

AIR-COOLED SCROLL CHILLER

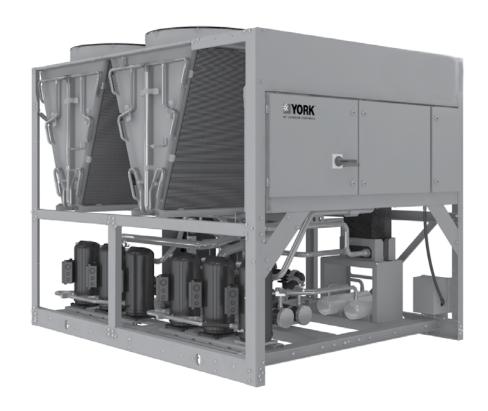
INSTALLATION, OPERATION, MAINTENANCE

Supersedes: 150.72-ICOM6 (817)

Form 150.72-ICOM6 (1217)

035-23572-100

YLAA0058 - YLAA0230 AIR-COOLED SCROLL CHILLERS WITH BRAZED PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER STYLE B (60 HZ) 4-10 FAN 55 - 230 TON 195 - 700 KW



R-410A







IMPORTANT!

READ BEFORE PROCEEDING!

GENERAL SAFETY GUIDELINES

This equipment is a relatively complicated apparatus. During rigging, installation, operation, maintenance, or service, individuals may be exposed to certain components or conditions including, but not limited to: heavy objects, refrigerants, materials under pressure, rotating components, and both high and low voltage. Each of these items has the potential, if misused or handled improperly, to cause bodily injury or death. It is the obligation and responsibility of rigging, installation, and operating/service personnel to identify and recognize these inherent hazards, protect themselves, and proceed safely in completing their tasks. Failure to comply with any of these requirements could result in serious damage to the equipment and the property in

which it is situated, as well as severe personal injury or death to themselves and people at the site.

This document is intended for use by owner-authorized rigging, installation, and operating/service personnel. It is expected that these individuals possess independent training that will enable them to perform their assigned tasks properly and safely. It is essential that, prior to performing any task on this equipment, this individual shall have read and understood the on-product labels, this document and any referenced materials. This individual shall also be familiar with and comply with all applicable industry and governmental standards and regulations pertaining to the task in question.

SAFETY SYMBOLS

The following symbols are used in this document to alert the reader to specific situations:



Indicates a possible hazardous situation which will result in death or serious injury if proper care is not taken.



Identifies a hazard which could lead to damage to the machine, damage to other equipment and/or environmental pollution if proper care is not taken or instructions and are not followed.



Indicates a potentially hazardous situation which will result in possible injuries or damage to equipment if proper care is not taken.



Highlights additional information useful to the technician in completing the work being performed properly.



External wiring, unless specified as an optional connection in the manufacturer's product line, is not to be connected inside the control cabinet. Devices such as relays, switches, transducers and controls and any external wiring must not be installed inside the micro panel. All wiring must be in accordance with Johnson Controls' published specifications and must be performed only by a qualified electrician. Johnson Controls will NOT be responsible for damage/problems resulting from improper connections to the controls or application of improper control signals. Failure to follow this warning will void the manufacturer's warranty and cause serious damage to property or personal injury.

CHANGEABILITY OF THIS DOCUMENT

In complying with Johnson Controls' policy for continuous product improvement, the information contained in this document is subject to change without notice. Johnson Controls makes no commitment to update or provide current information automatically to the manual or product owner. Updated manuals, if applicable, can be obtained by contacting the nearest Johnson Controls Service office or accessing the Johnson Controls QuickLIT website at http://cgproducts.johnsoncontrols.com.

It is the responsibility of rigging, lifting, and operating/ service personnel to verify the applicability of these documents to the equipment. If there is any question regarding the applicability of these documents, rigging, lifting, and operating/service personnel should verify whether the equipment has been modified and if current literature is available from the owner of the equipment prior to performing any work on the chiller.

CHANGE BARS

Revisions made to this document are indicated with a line along the left or right hand column in the area the revision was made. These revisions are to technical information and any other changes in spelling, grammar or formatting are not included.

ASSOCIATED LITERATURE

| Manual Description | Form Number |
|--|-------------|
| Start-Up Checklist - Style A and B, 60 Hz | 150.72-CL1 |
| Renewal Parts - YLAA0070-YLAA230 Style B 60 Hz 150.72-RF | |
| Limited Warranty Engineered Systems Equipment | 50.05-NM2 |

NOMENCLATURE

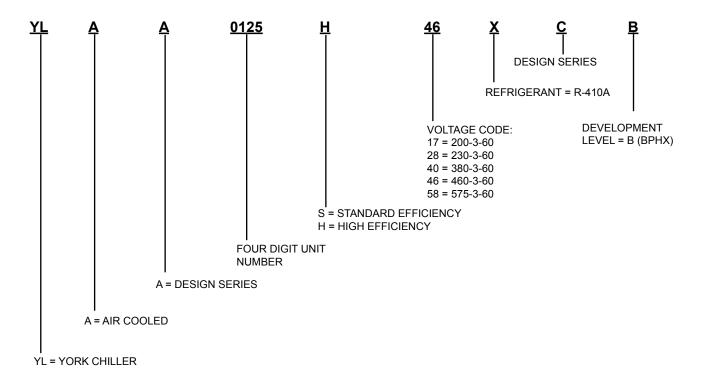


TABLE OF CONTENTS

| SECTION 1 – GENERAL CHILLER INFORMATION AND SAFETY | |
|---|--|
| Introduction | |
| Warranty | |
| Handling | |
| Safety and Quality | |
| About this Manual | |
| Misuse of Equipment | 12 |
| SECTION 2 – PRODUCT DESCRIPTION | 1 |
| Introduction | 15 |
| General System Description | 15 |
| Communications | 17 |
| Building Automation System Interface | 17 |
| Power Panel | |
| Accessories and Options | 18 |
| SECTION 3 – HANDLING AND STORAGE | 31 |
| Delivery and Storage | 3 ² |
| Inspection | |
| Moving the Chiller | |
| Lifting Using Lugs | |
| Lifting Using Shackles | |
| Lifting Weights | |
| SECTION 4 - INSTALLATION | 21 |
| WENTER | |
| | |
| Installation Checklist | 35 |
| Installation ChecklistStartup/Commissioning | 35 35 |
| Installation ChecklistStartup/CommissioningLocation and Clearances | 35 35 |
| Installation Checklist | 35 35 35 |
| Installation Checklist | 35 35 36 36 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option | 35 35 36 36 36 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping | 36 35 36 36 36 36 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement | 36 36 36 36 36 36 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement Wiring | 36 36 36 36 36 36 37 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional). Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement Wiring Relief Valves | 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement Wiring | 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 38 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional). Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement Wiring Relief Valves High Pressure Cutout Single-Point Supply Connection – Terminal Block, Non-Fused Disconnect Switch or Circuit Break | 36 36 36 36 37 37 37 38 38 38 |
| Installation Checklist | 36 36 36 36 37 37 37 38 38 38 38 |
| Installation Checklist | 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 37 38 48 49 |
| Installation Checklist | 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 38 38 48 46 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement Wiring Relief Valves High Pressure Cutout Single-Point Supply Connection – Terminal Block, Non-Fused Disconnect Switch or Circuit Break SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA Physical Data YLAA0058 – YLAA0230 60Hz Electrical Data Compressor Heaters | 35 35 36 36 36 37 37 38 38 48 48 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement Wiring Relief Valves High Pressure Cutout Single-Point Supply Connection – Terminal Block, Non-Fused Disconnect Switch or Circuit Break SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA Physical Data YLAA0058 – YLAA0230 60Hz Electrical Data Compressor Heaters Electrical Notes | 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 37 38 48 48 48 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement Wiring Relief Valves High Pressure Cutout Single-Point Supply Connection – Terminal Block, Non-Fused Disconnect Switch or Circuit Break SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA Physical Data YLAA0058 – YLAA0230 60Hz Electrical Data Compressor Heaters Electrical Notes Weight Distribution and Isolator Mounting Positions | 36 36 36 36 36 37 37 37 38 48 48 48 48 |
| Installation Checklist Startup/Commissioning Location and Clearances Spring Isolators (Optional) Compressor Mounting Remote Cooler Option Chilled Liquid Piping Pipework Arrangement Wiring Relief Valves High Pressure Cutout Single-Point Supply Connection – Terminal Block, Non-Fused Disconnect Switch or Circuit Break SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA Physical Data YLAA0058 – YLAA0230 60Hz Electrical Data Compressor Heaters Electrical Notes | 35 35 36 36 36 37 37 38 38 46 48 48 48 |

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONT'D)

| SECTION 6 - COMMISSIONING | 99 |
|--|-----|
| Preparation – Power Off | 99 |
| Preparation – Power On | 101 |
| How to Commission the Pump VFD | 102 |
| SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS | 107 |
| Introduction | 107 |
| IPU II and I/O Boards | 107 |
| Transformer | 108 |
| Display | 108 |
| Keypad | 108 |
| Unit Switch | 108 |
| Battery Back-Up | 108 |
| Programming # oOf Compressors | 108 |
| Status Key | |
| Display/Print Keys | |
| Entry Keys | |
| Setpoints Keys | |
| Schedule/Advance Day Key | 125 |
| Program Key | 127 |
| Unit Keys | |
| Bacnet, Modbus, N2 and Yorktalk 2 Communications | 137 |
| SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION | 149 |
| Capacity Control | 149 |
| Suction Pressure Limit Controls | 150 |
| Discharge Pressure Limit Controls | 150 |
| Leaving Chilled Liquid Control | 150 |
| Leaving Chilled Liquid Control Override to Reduce Cycling | 151 |
| Leaving Chilled Liquid System Lead/Lag and Compressor Sequencing | 152 |
| Return Chilled Liquid Control | |
| Return Chilled Liquid System Lead/Lag and Compressor Sequencing | 153 |
| Anti-Recycle Timer | 153 |
| Anti-Coincidence Timer | 153 |
| Evaporator Pump Control and York Hydro Kit Pump Control | 153 |
| Evaporator Heater Control | 154 |
| Pumpdown Control | |
| Standard Condenser Fan Control | 154 |
| Load Limiting | 158 |
| Compressor Run Status | 158 |
| Alarm Status | |
| Remote BAS/EMS Temperature Reset Using a Voltage or Current Signal | 159 |

TABLE OF CONTENTS (CONT'D)

| SECTION 9 - SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING | 161 |
|---|-----|
| Clearing History Buffers | |
| Service Mode | |
| Service Mode – Outputs | 161 |
| Service Mode – Chiller Configuration | |
| Service Mode – Analog and Digital Inputs | |
| Control Inputs/Outputs | |
| Checking Inputs and Outputs | |
| Optional Printer Installation | |
| Troubleshooting | |
| SECTION 10 - MAINTENANCE | 173 |
| Compressors | |
| Condenser Fan Motors | |
| Condenser MCHX Cleaning | |
| Operating Parameters | |
| On-Board Battery Back-Up | |
| Brazed Plate Heat Exchanger (Evaporator) Heater | |
| Overall Unit Inspection | 174 |
| Temperature | 177 |

LIST OF FIGURES

| FIGURE 1 - Unit Components (Front) | |
|--|-------|
| FIGURE 2 - Unit Components (Side) | 21 |
| FIGURE 3 - Power Panel Components | |
| FIGURE 4 - Power Panel / Control Components | 23 |
| FIGURE 5 - Process and Instrumentation Diagram | |
| FIGURE 6 - Unit Rigging/Lifting | 32 |
| FIGURE 7 - Warning | 34 |
| FIGURE 8 - Chilled Liquid System | 37 |
| FIGURE 9 - Single-Point Supply Connection – Terminal Block, Non-Fused Disconnect Switch or | |
| Circuit Breaker | |
| FIGURE 10 - Control Wiring Inputs | |
| FIGURE 11 - Thermal Dispersion Flow Switch | |
| FIGURE 12 - Thermal Dispersion Flow Switch (Combine Together) | 41 |
| FIGURE 13 - Control Wiring Outputs | 42 |
| FIGURE 14 - Elementary Wiring Diagram | 60 |
| FIGURE 15 - Elementary Wiring Diagram | |
| FIGURE 16 - Fan Wiring, Standard Air Flow | |
| FIGURE 17 - Fan Wiring, High Air Flow | |
| FIGURE 18 - Single and Dual Point Wiring Options | |
| FIGURE 19 - Pump Wiring | 70 |
| FIGURE 20 - Compressor Wiring | |
| FIGURE 21 - Power Options Connection Diagram | |
| FIGURE 22 - Power Panel | |
| FIGURE 23 - Micro Panel Connections | |
| FIGURE 24 - Four Fan Units Dimensions – YLAA0058HE, YLAA0065HE, YLAA0081HE | |
| FIGURE 25 - Four Fan Units Dimensions – YLAA0070SE, YLAA0080SE, YLAA0089SE | |
| FIGURE 26 - Five Fan Units Dimensions – YLAA0100SE | |
| FIGURE 27 - Six Fan Units Dimensions – YLAA0120SE, YLAA0092HE, YLAA0101HE | |
| FIGURE 28 - Eight Fan Units Dimensions – YLAA0136SE, YLAA0155SE, YLAA0142HE | |
| FIGURE 29 - Ten Fan Units Dimensions – YLAA0170SE, YLAA0156HE, YLAA0175HE | |
| FIGURE 30 - Twelve Fan Units Dimensions | 86 |
| FIGURE 31 - Sample Printout Supplied in the Isolator Package and in the Chiller Panel Literature Pac | ket87 |
| FIGURE 32 - Unit Clearances – All Models | 88 |
| FIGURE 33 - Status Key Messages Quick Reference List | 114 |
| FIGURE 34 - Operation Data | |
| FIGURE 35 - Setpoints Quick Reference List | |
| FIGURE 36 - Unit Keys Options Programming Quick Reference List | 136 |
| FIGURE 37 - Micro Panel Connections | |
| FIGURE 38 - Leaving Water Temperature Control Example | |
| FIGURE 39 - Setpoint Adjust | |
| FIGURE 40 - Condenser Fan Locations | |
| FIGURE 41 - Microboard Layout | 164 |
| FIGURE 42 - I/O Board Relay Contact Architecture | |
| FIGURE 43 - Printer to Microboard Electrical Connections | 169 |

LIST OF TABLES

| TABLE 1 - Canadian Registration Numbers | 16 |
|--|-----|
| TABLE 2 - Complete Pin Number Description | 24 |
| TABLE 3 - Temperatures and Flows | 43 |
| TABLE 4 - Ethylene and Propylene Glycol Correction Factors | 45 |
| TABLE 5 - Physical Data (English) 60 Hz | 46 |
| TABLE 6 - Micropanel Power Supply | 48 |
| TABLE 7 - Voltage Range | 48 |
| TABLE 8 - Pump Electrical Data (60 hz) | 49 |
| TABLE 9 - Transformer Load | |
| TABLE 10 - Electrical Data Without Pumps | 50 |
| TABLE 11 - Wiring Lugs | 54 |
| TABLE 12 - Cooling Setpoint, Programmable Limits and Defaults | 126 |
| TABLE 13 - Program Key Limits and Default | |
| TABLE 14 - Minimum, Maximum and Default Values | 138 |
| TABLE 15 - Values Required for BAS Communication | 139 |
| TABLE 16 - Real Time Error Numbers | 140 |
| TABLE 17 - Native Bacnet, Modbus and N2 Communications Data Map | 141 |
| TABLE 18 - Yorktalk 2 Communications Data Map | 145 |
| TABLE 19 - Sample Compressor Staging for Return Water Control | 151 |
| TABLE 20 - Return Chilled Liquid Control for 4 Compressors (6 Steps) | |
| TABLE 21 - Lead/Lag Return Chilled Liquid Control for 4 Compressors (6 Steps) | |
| TABLE 22 - YLAA Standard Condenser Fan Control Using Discharge Pressure Only | |
| (2, 3, or 4 Fans Per System) | 156 |
| TABLE 23 - YLAA Standard Condenser Fan Control Using Discharge Pressure Only | |
| (5 or 6 Fans Per System) | 157 |
| TABLE 24 - Compressor Operation Load Limiting | 158 |
| TABLE 25 - I/O Digital Inputs | 163 |
| TABLE 26 - I/O Digital Outputs | 163 |
| TABLE 27 - I/O Analog Inputs | 163 |
| TABLE 28 - I/O Analog Outputs | 163 |
| TABLE 29 - Outdoor Air Sensor Temperature/Voltage/Correlation | 165 |
| TABLE 30 - Entering/Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp. Sensor, Temperature/Voltage Correlation | 166 |
| TABLE 31 - Pressure Transducers | 167 |
| TABLE 32 - Troubleshooting | 170 |
| TABLE 33 - SI Metric Conversion | 177 |

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 1 – GENERAL CHILLER INFORMATION AND SAFETY

INTRODUCTION

YORK YLAA chillers are manufactured to the highest design and construction standards to ensure high performance, reliability and adaptability to all types of air conditioning installations.

Rigging and lifting should only be done by a professional rigger in accordance with a written rigging and lifting plan. The most appropriate rigging and lifting method will depend on job specific factors, such as the rigging equipment available and site needs. Therefore a professional rigger must determine the rigging and lifting method to be used, and it is beyond the scope of the manual to specify rigging and lifting details.

This manual contains all the information required for correct installation and commissioning of the unit, together with operating and maintenance instructions. The manuals should be read thoroughly before attempting to operate or service the unit.

All procedures detailed in the manuals, including installation, commissioning and maintenance tasks must only be performed by suitably trained and qualified personnel.

The manufacturer will not be liable for any injury or damage caused by incorrect installation, commissioning, operation or maintenance resulting from a failure to follow the procedures and instructions detailed in the manuals

WARRANTY

Johnson Controls warrants all equipment and materials against defects in workmanship and materials for a period of eighteen months from date of shipment, or 12 months from date of start-up, whichever occurs first, unless labor or extended warranty has been purchased as part of the contract.

The warranty is limited to parts only replacement and shipping of any faulty part, or sub-assembly, which has failed due to poor quality or manufacturing errors. All claims must be supported by evidence that the failure has occurred within the warranty period, and that the unit has been operated within the designed parameters specified.

All warranty claims must specify the unit model, serial number, order number and run hours/starts. Model and

serial number information is printed on the unit identification plate.

The unit warranty will be void if any modification to the unit is carried out without prior written approval from Johnson Controls.

For warranty purposes, the following conditions must be satisfied:

- The initial start of the unit must be carried out by trained personnel from an Authorized Johnson Controls Service Center (see SECTION 6 – COM-MISSIONING).
- Only genuine YORK approved spare parts, oils, coolants, and refrigerants must be used.
- All the scheduled maintenance operations detailed in this manual must be performed at the specified times by suitably trained and qualified personnel (see SECTION 10 MAINTENANCE).
- Failure to satisfy any of these conditions will automatically void the warranty (see *Warranty* on this page).

HANDLING

These units are shipped as completely assembled units containing full operating charge, and care should be taken to avoid damage due to rough handling.

SAFETY AND QUALITY

Standards for Safety and Quality

YLAA chillers are designed and built within an ISO 9002 accredited design and manufacturing organization. The chillers comply with the applicable sections of the following Standards and Codes:

- ANSI/ASHRAE Standard 15 Safety Code for Mechanical Refrigeration.
- ANSI/NFPA Standard 70 National Electrical Code (N.E.C.).
- ASME Boiler and Pressure Vessel Code Section VIII Division 1.
- ARI Standard 550/590 Positive Displacement Compressors and Air Cooled Rotary Screw Water Chilling Packages.

- ASHRAE 90.1 Energy Efficiency compliance.
- Conform to Intertek Testing Services, formerly ETL, for construction of chillers and provide ETL/cETL listing label.
- Manufactured in facility registered to ISO 9002.
- OSHA Occupational Safety and Health Act.

In addition, the chillers conform to Underwriters Laboratories (U.L.) for construction of chillers and provide U.L./cU.L. Listing Label.

Responsibility for Safety

Every care has been taken in the design and manufacture of the unit to ensure compliance with the safety requirements listed above. However, the individual rigging, lifting, maintaining, operating or working on any machinery is primarily responsible for:

- Personal safety, safety of other personnel, and the machinery.
- Correct utilization of the machinery in accordance with the procedures detailed in the manuals.

ABOUT THIS MANUAL

The contents of this manual include suggested best working practices and procedures. These are issued for guidance only, and they do not take precedence over the above stated individual responsibility and/or local safety regulations.

This manual and any other document supplied with the unit are the property of Johnson Controls which reserves all rights. They may not be reproduced, in whole or in part, without prior written authorization from an authorized Johnson Controls representative.

MISUSE OF EQUIPMENT

Suitability for Application

The unit is intended for cooling water or glycol solutions and is not suitable for purposes other than those specified in these instructions. Any use of the equipment other than its intended use, or operation of the equipment contrary to the relevant procedures may result in injury to the operator, or damage to the equipment.

The unit must not be operated outside the design parameters specified in this manual.

Structural Support

Structural support of the unit must be provided as indicated in these instructions. Failure to provide proper support may result in injury to the operator, or damage to the equipment and/or building.

Mechanical Strength

The unit is not designed to withstand loads or stresses from adjacent equipment, pipework or structures. Additional components must not be mounted on the unit. Any such extraneous loads may cause structural failure and may result in injury to the operator, or damage to the equipment.

General Access

There are a number of areas and features, which may be a hazard and potentially cause injury when working on the unit unless suitable safety precautions are taken. It is important to ensure access to the unit is restricted to suitably qualified persons who are familiar with the potential hazards and precautions necessary for safe operation and maintenance of equipment containing high temperatures, pressures and voltages.

Pressure Systems

The unit contains refrigerant vapor and liquid under pressure, release of which can be a danger and cause injury. The user should ensure that care is taken during installation, operation and maintenance to avoid damage to the pressure system. No attempt should be made to gain access to the component parts of the pressure system other than by suitably trained and qualified personnel.

Electrical

The unit must be grounded. No installation or maintenance work should be attempted on the electrical equipment without first switching power OFF, isolating and locking-off the power supply. Servicing and maintenance on live equipment must only be performed by suitably trained and qualified personnel. No attempt should be made to gain access to the control panel or electrical enclosures during normal operation of the unit.

Rotating Parts

Fan guards must be fitted at all times and not removed unless the power supply has been isolated. If ductwork is to be fitted, requiring the wire fan guards to be removed, alternative safety measures must be taken to protect against the risk of injury from rotating fans.

Sharp Edges

The fins on the air-cooled condenser coils have sharp metal edges. Reasonable care should be taken when working in contact with the coils to avoid the risk of minor abrasions and lacerations. The use of gloves is recommended.

Frame rails, brakes, and other components may also have sharp edges. Reasonable care should be taken when working in contact with any components to avoid risk of minor abrasions and lacerations.

Refrigerants and Oils

Refrigerants and oils used in the unit are generally non-toxic, non-flammable and non-corrosive, and pose no special safety hazards. Use of gloves and safety glasses is, however, recommended when working on the unit. The build up of refrigerant vapor, from a leak for example, does pose a risk of asphyxiation in confined or enclosed spaces and attention should be given to good ventilation.

High Temperature and Pressure Cleaning

High temperature and pressure cleaning methods (e.g. steam cleaning) should not be used on any part of the pressure system as this may cause operation of the pressure relief device(s). Detergents and solvents, which may cause corrosion, should also be avoided.

Emergency Shutdown

In case of emergency, the control panel is fitted with a Unit Switch to stop the unit in an emergency. When operated, it removes the low voltage 120VAC electrical supply from the unit controller, thus shutting down the unit.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 2 – PRODUCT DESCRIPTION



INTRODUCTION

YORK YLAA Air-Cooled Scroll Chillers provide chilled water for all air conditioning applications using central station air handling or terminal units. They are completely self-contained and are designed for outdoor (roof or ground level) installation. Each complete packaged unit includes hermetic scroll compressors, a liquid cooler, air cooled condenser, a charge of Zero Ozone Depletion Potential Refrigerant R-410A and a weather resistant microprocessor control center, all mounted on a rugged steel base.

The units are completely assembled with all interconnecting refrigerant piping and internal wiring, ready for field installation.

Prior to delivery, the packaged unit is pressure-tested, evacuated, and fully charged with Refrigerant R-410A and oil. After assembly, a complete operational test is performed with water flowing through the cooler to assure that the refrigeration circuit operates correctly.

The unit structure is heavy-gauge, galvanized steel. This galvanized steel is coated with baked-on powder paint, which, when subjected to ASTM B117 1000 hour, salt spray testing, yields a minimum ASTM 1654 rating of "6". Units are designed in accordance with NFPA 70 (National Electric Code), ASHRAE/ANSI 15 Safety code for mechanical refrigeration, ASME, and rated in accordance with ARI Standard 550/590.

GENERAL SYSTEM DESCRIPTION

Compressors

The chiller has suction-gas cooled, hermetic, scroll compressors. The YLAA compressors incorporate a compliant scroll design in both the axial and radial direction. All rotating parts are statically and dynamically balanced. A large internal volume and oil reservoir provides greater liquid tolerance. Compressor crankcase heaters are also included for extra protection against liquid migration.

Brazed Plate Evaporator

The compact, high efficiency Brazed Plate Heat Exchanger (BPHE) is constructed with 316L stainless steel corrugated channel plates with a filler material between each plate. It offers excellent heat transfer performance with a compact size and low weight, reducing structural steel requirements on the job site.

The heat exchanger is manufactured in a precisely controlled vacuum-brazing process that allows the filler material to form a brazed joint at every contact point between the plates, creating complex channels. The arrangement is similar to older plate and frame technology, but without gaskets and frame parts.

Water inlet and outlet connections are grooved for compatibility with field supplied ANSI/AWWA C-606 couplings.

The evaporator is equipped with a thermostat-controlled heater. The heater provides freeze protection for the evaporator down to -20°F (-29°C) ambient. The evaporator is covered with 3/4" flexible, closed-cell, foam insulation (K=0.25).

A 1/16" (1.6mm) mesh wye-strainer is provided as standard for installation upstream of the heat exchanger to prevent clogging from water system debris.

Canadian Registration Number (CRN) Application & Proof of Conformance

Since all YLAA brazed plate evaporators are categorized as pressure "H" fittings per CSA-B51, a CRN label or marking is not provided on the evaporator. According to the Canadian Standards Association's Boiler, Pressure Vessel, and Pressure Piping Code B-51 (2009 version), a product registered as a category "H" fitting does not require a label or marking displaying the CRN.

TABLE 1 - CANADIAN REGISTRATION NUMBERS

| CANADIAN PROVINCE | CRN# |
|-------------------|------------|
| BC | OH13953.51 |
| AB | OH13953.52 |
| ON | OH13953.5 |
| PQ/MB/SK | OH13953.56 |
| NB | OH13953.57 |
| NS | OH13953.58 |
| PEI | OH13953.59 |
| NF | OH13953.50 |
| NU | OH13953.5N |
| NWT | OH13953.5T |
| YU | OH13953.5Y |

Condenser

Microchannel Condenser (MCHX)

MCHX Condensers are made of a single material to avoid galvanic corrosion due to dissimilar metals. MCHX and headers are brazed as one piece. Integral sub cooling is included. The design working pressure of the MCHX is 650 PSIG (45 bar). MCHX Condenser is easily washable with clear water.

Fans

The condenser fans are composed of corrosion resistant aluminum hub and glass-fiber reinforced polypropylene composite blades molded into a low noise airfoil section. They are designed for maximum efficiency and are statically and dynamically balanced for

vibration free operation. They are directly driven by independent motors, and positioned for vertical air discharge. The fan guards are constructed of heavy gauge, rust resistant, coated steel. All blades are statically and dynamically balanced for vibration free operation.

Motors

The fan motors are Totally Enclosed Air-Over, and are current protected. They feature ball bearings that are double sealed and permanently lubricated.

Control Center

All controls are contained in a NEMA 3R/12 cabinet with hinged outer door and includes a Liquid Crystal Display with Light Emitting Diode backlighting for outdoor viewing:

- Two display lines
- Twenty characters per line

Display/Print Keys

- Color coded 12-button non-tactile keypad with sections for display and print of typical information:
- Chilled liquid temperatures
- Ambient temperature
- System pressures (each circuit)
- Operating hours and starts (each compressor)
- Print calls up to the liquid crystal display
- Operating data for the systems
- History of fault shutdown data for up to the last six fault shutdown conditions.
- An RS-232 port, in conjunction with this press-toprint button, is provided to permit the capability of hard copy print-outs via a separate printer (by others).

Entry Keys

This section is used to enter setpoints or modify system values.

Setpoints Keys

Updating can be performed to:

- Chilled liquid temperature setpoint and range
- Remote reset temperature range
- Set daily schedule/holiday for start/stop
- · Manual override for servicing
- Low and high ambient cutouts

- Number of compressors
- Low liquid temperature cutout
- · Low suction pressure cutout
- · High discharge pressure cutout
- Anti-recycle timer (compressor start cycle time)
- Anti-coincident timer (delay compressor starts)

Unit Keys

This section is used to:

- Set time
- · Set unit options

Oper Data Key

The microprocessor control center is capable of displaying the following:

- Return and leaving liquid temperature
- Low leaving liquid temperature cutout setting
- · Low ambient temperature cutout setting
- Outdoor air temperature
- · English or Metric data
- · Suction pressure cutout setting
- · Each system suction pressure
- Discharge pressure (optional)
- Liquid Temperature Reset via a Johnson Controls ISN DDC or Building Automation System (by others) via a 4 to 20 milliamp or 0 to 10VDC input
- Anti-recycle timer status for each system
- Anti-coincident system start timer condition
- Compressor run status
- No cooling load condition
- Day, date and time
- Daily start/stop times
- · Holiday status
- Automatic or manual system lead/lag control
- Lead system definition
- · Compressor starts and operating hours
- (each compressor)
- Status of hot gas valves, evaporator heater and fan operation
- Run permissive status
- Number of compressors running

- Liquid solenoid valve status
- Load and unload timer status
- Water pump status

Provisions are included for: pumpdown at shutdown; optional remote chilled water temperature reset and two steps of demand load limiting from an external building automation system. Unit alarm contacts are standard.

The operating program is stored in non-volatile memory battery backed RAM to eliminate chiller failure due to AC powered failure/battery discharge. Programmed setpoints are retained in lithium battery-backed RTC memory for 5 years minimum.

COMMUNICATIONS

- Native communication capability for BACnet (MS/TP) and Modbus.
- Optional communication available for N2 and LON via eLink Gateway option.

BUILDING AUTOMATION SYSTEM INTERFACE

The Microprocessor Board can accept a 4 to 20 milliamp, or 0 to 10VDC input to reset the leaving chiller liquid temperature from a Building Automation System.

- The standard unit capabilities include remote start-stop, remote water temperature reset via a PWM 4 to 20 milliamp or 0 to 10VDC input signal or up to two stages of demand (load) limiting depending on model.
- The standard control panel can be directly connected to a Johnson Controls Building Automated System.

POWER PANEL

Each panel contains:

- Compressor power terminals
- Compressor motor starting contactors per I.E.C.**
- Control power terminals to accept incoming for 115-1-60 control power
- Fan contactors and overload current protection

The power wiring is routed through liquid-tight conduit to the compressors and fans.

ACCESSORIES AND OPTIONS

Power Options

Compressor Power Connections

Single-point terminal block connection(s) are provided as standard. The following power connections are available as options. (See electrical data for specific voltage and options availability.) (Factory-mounted)

Single-Point Supply Terminal Block

Includes enclosure, terminal-block and interconnecting wiring to the compressors. Separate external protection must be supplied, by others, in the incoming compressor-power wiring. (Do not include this option if either the Single-Point Non-Fused Disconnect Switch or Single-Point Circuit Breaker options have been included.)

Single-Point Non-Fused Disconnect Switch

Unit-mounted disconnect switch with external, lockable handle (in compliance with Article 440-14 of N.E.C.), can be supplied to isolate the unit power voltage for servicing. Separate external fusing must be supplied, by others in the power wiring, which must comply with the National Electrical Code and/or local codes.

Single-Point Circuit Breaker

A unit mounted circuit breaker with external, lockable handle (in compliance with N.E.C. Article 440-14), can be supplied to isolate the power voltage for servicing. (This option includes the Single-Point Power connection.)

Control Transformer

Converts unit power voltage to 115-1-60 (2.0 or 3.0 KVA capacity). Factory mounting includes primary and secondary wiring between the transformer and the control panel. (Factory-mounted)

Control Options

Ambient Kit (Low)

Units will operate to 30°F (-1.1°C). This accessory includes all necessary components to permit chiller operation to 0°F (-18°C). (This option includes the Discharge Pressure Transducer / Readout Capability option.) For proper head pressure control in applications below 30°F (-1°C) where wind gusts may exceed 5 mph, it is recommended that Optional Condenser Louvered Enclosure Panels also be included. (**Factory-mounted**)

High Ambient Kit With Sunshield

Allows units to operate when the ambient temperature is above 115°F (46°C). Includes sun shield panels and discharge pressure transducers.

Language LCD and Keypad Display

Spanish, French, German, and Italian unit LCD controls and keypad display available. Standard language is English.

Compressor, Piping, Evaporator Options Low Temperature Glycol

Replaces standard Thermostatic Expansion Valves with Electronic Expansion Valves to achieve leaving glycol temperatures as low as 10°F (-12°C). Required for any leaving liquid temperature below 30°F (-1°C). Electronic Expansion Valves permit operation at both low temperatures and comfort cooling applications without a capacity loss or derate at either condition. (Factory installed)

Chicago Code Relief Valves

Unit will be provided with relief valves to meet Chicago code requirements. (Factory-Mounted)

Service Suction Isolation Valve

Service suction (ball-type) isolation valves are added to unit per system (discharge service ball-type isolation valve is standard on each circuit). (Factory-Mounted)

Hot Gas By-Pass

Permits continuous, stable operation at capacities below the minimum step of compressor unloading to as low as 5% capacity (depending on both the unit and operating conditions) by introducing an artificial load on the cooler. Hot gas by-pass is installed on only refrigerant system #1 on two-circuited units. (Factory-Mounted)

Flanges (ANSI/AWWA C-606 couplings Type)

Consists of (2) Flange adapter for grooved end pipe (standard 150 psi [10.5 bar] cooler). (Not available on optional DX cooler 300 PSIG DWP waterside.) (**Field-mounted**)

Flow Switch

A thermal dispersion type flow switch provides accurate, low maintenance flow proving and is included standard. It is factory wired and installed in the extension pipe between evaporator outlet and edge of chiller. The extension pipe is secured to the chiller frame for shipping to avoid risk of damage to evaporator

and is easily attached to the evaporator at startup using the supplied ANSI/AWWA C-606 connector. The flow switch can be deleted if alternate or existing flow switch is field supplied.

Heat Recovery Condenser

A partially condensing refrigerant to liquid condenser recovers heat off both refrigerant circuits and rejects into a single liquid circuit. Factory installed between the compressor discharge and the condenser (air) coils to capture the maximum amount of heat. Capable of recovering up to 85% total heat of rejection (cooling load plus work input); temperatures as high as 140°F (60°C) are possible.

Hydro-Kit

Factory installed Hydro-Kit suitable for water and glycol systems with up to 35% glycol at leaving temperatures down to 20°F. The hydro-kit option is available in a single or dual configuration (dual as standby duty only), with totally enclosed permanently lubricated pump motors.

The hydro-kit option comes standard with a balancing valve, discharge check valve, discharge shutoff valve, thermal dispersion flow switch, pressure ports, inlet wye-strainer, bleed and drain valves and frost protection.

Service shut off valves, additional pressure ports and expansion tanks are optional within the hydro-kit option.

Condenser and Cabinet Options

MCHX Condenser protection against corrosive environments is available by choosing any of the following options. For additional application recommendations, See *FORM 150.12-ES1*. (Factory-Mounted)

Post-Coated Dipped MCHX Condenser

The unit MCHX is constructed with post dipped-epoxy MCHX condenser. This is recommended for seashore and other corrosive applications (with the exception of strong alkalies, oxidizers and wet bromine, chlorine and fluorine in concentrations greater than 100 ppm).

Enclosure Panels (Unit)

Tamper proof Enclosure Panels prevent unauthorized access to units. Enclosure Panels can provide an aesthetically pleasing alternative to expensive fencing. Additionally, for proper head pressure control, Johnson Controls recommends the use of Condenser Louvered Panels for winter applications where wind gusts may

exceed five miles per hour. The following types of enclosure panels are available:

- Wire Panels (Full Unit) Consists of welded wire-mesh guards mounted on the exterior of the unit. Prevents unauthorized access, yet provides free air flow. (Factory-Mounted)
- Wire/Louvered Panels Consists of welded wire-mesh panels on the bottom part of unit and louvered panels on the condenser section of the unit. (Factory-Mounted)
- Louvered Panels (MCHX Condenser Only)
 Louvered Panels are mounted on the sides and ends of the MCHX condenser for protection.
 (Factory-Mounted)
- Louvered Panels (Full Unit) Louvered panels surround the front, back, and sides of the unit. They prevent unauthorized access and visually screen unit components. Unrestricted air flow is permitted through generously sized louvered openings. This option is applicable for any outdoor design ambient temperature up to 115°F (46°). (Factory-Mounted)

MCHX End Hail Guard

Louvered panel attached to exposed MCHX end. (Factory-Mounted)

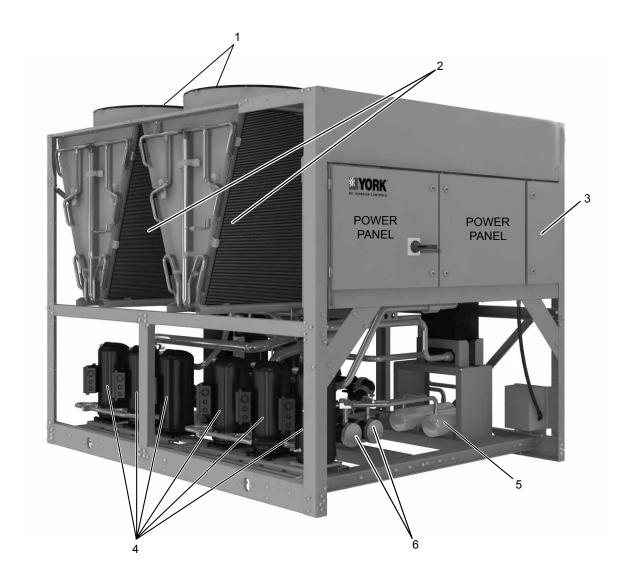
Sound Attenuation

One or both of the following sound attenuation options are recommended for residential or other similar sound sensitive locations:

- Compressor Acoustic Sound Blanket Each compressor is individually enclosed by an acoustic sound blanket. The sound blankets are made with one layer of acoustical absorbent textile fiber of 5/8" (15mm) thickness; one layer of antivibrating heavy material thickness of 1/8" (3mm). Both are closed by two sheets of welded PVC, reinforced for temperature and UV resistance. (Factory-Mounted)
- Ultra Quiet Fans Lower RPM, 8-pole fan motors are used with steeper-pitch fans. (Factory-Mounted)

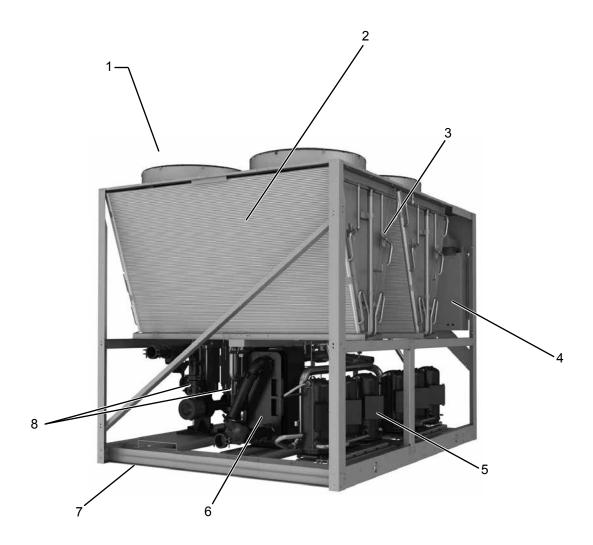
Vibration Isolators

Level adjusting, spring type 1" (25.4mm) or seismic deflection or neoprene pad isolators for mounting under unit base rails. (**Field-mounted**)



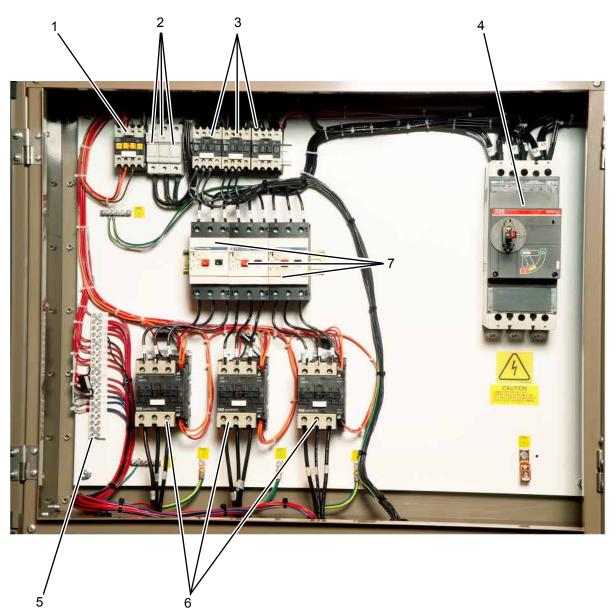
| ITEM | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|------|--|--|--|--|
| 1 | Fan Assemblies | | | |
| 2 | MCHX Condenser | | | |
| 3 | Control Panel | | | |
| 4 | Compressors | | | |
| 5 | Receiver Included with Optional Heat Recovery Condenser | | | |
| 6 | Filter Driers | | | |

FIGURE 1 - UNIT COMPONENTS (FRONT)



| ITEM | DESCRIPTION | | |
|------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Fan Deck | | |
| 2 | MCHX Condenser | | |
| 3 | Coil Headers | | |
| 4 | Control and Power Panels | | |
| 5 | Compressors | | |
| 6 | Brazed Plate Evaporator | | |
| 7 | Formed Steel Base Rails | | |
| 8 | Hydro-Kit Pumps And Motors (Optional) | | |

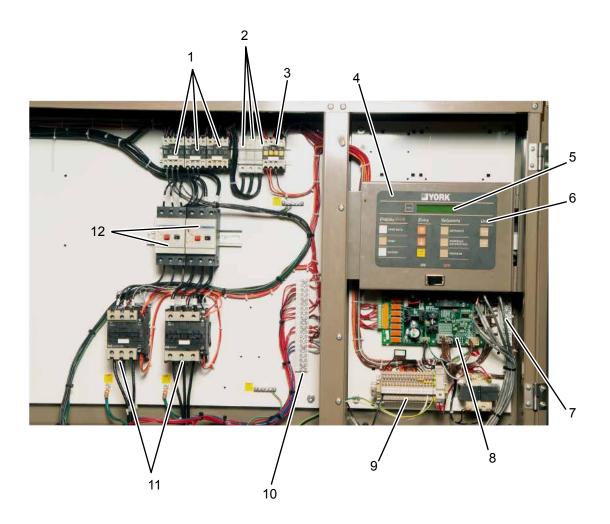
FIGURE 2 - UNIT COMPONENTS (SIDE)



LD13248

| ITEM | DESCRIPTION | | |
|------|------------------------------|--|--|
| 1 | Fan Contactor | | |
| 2 | Fan Fuses | | |
| 3 | Fan Contactor | | |
| 4 | Disconnect Switch (Optional) | | |
| 5 | XTBF1 | | |
| 6 | Compressor Contactors | | |
| 7 | Compressor Overloads | | |

FIGURE 3 - POWER PANEL COMPONENTS



LD13248

| ITEM | DESCRIPTION | | | |
|------|------------------------------|--|--|--|
| 1 | Fan Contactor | | | |
| 2 | Fan Fuses | | | |
| 3 | Control Relay | | | |
| 4 | Microcomputer Control Center | | | |
| 5 | Display | | | |
| 6 | Keypad | | | |
| 7 | XTBC1 | | | |
| 8 | Microboard | | | |
| 9 | XTCB2 | | | |
| 10 | XTBF2 | | | |
| 11 | Compressor Contactors | | | |
| 12 | Compressor Overloads | | | |

FIGURE 4 - POWER PANEL / CONTROL COMPONENTS

PRODUCT IDENTIFICATION NUMBER (PIN)

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION

| FEATURE | FEATURE DESCRIPTION | OPTION | OPTION DESCRIPTION |
|-----------|-------------------------------|--------|---|
| MODEL | Model (PIN 1-4) | | YLAA |
| | 0058 | 0058 | |
| | | 0065 | 0065 |
| | 0070 | 0070 | |
| | | 0080 | 0080 |
| | | 0081 | 0081 |
| | 0089 | 0089 | |
| | 0092 | 0092 | |
| | 0100 | 0100 | |
| | | 0101 | 0101 |
| CAPACITY | Capacity | 0115 | 0115 |
| CAPACITY | (PIN 5-8) | 0120 | 0120 |
| | | 0125 | 0125 |
| | | 0136 | 0136 |
| | | 0142 | 0142 |
| | | 0150 | 0150 |
| | | 0155 | 0155 |
| | | 0156 | 0156 |
| | | 0170 | 0170 |
| | | 0175 | 0175 |
| | | 0200 | 0200 |
| | Unit Designator | S | Standard Efficiency |
| UNIT | (PIN 9) | Н | High Efficiency |
| REF. | Refrigerant (PIN 10) | E | R-410A |
| | 3 3 3 3 (2) | 17 | 200/3/60 |
| | | 28 | 230/3/60 |
| | Voltage | 40 | 380/3/60 |
| VOLTS | (PIN 11 & 12) | 46 | 460/3/60 |
| | (🕶 :=) | 50 | 380-415/3/50 |
| | | 58 | 575/3/60 |
| 0T4 DTED | Starter | Х | Across the Line starter |
| STARTER | (PIN 13) | Т | Soft Start |
| | | Α | Design Series A (MicroChannel) Copeland Compressor |
| DESIGN | Design Series (PIN 14) | С | Design Series C (MicroChannel CE/ETL Panel) Copeland Compressor |
| | | D | Design Series D (MicroChannel) Bitzer Compressor |
| | | F | Design Series F (MicroChannel CE/ETL Panel) Bitzer Compress |
| DEV | Development Level (PIN 15) | В | Development Level B |
| | (PIN 15) | SX | SP Supply TB |
| | | SD | SP NF Disconnect Switch |
| POWER | Power Field | BC | SP Circuit Breaker w/ Lockable Handle, 65kA SCWR |
| · · · · · | (PIN 16 &17) | BX | SP Circuit Breaker w/ Lockable Handle |
| | | MB | MP Supply w/Ind Sys CB&L Ext Handles |
| | | X | No Control Transformer Required |
| TRANS | Cntrl Transformer | T | Control Transformer Required |
| | (PIN 18) | Q | Special Control Transformer Required |

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

| FEATURE | FEATURE DESCRIPTION | OPTION | OPTION DESCRIPTION |
|----------------|-----------------------------------|--------|---|
| | Power Factor Capacitor | Χ | No Power Capacitor required |
| PFC | (PIN 19) | С | Power Capacitor required |
| | (1 114 13) | Q | Special Power Capacitor required |
| | | Н | High Ambient Kit Standard (factory) |
| | Ambient Kits | Α | Both Low/High Ambient Kit required (factory) |
| AMB | (PIN 20) | В | Both Low/High Ambient Kit w/Sunshield (factory) |
| | | S | High Ambient Kit w/Sunshield (factory) |
| | | Q | Special Ambient Kit required |
| DA O | Bas Reset/Offset (PIN 21) | Χ | No Selection |
| | | L | LON E-Link |
| BAS | | S | SC-Equip Board |
| | | Q | Special Quote |
| | | Х | English |
| | | S | Spanish |
| | | С | Chinese (Simplified) (Not Applicable to eLogia) |
| | Language | _ | English with Chinese Displayed Board |
| LCD | (PIN 22) | E | (Not Applicable to eLogia) |
| | | F | French |
| | | G | German |
| | | l | Italian |
| | Readout Kits (PIN 23) | В | Both Discharge & Suction Pressure Transducer Readout required |
| RDOUT | | Q | Special Pressure Readout required |
| | Safety Codes (PIN 24) | C | European Saftey Code (CE) |
| SAFETY | | G | China Safety Code (GB) (Not Applicable to eLogia) |
| 0/11 E 1 1 | | L | N American Safety Code (cUL/cETL) |
| | | X | X |
| SENSOR | PIN 25 | Q | Special Quote |
| | Motor Current Module (PIN 26) | C | Motor Current Module |
| PUMP | | Q | Special Quote |
| | Remote Panel | X | No Remote Panel required |
| REMOTE | | Q | Special Remote Panel required |
| | (PIN 27) | X | No Sequence Kit required |
| SEQ | Sequence Kit | | · |
| | (PIN 28) | Q | Special Sequence Kit required |
| TEMP | Leaving Water Temp (PIN 29,30) | NUM | Leaving Water Temp = Temp/Num Deg. |
| | Chicago Code Kit (PIN 31) | Х | No Chicago Code Kit required |
| | | В | Both Chicago Code & Serv Isolation |
| | | С | Chicago Code Kit required |
| CHICAGO | | G | Both Suction Service Valve and Dual Relief Valve (Europe only) |
| | | R | Dual Relief Valves no Suction Service Valve (Europe only) |
| | | S | Service Isolation Valves |
| | | Q | Special Chicago Code Kit required |
| | Valves (PIN 32) | Х | Standard Valves Reg'd |
| VALVES | | E | Electronic Expansion Valve |
| VALVES | | Q | Special Optional Valves Req'd |
| VALVES | I ' ' | | - - |
| VALVES | , , | | No Hot Gas Bypass required |
| | Hot Gas Bypass | Х | No Hot Gas Bypass required Hot Gas Bypass required - 1 circuit |
| VALVES HGBP | , , | X 1 | Hot Gas Bypass required - 1 circuit |
| | Hot Gas Bypass | Х | |

