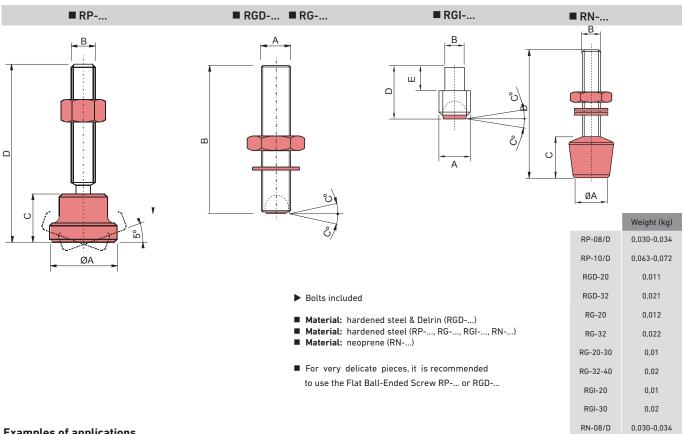
The clamping component can be parallel (BL type) or perpendicular (BI, BC types) with regard to the body. The clamp can be applied on any spatial position.

BC-32 BC-40

BALL-ENDED SCREW







Examples of applications





TYPE RGD-20

RGD-32

RGD

М8

M10

41,6 0

| RP | | | | | | | |
|---------|----|-----|----|----|----|----|--|
| TYPE | Α | В | С | | D | | |
| RP-08/D | 16 | M8 | 9 | 48 | 63 | | |
| RP-10/D | 20 | M10 | 11 | 54 | 64 | 84 | |

| RN | | | | | | | |
|---------|----|----|----|----|--|--|--|
| TYPE | Α | В | С | D | | | |
| RN-08/D | 16 | М8 | 18 | 63 | | | |

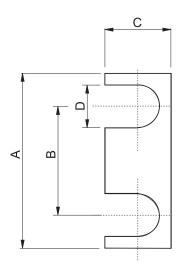


| | RG | | |
|----------|-----|----|---|
| TYPE | Α | В | С |
| RG-20 | M8 | 40 | 9 |
| RG-32 | M10 | 50 | 9 |
| RG-20-30 | M8 | 30 | 9 |
| RG-32-40 | M10 | 40 | 9 |



| RGI | | | | | | | | |
|--------|----|----|---|----|---|--|--|--|
| TYPE | Α | В | С | D | Е | | | |
| RGI-01 | 13 | M8 | 9 | 21 | 8 | | | |
| RGI-02 | 12 | М3 | 9 | 11 | | | | |









Adjustment of 0 to 2mm can be made on jaw blocks SC-... with the shims in this kit (GBK-...).

Examples of applications



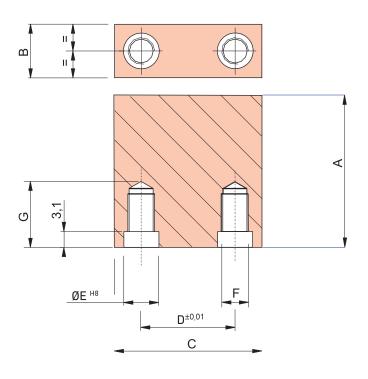




| TYPE | Α | В | С | D | | THICK | NESS | | |
|--------|----|----|----|------|-----|-------|------|-----|---|
| GBK-20 | 30 | 17 | 13 | 9.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1 |
| GBK-20 | 40 | 23 | 17 | 11.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1 |
| GBK-40 | 50 | 30 | 20 | 13.2 | 0.1 | 0.2 | 0.3 | 0.5 | 1 |

JAW BLOCK





Area to be machined by the customer according to the surface to fasten.



