BYLAWS OF TRUMBAL TOWNHOMES HOMEOWNERS ASSOCIATION, INC.

ARTICLE I NAME, PRINCIPAL OFFICE AND DEFINITIONS

- 1.1 Name. The name of the corporation is Trumbal Townhomes Homeowners Association, Inc. (the "Association").
- 1.2 Principal Office. The principal office of the Association shall be located in Bexar County, Texas, or in such other county in Texas as the Board of Directors determines. The Association may have such other offices, either within or outside the State of Texas, as the Board of Directors may determine.
- 1.3 Definitions. Capitalized terms contained in these Bylaws (herein so called) that are not defined herein shall have the meaning given to such terms in the Declaration of Covenants, Conditions and Restrictions for Trumbal Townhomes Homeowners Association, Inc., recorded or to be recorded in the public land records of Bexar County, Texas, as it may be amended from time to time (the "Declaration"), which definitions are incorporated herein by this reference.

ARTICLE II ASSOCIATION; MEMBERSHIP AND MEETINGS

- 2.1 Membership. Each Owner of a Lot is a mandatory Member of the Association.
- 2.2 Place of Meetings. Meetings of the Association shall be held at the principal office of the Association or at such other suitable place convenient to the Members as may be designated by the Board of Directors.
- 2.3 Annual Meetings. The first meeting of the Association, whether regular or special meeting, shall be held within one year from the date of incorporation of the Association. Subsequent regular annual meetings shall be held on the same day of the same month of each year thereafter at the hour of 4 p.m. unless otherwise determined by the Board of Directors. If the date for the annual meeting of the Members is a legal holiday, the meeting will be held at the same hour on the first day following such day which is not a legal holiday.
- 2.4 Special Meetings. The President may call special meetings. In addition, it shall be the duty of the President to call a special meeting if so directed by resolution of the Board of Directors or upon a petition signed by Members representing at least 10% of the total votes of all Members. No business except as stated in the notice shall be transacted at a special meeting of the Members.
- 2.5 Notice of Meetings. Written or printed notice stating the place, day and hour of any meeting of the Members shall be delivered, either personally or by mail, to an Owner of each Lot entitled to vote at such meeting, not less than 10 nor more than 60 days before the date of such meeting, by or at the direction of the President or the Secretary or the officers or persons calling the meeting. In the case of a special meeting or when otherwise required by statute or these Bylaws, the purpose or purposes for which the meeting is called shall be stated in the notice. No business shall be transacted at a special meeting except as stated in the notice. If mailed, the notice of a

meeting shall be deemed to be delivered when deposited in the United States mail addressed to the Member at his or her address as it appears on the records of the Association, with postage prepaid. If an election or vote of the Members will occur outside of a meeting of the Members (i.e., by absentee or electronic ballot), then the Association shall provide notice to each Member no later than the 20th day before the latest date on which a ballot may be submitted to be counted.

- 2.6 Voting. The voting rights of the Members shall be as set forth in the Declaration and in these Bylaws, and such voting rights provisions are specifically incorporated herein by this reference. Any provision in the Association's governing documents that would disqualify an Owner from voting in an Association election of the Board of Directors or on any matter concerning the rights or responsibilities of the Owner is void.
- 2.7 Manner of Voting. At all meetings of Members, each Member may vote: (i) in person (or if a corporation, partnership or trust, through any officer, director, partner or trustee duly authorized to act on behalf of the Member); (ii) by proxy; or (iii) by absentee ballot or by electronic ballot (to the extent electronic voting is offered for a given matter submitted to a vote of the Members), subject to the requirements and limitations of Texas law regarding each such method of voting, including those set forth in Section 209.00592 of the Texas Property Code or any successor statute. Votes shall be cast as provided in this Section:
 - A. Proxies. All proxies shall be in writing specifying the Lot(s) for which it is given, signed by the Member or its duly authorized attorney-in-fact, dated and filed with the Secretary of the Association prior to any meeting for which it is to be effective. Unless otherwise specifically provided for in the proxy, a proxy shall be presumed to cover all votes which the Member giving such proxy is entitled to cast, and in the event of any conflict between two or more proxies purporting to cover the same voting rights, the later dated proxy shall prevail, or if dated as of the same date, both shall be deemed invalid. Every proxy shall be revocable and shall automatically cease upon: (a) conveyance of any lot for which it is given, (b) receipt of notice by the Secretary of the death or judicially declared incompetence of either the proxy holder or the Member giving such proxy (who is a natural person), (c) written revocation, or (d) the expiration of 11 months from the date of the proxy, unless a shorter or longer period is specified in the proxy.
 - B. Absentee and Electronic Ballots. An absentee or electronic ballot:
 - (1) may be counted as an Owner present and voting for the purpose of establishing a quorum only for items appearing on the ballot:
 - (2) may not be counted, even if properly delivered, if the Owner attends any meeting to vote in person, so that any vote cast at a meeting by an Owner supersedes any vote submitted by absentee or electronic ballot previously submitted for that proposal; and (3) may not be counted on the final vote of a proposal if the proposal was amended at the meeting to be different from the exact language on the absentee or electronic ballot. For the purposes of this Section, a nomination taken from the floor in a Board member election is not considered an amendment to the proposal for the election.
 - (i) Absentee Ballots. No absentee ballot shall be valid unless it is in writing, signed by the Member for which it is given or his or her duly authorized attorney-in-fact, dated, and filed with the Secretary of the Association prior to the meeting for which it is to be effective. Absentee