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

| FEATURE | FEATURE DESCRIPTION | OPTION | OPTION DESCRIPTION |
|------------|------------------------------|--------|---|
| OVEDLOAD | PIN 35 | Х | X |
| OVERLOAD | FIN 33 | Q | Special Quote |
| PIN36 | PIN 36 | K | Quick Start |
| 1 11450 | 1 114 30 | Q | Special Quote |
| HTR | Crankcase Heater | Н | Crankcase Heater Standard |
| 11110 | (Pin 37) | Q | Special Crankcase Heater required |
| DWP | DWP | X | 150psig DWP Waterside |
| DVVI | (PIN 38) | 3 | 300psig DWP Waterside |
| | Insulation (PIN 39) | Х | Standard Insulation |
| INS | | D | Double Thick Insulation |
| | | Q | Special Insulation required |
| | Flanges (PIN 40) | Х | No Flanges required |
| FLANGES | | V | Victaulic Flanges required |
| | | Q | Special Flanges required |
| | Flow Switch | Х | No Flow Switch required |
| FLOW | (PIN 41) | S | One Flow Switch Required |
| | (1 114 + 1) | Y | Flow Switch With Extension Kit |
| | | Α | ASME Pressure Vessel Codes |
| VESSEL | Vessel Codes | Е | PED Pressure Vessel Codes |
| VESSEL | (PIN 42) | G | GB Pressure Vessel Codes |
| | | Q | Special Quote |
| CL D | Cooler | Х | Standard Cooler Required |
| CLR | (PIN 43) | R | Remote Cooler Required |
| DINIA | DIN 44 | G | Flow Switch >= 10% Glycol |
| PIN44 | PIN 44 | W | Flow Switch < 10% Glycol |
| | | Х | Aluminum Coils |
| COILS | Coils (PIN 45) | Р | Post Coated Dipped Coil |
| | | Т | Post Coated Microchannel Coils |
| | H. d.B. d. d. | Х | No Option required |
| HEAT | Heat Recovery (PIN 46) | Н | Heat Recovery |
| | | Q | Special Quote |
| FANIMOTORS | Fan Motors | X | TEAO Fan Motors |
| FANMOTORS | (PIN 47) | Q | Special Fan Motors required |
| | Enclosure Panels (PIN 48) | X | No Enclosure required |
| | | 1 | Wire (Full Unit) Encl Panels (factory) |
| | | 2 | Wire (Full Unit) Encl Panels (field) |
| | | 3 | Wire/Louvered Encl Panels (factory) |
| | | 4 | Wire/Louvered Encl Panels (field) |
| | | 5 | Louvered (Cond only) Encl Panels (factory) |
| | | 6 | Louvered (Cond only) Encl Panels (field) |
| ENCI | | 7 | Louvered (Full Unit) Encl Panels (factory) |
| ENCL | | 8 | Louvered (Full Unit) Encl Panels (field) |
| | | 9 | End Louver (End Hail Guard) Encl Panels (factory) |
| | | Α | End Louver (End Hail Guard) Encl Panels (field) |
| | | В | Aesthetic Panel Kit only (factory) |
| | | С | Aesthetic Panel Kit only (field) |
| | | D | Aesthetic Panel Kit plus Hail Guards (factory) |
| | | Е | Aesthetic Panel Kit plus Hail Guards (field) |
| | | Q | Special Enclosure Panels |

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

| FEATURE | FEATURE DESCRIPTION | OPTION | OPTION DESCRIPTION |
|----------|---------------------------------|--|--|
| | | Х | No Acoustic Blanket required |
| ACOUSTIC | Acoustic Blanket | В | Acoustic Blanket Required |
| | (PIN 49) | E | Acoustic Enclosure |
| | | Q | Special Acoustic Blanket required |
| | SR Documents (PIN 50) | X | No Documents Required Base, Material & Witness Documents |
| | | В | Base Document |
| SRDOCS | | M | Base & Material Documents |
| | (1 111 00) | W | Base & Witness Documents |
| | | Q | Special Quote |
| DIN 54 | | X | x |
| PIN 51 | PIN 51 | Q | Special Quote |
| | | Х | Standard Low Sound Fan Required |
| | | L | Ultra Quiet Fans Required |
| | | G | High Air Flow Fan Requied |
| | | V | Standard Low Sound Fan with VSD Required |
| FANS | Sound Fans | M | Ultra Quiet Fans with VSD Required |
| TANO | (PIN 52) | A | High Air Flow Fan Requied (Vendor Specific) |
| | (1 114 02) | | |
| | | E | Low Sound Fan Required (Vendor Specific) |
| | | S | High Static Fan Required (Vendor Specific) |
| | | U | Ultra Quiet Fans Required (Vendor Specific) |
| | | 2 | 2-Speed Fans Required (Vendor Specific) |
| PAINT | PIN 53 | Х | X |
| TAINT | 1 114 55 | Q | Special Quote |
| | | Х | No Isolators required |
| | Vibration Isolators (PIN 54) | 1 | 1" Deflection Isolators required |
| ISOL | | N | Neoprene Isolators required |
| | | S | 2" Deflection Isolators required |
| | | Q | Special Isolators required |
| PIN 55 | PIN 55 | | Marketing Purposes Only! |
| PIN 56 | PIN 56 | | Marketing Purposes Only! |
| FIN 50 | FIN 50 | | No Containerization required with Shipping Bag |
| | | X | |
| | | Α | Buy American Act Compliance with Shipping Bag |
| | | В | Both Buy American Act Compliance and Container Shipped without Shipping Bag (Factory Prep) |
| | | С | Container Shipped without Shipping Bag (Factory Load) |
| | | D | Container Shipped with Shipping Bag (Factory Load US Port) |
| | | Е | Container Shipped with Shipping Bag (Factory Load Mexico Port) |
| OLUD | Ship Instructions (PIN 57) | F | Container Shipped with Shipping Bag (Factory Prep) |
| SHIP | | G | Both Buy America Act Compliance and Container Shipped with Shipping Bag (Factory Prep) |
| | | М | Container Shipped without Shipping Bag (Factory Load Mexico Port) |
| | | N | No Containerization required without Shipping Bag |
| | | P | Container Shipped without Shipping Bag (Factory Prep) |
| | | U | |
| | | | Buy American Act Compliance without Shipping Bag |
| | | Q | Special quote |

TABLE 2 - COMPLETE PIN NUMBER DESCRIPTION (CONT'D)

| FEATURE | FEATURE DESCRIPTION | OPTION | OPTION DESCRIPTION |
|---------|----------------------------------|--------|-------------------------------|
| PIN 58 | PIN 58 | | Marketing Purposes Only! |
| | | Х | No Pump |
| | | Α | Pump Kit A |
| | | В | Pump Kit B |
| | | С | Pump Kit C |
| | | D | Pump Kit D |
| | | E | Pump Kit E |
| | | F | Pump Kit F |
| | | G | Pump Kit G |
| | | Н | Pump Kit H |
| | | I | Pump Kit I |
| | | J | Pump Kit J |
| | Pump Package | K | Pump Kit K |
| PKG | (PIN 59) | L | Pump Kit L |
| | (1 114 59) | М | Pump Kit M |
| | | N | Pump Kit N |
| | | 0 | Pump Kit O |
| | | Р | Pump Kit P |
| | | R | Pump Kit R |
| | | S | Pump Kit S |
| | | Т | Pump Kit T |
| | | U | Pump Kit U |
| | | V | Pump Kit V |
| | | W | Pump Kit W |
| | | Υ | Pump Kit Y |
| | | Z | Pump Kit Z |
| | Pump Package Options (PIN 60) | Х | No Option |
| | | 1 | Single Pump, Standard |
| | | 2 | Single Pump, Full Feature |
| PKGOPT | | 3 | Dual Pump, Standard |
| | | 4 | Dual Pump, Full Feature |
| | | 5 | VSD Single Pump, Full Feature |
| | | 6 | VSD Dual Pump, Full Feature |
| PIN 61 | PIN 61 | | Marketing Purposes Only! |
| | Mfg Location | GZ | Guangzhou, China |
| LOC | | MTY | Monterrey, Mexico |
| | | SAT | San Antonio, Texas |

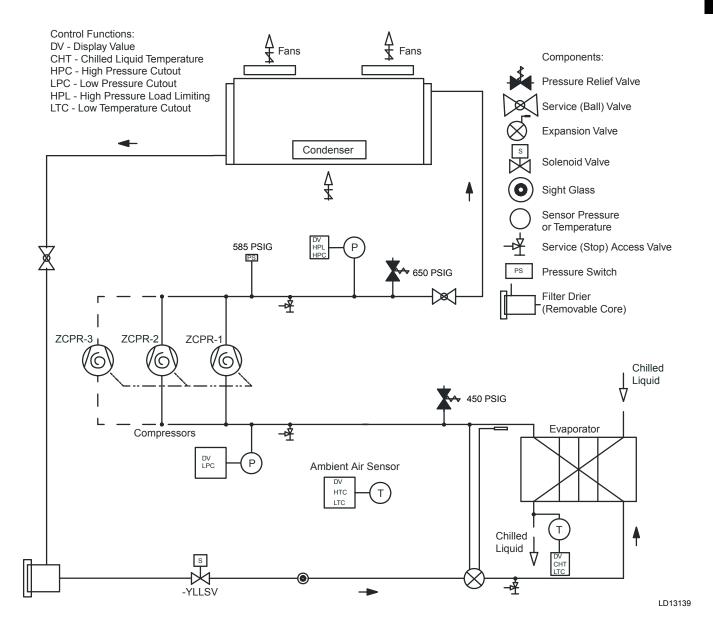


FIGURE 5 - PROCESS AND INSTRUMENTATION DIAGRAM

Low pressure liquid refrigerant enters the cooler and is evaporated and superheated by the heat energy absorbed from the chilled liquid passing through the cooler shell. Low pressure vapor enters at the compressor where pressure and superheat are increased. The high pressure vapor is fed to the air cooled condenser coil and fans where the heat is removed. The fully condensed and subcooled liquid passes through the expansion valve where pressure is reduced and further cooling takes place before entering to the cooler.

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 3 – HANDLING AND STORAGE

DELIVERY AND STORAGE

To ensure consistent quality and maximum reliability, all units are tested and inspected before leaving the factory. Units are shipped completely assembled and containing refrigerant under pressure. Units are shipped without export crating unless crating has been specified on the Sales Order.

If the unit is to be put into storage, prior to installation, the following precautions should be observed:

- The chiller must be "blocked" so that the base is not permitted to sag or bow.
- Ensure that all openings, such as water connections, are securely capped.
- Do not store where exposed to ambient air temperatures exceeding 112 °F (44.5 °C).
- The condensers should be covered to protect the fins from potential damage and corrosion, particularly where building work is in progress.
- The unit should be stored in a location where there is minimal activity in order to limit the risk of accidental physical damage.
- To prevent inadvertent operation of the pressure relief devices the unit must not be steam cleaned.
- It is recommended that the unit is periodically inspected during storage.

INSPECTION

Remove any transit packing and inspect the unit to ensure that all components have been delivered and that no damage has occurred during transit. If any damage is evident, it should be noted on the carrier's freight bill and a claim entered in accordance with the instructions given on the advice note.

Major damage must be reported immediately to your local Johnson Controls representative.

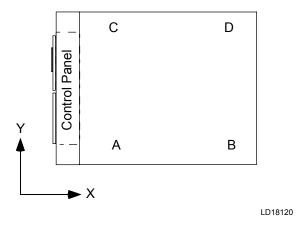
MOVING THE CHILLER

Prior to moving the unit, ensure that the installation site is suitable for installing the unit and is easily capable of supporting the weight of the unit and all associated services.

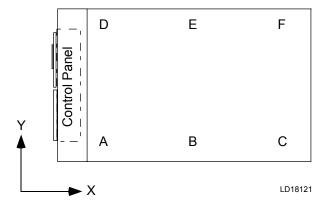


The unit must only be lifted by the base frame at the points provided. Never move the unit on rollers, or lift the unit using a forklift truck.

Care should be taken to avoid damaging the condenser cooling fins when moving the unit.



4 Fan Units



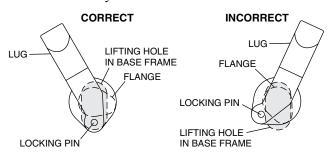
5 - 12 Fan Units

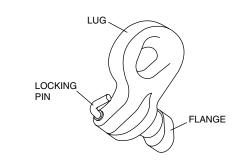
FIGURE 6 - UNIT RIGGING/LIFTING

33

LIFTING USING LUGS

Units are provided with lifting holes in the base frame which accept the accessory lifting lug set as shown in the figure below. The lugs (RH and LH) should be inserted into the respective holes in the base frame and turned so that the spring loaded pin engages into the hole and the flanges on the lug lock behind the hole. The lugs should be attached to the cables/chains using shackles or safety hooks.



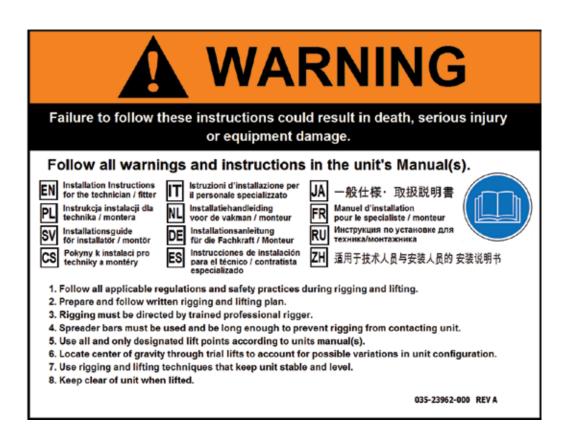


LIFTING USING SHACKLES

The shackles should be inserted into the respective holes in the base frame and secured from the inside.

Use spreader bars to avoid lifting chains hitting the chiller. Various methods of spreader bar arrangements may be used, keeping in mind the intent is to keep the unit stable and to keep the chains from hitting the chiller and causing damage.

Lifting Instructions are placed on a label on the chiller and on the shipping bag.



LD18119

FIGURE 7 - WARNING



Rigging and lifting should only be done by a professional rigger in accordance with a written rigging and lifting plan. The most appropriate rigging and lifting method will depend on job specific factors, such as the rigging equipment available and site needs. Therefore a professional rigger must determine the rigging and lifting method to be used and it is beyond the scope of the manual to specify rigging and lifting details.

LIFTING WEIGHTS

See the unit nameplate for unit shipping weight. Note that weight may vary depending on unit configuration at the time of lifting. See page 50 for further information regarding shipping and operating weights.

4

SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION



To ensure warranty coverage, this equipment must be commissioned and serviced by an authorized Johnson Controls service mechanic or a qualified service person experienced in chiller installation. Installation must comply with all applicable codes, particularly in regard to electrical wiring and other safety elements such as relief valves, HP cutout settings, design working pressures, and ventilation requirements consistent with the amount and type of refrigerant charge.

Lethal voltages exist within the control panels. Before servicing, open and tag all disconnect switches.

INSTALLATION CHECKLIST

The following items, 1 through 6, must be checked before placing the units in operation.

- 1. Inspect the unit for shipping damage.
- 2. Rig unit using spreader bars.
- 3. Open the unit only to install water piping system. Do not remove protective covers from water connections until piping is ready for attachment. Check water piping to ensure cleanliness.
- 4. Pipe unit using good piping practice (see ASHRAE handbook section 215 and 195).
- 5. Check to see that wiring is tight and meets NEC and local codes.
- 6. Check to see that the unit is installed and operated within limitations (See *Operational Limitations* (English) on page 43).

STARTUP/COMMISSIONING

The following pages outline detailed procedures to be followed to install and start-up the chiller.

LOCATION AND CLEARANCES

Units are designed for outdoor installations on ground level, rooftop, or beside a building. Location should be selected for minimum sun exposure and to insure adequate supply of fresh air for the condenser. The units must be installed with sufficient clearances for air entrance to the condenser coil, for air discharge away from the condenser, and for servicing access.

In installations where winter operation is intended and snow accumulations are expected, additional height must be provided to ensure normal condenser air flow.

Clearances are listed in Figure 32 on page 88.

Foundation

The unit should be mounted on a flat and level foundation, floor, or rooftop capable of supporting the entire operating weight of the equipment. See *Physical Data YLAA0058 – YLAA0230 60Hz on page 46* for operating weight. If the unit is elevated beyond the normal reach of service personnel, a suitable catwalk must be capable of supporting service personnel, their equipment, and the compressors.

Ground Level Locations

It is important that the units be installed on a substantial base that will not settle. A one piece concrete slab with footers extended below the frost line is highly recommended. Additionally, the slab should not be tied to the main building foundations as noise and vibration may be transmitted. Mounting holes (5/8" dia.) are provided in the steel channel for bolting the unit to its foundation (see *Dimensions on page 35*).

For ground level installations, precautions should be taken to protect the unit from tampering by or injury to unauthorized persons. Screws and/or latches on access panels will prevent casual tampering. However, further safety precautions such as a fenced-in enclosure or locking devices on the panels may be advisable.

Rooftop Locations

Choose a spot with adequate structural strength to safely support the entire weight of the unit and service personnel. Care must be taken not to damage the roof.

Consult the building contractor or architect if the roof is bonded. Roof installations should have wooden beams (treated to reduce deterioration), cork, rubber, or spring type vibration isolators under the base to minimize vibration.

Noise Sensitive Locations

Efforts should be made to assure that the chiller is not located next to occupied spaces or noise sensitive areas where chiller noise level would be a problem. Chiller noise is a result of compressor and fan operation.

SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

SPRING ISOLATORS (OPTIONAL)

When ordered, isolators will be furnished. Identify the isolator, locate at the proper mounting point, and adjust per instructions.

COMPRESSOR MOUNTING

The compressors are mounted on four (4) rubber isolators. The mounting bolts should not be loosened or adjusted at installation of the chiller.

REMOTE COOLER OPTION

Not available at this time.

CHILLED LIQUID PIPING

General – When the unit(s) has been located in its final position, the unit water piping may be connected. Normal installation precautions should be observed in order to receive maximum operating efficiencies. Piping should be kept free of all foreign matter. All chilled water evaporator piping must comply in all respects with local plumbing codes and ordinances.

Since elbows, tees and valves decrease pump capacity, all piping should be kept as straight and as simple as possible. All piping must be supported independent of the chiller.



Consideration should be given to compressor access when laying out water piping. Routing the water piping too close to the unit could make compressor servicing/replacement difficult.

Hand stop valves should be installed in all lines to facilitate servicing.

Piping to the inlet and outlet connections of the chiller should include high-pressure rubber hose or piping loops to ensure against transmission of water pump vibration. The necessary components must be obtained in the field.

Drain connections should be provided at all low points to permit complete drainage of the cooler and system water piping.

A small valve or valves should be installed at the highest point or points in the chilled water piping to allow any trapped air to be purged. Vent and drain connections should be extended beyond the insulation to make them accessible.

The piping to and from the cooler must be designed to suit the individual installation. It is important that the following considerations be observed:

- The chilled liquid piping system should be laid out so that the circulating pump discharges directly into the cooler. The suction for this pump should be taken from the piping system return line and not the cooler. This piping scheme is recommended, but is not mandatory.
- 2. The inlet and outlet cooler connection sizes are provided in *Table 5 on page 46* (Physical Data).
- 3. A 1/16" mesh strainer is provided at the cooler inlet line just ahead of the cooler. This is important to protect the cooler from entrance of large particles which could cause damage to the evaporator.
- 4. All chilled liquid piping should be thoroughly flushed to free it from foreign material before the system is placed into operation. Use care not to flush any foreign material into or through the cooler.
- 5. As an aid to servicing, thermometers and pressure gauges should be installed in the inlet and outlet water lines
- 6. The chilled water lines that are exposed to outdoor ambients should be wrapped with supplemental heater cable and insulated to protect against freezeup during low ambient periods, and to prevent formation of condensation on lines in warm humid locations. As an alternative, ethylene glycol should be added to protect against freeze-up during low ambient periods.
- 7. A chilled water flow switch, (either by YORK or others) MUST be installed in the leaving water piping of the cooler. If the factory wired flow switch and extension pipe kit is not selected, the field installed flow switch must be installed so that there is a straight horizontal run of at least 5 diameters on each side of the switch. Adjust the flow switch paddle to the size of the pipe in which it is to be installed (see manufacturer's instructions furnished with the switch). The switch is to be wired to Terminals 13 and 14 of XTBC1 located in the control panel, as shown on the unit wiring diagram.



The Flow Switch MUST NOT be used to start and stop the chiller (i.e. starting and stopping the chilled water pump). It is intended only as a safety switch.

PIPEWORK ARRANGEMENT

The following are suggested pipework arrangements for single unit installations, for multiple unit installations, each unit should be piped as shown.

Recommendations of the Building Services Research Association.

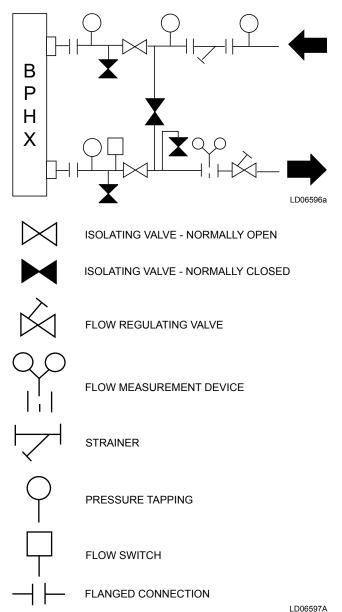


FIGURE 8 - CHILLED LIQUID SYSTEM

Fan Discharge Ducting

The following duct work recommendations are intended to ensure satisfactory operation of the unit. Failure to follow these recommendations could cause damage to the unit, or loss of performance, and may invalidate the warranty.

When ducting is to be fitted to the fan discharge it is recommended that the duct should be the same cross-sectional area as the fan outlet and straight for at least three feet (1 meter) to obtain static regain from the fan. Duct work should be suspended with flexible hangers to prevent noise and vibration being transmitted to the structure. A flexible joint is also recommended between the duct attached to the fan and the next section for the same reason. Flexible connectors should not be allowed to concertina.

The unit is not designed to take structural loading. No significant amount of weight should be allowed to rest on the fan outlet flange, deck assemblies or condenser coil module. No more than 3 feet (1 meter) of light construction duct work should be supported by the unit. Where cross winds may occur, any duct work must be supported to prevent side loading on the unit.

If the ducts from two or more fans are to be combined into a common duct, back-flow dampers should be fitted in the individual fan ducts. This will prevent recirculation of air when only one of the fans is running.

Units are supplied with outlet guards for safety and to prevent damage to the fan blades. If these guards are removed to fit duct work, adequate alternative precautions must be taken to ensure persons cannot be harmed or put at risk from rotating fan blades.

WIRING

Liquid Chillers are shipped with all factory-mounted controls wired for operation.

Field Wiring — Power wiring must be provided through a fused disconnect switch to the unit terminals (or optional molded disconnect switch) in accordance with N.E.C. or local code requirements. Minimum circuit ampacity and maximum dual element fuse size are given in the Electrical Data tables.

Copper power wiring only should be used for supplying power to the chiller. This is recommended to avoid safety and reliability issues resulting from connection failure at the power connections to the chiller. Aluminum wiring is not recommended due to thermal characteristics that may cause loose terminations resulting from the contraction and expansion of the wiring. Aluminum oxide may also build up at the termination causing hot spots and eventual failure. If aluminum wiring is used to supply power to the chiller, AL-CU compression fittings should be used to transition from

SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

aluminum to copper. This transition should be done in an external box separate to the power panel. Copper conductors can then be run from the box to the chiller.

A 120-1-60, 15 amp source must be supplied for the control panel through a fused disconnect when a control panel transformer (optional) is not provided (See *Figure 9 on page 39*).

See unit wiring diagrams for field and power wiring connections, chilled water pump starter contacts, alarm contacts, compressor run status contacts, PWM input, and load limit input. See SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION for a detailed description of operation concerning aforementioned contacts and inputs.

RELIEF VALVES

Relief valves are located on both the high and low pressure side of the piping. High side relief valve pressure setting is 650 PSIG. Low side relief valve pressure setting is 450 PSIG.

HIGH PRESSURE CUTOUT

A high pressure cutout is installed in the discharge piping of each system. The cutout opens at 585 PSIG plus or minus 10 PSIG and closes at 440 PSIG plus or minus 25 PSIG.

Evaporator Pump Start Contacts

Terminal block XTBC2 – Terminals 23 (115VAC) to 24, are normally- open contacts that can be used to switch field supplied power to provide a start signal to the evaporator pump contactor. The contacts will be closed when any of the following conditions occur:

- 1. Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Fault
- 2. Any compressor is running
- 3. Daily schedule is not programmed OFF and the Unit Switch is ON

The pump will not run if the micro panel has been powered up for less than 30 seconds, or if the pump has run in the last 30 seconds, to prevent pump motor overheating. See *Figure 13 on page 42* and unit wiring diagram.

System Run Contacts

Contacts are available to monitor system status. Normally-open auxiliary contacts from each compressor contactor are wired in parallel with XTBC2 – Terminals 25 to 26 for system 1, and XTBC2 – Terminals 27 to 28 for system 2. See *Figure 4 on page 23*, *Figure 13 on page 42* and unit wiring diagram.

Alarm Status Contacts

Normally-open contacts are available for each refrigerant system. These normally-open contacts close when the system is functioning normally. The respective contacts will open when the unit is shut down on a unit fault, or locked out on a system fault. Field connections are at XTBC2 - Terminals 29 to 30 (system 1), and Terminals 31 to 32 (system 2).

Remote Start/Stop Contacts

To remotely start and stop the chiller, dry contacts can be wired across terminals 13 and 51 on XTBC1. See *Figure 4 on page 23*, *Figure 10 on page 40* and unit wiring diagram.

Remote Emergency Cutoff

Immediate shutdown of the chiller can be accomplished by opening a field-installed dry contact to break the electrical circuit between Terminals 5 to L on terminal block XTBC2. The unit is shipped with a factory jumper installed between Terminals 5 to L, which must be removed if emergency shutdown contacts are installed. See *Figure 10 on page 40* and unit wiring diagram.

Remote Temp Reset Input

The Remote Temp Reset input allows reset of the chilled liquid setpoint by supplying a voltage or current signal field wiring should be connected to XTBC1 – Terminals A+ to A-. A detailed explanation is provided in SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS. See Figure 3 on page 22, Figure 4 on page 23 and unit wiring diagram.

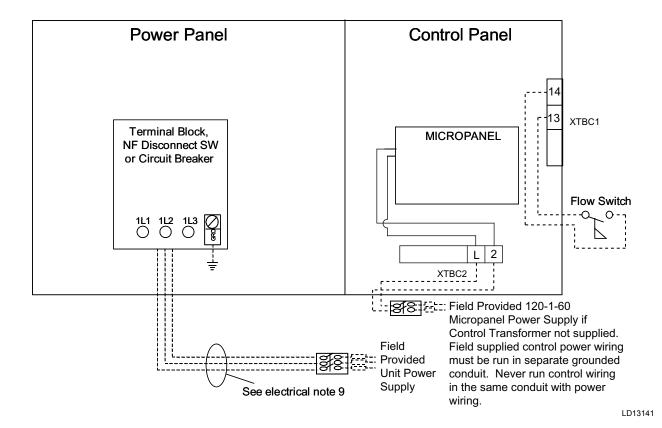
Load Limit Input

Load limiting is a feature that prevents the unit from loading beyond a desired value. The unit can be "load limited" either 33%, 40%, 50%, 66% or 80%, depending on the number of compressors on unit. The field connections are wired to XTBC1 – Terminals 13 to 21, and work in conjunction with the PWM inputs. A detailed explanation is provided in *SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS*. See *Figure 4 on page 23*, *Figure 10 on page 40* and unit wiring diagram.



When using the Load Limit feature, the PWM feature will not function—SIMUL-TANEOUS OPERATION OF LOAD LIMITING AND TEMPERATURE RESET (PWM INPUT) CANNOT BE DONE.

SINGLE-POINT SUPPLY CONNECTION – TERMINAL BLOCK, NON-FUSED DISCONNECT SWITCH OR CIRCUIT BREAKER





It is possible that multiple sources of power can be supplying the unit power panel. To prevent serious injury or death, the technician should verify that NO LETHAL VOLTAGES are present inside the panel AFTER disconnecting power, PRIOR to working on equipment.



The unit evaporator heater uses 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

FIGURE 9 - SINGLE-POINT SUPPLY CONNECTION – TERMINAL BLOCK, NON-FUSED DISCONNECT SWITCH OR CIRCUIT BREAKER

SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

USER CONTROL WIRING INPUTS

| A INTERNAL WIRING TO OPTIONAL REMOTE T | TEMP. RESET BOARD |
|---|-------------------|
| 14 FLOW SWITCH | |
| 50 13 | |
| 21 REMOTE UNLOAD STEP 1 | |
| 20 PWM REMOTE TEMP RESET | |
| 19 INTERNAL WIRING TO 2-KCR CONTROL RELAY | |
| 18 INTERNAL WIRING TO 1-KCR CONTROL RELAY | |
| 51 REMOTE START / STOP | |
| XTBC1 | LD13130 |



All externally supplied contacts must be capable of switching 24VDC / 115 VAC. Gold contacts are recommended. If supplied contacts are from a Relay / Contactor (Inductive Load), the coil of the Relay / Contactor must be suppressed. Typical suppressor is P/N 031-00808-000.



It is possible that multiple sources of power can be supplying the unit power panel. To prevent serious injury or death, the technician should verify that NO LETHAL VOLTAGES are present inside the panel AFTER disconnecting power, PRIOR to working on equipment.



The unit evaporator heater uses 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

FIGURE 10 - CONTROL WIRING INPUTS

Thermal Dispersion Flow Switch:

1. Thermal Dispersion Flow Switch Operating Principle

The operating principle of the thermal dispersion flow switch is based on the calorimetric principle. It uses the cooling effect of a flowing fluid to monitor the flow rate. The amount of thermal energy that is removed from the tip determines the local flow rate. This temperature-based operating principle can reliably sense the flow of virtually any liquid or gas.

The sensor tip of the thermal dispersion flow sensor houses two transistors and a heater element. One transistor is located in the sensor tip, closest to the flowing fluid. This transistor is used to detect changes in the flow velocity of the liquid. The second transistor is bonded to the cylindrical wall and is a reference for ambient fluid conditions.

In order to make the sensor sense flow, it is necessary to heat one of the transistors in the probe. When power is applied, the tip of the probe is heated. As the fluid starts to flow, heat will be carried away from the sensor tip. Cooling of the first transistor is a function of how fast heat is conducted away by the flowing liquid. The difference in temperature between the two transistors provides a measurement of fluid velocity past the sensor probe. When fluid velocity is high, the temperature differential is small. As fluid velocity decreases, there is an increase in the temperature differential.

2. Service Information

The P/N of the thermal dispersion switch is 025-43553-000, SAP # is 618247. you can purchase it from JCI part center through JCI service office close to your site.

The connection of thermal dispersion switch is 1/4" NPT, so when replacing a flow switch with different connection size, the connector on the liquid system need to replace as well so that it can adapt to the thermal dispersion flow switch.

3. Wiring of Thermal Dispersion Flow Switch

a. The wire connection of thermal dispersion switch contains 5 pins, the central pin is Pin #5 used for programming, which is unnecessary for wiring. (See *Figure 12 on page 41*)

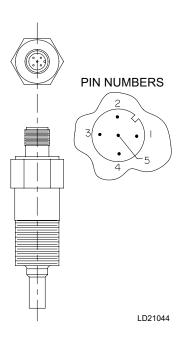


FIGURE 11 - THERMAL DISPERSION FLOW SWITCH

- b. Pin #1 and Pin #3 are used to connect with 24V AC from transformer T1 by terminal #40 and 41. (see the red dot line frame in *Figure 14 on page 60*)
- c. Pin #2 and Pin #4 are used to output the status of thermal dispersion flow switch, these 2 pins need to connected with terminal #13 and #14 of XTBC1 as Figure 10 on page 40 indicated.

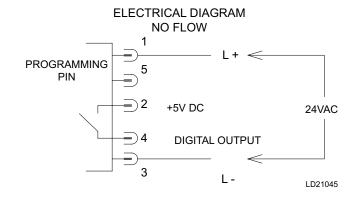
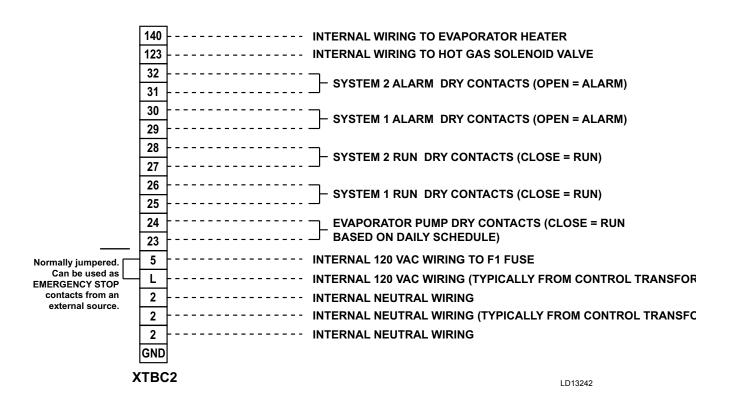


FIGURE 12 - THERMAL DISPERSION FLOW SWITCH (COMBINE TOGETHER)

SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

USER CONTROL WIRING OUTPUTS





All chiller supplied contacts are rated at 115VAC, 100VA, resistive load only, and must be suppressed at the load by user if powering an inductive load (Relay / Contactor Coil). Typical suppressor P/N is 031-00808-000.



It is possible that multiple sources of power can be supplying the unit power panel. To prevent serious injury or death, the technician should verify that NO LETHAL VOLTAGES are present inside the panel AFTER disconnecting power, PRIOR to working on equipment.



The unit evaporator heater uses 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

FIGURE 13 - CONTROL WIRING OUTPUTS

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA OPERATIONAL LIMITATIONS (ENGLISH)

TABLE 3 - TEMPERATURES AND FLOWS

| UNIT | TEMPER | RATURE | WATER FLOW | WATER FLOW | AIR ON CONDENSER (°F) | | |
|-------------|--------|------------------|----------------|------------|-----------------------|------------------|--|
| DESIGNATION | MIN¹ | MAX ² | (GPM) MIN | (GPM) MAX | MIN ³ | MAX ⁴ | |
| | | S | TANDARD EFFICI | ENCY | | | |
| YLAA0070SE | 40 | 55 | 60 | 325 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0080SE | 40 | 55 | 100 | 350 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0089SE | 40 | 55 | 100 | 400 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0100SE | 40 | 55 | 100 | 400 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0120SE | 40 | 55 | 150 | 625 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0136SE | 40 | 55 | 115 | 530 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0155SE | 40 | 55 | 150 | 625 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0170SE | 40 | 55 | 138 | 525 | 0 | 125 | |
| | | | HIGH EFFICIEN | CY | | | |
| YLAA0058HE | 40 | 55 | 60 | 325 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0065HE | 40 | 55 | 60 | 325 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0081HE | 40 | 55 | 115 | 530 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0092HE | 40 | 55 | 100 | 400 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0101HE | 40 | 55 | 100 | 400 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0125HE | 40 | 55 | 100 | 400 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0142HE | 40 | 55 | 150 | 530 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0156HE | 40 | 55 | 138 | 525 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0175HE | 40 | 55 | 200 | 650 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0200HE | 40 | 55 | 230 | 625 | 0 | 125 | |
| YLAA0230HE | 40 | 55 | 220 | 625 | 0 | 125 | |

NOTES:

- 1. For leaving liquid temperature below 40°F (4°C) (to 10°F [-12°C]) optional low temperature glycol kit required. Contact your nearest Johnson Controls Office for application requirements.
- 2. For leaving liquid temperature higher than 55°F (13°C), contact the nearest Johnson Controls Office for application guidelines.
- 3. The evaporator is protected against freezing to -20°F (-29°C) with an electric heater as standard.
- 4. For operation at temperatures above 115°F (46°C), the optional High Ambient Kit will need to be installed on the system.

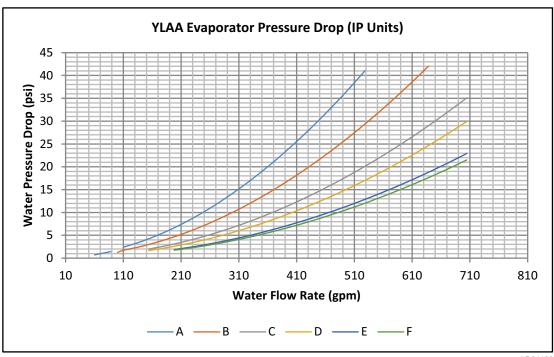


Excessive flow will cause damage to the cooler. Do not exceed maximum cooler flow. Special care should be taken when multiple chillers are fed by a single pump.

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

HEAT EXCHANGER FLOW, GPM



LD21182

| EVAPORATOR | YLAA MODELS |
|------------|--|
| Α | 0058HE, 0065HE, 0070SE |
| В | 0080SE |
| С | 0089SE, 0100SE, 0092HE, 0101HE, 0125HE |
| D | 0081HE, 0136SE, 0170SE, 0156HE |
| E | 0120SE, 0155SE, 0142HE |
| F | 0175HE |

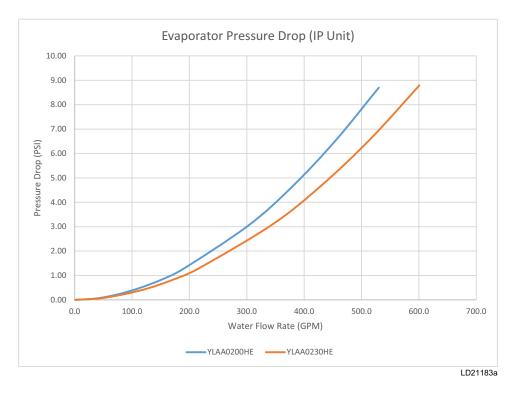


TABLE 4 - ETHYLENE AND PROPYLENE GLYCOL CORRECTION FACTORS

ETHYLENE GLYCOL

PROPYLENE GLYCOL

| % WEIGHT | TONS | COMPR KW | GPM F/ TON | PRESS DROP | FREEZE PT | | | | |
|-------------|------|-------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--|--|--|--|
| 10.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 24.3 | 1.0 | 26.2 | | | | |
| 20.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 25.1 | 1.1 | 17.9 | | | | |
| 30.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 25.9 | 1.2 | 6.7 | | | | |
| 40.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 26.9 | 1.4 | -8.1 | | | | |
| 50.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 28.0 | 1.6 | -28.9 | | | | |

| % | TONS | COMPR | GPM F/ | PRESS | FREEZE | | | | | |
|--------|------|-------|--------|-------|--------|--|--|--|--|--|
| WEIGHT | | KW | TON | DROP | PT | | | | | |
| 10.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 24.0 | 1.0 | 26.0 | | | | | |
| 20.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 24.3 | 1.1 | 19.0 | | | | | |
| 30.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 24.9 | 1.3 | 9.0 | | | | | |
| 40.0 | 1.0 | 1.0 | 25.6 | 1.4 | -6.0 | | | | | |
| 50.0 | 0.9 | 1.0 | 26.6 | 1.7 | -28.0 | | | | | |

NOTE: Water Pressure Drop Curves may extend past the minimum and maximum water flow ranges.

SECTION 5 - TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

PHYSICAL DATA YLAA0058 - YLAA0230 60HZ

TABLE 5 - PHYSICAL DATA (ENGLISH) 60 HZ

| | | | | YL | AA | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|
| REFRIGERANT R-410A | | | STAN | DARD EFF | ICIENCY L | JNITS | | |
| | 0070SE | 0080SE | 0089SE | 0100SE | 0120SE | 0136SE | 0155SE | 0170SE |
| NOMINAL RATINGS ³ | | | | | | | | |
| TONS | 71.0 | 77.8 | 81.8 | 95.6 | 118.1 | 126.1 | 143.0 | 167.4 |
| KW INPUT | 77.5 | 86.3 | 93.0 | 111.5 | 134.6 | 142.6 | 165.0 | 192.1 |
| EER | 10.4 | 10.0 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.8 | 9.7 | 9.7 | 9.7 |
| IPLV | 16.1 | 15.6 | 15.8 | 14.5 | 15.0 | 15.8 | 15.8 | 15.6 |
| GENERAL UNIT DATA | | | | | | | | |
| Length | 116.1 | 116.1 | 116.1 | 142.7 | 142.7 | 187.7 | 187.7 | 232.7 |
| Width | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 |
| Height | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 |
| Number Of Refrigerant Circuits | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| REFRIGERANT CHARGE, OPER | ATING | | | | | | | |
| R-410A, CKT1/CKT2, LBS | 43/43 | 47/44 | 57/57 | 55/58 | 54/62 | 75/71 | 75/70 | 90/87 |
| Oil Charge, CKT1/CKT2, Gallons | 2.58/2.58 | 3.28/2.58 | 3.28/2.76 | 3.28/3.33 | 3.33/3.33 | 4.99/2.76 | 4.99/3.33 | 4.99/4.99 |
| Shipping Weight | 3578 | 3898 | 4168 | 4791 | 5183 | 6148 | 6414 | 7734 |
| Operating Weight | 3623 | 3954 | 4241 | 4864 | 5293 | 6232 | 6524 | 7818 |
| COMPRESSORS, SCROLL TYPE | | | | | | | | |
| Compressors Per Circuit | 3/3 | 3/3 | 3/3 | 3/2 | 3/2 | 3/3 | 3/2 | 3/3 |
| Compressors Per Unit | 6 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 6 |
| NOMINAL TONS PER COMPRES | SOR | | | | | | | |
| Circuit 1 | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 |
| Circuit 2 | 13 | 13 | 15 | 32 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 32 |
| CONDENSER | • | | | | | | | |
| Total Face Area Ft ² | 106.9 | 106.9 | 106.9 | 133.6 | 160.3 | 213.8 | 213.8 | 267.2 |
| Number Of Rows | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fins Per Inch | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| CONDENSER FANS, LOW SOUN | D | | | | | | | |
| Number Of Fans, CKT 1/CKT 2 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 3/2 | 3/3 | 4/4 | 4/4 | 5/5 |
| Fan HP | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| Fan RPM | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 |
| Total Chiller CFM | 62400 | 62400 | 62400 | 78000 | 93600 | 124800 | 124800 | 156000 |
| EVAPORATOR | | | | | | | | |
| Water Volume, Gallons | 5.4 | 6.7 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 13.2 | 10.0 | 13.2 | 10.0 |
| Maximum Water Side Pressure, PSIG | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| Maximum Refrigerant Side Pressure, PSIG | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 |
| Minimum Chiller Water Flow Rate, GPM | 60 | 100 | 140 | 100 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| Maximum Chiller Water Flow Rate, GPM | 285 | 355 | 385 | 385 | 625 | 625 | 625 | 625 |
| Water Connections Size, Inches | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4* | 4* | 4* |

NOTES:

1. kW = Compressor Input Power.

2. EER = Chiller EER (includes power from compressors, fans, and the control panels 0.8 kW).

3. Rated in accordance with AHRI Standard 550/590 at an air on condenser temperature of 95°F and a leaving chilled water temperature of 44°F.

4. Additional rating information can be provided by your local Johnson Controls Sales Office.

47

TABLE 5 - PHYSICAL DATA (ENGLISH) 60 HZ (CONT'D)

| | YLAA | | | | | | | | | | |
|---|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------|-----------|
| REFRIGERANT R-410A | | | | | HIGH FF | FICIENC | YUNITS | | | | |
| KEI KIOEKAITI K 410A | 0058HE | 0065HE | 0081HE | 0092HE | | 0125HE | | 0156HE | 0175HE | 0200HE | 0230HE |
| NOMINAL RATINGS ³ | | | | | | | - | | | | |
| TONS | 57.0 | 62.3 | 78.8 | 85.7 | 98.3 | 116.0 | 129.5 | 144.5 | 172.5 | 194.5 | 220.6 |
| KW INPUT | 64.4 | 71.9 | 91.0 | 83.6 | 106.1 | 122.0 | 138.9 | 153.0 | 194.2 | 210.9 | 240.0 |
| EER | 10.6 | 10.4 | 10.4 | 11.0 | 10.1 | 10.3 | 10.2 | 10.2 | 9.8 | 10.1 | 10.2 |
| IPLV | 15.6 | 15.6 | 16.1 | 16.1 | 15.7 | 15.7 | 15.9 | 15.5 | 15.6 | 16.1 | 15.2 |
| GENERAL UNIT DATA | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Length | 100.2 | 100.2 | 100.2 | 142.7 | 142.7 | 187.7 | 187.7 | 232.7 | 232.7 | 274.4 | 274.4 |
| Width | 88.0 | 88.0 | 88.0 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88 | 88.3 | 88.3 |
| Height | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 | 94.2 |
| Number Of Refrigerant Circuits | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 |
| REFRIGERANT CHARG | E, OPERA | ATING | | | | | | | | | |
| R-410A, CKT1/CKT2, LBS | 43/43 | 43/43 | 44/44 | 59/55 | 45/65 | 75/71 | 83/73 | 90/82 | 94/92 | 95/95 | 100/100 |
| Oil Charge, CKT1/CKT2, Gallons | 2.58/2.58 | 2.89/2.58 | 2.58/2.58 | 2.76/2.76 | 3.28/3.33 | 3.33/3.33 | 4.99/2.76 | 4.99/3.33 | 4.99/4.99 | 4.2/4.2 | 4.99/4.99 |
| Shipping Weight | 3508 | 3704 | 4061 | 4718 | 4953 | 5869 | 6259 | 7344 | 7882 | 9205 | 9690 |
| Operating Weight | 3552 | 3748 | 4145 | 4791 | 5026 | 5942 | 6369 | 7428 | 8001 | 9333 | 9821 |
| COMPRESSORS, SCRO | LL TYPE | | | | | | | | | | |
| Compressors Per Circuit | 2/2 | 3/2 | 3/3 | 3/3 | 3/2 | 2/2 | 3/3 | 3/2 | 3/3 | 3/3 | 3/3 |
| Compressors Per Unit | 4 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 5 | 4 | 6 | 5 | 6 | 6 | 6 |
| NOMINAL TONS PER CO | OMPRES | SOR | | | | | | | | | |
| Circuit 1 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 15 | 15 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 32 | 35 | 40 |
| Circuit 2 | 15 | 15 | 13 | 15 | 32 | 32 | 15 | 32 | 32 | 35 | 40 |
| CONDENSER | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total Face Area Ft ² | 106.9 | 106.9 | 106.9 | 160.3 | 160.3 | 213.8 | 213.8 | 267.2 | 267.2 | 320 | 320.7 |
| Number Of Rows | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 | 1 |
| Fins Per Inch | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 | 20 |
| CONDENSER FANS, LO | W SOUN | <u> </u> | | | | | | | | | |
| Number Of Fans, CKT 1/ CKT 2 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 2/2 | 3/3 | 4/2 | 4/4 | 5/3 | 6/4 | 5/5 | 6/6 | 6/6 |
| Fan HP | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2 | 2.0 | 2.0 |
| Fan RPM | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 | 1160 |
| Total Chiller CFM | 62400 | 62400 | 62400 | 93600 | 93600 | 124800 | 124800 | 156000 | 156000 | 187200 | 187200 |
| EVAPORATOR | | | | | | | | | • | | |
| Water Volume, Gallons | 5.4 | 5.4 | 10 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 8.8 | 13.2 | 10.0 | 14.3 | 12.6 | 14.3 |
| Maximum Water Side Pressure, PSIG | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 150 |
| Maximum Refrigerant Side Pressure, PSIG | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 | 450 |
| Minimum Chiller Water Flow Rate, GPM | 60 | 60 | 150 | 100 | 100 | 100 | 150 | 150 | 150 | 230 | 220 |
| Maximum Chiller Water Flow Rate, GPM | 285 | 285 | 625 | 385 | 385 | 385 | 625 | 625 | 625 | 625 | 625 |
| Water Connections Size, Inches | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 3 | 4* | 4* | 4* | 4* | 5 | 5 |

NOTES:

1. kW = Compressor Input Power.
2. EER = Chiller EER (includes power from compressors, fans, and the control panels 0.8 kW).
3. Rated in accordance with AHRI Standard 550/590 at an air on condenser temperature of 95°F and a leaving chilled water temperature of 44°F.
4. Additional rating information can be provided by your local Johnson Controls Sales Office.

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

ELECTRICAL DATA

TABLE 6 - MICROPANEL POWER SUPPLY

| UNIT VOLTAGE | CONTROL POWER | | MCA NOTE A | OVER CURRE SEE | NF DISC SW | |
|------------------|------------------|--------------|---------------|-------------------|------------|-------------|
| MODELS W/O | VOLTAGE | | MOILA | MIN | MAX | |
| CONTROL TRANS | | 115-1-60/50 | 15A | 10A | 15A | 30 A / 240V |
| | -17 | 200-1-60 | 15A | 10A | 15A | 30 A / 240V |
| | -28 | 230-1-60 | 15A | 10A | 15A | 30 A / 240V |
| MODELS W/ | -40 | 380-1-60 | 15A | 10A | 15A | 30 A / 480V |
| CONTROL -46 | -46 | 460-1-60 | 15A | 10A | 15A | 30 A / 480V |
| | -50 | 380/415-1-60 | 15A | 10A | 15A | 30A / 415V |
| | -58 | 575-1-60 | 15A | 10A | 15A | 30 A / 600V |

A. Minimum #14 AWG, 75 °C, Copper Recommended

B. Minimum and Maximum Over Current Protection, Dual Element Fuse or Circuit Breaker



It is possible that multiple sources of power can be supplying the unit power panel. To prevent serious injury or death, the technician should verify that NO LETHAL VOLTAGES are present inside the panel AFTER disconnecting power, PRIOR to working on equipment.



The unit evaporator heater uses 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

Voltage Limitations

The following voltage limitations are absolute and operation beyond these limitations may cause serious damage to the compressor.

TABLE 7 - VOLTAGE RANGE

| | VOLTAGE RANGE | | | | | | | | |
|--------------|-----------------------------------|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| VOLTAGE CODE | VOLTAGE CODE UNIT POWER MIN. MAX. | | | | | | | | |
| 47 | 200/3/60 | 180 | 220 | | | | | | |
| -17 | 208/3/60 | 187 | 228 | | | | | | |
| -28 | 230-3-60 | 207 | 253 | | | | | | |
| -40 | 380-3-60 | 355 | 415 | | | | | | |
| -46 | 460-3-60 | 414 | 506 | | | | | | |
| -50 | 380/415-3-50 | 360 | 440 | | | | | | |
| -58 | 575-3-60 | 517 | 633 | | | | | | |

COMPRESSOR HEATERS

Compressor heaters are standard. ZP180 compressors utilize 70W heaters; ZP235, compressor use 120W heaters and ZP285, ZP385, and ZP485 utilize 150W heaters. If power is OFF more than two hours, the

crankcase heaters must be energized for 18 - 24 hours prior to restarting a compressor. This will assure that liquid slugging and oil dilution does not damage the compressors on start.

TABLE 8 - PUMP ELECTRICAL DATA (60 HZ)

| | | | | | | PUN | IP ELECT | TRICAL D | ATA | | | |
|---------------|----------------|------|-------|-------|-------|------------|----------|----------|------------|-------|------------|-------|
| PUMP MODEL | HORSE POWER | RPM | 208-3 | -60HZ | 230-3 | 230-3-60HZ | | -60HZ | 460-3-60HZ | | 575-3-60HZ | |
| MODEL | I OWER | | FLA | LRA | FLA | LRA | FLA | LRA | FLA | LRA | FLA | LRA |
| Α | 5 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 12.0 | 92.0 | 7.1 | 55.5 | 6.0 | 46.0 | 4.8 | 36.8 |
| В | 7.5 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 17.6 | 126.0 | 10.6 | 78.0 | 8.8 | 63.0 | 7.0 | 50.4 |
| С | 10 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 23.6 | 162.0 | 14.3 | 102.0 | 14.0 | 81.0 | 9.4 | 64.8 |
| D | 15 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 35.0 | 232.0 | 20.9 | 143.0 | 17.5 | 116.0 | 14.0 | 92.8 |
| E | 5 | 1800 | N/A | N/A | 13.0 | 92.0 | 7.9 | 55.5 | 6.5 | 46.0 | 5.2 | 36.8 |
| F | 15 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 35.0 | 232.0 | 20.9 | 143.0 | 17.5 | 116.0 | 14.0 | 92.8 |
| G | 7.5 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 17.6 | 126.0 | 10.6 | 78.0 | 8.8 | 63.0 | 7.0 | 50.4 |
| Н | 10 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 23.6 | 162.0 | 14.3 | 102.0 | 14.0 | 81.0 | 9.4 | 64.8 |
| l | 15 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 35.0 | 232.0 | 20.9 | 143.0 | 17.5 | 116.0 | 14.0 | 92.8 |
| J | 5 | 1800 | N/A | N/A | 13.0 | 92.0 | 7.9 | 55.5 | 6.5 | 46.0 | 5.2 | 36.8 |
| K | 15 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 35.0 | 232.0 | 20.9 | 143.0 | 17.5 | 116.0 | 14.0 | 92.8 |
| L | 20 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 45.0 | 290.0 | 28.7 | 190.0 | 22.5 | 145.0 | 18.0 | 116.0 |
| М | 3 | 1800 | N/A | N/A | 8.0 | 64.0 | 4.7 | 38.0 | 4.0 | 32.0 | 3.2 | 25.6 |
| N | 7.5 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 17.6 | 126.0 | 10.6 | 78.0 | 8.8 | 63.0 | 7.0 | 50.4 |
| 0 | 10 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 23.6 | 162.0 | 14.3 | 102.0 | 14.0 | 81.0 | 9.4 | 64.8 |
| P | 15 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 35.0 | 232.0 | 20.9 | 143.0 | 17.5 | 116.0 | 14.0 | 92.8 |
| R | 5 | 1800 | N/A | N/A | 13.0 | 92.0 | 7.9 | 55.5 | 6.5 | 46.0 | 5.2 | 36.8 |
| S | 10 | 1800 | N/A | N/A | 24.0 | 162.0 | 15.1 | 102.0 | 12.0 | 81.0 | 9.6 | 64.8 |
| Т | 15 | 1800 | N/A | N/A | 36.4 | 232.0 | 22.0 | 143.0 | 18.2 | 116.0 | 14.6 | 92.8 |
| U | 7.5 | 1800 | N/A | N/A | 18.4 | 126.0 | 11.1 | 78.0 | 9.2 | 63.0 | 7.4 | 50.4 |
| V | 20 | 3600 | N/A | N/A | 45.0 | 290.0 | 28.7 | 190.0 | 22.5 | 145.0 | 18.0 | 116.0 |

NOTE:

Reference PIN 59 for Pump Model.

