

SOLUBLE FIBER

PRODUCT & COMPANY IDENTIFICATION

Supplier Details: Thermal Tech & Temp Inc.

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HAZARDS IDENTIFICATION

Classification of the Chemical in **Accordance with Paragraph**

(d) of §1910.1200:

Signal Word, Hazard Statement(s), Symbol(s), and Precautionary

Statement(s) in Accordance with Paragraph (f) of §1910.1200:

Emergemcy Overview

Classified that have been Identified

During the Classification Process:

Mixture Rule:

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Not classified. Read the entire safety data sheet.

None.

Describe any Hazards not Otherwise Mild mechanical irritation to skin, eyes and upper respiratory system may result from exposure.

These effects are usually

temporary. Not applicable.

COMPOSITION/INFORMATION ON INGREDIENTS

Components CAS# % By Weight Alkaline-Earth Silicate Wool 436083-99-7 100

CAS Definition: Alkaline Earth Silicate Wool (AES) consisting of silica (55-80 wt %), calcia and magnesia (25-45 wt %),

alumina, titania and zirconia (less than 6 wt %), and trace oxides.

Common Name: Supermag Low Bio-Persistence

Fiber Synonyms: ALKALINE EARTH SILICATE WOOL (AES), Synthetic vitreous fiber (SVF), man-made vitreous fiber (MMVF),

man-made mineral fiber (MMMF), alkaline-earth-silicate fiber, magnesium silicate fiber, high-temperature

insulation wool (HTIW).

Impurities and Stabilizing

Additives:

Not applicable. (See Section 8 "Exposure Controls / Personal Protection" for exposure guidelines)

FIRST AID MEASURES

Description of Necessary Measures, Subdivided According to the Different Routes of Exposure, i.e., Inhalation, Skin, and Eye Contact, and Ingestion

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Skin: Handling of this material may cause mild mechanical temporary skin irritation. If this occurs, rinse affected areas with water and wash gently. Do not rub or scratch exposed skin. Using a skin cream or lotion after washing may be helpful.

Eyes: In case of eye contact, flush abundantly with water, have eye wash available. Do not rub eyes. **Respiratory Tract:** If respiratory tract irritation develops, move the person to a dust-free location. See Section 8 for additional measures to reduce or eliminate exposure.

Nose and Throat: If these become irritated move to a dust free area, drink water and blow nose. If symptoms persist, seek medical advice.

Most Important Symptoms/ Effects, Acute, and Delayed: Indication of Immediate Medical Attention and Special Treatment Needed, if Necessary. Mild mechanical irritation to skin, eyes and upper respiratory system may result from exposure. These effects are usually temporary.

NOTES TO PHYSICIANS: Skin and respiratory effects are the result of temporary, mild mechanical irritation; fiber exposure does not result in allergic manifestations.

5 FIRE FIGHTING MEASURES

Suitable (and Unsuitable)
Extinguishing Media:
Specific Hazards Arising from the
Chemical (e.g., Nature of any
Hazardous Combustion Products):
Special Protective Equipment and

Precautions for Fire-Fighters:

Use extinguishing agent suitable for surrounding combustible materials.

Non-combustible products, class of reaction to fire is zero. Packaging and surrounding materials may be combustible

NFPA Codes: Flammability: 0 Health: 1 Reactivity: 0 Special: 0

6 ACCIDENTAL RELEASE MEASURES

Personal Precautions, Protective Equipment, and Emergency Procedures: Minimize airborne dust. Compressed air or dry sweeping should not be used for cleaning. See Section 8 "Exposure Controls / Personal Protection" for exposure guidelines.

Methods and Materials for Containment and Cleaning Up:

Frequently clean the work area with vacuum or wet sweeping to minimize the accumulation of debris. Do not use compressed air for cleanup.

HANDLING AND STORAGE

Precautions for Safe Handling:

Handle fiber carefully to minimize airborne dust. Limit use of power tools unless in conjunction with local

exhaust ventilation. Use hand tools whenever possible.

Conditions for Safe Storage, Including any Incompatibilities: Store in a manner to minimize airborne dust.

Empty containers:

Product packaging may contain residue. Do not reuse.