ballots shall be valid only for the specific meeting for which given and for lawful adjournments of such meeting. In no event shall an absentee ballot be valid after the specific meeting or lawful adjournment of such meeting at which such ballot is counted or upon conveyance of the Lot for which it was given. Any solicitation for votes by absentee ballot must include:

- a. an absentee ballot that contains each proposed action and provides an opportunity to vote for or against each proposed action;
- b. instructions for delivery of the completed absentee ballot, including the delivery location; and
- c. the following language: "By casting your vote via absentee ballot you will forgo the opportunity to consider and vote on any action from the floor on these proposals, if a meeting is held. This means that if there are amendments to these proposals your votes will not be counted on the final vote on these measures. If you desire to retain this ability, please attend any meeting in person. You may submit an absentee ballot and later choose to attend any meeting in person, in which case any in-person vote will prevail."
- (ii) Electronic Ballots. "Electronic ballot" means a ballot: (a) given by email, facsimile or posting on a website; (b) for which the identity of Owner submitting the ballot can be confirmed; and (c) for which the Owner may receive a receipt of the electronic transmission and receipt of the Owner's ballot. If an electronic ballot is posted on a website, a notice of the posting shall be sent to each Owner that contains instructions on obtaining access to the posting on the website.
- 2.8 Tabulation of and Access to Ballots. A person who is a candidate in an Association election or who is otherwise the subject of an Association vote, or a person related to that person within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity may not tabulate or otherwise be given access to the ballots cast in that election or vote except such person may be given access to the ballots cast in the election or vote as part of a recount process. A person tabulating votes in an Association election or vote or who performs a recount pursuant to Section 2.9 may not disclose to any other person how an individual voted. Notwithstanding any provision of these Bylaws to the contrary, only a person who tabulates votes pursuant to this Section or performs a recount pursuant to Section 2.9 shall be given access to any Association ballots.
- 2.9 Recount of Votes. Any Member (the "Recount Requesting Member") may, not later than the fifteenth (15th) day after the later of the date of any meeting of Members at which an election or vote was held, or the date of the announcement of the results of the election or vote, require a recount of the votes (the "Recount Request"). A Recount Request must be submitted in writing either: (i) by any method of mailing for which evidence of mailing is provided by the United States Postal Service or a common carrier, with signature confirmation service to the Association's mailing address as reflected on the latest management certificate; or (ii) in person to the Association's managing agent as reflected on the latest management certificate or to the address to which absentee and proxy ballots are mailed. The Recount Requesting Member shall be required to pay, in advance, expenses associated with the recount as estimated by the Association, pursuant to subsection (a) below.

- Cost of Recount. Unless otherwise provided by Texas law, the Association shall estimate the costs for performing the recount by a person qualified to tabulate votes under subsection (b), and no later than the 20th day after the date the Association receives the Recount Request, shall send an invoice for the estimated costs (the "Initial Recount Invoice") to the Recount Requesting Member at the Recount Requesting Member's last known address according to the Association's records. The Recount Requesting Member must pay the Initial Recount Invoice in full to the Association on or before the 30th day after the date the Initial Recount Invoice was delivered to the Recount Requesting Member (the "Deadline"). If the Initial Recount Invoice is not paid by the Recount Requesting Member by the Deadline, the Recount Requesting Member's Recount Request shall be considered withdrawn and the Association shall not be required to perform a recount. If the Initial Recount Invoice is paid by the Recount Requesting Member by the Deadline, then on or before the 30t h day after the date of receipt of payment of the Invoice, the recount must be completed, and the Association must provide each Recount Requesting Member with notice of the results of the recount. If the recount changes the results of the election, the Association shall reimburse the Recount Requesting Member for the cost of the recount not later than the 30t h day after the date the results of the recount are provided. If the recount does not change the results of the election, and the estimated costs included on the Initial Recount Invoice are either lesser or greater than the actual costs of the recount, the Association shall send a final invoice (the "Final Recount Invoice") to the Recount Requesting Member on or before the 30th business day after the date the results of the recount are provided. If the Final Recount Invoice reflects that additional amounts are owed by the Recount Requesting Member, the Recount Requesting Member shall remit such additional amounts to the Association immediately. Any additional amounts not paid to the Association by the Recount Requesting Member before the 30t h business day after the date the Final Recount Invoice is sent may be charged as a specific assessment against the Recount Requesting Member. If the costs estimated in the Initial Recount Invoice costs exceed the amount reflected in the Final Recount Invoice, then the Recount Requesting Member shall be entitled to a refund, which such refund shall be paid at the time the Final Recount Invoice is delivered pursuant to this Section.
- (b) Vote Tabulator. Following receipt of payment of the Initial Recount Invoice, the Association shall retain for the purpose of performing the recount, the services of a person qualified to tabulate votes. The Association shall enter into a contract for the services of a person who: (i) is not a Member of the Association or related to a Member of the Association Board within the third degree by consanguinity or affinity; and (ii) is either a person agreed on by the Association and each person requesting a recount or is a current or former county judge, county elections administrator, justice of the peace or county voter registrar.
- (c) Board Action. Any action taken by the Board in the period between the initial election vote tally and the completion of the recount is not affected by any recount.
- 2.10 Quorum Adjournment. Except as provided in these Bylaws or in the Declaration, the presence, in person or by proxy, absentee ballot or electronic voting of Members representing 20% or greater of the total votes in the Association shall constitute a quorum at all meetings of the Association. If, however, such quorum shall not be present or represented at any meeting, the Members present at the meeting that are entitled to vote shall have the power to adjourn the meeting from time to time, without notice other than announcement at the meeting, until a quorum as stated above is present or represented.