- Material: steel
- Recommended treatment: quenching & tempering

Examples of applications











| TYPE | Α | В | С | D | ØE | F | G |
|----------|----|----|----|----|----|-----|----|
| SC-A-20 | 25 | 13 | 30 | 17 | 9 | M6 | 13 |
| SC-A-32 | 35 | 17 | 40 | 23 | 11 | M8 | 17 |
| SC-A-40 | 45 | 20 | 50 | 30 | 13 | M10 | 20 |
| SC-A-50 | 50 | 20 | 60 | 40 | 13 | M10 | 20 |
| SC-AL-20 | 50 | 13 | 30 | 17 | 9 | М6 | 13 |
| SC-AL-32 | 70 | 17 | 40 | 23 | 11 | M8 | 17 |
| SC-AL-40 | 80 | 20 | 50 | 30 | 13 | M10 | 20 |
| SC-AL-50 | 85 | 20 | 60 | 40 | 13 | M10 | 20 |

Use





HOW TO ADJUST THE FORCE OF A MINICLAMP 10-13

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BCP-... / BC-... / BL-... MINICLAMP

1 Open the pincer and place the sheet





 With the mobile arm open, you have to loosen the nuts that hold the ribbed ball-ended screws (orange colour).





Turn the screws up until there is enough space to place a sheet between them and the lower gripper finger or the static arm of the miniclamp.

2 Close the pincer





To close the miniclamp, you'll need to inject some compressed air into the hole with a "+" mark on.

 Close the minipincer until it reaches the final position. In this position, the minipincer is non-reversible, i.e., it will not open unless any compressed air is injected in it.

3 Bring screws down





- With the arm closed, bring both screws over to the sheet until they contact it without pressure.
- In case of using Jaw Blocks (SC or SCL), we will need to use different thickness shims (GBK-...) until the jaw block contacts the sheet.

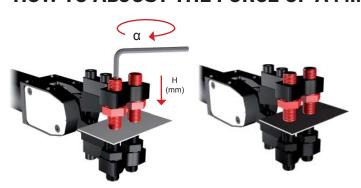
4 Adjust the force

- We will begin by deciding the force we'd like to obtain. This
 force should be enough to fasten the sheet correctly during
 the transfer process.
- Next, we will look for this value in the tables enclosed, taking the type of minipincer (TIP, TI, TCP or TL) that we are using and the minimum working pressure into account.

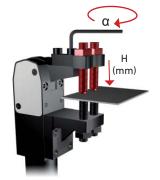
For example:

If we usually work at a pressure of 6 bar that sometimes falls to 5 bar, then we will look for a force to work at 5 bar.





With an Allen key, turn the screws clockwise the value from the table, assembling high security washers at a 35 Nm torque. The turn can be measured in degrees (α) or in height (H), i.e. the number of millimeters that the screw is moving, as you think best.

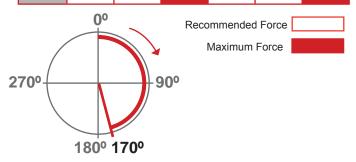




 Once the desired force is adjusted, we will check the non-reversibility of the pincer (see information on the back of this page).

MINICLAMP BCP, BC

| | MIN | IICLAMP (| Ø 20 | MINICLAMP Ø32 | | | |
|-------|----------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------|--|
| | TURN SCREW (α) | H (mm) | FORCE (daN) | TURN SCREW (α) | H (mm) | FORCE (daN) | |
| 4 BAR | 156° | 0,54 | 60 | 240° | 0,90 | 100 | |
| 4 BAR | 180° | 0,63 | 69 | 300° | 1,10 | 136 | |
| 5 BAR | 196° | 0,68 | 75 | 300° | 1,25 | 135 | |
| 2 RAK | 225° | 0,78 | 86 | 360° | 1,5 | 170 | |
| 6 BAR | 235° | 0,81 | 90 | 360° | 1,50 | 170 | |
| | 270° | 0,93 | 103 | 420° | 1,75 | 205 | |



Example:

To obtain 102 daN force with a BL-20-30 pincer that works at a minimum pressure of 5 bar, we should turn the screws 170° , or until they go down 0.60 mm.