Use this table along with Table 9 Electrical Data without Pumps to determine electrical data of the unit plus the pump.

TABLE 9 - TRANSFORMER LOAD

| | VA | | | | | |
|------|------|------|--|--|--|--|
| VOLT | 2000 | 3000 | | | | |
| 208 | 9.6 | 14.4 | | | | |
| 230 | 8.7 | 13.0 | | | | |
| 380 | 5.3 | 7.9 | | | | |
| 460 | 4.3 | 6.5 | | | | |
| 575 | 3.5 | 5.2 | | | | |

TABLE 10 - FLECTRICAL DATA WITHOUT PUMPS

| CHILLER MODEL | VOLTAGE CODE | MIN CKT. AMPS | MIN N/F DISC SW | MIN DUAL ELEM FUSE & MIN CB | MAX DUAL ELEM FUSE MAX CB | |
|------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | 208 | 276 | 400 | 300 | 300 | |
| | 230 | 275 | 400 | 300 | 300 | |
| 58 | 380 | 149 | 200 | 175 | 175 | 1 |
| | 460 | 130 | 200 | 150 | 150 | |
| | 575 | 103 | 150 | 110 | 110 | 1 |
| | 208 | 306 | 400 | 350 | 350 | |
| | 230 | 305 | 400 | 350 | 350 | |
| 65 | 380 | 170 | 250 | 200 | 200 | 1 |
| | 460 | 150 | 200 | 175 | 175 | |
| | 575 | 112 | 150 | 125 | 125 | ĺ |
| | 208 | 334 | 400 | 350 | 350 | |
| | 230 | 333 | 400 | 350 | 350 | |
| 70 | 380 | 191 | 250 | 225 | 225 | |
| | 460 | 169 | 200 | 175 | 175 | |
| | 575 | 120 | 150 | 125 | 125 | 1 |
| | 208 | 363 | 600 | 400 | 400 | |
| | 230 | 363 | 600 | 400 | 400 | |
| 80 | 380 | 201 | 250 | 225 | 225 | l |
| 00 | 460 | 177 | 250 | 200 | 200 | |
| | 575 | 134 | 200 | 150 | 150 | |
| | 208 | 363 | 400 | 400 | 400 | |
| | 230 | 363 | 400 | 400 | 400 | |
| 04 | 380 | 201 | 250 | 225 | 225 | |
| 81 | | | | | . | |
| | 460 | 177 | 250 | 200 | 200 | |
| | 575 | 134 | 200 | 150 | 150 | |
| | 208 | 391 | 600 | 450 | 450 | |
| | 230 | 390 | 600 | 450 | 450 | ļ |
| 89 | 380 | 211 | 250 | 250 | 250 | |
| | 460 | 184 | 250 | 200 | 200 | ļ |
| | 575 | 146 | 200 | 150 | 150 | |
| | 208 | 406 | 600 | 450 | 450 | |
| | 230 | 405 | 600 | 450 | 450 | ļ |
| 92 | 380 | 220 | 400 | 250 | 250 | |
| | 460 | 192 | 250 | 225 | 225 | |
| | 575 | 152 | 200 | 150 | 150 | |
| | 208 | 450 | 600 | 500 | 500 | |
| | 230 | 449 | 600 | 500 | 500 | |
| 100 | 380 | 260 | 400 | 300 | 300 | |
| | 460 | 220 | 400 | 250 | 250 |] |
| | 575 | 175 | 250 | 200 | 200 | |
| | 208 | 458 | 600 | 500 | 500 | |
| | 230 | 456 | 600 | 500 | 500 | |
| 101 | 380 | 264 | 400 | 300 | 300 | |
| | 460 | 224 | 400 | 250 | 250 | |
| | 575 | 178 | 250 | 200 | 200 |] |
| | 208 | 497 | 800 | 600 | 600 | |
| | 230 | 496 | 800 | 600 | 600 | 1 |
| 120 | 380 | 300 | 400 | 350 | 350 | 1 |
| - | 460 | 250 | 400 | 300 | 300 | |
| | 575 | 198 | 250 | 225 | 225 | 1 |

TABLE 10 - ELECTRICAL DATA WITHOUT PUMPS (CONT'D)

| SYSTEM # 1 | | | | | | | SYSTEM#2 | | | | | | | | | | |
|------------|-----|-------|------|------|------------|-----|----------|------|-------|------|-------|------|------|------|-----|----------|------|
| COMPR 1 | | | PR 2 | СОМ | PR 3 | STD | LOW | FANS | СОМ | PR 1 | СОМ | PR 2 | СОМ | PR 3 | STD | FLOW | FANS |
| RLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | QTY | FLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | QTY | FLA | LRA |
| 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | | | 2 | 7.6 | 44 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | | | 2 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | | | 2 | 7.4 | 37 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | | | 2 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | | | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | | | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | | | 2 | 4 | 19 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | | | 2 | 4 | 19 |
| 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | | | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | | | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 249 | | | 2 | 7.6 | 44 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 249 | | | 2 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 288 | | | 2 | 7.4 | 37 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 288 | | | 2 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 139 | | | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 139 | | | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | | | 2 | 4 | 19 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | | | 2 | 4 | 19 |
| 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | | | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | | | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 2 | 4 | 19 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 2 | 4 | 19 |
| 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 48.5 | 288 | 48.5 | 288 | 48.5 | 288 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 | 48.5 | 288 | 48.5 | 288 | 48.5 | 288 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 2 | 4 | 19 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 2 | 4 | 19 |
| 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 48.5 | 249 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 48.5 | 288 | 48.5 | 288 | 48.5 | 288 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 | 48.5 | 288 | 48.5 | 288 | 48.5 | 288 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 27.6 | 159 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 2 | 4 | 19 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 24.4 | 145 | 2 | 4 | 19 |
| 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 17.4 | 109 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 2 | 4.5 | 19 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 2 | 4.5 | 19 |
| 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| | _ | | 284 | | 284 | 3 | | 44 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | | | 284 | 3 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | | 57.7 | | | 7.6 | _ | | | | 284 | 57.7 | | | - | |
| 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 3 | 7.4 | 37 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 3 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 3 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 3 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 132 | 3 | 4 | 19 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 3 | 4 | 19 |
| 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 3 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 3 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 3 | 7.6 | 44 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 3 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 3 | 7.4 | 37 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 3 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 3 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 3 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 3 | 4 | 19 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 3 | 4 | 19 |
| 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | 00.1 | 3 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 3 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 2 | 7.6 | 44 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 4 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 2 | 7.4 | 37 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 4 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 2 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 2 | 4 | 19 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 4 | 4 | 19 |
| 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 2 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 |
| 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 3 | 7.6 | 44 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 3 | 7.6 | 44 |
| 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 3 | 7.4 | 37 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 3 | 7.4 | 37 |
| 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 3 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 3 | 4.5 | 23.1 |
| 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 3 | 4 | 19 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 3 | 4 | 19 |
| 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 3 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 3 | 2.9 | 15.3 |

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

TABLE 10 - ELECTRICAL DATA WITHOUT PUMPS (CONT'D)

| CHILLER MODEL | VOLTAGE CODE | MIN CKT. AMPS | MIN N/F DISC SW | MIN DUAL ELEM FUSE & MIN CB | MAX DUAL ELEM FUSE MAX CB | |
|------------------|-----------------|------------------|--------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|---|
| | 208 | 512 | 800 | 600 | 600 | |
| | 230 | 511 | 800 | 600 | 600 |] |
| 125 | 380 | 309 | 400 | 350 | 350 | |
| | 460 | 258 | 400 | 300 | 300 |] |
| | 575 | 204 | 250 | 225 | 225 |] |
| | 208 | 579 | 800 | 600 | 600 | |
| | 230 | 577 | 800 | 600 | 600 |] |
| 136 | 380 | 338 | 600 | 400 | 400 |] |
| | 460 | 285 | 400 | 300 | 300 | |
| | 575 | 226 | 400 | 250 | 250 |] |
| | 208 | 579 | 800 | 600 | 600 | |
| | 230 | 577 | 800 | 600 | 600 | 1 |
| 142 | 380 | 338 | 600 | 400 | 400 | 1 |
| | 460 | 285 | 400 | 300 | 300 | 1 |
| | 575 | 226 | 400 | 250 | 250 | |
| | 208 | 618 | 800 | 700 | 700 | |
| | 230 | 617 | 800 | 700 | 700 | 1 |
| 155 | 380 | 374 | 600 | 400 | 400 | |
| | 460 | 311 | 400 | 350 | 350 | 1 |
| | 575 | 246 | 400 | 300 | 300 | 1 |
| | 208 | 634 | 800 | 700 | 700 | |
| | 230 | 632 | 800 | 700 | 700 | 1 |
| 156 | 380 | 383 | 600 | 400 | 400 | 1 |
| 100 | 460 | 319 | 400 | 350 | 350 | • |
| | 575 | 252 | 400 | 300 | 300 | 1 |
| | 208 | 740 | 1000 | 800 | 800 | |
| | 230 | 738 | 1000 | 800 | 800 | |
| 170 | 380 | 447 | 600 | 500 | 500 | 1 |
| | 460 | 372 | 600 | 400 | 400 | 1 |
| | 575 | 295 | 400 | 350 | 350 | 1 |
| | 208 | 740 | 1000 | 800 | 800 | |
| | 230 | 738 | 1000 | 800 | 800 | 1 |
| 175 | 380 | 447 | 600 | 500 | 500 | 1 |
| | 460 | 372 | 600 | 400 | 400 | 1 |
| | 575 | 295 | 400 | 350 | 350 | 1 |
| | 208 | 734 | 1000 | 800 | 800 | |
| | 230 | 731 | 1000 | 800 | 800 | 1 |
| 200 | 380 | 443 | 600 | 500 | 500 | 1 |
| | 460 | 369 | 600 | 400 | 400 | 1 |
| | 575 | 292 | 400 | 300 | 300 | 1 |
| | 208 | 959 | 1200 | 1000 | 1000 | |
| | 230 | 956 | 1200 | 1000 | 1000 | 1 |
| 230 | 380 | 599 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 1 |
| | 460 | 504 | 600 | 600 | 600 | 1 |
| | 575 | 359 | 600 | 400 | 400 | 1 |

TABLE 10 - ELECTRICAL DATA WITHOUT PUMPS (CONT'D)

| SYSTEM#1 | | | | | | | | SYSTEM # 2 | | | | | | | | | | |
|----------|------|-------|------|-------|------|-----|------|------------|-------|------|-------|------|------------|-----|-----|---------------|------|--|
| СОМ | PR 1 | СОМ | PR 2 | СОМ | PR 3 | STD | FLOW | FANS | СОМ | PR 1 | СОМ | PR 2 | COMPR 3 ST | | | STD FLOW FANS | | |
| RLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | QTY | FLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | RLA | LRA | QTY | FLA | LRA | |
| 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 4 | 7.6 | 44 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 4 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 4 | 7.4 | 37 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 4 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 4 | 4 | 19 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 4 | 4 | 19 | |
| 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |
| 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 4 | 7.6 | 44 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 4 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 4 | 7.4 | 37 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 4 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 4 | 4 | 19 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 4 | 4 | 19 | |
| 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |
| 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 3 | 7.6 | 44 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 57.7 | 284 | 3 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 3 | 7.4 | 37 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 57.7 | 330 | 3 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 3 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 30.9 | 192 | 3 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 3 | 4 | 19 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 26.9 | 180 | 3 | 4 | 19 | |
| 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 3 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 21.5 | 132 | 3 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |
| 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 4 | 7.6 | 44 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 4 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 4 | 7.4 | 37 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 4 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 4 | 4 | 19 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 4 | 4 | 19 | |
| 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |
| 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 4 | 7.6 | 44 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | | | 4 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 4 | 7.4 | 37 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | | | 4 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | | | 4 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 4 | 4 | 19 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | | | 4 | 4 | 19 | |
| 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | | | 4 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |
| 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | 5 | 7.6 | 44 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | 5 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | 5 | 7.4 | 37 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | 578 | 5 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | 5 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | 5 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | 5 | 4 | 19 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | 5 | 4 | 19 | |
| 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | 5 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | 5 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |
| 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | 5 | 7.6 | 44 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | 106.2 | 523 | 5 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 106.2 | 578 | 106.2 | | 106.2 | | 5 | 7.4 | 37 | 106.2 | | 106.2 | | 106.2 | | 5 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | 5 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | 64.3 | 355 | 5 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | 5 | 4 | 19 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | 53.1 | 290 | 5 | 4 | 19 | |
| 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | 5 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | 42.5 | 255 | 5 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |
| 102.8 | 574 | 102.8 | 574 | 102.8 | 574 | 6 | 7.6 | 44 | 102.8 | 574 | 102.8 | 574 | 102.8 | 574 | 6 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 102.8 | 635 | 102.8 | 635 | 102.8 | 635 | 6 | 7.4 | 37 | 102.8 | 635 | 102.8 | 635 | 102.8 | 635 | 6 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 62.2 | 355 | 62.2 | 355 | 62.2 | 355 | 6 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 62.2 | 355 | 62.2 | 355 | 62.2 | 355 | 6 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 51.4 | 280 | 51.4 | 280 | 51.4 | 280 | 6 | 4 | 19 | 51.4 | 280 | 51.4 | 280 | 51.4 | 280 | 6 | 4 | 19 | |
| 41.1 | 225 | 41.1 | 225 | 41.1 | 225 | 6 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 41.1 | 225 | 41.1 | 225 | 41.1 | 225 | 6 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |
| 138.8 | 943 | 138.8 | 943 | 138.8 | 943 | 6 | 7.6 | 44 | 138.8 | | 138.8 | 943 | 138.8 | 943 | 6 | 7.6 | 44 | |
| 138.8 | 943 | 138.8 | 943 | 138.8 | 943 | 6 | 7.4 | 37 | 138.8 | 943 | 138.8 | 943 | 138.8 | 943 | 6 | 7.4 | 37 | |
| 87.2 | 564 | 87.2 | 564 | 87.2 | 564 | 6 | 4.5 | 23.1 | 87.2 | 564 | 87.2 | 564 | 87.2 | 564 | 6 | 4.5 | 23.1 | |
| 73 | 408 | 73 | 408 | 73 | 408 | 6 | 4 | 19 | 73 | 408 | 73 | 408 | 73 | 408 | 6 | 4 | 19 | |
| 51.9 | 375 | 51.9 | 375 | 51.9 | 375 | 6 | 2.9 | 15.3 | 51.9 | 375 | 51.9 | 375 | 51.9 | 375 | 6 | 2.9 | 15.3 | |

NOTE:

- Reference PIN 59 for Pump Model.
- Use this table along with Table 8 Pump Electrical Data to determine electrical data of the unit plus the pump.
- Does not include Control Transformer.

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

TABLE 11 - WIRING LUGS

| CHILLER | VOLTS | 1 PT SUPPLY T. BLOCK | _ | ASE SWITCH SUPPLY | MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKER 1 PT. SUPPLY | | | |
|----------|-------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|--|--|
| MODEL | VOLIS | INSTALLED LUG | INSTALLED LUG | ALTERNATE LUG | INSTALLED LUG | ALTERNATE LUG | | |
| | 208 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 230 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| YLAA0058 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| YLAA0065 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| YLAA0070 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| YLAA0080 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | | |
| YLAA0081 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | | |
| | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | | |
| YLAA0089 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | _ | | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | | |
| | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | | |
| YLAA0092 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - | (1) 6 - 350 | _ | | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | | |
| | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | | |
| YLAA0100 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| YLAA0101 | 460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 6 - 350 | - (1) 200 000 | (1) 6 - 350 | - (1) 200 000 | | |

TABLE 11 - WIRING LUGS (CONT'D)

| CHILLER | VOLTS | 1 PT SUPPLY T. BLOCK | _ | ASE SWITCH SUPPLY | MOLDED CASE CIRCUIT BREAKER 1 PT. SUPPLY | | |
|----------------------|---------|-------------------------|------------------|----------------------|---|------------------|--|
| MODEL | VOLIS | INSTALLED LUG | INSTALLED LUG | ALTERNATE LUG | INSTALLED LUG | ALTERNATE LUG | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0120 | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0130 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0125 | 400/460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | |
| \/ | 230 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0135 | 380 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0141 | 400/460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | |
| | 208 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | |
| | 230 | | | | | | |
| YLAA0136 | 380 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0142 | 400/460 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | |
| | 208 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0150 | 230 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0155 | 380 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | |
| YLAA0158 YLAA0156 | 400/460 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | |
| ILAAUISU | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |
| | 208 | (4) 4/0 - 500 | (4) 4/0 - 500 | - | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0170 | 230 | (4) 4/0 - 500 | (4) 4/0 - 500 | - | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | |
| YLAA0175 | 380 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | |
| YLAA0200 | 460 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |
| | 575 | (1) # 6 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |
| | 208 | (4) 4/0 - 500 | (4) 4/0 - 500 | - | (4) 4/0 - 500 | - | |
| VI A A 0220 | 230 | (4) 4/0 - 500 | (4) 4/0 - 500 | - | (4) 4/0 - 500 | - | |
| YLAA0230 | 460 | (2) # 6 - 500 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | (2) 250 - 500 | (3) 2/0 - 400 | |
| | 575 | (2) # 6 - 500 | - | - | (2) 3/0 - 250 | (1) 250 - 500 | |

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

ELECTRICAL NOTES

NOTES

- 1. Minimum Circuit Ampacity (MCA) is based on 125% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit, per N.E.C. Article 430-24. If the optional Factory Mounted Control Transformer is provided, add the following MCA values to the electrical tables for the system providing power to the transformer: -17, add 2.5 amps; -28, add 2.3 amps; -40, add 1.5 amps, -46, add 1.3 amps; -58, add 1 amps.
- 2. The minimum recommended disconnect switch is based on 115% of the rated load amps for all loads included in the circuit, per N.E.C. Article 440.
- 3. Minimum fuse size is based upon 150% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit to avoid nuisance trips at start-up due to lock rotor amps. It is not recommended in applications where brown outs, frequent starting and stopping of the unit, and/or operation at ambient temperatures in excess of 95°F (35°C) is anticipated.
- 4. Maximum fuse size is based upon 225% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit, per N.E.C. Article 440-22.
- Circuit breakers must be UL listed and CSA certified and maximum size is based on 225% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of

- the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit. Otherwise, HACR-type circuit breakers must be used. Maximum HACR circuit breaker rating is based on 225% of the rated load amps for the largest motor plus 100% of the rated load amps for all other loads included in the circuit.
- 6. The "INCOMING WIRE RANGE" is the minimum and maximum wire size that can be accommodated by the unit wiring lugs. The (2) preceding the wire range indicates the number of termination points available per phase of the wire range specified. Actual wire size and number of wires per phase must be determined based on the National Electrical Code, <u>using copper connectors only</u>. Field wiring must also comply with local codes.
- A ground lug is provided for each compressor system to accommodate a field grounding conductor per N.E.C. Table 250-95. A control circuit grounding lug is also supplied.
- 8. The supplied disconnect is a "Disconnecting Means" as defined in the N.E.C. 100, and is intended for isolating the unit for the available power supply to perform maintenance and trouble-shooting. This disconnect is not intended to be a Load Break Device.
- 9. Field Wiring by others which complies to the National Electrical Code and Local Codes.

-58 = 575 - 3 - 60

| LEGEND | | VOLTAGE CODE |
|----------|-----------------------|--------------------|
| ACR-LINE | ACROSS THE LINE START | -17 = 200-208-3-60 |
| C.B. | CIRCUIT BREAKER | -28 = 230-3-60 |
| D.E. | DUAL ELEMENT FUSE | -40 = 380-3-60 |
| DISC SW | DISCONNECT SWITCH | -46 = 460-3-60 |
| DISC SVV | DISCONNECT SWITCH | -50 = 380/415-3-50 |

FACT MOUNT CB FACTORY MOUNTED CIRCUIT BREAKER

FLA FULL LOAD AMPS

HZ HERTZ MAX MAXIMUM

MCA MINIMUM CIRCUIT AMPACITY

MIN MINIMUM

MIN NF MINIMUM NON FUSED
RLA RATED LOAD AMPS
S.P. WIRE SINGLE POINT WIRING

UNIT MTD SERV SW UNIT MOUNTED SERVICE (NON-FUSED DISCONNECT

LRA LOCKED ROTOR AMPS

ELECTRICAL NOTES AND LEGEND

| DESIGNATION | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|---|
| ACC | ACCESSORY |
| - ADIS | DISPLAY BOARD |
| - AMB | MICRO BOARD |
| - AUX | AUXILIARY SWITCH |
| | |
| - BAMB | AMBIENT |
| - BDAT | DISCHARGE AIR TEMPERATURE |
| - BDP | DISCHARGE PRESSURE |
| - BECT | ENTERING CHILLED TEMPERATURE |
| - BLCT | LEAVING CHILLED TEMPERATURE NOT FITTED ON REMOTE EVAP UNITS |
| -BMP | MOTOR PROTECTOR COMPRESSOR |
| - BSP | SUCTION PRESSURE |
| BST | SUCTION TEMPERATURE |
| - CPF | CAPACITOR POWER FACTOR |
| - ECH | CRANKCASE HEATER |
| - EEH | EVAPORATOR HEATER |
| - EEV | ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE |
| - EEVC | ELEC. EXPAN. VALVE CONTROLLER |
| - EHRH | HEAT RECOVERY HEATER |
| - EPH | PUMP HEATER |
| -ETXVH | EXPANSION VALVE HEATER |
| - ETH | TRACE HEATER |
| - EXT | EXTERNAL TO CONTROL PANEL |
| - F | FUSE |
| - FHP | HIGH PRESSURE CUTOUT |
| - FSC | FAN SPEED CONTROLLER |
| - FSI | FAN SPEED INHIBIT TWO SPEED FAN OPTION ONLY |
| GND | GROUND |
| G/Y | GREEN / YELLOW |
| J | PLUG BOARD CONNECTOR |
| - K | CIRCUIT BOARD RELAY |
| - KEEV | ELECTRONIC EXPANSION VALVE CONTROL RELAY |
| - KF | FAN CONTACTOR LINE (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR) |
| - KFH | FAN CONTACTOR HIGH SPEED (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR) |
| - KFL | FAN CONTACTOR LOW SPEED (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR) |
| - KFOL | FAN OVERLOAD |
| - KFS | RELAY FAN SPEED |
| - KH | HEATER RELAY |
| - KM | COMPRESSOR CONTACTOR (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR) |
| - KCR | CONTROL RELAY |
| - KP | PUMP CONTACTOR PART (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR) |

| DESIGNATION | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------|--|
| - KT | RELAY TIMER |
| - M | COMPRESSOR MOTOR |
| - MF | MOTOR FAN |
| - MP | MOTOR PUMP |
| NU | NOT USED |
| PE | PROTECTIVE EARTH |
| PWM | PULSE WIDTH MODULATION TEMP RESET or REMOTE UNLOAD 2nd STEP |
| - QCB | CIRCUIT BREAKER |
| - QMMSC | MANUAL MOTOR STARTER COMPRESSOR |
| - QMMSP | MANUAL MOTOR STARTER PUMP |
| - QSD | SWITCH DISCONNECT |
| R | RESISTOR |
| RED | RED |
| RP | RUN PERMISSIVE |
| RU | REMOTE UNLOAD 1st STEP |
| SCH | THERMOSTAT CRANKCASE HEATER |
| SCR | SCREEN |
| - SF | FLOW SWITCH |
| - SFE | FLOW SWITCH ELECTRONIC |
| - SKP | KEYPAD |
| - SOA | SWITCH OFF AUTO |
| - SZT | ZONE THERMOSTAT |
| - T | TRANSFORMER |
| - TC | TRANSFORMER CURRENT |
| TXV | THERMAL EXPANSION VALVE |
| - UBR | BRIDGE RECTIFIER |
| - WHT | WHITE |
| - XP | PLUGS BETWEEN POW./MICRO. SECTION |
| - XTBC | TERMINAL BLOCK CUSTOMER |
| - XTBF | TERMINAL BLOCK FACTORY |
| - XTBM | TERMINAL BLOCK MOTOR FAN TRIP |
| - YESV | EVAPORATOR SOLENOID VALVE |
| - YHGSV | HOT GAS SOLENOID VALVE (INCLUDING COIL SUPPRESSOR) |
| - YLLSV | LIQUID LINE SOLENOID VALVE FIELD MOUNTED AND WIRED ON REMOTE EVAP. UNITS |
| - ZCPR | COMPRESSOR |
| NB | NOTE WELL {SEE NOTE} |
| | WIRING AND ITEMS SHOWN THUS ARE STANDARD YORK ACCESSORIES |
| | WIRING AND ITEMS SHOWN THUS ARE NOT SUPPLIED BY YORK |
| | ITEMS THUS ENCLOSED FORM A COMPONENTS OR SETS OF COMPONENTS |

035-21966-101 REV V

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

ELECTRICAL NOTES AND LEGEND (CONT'D)

035-21966-101 REV V

| | 035-21966-101 REV V |
|-------------|---|
| | GENERAL |
| a. | This drawing is based on IEC symbols. |
| b. | Field wiring to be in accordance with the relevant electrical code as well as all other applicable codes and specifications. |
| C. | All sources of supply shown on this diagram to be taken from one main isolator, not shown or supplied by YORK. |
| d. | Green and yellow wire is used for earth, multi-colored cable used for low voltage. Red wire used for AC Control, blue wire for neutral, black wire for AC and DC power. Orange wire should be used for interlock control wiring supplied by external source. |
| e. | Legend designation depicts component abbreviations. Number prefix located, if applicable, on schematic circuit, refers to system thereon, E.G. = 1-FHP2 refers to high pressure cutout no 2 on system no 1. |
| f. | All wiring to control section voltage free contacts requires a supply provided by the customer maximum voltage 240 volts. The customer must take particular care when deriving the supplies for the voltage free terminals with regard to a common point of isolation. Thus, these circuits when used must be fed via the common point of isolation the voltage to these circuits is removed when the common point of isolation to the unit is opened. This common point of isolation is not supplied by YORK. The YORK voltage free contacts are rated at 100va. All inductive devices {relays} switch by the YORK voltage free contacts must have their coil suppressed using standard R/C suppressors. |
| g. | Customer voltage free contacts connected to terminal 13 must be rated at 30V 5ma. |
| h. | No controls {relays etc.} Should be mounted in any section of the control panel. Additionally, control wiring not connected to the YORK control panel should not be run through the panel. If these precautions are not followed, electrical noise could cause malfunctions or damage to the unit and its controls. |
| I. | →120/14.3 - (Signal IN/OUT) i.e. 120 is wire # and 14.3 refers to SHT. 14 column 3. |
| | NOTES |
| 1 | Refer to installation commissioning operation and maintenance manual for customer connections and customer connection |
| - | notes, non compliance to these instructions will invalidate unit warranty. |
| 2 | Wiring and components for compressor 3 only fitted when unit has 3 compressors on the system. 1-BMP3 is replaced by a link across terminals 134 & 135. 2-BMP3 is replaced by a link across terminals 234 & 235. |
| 3 | - |
| 4 | Fitted on units with hot gas bypass option. |
| 5 | EMS option is wired as shown. |
| 6 | This wiring must be used for old display 031-0110-000. |
| 7 | Network connection point. |
| 8 | Printer port. |
| 9 | Remote emergency stop can be wired between terminal 1 and 5 after removing link. |
| 10 | Power factor correction accessory. Power factor correction fitted to each compressor contactor. |
| 11 | Not fitted on compressors with internal motor protection. For system 1 terminals 132 & 133, 133 & 134 and 134 & 135 are linked. For system 2 terminals 232 & 233, 233 & 234 and 234 & 235 are linked. |
| 12 | Only fitted on systems with 3 or more fans. |
| 13 | Only fitted on systems with 4 fans. |
| 14 | Only fitted on systems with 5 fans. |
| 15 | Only fitted on systems with 6 fans. |
| 16 | Input switch disconnect (standard on CE units) or circuit breaker option replaces input terminal block. |
| 17 | Input switch disconnect & individual system circuit breaker option replaces input terminal block. |
| 18 | 115V control circuit requires a 115V supply unless control circuit transformer -T2 & -F3 are fitted (standard on CE units). |
| 19 | Fitted on hydro kit option. On single pump -KP1, -QMMSP1 & -MP1 are fitted & wired as shown. On two pump hydro kits -KP2, -QMMSP2 & -MP2 are also fitted and wired as shown. Insulated wire 1E under -F1 is connected to -F1. |
| 20 | Current measurement option wired as show. |
| 21 | Only fitted on systems with single speed fans. |
| 22 | Only fitted on systems with two speed fans. |
| 23 | Optional compressor manual motors starters (standard on CE units). |
| 24 | See sheet 3 of connection diagram for power input options. |
| 25 | Alternate connections shown for different two speed motor types. |
| 26 | Only fitted on systems with a maximum of 4 fans. |
| 27 | 220/230V units require a separate fuse for units w/4 or more fans per system. |
| 28 | Low ambient kit -FSC for fan -MF1 is only fitted on systems with less than 4 fans. |
| 29 | Only fitted on YLAA0091, 0220, 0240, 0260 and YLUA0098, 0308 |
| 30 | Only fitted on YLAA0090, 0091, 0240, 0260, 0285, 0300, 0390 & YLUA0095, 0098, 0148, 0298, 0308, 0468 |
| 31 | Input dual point circuit breaker option replaces input terminal block. |
| | mpat data point of oate product option replaced input terminal produc |

ELECTRICAL NOTES AND LEGEND (CONT'D)

| 32 Filed on units with gipe phase motors only. 33 Filted on units with low ambient option only. 34 Filted on units with low ambient option only. 35 Only fitted on ondersing units. 36 Only fitted on condensing units. 37 Only fitted on condensing units. 38 Omitted on condensing units. 39 Filted on units with low ambient option using single phase motors (50hz only). 40 Filted on units with low ambient option using single phase motors (50hz only). 41 Part of E-link kit option. 42 Part of lemp, sensor kit (on condensing units only). 43 - 44 When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored red, black, white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) 46 Omitted on units with EEV 47 EEV option 47 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator 48 Only fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). 49 Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted as other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 49 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 40 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 41 Only fitted on systems with 3 or more fans 42 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 43 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 44 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 45 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 46 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 47 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 48 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 49 Only fitted on systems with 6 or more fans 40 Only fitted on systems with 6 or more fans 51 Only fitted on systems with 6 or more fans 52 Only fitted on systems with 6 or more fans 53 Only system | | | | | | | | | |
|--|----|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fitted on units with low ambient option only. | | | | | | | | | |
| 36 Only fitted on units with an acoustic kit. 37 Only fitted on condensing units. 38 Omitted on condensing units. 39 Fitted on units with warm was provided in the condensing units. 39 Fitted on units with warm was provided in the condensing units. 39 Fitted on units with uption. 40 Fitted on units with high airflow fan option only. 41 Part of E-link kit option. 42 Part of temp. sensor kit (on condensing units only). 43 - 44 Part of temp. sensor kit (on condensing units only). 44 as shown in the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored red, black, white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) 45 Omitted on units with EEV 46 EEV option 47 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator 48 Only fitted on units with sell and tube evaporator 49 Only fitted on units with sell and tube evaporator 40 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator. 41 Fitted on units with plate evaporator show switch. SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wire to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 51 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 52 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 concrotactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 50 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 50 or more fans 56 Only fitted on systems with 50 or more fans 57 Only fitted on systems with 50 or more fans 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2- | | | | | | | | | |
| 37 Only fitted on neat recovery units. 38 Only fitted on condensing units. 39 Offitted on condensing units. 39 Offitted on condensing units. 39 Fitted on units with low ambient option using single phase motors (50hz only). 40 Fitted on units with plain priflow fan option only. 41 Part of E-link kit option. 42 Part of temp, sensor kit (on condensing units only). 43 - 44 sensor in the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored red, black, white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) 45 Omitted on units with EEV 46 EEV option 47 Only fitted on units with shell and tube evaporator 48 Only fitted on units with shell and tube evaporator on units with plate evaporators - flow switch. SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with phdro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch. SF is fitted, For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 51 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 56 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 1 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 1 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 1 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of | 34 | | | | | | | | |
| Only fitted on condensing units. Only fitted on condensing units. Fitted on units with low ambient option using single phase motors (50hz only). Fitted on units with low ambient option only. Fitted on units with low ambient option only. Part of E-link kit option. When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored red, black, white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) Omitted on units with EEV EEV option Titled on units with plate evaporator Only fitted on units with plate evaporator Only fitted on units with plate evaporator Fitted on units with plate evaporator show shown in the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. Only fitted on units with plate evaporator flath eave 7 or more fans. Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans. Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans. Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans. Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans. Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans. Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans. Not fitted on units with she fall and units with a fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Only fitted on systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standa | 35 | Only fitted on units with an acoustic kit. | | | | | | | |
| 39 Fitted on units with low ambient option using single phase motors (50hz only). | 36 | Only fitted on heat recovery units. | | | | | | | |
| Fitted on units with low ambient option using single phase motors (50hz only). Fitted on units with high airflow fan option only. Fitted on units with high airflow fan option only. Part of E-link kit option. When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitter as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored red, black, white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) Omitted on units with EEV EEV option Titled on units with plate evaporator Not fitted on units with plate evaporator Fitted on units with plate evaporator Fitted on units with plate evaporator. Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with plate evaporator shit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Only fitted on systems with 3 or more fans Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details | 37 | Only fitted on condensing units. | | | | | | | |
| Fitted on units with high airflow fan option only. | 38 | Omitted on condensing units. | | | | | | | |
| Part of E-link kit option. | 39 | Fitted on units with low ambient option using single phase motors (50hz only). | | | | | | | |
| Part of temp. sensor kit (on condensing units only). When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra-bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored red, black, white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) Omitied on units with EEV | 40 | Fitted on units with high airflow fan option only. | | | | | | | |
| When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored red, black, white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) Omitted on units with EEV EEV option Only fitted on units with plate evaporator Only fitted on units with shell and tube evaporator Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-VHGSV). Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard dra | 41 | Part of E-link kit option. | | | | | | | |
| When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored red, black, white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) Omitted on units with EEV EEV option Only fitted on units with plate evaporator Only fitted on units with shell and tube evaporator Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-VHGSV). Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three cor pressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard dra | 42 | Part of temp. sensor kit (on condensing units only). | | | | | | | |
| as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored (black, (white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) 70 | 43 | - | | | | | | | |
| as shown in the compressor terminal box as detailed. Terminal L1, L2, L3 with wires colored (black, (white or alternative just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) 70 | | When the compressors motor protection (-bmp) includes phase reversal the extra -bmp terminals and three wires are fitted | | | | | | | |
| just wires colored (black) (brown) (blue) 45 Omitted on units with EEV 46 EEV option 47 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator 48 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator 49 Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with plate evaporators in the units with sell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SFE is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 50 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 51 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 52 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 56 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three compressor on system 2 50 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 4 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 63 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard d | 44 | | | | | | | | |
| 45 Omitted on units with EEV 46 EEV option 47 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator 48 Only fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). 49 Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). 49 Linits with plate evaporators - flow switch - SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch - SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on - XTBC1. 51 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 52 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 56 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 60 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 63 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -10 | | | | | | | | | |
| 46 EEV option 47 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator 48 Only fitted on units with shell and tube evaporator 49 Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). 49 Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). 50 Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 51 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 52 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 56 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 50 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 63 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 66 VSD single pump option with ci | 45 | | | | | | | | |
| Only fitted on units with plate evaporator Only fitted on unit with shell and tube evaporator Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans Only fitted on systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard | 46 | | | | | | | | |
| 48 Only fitted on units with shell and tube evaporator 49 Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 51 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 52 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 56 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 80 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 49 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 63 YSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses deta | 47 | | | | | | | | |
| Fitted on units with second hot gas bypass (2-YHGSV). Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 51 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 52 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 56 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 60 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 63 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 66 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. | | | | | | | | | |
| Units with plate evaporators - flow switch -SFE is fitted as standard on units that have 7 or more fans, ref 035-21589-107, units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 51 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 52 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 56 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 60 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 66 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 67 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 68 VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on s | | | | | | | | | |
| units with hydro kit or pipe extension kit. Units with shell and tube evaporator and hydro kit flow switch -SF is fitted. For all other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 7 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 7 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 8 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 9 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 9 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 9 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 9 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 9 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three compressor on system 1 9 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 9 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three compressor on system 2 10 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 11 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 12 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 13 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system with 10 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 13 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 14 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 15 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 15 VSD dual pump option with circuit bre | | | | | | | | | |
| other units - the customer must fit a field mounted flow switch, wired to terminals 13 and 14 on -XTBC1. 51 Only fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 52 Not fitted on units with plate evaporator that have 7 or more fans 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 56 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 60 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 63 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 66 VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 67 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 68 VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 69 VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 | 50 | | | | | | | | |
| Solition | 00 | | | | | | | | |
| Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 1 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. Soft starter option details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing -123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing -123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing -123 | 51 | | | | | | | | |
| 53 On systems with 3 fan contactors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 54 Only fitted on systems with 4 or more fans 55 Only fitted on systems with 5 or more fans 56 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 57 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 58 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 59 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 60 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 63 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 66 VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 67 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 68 VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. Soft starter option details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. Soft starter option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing -123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing -123 | | | | | | | | | |
| Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. Soft starter option details shown on drawing - 123 A System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | _ | | | | | | | | |
| pressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. Soft starter option details shown on drawing - 123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | 56 | | | | | | | | |
| pressor on system 1 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three compressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with two compressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three compressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing - 123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | 57 | 1 | | | | | | | |
| pressor on system 2 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| Soft starter option details shown on sheet -120 of schematic replaces the standard drawing details for a unit with three corpressor on system 2 60 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown 61 Not fitted on units with soft starter option 62 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 63 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 66 VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 67 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 68 VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | 58 | | | | | | | | |
| pressor on system 2 On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| On systems with 2 compressors wire number in () replaces wire number shown Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | 59 | · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · | | | | | | | |
| Not fitted on units with soft starter option Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| 63 Soft starter option details shown on sheet -121 of schematic replaces the standard drawing with 2-compressors on system 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 66 VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 67 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 68 VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| 64 VSD single pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 65 VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 66 VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 67 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. 68 VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| VSD dual pump option with fuses, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105. VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| 66 VSD single pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105 VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| 67 VSD dual pump option with circuit breakers, details shown on sheet -122 of schematic replaces the standard drawing -105 VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| VSD fan option details shown on drawing -123 A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| A System 1 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | 67 | | | | | | | | |
| B System 1 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| C System 1 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | | | |
| D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | 68 | - | | | | | | | |
| E System 2 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | 55 | D System 1 with 6-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | |
| | | E System 2 with 3-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | |
| F System 2 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | F System 2 with 4-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | |
| G System 3 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | G System 3 with 5-fans - details shown on drawing - 123 | | | | | | | |
| 69 Auxiliary switches for manual motor protectors | 69 | Auxiliary switches for manual motor protectors | | | | | | | |
| 70 Auxiliary switches for manual motor protectors for 3 compressor units only | | | | | | | | | |

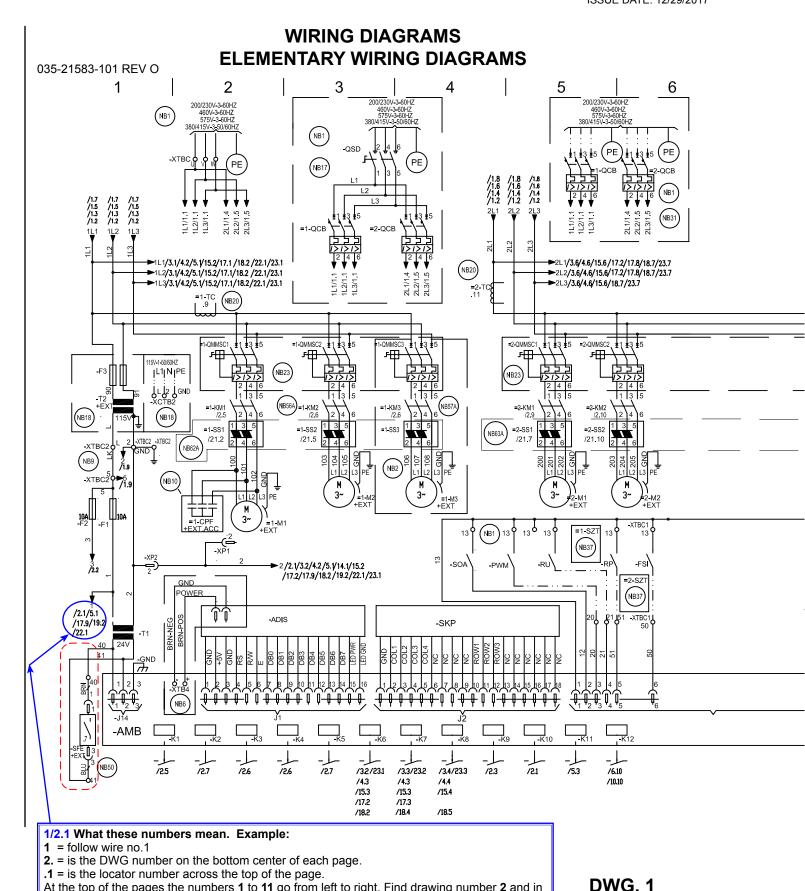
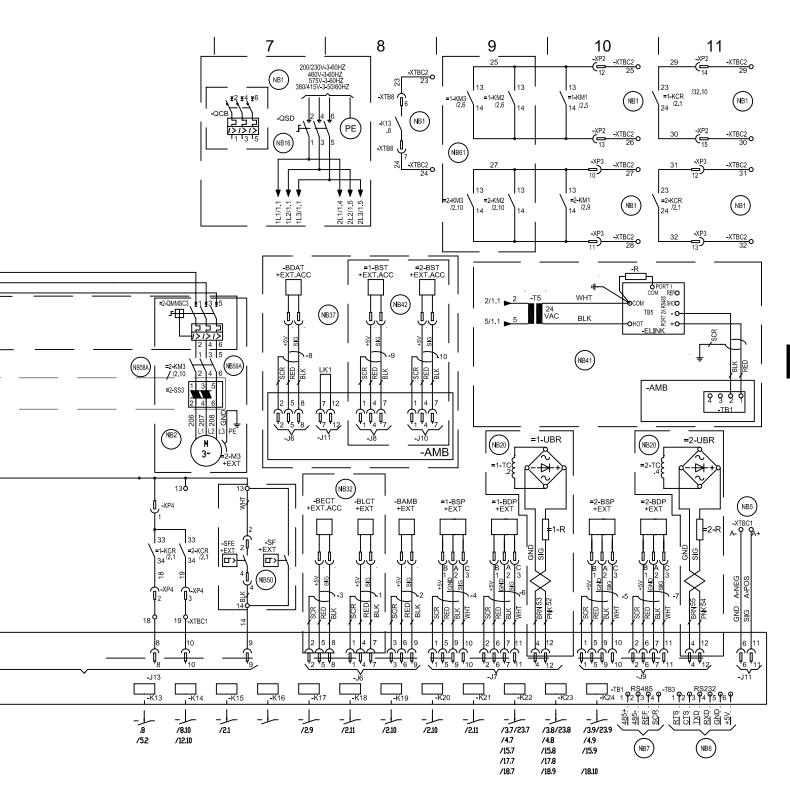


FIGURE 14 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM

column number 1 across the top of the page, locate wire number 1.