2.11 Action Without a Meeting. To the fullest extent permitted under applicable law, any action required or permitted by law to be taken at a meeting of the Members may be taken without a meeting, without notice and without a vote, if written consent specifically authorizing the proposed action is signed by Members holding at least the minimum number of votes necessary to authorize such action at a meeting if all Members entitled to vote thereon were present. Such consents shall be signed within 90 days of the earliest date that a notice regarding such consent is delivered by the Association, which date shall be designated in the notices. Such consents shall be filed with the minutes of the Association, and shall have the same force and effect as a vote of the Members at a meeting. For votes taken by written consent as provided above, the date specified in the notice as the ownership date, which date shall not be more than 20 days prior to the date the notices are sent, shall be the date used for determining the ownership of the lot for the written consent voting purposes. Within 10 days after receiving authorization for any action by written consent, the Secretary shall give written notice to all Members entitled to vote who did not give their written consent, fairly summarizing the material features of the authorized action.

ARTICLE III BOARD OF DIRECTORS

- 3.1 Governing Body; Composition. The affairs of the Association shall be governed by a Board of Directors, each of whom shall have one equal vote. Except with respect to directors appointed by Declarant, the directors shall be Members. In the case of a Member which is not a natural person, any officer, director, partner, employee or trust officer of such Member shall be eligible to serve as a director unless otherwise specified by written notice to the Association signed by such Member, provided that no Member may have more than one such representative on the Board of Directors at a time, except for the Declarant.
- 3.2 Number of Directors. The Board of Directors shall consist of 3 directors, as provided herein and as determined by the Board of Directors. The initial Board of Directors shall consist of 3 directors as identified in the Certificate of Formation.
- 3.3 Directors During Development Period. During the Development Period, except as provided in the following sentence, all directors shall be selected and removed by Declarant acting in its sole discretion and shall serve at the pleasure of the Declarant. Within 120 days after the date that 75% of the maximum number of Lots that may be subjected to the Declaration have been conveyed to Owners other than Declarant or a Builder, the President of the Association shall hold a meeting of the Members of the Association (the "Initial Member Election Meeting") where the Members will elect one (1) director, for a one (1) year term ("First Member Elected Director"). Declarant will continue to appoint and remove two-thirds of the Board after the Initial Member Election Meeting until the expiration or termination of the Development Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the First Member Elected Director's position will expire as of the date of the Member Election Meeting (as defined below).
- 3.4 Directors After Development Period. Following expiration of the Development Period, the directors shall be nominated and elected as follows:
 - (a) Nomination Procedures. Prior to each election, the Board of Directors shall prescribe the opening date and the closing date of a reasonable filing period in which each and every eligible person under Section 3.4(/) who has a bona fide interest in serving as a director may file as a candidate for any position. The Board of Directors shall also establish such other rules and regulations as it deems appropriate to conduct the nomination of directors in a fair, efficient and cost-effective manner. Any solicitations of

candidates shall be made pursuant to subsection (b). Nominations from the floor shall also be permitted.

