| Citation | Name of Method/ Technique | Fixation of Eyes | Suggestions For | Eyes Closed- Opened | Body/Physical relaxation | Physical Movements in Induction |
|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------|---|--|--|---|
| Braid (1843) | Nervous Sleep/ Neurypnology/ Neuro- hypnotism/ Monoideism | No (in alert induction) | Focused attention on one idea that causes excitement | Open/Closed | No | Extending limbs so they will speedily pass into a rigid state. Doubling heart's rate by inducing catalepsy. |
| Wells (1924) | Waking Hypnosis | No | Contractures of the hands, analgesia of the hand or arm | Closed in induction, then open | No | No |
| Brenman and Gill (1947) | Second Wells Technique | Yes | Focused attention in an object for eyes fixation. Challenge suggestion of eyes so tightly closed that cannot be opened. | Closed | No | No |
| Sumbaiev (1958) | Suggestion in Waking State | No | Fully oriented, increased sensitivity to hypnotist's words and under the influence of suggestions, lack of will. Focused attention on procedure. | Open | No | Subject sits or moves around the room. |
| Oetting (1964) | Training Concentration | Yes (in study materials) | Concentration, narrowing the attention. Ease and well-being. Head and arms can move freely to study, the rest of the body is comfortable but immobile. | Open | Yes, but active enough to study. | None |
| Ludwig and Lyle (1964) | Tension Technique | No | Increase of tension, sensory and motor stimulation, ideational activity, diminish comfort, focused attention and concentration (diffusion of attention). Become alert, excited, tense, more aware of things than ever before, attention spread out, become flooded with thoughts. | Open | No | Methods: • Walking • Spinning • Knee-Bends • Head-Rotation |
| Liebert et al. (1965) | SHSS:A-Based Activation Techniques | Yes | Alertness, attentiveness, blocking out distractions and performing tasks better than in normal state. | Open (only during induction, closed at the outset) | No | No |

TABLE 1 Historical Review of Alert-Active-Waking Hypnotic Induction Methods

(Continued)

| Citation | Name of Method/ Technique | Fixation of Eyes | Suggestions For | Eyes Closed- Opened | Body/Physical relaxation | Physical Movements in Induction |
|---------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|---|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---|
| Erickson (1967) | Hand Lifting Technique | No | Lifting and lowering the hands, going into the trance. | Open first, then closed | No (in the induction) | Lift the subject's hand to their face, closing eyelids. |
| Svoboda (1967) | Method of increasing the intensity of alert suggestions | Yes (In hypnotist's eyes) | Body swaying, hand clasping, hand lowering, arm stiffness. Alertness. Suggestions given in quick succession. Modification of Erickson's technique, lifting the dominant hand to the forehead. The higher the hand is, the more the body gets into a hypnotic state, but still he is not closing the eyes as in Erickson's method. | Open | No | Standing against the hypnotist. |
| Vingoe (1968, 1973) | Group technique induced by the alert hypnotic state (GAT) | Yes (in hand) | Heightening of mental alertness combined with deepening somatic relaxation. Readiness for any mental activity. Separation of mind and body. | Closed | Yes | Stretching and raising the hand. |
| Gibbons (1974, 1979) | Hyperempic induction procedure/ Hyperempiria | No | Increased alertness, mind expansion, enhanced awareness and sensitivity. | Closed | Yes | None |
| Bányai and Hilgard (1976) | Active Alert hypnotic induction | Look straight ahead | Alertness, attentiveness, and feelings of freshness. | Open | No | Riding a bicycle ergometer set for high resistance. |

TABLE 1 (Continued)

| Kratochvíl and Zezulka (1980) | Activation (Peripatetic) Induction Technique | No | Increased acuity, alertness, the onset of a waking hypnotic state, readiness to experience hypnotic suggestions. | Open | No | Walking following a line that has the shape of an eight. When this is automatic, the subject looks down only half the number drawn; and raises his head and looks around and while walking for the second half. After counting the left hand swings more and more until it finally touches the forehead and remains firmly attached to it. |
|-------------------------------------|---|-----|--|------|-----------------------|--|
| Robazza and Bortoli (1994) | Isomorphic Model | No | Alertness, focusing, readiness, and attention. Activating sensory channels. | Open | No (in alert part) | Sport practice (motor tasks required in the sport). |
| Wark (1996) | LEVER | Yes | Alertness, raising mental focus and relax the body. | Open | Yes | Tension exercises to facilitate physical relaxation. |
| Capafons (1998a, 1998b) | Valencia Model of Waking Hypnosis | No | Increased alertness, mind expansion, readiness to activate responses to hypnotic suggestions, strong perception of self-control. | Open | No | Waking-Alert or Alert- hand method: hand moves up and down. Rapid Self-hypnosis method: 3 steps: hand clasping, falling backward and heaviness of one hand. |