At the top of the pages the numbers 1 to 11 go from left to right. Find drawing number 2 and in



DWG. 1

FIGURE 14 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

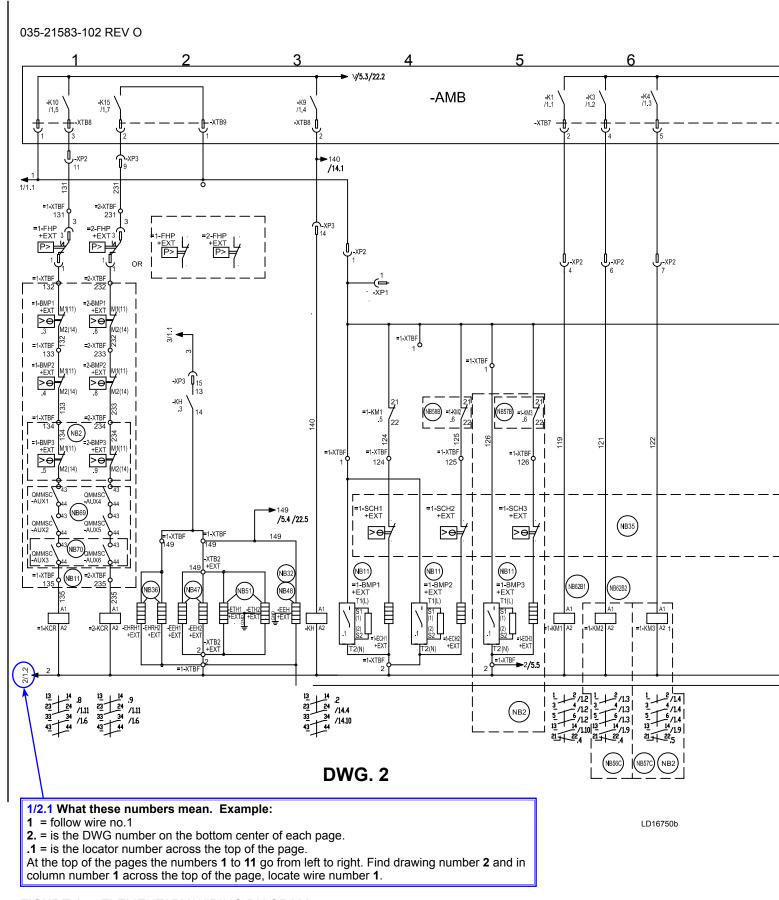


FIGURE 15 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM

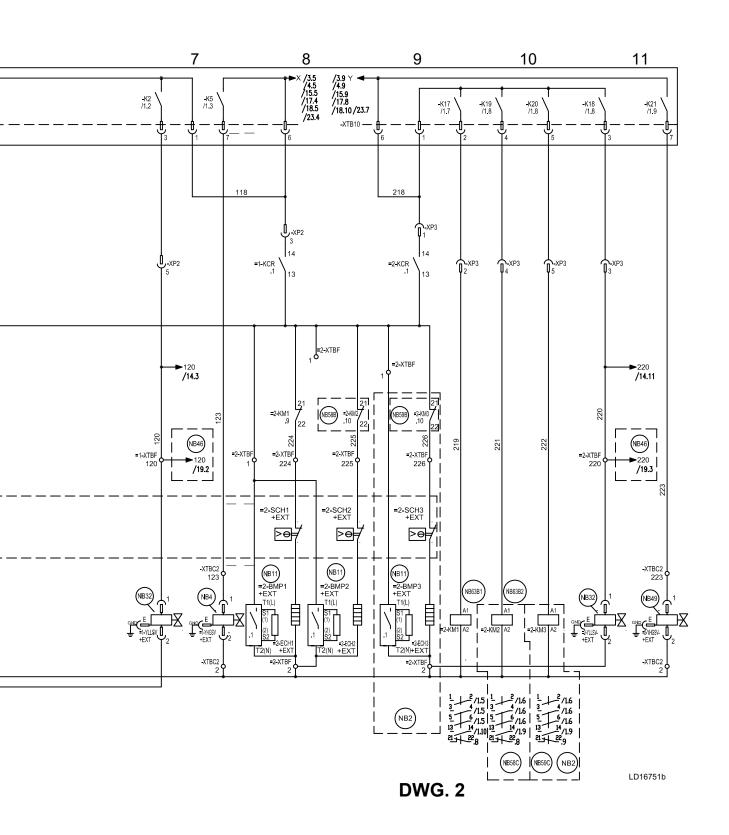
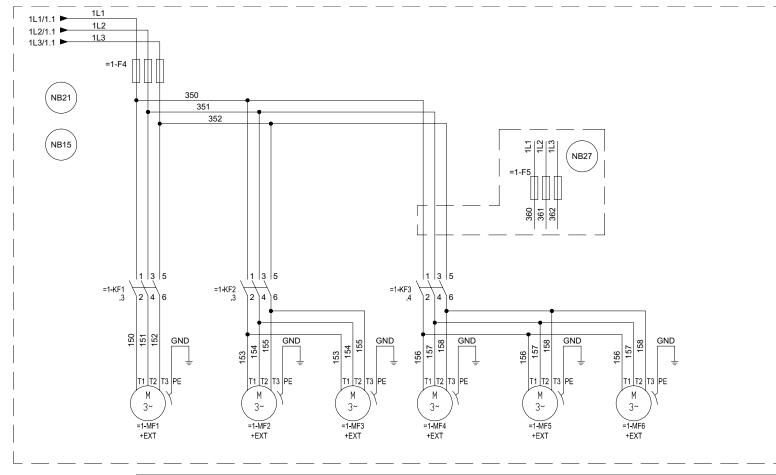


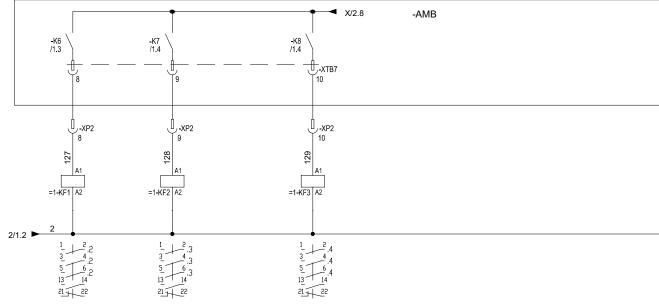
FIGURE 15 - ELEMENTARY WIRING DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

FAN WIRING

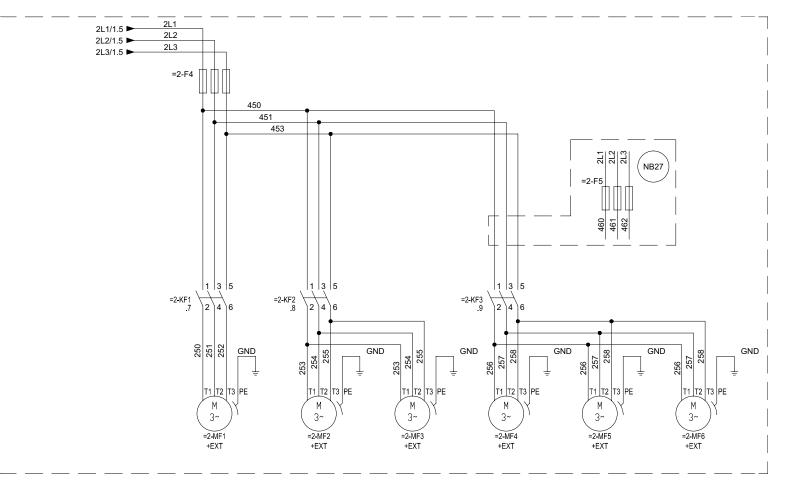
035-21583-125 REV - A

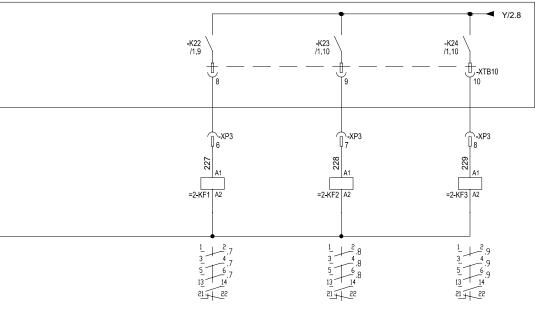




LD21181a

FIGURE 16 - FAN WIRING, STANDARD AIR FLOW





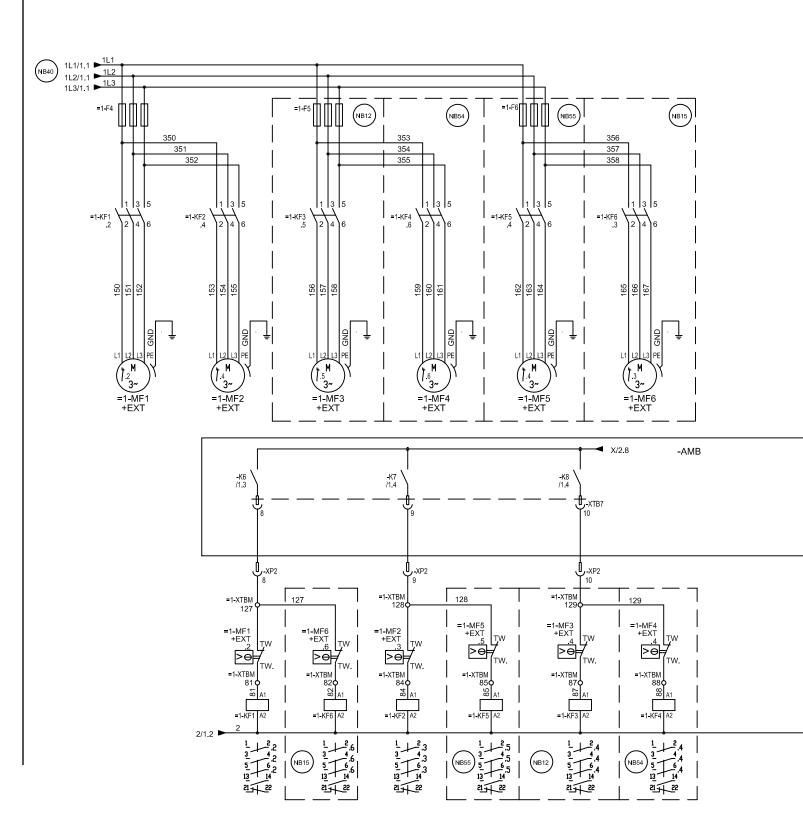
LD21181b

FIGURE 16 - FAN WIRING, STANDARD AIR FLOW (CONT'D)

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

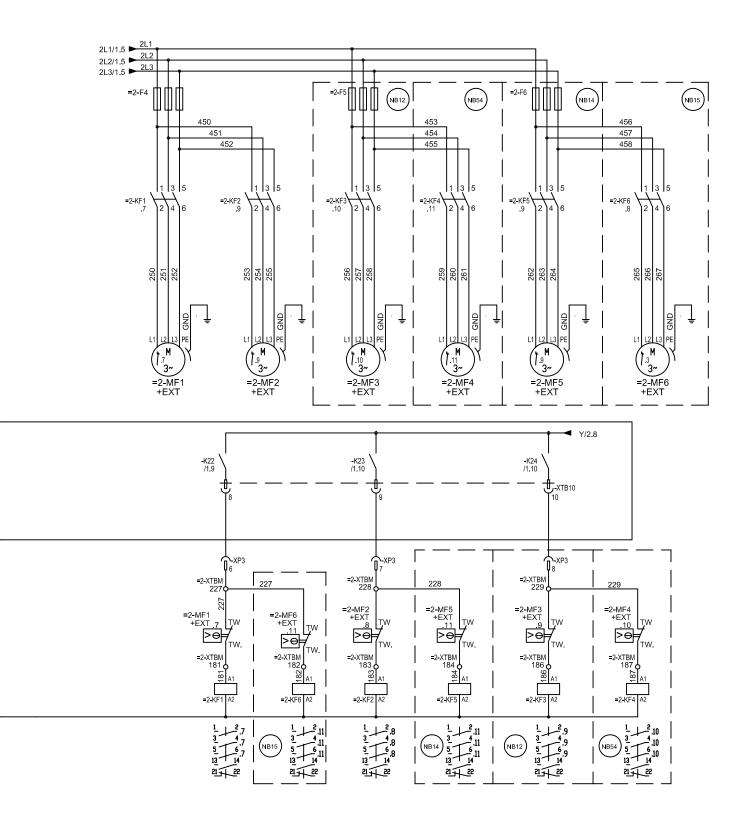
FAN WIRING

035-21583-118 REV F



LD21180a

FIGURE 17 - FAN WIRING, HIGH AIR FLOW



LD21180b

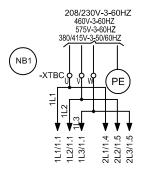
FIGURE 17 - FAN WIRING, HIGH AIR FLOW (CONT'D)

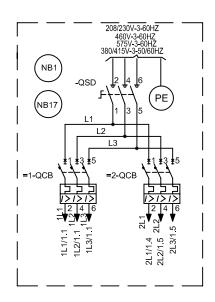
SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

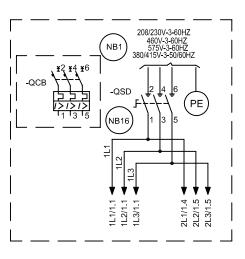
FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

SINGLE AND DUAL POINT WIRING OPTIONS

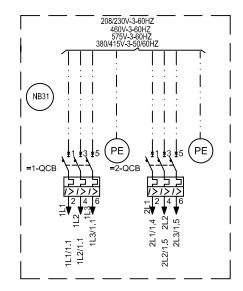
035-21583-116 REV C







SINGLE POINT WIRING OPTIONS



DUAL POINT WIRING OPTIONS

DWG. 16

LD21208

FIGURE 18 - SINGLE AND DUAL POINT WIRING OPTIONS

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

SECTION 5 - TECHNICAL DATA

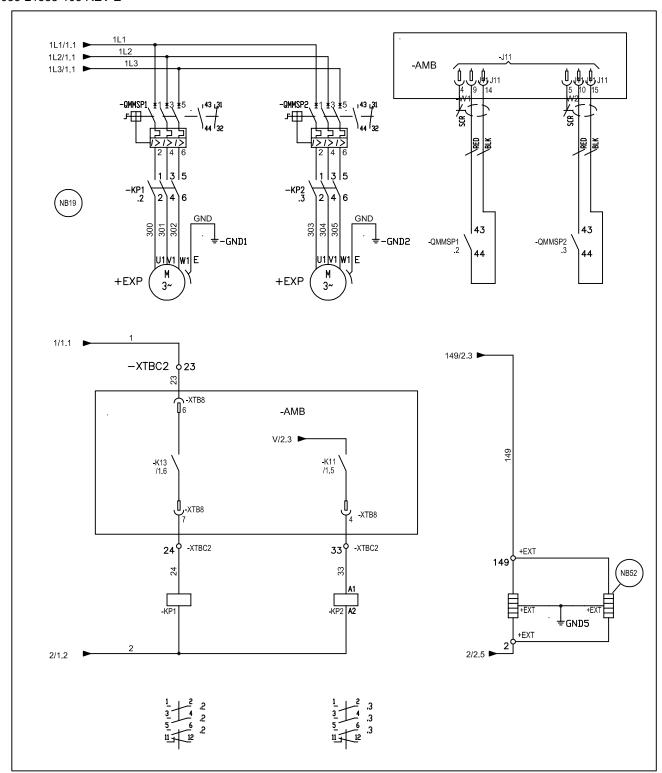
THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

PUMP WIRING

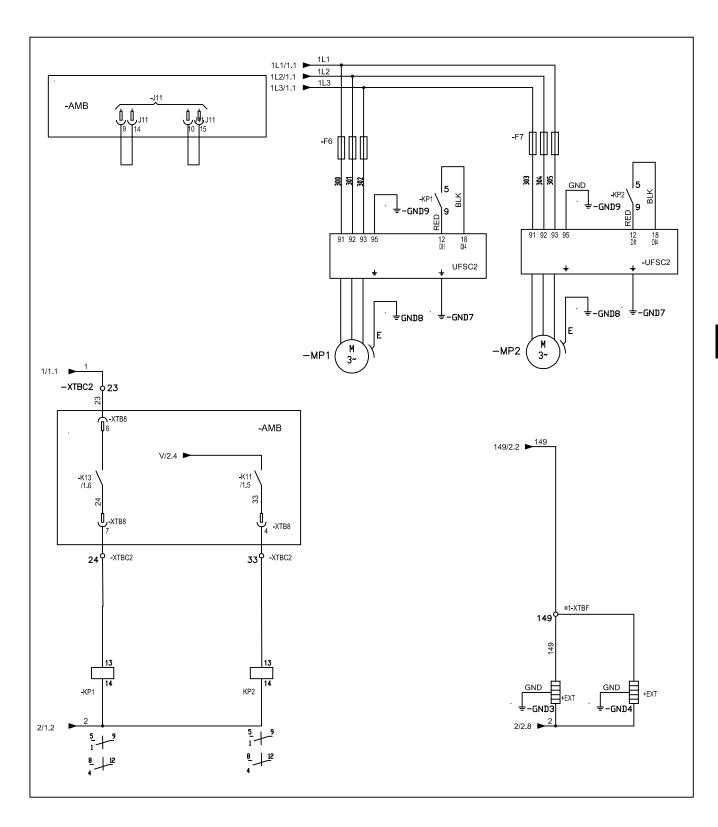
035-21583-105 REV E



DWG. 5

FIGURE 19 - PUMP WIRING

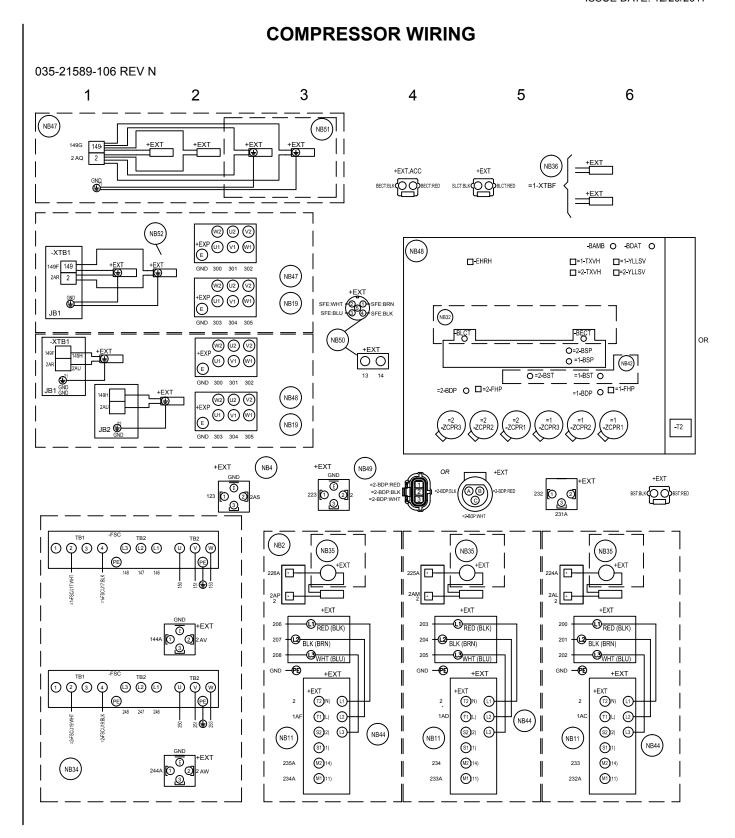
PUMP WIRING



DWG. 5

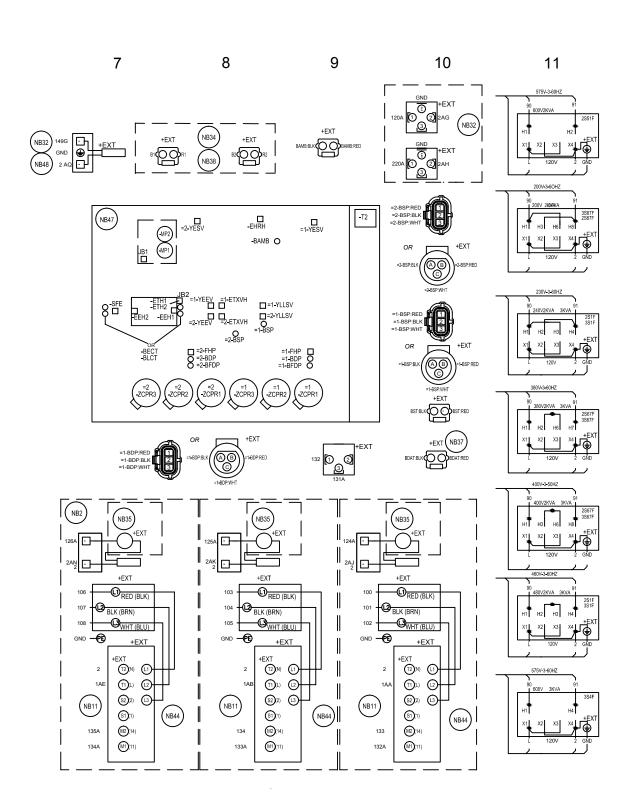
FIGURE 19 - PUMP WIRING

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017



LD21209

FIGURE 20 - COMPRESSOR WIRING



LD21210

FIGURE 20 - COMPRESSOR WIRING (CONT'D)

POWER OPTIONS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

035-21589-103 REV C

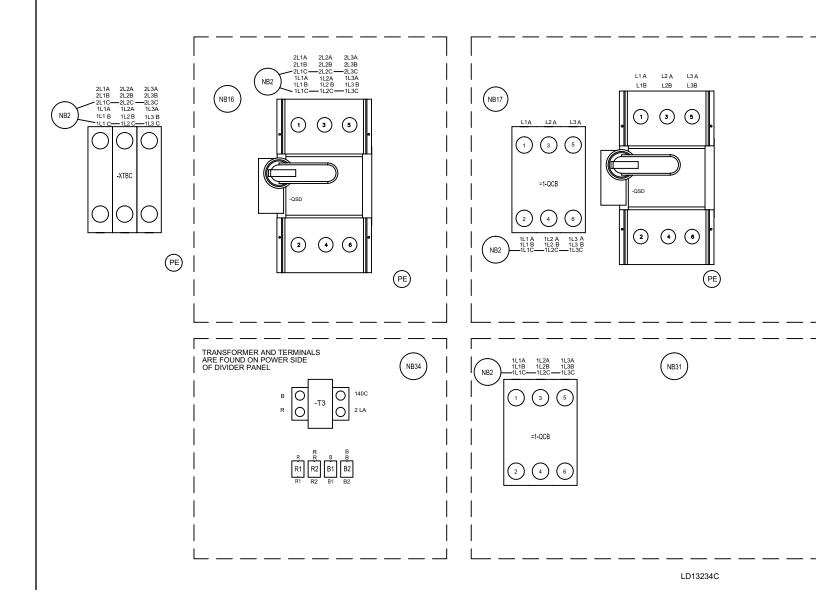


FIGURE 21 - POWER OPTIONS CONNECTION DIAGRAM

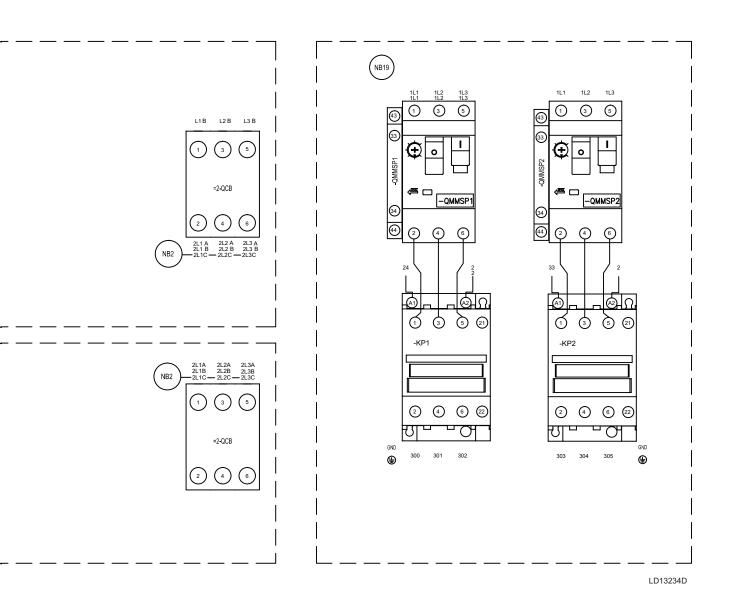


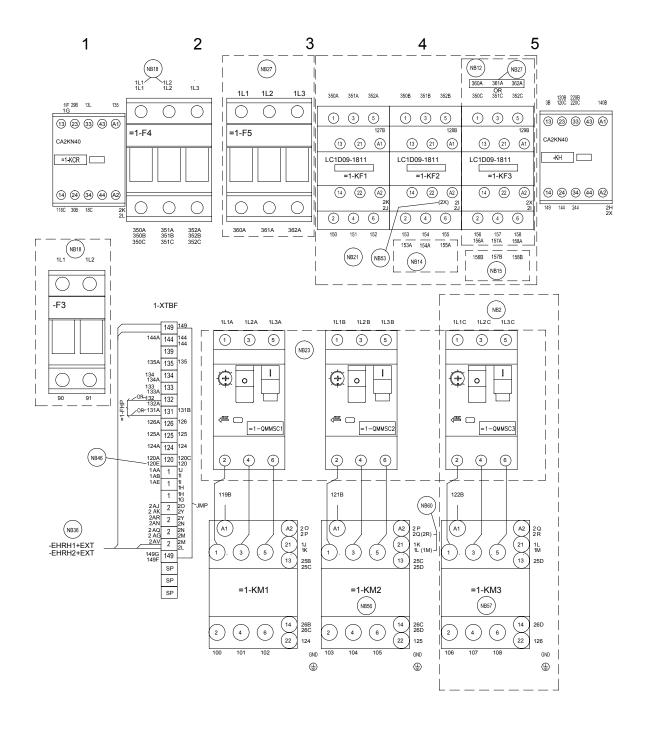
FIGURE 21 - POWER OPTIONS CONNECTION DIAGRAM (CONT'D)

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

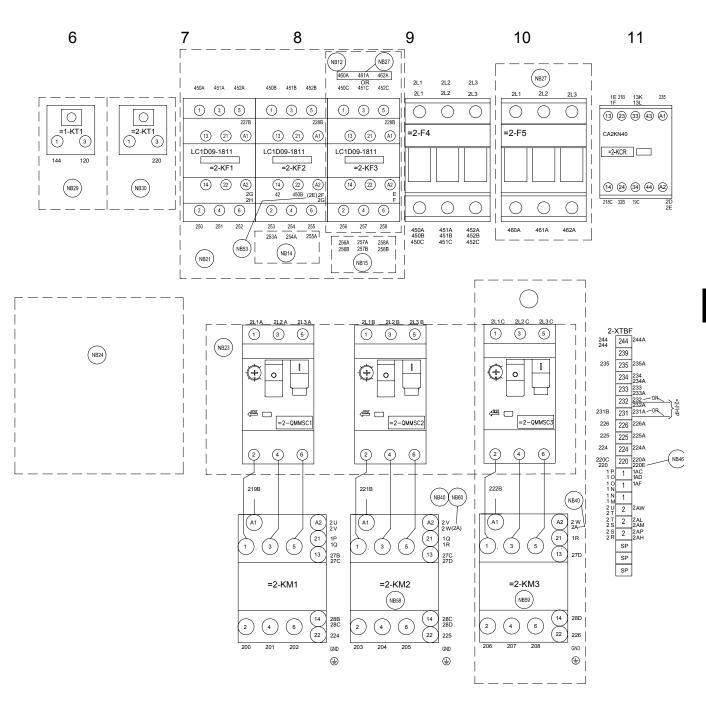
POWER PANEL

035-21589-101 REV H



LD16754

FIGURE 22 - POWER PANEL



LD16755

FIGURE 22 - POWER PANEL (CONT'D)

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS 035-21589-102 REV M 1 2 3 5 4 ---> -AMB -XP2 \Box \rightarrow -XTB7 1)1D 2)2C 3)118A 4 119A 5 120A 6 121A 7 122A 8 127A 9 128A 10 129A (11 131A 13)26A 14)29A 1 118A 118B (2) 119A (12)25A 15)30A (3) 120A (127A 4 121A 13 26B 14 29B 15 30B 10 129B 7 122B 4 119B (1)1E (5) 122A 8 127B 9 128B 5 120B 6 121B ② 2D ③ 118C 11)131B 12)25B NB34 (6) 118B 0 7 123A ---> -AMB -XP3 13)32A 14)140A 15)3A 7 228A 8 229A 9 231A 8) 127A *-*10)27A 4 221A 1) 218A TB7 -XTB8 11) 28A 12) 31A 5 222A 6 227A (2)219A 9 128A 116 3 220A 10 129A 2 140A 140C , NB34 -XP3 (3) 131A 1)218C 2)219B 4 221B 5 222B (7)228B (10)27B (13)32B (8)229B (4) 33 (11)28B (14)140B NB19 6 227B 9 231B 3)220B 12)31B 15)3B (5) ---> -AMB 6 23 \Box 1 13I 3 19B 2 18B 7 24 0 (4) (8) -XP4 9 3 19C 1 13K 4 2 18C -AMB -XTB9 17 18 \circ _XTB10 > 2 231A 1 218A 218B TB9 2 219A 3 3 220A (227A) (4) 4 221A (5) 222A 0 NB34 6 218B TB10 NB41 0 0 7 223A (8) 227A-9 228A 10 229A -ELINK P/N 25-2698-18 \circ 멂 유명 도조유명 HH H NB49 NB4 NB34 NB39 0 ○ 월[ELINK/AMB: RED ELINK/AMB: BLK 31A 30A 29A 27A 25A 품 TB1 27 26 25 0000 -AMB ELINK/AMB:RED ELINK/AMB:BLK (1) \bigcirc BLK -XTBC2 -T5 ELINK/AMB:SCR NB41 WHT 0 \bigcirc NB49 NB4 NB19 NB4 NB49 NB19

FIGURE 23 - MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS

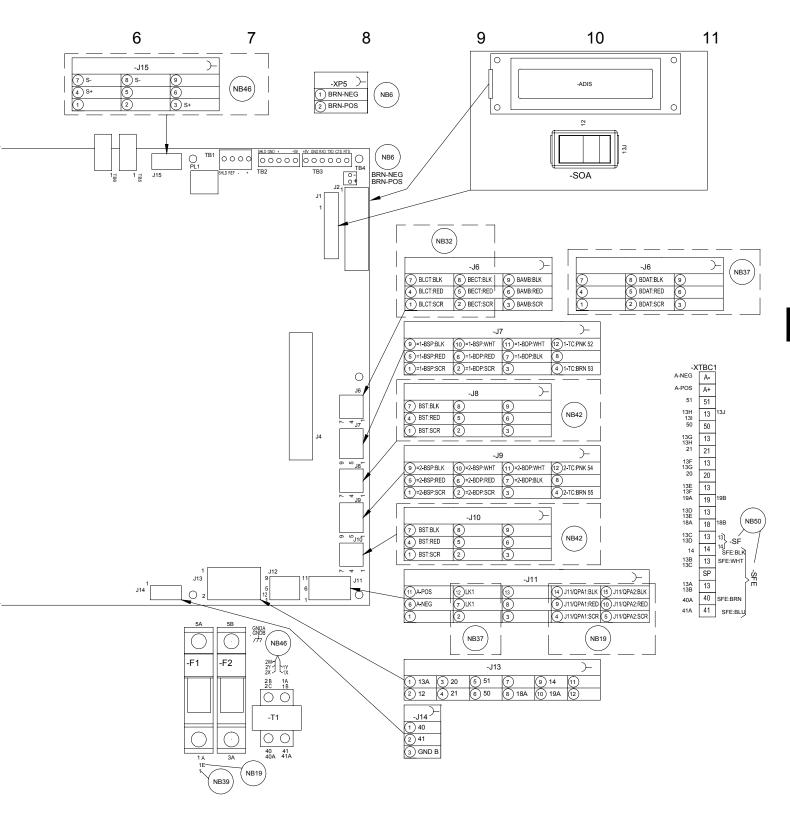
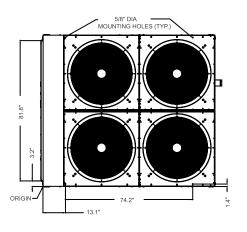


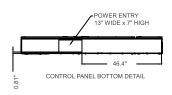
FIGURE 23 - MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS (CONT'D)

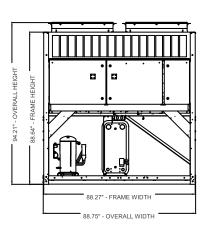
SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

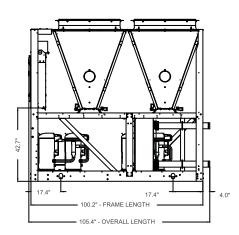
FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

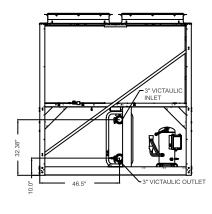
FOUR FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – YLAA0058HE, YLAA0065HE, YLAA0081HE











LD18072

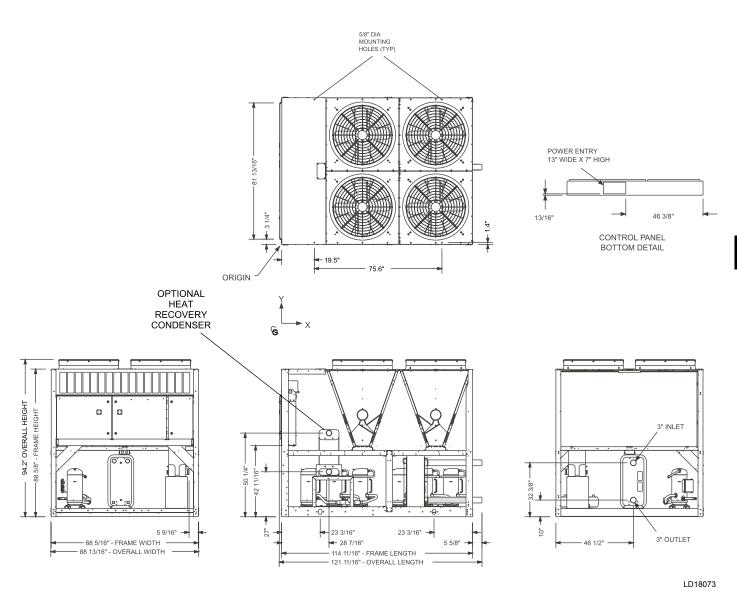
NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6'; rear to wall -6'; control panel to end wall -4'0"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

FIGURE 24 - FOUR FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS - YLAA0058HE, YLAA0065HE, YLAA0081HE

81

FOUR FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – YLAA0070SE, YLAA0080SE, YLAA0089SE



NOTE:

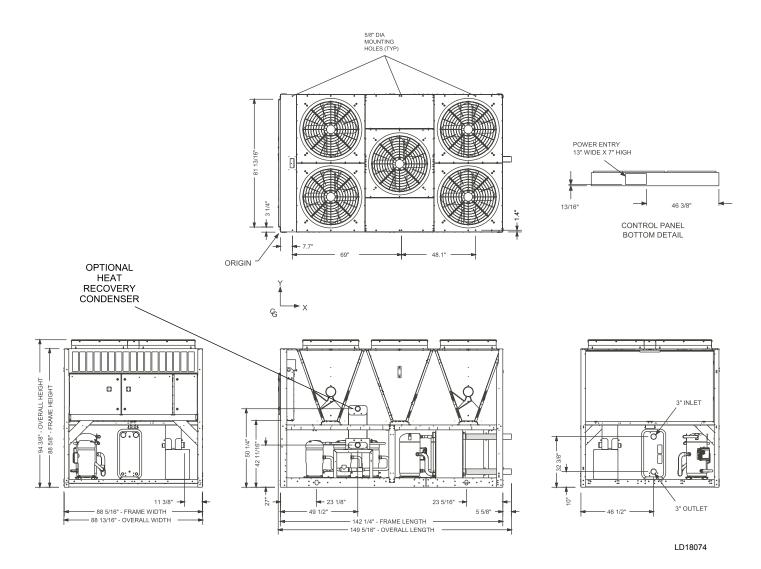
Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6; rear to wall -6; control panel to end wall -40"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

FIGURE 25 - FOUR FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS - YLAA0070SE, YLAA0080SE, YLAA0089SE

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

FIVE FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – YLAA0100SE

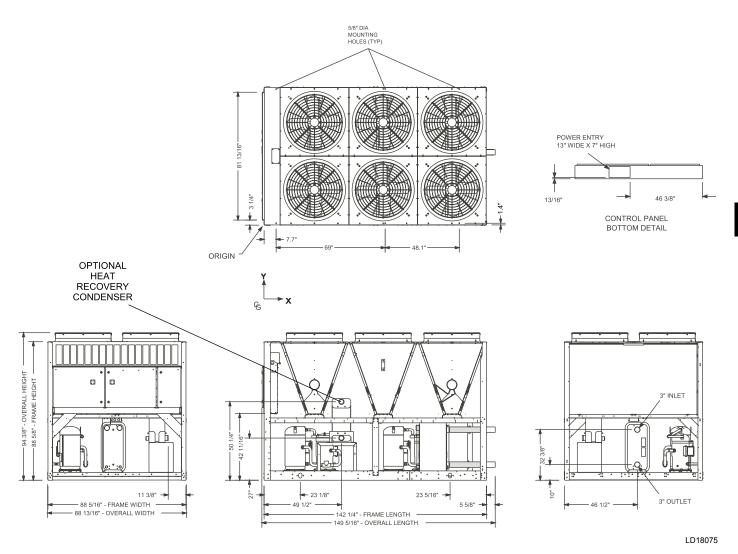


NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6; rear to wall -6; control panel to end wall -40"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

FIGURE 26 - FIVE FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS - YLAA0100SE

SIX FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – YLAA0120SE, YLAA0092HE, YLAA0101HE



NOTE:

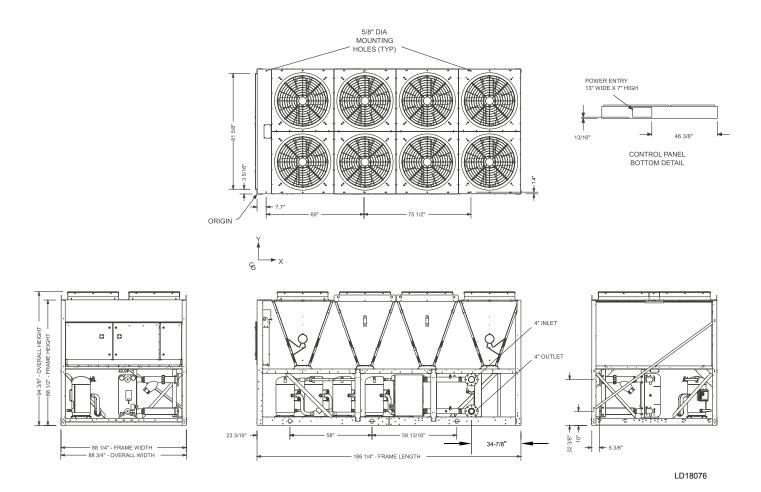
Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6; rear to wall -6; control panel to end wall -40"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

FIGURE 27 - SIX FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS - YLAA0120SE, YLAA0092HE, YLAA0101HE

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

EIGHT FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – YLAA0136SE, YLAA0155SE, YLAA0142HE

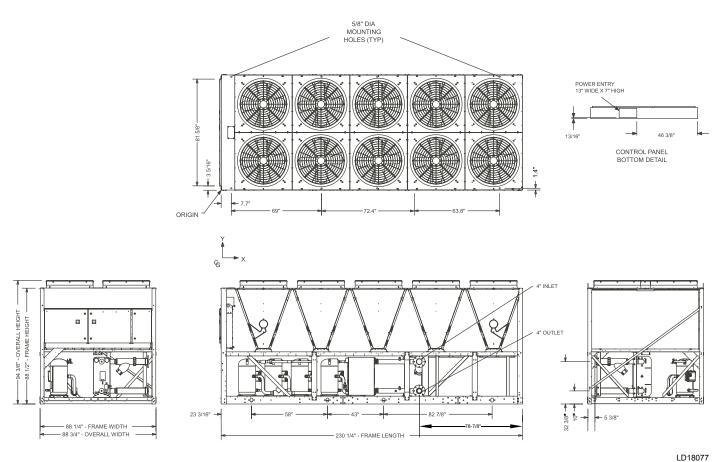


NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6; rear to wall -6; control panel to end wall -40"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

FIGURE 28 - EIGHT FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS - YLAA0136SE, YLAA0155SE, YLAA0142HE

TEN FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – YLAA0170SE, YLAA0156HE, YLAA0175HE



LD 10011

NOTE:

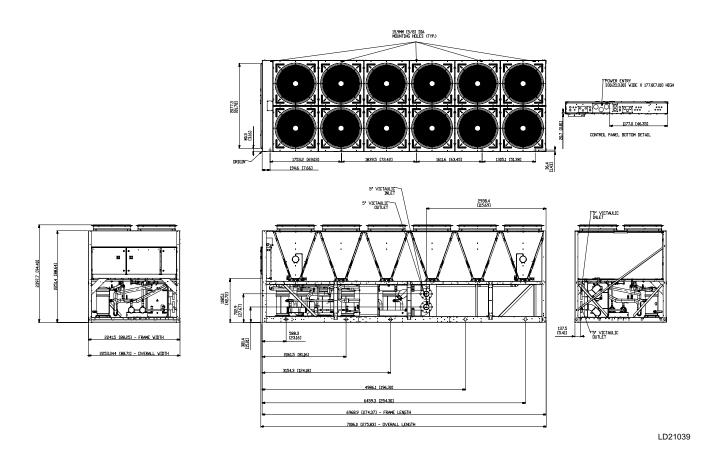
Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6; rear to wall -6; control panel to end wall -40"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

FIGURE 29 - TEN FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS - YLAA0170SE, YLAA0156HE, YLAA0175HE

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

TWELVE FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS – YLAA0200HE, YLAA0230HE



NOTE:

Placement on a level surface of free of obstructions (including snow, for winter operation) or air circulation ensures rated performance, reliable operation, and ease of maintenance. Site restrictions may compromise minimum clearances indicated below, resulting in unpredictable airflow patterns and possible diminished performance. Johnson Control's unit controls will optimize operation without nuisance high-pressure safety cutouts; however, the system designer must consider potential performance degradation. Access to the unit control center assumes the unit is no higher than on spring isolators. Recommended minimum clearances: Side to wall -6; rear to wall -6; control panel to end wall -4'0"; top - no obstructions allowed; distance between adjacent units - 10'. No more than one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.

FIGURE 30 - TWELVE FAN UNITS DIMENSIONS

WEIGHT DISTRIBUTION AND ISOLATOR MOUNTING POSITIONS

General

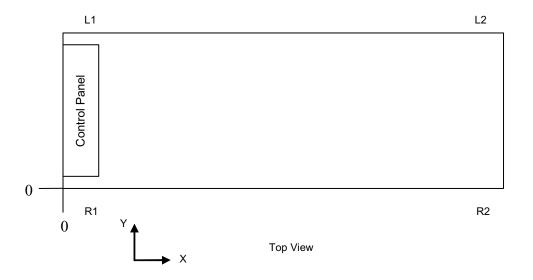
Weights of specific chiller models vary significantly as options are added. As a result, total weights, weights at individual isolator positions, and actual isolator selection at each position cannot be published due to the vast number of possible combinations. This information will be available when the specific chiller/ option selection is made from the local Johnson Controls sales office. Be aware, weights will change with each option along with possible isolator changes. Weights and isolators may need to be recalculated when the option selections are changed.

Whenever the isolator option is ordered, the isolators will be shipped loose with the chiller. Packed with the isolators and also in the control panel information packet is a drawing and table specifically for each chiller, based on the option selection. The drawing and table will be similar to the two samples shown below and on the following page. The drawing will show the isolator locations along with the weight in pounds and kilograms at the specific location, isolator position, and location measurements for each isolator.

Sample Isolator Location Drawings

See *Figure 31* below for sample printouts supplied in the isolator package and in the chiller panel literature packets.

| UNIT SHIPPING WEIGHT | KG | LBS. |
|----------------------------------|------|------|
| (Display on unit data nameplate) | 2032 | 4480 |



| LOCATION | X DISTANCE INCHES (MM) | Y DISTANCE INCHES (MM) | VENDOR NUMBER | OPERATING WEIGHT LBS (KG) |
|----------|---------------------------|---------------------------|---------------|------------------------------|
| R1 | 19.5 (495.3) | 1.36 (34.5) | ND-D / Yellow | 1092 (495.3) |
| L1 | 19.5 (495.3) | 86.86 (2206.2) | ND-D / Yellow | 1406 (637.8) |
| R2 | 96.1 (2440.9) | 1.36 (34.5) | ND-D / Yellow | 1015 (460.4) |
| L2 | 96.1 (2440.9) | 86.86 (2206.2) | ND-D / Yellow | 1304 (591.5) |

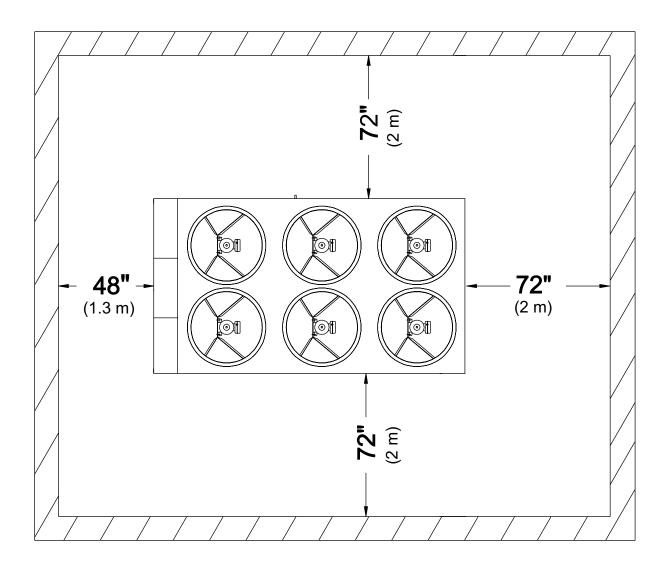
FIGURE 31 - SAMPLE PRINTOUT SUPPLIED IN THE ISOLATOR PACKAGE AND IN THE CHILLER PANEL LITERATURE PACKET

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

CLEARANCES

See *Figure 32* below for minimum clearances for all YLAA units.



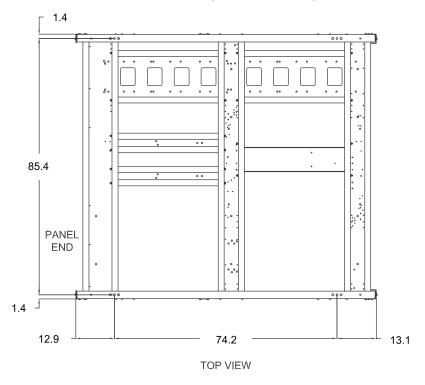
NOTES:

- 1. No obstructions allowed above the unit.
- 2. Only one adjacent wall may be higher than the unit.
- 3. Adjacent units should be 10 feet (3 Meters) apart.

FIGURE 32 - UNIT CLEARANCES - ALL MODELS

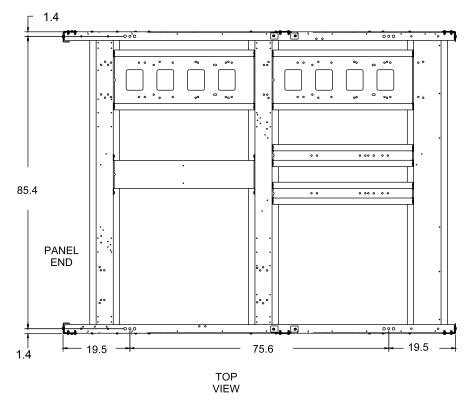
ISOLATOR LOCATIONS

FOUR FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS YLAA0058HE, YLAA0065HE, YLAA0081HE



LD18078

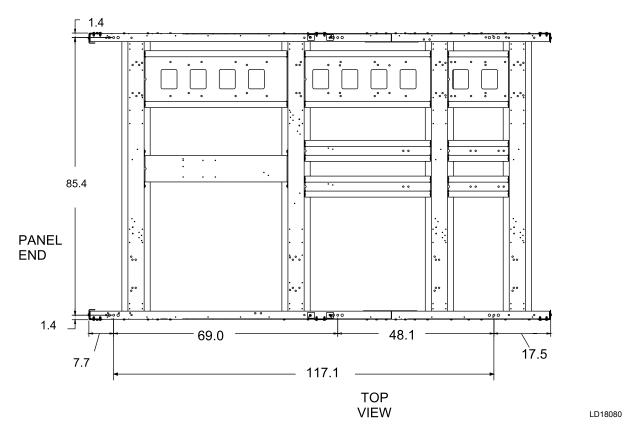
FOUR FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS YLAA0070SE, YLAA0080SE, YLAA0089SE



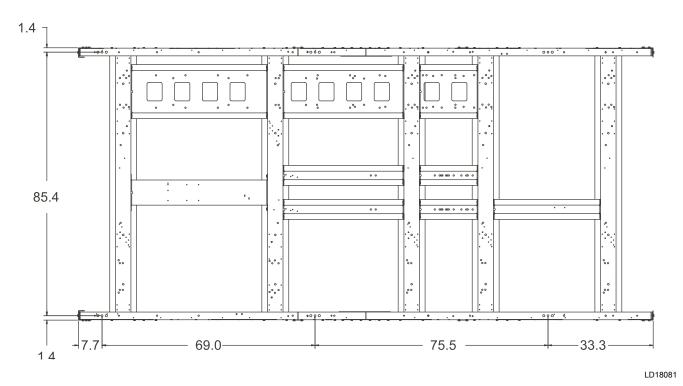
LD18079

All dimensions are inches unless otherwise specified.

FIVE and SIX FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS YLAA0100SE, YLAA0120SE, YLAA0092HE, YLAA0101HE

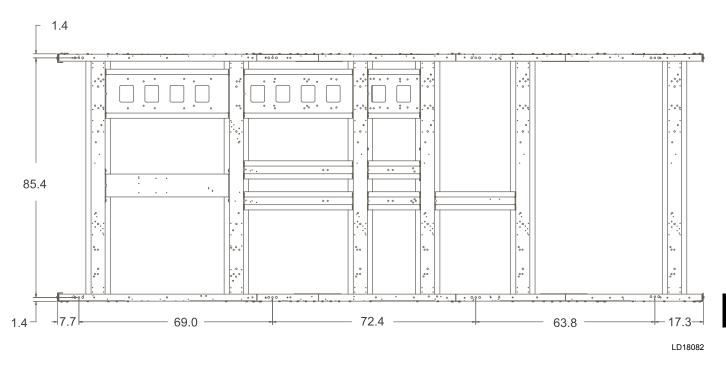


EIGHT FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS YLAA0136SE, YLAA0155SE, YLAA0142HE

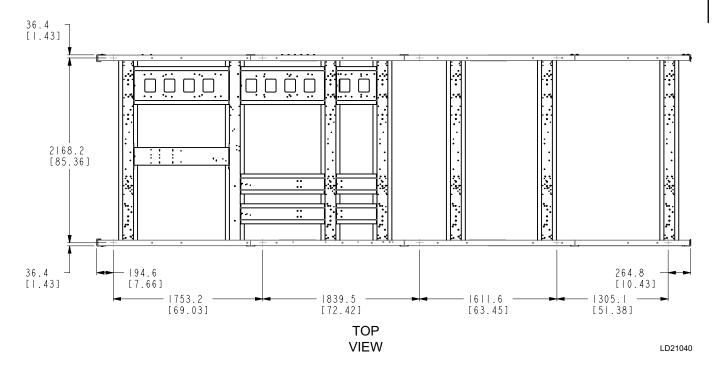


All dimensions are inches unless otherwise specified.

TEN FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS YLAA0170SE, YLAA0156HE, YLAA0175HE



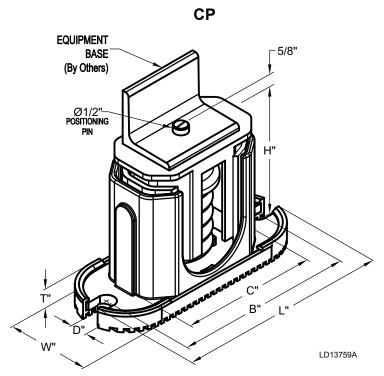
TWELVE FAN ISOLATOR LOCATIONS YLAA0200HE, YLAA0230HE



All dimensions are inches unless otherwise specified.

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

ISOLATOR INFORMATION One Inch Deflection Spring Isolator Cross-reference



| MOUNT | | DIMENSION DATA (INCHES) | | | | | |
|-------|---|-------------------------|--------|-------|-------|------|-------|
| TYPE | W | W D L B C T H | | | | | Н |
| CP1 | 3 | 5/8 | 7-3/4 | 6-1/2 | 4-3/4 | 1/2 | 5-5/8 |
| CP2 | 3 | 5/8 | 10-1/2 | 9-1/4 | 7-3/4 | 9/16 | 6 |

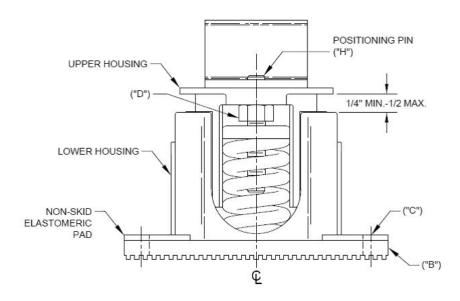
| MODEL NUMBER | RATED CAPACITY (LBS) | DEFLECTION RATED (IN) | COLOR CODE |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| CP1-1D-85 | 85 | 1.360 | LT. PURPLE |
| CP1-1D-120 | 120 | 1.200 | DK. YELLOW |
| CP1-1D-175 | 175 | 1.170 | DK. BLUE |
| CP1-1D-250 | 250 | 1.400 | YELLOW |
| CP1-1D-340 | 340 | 1.130 | RED |
| CP1-1D-510 | 510 | 1.020 | BLACK |
| CP1-1D-675 | 675 | 1.320 | DK. PURPLE |
| CP1-1D-900 | 900 | 1.020 | DK. GREEN |
| CP1-1D-1200 | 1200 | 0.900 | GRAY |
| CP1-1D-1360 | 1360 | 0.770 | WHITE |
| CP1-1D-1785N | 1785 | 0.880 | GRAY/RED |

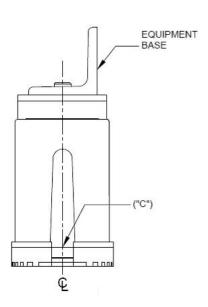
| MODEL NUMBER | RATED CAPACITY (LBS) | DEFLECTION RATED (IN) | COLOR CODE |
|--------------|----------------------|-----------------------|------------|
| CP2-1D-1020 | 1020 | 1.020 | BLACK |
| CP2-1D-1350 | 1350 | 1.320 | DK. PURPLE |
| CP2-1D-1800 | 1800 | 1.020 | DK. GREEN |
| CP2-1D-2400 | 2400 | 0.900 | GRAY |
| CP2-1D-2720 | 2720 | 0.770 | WHITE |
| CP2-1D-3570N | 3570 | 0.880 | GRAY / RED |

ONE INCH DEFLECTION SPRING ISOLATORS INSTALLATION INSTRUCTIONS

- 1. Read instructions in their entirety before beginning installation.
- 2. Isolators are shipped fully assembled and are to be positioned in accordance with the submittal drawings or as otherwise recommended.
- 3. Set isolators on floor, housekeeping pad or sub-base, ensuring that all isolators centerlines match the equipment mounting holes. The VMC group recommends that the isolator base ("B") be installed on a level surface. Shim or grout as required, leveling all isolator bases to the same elevation (1/4-inch maximum difference can be tolerated).
- 4. Bolt or anchor all isolators to supporting structure utilizing base slotted holes ("C").
- 5. Place equipment on top of isolators making sure that mounting holes of the equipment line up with isolator positioning pin ("H").

- 6. The adjustment process can only begin after the equipment or machine is at its full operating weight.
- 7. Adjust each isolator in sequence by turning spring adjusting bolt ("D") one full counterclockwise turn at a time. Repeat this procedure on all isolators, one at a time.
- 8. Continue adjusting each isolator until a minimum of 1/4" clearance is achieved between the lower housing and upper housing. (See drawing below).
- 9. Fine adjust isolators to level equipment.
- 10. Installation is complete.



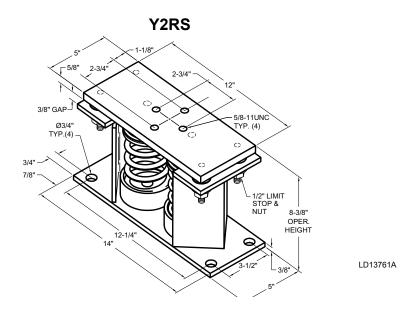


LD13790

SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

2" DEFLECTION ISOLATOR CROSS-REFERENCE



- 1. All dimensions are in inches, interpret per ANSI Y14
- 2. Standard finish: housing-powder coated (color, black), spring-powder coated (color, see table below) hardware zinc-electroplate.
- 3. Equipment must be bolted or welded to the top plate to meet allowable seismic ratings.
- 4. All springs are designed for 50% overload capacity with exception of the 2D-3280N and 2D-2870.
- 5. See next page for installation instructions.
- 6. Consult factory for concrete installation.