- (b) Solicitation of Candidate for Election to the Board. At least thirty (30) days before the date an Association disseminates absentee ballots or other ballots to Members for the purpose of voting in a Board election, the Association shall provide notice (the "Solicitation Notice") of the election to the Members. The Solicitation Notice shall: (a) solicit candidates that are eligible under Section 3.4(/) and interested in running for a position on the Board; (b) state that an eligible candidate has fifteen (15) days to respond to the Solicitation Notice and request to be placed on the ballot; and (c) must be: (1) mailed to each Member; (2) e-mailed to each Member that has registered their e-mail address with the Association; or (3) posted in a conspicuous manner reasonably designed to provide notice to Members, such as: (i) within the Common Area or, with the Member's consent, on other conspicuously located privately owned property within the subdivision; or (ii) on any website maintained by the Association or other internet media.
- (c) Nominating Committee. Nominations for election to the Board of Directors may also be made by a nominating committee. The nominating committee, if any, shall consist of a Chairperson, who shall be a member of the Board of Directors, and 3 or more Members or representatives of Members. The then current Board of Directors shall appoint the members of the nominating committee not less than 30 days before the date an Association disseminates absentee ballots or other ballots to Members for the purpose of voting in a Board to serve a term of one year and until their successors are appointed. The nominating committee may make as many nominations for election to the Board of Directors as it shall in its discretion determine. In making the nominations, the nominating committee shall use reasonable efforts to nominate candidates representing the diversity which exists within the pool of potential candidates. Prior to the election, each candidate shall be given a reasonable, uniform opportunity to communicate his or her qualifications to the Members and to solicit votes.
- (d) Election and Term. At the expiration or termination of the Development Period, the then current Board of Directors will call a meeting of the Members of the Association where the Declarant appointed directors will resign and the Members, including Declarant, will elect new directors (to replace all Declarant appointed directors and the First Member Elected Director) (the "Member Election Meeting). The number of directors to be elected at such meeting shall be determined by the then current Board of Directors. Upon the expiration of the term of office of each director elected by the Members, a successor shall be elected to serve a term of 1 year, unless the Board of Directors decides to allow one or more of the directors to be elected to serve for a term of 2 years. Unless removed as provided herein, the directors shall hold office until their respective successors shall be elected.
- (e) Election Procedures. Each Owner may cast the entire vote assigned to his or her Lot for each position to be filled. There shall be no cumulative voting. That number of candidates equal to the number of positions to be filled receiving the greatest number of votes shall be elected. Directors may be elected to serve any number of consecutive terms,
- (f) Eligibility. Each director, other than directors appointed by Declarant, shall be a Member and resident, or in the case of corporation, partnership, or other entity ownership of a Lot, a duly authorized agent or representative of the corporation, the partnership, or other entity

which owns a Lot. The corporation, partnership, or other entity Owner shall be designated as the director in all correspondence or other documentation setting forth the names of the directors. Other than as set forth in this subparagraph (f), the Association may not restrict an Owner's right to run for a position on the Board.

- (g) Removal. Subject to the right of Declarant to nominate and appoint directors as set forth in Section 3.3 of these Bylaws, any director elected by the Members may be removed, with or without cause, by a 40% or greater vote of all outstanding votes entitled to be cast in the Association. Any director whose removal is sought shall be given notice prior to any meeting called for that purpose. Upon removal of a director, a successor shall be elected by the Members to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the term of such director. Any director who has 3 or more consecutive unexcused absences from the Board of Directors meetings, or who after notice and hearing is held to be in violation of the Declaration, may be removed by a majority of the other directors present at a regular or special meeting at which a quorum is present, in which event a successor shall be elected by the Members to fill the vacancy for the remainder of the term of such director. In the event of death, disability or resignation of a director, the Board of Directors may declare a vacancy and appoint a successor to fill the vacancy until the next annual meeting, at which time the Members shall elect a successor for the remainder of the term.
- 3.5 Compensation. Directors shall not receive any compensation from the Association for acting as such. Any director may be reimbursed for expenses incurred on behalf of the Association upon approval of a majority of the other directors. Nothing herein shall prohibit the Association from compensating a director, or any entity with which a director is affiliated, for services or supplies furnished to the Association in a capacity other than as a director pursuant to a contract or agreement with the Association, provided that such director's interest was made known to the Board of Directors prior to entering into such contract and such contract was approved by a majority of the Board of Directors, excluding the interested director.
- 3.6 Meetings of the Board of Directors.
 - (a) Regular Meetings. Regular meetings of the Board of Directors may be held at such time and place as a majority of the directors shall determine, but at least one (1) such meeting shall be held during each fiscal year. Notice of each regular meeting of the Board of Directors shall be provided to all Members the extent required by, and in accordance with the provisions of Section 209.0051 of the Texas Property Code and Chapter 22 of the Texas Business Organizations Code, or any successor statute.
 - (b) Special Meetings. Special meetings of the Board of Directors shall be held when called by the President or Vice President or by any 2 directors. Notice of each special meeting of the Board of Directors shall be provided to all Members the extent required by, and in accordance with the provisions of, Section 209.0051 of the Texas Property Code and Chapter 22 of the Texas Business Organizations Code, or any successor statute.
 - (c) Notice of Board Meetings. When notice of a meeting of the Board of Directors is required hereby or by applicable law, such notice shall be given in accordance with the requirements set forth in Chapter 209 of the Texas Property Code and Chapter 22 of the Texas Business Organizations Code, or any successor statute.
 - (d) Telephone and Electronic Meetings. A Board meeting may be held by telephone or electronic methods provided that: (1) each Board member may hear and be heard by