MINICLAMP BL

| | MIN | MINICLAMP Ø20 | | | MINICLAMP Ø32 | | | |
|-------|----------------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------|---------------|----------------|--|--|
| | TURN SCREW (α) | H (mm) | FORCE (daN) | TURN SCREW (α) | H (mm) | FORCE (daN) | | |
| 4 BAR | 128° | 0,40 | 81 | 197° | 0,82 | 146 | | |
| 4 BAR | 149° | 0,52 | 108 | 247° | 1,03 | 195 | | |
| 5 BAR | 170° | 0,60 | 102 | 222° | 0,92 | 182 | | |
| 2 RAK | 192° | 0,67 | 135 | 271° | 1,13 | 243 | | |
| 6 BAR | 192° | 0,67 | 122 | 247° | 1,02 | 219 | | |
| | 213° | 0,74 | 162 | 296° | 1,24 | 292 | | |

| | MIN | IICLAMP (| Ø40 | MINICLAMP Ø50 | | | |
|-------|----------------------|-----------|----------------|----------------------|-----------|----------------|--|
| | TURN SCREW (a) | H (mm) | FORCE (daN) | TURN SCREW (a) | H (mm) | FORCE (daN) | |
| 4 BAR | 224° | 1,08 | 258 | 262° | 1,27 | 325 | |
| 4 BAR | 274° | 1,33 | 330 | 309° | 1,50 | 433 | |
| 5 DAD | 224° | 1,08 | 323 | 293° | 1,42 | 407 | |
| 5 BAR | 299° | 1,45 | 413 | 355° | 1,72 | 543 | |
| | 274° | 1,33 | 388 | 324° | 1,57 | 488 | |
| 6 BAR | 324° | 1,57 | 496 | 401° | 1,95 | 651 | |



MINICLAMP BL...SC / SCL, BI ...SC / SCL

Open the pincer and place the sheet









 With the mobile arm open, you have to loosen the nuts that hold the ribbed ball-ended screws (orange colour). Turn the screws up until there is enough space to place a sheet between them and the lower gripper finger or the static arm of the miniclamp.

2 Close the pincer



Close the minipincer until it reaches the final position. In this position, the minipincer is non-reversible, i.e., it will not open unless any compressed air is injected in it.

To close the miniclamp, you'll need to inject some compressed air into the hole with a "+" mark on.

3 Bring screws down





- With the arm closed, bring both screws over to the sheet until they contact it without pressure.
- In case of using Jaw Blocks (SC or SCL), we will need to use different thickness shims (GBK-...) until the jaw block contacts the sheet.

4 Adjust the force

- We will begin by deciding the force we'd like to obtain. This force should be enough to fasten the sheet correctly during the transfer process.
- Next, we will look for this value in the tables enclosed, taking the type of minipincer (TIP, TI, TCP or TL) that we are using and the minimum working pressure into account.

For example:

If we usually work at a pressure of 6 bar that sometimes falls to 5 bar, then we will look for a force to work at 5 bar.







- With an Allen key, turn the screws clockwise the value from the table, assembling high security washers at a 35 Nm torque. The turn can be measured in degrees (α) or in height (H), i.e. the number of millimeters that the screw is moving, as you think best.
- Once the desired force is adjusted, we will check the non-reversibility of the pincer (see information on the back of this page).

MINICLAMP BI...SC Y SCL

| | Ø2 | 20 | Ø 32 | | |
|-------|--------------------|----------------|--------------------|----------------|--|
| | TURN SCREW (mm) | FORCE (daN) | TURN SCREW (mm) | FORCE (daN) | |
| | 0,3 | 54 | 0,7 | 97 | |
| 4 BAR | 0,4 | 81 | 0,8 | 146 | |
| | 0,5 | 108 | 1,0 | 195 | |
| | 0,4 | 67 | 0,8 | 122 | |
| 5 BAR | 0,6 | 102 | 0,9 | 182 | |
| | 0,7 | 135 | 1,1 | 243 | |
| | 0,5 | 81 | 0,9 | 146 | |
| 6 BAR | 0,7 | 122 | 1,0 | 219 | |
| | 0,8 | 162 | 1,2 | 292 | |