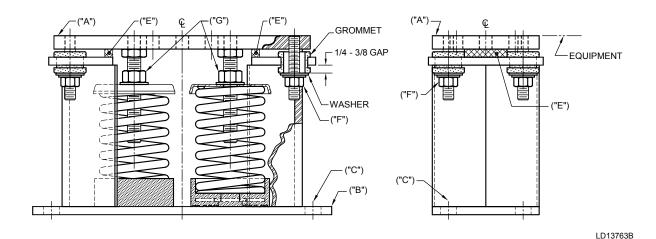
MODEL Y2RSI-2D SEISMICALLY RESTRAINED VIBRATION ISOLATOR FOR 2" DEFLECTION

| SEISMIC MOUNT SIZE | RATED LOAD (LBS) | RATED DEFLECTION (IN) | SPRING RATE (LBS/IN) | SOLID LOAD (LBS) | COLOR CODE | ALLOWABLE G RATING HORIZONTAL |
|-----------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|-------------------------------------|
| Y2RSI-2D-150 | 150 | 2.4 | 62 | 234 | WHITE | 34.7 |
| Y2RSI-2D-320 | 320 | 2.3 | 140 | 490 | YELLOW | 16.3 |
| Y2RSI-2D-460 | 460 | 2.3 | 200 | 688 | GREEN | 11.3 |
| Y2RSI-2D-710 | 710 | 2.2 | 330 | 1072 | DK BROWN | 7.3 |
| Y2RSI-2D-870 | 870 | 1.9 | 460 | 1312 | RED | 6 |
| Y2RSI-2D-1200N | 1200 | 1.9 | 638 | 1818 | RED/BLACK | 4.3 |
| Y2RSI-2D-1450 | 1450 | 1.8 | 900 | 2450 | TAN | 3.6 |
| Y2RSI-2D-1690 | 1690 | 1.7 | 1140 | 2892 | PINK | 3.1 |
| Y2RSI-2D-2000N | 2000 | 1.7 | 1318 | 3342 | PINK/BLACK | 2.6 |
| Y2RSI-2D-2640N | 2640 | 1.5 | 1854 | 4283 | PINK/GRAY | 2 |
| Y2RSI-2D-2870N | 3080 | 1.5 | 2004 | 4629 | PINK/GRAY/ ORANGE | 1.7 |
| Y2RSI-2D-3280N | 3740 | 1.8 | 2134 | 4930 | PINK/GRAY/DK BROWN | 1.4 |

2" DEFLECTION ISOLATOR INSTALLATION AND ADJUSTMENT

- 1. Read instructions in their entirety before beginning installation.
- 2. Isolators are shipped fully assembled and are to be positioned in accordance with the submittal drawings or as otherwise recommended.
- 3. Set isolators on floor, housekeeping pad, or subbase, ensuring that all isolator center lines match the equipment mounting holes. The VMC group recommends that the isolator base plates ("B") be installed on a level surface. Shim or grout as required, leveling all isolator base plates to the same elevation (1/4-inch maximum difference can be tolerated).
- 4. Bolt or anchor all isolators to supporting structure utilizing base plate thru holes ("C") or weld base plate to supporting structure with 3/8 fillet weld 2" long @ 4" on center around entire base plate or as engineered for specific load and or field conditions.
- 5. Isolators are shipped to the job site with (2) removable spacer shims ("E") between the top plate and the housing. These shims must be in place when the equipment is positioned over the isolators.
- 6. With all shims ("E") in place, position equipment on top of plate ("A") of isolator. Bolt equipment securely to top plate of isolator using a minimum of (2) 5/8 UNC A325 grade 5 SAE bolts or weld

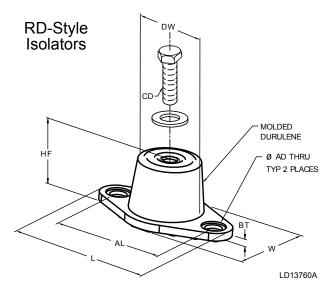
- equipment or bracket to the top plate ("A") of isolator with a minimum of 3/8 fillet welds 2" long @ 3" on center for a minimum total weld of 10". (All sides of equipment or bracket resting on top plate ("A") must be welded).
- 7. The adjustment process can only begin after the equipment or machine is at its full operating weight.
- 8. Back off each of the (4) limit stop lock nuts ("F") on isolators 1/2".
- 9. Adjust each isolator in sequence by turning spring adjusting nuts ("G") one full clockwise turn at a time. Repeat this procedure on all isolators, one at a time. Check the limit stop lock nuts ("F") periodically to ensure that clearance between the washer and rubber grommet is maintained. Stop adjustment of isolator only when the top plate ("A") has risen just above the shim ("E").
- 10. Remove all spacer shims ("E").
- 11. Fine adjust isolators to level equipment.
- 12. Adjust all limit stop lock nuts ("F") per isolator, maintaining a 1/4 to 3/8-inch gap. The limit stop nuts must be kept at this gap to ensure uniform bolt loading during uplift (as the case when equipment is drained).
- 13. Installation is complete.



SECTION 5 - TECHNICAL DATA

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

NEOPRENE ISOLATOR CROSS-REFERENCE



- 1. All dimensions are inches, interpreted per ANSI Y14
- 2. See next page for installation instructions.
- 3. Mount molded in weather resistant duralene compound as standard. Also available in other materials such as natural rubber, extreme high temperature silicone, high-damped silicone, nitrile and EDPM.
- 4. AL = Mounting hole center to center spacing.
- 5. HF = Free height of mount, prior to loading. Operating height calculated by the free height less the static deflection under load. All dimensions for reference only.
- 6. Hardware zinc-electroplated.

| MOUNT | | DIMENSION DATA (INCHES) | | | | | | |
|--------|------|-------------------------|------|------|------|------|-------------------|------|
| TYPE | L | W | HF | AL | AD | вт | CD | DW |
| RD1-WR | 3.13 | 1.75 | 1.25 | 2.38 | 0.34 | 0.19 | 5/16-18 UNC X 3/4 | 1.25 |
| RD2-WR | 3.88 | 2.38 | 1.75 | 3.00 | 0.34 | 0.22 | 3/8-16 UNC X 1 | 1.75 |
| RD3-WR | 5.50 | 3.38 | 2.88 | 4.13 | 0.56 | 0.25 | 1/2-13 UNC X 1 | 2.50 |
| RD4-WR | 6.25 | 4.63 | 2.75 | 5.00 | 0.56 | 0.38 | 1/2-13 UNC X 1 | 3.00 |

| MODEL NUMBER | RATED CAPACITY (LBS) | RATED DEFLECTION (IN) | DURO (± 5) |
|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| RD2-LIGHT BLUE-WR | 35 | 0.4 | 30 |
| RD2-BROWN-WR | 45 | 0.4 | 40 |
| RD2-BRICK RED-WR | 70 | 0.4 | 50 |
| RD 2-LIME-WR | 120 | 0.4 | 60 |

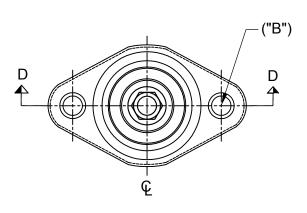
| MODEL NUMBER | RATED CAPACITY (LBS) | RATED DEFLECTION (IN) | DURO (± 5) |
|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| RD2-LIGHT BLUE-WR | 135 | 0.5 | 30 |
| RD2-BROWN-WR | 170 | 0.5 | 40 |
| RD2-BRICK RED-WR | 240 | 0.5 | 50 |
| RD 2-LIME-WR | 380 | 0.5 | 60 |
| RD2 CHARCOAL-WR | 550 | 0.5 | 70 |

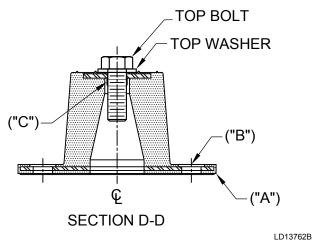
| MODEL NUMBER | RATED CAPACITY (LBS) | RATED DEFLECTION (IN) | DURO (± 5) |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| RD3-Brown-WR | 250 | 0.5 | 40 |
| RD3-Brick Red-WR | 525 | 0.5 | 50 |
| RD3-Lime-WR | 750 | 0.5 | 60 |
| RD3 Charcoal-WR | 1100 | 0.5 | 70 |

| MODEL NUMBER | RATED CAPACITY (LBS) | RATED DEFLECTION (IN) | DURO (± 5) |
|------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------|---------------|
| RD4-BROWN-WR | 1500 | 0.5 | 40 |
| RD4-BRICK RED-WR | 2250 | 0.5 | 50 |
| RD4-LIME-WR | 3000 | 0.5 | 60 |
| RD4 CHARCOAL-WR | 4000 | 0.5 | 70 |

INSTALLATION OF NEOPRENE VIBRATION ISOLATORS

- 1. Read instructions in their entirety before beginning installation.
- 2. Isolators are shipped fully assembled and are to be positioned in accordance with the submittal drawings or as otherwise recommended.
- 3. Set isolators on floor, housekeeping pad, or subbase, ensuring that all isolator centerlines match the equipment mounting holes. The VMC group recommends that the isolator base ("A") be installed on a level surface. Shim or grout as required, leveling all isolator bases to the same elevation (1/32-inch maximum difference can be tolerated).
- 4. Bolt or anchor all isolators to supporting structure utilizing base thru holes ("B").
- 5. Remove top bolt and top washer. Place equipment on top of isolators so that mounting holes in equipment or base line up with threaded hole ("C").
- 6. Reinstall top bolt and washer and tighten down.
- 7. Installation is complete.





FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

6

SECTION 6 – COMMISSIONING



Commissioning of this unit should only be carried out by Johnson Controls Authorized personnel.

Commissioning personnel should be thoroughly familiar with the information contained in this literature, in addition to this section.

Perform the commissioning using the detailed checks outlined. See *Equipment Pre-Startup And Startup Checklist (Form 150.72-CL1)* as the commissioning procedure is carried out.

PREPARATION - POWER OFF

The following basic checks should be made with the customer power to the unit switched OFF.

Inspection

Inspect unit for installation damage. If found, take action and/or repair as appropriate.

Refrigerant Charge

Packaged units are normally shipped as standard with a full refrigerant operating charge. Check that refrigerant pressure is present in both systems and that no leaks are apparent. If no pressure is present, a leak test must be undertaken, the leak(s) located and repaired. Remote systems and units are supplied with a nitrogen holding charge. These systems must be evacuated with a suitable vacuum pump/recovery unit as appropriate to below 500 microns.

Do not liquid charge with static water in the cooler. Care must also be taken to liquid charge slowly to avoid excessive thermal stress at the charging point. Once the vacuum is broken, charge into the condenser coils with the full operating charge as given in SEC-TION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA.



ALWAYS keep the water pump running when vacuuming the system, removing refrigerating from the system or adding refrigerant to the system until the process is completed. If you do NOT, the evaporator may freeze and ruin the system.



Charging after vacuuming - NEVER add more than 5% of specified amount into the evaporator. This will lead to compressor failure when compressor starts. It may also shorten the life of the compressor if too much refrigerant stays inside the evaporator.



Do NOT overcharge the system. Otherwise High Discharge Pressure will frequently occur.

Charging Refrigerant

If you vacuum the system first, add only the volume of refrigerant shown on the nameplate.

However, sometimes the system can run without enough refrigerant in it. If you have no idea how much refrigerant is inside of the system, then follow the steps below.

- 1. Connect the charging hose between the refrigerant tank and the angle valve at the inlet of evaporator. Exclude the air inside of hose.
- 2. Put the refrigerant tank on a scale and read the initial weight. Leave the tank on scale until process is complete.
- 3. Get as many compressors running as the system permits.
- 4. Open the angle valve 1.5 turns.
- 5. Open the valve on the tank.



Quickly shut down the angle valve or the tank valve immediately if all of compressors stop suddenly in the process of charging.

- 6. Monitor the suction superheat (SH) and liquid subcooling (SC). If SH is around 10R and SC>6R, close the angle valve. Wait at least 15 min;
- 7. If SC<10R or SH>10R always, continue to charge the system. Open the angle valve 1.5 turns. Close it after one pound is added. Wait another 15min. Repeat this step until both SC and SH are around 10R with all of the fans and compressors running;
- 8. Close the angle valve and tank valve. Disconnect the hose.

SECTION 6 – COMMISSIONING FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

Service and Oil Line Valves

Open each compressor suction, economizer, and discharge service valve. If valves are of the back-seat type, open them fully (counterclockwise) then close one turn of the stem to ensure operating pressure is fed to pressure transducers. Open the liquid line service valve and oil return line ball valve fully in each system.

Compressor Oil

To add oil to a circuit – connect a Johnson Controls hand oil pump (Part No. 470-10654-000) to the 1/4" oil charging connection on the compressors with a length of clean hose or copper line, but do not tighten the flare nut. Use YORK "V" oil 011-00949-000, when adding oil to Copeland compressor. The Bitzer compressor uses 011-00982-000 oil. Pump oil until all air has been purged from the hose then tighten the nut. Stroke the oil pump to add oil to the oil system. Approximately 1.8 to 2.3 gallons is present in the each refrigerant system. Oil levels in the oil equalizing line sight glass should be between the bottom and the middle of the sight glass with the system OFF. High oil levels may cause excessive oil carryover in the system. High oil concentration in the system may cause nuisance trips resulting from incorrect readings on the level sensor and temperature sensors. Temperature sensor errors may result in poor liquid control and resultant liquid overfeed and subsequent damage to the compressor. While running, a visible sign of oil splashing in the sight glass is normal.

Fans

Check that all fans are free to rotate and are not damaged. Ensure blades are at the same height when rotated. Ensure fan guards are securely fixed.

Isolation / Protection

Verify all sources of electrical supply to the unit are taken from a single point of isolation. Check that the maximum recommended fuse sizes given in *SECTION* 5 – *TECHNICAL DATA* has not been exceeded.

Control Panel

Check the panel to see that it is free of foreign materials (wire, metal chips, etc.) and clean out if required.

Power Connections

Check that the customer power cables are connected correctly to the terminal blocks or optional circuit breaker. Ensure that connections of power cables within the panels to the circuit breaker or terminal blocks are tight.

Grounding

Verify that the unit's protective ground terminal(s) are properly connected to a suitable grounding point. Ensure that all unit internal ground connections are tight.

Supply Voltage

Verify that the site voltage supply corresponds to the unit requirement and is within the limits given in SEC-TION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA.

Water System

Verify the chilled liquid system has been installed correctly, and has been commissioned with the correct direction of water flow through the cooler. The inlet should be at the refrigerant piping connection end of the cooler. Purge air from the top of the cooler using the plugged air vent mounted on the extension pipe.

Flow rates and pressure drops must be within the limits given in *SECTION 5 – TECHNICAL DATA*. Operation outside of these limits is undesirable and could cause damage.

If mains power must be switched OFF for extended maintenance or an extended shutdown period, the compressor suction, discharge and economizer service stop valves should be closed (clockwise). If there is a possibility of liquid freezing due to low ambient temperatures, the coolers should be drained or power should be applied to the chiller. This will allow the cooler heater to protect the cooler from freezing down to –20 °F. Before placing the unit back in service, valves should be opened and power must be switched ON (if power is removed for more than 8 hours) for at least 8 hours (24 hours if ambient temperature is below 86 °F [30 °C]) before the unit is restarted.

Flow Switch

Verify a chilled water flow switch is correctly fitted in the customer's piping on the cooler outlet, and wired into the control panel correctly using shielded cable.

There should be a straight run of at least 5 pipe diameters on either side of the flow switch. The flow switch should be connected to terminals 13 and 14 of XTBC1 on the panel.

Temperature Sensor(s)

Ensure the leaving liquid temperature sensor is coated with heat conductive compound (Part No. 013-00890-000) and is inserted to the bottom of the water outlet sensor well in the cooler. This sensor also provides some freeze protection and must always be fully inserted in the water outlet sensor well.

PREPARATION - POWER ON



Perform the commissioning using the detailed checks outlined. See Equipment Pre-Startup And Startup Checklist (Form 150.72-CL1) as the commissioning procedure is carried out.

Apply power to the chiller. Turn on the option panel circuit breaker if supplied.



The machine is now live!

Switch Settings

Assure the chiller OFF/ON UNIT switch at the bottom of the keypad is OFF. Place the optional circuit breaker handle on the panel door to ON. The customer's disconnection devices can now be set to ON.

Verify the control panel display is illuminated. Assure the system switches under the SYSTEM SWITCHES key are in the OFF position.

Compressor Heaters

Verify the compressor heaters are energized. If the ambient temperature is above 96 °F (36 °C) the compressor heaters must be on for at least 8 hours before start-up to ensure all refrigerant liquid is driven out of the compressor and the oil. If the ambient temperature is below 86 °F (30 °C), allow 24 hours.

SECTION 6 – COMMISSIONING FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

HOW TO COMMISSION THE PUMP VFD

1. Put pump in HAND mode.



LD1841

2. Change parameter 0-20 (default value is option 1601 – "Reference [Unit]") to option 1850 "Sensorless Readout" to display Sensorless flow readout on top left corner of screen.



- 3. Change parameter 0-22 (default value is option 1610 "Power [kW]") to option 1654 "Feedback 1 [unit]" to display Sensorless pressure readout on top right corner of screen.
- 4. Check with customer regarding new actual flow and head and verify what flow is required. Ramp the pump up or down to achieve requested flow. Record the VFD sensorless flow and pressure this will be your new setpoint.
- 5. Set parameter 20-21 to the Sensorless Pressure readout taken in the previous step.



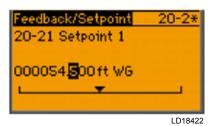
Drive Closed Loop 20-**

20-0* Feedback

20-2* Feedback/Setpoint

20-3* Feedb. Adv. Conv.

20-6* Sensorless



6. Set parameter 22-89 to the Sensorless Flow readout taken in the previous step.



- 7. Set parameter 22-87 to a value that is X% of the value in 20-21. This percentage needs to be calculated based on the design flow and the published minimum flow for the unit. This ensures that the drive will not allow the pump to operate below the minimum flow of the chiller. You have now readjusted the quadratic control curve to match actual site conditions.
- 8. Change parameter 0-20 back to default value of option 1601 "Reference [Unit]".
- 9. Change parameter 0-22 back to default value of option 1610 "Power [kW]".
- 10. Put the VFD back into AUTO mode.



6

Supersedes: 150.72-CL1 (817) Form 150.72-CL1 (1217)



MODEL - YLAA

| | MODEL - I LAA |
|--|--|
| STARTUP (| CHECKLIST |
| CUSTOMER: ADDRESS: PHONE: | JOB NAME: LOCATION: CUSTOMER ORDER NO: |
| JCI TEL NO: JCI ORDER NO: | JCI CONTRACT NO: |
| CHILLER MODEL NO: | UNIT SERIAL NO: |
| The work (as checked below) is in process and will be completed | d by:// |
| The following work must be completed in accordance wi | th installation instructions: |
| A. PRE-STARTUP Unit Checks (No Power) The following basic checks should be made with the customer power to the unit switched OFF. 1. Inspect the unit for shipping or installation damage | 8. Is ALL power wired to the chiller and meets N.E.C. and local codes? a. High voltage |
| metal chips and so on)? | 5 and 2 of XTBC2. The voltage should be 120VAC (110VAC for 50Hz units) plus or minus 10% |

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

SETPOINTS ENTRY LIST

| SETPOINTS ENTRY LIST | | | |
|-------------------------------|--------|--|--|
| OPTIONS | | | |
| Display Language | | | |
| Sys 1 Switch | | | |
| Sys 2 Switch | | | |
| Chilled Liquid | | | |
| Ambient Control* | | | |
| Local/Remote Mode | | | |
| Control Mode | | | |
| Display Units | | | |
| Lead/Lag Control* | | | |
| Fan Control* | | | |
| Manual Override | | | |
| Current Feedback | | | |
| Power Fail Restart | | | |
| Soft Start** | | | |
| Unit Type** | | | |
| Refrigerant Type** | | | |
| Flash Card Update | | | |
| Remote Temperature Reset | | | |
| External Evaporator Pump | | | |
| YORK Hydro Kit Pump | | | |
| Pump Selection | | | |
| Data Log to Flashcard | | | |
| Expansion Valve Type** | | | |
| COOLING SET | POINTS | | |
| Cooling Setpoint | | | |
| Range | | | |
| EMS-PWM Max. Setpoint | | | |
| PROGRA | M | | |
| Discharge Pressure Cutout | | | |
| Suction Pressure Cutout | | | |
| Low Ambient Temp. Cutout | | | |
| Leaving Liquid Temp. Cutout | | | |
| Anti-Recycle Time | | | |
| Fan Control ON Pressure | | | |
| Fan Differential OFF Pressure | | | |
| Total # of Compressors | | | |
| Number of Fans/System* | | | |
| Unit/Sys Voltage* | | | |
| Remote Unit ID | | | |
| | | | |

^{*}Not on All Models **Viewable Only

C. STARTUP

| Pa | anel checks (Power On - Both unit switch Off) |
|-----|---|
| 1. | Apply 3-phase power and verify its value. Voltage imbalance should be no more than 2% of the average voltage. |
| 2. | Apply 120VAC (110VAC for 50Hz units) and verify its value on the terminal block in the Power Panel. Make the measurement between Terminals 5 and 2 of XTBC2. The voltage should be 120VAC plus or minus 10% |
| 3. | Program/verify the Cooling Setpoints, Program Setpoints, and Unit Options. Record the values in the Setpoints Entry List table. |
| 4. | Place the unit into Service Mode and cycle each condenser fan to ensure proper rotation |
| 5. | Turn system 2 OFF and leave System 1 running. Refer to SECTION 6 – OPERATIONS (Form 150.72-ICOM6), UNIT KEYS, Option 2 for more information on System Switches. |
| 6. | Connect a manifold gauge to system 1 suction and discharge service valves. |
| 7. | Place the Unit Switch in the control panel to the ON position. NOTE: The chilled liquid setpoint may need to be temporarily lowered to ensure all compressors cycle ON. |
| | As each compressor cycles ON, ensure that the discharge pressure rises and the suction pressure decreases. If this does not occur, the compressor being tested is operating in the reverse direction and must be corrected. |
| 8. | Verify proper compressor rotation and then turn the Unit Switch to "OFF." |
| 9. | Turn system 1 OFF and system 2 ON (two system units only). Refer to SECTION 6 – OPERATIONS (Form 150.72-ICOM6), UNIT KEYS for more information. |
| 10. | Place the Unit Switch in the control panel to the ON position. NOTE: The chilled liquid setpoint may need to be temporarily lowered to ensure all compressors cycle ON. |
| | As each compressor cycles ON, ensure that the discharge pressure rises and the suction pressure decreases. If this does not occur, the compressor being tested is operating in the reverse direction and must be corrected. |
| 11. | Verify proper compressor rotation and then turn the Unit Switch to OFF. |

6

D. CHECKING SUPERHEAT AND SUBCOOLING

The subcooling temperature of each system can be calculated by recording the temperature of the liquid line at the outlet of the condenser and subtracting it from the liquid line saturation temperature at the liquid stop valve (liquid line saturation temperature is converted from a temperature/ pressure chart).

Example:

Liquid line pressure =

325 PSIG converted to temp.
minus liquid line temp.
Subcooling =

101 °F

-83 °F

18 °F

The subcooling should be adjusted to 18 $^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-8 $^{\circ}\text{C}$) at design conditions.

Record the liquid line pressure and its saturated temperature, liquid line temperature and subcooling below:

| | SYS 1 | SYS 2 |
|------------------|-------|-------|
| Liq Line Press = | | PSIG |
| Saturated Temp = | | °F |
| Liq Line Temp = | | °F |
| Subcooling = | | °F |

After the subcooling is verified, the suction superheatshould be checked. The superheat should be checked only after steady state operation of the chiller has been established, the leaving water temperature has been pulled down to the required leaving water temperature, and the unit is running in a fully loaded condition. Correct superheat setting for a system is 10 °F to 15 °F (5.56 °C to 8.33 °C) 18" (46 cm) from the heat exchanger.

Superheat should typically be set for no less than 10 °F with only a single compressor running on a circuit.

The superheat is calculated as the difference between the actual temperature of the returned refrigerant gas in the suction line entering the compressor and the temperature corresponding to the suction pressure as shown in a standard pressure/temperature chart.

Example:

Suction Temp = 46 °F minus Suction Press 105 PSIG converted to Temp Superheat = 42 °F 12 °F

When adjusting the expansion valve (TXV only), the adjusting screw should be turned not more than one turn at a time, allowing sufficient time (approximately 15 minutes) between adjustments for the system and the thermal expansion valve to respond and stabilize.

Assure that superheat is set at a minimum of 10 °F (5.56 °C) with a single compressor running on each circuit.

| 12. | Record the suction temperature, suction pressure |
|-----|--|
| | saturation temperature, and superheat of each sys- |
| | tem helow: |

| | SYS 1 | SYS 2 | |
|--------------------|-------|-------|------|
| Suction Temp = | | | °F |
| Suction Pressure = | | | PSIG |
| Saturation Temp = | | | °F |
| Superheat = | | | °F |

E. LEAK CHECKING

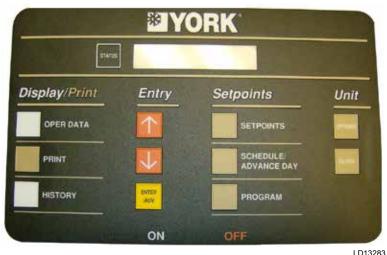
| Leak | check | compressors, | fittings, | and | piping | to | en- | _ |
|--------|---------|--------------|-----------|-----|--------|----|-----|---|
| sure i | no leak | s | | | | | | L |

If the unit is functioning satisfactorily during the initial operating period with no safeties trip and the compressors cycle to control water temperature to the setpoint, the chiller is considered ready to be placed into operation.

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS



INTRODUCTION

The YORK Control Center is a microprocessor based control system designed to provide the entire control for the liquid chiller. The control logic embedded in the microprocessor based control system will provide control for the chilled liquid temperatures, as well as sequencing, system safeties, displaying status, and daily schedules. The MicroComputer Control Center consists of four basic components:

- 1. IPU II and I/O Boards
- 2. Transformer
- 3. Display
- 4. Keypad

The keypad allows programming and accessing setpoints, pressures, temperatures, cutouts, daily schedule, options, and fault information.

Remote cycling, demand limiting and chilled liquid temperature reset can be accomplished by field supplied contacts.

Compressor starting/stopping and loading/unloading decisions are performed by the Microprocessor to maintain leaving or return chilled liquid temperature. These decisions are a function of temperature deviation from setpoint.

A Master ON/OFF switch activates or deactivates the unit

IPU II AND I/O BOARDS

The IPU and I/O boards are assembled to function as a single microprocessor controller. The IPU II board contains a microprocessor and is the controller. The I/O board handles all of the chiller I/O (Inputs and Outputs). System inputs from pressure transducers and temperature sensors are connected to the I/O board.

The I/O board constantly scans inputs to monitor the chiller operating conditions. The input values are transmitted the IPU II microprocessor board. From this information, the IPU II then issues commands to the I/O board relay outputs to control contactors, solenoids, etc. for Chilled Liquid Temperature Control and to react to safety conditions. The I/O board converts logic signals to operate relay outputs to 115VAC levels used by motor contactors, fan contactors, solenoid valves, etc. to control system operation. The low voltage side of all relay coils on the I/O board are powered by +12V.

Keypad commands are actuated upon by the microprocessor to change setpoints, cutouts, scheduling, operating requirements, and to provide displays. The keypad and display are connected to the I/O board.

The on-board power supply converts 24VAC from 75VA, 120/24VAC 50/60Hz UL listed class 2 power transformer to +12V, +5V and +3.3V using switching and linear voltage regulators located on the I/O and IPU II boards. These voltages are used to operate integrated circuitry on the board. The 40 character display and unit sensors (transducers and temp sensors) are sup-

SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS

FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

plied power for the micro board +5V supply. 24VAC is rectified, but not regulated, to provide unregulated +30VDC to supply all of the digital inputs.

The I/O board contains one green "Power" LED to indicate that the board is powered up and one red "Status" LED to indicate by blinking that the processor is operating. The I/O board also contains two sets of Receiver/Transmit LED's, one for each available serial communication port. The receive LED's are green, and the Transmit LED's are red.

A jumper on the I/O board selects 4 to 20mA or 0 to 10VDC as the input type on the remote temperature reset analog input.

TRANSFORMER

A 75VA, 120/240VAC, 50/60Hz transformer is provided to supply power to the Microprocessor Board, which in turn rectifies, filters, and regulates as necessary to supply power to the display, sensors, and transducers.

DISPLAY

The 40 Character Display (2 lines of 20 characters) is a liquid crystal display used for displaying system parameters and operator messages.

When a key is pressed, such as the OPER DATA key, system parameters will be displayed and will remain on the display until another key is pressed. The system parameters can be scrolled with the use of the \uparrow (UP) and \downarrow (DOWN) arrow keys. The display will update all information at a rate of about 1 a second.

Display Messages may show characters indicating "greater than" (>) or "less than" (<). These characters indicate the actual values are greater than or less than the limit values which are being displayed.

KEYPAD

The 12 button non-tactile keypad allows the user to retrieve vitals system parameters such as system pressures, temperatures, compressor running times and starts, option information on the chiller, and system setpoints. This data is useful for monitoring chiller operation, diagnosing potential problems, troubleshooting, and commissioning the chiller.

It is essential the user become familiar with the use of the keypad and display. This will allow the user to make full use of the capabilities and diagnostic features available.

UNIT SWITCH

A unit ON/OFF switch is just underneath the keypad. This switch allows the operator to turn the entire unit OFF if desired. The switch must be placed in the ON position for the chiller to operate.

BATTERY BACK-UP

The IPU II contains a Real Time Clock integrated circuit chip with an internal battery backup. The purpose of this battery backup is to assure any programmed values (setpoints, clock, cutouts, etc.) are not lost during a power failure regardless of the time involved in a power cut or shutdown period.

PROGRAMMING # OOF COMPRESSORS

The total number of compressors is programmable under the PROGRAM key. Dual (2) system chillers can have 4, 5, or 6 compressors.

7

STATUS KEY



00066VIP

Unit Status

Pressing the STATUS key will enable the operator to determine current chiller operating status. The messages displayed will include running status, cooling demand, fault status, external cycling device status. The display will be a single message relating to the highest priority message as determined by the microprocessor. Status messages fall into the categories of General Status and Fault Status.

The following General, Safety, and Warning messages are displayed when the STATUS key is pressed. Following each displayed message is an explanation pertaining to that particular message.

General Status Messages

In the case of messages which apply to individual systems, SYS 1 and SYS 2 messages will both be displayed and may be different. In the case of single system units, all SYS 2 messages will be blank.

UNIT SWITCH OFF SHUTDOWN

This message informs the operator that the UNIT switch on the control panel is in the OFF position which will not allow the unit to run.

REMOTE CONTROLLED SHUTDOWN

The REMOTE CONTROLLED SHUTDOWN message indicates that either an ISN system or RCC has turned the unit OFF, not allowing it to run.

DAILY SCHEDULE SHUTDOWN

The DAILY SCHEDULE SHUTDOWN message indicates that the daily/holiday schedule programmed is keeping the unit from running.

REMOTE STOP NO RUN PERM

REMOTE STOP NO RUN PERM shows that a remote start/stop contact is open in series with the flow switch. These contacts are connected to Terminals 51 and 13 of XTBC1. A 3-second delay is built into the software to prevent nuisance shutdowns due to erroneous signals on the run permissive input.

FLOW SWITCH OPEN

FLOW SWITCH OPEN indicates the flow switch contacts connected to Terminals 13 and 14 of XTBC1 are open. A 3-second delay is built into software to prevent nuisance shutdowns due to erroneous signals from the flow switch.

SYS 1 SYS SWITCH OFF SYS 2 SYS SWITCH OFF

SYS SWITCH OFF tells that the system switch under OPTIONS is turned OFF. The system will not be allowed to run until the switch is turned back ON.

SYS 1 NO COOL LOAD SYS 2 NO COOL LOAD

This message informs the operator that the chilled liquid temperature is below the point (determined by the setpoint and control range) that the microprocessor will bring on a system or that the microprocessor has not loaded the lead system far enough into the loading sequence to be ready to bring the lag system ON. The lag system will display this message until the loading sequence is ready for the lag system to start.

SYS 1 COMPS RUN X SYS 2 COMPS RUN X

The COMPS RUNNING message indicates that the respective system is running due to demand. The "X" will be replaced with the number of compressors in that system that are running.

SYS 1 AR TIMER XX S SYS 2 AR TIMER XX S

The anti-recycle timer message shows the amount of time left on the respective systems anti-recycle timer. This message is displayed when the system is unable to start due the anti-recycle timer being active.

SYS 1 AC TIMER XX S SYS 2 AC TIMER XX S

The anti-coincidence timer is a software feature that guards against 2 systems starting simultaneously. This assures instantaneous starting current does not become excessively high due to simultaneous starts. The microprocessor limits the time between compressor starts to 1 minute regardless of demand or the anti-recycle timer being timed out. The anti-coincidence timer is only present on two system units.

SYS 1 DSCH LIMITING SYS 2 DSCH LIMITING

When this message appears, discharge pressure limiting is in effect. The Discharge Pressure Limiting feature is integral to the standard software control; however the discharge transducer is optional on some models. Therefore, it is important to keep in mind that this control will not function unless the discharge transducer is installed in the system.

The limiting pressure is a factory set limit to keep the system from faulting on the high discharge pressure cutout due to high load or pull down conditions. When the unload point is reached, the microprocessor will automatically unload the affected system by de energizing one compressor. The discharge pressure unload will occur when the discharge pressure gets within 10 PSIG (0.69 barg) of the programmed discharge pressure cutout. This will only happen if the system is fully loaded and will shut only one compressor OFF. If the system is not fully loaded, discharge limiting will not go into effect. Reloading the affected system will occur when the discharge pressure drops to 85% of the unload pressure and 10 minutes have elapsed.

SYS 1 SUCT LIMITING SYS 2 SUCT LIMITING

When this message appears, suction pressure limiting is in effect. The suction pressure limit is a control point that limits the loading of a system when the suction pressure drops to within 15% above the suction pressure cutout. On a standard system programmed for 44 PSIG/3.0 Bar suction pressure cutout, the microprocessor would inhibit loading of the affected system with the suction pressure less than or equal to 1.15 * 44 PSIG/3.0 Bar = 50 PSIG/3.5 Bar. The system will be allowed to load after 60 seconds and after the suction pressure rises above the suction pressure load limit point.

SYS 1 LOAD LIMIT XX% SYS 2 LOAD LIMIT XX%

This message indicates that load limiting is in effect and the percentage of the limiting in effect. This limiting could be due to the load limit/pwm input, ISN or RCC controller sending a load limit command.

MANUAL OVERRIDE

If MANUAL OVERRIDE mode is selected, the STATUS display will display this message. This will indicate that the Daily Schedule is being ignored and the chiller will start-up when chilled liquid temperature allows, Remote Contacts, UNIT switch and SYSTEM switches permitting. This is a priority message and cannot be overridden by anti-recycle messages, fault messages, etc. when in the STATUS display mode. Therefore, do not expect to see any other STATUS messages when in the MANUAL OVERRIDE mode. MANUAL

OVERRIDE is to only be used in emergencies or for servicing. Manual override mode automatically disables itself after 30 minutes.

SYS 1 PUMPING DOWN SYS 2 PUMPING DOWN

The PUMPING DOWN message indicates that a compressor in the respective system is presently in the process of pumping the system down. When pumpdown is initiated on shutdown, the liquid line solenoid or EEV will close and a compressor will continue to run. When the suction pressure decreases to the suction pressure cutout setpoint or runs for 180 seconds, whichever comes first, the compressor will cycle OFF.

Fault Safety Status Messages

Safety Status messages appear when safety thresholds in the unit have been exceeded. Safeties are divided into two categories – system safeties and unit safeties. System safeties are faults that cause the individual system to be shut down. Unit safeties are faults that cause all running compressors to be shut down. Following are display messages and explanations.

System Safeties

System safeties are faults that cause individual systems to be shut down if a safety threshold is exceeded for 3 seconds. They are auto reset faults in that the system will be allowed to restart automatically after the fault condition is no longer present. However, if 3 faults on the same system occur within 90 minutes, that system will be locked out on the last fault. This condition is then a manual reset. The system switch (under OP-TIONS key) must be turned OFF and then back on to clear the lockout fault. Fault messages will be displayed whenever a system is locked out.

SYS 1 HIGH DSCH PRES SYS 2 HIGH DSCH PRES

The Discharge Pressure Cutout is a software cutout in the microprocessor and is backed-up by a mechanical high pressure cutout switch located in the refrigerant circuit. It assures that the system pressure does not exceed safe working limits. The system will shutdown when the programmable cutout is exceeded and will be allowed to restart when the discharge pressure falls 40 PSIG below the cutout. Discharge transducers must be installed for this function to operate.

SYS 1 LOW SUCT PRESS SYS 2 LOW SUCT PRESS

The Suction Pressure Cutout is a software cutout that helps protect the chiller from an evaporator freeze-up should the system attempt to run with a low refrigerant charge or a restriction in the refrigerant circuit.



Repeated starts after resetting a low suction pressure fault will cause evaporator freeze-up. Whenever a system locks out on this safety or any safety, immediate steps should be taken to identify the cause.

At system start, the cutout is set to 10% of programmed value. During the next 3 minutes the cutout point is ramped up to the programmed cutout point. If at any time during this 3 minutes the suction pressure falls below the ramped cutout point, the system will stop. This cutout is completely ignored for the first 30 seconds of system run time to avoid nuisance shutdowns, especially on units that utilize a low pressure switch in place of the suction pressure transducer.

After the first 3 minutes, if the suction pressure falls below the programmed cutout setting, a "transient protection routine" is activated. This sets the cutout at 10% of the programmed value and ramps up the cutout over the next 30 seconds. If at any time during this 30 seconds the suction pressure falls below the ramped cutout, the system will stop.

SYS 1 MP/HPCO FAULT SYS 2 MP/HPCO FAULT SYS 1 MP/HPCO INHIB SYS 2 MP/HPCO INHIB

The Motor Protector/Mechanical High Pressure Cutout protect the compressor motor from overheating or the system from experiencing dangerously high discharge pressure.

This fault condition is present when CR1 (SYS 1) or CR2 (SYS 2) relays de-energize due to the HP switch or motor protector opening. This causes the respective CR contacts to open causing 0VDC to be read on the inputs to the microboard. The fault condition is cleared when a 30VDC signal is restored to the input.

The internal motor protector opens at 185 °F to 248 °F (85 °C to 120 °C) and auto resets. The mechanical HP switch opens at 585 PSIG plus or minus 10 PSIG (27.92 barg plus or minus .69 barg) and closes at 330 PSIG plus or minus 25 PSIG (22.75 barg plus or minus 1.72 barg).

The compressor is also equipped with a discharge temperature sensor for the purpose of sensing internal scroll temperature. This sensor protects the scrolls from overheating due to inadequate cooling that may occur when refrigerant charge is low, or superheat is too high.

When the sensor senses a high temperature, it opens the motor protector circuit in the compressor causing the compressor to shut down.

During the first two faults an MP/HP INHIBIT message will be displayed and the system will not be locked out. Only after the third fault in 90 minutes will the MP/HPCO FAULT message be displayed.

Whenever the motor protector or discharge sensor shuts down a compressor and the system, the internal compressor contacts will open for a period of 30 minutes to assure that the motor or scroll temperatures have time to dissipate the heat and cool down. The MP/HP INHIBIT message will be displayed while these contacts are open or when the HPCO is open. While this message is displayed, the compressors will not be permitted to start.

After 30 minutes, the contacts will close and the system will be permitted to restart. The microprocessor will not try to restart the compressors in a system that shuts down on this safety for a period of 30 minutes to allow the internal compressor to time out.

During the 30 minute timeout, the MP/HPCO INHIB message will be displayed. The MP/HPCO fault will only be displayed after 3 shutdowns in 90 minutes, indicating the system is locked out and will not restart.

SYS 1 HIGH MTR CURR SYS 2 HIGH MTR CURR

When the System Current Feedback option is installed and selected (Option 11 under OPTIONS key Current Feedback), this safety will operate as follows. If the actual feedback voltage of the system proportional to currents exceeds the programmed trip voltage for 5 seconds, the system will shutdown.

This safety will shut down a system if either suction temperature or suction pressure sensors read out of range high or low. This condition must be present for 3 seconds to cause a system shutdown. The safety locks out a system after the first fault and will not allow automatic restarting.

Unit Safeties

Unit safeties are faults that cause all running compressors to be shut down. Unit faults are auto reset faults in that the unit will be allowed to restart automatically after the fault condition is no longer present.

UNIT FAULT: LOW AMBIENT TEMP

The Low Ambient Temp Cutout is a safety shutdown designed to protect the chiller from operating in a low ambient condition. If the outdoor ambient temperature falls below the programmable cutout, the chiller will shut down. Restart can occur when temperature rises 2 °F above the cutoff.

UNIT FAULT: LOW LIQUID TEMP

The Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp Cutout protects the chiller form an evaporator freeze-up should the chilled liquid temperature drop below the freeze point. This situation could occur under low flow conditions or if the micro panel setpoint values are improperly programmed. Anytime the leaving chilled liquid temperature (water or glycol) drops below the cutout point, the chiller will shutdown. Restart can occur when chilled liquid temperature rises 2 °F above the cutout.

UNIT FAULT: 115VAC UNDER VOLTAGE

The Under Voltage Safety assures that the system is not operated at voltages where malfunction of the microprocessor could result in system damage. When the 115VAC to the micro panel drops below a certain level, a unit fault is initiated to safely shut down the unit. Restart is allowed after the unit is fully powered again and the anti-recycle timers have finished counting down.

7

UNIT FAULT: HIGH MTR CURR

When the CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER UNIT option is selected under the OPTIONS key, the unit will shut down when the voltage exceeds the programmed trip voltage for 5 seconds.

The trip voltage is programmed at the factory according to compressor or unit RLA.

Restart will occur after the anti-recycle timer times out.

Unit Warning

The following messages are not unit safeties and will not be logged to the history buffer. They are unit warnings and will not auto-restart. Operator intervention is required to allow a restart of the chiller.

!! LOW BATTERY !! CHECK PROG/SETP/OPTN

The Low Battery Warning can only occur at unit power-up. On micro panel power-up, the RTC battery is checked. If a low battery is found, all programmed setpoints, program values, options, time, schedule, and history buffers will be lost. These values will all be reset to their default values which may not be the desired operating values. Once a faulty battery is detected, the unit will be prevented from running until the PRO-GRAM key is pressed. Once PROGRAM is pressed the anti-recycle timers will be set to the programmed anti-recycle time to allow the operator time to check setpoints, and if necessary, reprogram programmable values and options.

If a low battery is detected, it should be replaced as soon as possible. The programmed values will all be lost and the unit will be prevented from running on the next power interruption. The RTC/battery (031-02565-000) is located at U5 on the microboard.

INCORRECT UNIT TYPE

This indicates the condensing unit jumper is installed between J11-12 and J11-7. This jumper must be removed to operate the chiller.

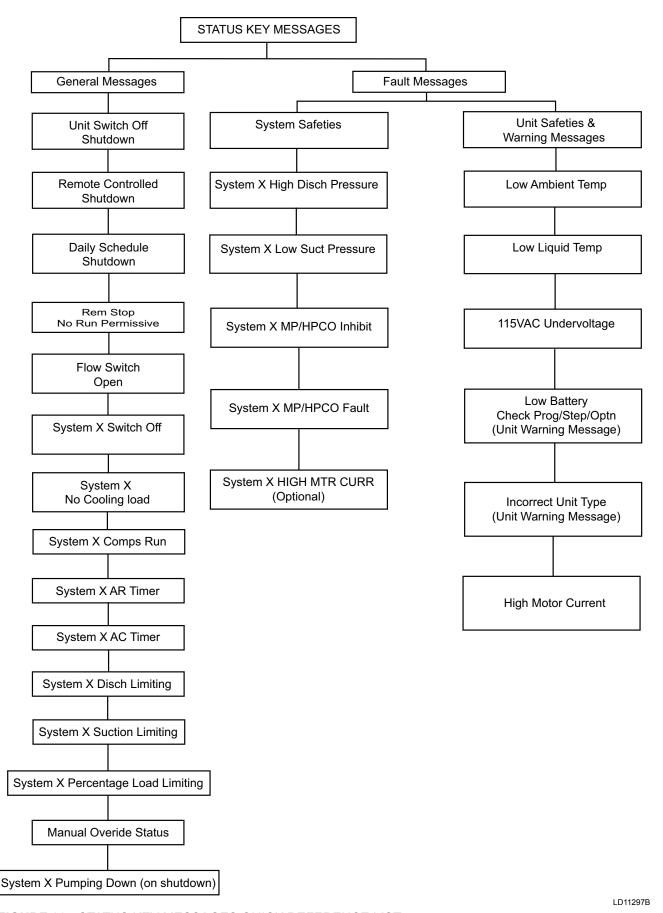
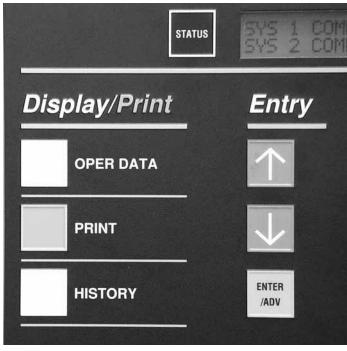


FIGURE 33 - STATUS KEY MESSAGES QUICK REFERENCE LIST

DISPLAY/PRINT KEYS



00067VIP

The Display/Print keys allow the user to retrieve system and unit information that is useful for monitoring chiller operation, diagnosing potential problems, troubleshooting, and commissioning the chiller.

System and unit information, unit options, setpoints, and scheduling can also be printed out with the use of a printer. Both real-time and history information are available

Oper Data Key

The OPER DATA key gives the user access to unit and system operating parameters. When the OPER DATA key is pressed, system parameters will be displayed and remain on the display until another key is pressed. After pressing the OPER DATA key, the various operating data screens can be scrolled through by using the ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys or the ENTER/ADV key located under the "ENTRY" section.



System 2 information will only be displayed for 2 system units.

With the "UNIT TYPE" set as a liquid chiller (no jumper from J11-7 to J11-12 on the I/O Board), the following list of operating data screens are viewable under the OPER DATA key in the order that they are displayed. The ↓ (DOWN) arrow key scrolls through the displays in the order they appear below:



The chiller MUST be set to be a liquid chiller (no jumper from J11-7 to J11-12 on the I/O Board). DO NOT operate the chiller if not properly set up.

```
LCHLT = 46.2°F
RCHLT = 57.4°F
```

This display shows chilled leaving and return liquid temperatures. The minimum limit on the display for these parameters are 2.2 °F (-19 °C). The maximum limit on the display is 140 °F (60 °C).

```
AMBIENT AIR TEMP
= 87.5°F
```

This display shows the ambient air temperature. The minimum limit on the display is 0.4 °F (-17.6 °C). The maximum limit on the display is 131.2 °F (55.1 °C).

S Y S X S P = 72.1 P S I G D P = 227.0 P S I G

These displays show suction and discharge pressures for each system. The discharge pressure transducer is optional on some models.

If the optional discharge transducer is not installed, the discharge pressure would display 0 PSIG (0 barg).

The minimum limits for the display are:

• Suction Pressure: 0 PSIG (0 barg)

• Discharge Pressure: 0 PSIG (0 barg)

The maximum limits for the display are:

• Suction Pressure: 400 PSIG (27.58 barg)

• Discharge Pressure: 650 PSIG (44.82 barg)

SYS X HOURS 1 = X X X X X 2 = X X X X X, 3 = X X X X X

S Y S X S T A R T S 1 = X X X X X X 2 = X X X X X, 3 = X X X X X

The above two messages will appear sequentially for each system. The first display shows accumulated running hours of each compressor for the specific system. The second message shows the number of starts for each compressor on each system.



Run times and starts will only be displayed for the actual number of systems and compressors on the unit.

A total of 99,999 hours and starts can be logged before the counter rolls over to "0".

LOAD TIMER 58 SECUNLOAD TIMER 0 SEC

This display of the load and unload timers indicate the time in seconds until the unit can load or unload. Whether the systems loads or unloads is determined by how far the actual liquid temperature is from setpoint. A detailed description of unit loading and unloading is covered under the topic of Capacity Control.

COOLING DEMAND 2 OF 8 STEPS

The display of COOLING DEMAND indicates the current "step" in the capacity control scheme when in Return Water Control Mode. The number of available steps are determined by how many compressors are in the unit. In the above display, the "2" does not mean that two compressor are running but only indicates that the capacity control scheme is on step 2 of 8. Capacity Control is covered in more detail in this publication which provides specific information on compressor staging (for Return Water Control only).

TEMP ERROR XXX.X°F TEMP RATE XXX.X°F/M

The COOLING DEMAND message will be replaced with this message when Leaving Chilled liquid control is selected. This message indicates the temperature error and the rate of change of the chilled liquid temperature.

LEAD SYSTEM IS SYSTEM NUMBER 2

This display indicates the current LEAD system. In this example system 2 is the LEAD system, making system 1 the LAG system. The LEAD system can be manually selected or automatic. See the programming under the *Options Key on page 131*. The Lead System display will only appear on a two system unit.



A unit utilizing hot gas bypass should be programmed for MANUAL with system 1 as the lead system. Failure to do so will prevent hot gas operation if system 2 switches to the lead system when programmed for AUTOMATIC LEAD/LAG.

E V A P O R A T O R H E A T E R S T A T U S I S = X X X

This display indicates the status of the evaporator heater. The evaporator heater is controlled by ambient air temperature. When the ambient temperature drops below 40 °F the heater is turned ON. When the temperature rises above 45 °F the heater is turned OFF. An under voltage condition will keep the heater OFF until full voltage is restored to the system.

E VAPORATOR WATER
PUMP STATUS = X X XX

The evaporator pump dry contacts are energized when any compressor is running, or the unit is not OFF on the daily schedule and the unit switch is ON, or the unit has shutdown on a Low Leaving Chilled Liquid fault. However, even if one of above is true, the pump will not run if the micro panel has been powered up for less than 30 seconds or if the pump has run in the last 30 seconds to prevent pump motor overheating.

EVAP PUMP TOTAL RUN HOURS = XXXXX

The Evaporator Pump Total Run Hours display indicates the total pump run hours. Total hours continually increments similar to Compressor Run Hours. If dual pumps are fitted, run hours indicates total hours on both pumps.

ACTIVE REMOTE CTRL NONE

There are several types of remote systems that can be used to control or monitor the unit. The following messages indicate the type of remote control mode active:

NONE – no remote control active. Remote monitoring may be via ISN.

ISN – YORK Talk via ISN allows remote load limiting and temperature reset through an ISN system.

LOAD LIM – Load limiting enabled using contact closure.

PWM TEMP – EMS temperature reset

*See Remote BAS/EMS Temperature Reset Using a Voltage or Current Signal on page 159.

If the microprocessor is programmed for CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER UNIT under the OPTIONS key, the display will show up as the first display prior to the SYS 1 displays. Total chiller current is displayed as shown below:

UNIT AMPS = 54.0 VOLTS = 1.2

If the microprocessor is programmed for CURRENT FEEDBACK NONE, no current display will appear.

S Y S X C O M P S T A T U S 1 = X X X 2 = X X X 3 = X X X

SYS X RUN TIME XX-XX-XX-XX D-H-M-S

SYS X LLSV IS ON HOT GAS SOL IS OFF

SYS X FAN STAGE 3

S Y S X A M P S = 36.0 V O L T S = 0.8

The preceding five messages will appear sequentially, first for system 1, then for system 2.

The first message indicates the system and the associated compressors which are running.

The second message indicates the system run time in days – hours – minutes – seconds. Please note that this is not accumulated run time but pertains only to the current system cycle.

The third message indicates the system, and whether the liquid line solenoid or EEV pilot solenoid and hot gas solenoid are being turned ON by the microboard. Please note that hot gas is not available for system 2, so there is no message pertaining to the hot gas solenoid when system 2 message is displayed.

The fourth message indicates the stage of condenser fan operation that is active.

See *Standard Condenser Fan Control on page 154* for more information.