OSHA Permissible Exposure Limit (PEL), American Conference of **Governmental Industrial Hygienists** (ACGIH) Threshold Limit Value (TLV), and any Other Exposure Limit Used or Recommended by the Chemical Manufacturer, Importer, or Employer Manufacturer Reg: Preparing the Safety Data Sheet

Where Available:

Other Occupational Exposure Levels (OEL):

Appropriate Engineering Controls:

Individual Protection Measures, **Such as Personal Protective Equipment:**

Component:

Alkaline-Earth Silicate Wool

OSHA PEL: None Established **ACGIH TLV:**

None Established 1 f/cc, 8-hr. TWA

Industrial hygiene standards and occupational exposure limits vary between countries and local jurisdictions. Check which exposure levels apply to your facility and comply with local regulations. If no regulatory dust or other standards apply, a qualified industrial hygienist can assist with a specific workplace evaluation including recommendations for respiratory protection.

Use engineering controls such as local exhaust ventilation, point of generation dust collection, down draft work stations, emission controlling tool designs and materials handling equipment designed to minimize airborne fiber emissions.

Skin Protection: Wear personal protective equipment (e.g gloves), as necessary to prevent skin irritation. Washable or disposable clothing may be used. If possible, do not take unwashed clothing home. If soiled work clothing must be taken home, employees should be informed on best practices to minimize nonwork dust exposure (e.g., vacuum clothes before leaving the work area, wash work clothing separately, and rinse washer before washing other household clothes.

Eye Protection: As necessary, wear goggles or safety glasses with side shields.

Respiratory Protection: When engineering and/or administrative controls are insufficient to maintain workplace concentrations below the appropriate REG/PEL/REL, the use of appropriate respiratory protection, pursuant to the requirements of OSHA Standards 29 CFR 191 0.134 and 29 CFR 1926.103, is recommended. A NIOSH-certified respirator with a filter efficiency of at least 95% should be used. The 95% filter efficiency recommendation is based on NIOSH respirator selection logic sequence for exposure to particulates. Selection of filter efficiency (i.e. 95%, 99% or 99.97%) depends on how much filter leakage can be accepted and the concentration of airborne contaminants. Other factors to consider are the NIOSH filter series N, R or P. (N) Not resistant to oil, (R) Resistant to oil and (P) oil Proof. These recommendations are not designed to limit informed choices, provided that respiratory protection decisions comply with 29 CFR 1 91 0.1 34. The evaluation of workplace hazards and the identification of appropriate respiratory protection is best performed, on a case-by-case basis, by a qualified industrial hygienist.

You may also refer to health and safety information on the HTIW Coalition website www.HTIWCoalition.org

PHYSICAL AND CHEMICAL PROPERTIES

Appearance: **Upper/Lower Flammability or** White odorless material with Not applicable.

Explosive Limits: a wool-type appearance.

Vapor Pressure: Odor. Odorless. Not applicable. Odor Threshold: Not applicable. **Vapor Density**. Not applicable. **Relative Density:** pH: Not applicable. 2.6

Melting Point: 1260°C (2300°F) Solubility: Less than 1 mg/litre

Initial Boiling Point Partition Coefficient, Not applicable. and Boiling Range: n-octanol/water. Not applicable.

Flash Point: Not applicable. **Auto-Ignition Temperature:** Not applicable. **Evaporation Rate: Decomposition Temperature:** Not applicable. Not applicable. Flammability: Not applicable. Viscosity. Not applicable.

10 STABILITY AND REACTIVITY

Reactivity: AES is non-reactive.

Chemical Stability: As supplied AES is stable and inert.

Possibility of Hazards Reactions:

Conditions to Avoid: Please refer to handling and storage advice in Section 7. **Incompatible Materials:** None.

Hazardous Decomposition

Products: None.

TOXICOLOGICAL INFORMATION

IRRITANT PROPERTIES: Supermag fibers are negative when tested using approved methods (Directive 67/548/ **Acute Toxicity**.

EEC, Annex 5, Method B4). Like all manmade mineral fibers and some natural fibers, fibers contained in this product can produce a mild mechanical irritation resulting in temporary itching or rarely, in some sensitive individuals, in a slight temporary reddening. Unlike other irritant reactions, this is not the result of allergy

or chemical skin damage but is caused by mechanical effects.

Epidemiology: Toxicology:

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International Agency for Research on Cancer and National Toxicology Fibers contained in the products listed in the title have been designed to be rapidly cleared from lung tissue. This low biopersistence has been confirmed in many studies on AES using EU protocol ECB/TM/27(rev 7). When inhaled, even at very high doses, they do not accumulate to any level capable of producing a serious adverse biological effect. In lifetime chronic studies there was no exposure-related effect more than would be seen with any "inert" dust. Subchronic studies at the highest doses achievable produced at worst a transient mild inflammatory response. Fibers with the same ability to persist in tissue do not produce

tumors when injected into the peritoneal cavity of rats.

Program: Not applicable.