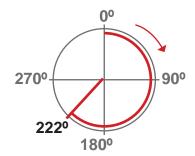
MINICLAMP BL...SC Y SCL

| | Ø 20 | | ø: | 32 | Ø 40 Ø5 | | 50 | |
|-------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|----------------|-----------------------|-----------------|
| | TURN SCREW (mm) | FORCE (daN) | TURN SCREW (mm) | FORCE (daN) | TURN SCREW (mm) | FORCE (daN) | TURN SCREW (mm) | FUERZA (daN) |
| | 0,3 | 54 | 0,7 | 97 | 1,0 | 187 | 1,1 | 217 |
| 4 BAR | 0,4 | 81 | 0,8 | 146 | 1,1 | 258 | 1,3 | 325 |
| | 0,5 | 108 | 1,0 | 195 | 1,3 | 330 | 1,5 | 434 |
| | 0,4 | 67 | 0,8 | 122 | 1,0 | 234 | 1,1 | 271 |
| 5 BAR | 0,6 | 102 | 0,9 | 182 | 1,1 | 323 | 1,4 | 407 |
| | 0,7 | 135 | 1,1 | 243 | 1,5 | 413 | 1,7 | 542 |
| | 0,5 | 81 | 0,9 | 146 | 1,1 | 281 | 1,3 | 325 |
| 6 BAR | 0,7 | 122 | 1,0 | 219 | 1,3 | 388 | 1,6 | 488 |
| | 0,8 | 162 | 1,2 | 292 | 1,6 | 496 | 2,0 | 651 |

Esfuerzo mínimo Esfuerzo aconsejable Esfuerzo máximo

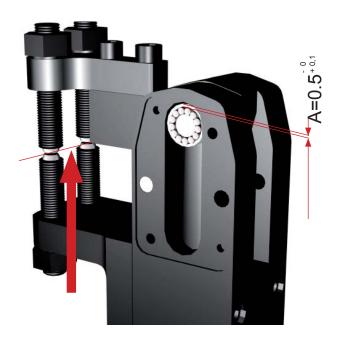
Ejemplo:

Para obtener un esfuerzo de 102 daN con una mibrida BL-20-30 que trabaja a un mínimo de 5 bar de presión, deberíamos girar los pisadores 170° o hasta que hubieran bajado 0,60 mm.



NON-REVERSIBLE MINIPINCER





One of the main characteristics of our fastening element is its non-reversibility.

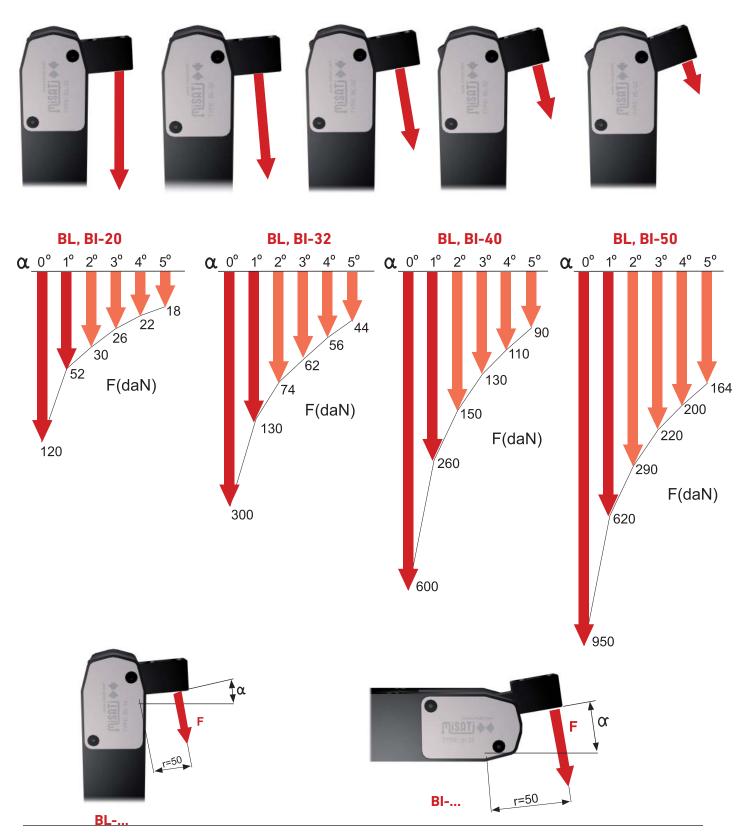
When the minipincer is making force and it's in a non-reversible position, no extern force F_{ϵ} can turn the arm, even though air pressure is missing; this way, the clamping force achieved is kept.