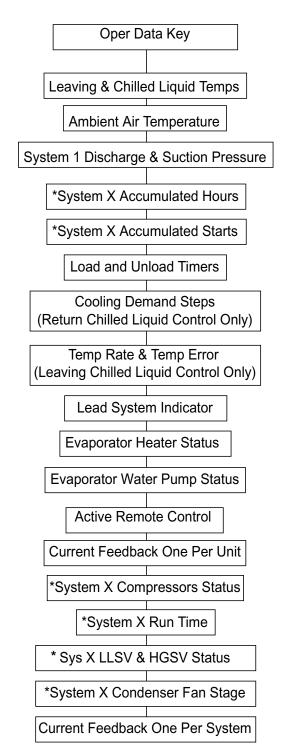
The fifth message displays current as sensed by the optional current feedback circuitry. The display reads out in amps along with the DC feedback voltage from the module. Current is calculated by:

225A x Actual Volts
5 Volts

Individual displays will be present for each system, if CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER SYSTEM is programmed under the OPTIONS key. Combined compressor current for each system is displayed.

Oper Data Quick Reference List

The following table is a quick reference list for information available under the OPER DATA key.



^{*} Block of information repeats for each system

LD12585

FIGURE 34 - OPERATION DATA

Print Key

The PRINT key allows the operator to obtain a printout of real-time system operating data or a history printout of system data at the "instant of the fault" on the last six faults which occurred on the unit. An optional printer is required for the printout.

Operating Data Printout

Pressing the PRINT key and then OPER DATA key allows the operator to obtain a printout of current system operating parameters. When the OPER DATA key is pressed, a snapshot will be taken of system operating conditions and panel programming selections. This data will be temporarily stored in memory and transmission of this data will begin to the printer. A sample Operating Data printout is shown below. (Note: Not all values are printed for all models.)

```
YORK INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
   MILLENNIUM LIQUID CHILLER
          UNIT STATUS
       2:04PM 01 OCT 07
SYS 1
                 NO COOLING LOAD
SYS 2
          COMPRESSORS RUNNING 2
            OPTIONS
CHILLED LIQUID
                           WATER
AMBIENT CONTROL
                        STANDARD
LOCAL/REMOTE MODE
                       REMOTE
CONTROL MODE LEAVING LIQUID LEAD/LAG CONTROL AUTOMATIC
FAN CONTROL AMB & DSCH PRESS
CURRENT FEEDBACK
                            NONE
POWER FAILURE RESTART AUTOMATIC
EXPANSION VALVE
SOFT START
                        ENABLED
                   THERMOSTATIC
REMOTE TEMP RESET
                    4 TO 20 MA
        PROGRAM VALUES
DSCH PRESS CUTOUT
                      570 PSIG
SUCT PRESS CUTOUT
                        80 PSIG
SUCT PRESS CUT COOLING
                       42 PSIG
SUCT PRESS CUT HEATING
                        31 PSIG
LOW AMBIENT CUTOUT
                        25.0 DEGF
LEAVING LIQUID CUTOUT
                        25.0 DEGF
ANTI RECYCLE TIME
                        600 SECS
FAN CONTROL ON PRESS
                        425 PSIG
FAN DIFF OFF PRESS
                        125 PSIG
NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS
                               6
NUMBER OF FANS PER SYSTEM
                               4
UNIT TRIP VOLTS
                            3.0
REFRIGERANT TYPE
                            R-22
DEFROST INIT TEMP 41.0 DEGF
DEFROST INITIATION TIME
                           60MIN
DEFROST TERMINATION TIME
                            3MIN
BIVALENT HEAT DELAY TIME
                         30 MIN
REMOTE UNIT ID PROGRAMMED
YORK HYDRO KIT PUMPS 1 (410a)
PUMP TOTAL RUN HOURS XXXXX (410a)
           UNIT DATA
RETURN LIQUID TEMP
                        58.2 DEGF
                        53.0 DEGF
LEAVING LIQUID TEMP
DISCHARGE AIR TEMP
                        55.3 DEGF
```

```
COOLING RANGE
                42.0 + / - 2.0 DEGF
HEATING RANGE 122.0 +/- 2.0 DEGF
                   70 + / - 3 PSIG
SYS 1 SETPOINT
                   70 +/- 3 PSIG
SYS 2 SETPOINT
                       44.0 DEGF
REMOTE SETPOINT
                       74.8 DEGF
AMBIENT AIR TEMP
LEAD SYSTEM
                           SYS 2
EVAPORATOR PUMP
                              ON
                             OFF
EVAPORATOR HEATER
ACTIVE REMOTE CONTROL
                            NONE
LAST DEFROST SYS X DURATION XXXS
TIME TO SYS X DEFROST
                          XX MIN
BIVALENT DELAY REMAINING XX MIN
UNIT XXX.X AMPS
                       X.X VOLTS
SOFTWARE VERSION
                     C.M02.13.00
         SYSTEM 1 DATA
COMP STATUS
              1=OFF 2=OFF 3=OFF
             0- 0- 0- 0 D-H-M-S
RUN TIME
TIME YYYYYYY 0- 0- 0- 0 D-H-M-S
LAST STATE
                         YYYYYYY
SUCTION PRESSURE
                        105 PSIG
DISCHARGE PRESSURE
                        315 PSIG
SUCTION TEMPERATURE
                       46.0 DEGF
SAT SUCTION TEMP
                      34.0 DEGF
SUCTION SUPERHEAT
                      12.0 DEGF
COOLER INLET REFRIG
                      31.6 DEGF
                      52.8 DEGF
DEFROST TEMPERATURE
LIOUID LINE SOLENOID
                             OFF
MODE SOLENOID
                             OFF
HOT GAS BYPASS VALVE
                             OFF
CONDENSER FAN STAGE
                             OFF
                           0.0 %
EEV OUTPUT
           XXX.X AMPS X.X VOLTS
SYSTEM
         SYSTEM 2 DATA
COMP STATUS
              1=ON, 2=OFF, 3=ON
               0-0-1-46 D-H-M-S
RUN TIME
TIME YYYYYYY
                0-0-0-0 D-H-M-S
LAST STATE
                         YYYYYYY
SUCTION PRESSURE
                        110 PSIG
DISCHARGE PRESSURE
                        320 PSIG
SUCTION TEMPERATURE
                       49.3 DEGF
SAT SUCTION TEMP
                      36.0 DEGF
SUCTION SUPERHEAT
                      13.3 DEGF
COOLER INLET REFRIG
                      31.6 DEGF
DEFROST TEMPERATURE
                      52.8 DEGF
LIQUID LINE SOLENOID
                              ON
                              ON
MODE SOLENOID
CONDENSER FAN STAGE
                               3
EEV OUTPUT
                           63.2%
          XXX.X AMPS X.X VOLTS
SYSTEM
         DAILY SCHEDULE
SMTWTFS
                       *=HOLIDAY
SUN START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
MON START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
TUE START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
WED START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
THU
    START=00:00AM
                   STOP=00:00AM
FRT
    START=00:00AM
                    STOP=00:00AM
SAT
    START=00:00AM
                    STOP=00:00AM
HOL START=00:00AM STOP=00:00AM
```



See Optional Printer Installation on page 168 for Printer Installation information.

History Printout

Pressing the PRINT key and then the HISTORY key allows the operator to obtain a printout of information relating to the last 9 Safety Shutdowns which occurred. The information is stored at the instant of the fault, regardless of whether the fault caused a lockout to occur. The information is also not affected by power failures (long-term internal memory battery backup is built into the circuit board) or manual resetting of a fault lockout.

When the HISTORY key is pressed, a printout is transmitted of all system operating conditions which were stored at the "instant the fault occurred" for each of the 9 Safety Shutdowns buffers. The printout will begin with the most recent fault which occurred. The most recent fault will always be stored as Safety Shutdown No. 1. identically formatted fault information will then be printed for the remaining safety shutdowns.

Information contained in the Safety Shutdown buffers is very important when attempting to troubleshoot a system problem. This data reflects the system conditions at the instant the fault occurred and often reveals other system conditions which actually caused the safety threshold to be exceeded.

The history printout is similar to the operational data printout shown in the previous section. The differences are in the header and the schedule information. The daily schedule is not printed in a history print.

One example history buffer printout is shown following. The data part of the printout will be exactly the same as the operational data print so it is not repeated here. The difference is that the Daily Schedule is not printed in the history print and the header will be as follows.

YORK INTERNATIONAL CORPORATION
MILLENNIUM LIQUID CHILLER
SAFETY SHUTDOWN NUMBER 1
SHUTDOWN @ 3:56PM 29 SEP 07
SYS 1 HIGH DSCH PRESS SHUTDOWN
SYS 2 NO FAULTS

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

History Displays

The HISTORY key gives the user access to many unit and system operating parameters at the time of a unit or system safety shutdown. When the HISTORY key is pressed the following message is displayed.



While this message is displayed, the \(\frac{1}{UP}\) arrow key can be used to select any of the six history buffers. Buffer number 1 is the most recent, and buffer number 6 is the oldest safety shutdown that was saved.

After selecting the shutdown number, pressing the ENTER key displays the following message which shows when the shutdown occurred.

SHUTDOWN OCCURRED 03:56 PM 29 JAN 02

The \uparrow (UP) and \downarrow (DOWN) arrow keys are used to scroll forward and backward through the history buffer to display the shutdown conditions stored at the instant the fault occurred. The \downarrow (DOWN) arrow key scrolls through the displays in the order they appear below:

UNIT FAULT: LOW LIQUID TEMP

Displays the type of fault that occurred.

UNIT TYPE LIQUID CHILLER

Displays the type of chiller; Liquid, Condensing Unit or Heat Pump.

CHILLED LIQUID
XXXXX

Displays the chilled liquid type; Water or Glycol.

AMBIENT CONTROL

Displays the type of Ambient Control; Standard or Low Ambient.

LOCAL / REMOTE MODE XXXXXXXX

Displays Local or Remote control selection.

CONTROL MODE LEAVING LIQUID

Displays the type of chilled liquid control; Leaving or Return.

LEAD/LAG CONTROL XXXXXXX

Displays the type of lead/lag control; Manual System 1, Manual System 2 or Automatic. This is only selectable on 2-system chillers.

FAN CONTROL DISCHARGE PRESSURE

Displays the type of fan control; Discharge Pressure or Ambient and Discharge Pressure.

MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE XXXXXXXX

Displays whether Manual Override was Enabled or Disabled.

CURRENT FEEDBACK XXXXXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Displays type of Current Feedback utilized.

SOFT START XXXXXXX

Displays whether the optional European Soft Start was installed and selected.

DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT = XXXX PSIG

Displays the programmed Discharge Pressure Cutout.

SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT = XXXX PSIG

Displays the programmed Suction Pressure Cutout.

Displays the programmed Low Ambient Cutout.

LEAVING LIQUID TEMP CUTOUT = XXX.X °F

Displays the Leaving Liquid Temp. Cutout programmed.

FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE = XXX PSIG

Displays the programmed Fan On Pressure.

FAN DIFFERENTIAL OFF PRESSURE = PSIG

Displays the programmed Fan Off Differential.

SYS1 TRIP VOLTS = X.X VOLTS

Displays the programmed High Current Trip Voltage.

SYS 2 TRIP VOLTS = X . X VOLTS

Displays the programmed High Current Trip Voltage.

YORK HYDRO KIT PUMPS = X

Indicates the Pump Control option is selected.

LCHLT = XXX.X °F RCHLT = XXX.X °F

Displays the Leaving and Return chilled Liquid Temperature at the time of the fault.

SETPOINT = XXX.X °F RANGE = +/-°F

Displays the programmed Setpoint and Range, if the chiller is programmed for leaving chilled liquid control.

SETPOINT = XXX.X °F RANGE = +XX.X °F

Displays the programmed Setpoint and Range, if the chiller is programmed for return chilled liquid control.

AMBIENT AIR TEMP = XXX.X ° F

Displays the Ambient Temp. at the time of the fault.

LEAD SYSTEM IS SYSTEM NUMBER X

Displays which system is in the lead at the time of the fault

E V A P O R A T O R H E A T E R S T A T U S I S X X X

Displays status of the Evaporator Heater at the time of the fault.

E VAPORATOR WATER
P UMP STATUS XXXX

Displays status of Evaporator Water Pump at the time of fault. Status may read ON, OFF or trip.

E V A P P U M P T O T A L R U N H O U R S = X X X X

Evap Pump total run hours at the time of fault.

ACTIVE REMOTE CTRL XXXX

Displays whether Remote Chiller Control was active when the fault occurred.

UNIT ACTUAL AMPS = X X X . X AMPS

This is only displayed when the Current Feedback Option is one per unit.

S Y S X C O M P S T A T U S 1 = X X X 2 = X X X 3 = X X X

Displays which Compressors were running in the system when the fault occurred.

SYS X RUN TIME XX-XX-XX-XX D-H-M-S

Displays the system run time when the fault occurred.

S Y S X S P = X X X X P S I G D P = X X X X P S I G

Displays the system Suction and Discharge Pressure of the time of the fault.



Displays the System Suction Temp and Saturated Suction Temp when an EEV is installed.



Displays whether the System Liquid Line Solenoid or Hot Gas Solenoid was energized at the time of the fault.



Displays the number of Fan Stages in the system active at the time of the fault.



Displays the system Amperage (calculated approximately) at the time of the fault.

For this message to appear, CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER SYSTEM must be programmed under the OPTIONS key. If the microprocessor is programmed as one CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER UNIT un-

der the PROGRAM key, the display will be the first display prior to the SYS 1 info. If the microprocessor is programmed for CURRENT FEEDBACK NONE, no current display will appear.

Displays for System 1 starting with SYS X NUMBER OF COMPS RUNNING X through SYS X AMPS = XXX.X VOLTS = X.X will be displayed first, followed by displays for System 2.

Further explanation of the above displays is covered under the STATUS, OPER DATA, COOLING SETPOINTS, PROGRAM, and OPTIONS keys.

Software Version

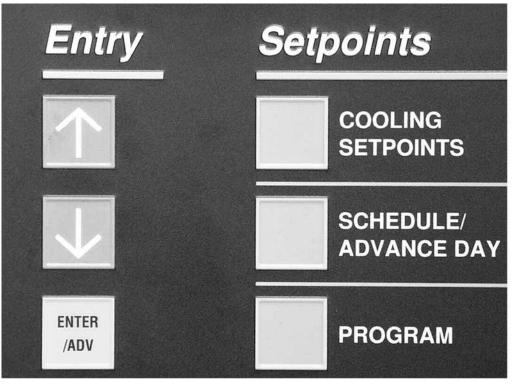
The software version may be viewed by first pressing the HISTORY key and then repeatedly pressing the \$\(\text{DOWN} \) arrow key until you scroll past the first history buffer choice.

DISPLAY SAFETY SHUT-DOWN NO.1 (1TO6)

After the \downarrow (DOWN) arrow key is pressed again, the software version will appear.

C O N T R O L C. M X X. Z Z. Y Y C. M X X. 1 8. Y Y

ENTRY KEYS



00068VIP

The Entry Keys allows the user to view, change programmed values. The ENTRY keys consist of an ↑ (UP) arrow key, ↓ (DOWN) arrow key, and an ENTER/ADV key.

Up and Down Arrow Keys

Used in conjunction with the OPER DATA, HISTORY, COOLING SETPOINTS, SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY, OPTIONS and CLOCK keys, the ↑ (UP) and ↓(DOWN) arrow keys allow the user to scroll through the various data screens. See *Display/Print Keys on page 115* for specific information on the displayed information and specific use of the ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys.

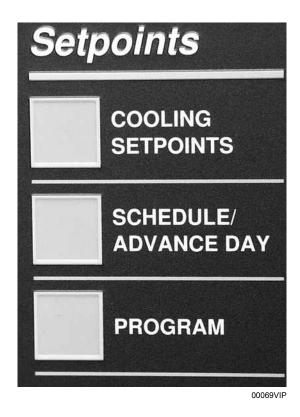
The \uparrow (UP) arrow key, and \downarrow (DOWN) arrow key are also used for programming the control panel such as changing numerical or text values when programming cooling setpoints, setting the daily schedule, changing safety setpoints, chiller options, and setting the clock.

Enter/Adv Key

The ENTER/ADV key must be pushed after any change is made to the cooling setpoints, daily schedule, safety setpoints, chiller options, and the clock. Pressing this key "enters" the new values into memory. If the ENTER/ADV key is not pressed after a value is changed, the changes will not be "entered" and the original values will be used to control the chiller.

Programming and a description on the use of the \uparrow (UP) arrow key, and \downarrow (DOWN) arrow, and ENTER/ADV keys are covered in detail under the SETPOINTS, and UNIT keys.

SETPOINTS KEYS



Programming of the cooling setpoints, daily schedule, and safeties is accomplished by using the keys located under the SETPOINTS section.

The three keys involved are labeled COOLING SETPOINTS, SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY, and PROGRAM.

Following are instructions for programming the respective setpoints. The same instruction should be used to view the setpoints with the exception that the setpoint will not be changed.

Cooling Setpoints

The Cooling Setpoint and Range can be programmed by pressing the COOLING SETPOINTS key. The cooling mode (leaving chilled liquid or return chilled liquid) will be displayed for a few seconds, and the setpoint display entry screen will appear.

Leaving Chilled Liquid Control

SETPOINT = 45.<u>0</u>°F RANGE = +/- 2.0°F

The above message shows the current chilled water temperature SETPOINT at 45.0 °F (notice the cursor positioned under the number 0). Pressing either the ↑ (UP) or ↓ (DOWN) arrow will change the setpoint in .5 °F increments. After using the ↑ (UP) or ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys to adjust to the desired setpoint, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter this number into memory and advance to the RANGE SETPOINT.

Entry of the setpoint will be indicated by the cursor moving under the current RANGE setpoint. The ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys are used to set the RANGE, in .5 °F increments, to the desired RANGE setpoint. After adjusting the setpoint, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter the data into memory.

Notice that the RANGE was programmed for +/- X.X° F. This indicates the SETPOINT to be in the *center* of

the control range. If the control mode has been programmed for RETURN LIQUID control, the message below would be displayed in place of the previous message.

When in leaving chilled liquid temperature control, the microprocessor will attempt to control the leaving water temperature within the temperature range of the setpoint + or – the range. In the above example, control will be in the range of 43 to 47 °F.

Return Chilled Liquid Control

```
SETPOINT = 45.0 ° F
RANGE = +10.0° F
```

In return chilled liquid control, the range no longer has a +/- X.X °F, but only a + X.X °F RANGE setpoint. This indicates that the setpoint is not centered within the RANGE but could be described as the bottom of the control range. A listing of the limits and the programmable values for the COOLING SETPOINTS are shown in *Table 19 on page 151*.

The SETPOINT and RANGE displays just described were based on LOCAL control. If the unit was programmed for REMOTE control (under the OPTIONS key), the above programmed setpoints would have no effect.

When in return chilled liquid temperature control, the microprocessor will turn all compressors OFF at setpoint and will turn compressors ON as return chilled liquid temperature rises. All compressors will be on at setpoint plus the range. If the range equals the temperature drop across the evaporator when fully loaded, the leaving chilled liquid temperature will remain near the setpoint plus or minus a few degrees as the chiller loads and unloads according to return chilled liquid temperature.

Both LEAVING and RETURN control are described in detail under *Capacity Control on page 149*.

Remote Setpoint Control

Pressing the COOLING SETPOINTS key a second time will display the remote setpoint and cooling range. This display automatically updates about every 2 seconds. Notice that these setpoints are not "locally" programmable, but are controlled by a remote device such as an ISN control, remote reset option board, or remote PWM signal. These setpoints would only be valid if the unit was operating in the REMOTE mode.

The following messages illustrate both leaving chilled liquid control and return chilled liquid control respectively.

```
REM SETP = 44.0°F
RANGE = +/-2.0°F
```

(leaving chilled liquid control)

```
REM SETP = 44.0°F
RANGE = +10.0°F
```

(return chilled liquid control)

The low limit, high limit, and default values for the keys under "SETPOINTS" are listed in *Table 19 on page 151*.

Pressing the COOLING SETPOINTS a third time will bring up the display that allows the Maximum EMS-PWM Temperature Reset to be programmed. This message is shown below.

```
MAX EMS-PWM REMOTE
TEMP RESET = +20°F
```

The Temp Reset value is the maximum allowable remote reset of the temperature setpoint. The setpoint can be reset upwards by the use of an Energy Management System or from the Temperature Reset Option Board. See *Remote BAS/EMS Temperature Reset Using a Voltage or Current Signal on page 159* for a detailed explanation of this feature.

As with the other setpoints, the \uparrow (Up) arrow and \downarrow (Down) arrow keys are used to change the Temp Reset value. After using the \uparrow (UP) and \downarrow (DOWN) arrows to adjust to the desired setpoint, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter this number into memory.

SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY KEY

The SCHEDULE is a seven day daily schedule that allows one start/stop time per day. The schedule can be programmed Monday through Sunday with an alternate holiday schedule available. If no start/stop times are programmed, the unit will run on demand, providing the chiller is not shut off on a unit or system shutdown. The daily schedule is considered "not programmed" when the times in the schedule are all zeros (00:00 AM).

To set the schedule, press the SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY key. The display will immediately show the following display.

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 SECTION 7 - UNIT CONTROLS ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

| T | ARIF 12 | - COOI | ING SETPOINT | PROGRAMMARIE | LIMITS AND DEFAULTS |
|---|----------------|--------|--------------|--------------|---------------------|
| | | | | | |

| SETPOINT KEY | MODE | LOW LIMIT | HIGH LIMIT | DEFAULT |
|--------------------------------------|-----------------|-----------|------------|---------|
| | WATER COOLING | 40.0°F | **70.0°F | 44.0°F |
| LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID SETPOINT | WATER COOLING | 4.4°C | 21.1°C | 6.7°C |
| LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID SETFOINT | GLYCOL COOLING* | 10.0°F | **70.0°F | 44.0°F |
| | GLYCOL COOLING | -12.2°C | 21.1°C | 6.7°C |
| LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL RANGE | | 1.5°F | 2.5°F | 2.0°F |
| LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL RANGE | _ | 0.8°C | 1.4°C | 1.1°C |
| | WATER COOLING | 40.0°F | 70.0°F | 44.0°F |
| RETURNED CHILLED LIQUID SETPOINT | WATER COOLING | 4.4°C | 21.1°C | 6.7°C |
| RETORNED CHILLED LIQUID 3ETFOINT | GLYCOL COOLING* | 10.0°F | 70.0°F | 44.0°F |
| | GLICOL COOLING | -12.2°C | 21.1°C | 6.7°C |
| RETURN CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL RANGE | _ | 4.0°F | 20.0°F | 10.0°F |
| RETORN CHILLED EIQUID CONTROL RANGE | | 2.2°C | 11.1°C | 5.6°C |
| MAX EMS-PWM REMOTE TEMPERATURE | | 2°F | 40°F | 20°F |
| RESET | _ | 1.0°C | 22.0°C | 11.0°C |

^{*} See Engineering Guide for operation below 30°F (-1.1°C). Alternate thermal expansion valves must be used below 30°F (-1.1°C).

START MON00:00AMSTOP 0 0 : 0 0 AM

The line under the 0 is the cursor. If the value is wrong, it may be changed by using the \uparrow (UP) and \downarrow (DOWN) arrow keys until correct. Pressing the ENTER/ADV key will enter the times and then move the cursor to the minute box. The operation is then repeated if necessary. This process may be followed until the hour, minutes, and meridian (AM or PM) of both the START and STOP points are set. After changing the meridian of the stop time, pressing the ENTER/ADV key will advance the schedule to the next day.



Whenever the daily schedule is changed for Monday, all the other days will change to the new Monday schedule. This means if the Monday times are not applicable for the whole week then the exceptional days would need to be reprogrammed to the desired schedule.

To page to a specific day, press the SCHEDULE/AD-VANCE DAY key until the desired day appears. The start and stop time of each day may be programmed differently using the \uparrow (UP) and \downarrow (DOWN) arrow, and ENTER/ADV keys.

After SUN (Sunday) schedule appears on the display a subsequent press of the SCHEDULE/ADVANCE DAY key will display the Holiday schedule. This is a two part display. The first reads:

START HOL00:00 AMSTOP 00:00 A M

The times may be set using the same procedure as described above for the days of the week. After changing the meridian of the stop time, pressing the ENTER/ ADV key will advance the schedule to the following display:

W HOLIDAY NOTED ΒΥ

The line below the empty space next to the S is the cursor and will move to the next empty space when the ENTER/ADV key is pressed. To set the Holiday, the cursor is moved to the space following the day of the week of the holiday and the ↑ (UP) arrow key is pressed. An * will appear in the space signifying that day as a holiday. The * can be removed by pressing the ↓ (DOWN) arrow key.

The Holiday schedule must be programmed weekly – once the Holiday schedule runs, it will revert to the normal daily schedule.

^{*}When using glycol, Leaving Chilled Liquid Setpoint should not be set below 20°F (-6.7°C).

**Do not exceed 55°F (12.8°C) setpoint before contacting the nearest Johnson Controls Office for application guidelines.

5

PROGRAM KEY

There are several operating parameters under the PRO-GRAM key that are programmable. These setpoints can be changed by pressing the PROGRAM key, and then the ENTER/ADV key to enter *Program Mode*. Continuing to press the ENTER/ADV key will display each operating parameter. While a particular parameter is being displayed, the ↑ (UP) and ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys can be used to change the value. After the value is changed, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter the data into memory. *Table 13 on page 128* shows the programmable limits and default values for each operating parameter.

Following are the displays for the programmable values in the order they appear:

DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT = 395 PSIG

DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT is the discharge pressure at which the system will shutdown as monitored by the optional discharge transducer. This is a software shutdown that acts as a backup for the mechanical high pressure switch located in the refrigerant circuit. The system can restart when the discharge pressure drops 40 PSIG (2.76 barg) below the cutout point.

If the optional discharge pressure transducer is not installed, this programmable safety would not apply. It should be noted that every system has a mechanical high pressure cutout that protects against excessive high discharge pressure regardless of whether or not the optional discharge pressure is installed.

SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT = 80.0 PSIG

The SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT protects the chiller from an evaporator freeze-up. If the suction pressure drops below the cutout point, the system will shut down. Typically, the cutout should be set to 80 PSIG (5.52 Bars) form water cooling.



There are some exceptions when the suction pressure is permitted to temporarily drop below the cutout point. Details are explained under the topic of SYSTEM SAFETIES.

LOW AMBIENT TEMP CUTOUT = 25.0°F

The LOW AMBIENT TEMP CUTOUT allows the user to select the chiller outside ambient temperature cutout point. If the ambient falls below this point, the chiller will shut down. Restart can occur when temperature rises 2 °F (1.11 °C) above the cutout setpoint.

LEAVING LIQUID TEMP CUTOUT = 36.0°F

The LEAVING LIQUID TEMP CUTOUT protects the chiller from an evaporator freeze-up. Anytime the leaving chilled liquid temperature drops to the cutout point, the chiller shuts down. Restart will be permitted when the leaving chilled liquid temperature rises 2 °F (1.11 °C) above the cutout setpoint.

When water cooling mode is programmed (OPTIONS key), the value is fixed at 36.0 °F (2.22 °C) and cannot be changed. Glycol cooling mode can be programmed to values listed in *Table 13 on page 128*.

ANTI RECYCLE TIMER = 600 SEC

The programmable anti-recycle timer assures that systems do not short cycle, and the compressor motors have sufficient time to dissipate heat after a start. This timer is programmable under the PROGRAM key between 300 and 600 seconds. Whenever possible, to reduce cycling and motor heating, the anti-recycle timer should be adjusted as high as possible. The programmable anti-recycle timer starts the timer when the first compressor in a system starts. The timer begins to count down. If all the compressors in the circuit cycle OFF, a compressor within the circuit will not be permitted to start until the anti-recycle timer has timed out. If the lead system has run for less than 5 minutes, 3 times in a row, the anti-recycle timer will be extended to 10 minutes, if currently programmed for less than 10 minutes.

FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE = XXX PSIG

The Fan Control On Pressure is the programmed pressure value that is used to stage the condenser fans on, in relation to discharge pressure. See *Standard Condenser Fan Control on page 154* in *SECTION 7 – UNIT CONTROLS* and *Table 22 on page 156* and *Table 23 on page 157*.

FAN DIFFERENTIAL OFF PRESSURE = XXX PSIG

The Fan Differential Off Pressure is the programmed differential pressure value that is used to stage the condenser fans OFF, in relation to discharge pressure. See *Standard Condenser Fan Control on page 154* in *SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION* and *Table 22 on page 156* and *Table 23 on page 157*.

TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS = 6

The TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS is the total quantity of compressors in the chiller, and determines the stages of cooling available. Note in *Table 13*, the chiller may have single or dual systems. Single system units can have 2 or 3 compressors, while dual system units may have 4 or 6 compressors.



This MUST be programmed correctly to assure proper chiller operation.



The Number of Fans Per System must be programmed as needed to match the number of fans on each system.

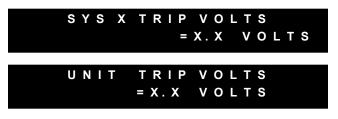


TABLE 13 - PROGRAM KEY LIMITS AND DEFAULT

| PROGRAM VALUE | MODE | LOW LIMIT | HIGH LIMIT | DEFAULT |
|--------------------------------|------------------|-----------|-------------|-----------|
| DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT | | 325 PSIG | 575 PSIG | 570 PSIG |
| DISCHARGE PRESSURE CUTOUT | 1 | 22.4 BARG | 39.6 BARG | 39.3 BARG |
| | WATER COOLING | 80.0 PSIG | 120.0 PSIG | 80.0 PSIG |
| SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT | WATER COOLING | 5.52 BARG | 8.27 BARG | 5.52 BARG |
| SUCTION PRESSURE CUTOUT | GLYCOL COOLING | 42.0 PSIG | 70.0 PSIG | 44.0 PSIG |
| | GET COL COOLING | 2.9 BARG | 4.83 BARG | 3.03 BARG |
| | STANDARD AMBIENT | 25.0 °F | 60.0 °F | 25.0 °F |
| LOW AMBIENT TEMP. CUTOUT | STANDARD AWBIENT | -3.9 °C | 15.6 °C | -3.9 °C |
| LOW AMBIENT TEMP. COTOOT | LOW AMBIENT | 0 °F | 60.0 °F | 25.0 °F |
| | LOW AWBIENT | -17.8 °C | 15.6 °C | -3.9 °C |
| | WATER COOLING | | | 36 °F |
| LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID | WATER COOLING | _ | _ | 2.2 °C |
| TEMP. CUTOUT | GLYCOL COOLING | -1.0 °F | 36.0 °F | 36.0 °F |
| | GET COL GOOLING | -18.3 °C | 2.2 °C | 2.2 °C |
| ANTI-RECYCLE TIMER | | 300 SEC. | 600 SEC. | 600 SEC. |
| FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE | | 360 PSIG | 485 PSIG | 385 PSIG |
| TAN CONTROL ON FRESCORE | _ | 24.8 BARG | 33.4 BARG | 26.5 BARG |
| FAN DIFFERENTIAL OFF PRESSURE | | 80 PSID | 160 PSID* | 125 PSID |
| TAN DILI ENLINIAL OFF FRESSORE | _ | 5.51 BARD | 11.03 BARD* | 8.62 BARD |
| TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS | SINGLE SYSTEM | 2 | 3 | 3 |
| TOTAL NUMBER OF COMPRESSORS | DUAL SYSTEM | 4 | 6 | 6 |
| NUMBER OF FANS PER SYSTEM | _ | 2 | 4 | 3 |
| UNIT/SYSTEM TRIP VOLTS | CURRENT FEEDBACK | 0.5 Volts | 4.5 Volts | 2.5 Volts |
| REMOTE UNIT ID | | 0 | 7 | 0 |

^{*} The minimum discharge pressure allowed is 235 PSIG. The Fan Differential Off Pressure High Limit will be lowered (reduced) to prevent going below 235 PSIG based on where the fan control On Pressure is programmed.

460VAC chillers: • Add the sum of all the compressors and fan RLA's

in the chiller

For total chiller high current trip programming on

- Multiply the sum by 1.25
- Divide by 225A

Unit Trip Volts

• The resulting voltage is the value that should be programmed

For example, if fan and compressor RLA's total 180A:

$$\frac{5V \times 180A}{225A} \times 1.25 = \frac{1125VA}{225A} = 5.0V$$

The programmed value will be 5.0V.

When communications is required with a BAS or OptiView Panel, individual unit IDs are necessary for communications with specific chillers on a single RS-485 line. ID 0 - 7 is selectable.

specific system or unit high current trip can be programmed. It also calibrates the current readout under the OPER DATA key. The approximate programmed value is calculated using the following formulas.

Depending on the option, the trip voltage for a

System Trip Volts

For individual system high current trip programming on chillers:

- Add the sum of the compressor and fan RLA's in the system
- Multiply the sum by 1.25
- Divide by 225A
- The resulting voltage is the value that should be programmed

For example, if fan and compressor RLA's total 100A:

$$\frac{5V \times 100A}{225A} \times 1.25 = \frac{625VA}{225A} = 2.8V$$

The programmed value will be 2.8V. A similar calculation and programming will be necessary for the other system in a 2-system chiller.

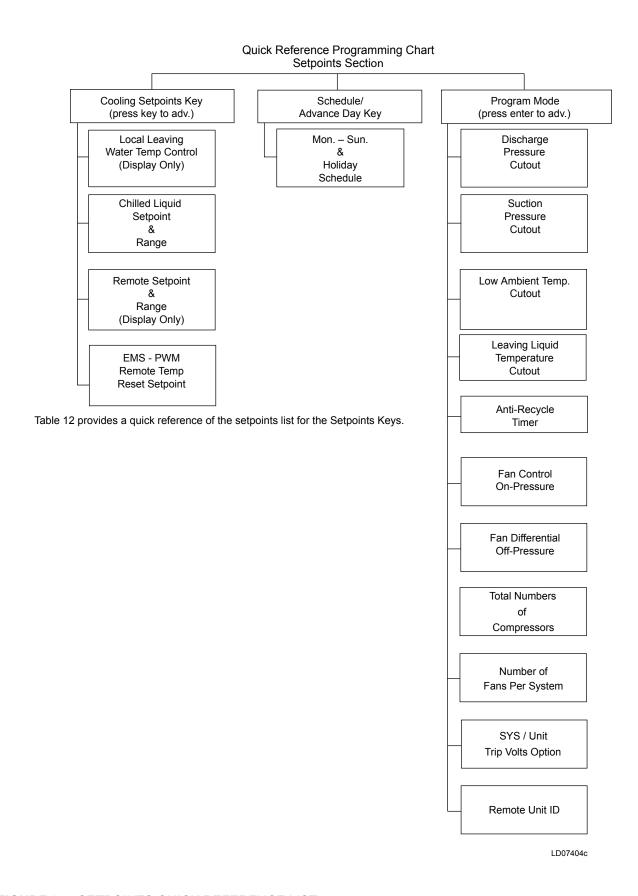
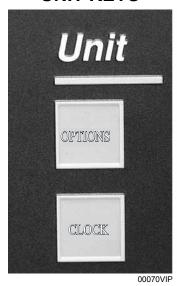


FIGURE 35 - SETPOINTS QUICK REFERENCE LIST

7

UNIT KEYS



Options Key

There are many user programmable options under the OPTIONS key. The OPTIONS key is used to scroll through the list of options by repeatedly pressing the OPTIONS key. After the selected option has been displayed, the \(^1\) (UP) and \(^1\) (DOWN) arrow keys are then used to change that particular option. After the option is changed, the ENTER/ADV key must be pressed to enter the data into memory.



Many of the OPTIONS displayed are only programmable under the SERVICE MODE and not under the OPTIONS key. Options only programmable under the SERVICE MODE are noted in the details describing the option.

Figure 36 on page 136 shows the programmable options. Following are the displays in the order they appear:

Option 1 - Language



English, Spanish, French, German, and Italian can be programmed.

Option 2 – System Switches (two system units only)

(Single System Display is similar)



This allows both systems to run.

or

SYS 1 SWITCH ON SYS 2 SWITCH OFF

This turns system 2 OFF.

SYS 1 SWITCH OFF SYS 2 SWITCH ON

This turns system 1 OFF.

or

SYS 1 SWITCH OFF SYS 2 SWITCH OFF

This turns systems 1 and 2 OFF.



Turning a system OFF with its system switch allows a pumpdown to be performed prior to shutdown.

Option 3 – Chilled Liquid Cooling Type

CHILLED LIQUID WATER

The chilled liquid is water. The Cooling Setpoint can be programmed from 40 °F to 70 °F (4.4 °C to 21.1 °C)

or

CHILLED LIQUID GLYCOL

The chilled liquid is glycol. The Cooling Setpoint can be programmed from 10 °F to 70 °F (-12.2 °C to 21.1 °C).

Option 4 – Ambient Control Type

AMBIENT CONTROL STANDARD

The low ambient cutout is adjustable from $25 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$ to $60 \,^{\circ}\text{F}$ (-3.9 $\,^{\circ}\text{C}$ to $15.6 \,^{\circ}\text{C}$).

or

AMBIENT CONTROL LOW AMBIENT

The low ambient cutout is programmable down to 0 °F (-17.8 °C). A low ambient kit MUST be installed for this option to be chosen. If the kit is NOT installed, and low ambient is selected, low pressure faults and compressor damage may occur.

Option 5 – Local/Remote Control Type

LOCAL / REMOTE MODEL LOCAL

When programmed for LOCAL, an ISN or RCC control can be used to monitor only. The micro panel will operate on locally programmed values and ignore all commands from remote devices, or through the RS-485 inputs. The chiller will communicate and send data to the remote monitoring devices.

or

LOCAL/REMOTE MODE REMOTE

This mode should be selected when an ISN or RCC control is to be used to control the chiller. This mode will allow the ISN to control the following items: Remote Start/Stop, Cooling Setpoint, Load Limit, and History Buffer Request. If the unit receives no valid ISN transmission for 5 minutes, it will revert back to the locally programmed values.

Option 6 – Unit Control Mode

CONTROL MODE

Unit control is based on return chilled liquid temp. Return Chilled Liquid Control can only be selected on units that have 4 to 6 compressors (dual system units).

or

CONTROL MODE LEAVING LIQUID

Option 7 – Display Units

DISPLAY UNITS IMPERIAL

This mode displays system operating values in Imperial units of °F or PSIG.

or

DISPLAY UNITS SI

This mode displays system operating values in Scientific International Units of °C or barg.

Option 8 – Lead/Lag Type (two system units only)

LEAD/LAG CONTROL MANUAL SYS 1 LEAD

SYS 1 selected as lead compressor. SYS 1 lead option MUST be chosen if Hot Gas Bypass is installed.

or

LEAD/LAG CONTROL MANUAL SYS 2 LEAD

SYS 2 selected as lead compressor.

or

LEAD/LAG CONTROL AUTOMATIC

Lead/lag between systems may be selected to help equalize average run hours between systems on chillers with 2 refrigerant systems. Auto lead/lag allows automatic lead/lag of the two systems based on an average run hours of the compressors in each system. A new lead/lag assignment is made whenever all compressors shut down. The microprocessor will then assign the "lead" to the system with the shortest average run time.

E

Option 9 - Condenser Fan Control Mode

FAN CONTROL DISCHARGE PRESSURE

Condenser fans are controlled by discharge pressure only. This mode must be chosen.

or

FAN CONTROL AMBIENT & DSCH PRESS

Do not select this option on R-410A chillers.

Option 10 - Manual Override Mode

MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE DISABLED

This option allows overriding of the daily schedule that is programmed. MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE – DISABLED indicates that override mode has no effect.

or

MANUAL OVERRIDE MODE ENABLED

Manual Override Mode is enabled. This is a service function and when enabled, will allow the unit to start when shut down on the daily schedule. It will automatically be disabled after 30 minutes.

Option 11 – Current Feedback Options Installed

CURRENT FEEDBACK NONE

This mode should be selected when the panel is not equipped with current sensing capability.

or

CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER UNIT

This mode should be selected when an optional 2ACE Module is installed to allow combined current monitoring of all systems by sensing current on the incoming line.

or

CURRENT FEEDBACK ONE PER SYSTEM

This mode should be selected when an optional 2ACE module is installed to allow individual current monitoring of each system. SYS 1 input is to J7 of the I/O. SYS 2 input is to J8 of the I/O.

Option 12 – Power Fail Restart

POWER FAIL RESTART AUTOMATIC

Chiller auto restarts after a power failure.

POWER FAIL RESTART MANUAL

After a power failure, the UNIT switch must be toggled before restart at the unit is allowed. NORMALLY MANUAL RESTART should NOT BE SELECTED.

Option 13 - Soft Start Enable/Disable

SOFT START DISABLED

SOFT START "DISABLED" MUST be selected on all chillers.

This message may not be viewable on non-European chillers.

Option 14 - Unit Type

U NIT TYPE LIQUID CHILLER

The UNIT TYPE message cannot be modified under the unit keys.



"Liquid CHILLER" must be displayed, or damage to compressors or other components will occur if operated in the HEAT PUMP or CONDENSING UNIT modes.

If unit type needs to be changed to make the unit a liquid chiller, remove power and then remove the jumper between J11-7 and J11-12 on the I/O Board. Reapply power to the micro panel and the microprocessor will store the change.

Option 15 - Refrigerant Type

REFRIGERANT TYPE R-410A

Refrigerant type R-410A must be selected under Service Mode. Refrigerant type is displayed under the OPTIONS key, but is only programmable in Service Mode.



Incorrect programming may cause damage to compressors.

Option 16 - Expansion Valve Type

EXPANSION VALVE TYPE THERMOSTATIC

Expansion valve type, thermostatic or electronic may be selected under Service Mode. Expansion valve type is displayed under the OPTIONS key, but is only programmable in Service Mode. YLAA chillers will typically always be equipped with thermostatic expansion valves.



Incorrect programming may cause damage to compressors.

Also see the UNIT KEYS PROGRAMMING QUICK REFERENCE LIST in *Figure 36 on page 136*.

Option 17 - Flash Card Update

F LASH CARD UPDATE DISABLED

A Flash Card is used to input the operating program into the chiller IPU. A Flash Card is used instead of an EPROM. Normally, a Flash Card update is not required and the message above will be displayed.

If the operating software is to be updated, insert the Flash Card into the Flash Card input port. Turn off the unit switch and set the FLASH CARD UPDATE TO "ENABLED" using the \uparrow and \downarrow keys.

FLASH CARD UPDATE ENABLED

Press the ENTER key and the following message will be displayed until the update has been completed. The keypad and display will not respond during the update. DO NOT reset or power down the chiller until the update is completed.

FLASH CARD UPDATING PLEASE WAIT...

After the update is completed, an automatic reboot will occur. If an error occurred, the following message will appear with the error code and no reboot will occur.

F L A S H C A R D U P D A T E E R R O R XXXXX

If the update resulted in an error, the original program will still be active. When an error occurs, assure the correct Flash Card was utilized. Incorrect chiller software will cause an error. If this is not the case, the Flash Card is most likely defective or the IPU and I/O combo board is bad.

Option 18 - Remote Temperature Reset

R E M O T E T E M P R E S E T IN P U T XXXXXXXXXXXXXX

Remote Temp Reset input selection is programmable according to the type of input utilized. The following options are available:

- DISABLED (default)
- 0.0 10.0 (DC)
- 2.0 10.0 V (DC)
- 0.0 20.0 mA
- 4.0 20.0 mA



The options display message for Remote Temp Reset Input only appears if the Temp Reset Option is enabled under Service Mode. The option must be enabled under the Service Mode for the Remote Temperature Reset to operate.

Option 19 - Pump Control

Pump Control is utilized to operate the optional onboard pump kit or to control an external pump through dry contacts 23 and 24 on Terminal Block XTBC2. To use this option, the following selection should be made in the Service Mode:



When YORK HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 1, the controls will be closed to run the pumps whenever any one of the following conditions are true:

- Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Fault
- Any compressor is running
- Daily Schedule is ON and Remote Stop is closed.



Even if one of the above conditions are true, the pump will not run if the chiller has been powered up for less than 30 seconds; or if the pump has run in the last 30 seconds to prevent pump overheating.

EXTERNAL EVAP PUMP

EXTERNAL EVAP PUMP should be selected if an external pump is being controlled with the chiller pump contacts. The operation will be the same as YORK HDRO KIT PUMPS = 1

The following option should not be selected.



Option 20 - Pump Selection

The displays for this PUMP SELECTION option should only appear if "YORK HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 2" are selected under Option 19. Presently, this option should not be used.

Clock

The CLOCK display shows the current day, time, and date. Pressing the CLOCK key will show the current day, time, and date.

It is important that the date and time be correct, otherwise the daily schedule will not function as desired if programmed. In addition, for ease of troubleshooting via the History printouts, the day, time, and date should be correct.

To change the day, time, and date press the CLOCK key. The display will show something similar to the following:

TODAY IS <u>F</u>RI 08:51AM 25 JAN 02

The line under the F is the cursor. If the day is correct, press the ENTER/ADV key. The cursor will move under the 0 in 08 hours. If the day is incorrect, press the ↑ (UP) or ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys until the desired day is displayed and then press the ENTER/ADV key at which time the day will be accepted and the cursor will move under the first digit of the "2 digit hour". In a similar manner, the hour, minute, meridian, month, day, and year may be programmed, whenever the cursor is under the first letter/numeral of the item. Press the ↑ (UP) or ↓ (DOWN) arrow keys until the desired hour, minute, meridian; day, month, and year are displayed. Pressing the ENTER/ADV key will save the valve and move the cursor on to the next programmable variable.

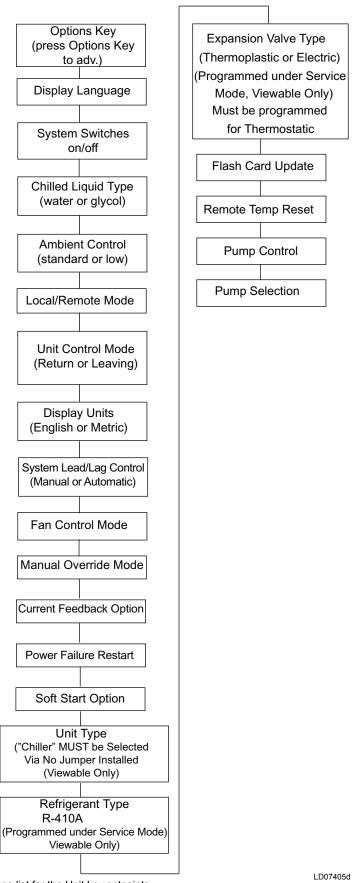


Figure 36 provides a quick reference list for the Unit key setpoints.

FIGURE 36 - UNIT KEYS OPTIONS PROGRAMMING QUICK REFERENCE LIST

BACNET, MODBUS, N2 AND YORKTALK 2 COMMUNICATIONS

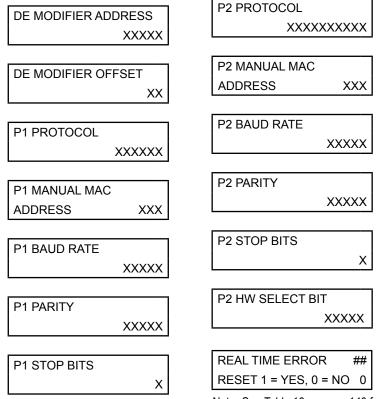
Data can be read and in some cases modified using a serial communication BACnet, Modbus or YorkTalk 2 network connection. This information allows communications of chiller operating parameters and external control changes to setpoint, load limiting, and start/stop commands.

BACnet and YorkTalk 2 RS485 networks are wired to the + and - terminals of TB1 for port 1 communications. Modbus network connection has the option of RS232 or RS485 connection for port 2 communications. Modbus network is wired to either TB2 or TB3 as follows:

- RS-485: connect to TB2 Network (-1) to TB2 (-1); Network (+1) to TB2 (+1)
- RS-232: connect to TB3 Network (RX) to TB3 (TXD); Network (TX) to TB3 (RXD); Network (GND) to TB3 (GND)

See Figure 37 on page 138 for TB1, TB2 and TB3 locations.

In most cases, communication parameters will need to be modified. Table 30 on page 139 lists setup parameters for the available protocols. Modification is accomplished by pressing the PROGRAM, DOWN ARROW, DOWN ARROW, DOWN ARROW, and ENTER keys in sequence. The list below shows the displays for the values that may be modified:



Note: See Table 16 on page 140 for error descriptions

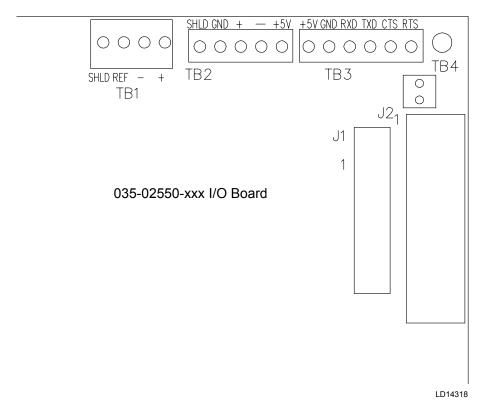


FIGURE 37 - MICRO PANEL CONNECTIONS

The table below shows the minimum, maximum, and default values.

TABLE 14 - MINIMUM, MAXIMUM AND DEFAULT VALUES

| DESCRIPTION | MINIMUM | MAXIMUM | DEFAULT |
|--------------------------------|-------------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------|
| DE MODIFIER ADDRESS | -1 | 41943 | -1 |
| DE MODIFIER OFFSET | -1 | 99 | -1 |
| P1 BAUD RATE | 1200 | 76800 | 4800 |
| | 1200, 4800, 9600, 19200, 3840 | 00, 76800, AUTO SELECTABLE | |
| P2 BAUD RATE | 1200 | 57600 | 1200 |
| | 1200, 4800, 9600, 19200, 3840 | 00, 57600 SELECTABLE | |
| P1, P2 MANUAL Mac AD- DRESS | -1 | 127 | -1 |
| P1, P2 PARITY | NONE | IGNORE | NONE |
| | NONE, EVEN, ODD, IGNORE | SELECTABLE | |
| P1 PROTOCOL | BACNET | API | BACNET |
| | BACNET, API SELECTABLE | | |
| P2 PROTOCOL | TERMINAL | MODBUS CLIENT | API |
| | TERMINAL, MODBUS IO, MO | DBUS SERVER, API, MODBUS | CLIENT SELECTABLE |
| P1, P2 STOP BITS | 1 | 2 | 1 |
| RESET REAL TIME ERROR | NO | YES | NO |

The table below shows set-up requirements for each communication protocol.

TABLE 15 - VALUES REQUIRED FOR BAS COMMUNICATION

| OFTINO DECODIDION | | PROTOCOL | | |
|-----------------------|--|----------------------------------|------------|-------------------------|
| SETTING DESCRIPTION | BACNET MS/TP | MODBUS RTU⁵ | YORKTALK 2 | N2 ⁶ |
| DE MODIFIER ADDRESS | 0 to 41943 ³ | 1 | -1 | 0 to 41943 ³ |
| DE MODIFIER OFFSET | 0 to 99⁴ | 0 | N/A | 0 to 99⁴ |
| P1 PROTOCOL | BACNET | N/A | N/A | 9n2 |
| P1 MANUAL MAC ADDRESS | 0-127 ¹ | N/A | N/A | 0-127¹ |
| P1 BAUD RATE | 9600 To 76800 or Auto Selectable ¹ | N/A | N/A | 9600 |
| P1 PARITY | NONE | N/A | N/A | NONE |
| P1 STOP BITS | 1 | N/A | N/A | 1 |
| P2 PROTOCOL | N/A | MODBUS SVR | N/A | N/A |
| P2 MANUAL MAC ADDRESS | N/A | 0-127¹ | N/A | N/A |
| P2 BAUD RATE | N/A | 19,200² | N/A | N/A |
| P2 PARITY | N/A | NONE ² | N/A | N/A |
| P2 STOP BITS | N/A | 1 | N/A | N/A |
| P2 HW SELECT BIT | N/A | RS-485 or RS-232 ¹ | N/A | N/A |
| RESET REAL TIME ERROR | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| P1 HW SELECT BIT | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| CHILLER ID | N/A | N/A | 0 | N/A |

- 1. As required by network. 2. Or other as required by network. 3. Number is multiplied by 100, set as required by network.
- 4. Number is added to de modifier address, set as required by network.
- 5. Unit operating software version C.Mmc.13.03 or later required for Modbus Protocol.
- 6. Unit operating software version 04 (C.MMC.13.04, C.MMC.14.04, or C.MMC.16.04) or higher required for N2 protocol functionality.