every other Board member; (2) except for any portion of the meeting conducted in executive session: (i) all Members in attendance at the meeting may hear all Board members; and (ii) any Members are allowed to listen using any electronic or telephonic communication method used or expected to be used by a participating Board member at the same meeting; and (3) the notice of the Board meeting provides instructions to the Members on how to access the electronic or telephonic communication method used in the meeting. Participation in such a meeting constitutes presence in person at the meeting, except where a person participates in the meeting for the express purpose of objecting to the transaction of any business on the ground that the meeting is not lawfully called or convened.

- (e) Alternative Methods of Meeting (Including Action by Written Consent) Without Prior Notice to Members. Notwithstanding subsection 3.6(c) above, and to the fullest extent permitted under Chapter 209 of the Texas Property Code or any successor statute (but subject to the limitations set forth therein), the Board may take action outside a meeting, including voting by electronic or telephonic means, without prior notice to the Members if each Board member is given a reasonable opportunity (i) to express his or her opinions to all other Board members and (i) to vote. Any action taken without notice to Members must be summarized orally, including an explanation of any known actual or estimated expenditures approved at the meeting, and documented in the minutes of the next regular or special Board meeting. The Board may not, unless done in an open meeting for which prior notice was given to the Members, consider or vote on: (a) fines; (b) damage assessments; (c) the initiation of foreclosure actions; (d) the initiation of enforcement actions, excluding temporary restraining orders or violations involving a threat to health or safety; (e) increases in assessments; (f) levying of special assessments; (g) appeals from a denial of architectural control approval; (h) a suspension of a right of a particular Member before the Member has an opportunity to attend a Board meeting to present the Member's position, including any defense, on the issue; (i) the lending or borrowing of money; (j) the adoption of any amendment of a dedicatory instrument; (k) the approval of an annual budget or the approval of an amendment of an annual budget that increases the budget by more than 10 percent (10%); (I) the sale or purchase of real property; (m) the filling of a vacancy on the Board; (n) the construction of capital improvements other than the repair, replacement, or enhancement of existing capital improvements; or (o) the election of an officer
- (f) Quorum of Board of Directors. At all meetings of the Board of Directors, a majority of the directors shall constitute a quorum for the transaction of business, and the votes of a majority of the directors present at a meeting at which a quorum is present shall constitute the decision of the Board of Directors, unless otherwise specified in these Bylaws or the Declaration. A meeting at which a quorum is initially present may continue to transact business, notwithstanding the withdrawal of directors, if any action taken is approved by at least a majority of the required quorum for that meeting.
- (g) Open Meetings. All board meetings (as defined by Texas Property Code Section 209.0051(b)) of the Board of Directors shall be open to all Members, but Members other than directors may not participate in any discussion or deliberation unless permission to speak is requested on his or her behalf by a director. In such case, the President may limit the time any Member may speak. Notwithstanding the above, the President may adjourn any meeting of the Board of Directors and reconvene in closed executive session to consider actions involving personnel, pending or threatened litigation, contract negotiations, enforcement actions, confidential communications with the Association's

attorney, matters involving the invasion of privacy of Members, or matters that are to remain confidential at the request of the affected parties and agreement of the Board of Directors, and as otherwise permitted under applicable law. Following an executive session, any decision made in the executive session must be summarized orally and placed in the minutes, in general terms, without breaching the privacy of individual Members, violating any privilege, or disclosing information that was to remain confidential at the request of the affected parties. The oral summary must include a general explanation of expenditures approved in executive session.

- (h) Board Action during Development Period. Notwithstanding any other provision in these Bylaws and the Restrictions to the contrary, pursuant to Chapter of the Texas Property Code, during the Development Period (as defined in the Declaration) the Board may take action by unanimous written consent in lieu of a meeting. Unanimous written consent occurs if all directors individually or collectively consent in writing to a Board action. The written consent must be filed with the minutes of Board meetings. Action by written consent shall be in lieu of a meeting and has the same force and effect as a unanimous vote of the directors. As set forth in Chapter 209 of the Texas Property Code, directors may not vote by unanimous written consent if the directors are considering any of the following actions: (a) adopting or amending the Restrictions (i.e., declarations, bylaws, rules, and regulations); (b) increasing the amount of Annual Assessments of the Association or adopting or increasing a Special Assessment; (c) electing non- Declarant Board members or establishing a process by which those members are elected; or (d) changing the voting rights of Members.
- 3.7 Powers of Directors. The Board of Directors shall have all of the powers and duties necessary for the administration of the affairs and operation of the Association and for the operation and maintenance of the Property as may be required or permitted by the Declaration, these Bylaws, the Certificate of Formation and Texas law. The Association, acting through the Board of Directors, may do any and all things that are lawful and which are necessary, proper, or desirable in operating for the best interests of its Members, subject only to the limitations upon the exercise of such powers as are expressly set forth in the Declaration, the Certificate of Formation or these Bylaws.
- 3.8 Duties of Directors. The powers and duties of the Board of Directors shall include, without limitation:
 - (a) preparing and adopting, in accordance with the Declaration, an annual budget establishing each Owner's share of the Common Expenses, and determining the amount(s) of all assessments;
 - (b) levying and collecting such assessments from the Owners;
 - (c) providing for the operation, care, upkeep and maintenance of the Common Maintenance Areas;
 - (d) designating, hiring, and dismissing the personnel necessary to carry out the rights and responsibilities of the Association and where appropriate, providing for the compensation of such personnel and for the purchase of equipment, supplies and materials to be used by such personnel in the performance of their duties;