In order to check if the miniclamp is in a non-reversible position, we will first adjust the desired force according to the information on the back of this page. Next, dimension A has to be checked according to the drawing to guarantee the non-reversibility of the arm.



FORCE / " α " ANGLE

Depending on the angle of the arm at the clamping position, the force changes.



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FORCE / LENGTH OF THE ARM



| DISTANCE TO THE TURNING | | FORCE | E (daN) | |
|----------------------------|-------|-------|---------|-------|
| SHAFT | BL-20 | BL-32 | BL-40 | BL-50 |
| 30 | 200 | 500 | 1000 | 1583 |
| 40 | 150 | 375 | 750 | 1187 |
| 50 | 120 | 300 | 600 | 950 |
| 60 | 100 | 250 | 500 | 792 |
| 70 | 85 | 214 | 428 | 678 |
| 80 | 75 | 187 | 375 | 595 |

 α =0° P=6bar



| DISTANCE TO THE TURNING | FORCE (daN) | | | |
|----------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|-------|
| SHAFT | BI-20 | BI-32 | BI-40 | BI-50 |
| 40 | 150 | 375 | 750 | 1187 |
| 50 | 120 | 300 | 600 | 950 |
| 60 | 100 | 250 | 500 | 792 |
| 70 | 85 | 214 | 428 | 678 |
| 80 | 75 | 187 | 375 | 594 |

 α =0° P=6bar



| DISTANCE TO THE TURNING | FORCE (daN) | | | |
|-------------------------|-------------|-------|-------|--|
| SHAFT | BC-20 | BC-32 | BC-40 | |
| 50 | 60 | 150 | 300 | |
| 60 | 50 | 125 | 250 | |
| 70 | 42 | 107 | 214 | |
| 80 | 37 | 93 | 187 | |

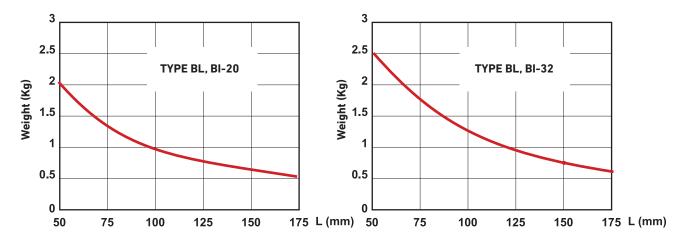
 α =0° P=6bar

The clamping force is determined by the distance between the turning centre and the point of contact. The length and mass of the arm should be as small as possible. Apart from standard couplings, pneumatic cushioning will be necessary.

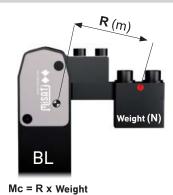


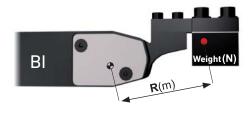
WEIGHT / ARM RADIUS RELATIONSHIP

In order to limit the impact of the arm due to kinetic energy, the application of special couplings with an excess length or mass requires a system of pneumatic cushioning and flow regulators. We would advise to respect the weight/ length relationships, according to the following graphs:

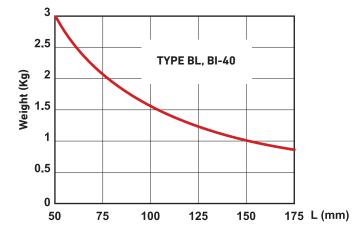


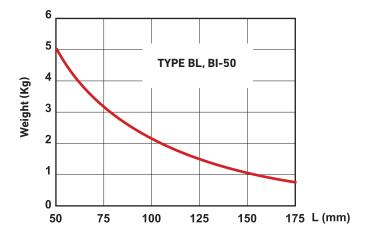
| ТҮРЕ | Maximum Load Torque | Cushioned Load Torque |
|-----------|------------------------|--------------------------|
| BL, BI-20 | 1Nm | 0.15 Nm |
| BL,BI-32 | 1.25 Nm | 0.33 Nm |
| BL,BI-40 | 1.5 Nm | 0.5 Nm |
| BL, BI-50 | 2.5 Nm | 1Nm |