BACnet and Modbus Communications

Chiller data that can be read and modified using specific BACnet or Modbus Register Addresses; and the data associated with the addresses, is outlined in the following description:

Analog Write Points

This data can be read and modified using a BACnet or Modbus network connection. The Modbus Register Address for these points is 1025 + AV #.

Binary Write Points

This data can be read and modified using a BACnet or Modbus network connection. The Modbus Register Address for these points is 1537 + BV #.

Analog Read Only Points

This data can be read using a BACnet or Modbus network connection and can NOT be modified using this connection. The Modbus Register Address for these points is 513 + AI #.

Binary Monitor Only Points

This data can be read using a BACnet or Modbus network connection and can NOT be modified using this connection. The Modbus Register Address for these points is 1281 + BI #.

See Table 17 on page 141 for complete list of BACnet and Modbus registers.



The latest data map information is listed on the Johnson Controls Equipment Integration website.

Communications Data Map Notes

(See Table 17)

 IPU II based units are configured for Native BACnet MS/TP and Modbus RTU communications. E-Link Gateway not required for these two communication protocols.

2. BACnet Object Types:

0 =Analog In 5 =Binary Value

1 = Analog Out 8 = Device

2 = Analog Value 3 = Binary In 15 = Alarm Notification (0 through 127 are reserved ASHRAE

4 = Binary Output Objects).

3.

WC= Inches of water Pa = Pascals

column

kPa = Kilopascals

CFM = Cubic Feet per

Minute

PPM = Part per Mil-

lion

FPM = Feet per Minute

kJ/kg = Kilojoules per

PSI = Lbs per square

Kilogram.

inch

4. Water Cooled Scroll units use the same firmware as Air Cooled Scroll units, ignoring Fan Control.

The table below shows the real time error numbers that may be encountered during communication setup and a description of each.

TABLE 16 - REAL TIME ERROR NUMBERS

| ERROR NUMBER (##) | DESCRIPTION |
|-------------------------|----------------------------|
| 0 | ALL OK |
| 1 | DATUM TYPE OK TEST FAILED |
| 2 | ENGLISH TEXT TOO LONG |
| 3 | FLOATING POINT EXCEPTION |
| 4 | GET PACKET FAILED |
| 5 | GET TYPE FAILED |
| 6 | INVALID UNIT CONVERSION |
| 7 | INVALID HARDWARE SELECTION |
| 8 | REAL TIME FAULT |
| 9 | SPANISH TEXT TOO LONG |
| 10 | THREAD EXITED |
| 11 | THREAD FAILED |
| 12 | THREAD STALLED |
| 13 | IO BOARD RESET |
| 14 | BRAM INVALID |
| 15 | BACNET SETUP FAILED |



Reboot required (cycle power) after settings are changed.

1 of 4

TABLE 17 - NATIVE BACNET, MODBUS AND N2 COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP

| Page | | | SCHOLE CHIEFENTIERIT OMIT/CONDENSING ONLI | | | | Mounda ivi | , DACHEL III | | Dog: 001 05000 |
|--|------------------------|----------------|---|------------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|--------------------|--|----------------|
| MMC 14.11 C. AMC, 18.13 Morbus Mo | | > | ersion | | | | | | Comments | |
| PACTOR Modulus Modul | 1 C.MMC.13.11, C.N | AMC.14.11, C.N | AMC.16.12 | | 031-02755-00 | 1, -003, -004 | New | | | |
| PACTOR Mordous Data Type Mordous Data Type Data Type Mordous Data Type Mordo | | 1MC.14.11, C.N | AMC.16.13 | | 031-02755-00 | 1, -003, -004 | Update Unit C | ontrol Mode | | |
| BACTON Mordbus Mordb | 4 3 | | | | | | | | | |
| Colored Modebus Modebus Supported Modebus Supported Modebus Supported Modebus Supported Modebus Supported Suching Size Suching Size Supported Suching Size Suchin | 6 5 | | | | | | | | | |
| Parameter Nordbus No | 7 8 8 9 10 | | | | | | | | | |
| AV7 1026 00.06.16 DN 10 ADF 2 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DS 0.06.16 DN 10 ADF 2 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DS 0.06.16 DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DS 0.06.16 DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DS 0.06.16 DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DS 0.06.16 DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DS 0.06.16 DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DS 0.06.16 DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Ramche Salpoint (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Tample (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Tample (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Tample (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Tample (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Tample (Se-Unit) DN 10 ADF 3 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Tample (Se-Unit) PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Tample (Se | | BACnet | Modbus | Modbus Data Type | Modbus | N2 Metasys | Engineerii | ng Units | Point List Code: S = Standard O = Optional N = Not Av. | ailable |
| AV2 1026 03.06,16 DW 10 ADF 1 FF FC Remote Setpont (Behavito) | | Instance | Address | Supported | Note 5) | | Imperial | S | 1 | 2 3 4 5 6 7 8 |
| AV7 1026 630.06 16 DN 10 ADF 1 FS BAR Sys 1 Remote Setpoint (SP Unit) | ALOG WRITE POINTS | | | | | | | | | |
| AV2 1027 0.3.06-16 DN-10 ADF 2 PSI BAR Sys Ferrore Seption (18P Unit) | 1 REM SETP | L | 1026 | 03,06,16 | Div 10 | ADF 1 | ₽. | ွ | | |
| AVA 1028 0.3.06.16 DN 10 ADF 3 FS Remote Cooling Range (DAT Unit) | SP_REM_SP_ | AV2 | 1027 | 03,06,16 | Div 10 | ADF 2 | PSI | BAR | Unit) | |
| AVF 1039 03.06.16 DN 10 ADF 6 PS 1 SP 2 Remote Selection (SP Unit) | | AV3 | 1028 | 03,06,16 | Div 10 | ADF 3 | None | None | | |
| AV6 1031 03.06.16 DN 10 ADF 6 °F °C Remote Heating Selpoint (HP or VCWL HP) AV7 1032 03.06.16 DN 10 ADF 7 None None< | | AV4 | 1030 | 03.06.16 | Div 10 | ADF 5 | L SA | BAR | (1) | |
| BV1 1632 03.06.16 Div 10 ADF 7 None None Remote Healtyump Mode (0=Pni, 1=Cool, 2=Heat) (HP | | AV6 | 1031 | 03,06,16 | Div 10 | ADF 6 | į į. | ွိ | | |
| BV1 1538 01.03.06.06.15 NIA BD 1 0/1 0/1 Sys 1 Remote Start/Stop Command (D=Stop, 1=Runj) | | AV7 | 1032 | 03,06,16 | Div 10 | ADF 7 | None | None | Heat] (HP | |
| BV1 1538 0103.05.06.15 N/A BD 1 0/1 Remote Start/Stop Command [0=Stop, 1=Run] BV2 1559 01.03.05.06.15 N/A BD 2 0/1 0/1 Sys 1 Remote Start/Stop (SP Unit) BV3 1540 01.03.05.06.15 N/A BD 3 0/1 Sys 1 Remote Start/Stop (SP Unit) AVI 515 03.04 x10 ADF 8 "F "C Entering Chilled Liquid Temp AVI 516 03.04 x10 ADF 10 "F "C Entering Chilled Liquid Temp AVI 516 03.04 x10 ADF 11 "F "C Discharge Air Temp (DAT Unit) AVI 516 03.04 x10 ADF 11 "F "C Discharge Pressure AVI 517 03.04 x10 ADF 13 "F "C Discharge Pressure AVI 520 03.04 x10 ADF 14 None None None None No.1 Sys 1 ElseV Output % AVI 520 03.04 | NARY WRITE POINTS | | | | | | | | | |
| BV2 1539 01.03.05.06.15 NA | | BV1 | 1538 | 01,03,05,06,15 | N/A | BD 1 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | |
| Sign | | BV2 | 1539 | 01,03,05,06,15 | N/A | BD 2 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | |
| AIT 514 03,04 x10 ADF 9 °F °C Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp AI3 515 03,04 x10 ADF 9 °F °C Entering Chilled Liquid Temp AI4 517 03,04 x10 ADF 10 °F °C Entering Chilled Liquid Temp AI6 518 03,04 x10 ADF 12 °F °C Entering Chilled Liquid Temp AI6 519 03,04 x10 ADF 12 °F °C Discharge Air Temp (DAT Unit) AI7 520 03,04 x10 ADF 12 °F °C Spr 1 Suction Temp (EEV) AI7 521 03,04 x10 ADF 14 None Sys 1 Suction Superheat (EEV) AI10 522 03,04 x10 ADF 16 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Pressure AI10 523 03,04 x10 ADF 16 PSI °C Sys 1 Discharge Pressure AI11 524 03,04 x10 ADF 20 None< | 10 SS_SYS2 | | 1540 | 01,03,05,06,15 | N/A | BD 3 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | |
| Continue | VALOG READ ONLY PO | | 7.7.7 | 70.00 | | C L C | L | S | | |
| Name | | AII | 514 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 8 | <u> </u> | ې د | | |
| \$1_SUCT_TEMP A44 517 03,04 x10 ADF 12 ° ° Sys 1 Suction Temp (EEV, Cord Units, R-410a) OAT AB 518 03,04 x10 ADF 12 ° C Ambient Air Temp S1_SUCT_SH A16 519 03,04 x10 ADF 14 None Sys 1 Suction Superheat (EEV) \$1_SUCT_RR A18 521 03,04 x10 ADF 14 None Sys 1 Suction Pressure \$1_SUCT_RR A18 522 03,04 x10 ADF 16 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Pressure \$1_SUCT_RR A19 522 03,04 x10 ADF 16 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Pressure \$1_SUCT_RR A19 522 03,04 x10 ADF 16 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Pressure \$1_SUCT_RR A10 523 03,04 x10 ADF 17 P C Sys 1 Detrost Imperature (HP) \$1_SUCT_RR A11 524 03,04 x10 ADF 21 P | | Al3 | 516 | 03.04 | x x 10 | ADF 10 | L L | ာ ပ <mark>ွ</mark> | | |
| OAT AIS 518 03.04 x10 ADF 12 °F °C Ambient Air Temp S1 SUCT_RH AIS 559 03.04 x10 ADF 14 None | | Al4 | 517 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 11 | . Ļ | ာ့ | | |
| S1 SUCT SH AI6 519 03.04 x10 ADF 13 °F (diff) °C (diff) Sys 1 Suction Superheat (EEV) S1 SUCT SH AI7 520 03.04 x10 ADF 14 None Sys 1 Suction Pressure S1 SUCT PR AI8 522 03.04 x10 ADF 16 PSI BAR Sys 1 Suction Pressure S1 DSCH PR A19 522 03.04 x10 ADF 16 PSI BAR Sys 1 Defrost Temper An Time in seconds S1 DSCH PR A10 523 03.04 x10 ADF 18 °F °C Sys 1 Defrost Temper An Time in seconds S1 DEV TEMP A11 524 03.04 x10 ADF 20 None None Sys 1 Anti-Recycle Time (HP) S1 AR, TIMER A113 526 03.04 x10 ADF 20 None None Sys 1 Anti-Recycle Time in seconds S2 SUCT PR A11 527 03.04 x10 ADF 22 °F °C Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT PR A11 <t< td=""><td></td><td>AIS</td><td>518</td><td>03,04</td><td>x10</td><td>ADF 12</td><td>Ⅎ。</td><td>၁့</td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | AIS | 518 | 03,04 | x10 | ADF 12 | Ⅎ。 | ၁့ | | |
| STEADE TIME AIF S20 03,04 X10 ADF 14 None None Sys Tsuction Pressure S1 SUCH RAM S22 03,04 X10 ADF 15 PSI BAR Sys Loclorer Inter Refrigerant Temp (R-407c) S1 SUCH RAM S22 S23 | | Al6 | 519 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 13 | °F (diff) | °C (diff) | | |
| ST DECH PR A19 522 03,04 x10 ADF 16 PSI BAR Sys 1 Discharge Pressure | | AI/ | 520 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 14 | None | None | | |
| S1_CIR_TEMP A10 523 03,04 x10 ADF 17 °F °C Sys 1 Cooler Inlet Refrigerant Temp (R-407c) S1_DEF_TEMP A11 524 03,04 x10 ADF 18 °F °C Sys 1 Cooler Inlet Refrigerant Temp (R-407c) S1_EEV_OUT A112 525 03,04 x10 ADF 20 % % Sys 1 EeV Output (R-EV) S1_AR_TIMER A113 526 03,04 x10 ADF 21 None None Anti-Coincident Timer in seconds S2_SUCT_TEMP A116 529 03,04 x10 ADF 22 °C Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2_SUCT_REMP A116 529 03,04 x10 ADF 24 PS Suction Temserature (EEV) S2_SUCT_REMP A117 530 03,04 x10 ADF 24 PS Suction Temserature (EEV) S2_SUCT_REMP A118 531 03,04 x10 ADF 24 PS Suction Temserature (EEV) S2_SUCT_REMP A118 532 03,04 x10 <t< td=""><td></td><td>Al9</td><td>522</td><td>03,04</td><td>x10</td><td>ADF 16</td><td>PSI</td><td>BAR</td><td></td><td></td></t<> | | Al9 | 522 | 03,04 | x10 | ADF 16 | PSI | BAR | | |
| S1 DEF TEMP A11 524 03.04 x10 ADF 18 °F °C Sys 1 Defrost Temperature (HP) S1 AR TIMER A112 525 03.04 x10 ADF 19 % % % 5ys 16 Count AC TIMER A113 526 03.04 x10 ADF 21 None None Anti-Coincident Timer in seconds AC TIMER A114 527 03.04 x10 ADF 22 °F °C Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT TEMP A116 528 03.04 x10 ADF 22 °F °C Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT TEMP A116 539 03.04 x10 ADF 24 PSI BAR Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT TEMP A118 531 03.04 x10 ADF 24 PSI BAR Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT TEMP A118 531 03.04 x10 ADF 26 PSI BAR Sys 2 Cooler Inlet Refrigerant Temp (R-407c) S2 SUCT TEMP | | AI10 | 523 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 17 | Ⅎ。 | ၁့ | | |
| S1 EEV OUT A12 525 03.04 x10 ADF 19 % % Sys 1 EEV Output % (EEV) S1 AR TIMER A113 526 03.04 x10 ADF 20 None None Sys 1 Anti-Recycle Timer in seconds AC TIMER A114 527 03.04 x10 ADF 21 None None Anti-Coincident Timer in seconds S2 SUCT TEMP A115 528 03.04 x10 ADF 22 Y2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT TEMP A116 539 03.04 x10 ADF 24 PSI BAR Sys 2 Suction Pressure S2 SUCT PR A117 530 03.04 x10 ADF 25 PSI BAR Sys 2 Suction Pressure S2 SUCT RMP A118 531 03.04 x10 ADF 25 PSI BAR Sys 2 Defrost Temperature (HP) S2 DEF TEMP A120 533 03.04 x10 ADF 26 Y2 C Sys 2 Cooler Inter Refrigerant Temp (R-407c) Y3 C Sys 2 Defrost Temperature (HP) S2 SUCT SH A121 534 03.04 x10 ADF 28 Y2 C (diff) Sys 2 Suction Superheat S2 SUCT SH A121 S34 03.04 x10 ADF 28 Y2 C Sys 2 Suction Superheat S2 SUCT SH A121 S34 03.04 x10 ADF 28 None Sys 2 Anti-Recycle Timer S2 SUCT SH A121 S35 03.04 x10 ADF 28 None Sys 2 Anti-Recycle Timer S2 SUCT SH A121 S35 S35 | | Al11 | 524 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 18 | Ļ | ပ္ | | |
| ACTIME A11 527 0.3,04 x10 ADF 21 None Anno Anticoncident Timer in Seconds S2 SUCT TEMP A114 528 03,04 x10 ADF 22 °C Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT TEMP A116 529 03,04 x10 ADF 23 None None Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT TEMP A116 529 03,04 x10 ADF 24 PSI BAR Sys 2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2 SUCT TEMP A117 530 03,04 x10 ADF 24 PSI BAR Sys 2 Suction Pressure S2 SUCT TEMP A118 531 03,04 x10 ADF 26 °F °C Sys 2 Suction Pressure S2 DEF TEMP A120 532 03,04 x10 ADF 26 °F °C Sys 2 Defrost Temperature (HP) S2 SUCT SH A121 534 03,04 x10 ADF 27 °F (diff) °C (diff) Sys 2 Suction Superheat S2 SUCT SH A122 535 03,04 <td></td> <td>A112</td> <td>525</td> <td>03,04</td> <td>x10 x10</td> <td>ADF 19</td> <td>%NON</td> <td>%N</td> <td></td> <td></td> | | A112 | 525 | 03,04 | x10 x10 | ADF 19 | %NON | %N | | |
| S2_SUCT_TEMP A115 528 03,04 x10 ADF 22 °C Sys_2 Suction Temperature (EEV) S2_RUN_TIME A116 529 03,04 x10 ADF 23 None None Sys_2 Run Time in seconds S2_SUCT_PR A17 530 03,04 x10 ADF 24 PSI BAR Sys_2 Suction Pressure S2_DSCH_PR A17 531 03,04 x10 ADF 25 PSI BAR Sys_2 Suction Pressure S2_DSCH_PR A119 532 03,04 x10 ADF 26 °F °C Sys_2 Cooler Intel Refrigerant Temp (R-407c) Intelligerant Temp (R-407c) S2_DEF_TEMP A120 533 03,04 x10 ADF 27 °F °C Sys_2 Defrost Temperature (HP) S2_SUCT_SH A121 534 03,04 x10 ADF 28 °F (diff) °C (diff) Sys_2 Suction Superheat S2_AR_TIMER A122 535 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None None Sys_2 EEV Output % (EEV) S2_EEV_OUT | T | A114 | 527 | 03.04 | ×10 | ADF 21 | None | None | | |
| S2_RUN_TIME A16 529 03,04 x10 ADF 23 None None Sys_2 Run Time in seconds S2_SUCT_RR A17 530 03,04 x10 ADF 24 PSI BAR Sys_2 Suction Pressure S2_DISCH_RR A118 531 03,04 x10 ADF 26 PSI BAR Sys_2 Suction Pressure S2_DIS_TEMP A119 532 03,04 x10 ADF 26 PSI Sys_2 Cooler Intel Refrigerant Temp (R-407c) Intelligerant Temp (R-407c) S2_DET_TEMP A120 533 03,04 x10 ADF 27 PC Sys_2 Defrost Temperature (HP) S2_SUCT_SH A121 534 03,04 x10 ADF 28 PC (diff) CC (diff) Sys_2 Defrost Temperature (HP) S2_AR_TIMER A122 535 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None Sys_2 EFV Output % (EEV) S2_EEV_OUT A123 536 03,04 x10 ADF 30 % Sys_2 EFV Output % (EEV) | | AI15 | 528 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 22 | 보. | ၁့ | (EEV) | |
| SZ SUCT PR A17 530 03,04 x10 ADF 24 PSI BAR Sys 2 Suction Pressure SZ DSCH PR A18 531 03,04 x10 ADF 25 PSI BAR Sys 2 Discharge Pressure SZ DET TEMP A19 532 03,04 x10 ADF 26 ° ° Sys 2 Defored Intel Refrigerant Temp (R-407c) 1 SZ DET TEMP A120 533 03,04 x10 ADF 27 ° Sys 2 Defrost Temperature (HP) 1 SZ SUCT SH A121 534 03,04 x10 ADF 29 ° Sys 2 Suction Superheat 1 SZ AR_TIMER A122 535 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None Sys 2 EEV Output % (EEV) 1 SZ EEV OUT A122 A123 536 03,04 x10 ADF 30 % Sys 2 EEV Output % (EEV) 1 | | AI16 | 529 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 23 | None | None | | |
| SZ CIR_TRMP A118 531 03,04 x10 ADF 25 PSI BAR Sys 2 Discharge Fressure SZ CIR_TEMP A10 532 03,04 x10 ADF 26 °F °C Sys 2 Defrost Temperature (HP) SZ SUCT SH A121 534 03,04 x10 ADF 28 °F (diff) °C (diff) Sys 2 Suction Superheat SZ AR_TIMER A122 535 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None Sys 2 Suction Superheat SZ_EEV_OUT A123 536 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None Sys 2 Er Vouput % (EEV) | | A117 | 530 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 24 | PSI | BAR | | |
| S2_DEF_TEMP AI20 533 03,04 x10 ADF 27 °F °C Sys_2 Defrost Temperature (HP) S2_SUCT_SH AI21 534 03,04 x10 ADF 28 °F (diff) °C (diff) Sys_2 Suction Superheat S2_AR_TIMER AI22 535 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None Sys_2 Sution Superheat S2_EEV_OUT AI23 536 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None Sys_2 EEV Output % (EEV) | T | AI18 | 531 | 03,04 | x10 | ADF 25 | Σ'n | BAK S | | |
| S2_SUCT_SH Al21 534 03,04 x10 ADF 28 °F (diff) °C (diff) Sys 2 Suction Superheat S2_AR_TIMER Al22 535 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None Sys 2 Anti-Recycle Timer S2_EEV_OUT Al23 536 03,04 x10 ADF 30 % Sys 2 EEV Output % (EEV) | | AIZO | 533 | 03,04 | x10 | ADF 27 | . L | ာ့ပ | | |
| S2_AR_TIMER AI22 535 03,04 x10 ADF 29 None None Sys_2 Anti-Recycle Timer S2_EEV_OUT AI23 536 03,04 x10 ADF 30 % Sys_2 EEV Output % (EEV) | | AI21 | 534 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 28 | %F (diff) | °C (diff) | | |
| S2 EEV OUT | | AI22 | 535 | 03,04 | x10 | ADF 29 | None | None | | |
| | | AI23 | 536 | 03,04 | ×10 | ADF 30 | % | % | EV) | |

Property of Johnson Controls, Inc. Subject to change without notice.

SCROLL Native Comms 16 AUG 2017

2 of 4

TABLE 17 - NATIVE BACNET, MODBUS AND N2 COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP (CONT'D)

| Moc | Modbus | | Modbus Data Type | | Modbus Scaling (See | N2 Metasvs | Engineer | Engineering Units | Point List Code: S = Standard O = Optional N = Not Available | Available | |
|--|--------------------------------|-----------|------------------|--------------|------------------------|------------|------------|-----------------------|--|-------------|----------|
| Instance Address Supported | Address Supported | Supported | | Note 5) | 3 | | Imperial | S | Point List Description | 1 2 3 4 5 6 | 7 8 9 10 |
| AI25 538 | 538 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | | ADF 32 | None | None | Sys 1 Operational Code | S | |
| FLT_CODE AI26 539 03,04 | 539 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | | ADF 33 | None | None | | S | |
| A127 540 03,04 | 540 03,04 | 03,04 | | , × | \vdash | ADF 34 | None | None | Code | (0) | |
| Al29 542 03,04 | 542 03.04 | 03,04 | | × × | + | ADF 35 | None | None | Sys z Fault Code | 0 2 | |
| | 543 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | | ADF 37 | None | None | an Stage | S | |
| Al31 544 03,04 | 544 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | | ADF 38 | None | None | T | Z | |
| Al32 545 03,04 | Al32 545 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | T | ADF 39 | None | None | Sys z Condenser Fan Stage | n | |
| AODE AI33 546 03,04 | Al33 546 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | | ADF 40 | None | None | | S | |
| 547 03,04 | 547 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | | ADF 41 | None | None | | S | |
| Al35 548 03,04 | 548 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | 0 0 | ADF 42 | ı. | ပ္စ | out | S | |
| 046 | 549 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | | ADF 43 | <u>.</u> 2 | ۽ د | Low Ambient Temperature Cutout | 0 0 | |
| Al38 551 03.04 | 551 03.04 | 03,04 | | × | Ţ | ADF 44 | PS IS | BAR | |) w | |
| Al39 552 03,04 | 552 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | l | ADF 46 | PSI | BAR | | | |
| Al40 553 03,04 | 553 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | | ADF 47 | ٦. | ၁့ | | S | |
| Al41 554 03,04 | 554 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | | ADF 48 | PSI | BAR | Setpoint (SP Unit) | 0 | |
| Al42 555 03,04 | 555 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | | ADF 49 | ¥. | ၁့ | | S | |
| 556 03,04 | 556 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | 1 | ADF 50 | PSI | BAR | | 0 | |
| Al4 557 03,04 | 557 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | T | ADF 51 | PSI | BAR | nt (SP Unit) | 0 0 | |
| 228 | 558 03,04 | 03,04 | | x 10 | T | ADF 52 | - IOO | ے م | Heating Setpoint (HP) | | |
| Al40 339 03,04 Al47 560 03.04 | 560 03.04 | 03,04 | | × 10 × 10 | | ADF 53 | ַה ה | S S | | | |
| Al48 561 03,04 | 561 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | l | ADF 55 | Ļ | ပ္စ | mperature (EEV) | | |
| Al49 562 03,04 | 562 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | Ī | ADF 56 | °F (diff) | °C (diff) | | 0 | |
| 1P A150 563 03,04 | 563 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | | ADF 57 | Ļ | ၁ | :V) | 0 | |
| S2 DSCH SH A151 564 03,04 x10 | 564 03,04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | \dagger | ADF 58 | °F (diff) | ر (diff) در (diff) | Sys 2 Discharge Superheat (EEV) | 0 0 | 1 |
| A152 566 A153 566 | 566 03.04 | 03,04 | | ×10 | | ADF 60 | - ₩ | ၁ င့ | | | |
| P Al54 567 03,04 | 567 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | 0 | ADF 61 | . . | ာ့ | | S | |
| AI55 568 03,04 | 568 03,04 | 03,04 | | ^ | ×10 | ADF 62 | PSI | BAR | Remote Setpoint 1 (SP Unit) | 0 | |
| 2 Al56 569 03,04 | 569 03,04 | 03,04 | | Î | x10 | ADF 63 | PSI | BAR | | 0 | |
| AI57 570 | AI57 570 03,04 | 03,04 | | × | 0 | ADF 64 | ¥. | ပ္ | Remote Heating Setpoint (HP) | 0 | |
| Y POINTS | | - | - | ľ | | | | | | | - |
| BIT 1282 01,02,03 BI2 1283 01,02,03 | 1282 01,02,03 1283 01.02.03 | 01,02,03 | | | A N | BD5 | 0/1 | 0/1 | Sys 1 Alarm [U=No Alarm, 1=Alarm] Sys 2 Alarm [0=No Alarm, 1=Alarm] | n 00 | |
| BI3 1284 01,02,03 | 1284 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | _ | N/A | BD6 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | S | |
| Bl4 1285 01,02,03 | 1285 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | Z | N/A | BD7 | 0/1 | 0/1 | Evaporator Pump | S | |
| 1286 01,02,03 | 1286 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | d/N | _ | BD8 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | S | |
| BI6 1287 01,02,03 | 1287 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | Ν | | BD9 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | S | |
| BI7 1288 01,02,03 | 1288 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | N/A | | BD10 | 0/1 | 0/1 | Sys 1 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve | S | |
| SV BI8 1289 01,02,03 | 1289 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | N/A | | BD11 | 0/1 | 0/1 | HP) | 0 | |
| S1_HGBV BI9 1290 01,02,03 NIA | 1290 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | N/A | | BD12 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | 0 | |
| S1_BHS BI10 1291 01,02,03 N/A | 1291 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | Ž | _ | BD13 | 0/1 | 0/1 | Bivalent Heat Source (YLAE HP) Trav Heater (YLPA) | 0 | |
| BI11 1292 01,02,03 | 1292 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | _ | N/A | BD14 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | S | |
| UN BI12 1293 01,02,03 | 1293 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | | N/A | BD15 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | S | |
| BI13 1294 | 1294 | | 01,02,03 | | N/A | BD16 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | S | |
| V BI14 1295 01,02,03 | 1295 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | | ¥. | BD17 | 0/1 | 0/1 | | 0 (| |
| LEAD_SYS B115 1296 01,02,03 | 1296 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | \downarrow | N/A | BD18 | 0/1 | 0/1 | /s 1, 1=Sys 2] | S | - |
| BI16 1297 | 1297 01,02,03 | 01,02,03 | | Ž | A | BD19 | 0/1 | 0/1 | Sys 1 Comp 3 Run | S | |

Property of Johnson Controls, Inc. Subject to change without notice.

SCROLL Native Comms 16 AUG 2017

TABLE 17 - NATIVE BACNET, MODBUS AND N2 COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP (CONT'D)

| Num S2 C3 RUN 85 CH LUC TYPE 86 AMB MODE 87 CNTL MODE 88 DATA UNIT 89 AUTO LL 90 S2 HGBV NOTE 80 AUTO READE 80 AUTO READ | anne Onject | Address | Concorded | ocalling (See | NE METASYS | | | | | 4 |
|--|---------------------------------|-------------------|---|---------------------|-------------------------------|---|---------------|--|---------------------------|--------|
| S2 C3 RUN CH_LIQ_TYF AMB_MODE CNTL_MODE DATA_UNIT AUTO_LL S2_HGBV | HISTORICA | | parroddno | Note 5) | | mperial | <u>.</u> | Point List Description | 1 2 3 4 5 6 7 | 30.0 |
| CH LIQ TYP AMB MODE CNTL MODE DATA UNIT AUTO LL S2 HGBV | B117 | 1298 | 01.02.03 | √N V | BD20 | 0/1 | 0/1 | Svs 2 Comp 3 Run |)) | · |
| AMB MODE CNTL MODE DATA UNIT AUTO LL S2 HGBV | E B118 | 1299 | 01.02.03 | ξ/X | BD21 | 0/1 | 0/1 | Chilled Liquid Type [0=Water: 1=Glycol] | | |
| CNTL MODE DATA UNIT AUTO LL S2 HGBV | 010 | 1200 | 04.00.00 | VIV | | | | Ambiont Control Mode [0-04d Amb 1-1 cm Amb] | | |
| DATA UNIT AUTO LL S2 HGBV | | 1300 | 01,02,03 | | 2000 | 000 | 50 | Allibratic Collida Mode [0-5td Allib, 1-Low Allib] | | |
| AUTO LL S2 HGBV | 0210 | 1301 | 01,02,03 | | BD23 | 700 | 500 | Disable: 1 Paris 1 Paris | 0 0 | |
| | | 1302 | 01,02,03 | (<u> </u> | DD24 | 0 0 | 70 | Lispidy Office [0-IIII]pelial, 1-31] | 0 0 | |
| | B122 | 1303 | 01,02,03 | N/A | 8DZ9 | 1./0 | 1/0 | Lead Lag Control Mode [U=Manual, 1=Auto] | 0 | |
| U | BI23 | 1304 | 01,02,03 | N/A | BD26 | 0/1 | 0/1 | Sys 2 Hot Gas Bypass Valve | | |
| , | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Units have No | ative BACnet MS/TF | , Modbus RTL | Units have Native BACnet MS/TP, Modbus RTU, and N2 communication | ns. No external | Sateway is requir | ed for these inter | aces unless | No external Gateway is required for these interfaces unless the customer is using Connected Services. | | |
| BACnet Obje | ct Types: 0 = Analog | g In, 1 = Analog | g Out, 2 = Analog Value, | 3 = Binary In, 4 | = Binary Out, 8 = | Device, 15 = Ala | rm Notificati | BACnet Object Types: 0 = Analog In, 1 = Analog Out, 2 = Analog Value, 3 = Binary In, 4 = Binary Out, 8 = Device, 15 = Alarm Notification (0-127 are reserved ASHRAE Objects) | | |
| WC = Inches | of water Column, C | FM = Cubic Fe | et per Minute, FPM = Fee | et Per Minute, F | 'SI = Pounds per | Square Inch, Pa | = Pascals, k | .Pa = kiloPascals, PPM = Parts Per Million, kJ/kg | = kiloJoules per kilogram | |
| Values that a | re not applicable due | e to unit configu | | be sent as zero (0) | 0). | | | | | |
| Modbus value | es are all of type sign | ned. Scaling va | Modbus values are all of type signed. Scaling values in x10 (Bold) indica | te scaling in me | tric is x100. Sca | ling and signing n | nay not be n | sate scaling in metric is x100. Scaling and signing may not be modified in the field. | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| L Native Comr | SCROLL Native Comms 16 AUG 2017 | | | | Property of J Subject to c | Property of Johnson Controls, Inc. Subject to change without notice. | Inc. ice. | | | 3 of 4 |
| | | | - | | | | L | - F - O - 2; - 1; - 1 - 1; - 1; - 1; - 1; - 1; | | |
| Code Value | | Operational Code | code | Code value | | | ran | rauluinnibit code | | |
| Ž I | No Abnormal Condition | u | | 0 4 | No Fau | No Fault Code | | | | |
| | System Switch OFF | | | - 0 | | I IS VAC Under Voltage | 9 | | | |
| 3 6 | ockout | | | 7 65 | | indicate remperate | D | | | |
| | Unit Fault | | | 4 | | Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature | id Tempera | ature | | |
| | System Fault | | | 5 | | High Discharge Pressure | | | | |
| | Remote Shutdown | | | 9 | | | | | | |
| | aily Schedule Shutdo | own | | 7 | | Low Suction Pressure | | | | |
| | No Run Permissive | | | 8 | | | | | | |
| | No Cool Load | ; | | 6 | | | | | | |
| | TI-Coincidence I ime | er Active | | 7 | | | | | | |
| | Manual Override | anne | | 107 | | | | | | |
| 13 SI | Suction Limiting | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| | Discharge Limiting | | | 1 | | | | | | |
| | | | | 7 | | | | | | |
| 16 Lo | Load Limiting | | | 16 | | | | | | |
| | Compressor(s) Running | ng | | 1. | | | | | | |
| | Heatpump Load Limiting | ng | | 18 | | MP/HPCO Fault | | | | |
| 19 | | | | 1 | | Low Evaporator Temperature | ature | | | |
| 20 | | | | 20 | | | | | | |
| 21 | | | | 21 | | | | | | |
| 77 | | | | 7 6 | | Unit Motor Current | | | | |
| 23 | | | | X o | | Low Superneat | | | | |
| 24 | | | | 7, 0 | | - Fault | | | | |
| 67 | | | | 7 6 | | Discriatge Infilipit | | | | |
| 07 | | | | 7 .0 | | CO IIIIIDII | | | | |
| 700 | | | | 7 6 | | Fump Fail Make Flow | | | | |
| 200 | | | | 7 6 | | Hallip Fall Make Flow | 9 | | | |
| 30 | | | | 2 2 | | Ingil Ambient Lemperature Apri Vacinim I om Brassina Cutout | all different | | | |
| 24 | | | | 5 6 | | COUNTILEON LIESS | ale Calout | | | |
| 2 | | | | 2 | | | | | | |

143

Yorktalk 2 Communications

Received Data (Control Data)

The unit receives eight data values from the E-Link Gateway. The first four are analog values and the last four are digital values. These eight data values are used as control parameters when in REMOTE mode. When the unit is in LOCAL mode, these eight values are ignored. If the unit receives no valid YorkTalk 2 transmission for 5 minutes it will revert back to all local control values. Table 18 on page 145 lists the control parameters. These values are found under feature 54 in the E-Link Gateway.

Transmitted Data

After receiving a valid transmission from the E-Link Gateway, the unit will transmit either operational data or history buffer data depending on the "History Buffer Request" on ENG PAGE 10. Data must be transmitted for every page under feature 54. If there is no value to be sent to a particular page, a zero will be sent. *Table 18 on page 145* shows the data values and page listings for this unit.



The latest point map information is listed on the Johnson Controls Equipment Integration website http://my.johnsoncontrols.com/portal/myportal/cg/prod/na/chiller in

TABLE 18 - YORKTALK 2 COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP

| | | | | | | ત-766) | | | | | | ENG | PAGE | 10 REF | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | ADA BOB | B04 | 103 040 | 7 7 | P12 | P13 | P14 | P15 | P16 | P17 | P18 | P19 | P20 | P21 | P22 | P23 | P24 | P26 | P27 | P28 | P29 | P30 | P31 | P32 | P33 | P34 | P35 | P36 | P3/ | P39 | 070 | - 1 |
|-----------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|--|--|---|---|---|---|----|---|-----------|--|----------|-------------------|----------------------------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|------------------------|----------------------------|--|--|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|---|--------------|-------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------------|------------------------|--------------------------|--|--------------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------------|-----------------------|-------------------|---|-------------------------|------------------------|-----|
| | | | | | | onality (SCI | | | | | | | | 7 8 9 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | | |
| | | | | | | Metric functi | | | | | | | NOT AVAILABLE | 4 | S | S | 0 | 0 0 | 0 | | 0 | _ | o o | О | တ | 0 | S | 0 0 | S S S | S | S | S S | - | _ | 0 0 0 0 | o C | S | S | S S S | | 0 0 0 | 0 | S | 0 | S | S | n u | 0 00 | ď. | |
| | | | | | d. | . Fix Café | | | | | | | N = NOT | 7 | S | S | 0 |) () (| 0 | | U | _ | o v | О | S | 0 | S | 0 | S | S | | S | - | 0 0 | n u | _ | S | S | S | | 0 | 0 | S | 0 | S | S C | n u | 0 00 | v. |) |
| COMMENTS | YCAL Micro Board 031-02050-xxx | YCAL Micro Board 031-02050-xxx | YCAL Micro Board 031-02050-xxx | YCAL Micro Board 031-02550-xxx, IPU 2 board. | YCWL (water cooled version) Micro Board 031-02550-xxx, IPU 2 board | Micro Board 031-02550-xxx . Fix native Modbus communications (SCR . Fix Café Metric functionality (SCR-766) | | | | | ator or MicroGateway to communicate to a chiller LINC | | POINT LIST CODE: S = STANDARD O = OPTIONAL | | Setpoint | Load Limit Stage (0, 1, 2) | Heating Setpoint (HP and YCWL HP) | Mode (HP and YCWL HP only) (U=Panel, 1= Cooling, 2 = Heating) | Status top Collination | | Liston, Buffer Downsont | mistaly bullet request | Return Chilled Liquid Temp | leaving Hot Liquid Temp (R410a) Heat Mode Only | Discharge Air Temp (Cond Unit) Return Hot Liquid Temp (410a- Heat Mod | Leaving Liquid Temp Hot (R-410a) | Ambient Air Temperature | Sys 1 Suction Superheat (EEV only) | Sys 1 Run Time (seconds) | Sys 1 Suction Pressure | Sys 1 Discharge Pressure | Sys 1 Cooler Inlet Refrigerant Temperature(R-407c Only) | | Sys 1 EEV Output % (EEV only) | Sys I Anne Recycle Limel | Svs Suction Temp (FEV only) | Sys 2 Run Time (seconds) | Sys 2 Suction Pressure | Sys 2 Discharge Pressure | Sys 2 Cooler Inlet Refrigerant Temperature (R-407c systems Only) | Sys 2 Defrost Temperature (HP only) | Sys 2 Suction Superheat (EEV only) | Sys 2 Anti-Recycle Timer | Sys 2 EEV Output % (EEV only) | Number of Compressors | Sys 1 Alam | Sys Z Alarm Evanorator Heater Status | Evaporator Plimp Status | Svs 1 Compressor 1 Run | |
| Dann | 4800 | 4800 | 4800 | 4800 | 4800 | 4800 | | | | | ator or Micro | NS | Address | | ADF 1 | ADF 2 | ADF 3 | AUF 4 | - BD - | BD 2 | 200 | ADE 5 | ADF 6 | ADF 7 | ADF 8 | ADF 9 | ADF 10 | ADF 11 | ADF 12 | ADF 13 | ADF 14 | ADF 15 | ADF 16 | ADF 17 | ADF 10 | ADF 20 | ADF 21 | ADF 22 | ADF 23 | ADF 24 | ADF 25 | ADF 26 | ADF 27 | ADF 28 | ADF 29 | BD 5 | BD 6 | BD 8 | BD 9 | |
| Cilecksum | 944D | 964B | 2226 | XXXX | XXXX | XXXX | | | | | CII XL Trans | York Talk | Character | Position | | | | | | | | 2 - 11 | 12 - 15 | 16 - 19 | 20 - 23 | 24 - 27 | 28 - 31 | 32 - 35 | 36 - 39 | 40 - 43 | 44 - 47 | 48 - 51 | 52 - 55 | 56 - 59 | 64 67 | 68 - 71 | 72 - 75 | 62 - 92 | 80 - 83 | 84 - 87 | 88 - 91 | 92 - 95 | 66 - 96 | 100 - 103 | 104 - 107 | 108 | 109 | 111 | 112 | |
| † | 031-02049-001 | 031-02049-001 | 031-02049-001 | flash | flash | flash | | | | | column for interfaces utilizing an ASO | ! | Type | od f. | SNVI_count_T (51) | SNV I_count_1 (51) | SNV I_count_T (51) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT count f (51) | SNVT count f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | | SNVT_count_f (51) | | SNVT_count_f (51) | | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | | | SNV1_count_1 (51) | | SNVT count f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | | SNVT_count_f (51) | | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNV I_count_f (51) | SNV I_switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | |
| Date | | | | | | | | | | | column for inte | | LON Profile | | NVIY1 S01 p003 | nviY1 S01p004 | mviY1501p005 | 1001150110006 | nviYTS01p008 | nviYTS01p009 | nviYTS01n010 | nvoYTS01p011 | nvoYTS01p012 | nvoYTS01p013 | nvoYTS01p014 | nvoYTS01p015 | nvoYTS01p016 | nvoYTS01p017 | nvoYTS01p018 | nvoYTS01p019 | nvoYTS01p020 | nvoYTS01p021 | nvoYTS01p022 | mvoY1S01p023 | nvoYTS01p025 | nvoYTS01p026 | nvoYTS01p027 | nvoYTS01p028 | nvoYTS01p029 | nvoYTS01p030 | nvoYTS01p031 | nvoYTS01p032 | nvoYTS01p033 | nvoYTS01p034 | nvoY1S01p035 | mvoY1S01p036 | nvoYTS01p038 | nvoYTS01p039 | nvoYTS01p040 | |
| Version | C.MMC.03.02 | C.MMC.03.01 | C.MMC.03.00 | C.MMC.13.xx | C.MMC.13.xx | C.MMC.13.02 | | | | | Use ASCII page | York Talk | Point | Type | A. Control | A. Control | A. Control | A. Control | Control | Control | D. Control | D. Control | A Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D Monitor | |
| Ker. | | | | | | | | | | | D | ASCII | PAGE | REF | P01 | P02 | P03 | P04 | POR | P07 | 101 | D00 | D10 | P11 | P12 | P13 | P14 | P15 | P16 | P17 | P18 | P19 | P20 | P21 | P.22 | P24 | P25 | P26 | P27 | P28 | P29 | P30 | P31 | P32 | P33 | P34 | P35 | P37 | , ac | |
| tem, | - | 2 | 3 | 4 | 5 | 9 | 7 | 8 | 6 | 10 | | ENG | PAGE | REF | P03 | P04 | P05 | P06 | PO'S | DIO | 103 | 7 12 | D12 | P13 | P14 | P15 | P16 | P17 | P18 | P19 | P20 | P21 | P22 | P23 | P.24 | P26 | P27 | P28 | P29 | P30 | P31 | P32 | P33 | P34 | P35 | P36 | P3/ | P39 | P40 | , |

TABLE 18 - YORKTALK 2 COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP (CONT'D)

| PAGE | REF | P43 | P44 | P46 | P47 | P48 | P49 | P50 | P51 | D5.2 | 732 D53 | D54 | ם מים | 200 | 057 | 22 | P58 | 200 | Pool | P61 | P62 | P63 | P64 | P65 | P66 | P67 | P68 | 69d | P70 | P71 | P72 | P73 | P74 | P75 | P76 | P77 | P78 | P79 | P80 | P81 | P82 | P83 | P84 | | | | | | | | | | |
|--|------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|---|---|------------------|------------------------|---|---|--|---|---------------------------|---|-----------------------------|------------------------|------------------|-------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---------------------------|-------------------|---|--------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|---|---|--------------------------------|-------------------|-------------------|--|--|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------|--------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|------------------|------------------------------|---|---|---|---|---|---|--|---|---|---|
| - I - F | 10 | | | | | | | | | | | | | l | | l | | | l | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| - | 8 | | - | | | | | | | | + | | | | | + | | | + | - | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | - | - | | - | + | | | | + | _ |
| | 7 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | | | 1 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 1 | |
| ~ | 2 6 | S | S O | o 0. | 0 0. | 0 00 | S | S |) Z | · | n u | טע | טע | 0 0 | 0 0 | n o | S C | n c | n o | S | S | S | | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | 1 | + | 1 | | | + | _ |
| VAIL | _ | + | o o | _ | _ | + | _ | + | _ | - | _ | + | - | + | - | - | - | n (| n o | - | S | _ | | S | - | S | +- | S | S | တ | S | | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | 1 | 1 | | | | 1 | 1 |
| TOT | _ | | S O | - | + | _ | _ | S | + | + | - | + | _ | + | + | + | S C | n c | n o | _ | S | S | | S | S | S | S | S | SS | S | S | S | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | + | 1 | + | | | | + | _ |
| | 7 | S | y o |) (| y. | S) (C) | S | S | 0 | ď | n u | o u | o u | o 0 | 0 | n o | S) C | n c | n o | S | S | S | | t S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | S | ГО | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | 5=Heat | | | | | | | | | WL H | only | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| POINT LIST CODE: S = STANDARD O = OPTIONAL | POINT LIST DESCRIPTION | Sys 1 Hot Gas Bypass Valve | Sys 1 Compressor 2 Kun | Sys Z Compressor Z Kuri Sys 2 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve | 0 2 Endand Emilia Operation (1 = Svs 1 1 = Svs 2) | | Sys 2 Compressor 3 Run | Chilled Liquid Type (0=Water, 1=Glycol) | Ambient Control Mode (0=Std Amb, 1=Low Amb) | coal/Remote Control Mode (0=1 ocal 1=Remote) | Local/Relifote Colliformation (0-Local, 1-Relifote) | Onits (O-iniperial, 1-31) | Ecaultay Control Mode (V-Imanda), 1-Auto) | Sys z Fior das bypass valve | Sys i Operational Code | Sys i Fault Code | *Sys 2 Operational Code | bys z Fault Code | - | Sys 1 Condenser Fan Stage | | Sys 2 Condenser Fan Stage | | Unit Control Mode (0=Lv Wtr, 1=Ret Wtr, 2=Dis Air, 3=SP, 4=Cool, 5= | Anti-Recycle Time (Programmed) | Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp Cutout | Low Ambient Temperature Cutout | Low Suction Pressure Cutout (Heating HP Only) | Low Suction Pressure Cutout (Cooling HP only) | High Discharge Pressure Cutout | Remote Setpoint | Cooling Range | Remote Setpnt 2 (SP Control), Remote Heatng Setpnt (HP and YCWL HI O | Sool Range Setpoint 2 (SP Control), Heat Range (HP and YCWL HP | Sys 1 Discharge Temp (EEV only) | Sys 1 Discharge Superheat (EEV only) | Sys 2 Discharge Temp (EEV only) | Sys 2 Discharge Superheat (EEV only) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Address | | | | BD 14 | | | | | | | | BD 23 | BD 23 | 42 TO | - IOV | ADI 2 | ADI 3 | ADI 4 | | | | | ADI 9 | ADI 10 | ADF 30 | ADF 31 | ADF 32 | ADF 33 | ADF 34 | | ADF 36 | | | | ADF 40 | | ADF 42 | | BD 25 | BD 26 | BD 27 | BD 28 | BD 29 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Character | Position | 115 | 116 | 118 | 119 | 120 | 121 | 122 | 123 | 124 | 124 | 126 | 127 | 120 | 120 | 671 | 130 | 131 | 132 | 133 | 134 | 135 | 136 | 137 | 138 - 141 | 142 - 145 | 146 - 149 | 150 - 153 | 154 - 157 | 158 - 161 | 162 - 165 | 166 - 169 | 170 - 173 | 174 - 177 | 178 - 181 | 182 - 185 | 186 - 189 | 190 - 193 | 194 | 195 | 196 | 197 | 198 | | | | | | | | | | |
| TVDE | 296 | SNVT_switch (95) | SNV I_switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNVT switch (95) | SNIVT count f (51) | SNVT count f (51) | SNVT_COUNT_ (31) | SNVI_count_(51) | SNAT County f (51) | ON V 1 _ COUNT _ (31) | SNVI_count_T (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_count_f (51) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | SNVT_switch (95) | | | | | | | | | | |
| LON Profile | | nvoYTS01p043 | mvo YTS011p044 | nvoYTS01p046 | nvoYTS01p047 | nvoYTS01p048 | nvoYTS01p049 | nvoYTS01p050 | nvoYTS01p051 | nvoYTS01p052 | nvo YTS01p053 | nvoYTS01p054 | nvoYTS01p055 | 950d102110M | 750g1501150m | 1801130110011 | movTS01p056 | 1100 1 1 30 1 p0 39 | 1100 T 1 30 1 1000 | nvo Y I S01p061 | nvoYTS01p062 | nvoYTS01p063 | nvoYTS01p064 | nvoYTS01p065 | nvoYTS01p066 | 790d10STYovn | nvoYTS01p068 | nvoYTS01p069 | nvoYTS01p070 | nvoYTS01p071 | nvoYTS01p072 | nvoYTS01p073 | nvoYTS01p074 | nvoYTS01p075 | nvoYTS01p076 | nvoYTS01p077 | nvoYTS01p078 | nvoYTS01p079 | nvoYTS01p080 | nvoYTS01p081 | nvoYTS01p082 | nvoYTS01p083 | nvoYTS01p084 | | | | | | | | | | |
| Point | Type | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D Monitor | D. Monitor | Monitor | D. Monitor | Codo Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | Code Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | A. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | D. Monitor | | | | | | | | | | |
| PAGE | REF | P41 | P42 | P44 | P45 | P46 | P47 | P48 | P49 | P50 | P51 | DES | 7.72 D53 | 202 | 4 17 | P33 | P.26 | 727 | F.28 | P59 | P60 | P61 | P62 | P63 | P64 | P65 | 99A | P67 | P68 | 69A | P70 | P71 | P72 | P73 | P74 | P75 | 92d | P77 | P78 | P79 | P80 | P81 | P82 | | | | | | | | | | |
| PAGE | REF | P43 | P44 | F 43 | P47 | P48 | P49 | P50 | P51 | D52 | F32 | P54 | 1 0 T | 7 23 | F 30 | P5/ | P.58 | P.59 | Pou | P61 | P62 | P63 | P64 | P65 | P66 | P67 | P68 | 69 d | P70 | P71 | P72 | P73 | P74 | P75 | P76 | P77 | P78 | P79 | P80 | P81 | P82 | P83 | P84 | | | Ī | | | | | Ī | | |

TABLE 18 - YORKTALK 2 COMMUNICATIONS DATA MAP (CONT'D)

| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | T | 1 | T | Ī | 1 | T | \ | T | Ī | T | | T | T | T | 1 | T | 1 | T |) | 1 | T | Ţ | | | | 1 | T | | T | 1 | Ţ | | Ī | 1 | | | | | I | T | 1 |
|------------------|--------------|---------------|------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|--|-------------------------|--------------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------|-------------|---------------------|---------------------------|----------------------------|-------------------------|-------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------|--------------|------------------------------------|------------------------------|------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-----|---------------|--------------|-------------------|-----------------|----------|---------------------|--------------------------|---|-------|---|---|---|--------|-----------------------------------|---|------------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---|--|---|--|--|---|---|---------------|---|---|--------------|---|--------------|---|
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Fault Code | C FAULT.CODE | No Fault Code | VAC Undervoltage | Low Ambient Temperature | High Ambient Temperature | Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature | High Discharge Pressure | High Differential Oil Pressure | Low Suction Pressure | High Motor Current | LLSV Not On | Low Battery Warning | High Oil Temperature | High Discharge Temperature | Improper Phase Rotation | Low Motor Current / MP / HPCO | Motor Current Inpomabalanced | Low Differntall Oil Pressure | Ground Fault | MP / HPCO Fault | Low Evaporator Telliperature | Denot Felling Maziel Denot Denited | Lower Pailure, Marinal Reser Required | | Low Superheat | Sensor Fault | Discharge Inhibit | MP/HPCO Inhibit | rump Inp | Pump rail Make Flow | High Ambient Temperature | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ASCII PAGE | P55 | 0 | - | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 9 1 | _ | ∞ (| o (| 10 | - 1 | 12 | 13 | 4 r | 12 | 16 | _ | Σ ς | 0 0 | 04 | - 7 | 77 | 23 | 74 | 52 | 26 | 17 | 87 | 67. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| ENG | - | c | - C | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 9 1 | 7 | ∞ (| 6 | 10 | 11 | 12 | 13 | 14 | 15 | 16 | / (| 2 5 | 6 | 2 50 | - 20 | 7 8 | 23 | 47 | 52 | 26 | 17 | 87 8 | 67. | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |
| Operational Code | C OPER.CODE | | Unit Switch Off | System Switch Off | Lock-Out | Unit Fault | System Fault | Remote Shutdown | Daily Schedule Shutdown | No Run Permissive | | | Anti-Recycle Timer Active | | Suction Limiting | Ulscharge Limiting | Current Limiting | | | Heat Pump Load Limiting (HP Only) | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | * Note | Chopology and the second property | Siladed Codes Iliay Hot be available on all | models. Please check the Fault and | Operational codes against the codes | published in your operators manual or confirm | Code is available through the display of volur | unit If the Code appears in the display you | ullic II tile Code appeals III tile display, you | will recieve that value through the BAS. | | | | | | | | | |
| ASCII E PAGE | - | ╁ | - | 2 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 9 1 | _ ` | ∞ (| o ; | 10 | 17 | | - | + | | - | _ < | 2 | - | | | | - | - | | \downarrow | 1 | \downarrow | \downarrow | - | | - | 1 | 1 | | 1 | 1 | \downarrow | | - | | \downarrow | 1 | - | - | | $\frac{1}{1}$ | - | 1 | \downarrow | + | \downarrow | - |
| ENG | P56 | C | - | 5 | 3 | 4 | 2 | 9 1 | 7 | ∞ (| o (| 10 | - (| 12 | 13 | 4 ' | CL CL | 16 | <u> </u> | 8 | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | | |

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

8

SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION

Unit Operating Sequence

The operating sequence described below relates to operation on a hot water start after power has been applied, such as start-up commissioning. When a compressor starts, internal timers limit the minimum time before another compressor can start to 1 minute.