- (e) depositing all funds received on behalf of the Association in appropriate bank accounts or in other accounts approved by the Board of Directors, and using such funds to operate the Association; provided, any reserve funds may be deposited, in the Board of Directors' good faith best business judgment, in depositories other than banks;
- (f) making, amending and enforcing policies, resolutions, rules and regulations governing the administration and operation of the Association, including but not limited to, policies and procedures regarding the application of payments for assessments, late charges, interest, costs of collection (including, but not limited to, attorneys' fees), fines and any and all other charges received from Owners;
- (g) opening the bank accounts on behalf of the Association and designating the signatories required;
- (h) making or contracting for the making of repairs, additions and improvements to or alterations of the Common Maintenance Areas in accordance with the Declaration and these Bylaws;
- (i) enforcing the provisions of the Declaration and any rules or standards developed pursuant to the Declaration, the Certificate of Formation and/or these Bylaws, and bringing any legal proceedings which may be instituted on behalf of or against the Owners concerning the Association; provided, the Association's obligation in this regard shall be conditioned in the manner provided in the Declaration;
- (j) obtaining and carrying insurance as provided in the Declaration, paying the cost thereof, and filing and adjusting claims, as appropriate;
- (k) paying the cost of all services rendered to the Association;
- (I) keeping books with detailed accounts of the receipts and expenditures of the Association;
- (m) taking such actions as contemplated by the Board of Directors in the Declaration, these Bylaws and/or the Certificate of Formation;
- (n) permitting utility suppliers to use portions of the Common Area reasonably necessary to the ongoing development or operation of the Property; and
- (o) indemnifying a director, officer or committee member, or former director, officer or committee member of the Association or any agent, contractor or management company of the Association to the extent such indemnity is required or permitted under Texas law, the Certificate of Formation or the Declaration.
- 3.9 Borrowing. The Association shall have the power to borrow money for any legal purpose; provided. however. that during the Development Period, the Board of Directors shall obtain Declarant approval if the total amount of such borrowing, together with all other debt incurred within the previous 12-month period, exceeds or would exceed 10% of the budgeted gross expenses of the Association for that fiscal year.

ARTICLE IV OFFICERS

- 4.1 Officers. The officers of the Association shall be a President, Vice President, Secretary and Treasurer. The President and Secretary shall be elected from among the members of the Board of Directors; other officers may, but need not be members of the Board of Directors. Any two or more offices may be held by the same person, except for the offices of President and Secretary.
- 4.2 Election of Officers. The initial officers of the Association are identified on the signature page of these Bylaws. Hereafter, the election of officers shall take place at the first meeting of the Board of Directors following each annual meeting of the Members.
- 4.3 Term. The officers of the Association shall be elected annually by the Board of Directors and each shall hold office for 1 year, unless he or she shall sooner resign, or shall be removed, or otherwise be disqualified to serve.
- 4.4 Special Appointments. The Board of Directors may elect such other officers as the affairs of the Association may require, each of whom shall hold office for such period, have such authority and perform such duties as the Board of Directors may, from time to time, determine.
- 4.5 Resignation and Removal. Any officer may be removed from office, with or without cause, by the Board of Directors. Any officer may resign at any time by giving written notice to the Board of Directors, the President or the Secretary. Such resignation shall take effect on the date of receipt of such notice or at any later time specified therein, and unless otherwise specified therein, the acceptance of such resignation shall not be necessary to make it effective.
- 4.6 Vacancies. A vacancy in any office may be filled by appointment by the Board of Directors. The officer appointed to such vacancy shall serve for the remainder of the term of the officer he or she replaces.
- 4.7 Powers and Duties. The officers of the Association shall each have such powers and duties as generally pertain to their respective offices, as well as such powers and duties as may specifically be conferred or imposed by the Board of Directors, including, without limitation, the following:
 - (a) President. The President shall be the chief executive officer of the Association. The President shall preside at all meetings of the Board of Directors and the Members and shall see that orders and resolutions of the Board of Directors are carried out.
 - (b) Vice President. The Vice President shall act in place and stead of the President in the event of his or her absence, inability or refusal to act, and shall exercise and discharge such other duties as may be required of him or her by the Board of Directors.
 - (c) Secretary. The Secretary shall record the votes and keep the minutes of all meetings and proceedings of the Board of Directors and of the Members; serve notice of meetings of the Board of Directors and of the Members; keep appropriate current records showing the Members of the Association together with their addresses; and shall perform such other duties as required by the Board of Directors.