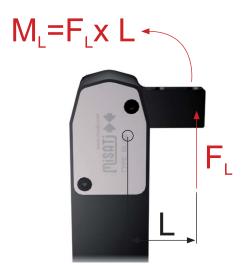
Centre of mass





RETENTION FORCE





| TYPE | F _L (daN) | M _L (Nm) | L |
|-------|----------------------|---------------------|------|
| BL-20 | 703 | 190 | 27 |
| BL32 | 1287.6 | 470 | 36.5 |
| BL-40 | 1694.3 | 753.9 | 44.5 |
| BL-50 | 2266.6 | 1189.9 | 52.5 |



| ТҮРЕ | F _i (daN) | M _L (Nm) | 1 |
|-------|----------------------|---------------------|------|
| BI-20 | 400 | 190 | 47.5 |
| BI-32 | 696.2 | 470 | 67.5 |
| BI-40 | 913.9 | 753.9 | 82.5 |
| BI-50 | 1233.1 | 1189.9 | 96.5 |

Loads and momentums appearing in these tables are in constant service. Values are higher with specific loads.

MAXIMUM LATERAL FORCE





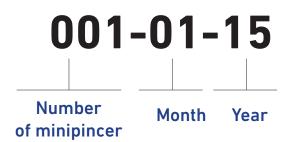
| ТҮРЕ | F _L (daN) | M _L (Nm) |
|------------|----------------------|---------------------|
| BL / BI-20 | 440 | 220 |
| BL / BI-32 | 1184 | 592 |
| BL / BI-40 | 2007 | 1003 |
| BL / BI-50 | 3318 | 1659 |

Loads and torques appearing in these tables are in constant service. Values are higher with specific loads.

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GUARANTEE





LIFE

MINICLAMP, which are identified in this certificate, are guaranteed by MISATI, S.L. for 7 YEARS against any manufacturing defect affecting their correct operation, as from the date of guarantee (indicated with number of minipincer, month and year on the actual minipincer).

SCOPE

The guarantee covers all faulty parts and labour required for their repair in our workshops during the guarantee period.

GUARANTEE DOES NOT INCLUDE:

- Any possible damages occasioned by mishandling, inappropriate use, negligence, overloading or abandonment of the miniclamp, pressure increases, faulty installations and other external causes.
- Any repairs or adjustments carried out by people not connected with or expressly authorized by MISATI, S.L.
- Any parts prone to wear and tear.
- Damages caused by any machine downtime.

Maintenance





MAINTENANCE: FORCE MECHANISM 22

MAINTENANCE: PNEUMATIC CYLINDER 23

> MECHANICAL KIT 24

PNEUMATIC KIT 25

CHANGE OF THE ARM 26-27



MAINTENANCE: FORCE MECHANISM

To guarantee a long life for our minipincers, it is essential to make a preventive maintenance, depending on the aggressiveness of the environment.



1 DISMANTLING

Dismantle both lateral covers.



2 CLEANING BLOWING

In order to free any foreign particle, project compressed air in all directions on the hole and in different positions of the arm.



3 LUBRICATION

Spray on the hole with a lubricant for bearings in different positions of the arm.



4 ASSEMBLY

Put both covers on the clamp.

MAINTENANCE: PNEUMATIC CYLINDER



Please, read carefully the following advices for a correct maintenance of the pneumatic cylinder.

1. AIR TREATMENT

It is recommended to use compressed air (filtered) prepared for preventing any dust particles, oil or water from damaging the internal components of the minipincers.

After the compression, air is pre-filtered, dehydrated by cold drying (pressure dew point + 2°C) and cleaned through very fine filters. Bigger particles than 40 μm should be removed with some specific filters.

