



6 Product Manager Priorities



Transparency: We must be transparent about the data we collect, how it is used, and with whom it is shared. Clear and concise privacy policies should be easily accessible to users



User Control: Empowering users to have control over their data is crucial. We should provide granular privacy settings that allow users to choose what information they share and with whom.



Data Minimization: Collecting only the necessary data and avoiding unnecessary data retention is essential. We should regularly review and delete user data that is no longer needed.



Consent and Permissions:

Obtaining explicit consent from users before collecting o sharing their data is imperative. We must also respect the permissions granted by users and not misuse their data.



Security Measures:

Implementing robust security measures, such as encryption and secure authentication, helps safeguard user data from unauthorized access and breaches.



Regular Audits: Conducting

regular audits of data handling practices and privacy controls ensures compliance with privacy regulations and identifies areas for improvement.



MINAL MOW.



Key Challenges



Many product teams struggle to view privacy and security as different goals. Although they share common traits, both disciplines are quite distinct.



Privacy features demand a clear product strategy



Many tech companies fail to see privacy as a product differentiator, missing out on revenue opportunities

Let's Discuss: PrivacyEnhancing Technologies

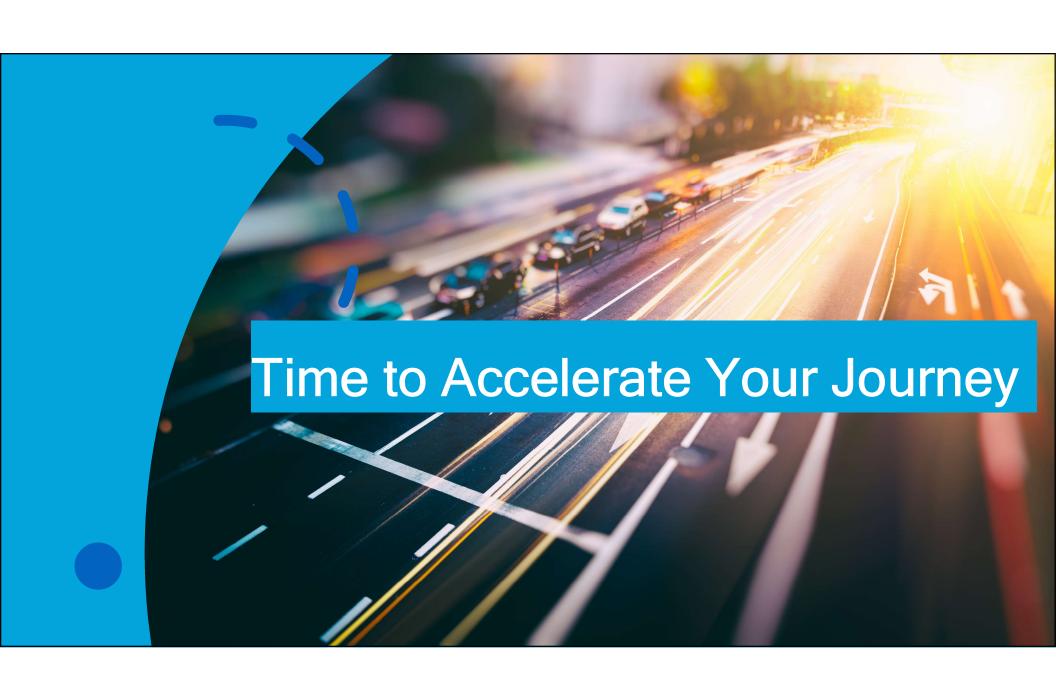
Differential privacy and federated learning protect individual privacy while extracting insights from user data.

They enable data analysis without compromising personal information.

By aggregating and anonymizing data, privacy is preserved while valuable insights are gained.

These technologies address privacy concerns in the age of big data and advanced analytics.

They comply with privacy regulations and build trust with user



Differential Privacy

- Adds privacy protection to data analysis.
- Injects controlled noise or randomness into aggregated data.
- Preserves individual privacy by making it difficult to identify specific contributions.
- Provides valuable statistical information while minimizing the risk of identifying individuals.
- Balances privacy and data utility.



Fly Faster with Federated Learning:

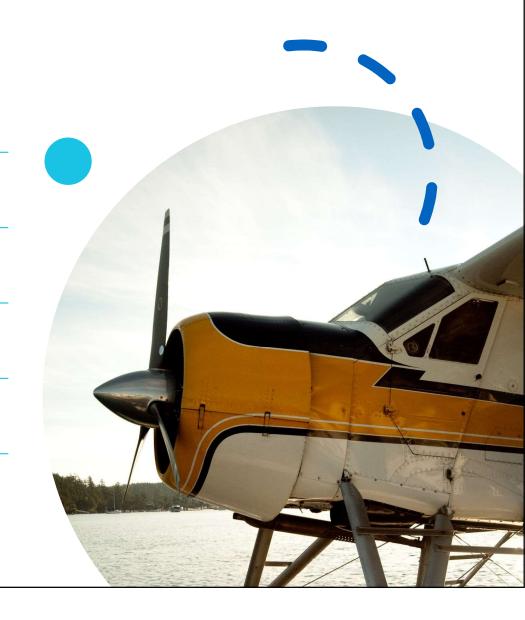
Decentralizes model training, keeping user data on their devices.

Models are trained directly on users' devices, without centralizing the data.

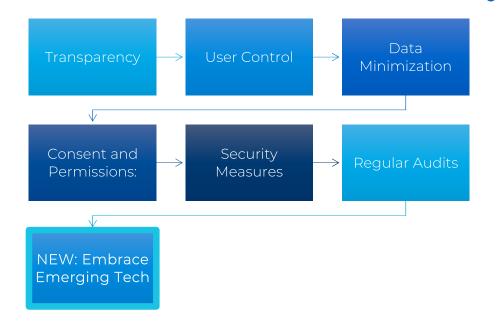
Local computations are performed, and only model updates are sent to the central server.

Reduces the risk of data breaches and enhances user control over data.

Enables insights from diverse data sources without directly accessing individual data.



6+1 Product Manager Priorities





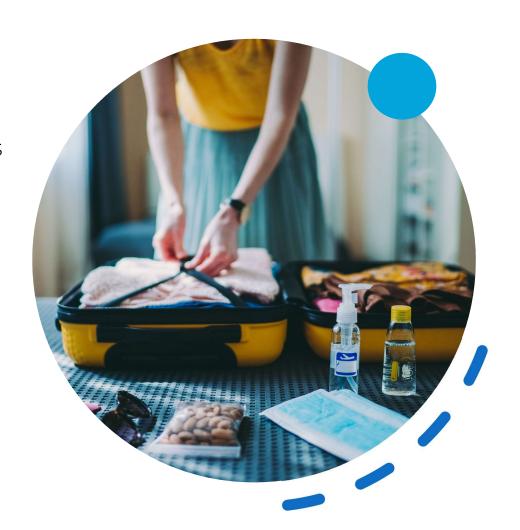
Developing A Product Roadmap, Emerging Tech

- Advanced Encryption Techniques
- Blockchain
 Technology
- Privacy-Preserving Al and ML Techniques



Unpack the Benefits

- Minimizes the risk of data breaches and unauthorized access.
- Gives users more control over their data and preserves their privacy.
- Allows for insights without directly accessing individual data.
- Complies with privacy regulations and builds trust with users.
- Facilitates privacy-conscious data analysis and decision-making



Questions