- (d) Treasurer. The Treasurer shall receive and deposit, in appropriate bank accounts or in other accounts approved by the Board of Directors, all monies of the Association and shall disburse such funds as directed by resolution of the Board of Directors; sign all checks of the Association; keep proper books of account; cause an annual audit of the Association books to be made by a public accountant at the completion of each fiscal year; and shall prepare an annual budget and a statement of income and expenditures to be presented to the membership at its regular annual meeting and deliver a copy of each to the Members.
- 4.8 Authorized Agents. Except when the Declaration, these Bylaws or the Certificate of Formation require execution of certain instruments by certain individuals, the Board of Directors may authorize any person to execute instruments on behalf of the Association. In the absence of such Board of Directors' resolution, the President, Secretary and Treasurer are the only persons authorized to execute instruments on behalf of the Association. However, only the President and/or Secretary shall have the authority to sign a mortgage or deed of trust relating to the Common Area.

ARTICLE V ASSOCIATION MATTERS

- 5.1 Committees. The Board of Directors may appoint such committees as it deems appropriate to perform such tasks and to serve for such periods as the Board of Directors may designate by resolution. Each committee shall operate in accordance with the terms of such resolution.
- 5.2 Management. The Board of Directors may employ for the Association a professional management agent or agents at such compensation as the Board of Directors may establish, to perform such duties and services as the Board of Directors shall authorize. The Board of Directors may delegate such powers as are necessary to perform the manager's assigned duties, but shall not delegate policymaking authority. The Board of Directors may delegate to one of its members the authority to act on behalf of the Board of Directors on all matters relating to the duties of the managing agent or manager, if any, which might arise between meetings of the Board of Directors.
- 5.3 Right to Contract. The Association shall have the right to contract with any person or entity for the performance of various duties and functions. This right shall include, without limitation, the right to enter into management, operational or other agreements with other persons or entities; provided, any such agreement shall require approval of the Board of Directors.
- 5.4 Accounting Standards. The following management standards of performance shall be followed unless the Board of Directors by resolution specifically determines otherwise: (a) accrual accounting, as defined by generally accepted accounting principles, shall be employed; (b) accounting and controls should conform to generally accepted accounting principles; (c) cash accounts of the Association shall not be commingled with any other accounts; (d) no remuneration shall be accepted by the managing agent from vendors, independent contractors or others providing goods or services to the Association, whether in the form of commissions, finder's fees, service fees, prizes, gifts or otherwise; anything of value received shall benefit the Association; and (e) any financial or other interest which the managing agent may have in any firm providing goods or services to the Association shall be disclosed promptly to the Board of Directors.
- 5.5 Accounting Reports. Unless the Board of Directors by resolution specifically determines otherwise, the Board of Directors shall obtain the following reports:

- (a) Quarterly Reports. Commencing at the end of the quarter in which the first Lot with a Dwelling thereon is conveyed, financial reports shall be prepared for the Association at least quarterly containing (i) an income statement reflecting all income and expense activity for the preceding period on an accrual basis; (ii) a variance report reflecting the status of all accounts in an actual versus approved budget format; (iii) a balance sheet as of the last day of the preceding period; and (iv) a delinquency report listing all Owners who are delinquent in paying any assessment at the time of the report and describing the status of any action to collect such assessments which remain delinquent.
- (b) Annual Reports. An annual report consisting of at least the following, which shall be made available to all Members within 6 months after the close of the fiscal year: (i) a balance sheet; (ii) an operating (income) statement; and (iii) a statement of changes in financial position for the fiscal year. Such annual report may be prepared on an audited, reviewed or compiled basis, as the Board of Directors determines, by an independent public accountant.
- 5.6 Enforcement of Declaration. The Association shall have the power, as provided in the Declaration and in accordance with all applicable laws, regulations, rules and statutes, including but not limited to the Fine and Enforcement Policy adopted by the Board, to impose sanctions for any violation of any provision under the Restrictions.

ARTICLE VI ASSESSMENTS

As more fully provided in the Declaration, each Member is obligated to pay to the Association annual and special assessment (and specific assessments if applicable) which are secured by a continuing lien upon the Lot against which the assessment is made. If an assessment is not paid as provided in the Declaration, then the Association shall be entitled to the remedies provided in the Restrictions.