ECOLOGICAL INFORMATION 12

Ecotoxicity (Aquatic and Terrestrial, Where Available):

Persistence and Degradability.

Bioaccumulative Potential: Mobility in Soil:

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Disposal:

Other Adverse Effects (Such as Hazardous to the Ozone Layer):

No known aquatic toxicity.

These products are insoluble materials that remain stable over time and are chemically identical to inorganic compounds found in the soil and sediment; they remain inert in the natural environment.

No bioaccumulative potential.

No mobility in soil.

No adverse effects of this material on the environment are anticipated.

DISPOSAL CONSIDERATIONS

Waste Management: To prevent waste materials from becoming airborne during waste storage, transportation and disposal, a

covered container or plastic bagging is recommended.

This product, as manufactured, is not classified as a listed or characteristic hazardous waste according to U. S. Federal regulations (40 CFR 261). Any processing, use, alteration or chemical additions to the product, as purchased, may alter the disposal requirements. Under U. S. Federal regulations, it is the waste generator's responsibility to properly characterize a waste material, to determine if it is a "hazardous" waste. Check local, regional, state or provincial regulations to identify all applicable disposal requirements.

14 TRANSPORT INFORMATION

UN Number: Hazard Class: Not Regulated United Nations (UN) Number: Not Applicable.

Labels: Not Applicable North America (NA).

Number: Not Applicable. Placards: Not Applicable. Bill of Lading: Product Name.

UN Proper Shipping Name:

Tracking Hazard Class(es):

Packing Group, If Applicable:

Environmental Hazards (e.g.,

Not Applicable.

Not Applicable.

Not a Marine Pollutant.

Transport in Bulk (According to Annex II of MARPOL 73/78 and

Marine Pollutant (Yes/No)):

IBC Code):

Special Precautions Which a User Needs to be Aware of, or Needs to Comply with, in Connection with Transport or Conveyance either Within or Outside their Premises: International: Not Applicable.

Not Applicable.

Canadian TDG Hazard Class & PIN: Not regulated.

Not classified as dangerous goods under ADR (road), RID (train) or IMDG (ship).

15 REGULATORY INFORMATION

United States Regulations

EPA:

Superfund Amendments and Reauthorization Act (SARA) Title III - this product does not contain any substances reportable under Sections 302, 304, 313, (40 CFR 372). Sections 311 and 312 (40 CFR 370) apply (delayed hazard).

Toxic Substances Control Act (TSCA) - RCF is not required to be listed on the TSCA inventory.

Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) and the Clean Air Act (CAA) – this product contains fibers with an average diameter greater than one micron and thus is not considered a hazardous air pollutant.

OSHA: Comply with Hazard Communication Standards 29 CFR 1910.1200 and 29 CFR 1926.59 and the Respiratory

Protection Standards 29 CFR 1910.134 and 29 CFR 1926.103.

Other States: Supermag products are not known to be regulated. However, state and local OSHA and EPA regulations may

apply to these products. If in doubt, contact your local regulatory agency.

International Regulations:

Canada: Canadian Workplace Hazardous Materials Information System (WHMIS) - No Canadian Workplace Hazardous

Materials Information System (WHMIS) categories apply to this product.

Canadian Environmental Protection Act (CEPA) - All substances in this product are listed, as required, on the

Domestic Substance List (DSL).

Europe: European Directive 97/69/EC: By virtue of testing results, Supermag fiber has been exempted from classifi-

cation and labeling as a potential carcinogen.

Devitrification:

PRECAUTIONARY MEASURES TO BE TAKEN AFTER SERVICE UPON REMOVAL.

High-temperature insulating wool (HTIW) is typically used in insulation applications to keep temperature exposure at 900°C or above in a closed space. The exposure temperature maximum occurs at the hot face surface of the insulation. The heat exposure on the insulation decreases from the hot face to the cold face as the insulation "insulates itself". As a result, only thin layers of the hot face surface of the insulation become devitrified and respirable dust generated during removal operations typically do not contain detectable levels of crystalline silica (CS). Toxicological evaluation of the effect of the presence of CS in artificially heated HTIW material has not shown any increased toxicity in vitro and in vivo. The results from different factor combinations such as increased brittleness of fibers or micro crystals embedded in the glass structure of the fiber and therefore not biologically available, may explain the lack of toxicological effects. IARC evaluation as provided in Monograph 68 is not relevant since CS is not biologically available in after-service HTIW.

Hazardous Materials Identification
System (HMIS) Hazard Rating

HMIS Health: 1 HMIS Flammable: 0 HMIS Reactivity: 0

HMIS Personal Protective Equipment: To be determined by user.

Disclaimer:

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