2. GREASE FOR PNEUMATIC ELEMENTS

Our standard miniclamps use Klübersynth AR 34-402 grease. This adhesive lubricating grease can be used with a wide piston speed range. Other advantages are the low breakaway torque, even after longer periods of standstill and the low tendency to the stick-lip during slow piston speeds.

In case of high-temperature special applications (EE-xx9), Viton O-rings are lubricated with Barrierta L55/1 high-temperature long-term grease.

Both types of greases are from Klüber Lubrications (www.klueber.com). For further information, please contact the manufacturer directly. Misati supplies each spare Pneumatic Kit (KJ-...) with the enough quantity of grease to change the elements correctly.

Use ethanol to clean the pneumatic sealing elements.

3. AIR EQUIPMENT LUBRICATION

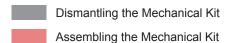
Compressed air can be lubricated or unlubricated. In case of using lubricated air, oil must be mineral or synthetic to prevent any incompatibilities with the grease used with the pneumatic seals.

If you begin using unlubricated air and then you change to use lubricated air, seals can dry up and crack, and so the miniclamp will lose air tightness.





MECHANICAL KIT FOR DEL TIPO BL, BI, BC MINICLAMPS



The Mechanical Kit of GC miniclamps must be changed in MISATI workshops.

Dismantle both lateral covers

Allen keys 2,5 y 3



Take bearings & bolt out



Push the shaft down to the end



Take the internal bushing out of the arm



Push the shaft up to the halfway of the oblong hole of the body



6 Assemble the internal bushing of



Lay the clamp down horizontally and place the shaft and bearings in it



8 Put the Bakelite cover & sensor, or lateral cover, on the clamp

Allen keys



Turn the clamp and place the bearing in



Turn the clamp and place the bearing in

Allen keys 2,5





PNEUMATIC KIT FOR DEL TIPO BL, BI, BC MINICLAMPS

11 Place the pi

Place the piston & the cylinder bush according to the drawing



16

Assemble the internal bushing of the arm with the help of the bolt



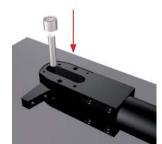
12

Place the piston & the cylinder bush according to the drawing



17

Lay the clamp down horizontally and place the shaft and bearings in it



13

Approach the shaft to the arm and tighten the screw

Allen key



18

Put the Bakelite cover & sensor, or lateral cover, on the clamp

Allen key 3



14

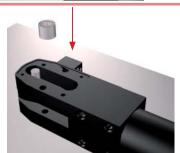
Screw the head in with the help of two Allen screws

Spanner



19

Turn the clamp and place the bearing in



15
Push the shaft up to the halfway of the oblong hole of the body



20

Put the lateral cover on the clamp

Allen key 2,5



CHANGE OF THE ARM BL,BI



Assembling the arm



Allen keys 2,5 & 3



2Take bearings & bolt out



Push the shaft down to the end



Take the internal bushing out of the arm



5 Take the bolt out

Centre punch & hammer



6 Take the arm out



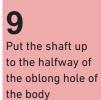
Assemble the arm



Dismantling the arm



Centre punch & hammer



10 Assemble the internal bushing of the arm with the help of the bolt



12 Put the Bakelite cover & sensor, or lateral cover, on the clamp Allen key 3

13
Turn the clamp and place the bearing in

14 Put the lateral cover on the clamp

Allen key 2,5















CHANGE OF THE ARM BC



Assembling the arm

Dismantle both lateral covers

Allen keys 2,5 & 3

2Take bearings & bolt out

3Push the shaft down to the end

4
Take the internal bushing out of the arm

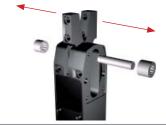
5Take the bolt out

Centre punch & hammer

6Take the arm out

7Assemble the arm















Dismantling the arm

Assemble the bolt

Centre punch & hammer

Put the shaft up to the halfway of the oblong hole of the body



Lay the clamp down horizontally and place the shaft and bearings in it

Put the Bakelite cover & sensor, or lateral cover, on the clamp Allen key 3

Turn the clamp and place the bearing in

14 Put the lateral cover on the clamp

Allen key 2,5