ARTICLE VII AMENDMENTS

Amendment by Declarant or Board of Directors. During the Development Period and subject to any applicable provisions in the Declaration, the Declarant may amend these Bylaws without approval of the Board of Directors or any Members. In addition, after the expiration of the Development Period, Declarant or the Board of Directors may amend these Bylaws if such amendment (a) is necessary to bring any provision into compliance with any applicable governmental statutes, rule, regulation or judicial determination; (b) is necessary to comply with the requirements of the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation, the Federal National Mortgage Association, the U.S. Department of Veterans Affairs, the U.S. Department of Housing and Urban Development or any other applicable governmental agency or secondary mortgage market entity; (c) is necessary to clarify or to correct technical, typographical or scrivener's errors; or (d) any other purpose: provided, however, that any such amendment must not have a material adverse effect upon any right of any Owner.

- 7.2 Amendment by Members. Except as provided above, these Bylaws may be amended only by the affirmative vote of at least 67% of all outstanding votes of the Members entitled to be cast and written consent by the Declarant during the Development Period. Notwithstanding the foregoing, the percentage of votes of the Members necessary to amend a specific clause of these Bylaws shall not be less than the prescribed percentage of affirmative votes required for action to be taken under that clause.
- 7.3 Validity and Effective Date of Amendments. Amendments to these Bylaws shall become effective upon the date of the amendment, unless a different date is specified in the amendment. Any procedural challenge to an amendment must be made within 3 months of its recordation or such amendment shall be presumed to have been validly adopted. In no event shall a change of conditions or circumstances operate to amend any provisions of these Bylaws.

ARTICLE VIII MISCELLANEOUS

- 8.1 Fiscal Year. The fiscal year of the Association shall be determined by the Board of Directors. If the Board of Directors fails to adopt a certain fiscal year, then until the Board of Directors adopts a specific fiscal year the fiscal year shall be January 1st to December 31st of every year, except that the first fiscal year shall begin on the date of incorporation of the Association.
- 8.2 Conflicts. In the event of any conflict between the Certificate of Formation and these Bylaws, the Certificate of Formation shall control; and in the event of any conflict between the Declaration and these Bylaws, the Declaration shall control.
- 8.3 Books and Records.
 - (a) Inspection by Members. The Board of Directors shall make the books and records of the Association available for inspection and copying by any Member, or the duly appointed representative of any Member, in accordance with the requirements of Section 209.005 of the Texas Property Code or any successor statute.
 - (b) Rules of Inspection. Except to the extent expressly prohibited by applicable law, the Board of Directors may establish reasonable rules with respect to: (i) notice to be given to the custodian of the records; (ii) hours and days of the week when such an inspection may be made; and (iii) payment of the cost of reproducing copies of documents requested.
 - (c) Inspection by Directors. Every director shall have the absolute right at any reasonable time to inspect all books, records and documents of the Association and the physical property owned or controlled by the Association. The right of inspection by a director includes the right to make a copy of relevant documents at the expense of the Association.
- 8.4 Registered Agent. Notwithstanding anything to the contrary contained in the Certificate of Formation, if Declarant or any officer or employee of Declarant was designated as the registered agent of the Association, then, effective automatically upon the expiration of the Development Period, if such registered agent has not theretofore resigned or been replaced, such registered agent shall be deemed to have resigned as registered agent of the Association effective as of the expiration of the Development Period, and the new Board of Directors elected pursuant to Section 3.4 above shall immediately designate and appoint a new registered agent for the Association. In

no event shall Declarant or any officer or employee of Declarant who was designated as the registered agent of the Association have any obligations to the Association or any of its directors, officers, employees or Members after the expiration of the Development Period.

8.5 Notices. Except as otherwise provided in the Declaration or these Bylaws, all notices, demands, bills, statements and other communications under the Declaration or these Bylaws shall be in writing and shall be given personally or by mail. Notices that are mailed shall be deemed to have been duly given 3 days after deposit, unless such mail service can prove receipt at an earlier date. Owners shall maintain one mailing address for a Lot, which address shall be used by the Association for mailing of notices, statements and demands. If an Owner fails to maintain a current mailing address for a lot with the Association, then the address of that Owner's Lot is deemed to be such Owner's mailing address. If a Lot is owned by more than one person or entity, then notice to one co-owner is deemed notice to all co-owners. Attendance by a Member or director at any meeting shall constitute waiver of notice by the Member or director of the time, place and purpose of the meeting, Written waiver of notice of a meeting, either before or after a meeting, of the Members or directors shall be deemed the equivalent of proper notice.

IN WITNESS WHEREOF, we being all of the members of the Board of Directors of the Association hereby adopt these Bylaws effective as of the latest date set forth below.

Executed this

day of

, 2019.

President: Bo Broll

Vice President: Brooke Broll

Secretary and Treasurer: Homer Rios