- 1. For the chiller system to run, the Flow Switch must be closed, any remote cycling contacts must be closed, the Daily Schedule must not be scheduling the chiller OFF, and temperature demand must be present.
- 2. When power is applied to the system, the microprocessor will start a 2 minute timer. This is the same timer that prevents an instantaneous start after a power failure.
- 3. At the end of the 2 minute timer, the microprocessor will check for cooling demand. If all conditions allow for start, a compressor on the lead system will start and the liquid line solenoid will open. Coincident with the start, the anti-coincident timer will be set and begin counting downward from "60" seconds to "0" seconds.
 - If the unit is programmed for Auto Lead/Lag, the system with the shortest average run-time of the compressors will be assigned as the "lead" system. A new lead/lag assignment is made whenever all systems shut down.
- 4. Several seconds after the compressor starts, that systems first condenser fan will be cycled ON (outdoor air temperature more than 25 °F (-4 °C) or discharge pressure). See *Standard Condenser Fan Control on page 154* for details concerning condenser fan cycling.
- 5. After 1 minute of compressor run time, the next compressor in sequence will start when a system has to load. Additional compressors will be started at 60 second intervals as needed to satisfy temperature setpoint.
- 6. If demand requires, the lag system will cycle ON with the same timing sequences as the lead system after the lead system has run for five minutes. See the section on Capacity Control for a detailed explanation of system and compressor staging.

- 7. As the load decreases below setpoint, the compressors will be shut down in sequence. This will occur at intervals of either 60, 30, or 20 seconds based on water temperature as compared to setpoint, and control mode. See *Leaving Chilled Liquid Control on page 150* for a detailed explanation.
- 8. When the last compressor in a "system" (two or three compressors per system), is to be cycled OFF, the system will initiate a pump-down. Each "system" has a pump-down feature upon shut-off. On a non-safety, non-unit switch shutdown, the LLSV will be turned OFF and the last compressor will be allowed to run until the suction pressure falls below the suction pressure cutout or for 180 seconds, whichever comes first.

CAPACITY CONTROL

To initiate the start sequence of the chiller, all run permissive inputs must be satisfied (flow/remote start/stop switch), and no chiller or system faults exist.

The first phase of the start sequence is initiated by the Daily Schedule Start or any Remote Cycling Device. If the unit is shut down on the daily schedule, the chilled water pump contacts (Terminals 23 and 24 of XTBC2) will close to start the pump when the daily schedule start time has been reached. Once flow has been established and the flow switch closes, capacity control functions are initiated, if the remote cycling contacts wired in series with the flow switch are closed.

It should be noted that the chilled water pump contacts (Terminals 23 and 24 of XTBC2) are not required to be used to cycle the chilled water pump. However, in all cases the flow switch must be closed to allow unit operation.

The control system will evaluate the need for cooling by comparing the actual leaving or return chilled liquid temperature to the desired setpoint, and regulate the leaving or return chilled liquid temperature to meet that desired setpoint.

SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

SUCTION PRESSURE LIMIT CONTROLS

The anticipatory controls are intended to prevent the unit from ever actually reaching a low-pressure cutout. Loading is prevented, if the suction pressure drops below 1.15 x suction pressure cutout (15% below the cutout). Loading may reoccur after suction pressure rises above the unload point and a period of one minute elapses. This control is only operable if the optional suction pressure transducers are installed.

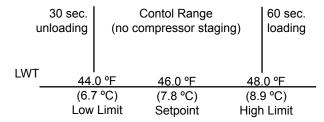
DISCHARGE PRESSURE LIMIT CONTROLS

The discharge pressure limit controls unload a system before it reaches a safety limit due to high load or dirty condenser coils. The microprocessor monitors discharge pressure and unloads a system, if fully loaded, by one compressor when discharge pressure exceeds the programmed cutout minus 10 PSIG (0.69 barg). Reloading will occur when the discharge pressure on the affected system drops to 85% of the unload pressure and 10 minutes have elapsed.

This control is only applicable if optional discharge pressure transducers are installed.

LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL

The setpoint, when programmed for Leaving Chilled Liquid Control, is the temperature the unit will control to within plus or minus the (control) cooling range. The Setpoint High Limit is the Setpoint plus the Cooling Range. The Setpoint Low Limit is the Setpoint minus the Cooling Range. Figure 30 below should be used to aid in understanding the following description of Leaving Chilled Liquid Control.



Leaving Water Temp. Control - Compressor Staging Setpoint = 46.0 °F (7.8 °C) Range = +/-2 °F (1.1 °C)

FIGURE 38 - LEAVING WATER TEMPERATURE CONTROL EXAMPLE

If the leaving chilled liquid temperature is above the Setpoint High Limit, the lead compressor on the lead system will be energized along with the liquid line solenoid. Upon energizing any compressor, the 60 second Anti-Coincidence timer will be initiated to prevent multiple compressors from turning ON.

If after 60 seconds of run-time the leaving chilled liquid temperature is still above the Setpoint High Limit, the next compressor in sequence will be energized. Additional compressors will be energized at a rate of once every 60 seconds if the chilled liquid temperature remains above the Setpoint High Limit and the chilled liquid temperature is dropping less than 3 °F/min. The lag system will not be allowed to start a compressor until the lead system has run for 5 minutes.

If the chilled liquid temperature falls below the Setpoint High Limit but is greater than the Setpoint Low Limit, loading and unloading do not occur. This area of control is called the control range.

If the chilled liquid temperature drops to between Setpoint Low Limit and 0.5 °F (0.28 °C) below the Setpoint Low Limit, unloading (a compressor turns OFF) occurs at a rate of 1 every 30 seconds. If the chilled liquid temperature falls to a value greater than 0.5 °F (0.28 °C) below the Setpoint Low Limit but not greater than 1.5 °F (0.83 °C) below the Setpoint Low Limit, unloading occurs at a rate of 20 seconds. If the chilled liquid temperature falls to a value greater than 1.5 °F (0.83 °C) below the Setpoint Low Limit, unloading occurs at a rate of 10 seconds. If the chilled liquid temperature falls below 1 °F above the low chilled liquid temperature cutout, unloading occurs at a rate of 10 seconds if it is greater than 10 seconds.

In water cooling mode on R-410A chillers, the minimum low limit of the control range will be 40.0°F. For leaving chilled liquid temperature setpoint and control range combinations that result in the low limit of the control range being below 40.0°F, the low limit will be reset to 40.0°F and the difference will be added to the high limit. This will result in a control range the same size as programmed but not allow the unit to run below 40.0°F. This control will not affect glycol chillers.

Hot gas, if present, will be the final step of capacity. Hot gas is energized when only a single compressor is running and LWT is less than SP. Hot gas is turned OFF as temperature rises when LWT is more than SP plus CR/2. If temperature remains below the setpoint low limit on the lowest step of capacity, the microprocessor will close the liquid line solenoid, after turning off hot gas, and pump the system down before turning off the last compressor in a system.

The leaving chilled liquid setpoint is programmable from 40 °F to 70 °F (4.4 °C to 21.1 °C) in water chilling mode and from 10 °F to 70 °F (-12.2 °C to 21.1 °C) in glycol chilling mode. In both modes, the cooling range can be from plus or minus1.5 °F to plus or minus2.5 °F (plus or minus.83 °C to 1.39 °C).leaving chilled liquid control.

TABLE 19 - SAMPLE COMPRESSOR STAGING FOR RETURN WATER CONTROL

| | COMPI | RESSOR STAGIN | IG FOR RETURN | WATER CONTR | OL | |
|--------------|----------|---------------|-------------------|------------------|-----------|-----------|
| | | 4 | COMPRESSOR | | | |
| | COOLIN | NG SETPOINT = | 45 °F (7.2 °C) RA | NGE = 10 °F (5.6 | °C) | |
| # OF COMP ON | 0 | * 1+HG | 1 | 2 | 3 | 4 |
| RWT | 45 °F | 46.25 °F | 47.5 °F | 50.0 °F | 52.5 °F | 55.0 °F |
| 13071 | (7.2 °C) | (7.9 °C) | (8.6 °C) | (10.0 °C) | (11.4 °C) | (12.8 °C) |

^{*}Unloading only

LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL OVERRIDE TO REDUCE CYCLING

To avoid compressor cycling the microprocessor will adjust the setpoint upward temporarily. The last run time of the system will be saved. If the last run time was greater than 5 minutes, no action is to be taken. If the last run time for the lead system was less than 5 minutes, the microprocessor will increase the setpoint high limit according to the chart at right, with a maximum value allowed of 50 °F (see Figure 29 on page 152).

If adding the setpoint adjust value to the setpoint high limit causes the setpoint high limit to be greater than 50 °F, the setpoint high limit will be set to 50 °F, and the difference will be added to the setpoint low limit.

Once a system runs for greater than 5 minutes, the setpoint adjust will be set back to 0. This will occur while the system is still running.

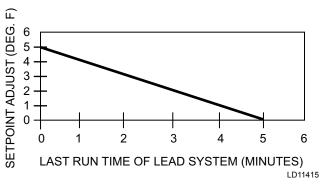


FIGURE 39 - SETPOINT ADJUST

TABLE 20 - RETURN CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL FOR 4 COMPRESSORS (6 STEPS)

| *STEP | COMPRESSOR | COMPRESSOR ON POINT | COMPRESSOR OFF POINT |
|-------|------------|----------------------|----------------------|
| 0 | 0 | SETPOINT | SETPOINT |
| 1 | 1 W/HGB | SP + CR/8 (Note 1) | SETPOINT |
| 2 | 1 NO HGB | SP + CR/4 | SP + CR/8 |
| 3 | 2 | SP + 2*CR/4 (Note 2) | SP + CR/4 |
| 4 | 2 | SP + 2*CR/4 | SP + CR/4 (Note 3) |
| 5 | 3 | SP + 3*CR/4 | SP + 2*CR/4 |
| 6 | 4 | SP + CR | SP + 3*CR/4 |

NOTES:

- 1. Step 1 is Hot Gas Bypass and is skipped when loading occurs. Hot Gas Bypass operation is inhibited during Pumpdown.
- 2. Step 3 is skipped when loading occurs.
- 3. Step 4 is skipped when unloading occurs.

^{*} STEP can be viewed using the OPER DATA key and scrolling to COOLING DEMAND.

SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID SYSTEM LEAD/ LAG AND COMPRESSOR SEQUENCING

A Lead/Lag option may be selected to help equalize average run hours between systems with 2 refrigerant systems. This may be programmed under the OPTIONS key. Auto Lead/Lag allows automatic Lead/Lag of the two systems based on average run hours of the compressors in each system. Manual Lead/Lag selects specifically the sequence which the microprocessor starts systems.

On a hot water start, once a system starts, it will turn ON all compressors before the next system starts a compressor. The microprocessor will sequence compressors within each circuit to maximize individual compressor run time on individual compressors within a system to prevent short cycling.

Each compressor in a system will be assigned an arbitrary priority number 1, 2, or 1, 2, 3. The non-running compressor within a system with the lowest priority number will always be the next compressor to start. The running compressor with priority number 1 will always be the next to shut OFF. Whenever a compressor is shut OFF, the priority numbers of all compressors will be decreased by 1 with wrap-around. This control scheme assures the same compressor does not repeatedly cycle ON and OFF.

Once the second system starts a compressor on a 2 system chillers, the microprocessor will attempt to equally load each system as long as the system is not limiting or pumping down. Once this occurs, loading and unloading will alternate between systems, loading the lead system first or unloading the lag system first.

RETURN CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL

(Can be used on Dual System 4, 5 and 6 Comp Units Only)

Return chilled liquid control is based on staging the compressors to match the cooling load. The chiller will be fully loaded when the return water temperature is equal to the Cooling Setpoint plus the Range. The chiller will be totally unloaded (all compressors OFF) when the return water temperature is equal to the Cooling Setpoint (See sample in *Table 19 on page 151*). At return water temperatures between the Cooling Setpoint and Cooling Setpoint plus Range, compressor loading and unloading will be determined by the formulas in *Table 20 on page 151*.



Return Chilled Liquid Control MUST only be used when constant chilled liquid flow is ensured.

The range MUST always be programmed to equal the temperature drop across the evaporator when the chiller is "fully loaded". Otherwise, chilled liquid temperature will over or under shoot. Variable flow must never be used in return chilled liquid mode.

Normal loading will occur at intervals of 60 seconds according to the temperatures determined by the formulas. Unloading will occur at a rate of 30 seconds according to the temperatures determined in the formulas used to calculate the ON and OFF points for each step of capacity.

The return chilled liquid setpoint is programmable from 40 °F to 70 °F (4.4 °C to 21.1 °C) in water chilling mode and from 10 °F to 70 °F (-12.2 °C to 21.1 °C) in glycol chilling mode. In both modes, the cooling range can be from 4 °F to 20 °F (2.2° to 11.1 °C).

TABLE 21 - LEAD/LAG RETURN CHILLED LIQUID CONTROL FOR 4 COMPRESSORS (6 STEPS)

| | | LEAD SYSTEM | | | | LAG SYSTEM | |
|------|---------|-------------|---|------------|--------|------------|---|
| STEP | COMP 1 | COMP 2 | - | | COMP 1 | COMP 2 | - |
| 0 | OFF | OFF | - | | OFF | OFF | - |
| 1 | ON + HG | OFF | - | SEE NOTE 1 | OFF | OFF | - |
| 2 | ON | OFF | - | | OFF | OFF | - |
| 3 | ON | OFF | - | SEE NOTE 2 | ON | OFF | - |
| 4 | ON | ON | - | SEE NOTE 3 | OFF | OFF | - |
| 5 | ON | ON | - | | ON | OFF | - |
| 6 | ON | ON | - | | ON | ON | - |

NOTES 1. Step is Hot Gas Bypass and is skipped when loading occurs. Hot Gas Bypass operation is inhibited during pumpdown. For Leaving Chilled Liquid Control the Hot Gas Bypass solenoid is energized only when the lead compressor is running and the LWT < SP, the Hot Gas Bypass solenoid is turned off when the LWT more than SP + CR/2.

^{2.} Step 3 is skipped when loading occurs.

^{3.} Step 4 is skipped when unloading occurs.

As an example of compressor staging (See *Table 20 on page 151*), a chiller with six compressors using a Cooling Setpoint programmed for 45 °F (7.20 °C) and a Range Setpoint of 10 °F (5.56 °C). Using the formulas in *Table 20 on page 151*, the control range will be split up into six (seven including hot gas) segments, with the Control Range determining the separation between segments. Note also that the Cooling Setpoint is the point at which all compressors are OFF, and Cooling Setpoint plus Range is the point all compressors are ON. Specifically, if the return water temperature is 55 °F (12.8 °C), then all compressors will be ON, providing full capacity. At nominal gpm, this would provide approximately 45 °F (7.2 °C) leaving water temperature out of the evaporator.

If the return water temperature drops to 53.4 °F (11.9 °C), one compressor would cycle OFF leaving five compressors running. The compressors would continue to cycle OFF approximately every 1.7 °F (.94 °C), with the exception of hot gas bypass. Notice that the hot gas bypass would cycle ON when the return water temperature dropped to 46.25 °F (7.9 °C). At this point one compressor would be running with hot gas.

Should the return water temperature rise from this point to $46.7 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$ ($8.2 \, ^{\circ}\text{C}$), the hot gas bypass would shut OFF, still leaving one compressor running. As the load increased, the compressors would stage ON every $1.7 \, ^{\circ}\text{F}$ (.94 $^{\circ}\text{C}$).

Also note that *Table 20 on page 151* not only provides the formulas for the loading (ON POINT) and unloading (OFF POINT) of the system, the "STEP" is also shown in the table. The "STEP" is the increment in the sequence of the capacity control scheme that can be viewed under the OPER DATA key. See *Display/Print Keys on page 115* for specific information on the OPER DATA key.

RETURN CHILLED LIQUID SYSTEM LEAD/ LAG AND COMPRESSOR SEQUENCING

A Lead/Lag option may be selected to help equalize average run hours between systems with 2 refrigerant systems. This may be programmed under the OPTIONS key. Auto Lead/Lag of the 2 systems based on average run hours of the compressors in each system. Manual Lead/Lag selects specifically the sequence which the microprocessor starts the systems.

The microprocessor will sequence compressors load and unload systems according to *Table 21 on page 152*. The microprocessor will lead/lag compressors within each circuit to maximize individual compres-

sor run time for the purpose of lubrication. It will also prevent the same compressor from starting 2 times in a row. The microprocessor will not attempt to equalize run time on individual compressors within a system.

Each compressor in a system will be assigned an arbitrary number 1, or 2. The non-running compressor within a system with the lowest priority number will always be the next compressor to start. The running compressor with priority number 1 will always be the next compressor to shut OFF. Whenever a compressor is shut OFF, the priority numbers of all compressors in each system will be decreased by 1 with the wrap around. This control scheme assures the same compressor does not repeatedly cycle ON and OFF.

ANTI-RECYCLE TIMER

The programmable anti-recycle timer assures that systems do not cycle. This timer is programmable under the PROGRAM key between 300 and 600 seconds. Whenever possible, to reduce cycling and motor heating, the anti-recycle timer should be adjusted to 600 seconds. The programmable anti-recycle timer starts the timer when the first compressor in a system starts. The timer begins to count down. If all of the compressors in a circuit cycle OFF, a compressor within the circuit will not be permitted to start until the anti-recycle timer has timed out. If the lead system has run for less than 5 minutes, 3 times in a row, the anti-recycle timer will be extended to 10 minutes.

ANTI-COINCIDENCE TIMER

This timer is not present on single-system units. Two timing controls are present in software to assure compressors within a circuit or between systems, do not start simultaneously. The anti-coincidence timer assures there is at least a one minute delay between system starts on 2-circuit systems. This timer is NOT programmable. The load timers further assure that there is a minimum time between compressor starts within a system.

EVAPORATOR PUMP CONTROL AND YORK HYDRO KIT PUMP CONTROL

The evaporator pump dry contacts (XTBC2 – Terminals 23 and 24) are energized when any of the following conditions are true:

- 1. Low Leaving Chilled Liquid Fault
- 2. Any compressor is running
- Daily Schedule is ON, Unit Switch is ON and Remote Stop is closed

SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

The pump will not run if the microprocessor panel has been powered up for less than 30 seconds or if the pump has run in the last 30 seconds to prevent pump motor overheating.

Whenever the option "YORK HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 1" is selected under the OPTIONS key, the pump control will be as described above. DO NOT SELECT the option "YORK HYDRO KIT PUMPS = 2" under the OPTIONS key. If a dual pump option is installed, the active pump is selected by the selector switch.

EVAPORATOR HEATER CONTROL

The evaporator heater is controlled by ambient air temperature. When the ambient temperature drops below 40 °F (4.4 °C) the heater is turned ON. When the temperature rises above 45 °F (7.2 °C) the heater is turned OFF. An under voltage condition will keep the heater OFF until full voltage is restored to the system.

PUMPDOWN CONTROL

Each system has a pump-down feature upon shut-off. Manual pumpdown from the keypad is not possible. On a non-safety, non-unit switch shutdown, all compressors but one in the system will be shut OFF. The LLSV will also be turned OFF. The final compressor will be allowed to run until the suction pressure falls below the cutout, or for 180 seconds, whichever comes first.

STANDARD CONDENSER FAN CONTROL

Condenser fan operation must be programmed with the OPTIONS key under "Fan Control." Condenser fan must be selected for Discharge Pressure only. Fan control by discharge pressure will work according to the tables on the following pages (see *Table 22 on page 156* and *Table 23 on page 157*). The fan control on pressure and fan differential off-pressure are programmable under the PROGRAM key. Standard fan control operates down to a temperature of 25° F.

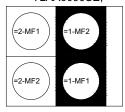
The delay between turning ON and OFF fan stages is always fixed at 5 seconds.

When a fan stage is turned ON by pressure, the on pressure for the next stage is increased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed on pressure over the next 20 seconds. Typically, standard ambient control on pressure should be programmed at 385 PSIG with a differential of 125 PSIG.

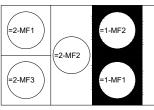
When a fan stage is turned OFF (programmed on pressure minus programmed differential), the off pressure for the next stage is decreased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed off pressure minus the differential over the next 20 seconds.

Condenser fan locations are shown in *Figure 40 on page 155*. Detailed Standard Fan Control operation is shown in *Table 22 on page 156* and *Table 23 on page 157*.

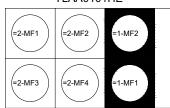
YLAA0070SE, YLAA0080SE, YLAA0090SE,



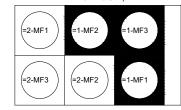




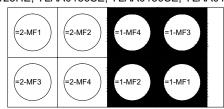
YLAA0101HE



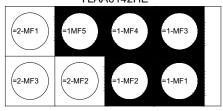
YLAA0091HE, YLAA0115SE, YLAA0120SE,



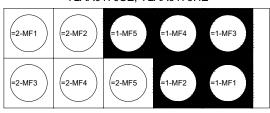
YLAA0125HE, YLAA0136SE, YLAA0150SE, YLAA0155SE



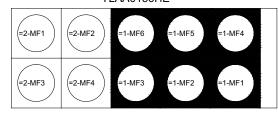


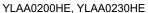


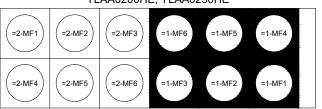
YLAA0170SE, YLAA0175HE



YLAA0156HE







LD16764d

FIGURE 40 - CONDENSER FAN LOCATIONS

SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

TABLE 22 - YLAA STANDARD CONDENSER FAN CONTROL USING DISCHARGE PRESSURE ONLY (2, 3, OR 4 FANS PER SYSTEM)

| FAN STAGE | ON* | OFF** | IPUII I/O | ОИТРИТ | | AN ACTOR | FA | N # |
|--------------|--|---|--|--|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|--|--|
| STAGE | | | SYS 1 | SYS 2 | SYS 1 | SYS 2 | SYS 1 | SYS 2 |
| 1 | DP > PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE | DP < PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PROGRAMMED DIF- FERENTIAL PRES- SURE | 7B7-8 | TB10-8 | 1-KF1 | 2-KF1 | 1-MF1 | 2-MF2 |
| 2 | DP > PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE AND FAN STAGE 1 IS ENER- GIZED | DP < PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PROGRAMMED DIF- FERENTIAL PRES- SURE AND FAN STAGE 1 IS ENER- GIZED | TB7-8 and TB7-9 | TB10-8 and TB10-9 | 1-KF1 and 1-KF2 | 2-KF1 and 2-KF2 | 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 | 2-MF1 and 2-MF2 |
| 3 | DP > PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE AND FAN STAGES 1 AND 2 ARE ENERGIZED | DP < PROGRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PROGRAMMED DIF- FERENTIAL PRES- SURE AND FAN STAGES 1 AND 2 ARE ENERGIZED | TB7-8 and TB7-9 and TB7-10 | TB10- 8 and TB10-9 and TB10-10 | 1-KF1 and 1-KF2 and 1-KF3 | 2-KF1 and 2-KF2 and 2-KF3 | 3 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 4 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4 | 3 FAN: 2-MF1 and 2-MF2 and 2-MF3 4 FAN: 2-MF1 and 2-MF2 and 2-MF3 and 2-MF4 |

^{*} When a fan stage is turned on, the pressure for the next stage is increased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed on pressure over the next 20 seconds.

^{**} When a fan stage is turned off (Programmed ON pressure minus the differential), the OFF pressure for the next stage is decreased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed OFF pressure minus the differential.



The time delay (fan delay timer) between turning fan stages on and off is fixed at 5 seconds.

TABLE 23 - YLAA STANDARD CONDENSER FAN CONTROL USING DISCHARGE PRESSURE ONLY (5 OR 6 FANS PER SYSTEM)

| FAN | ON* | OFF** | IPUII I/O | OUTPUT | FAN CON | TACTOR | FA | N # |
|-------|--|--|--|---|---------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|---|---|
| STAGE | ON* | OFF** | SYS 1 | SYS 2 | SYS 1 | SYS 2 | SYS 1 | SYS 2 |
| 1 | DP > PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE | DP < PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PRO- GRAMMED DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE | TB7-8 | TB10-8 | 1-KF1 | 2-KF1 | 1-MF1 | 2-MF1 |
| 2 | DP > PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE AND FAN STAGE 1 IS ENERGIZED | DP < PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PRO- GRAMMED DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND FAN STAGE 1 IS ENERGIZED | TB7-8 and TB7-9 | TB10-8 and TB10-9 | 1-KF1 and 1-KF2 | 2-KF1 and 2-KF2 | 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 | 2-MF1 and 2-MF2 and 2-MF3 |
| 3 | DP > PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE AND FAN STAGES 1 AND 2 ARE EN- ERGIZED | DP < PRO- GRAMMED FAN CONTROL ON PRESSURE MINUS PRO- GRAMMED DIFFERENTIAL PRESSURE AND FAN STAGES 1 AND 2 ARE ENER- GIZED | TB7-8 and TB7-9 and TB7-10 | TB10-8 and TB10-9 and TB10-10 | 1-KF1 and 1-KF2 and 1-KF3 | 2-KF1 and 2-KF2 and 2-KF3 | 5 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4 and 1-MF5 6 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4 and 1-MF5 and 1-MF4 | 5 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4 and 1-MF5 6 FAN: 1-MF1 and 1-MF2 and 1-MF3 and 1-MF4 and 1-MF5 and 1-MF4 |

^{*} When a fan stage is turned on, the pressure for the next stage is increased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed on pressure over the next 20 seconds.

^{**} When a fan stage is turned off (Programmed ON pressure minus the differential), the OFF pressure for the next stage is decreased 20 PSIG and ramped back to the programmed OFF pressure minus the differential.



The time delay (fan delay timer) between turning fan stages on and off is fixed at 5 seconds.

SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

LOAD LIMITING

Load Limiting is a feature that prevents the unit from loading beyond the desired value. 2 and 4 compressor units can be load limited to 50%. This would allow only 1 compressor per system to run. 3 and 6 compressor units can be load limited to 33% or 66%. The 66% limit would allow up to 2 compressors per system to run, and the 33% limit would allow only 1 compressor per system to run. Five-compressor units may be load limited to 40% (1 compressor per system runs) or 80% (up to 2 compressors per system) are permitted to run. No other values of limiting are available.

There are two ways to load limit the unit. The first is through remote communication via an ISN. Load limit stages are sent through YORK Talk on pages 9 and 10 of feature 54. Page 9 is stage 1 load limit and page 10 is stage 2 load limit.

A second stage of load limiting the unit is accomplished by closing contacts connected to the Load Limit (XTBC1 – terminals 13-21) and PWM inputs (XTBC1 – terminals 13-20). Stage 1 of load limiting involves closing the Load Limit input. Stage 2 of load limiting involves closing both the Load Limit and PWM inputs. The first stage of limiting is either 80%, 66% or 50%, depending on the number of compressors on the unit. The second stage of limiting is either 40% or 33% and is only available on 3, 5 and 6 compressor units. *Table 24 on page 158* shows the load limiting permitted for the various numbers of compressors.

TABLE 24 - COMPRESSOR OPERATION LOAD LIMITING

| COMPRESSORS IN UNIT | STAGE 1 | STAGE 2 |
|------------------------|---------|---------|
| 2 | 50% | - |
| 3 | 66% | 33% |
| 4 | 50% | - |
| 5 | 80% | 40% |
| 6 | 66% | 33% |



Simultaneous operation of Remote Load Limiting and EMS-PWM Temperature Reset (described on following pages) cannot occur.

COMPRESSOR RUN STATUS

Compressor run status is indicated by closure of contacts at XTBC2 – Terminals 25 to 26 for system 1 and XTBC2 – Terminals 27 to 28 for system 2.

ALARM STATUS

System or unit shutdown is indicated by normally-open alarm contacts opening whenever the unit shuts down on a unit fault, locks out on a system fault, or experiences a loss of power to the chiller electronics . System 1 alarm contacts are located at XTBC2 – Terminals 29 to 30. System 2 alarm contacts are located at XTBC2 – Terminals 31 to 32. The alarm contacts will close when conditions allow the unit to operate, or the fault is reset during a loss of power, the contacts will remain open until power is reapplied and no fault conditions exist.

REMOTE BAS/EMS TEMPERATURE RESET USING A VOLTAGE OR CURRENT SIGNAL

The Remote Reset Option allows the Control Center of the unit to reset the chilled liquid setpoint using a 0 to 10VDC input, or a 4 to 20mA input connected to XTBC1 Terminals A- and A+. Whenever a reset is called for, the change may be noted by pressing the COOLING SETPOINTS key twice. The new value will be displayed as "REM SETP = XXX °F."

If a 0 to 10VDC signal is supplied, it is applied to Terminals A+ and A-, and jumper JP1 on the I/O board must be inserted between pins 2 and 3. To calculate the reset chilled liquid setpoint for values between 0VDC and 10VDC use the following formula:

Example:

Local Chilled Liquid Setpoint = 45 °F (7.22 °C)

*Max Reset Value = 20 °F (11.11 °C)

Input Signal = 6VDC

(English)

$$^{\circ}$$
Reset = $\frac{6\text{VDC x 20 }^{\circ}\text{F}}{10}$ = 12 $^{\circ}$ F Reset

New Setpoint = 45 °F + 12 °F = 57 °F

(Metric)

°Reset =
$$\frac{6\text{VDC} \times 11. \ 11 \ ^{\circ}\text{C}}{10}$$
 = 6.67 °C Reset

New Setpoint = 7.22 °C + 6.67 °C = 13.89 °C

If a 4 to 20mA signal is supplied, it is applied to Terminals A+ and A- and jumper JP1 on the I/O board must be installed between pin 1 and 2. To calculate the chilled liquid setpoint for values between 4mA and 20 mA use the following formula:

Setpoint = Local Chilled Liquid Setpoint + "Reset

Example:

Local Chilled Liquid Setpoint = 45° (7.22 °C)

*Max Reset Value = 10 °F (5.56 °C)

Input Signal = 12 mA

(English)

$$^{\circ}$$
Reset = $\frac{8mA \times 10 ^{\circ}F}{16}$ = 5 $^{\circ}F$ Reset

Setpoint = 45 °F + 5 °F = 50 °F

(Metric)

$$^{\circ}$$
Reset = $\frac{8\text{mA x 5.56 °C}}{16}$ = 2.78 °C Reset



A 240 to 24 Volt Ratio Transformer (T3) is used to derive nominal 12 volt output from the 120 volt supply.

9

^{*} Max Reset Value is the "Max EMS-PWM Remote Temp. Reset" setpoint value described in *Remote Setpoint Control on page 125* under "Cooling Setpoints". Programmable values are from 2 °F to 40 °F (1.11 °C to 11.11 °C).

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

9

SECTION 9 – SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING

CLEARING HISTORY BUFFERS

The history buffers may be cleared by pressing the HISTORY key and then repeatedly pressing the UP arrow key until you scroll past the last history buffer choice. The following message will be displayed:

INITIALIZE HISTORY ENTER = YES

Pressing the ENTER/ADV key at this display will cause the history buffers to be cleared. Pressing any other key will cancel the operation.



DO NOT CLEAR BUFFERS. Important information may be lost. Contact factory service.

SERVICE MODE

Service Mode is a mode that allows the user to enable or disable all of the outputs (except compressors) on the unit, change chiller configuration setup parameters and view all the inputs to the microboard.

To enter Service Mode, turn the Unit Switch OFF and press the following keys in the sequence shown:

- PROGRAM
- UP ARROW
- UP ARROW
- DOWN ARROW
- DOWN ARROW
- ENTER

Service Mode will time out after 30 minutes and return to normal control mode, if the panel is accidentally left in this mode. Otherwise, turning the unit switch ON will take the panel out of Service Mode.

SERVICE MODE - OUTPUTS

After pressing the key sequence as described, the control will enter Service Mode permitting the outputs (except compressors), operating hours, refrigerant type, expansion valve type, and start/hour counters to be viewed/modified. The ENTER/ADV key is used to advance through the outputs. Using the ↑ and ↓ (UP/DOWN) arrow keys will turn the respective digital output ON/OFF or modify the value.

Following is the order of outputs that will appear as the ENTER/ADV key is pressed:

```
SYS 1 COMP 1 STATUS TB7-2 IS:
       SYS 1 LLSV STATUS TB7-3 IS:
      SYS 1 COMP 2 STATUS TB7-4 IS:
      SYS 1 COMP 3 STATUS TB7-5 IS:
       SYS 1 HGBP STATUS TB7-7 IS:
      SYS 2 COMP 1 STATUS TB10-2 IS:
       SYS 2 LLSV STATUS TB10-3 IS:
      SYS 2 COMP 2 STATUS TB10-4 IS:
      SYS 2 COMP 3 STATUS TB10-5 IS:
       SYS 1 FAN OUTPUT 1 TB7-8 IS:
       SYS 1 FAN OUTPUT 2 TB7-9 IS:
      SYS 1 FAN OUTPUT 3 TB7-10 IS:
      SYS 2 FAN OUTPUT 1 TB10-8 IS:
      SYS 2 FAN OUTPUT 2 TB10-9 IS:
      SYS 2 FAN OUTPUT 3 TB10-10 IS:
      EVAP HEATER STATUS TB8-2 IS:
      SYS 1 ALARM STATUS TB8-3 IS:
      SYS 2 ALARM STATUS TB9-2 IS:
      EVAP PUMP STATUS TB8-6,7 IS:
      SYS 2 HGBV STATUS TB10-7 IS:
            SPARE DO TB8-4 IS:
            SPARE DO TB8-5 IS:
           SPARE DO TB8-8, 9 IS:
            SPARE DO TB9-4 IS:
    SYS 1 EEV OUTPUT TB5-1, 2 = XXX%
    SYS 2 EEV OUTPUT TB6-1, 2 = XXX%
  SYS 1 COND FAN SPEED J15-1.5 = XXX%
  SYS 2 COND FAN SPEED J15-2,6 = XXX%
         SPARE AO J15-3.7 = XXX\%
         SPARE AO J15-4.8 = XXX\%
   DATA LOGGING MODE 1 = ON, 0 = OFF
      DATA LOGGING TIMER X SECS
           SOFT START (disabled)
     REFRIGERANT TYPE (R-410A only)
 EXPANSION VALVE TYPE (Thermostatic Only)
      REMOTE TEMP RESET OPTION =
      REMOTE INPUT SERVICE TIME =
"NORTH AMERICAN FEATURE SET ENABLED"
        HYDRO PUMP SELECTION
      EVAP PUMP TOTAL RUN HOURS
              SYS 1 HOURS
              SYS 2 HOURS
              SYS 1 STARTS
              SYS 2 STARTS
```

Each display will also show the output connection on the microboard for the respective output status shown. For example:

SYS 1 LLSV STATUS TB10-3 IS OFF

This display indicates that the system 1 liquid line solenoid valve is OFF, and the output connection from the microboard is coming from terminal block 10 - pin 3.

Pressing the \(\frac{1}{2}\) (UP) arrow key will energize the liquid line solenoid valve and OFF will change to ON in the display as the LLSV is energized. Energizing and denergizing outputs may be useful during troubleshooting.

SERVICE MODE - CHILLER CONFIGURATION

After the Outputs are displayed, the next group of displays relate to chiller configuration and start/hour counters. Data logging, soft start, refrigerant type, pump control selection and expansion valve type all must be programmed to match actual chiller configuration.



Soft start (disabled), Refrigerant Type (R-410A), and Expansion Valve Type (Thermostatic), and North American Feature (Enabled) MUST be properly programmed or damage to compressors and other system components may result

Following is a list of chiller configuration selections, in order of appearance:

DATA LOGGING MODE = : DO NOT MODIFY DATA LOGGING TIMER = : DO NOT MODIFY

SOFT START

REFRIGERANT TYPE

EXPANSION VALVE TYPE

REMOTE TEMP RESET OPTION

REMOTE INPUT SERVICE TIME

FEATURE SET

PUMP CONTROL SELECTION

SYS 1 HOURS

SYS 2 HOURS

SYS 1 STARTS

SYS 2 STARTS

The last displays shown on the above list are for the accumulated run and start timers for each system. All values can also be changed using the \(\tau \) (UP) and \(\tau \) (Down) arrow keys, but under normal circumstances would not be required or advised. After the last start display, the microprocessor will display the first programmable value under the PROGRAM key.

SERVICE MODE – ANALOG AND DIGITAL INPUTS

After entering Service Mode (PROGRAM $\uparrow \uparrow \downarrow \downarrow$), all digital and analog inputs to the microboard can be viewed by pressing the OPER DATA key. After pressing the OPER DATA key, the \uparrow (UP) arrow and \downarrow (DOWN) arrow keys are used to scroll through the analog and digital inputs.

Following is the order of analog and digital inputs that will appear when sequenced with the \downarrow (Down) arrow key:

(analog inputs)

SYS 1 SUCT PRESSURE

UNIT TYPE

SYS 1 *DISCH PRESSURE

SYS 1** SUCTION TEMP.

SYS 2** SUCTION TEMP.

AMBIENT AIR TEMP.

LEAVING LIQUID TEMP.

RETURN LIQUID TEMP.

SYS 2 SUCTION PRESSURE

SYS 2 SPARE

SYS 2 *DISCH PRESSURE

SYS 1 MTR VOLTS

SYS 2 MTR VOLTS (digital inputs)

PWM TEMP RESET INPUT

LOAD LIMIT INPUT FLOW SW / REM START

SPARE

SINGLE SYSTEM SELECT SYS 1 MP / HPCO INPUT

SYS 2 MP / HPCO INPUT

The analog inputs will display the input connection, the temperature or pressure, and corresponding input voltage such as:



This example indicates that the system 1 suction pressure input is connected to plug 7 – pin 10 (J7-10) on the I/O board. It indicates that the voltage is 2.1VDC which corresponds to 81 PSIG (5.6 bars) suction pressure.

The digital inputs will display the input connection and ON/OFF status such as:

^{*} The discharge pressure transducer is optional on some models.

^{**} The suction temp. sensor is on EEV units only.

163

FLOW SW/REM START J13-5 IS ON

This indicates that the flow switch/remote start input is connected to plug 13- pin 5 (J13-5) on the microboard, and is ON (ON = +30VDC unregulated input, OFF = 0VDC input on digital inputs).

CONTROL INPUTS/OUTPUTS

Table 25 through Table 28 on page 163 are a quick reference list providing the connection points and a description of the inputs and outputs respectively. All input and output connections pertain to the connections at the microboard.

TABLE 25 - I/O DIGITAL INPUTS

| J13-2 | Unit ON/OFF Switch |
|--------|--|
| J13-3 | Load Limit Stage 2 on 3, 5 & 6 Comp. Units |
| J13-4 | Load Limit Stage 1 |
| J13-5 | Flow Switch and Remote Start/Stop |
| J13-6 | Spare |
| J13-7 | Single System Select (Jumper = Single Sys, No Jumper = Two Sys) |
| J13-8 | CR1 (Sys 1 Motor Protector/High Pressure Cutout) |
| J13-10 | CR2 (Sys 2 Motor Protector/High Pressure Cutout) |

TABLE 26 - I/O DIGITAL OUTPUTS

| TB7-2 | SYS 1 Compressor 1 |
|-----------|----------------------------------|
| TB7-3 | SYS 1 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve |
| TB7-4 | SYS 1 Compressor 2 |
| TB7-5 | SYS 1 Compressor 3 |
| TB7-7 | SYS 1 Hot Gas Bypass Valve |
| TB10-2 | SYS 2 Compressor 1 |
| TB10-3 | SYS 2 Liquid Line Solenoid Valve |
| TB10-4 | SYS 2 Compressor 2 |
| TB10-5 | SYS 2 Compressor 3 |
| TB7-8 | SYS 1 Condenser Fan Output 1 |
| TB7-9 | SYS 1 Condenser Fan Output 2 |
| TB7-10 | SYS 1 Condenser Fan Output 3 |
| TB10-8 | SYS 2 Condenser Fan Output 1 |
| TB10-9 | SYS 2 Condenser Fan Output 2 |
| TB10-10 | SYS 2 Condenser Fan Output 3 |
| TB8-2 | Evaporator Heater |
| TB8-3 | SYS 1 Alarm |
| TB9-2 | SYS 2 Alarm |
| TB8-6 & 7 | Evaporator Pump Starter |
| TB10-7 | SYS 2 Hot Gas Bypass Valve |

TABLE 27 - I/O ANALOG INPUTS

| SYS 1 Suction Transducer -or- |
|---|
| |
| SYS 1 Low Pressure Switch |
| Unit Type: Chiller = NO Jumper J11-12 to +24 VDC YCUL Condensing Unit = Jumper J11-12 to +24 VDC (Do NOT Use) |
| SYS 1 Discharge Pressure Transducer (Optional) |
| Ambient Air Temp. Sensor |
| Leaving Chilled Liquid Temp. Sensor |
| Return Chilled Liquid Temp. Sensor |
| SYS 2 Suction Pressure Transducer -or- SYS 2 Low Pressure Switch |
| SYS 2 Discharge Pressure Transducer (Optional) |
| Unit/SYS 1 Voltage |
| SYS 2 Voltage |
| Remote Temperature Reset |
| |

TABLE 28 - I/O ANALOG OUTPUTS

| N/A | Not Applicable |
|-----|----------------|

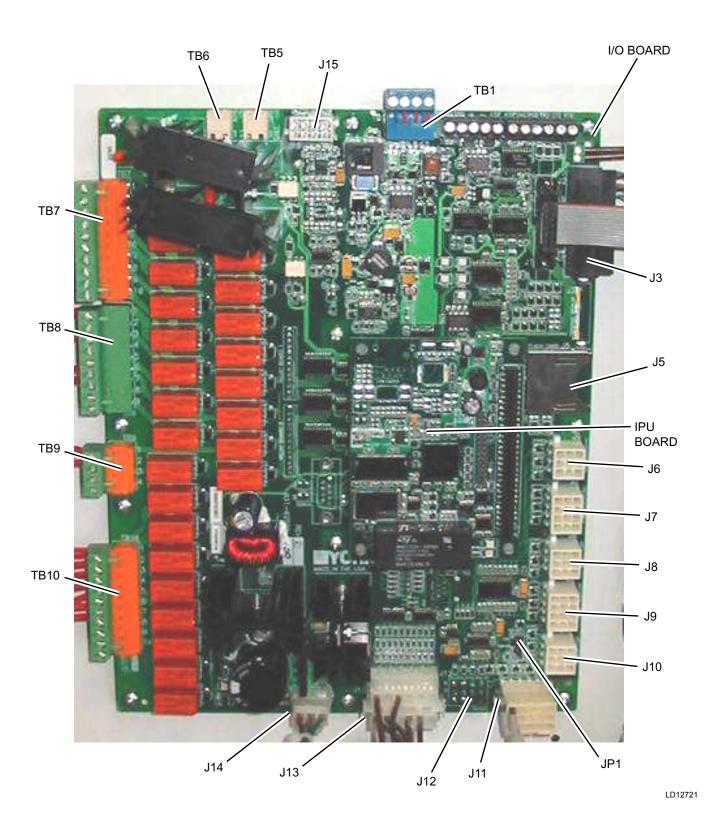


FIGURE 41 - MICROBOARD LAYOUT

Θ

CHECKING INPUTS AND OUTPUTS

Digital Inputs

See the unit wiring diagram. All digital inputs are connected to J13-1 of the I/O board. The term "digital" refers to two states – either ON or OFF. As an example, when the flow switch is closed, 30VDC will be applied to J13, pin 5 (J13-5) of the I/O board. If the flow switch is open, 0VDC will then be present at J13-5.

Pin 1 of J13 is an unregulated 30VDC source used to supply the DC voltage to the various user contacts, unit switch, flow switch, etc. This DC source is factory wired to XTBC1, Terminal 13. Any switch or contact used as a digital input would be connected to this terminal, with the other end connecting to its respective digital input on the microboard. Any time a switch or contact is closed, 30VDC would be applied to that particular digital input. Any time a switch or contact is open, 0VDC would be applied to that particular digital input.

Typically, voltages of 24 to 36VDC could be measured for the DC voltage on the digital inputs. This voltage is in reference to ground. The unit case should be sufficient as a reference point when measuring digital input voltages.

Analog Inputs - Temperature

See the unit wiring diagram. Temperature inputs are connected to the microboard on plug J6. These analog inputs represent varying DC signals corresponding to varying temperatures. All voltages are in reference to the unit case (ground). Following are the connections for the temperature sensing inputs.

Outside Air Sensor

J6-6 = +5VDC regulated supply to sensor.

J6-9 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See *Table 29 on page 165* for voltage readings that correspond to specific outdoor temperatures.

J6-3 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC) return

TABLE 29 - OUTDOOR AIR SENSOR TEMPERATURE/VOLTAGE/ CORRELATION

| CONNELATION | | | | |
|-------------|--|---------|--|--|
| TEMP °F | VOLTAGE (SIGNAL INPUT TO RETURN) | TEMP °C | | |
| 0 | 0.7 | -18 | | |
| 5 | 0.8 | -15 | | |
| 10 | 0.9 | -12 | | |
| 15 | 1.0 | -9 | | |
| 20 | 1.1 | -7 | | |
| 25 | 1.2 | -4 | | |
| 30 | 1.4 | -1 | | |
| 35 | 1.5 | 2 | | |
| 40 | 1.7 | 4 | | |
| 45 | 1.8 | 7 | | |
| 50 | 2.0 | 10 | | |
| 55 | 2.2 | 13 | | |
| 60 | 2.3 | 16 | | |
| 65 | 2.5 | 18 | | |
| 70 | 2.6 | 21 | | |
| 75 | 2.8 | 24 | | |
| 80 | 2.9 | 27 | | |
| 85 | 3.1 | 29 | | |
| 90 | 3.2 | 32 | | |
| 95 | 3.4 | 35 | | |
| 100 | 3.5 | 38 | | |
| 105 | 3.6 | 41 | | |
| 110 | 3.7 | 43 | | |
| 115 | 3.8 | 46 | | |
| 120 | 3.9 | 49 | | |
| 125 | 4.0 | 52 | | |
| 130 | 4.1 | 54 | | |

TABLE 30 - ENTERING/LEAVING CHILLED LIQUID TEMP. SENSOR, TEMPERATURE/VOLTAGE CORRELATION

| VOLTAGE CORRELATION VOLTAGE | | | | |
|------------------------------|-----------------------------|---------|--|--|
| TEMP °F | (SIGNAL INPUT TO RETURN) | TEMP °C | | |
| 10 | 1.33 | -12 | | |
| 12 | 1.39 | -11 | | |
| 14 | 1.46 | -10 | | |
| 16 | 1.51 | -9 | | |
| 18 | 1.58 | -8 | | |
| 20 | 1.65 | -7 | | |
| 22 | 1.71 | -6 | | |
| 24 | 1.78 | -4 | | |
| 26 | 1.85 | -3 | | |
| 28 | 1.91 | -2 | | |
| 30 | 1.98 | -1 | | |
| 32 | 2.05 | 0 | | |
| 34 | 2.12 | 1 | | |
| 36 | 2.19 | 2 | | |
| 38 | 2.26 | 3 | | |
| 40 | 2.33 | 4 | | |
| 42 | 2.40 | 6 | | |
| 44 | 2.47 | 7 | | |
| 46 | 2.53 | 8 | | |
| 48 | 2.60 | 9 | | |
| 50 | 2.65 | 10 | | |
| 52 | 2.73 | 11 | | |
| 54 | 2.80 | 12 | | |
| 56 | 2.86 | 13 | | |
| 58 | 2.92 | 14 | | |
| 60 | 2.98 | 16 | | |
| 62 | 3.05 | 17 | | |
| 64 | 3.11 | 18 | | |
| 66 | 3.17 | 19 | | |
| 68 | 3.23 | 20 | | |
| 70 | 3.29 | 21 | | |
| 72 | 3.34 | 22 | | |
| 74 | 3.39 | 23 | | |
| 76 | 3.45 | 24 | | |
| 78 | 3.5 | 26 | | |
| 80 | 3.54 | 27 | | |
| 78 | 3.5 | 26 | | |

Liquid and Refrigerant Sensor Test Points

(See Table 30 on page 166)

Entering Chilled Liquid Sensor

J6-5 = +5VDC regulated supply to sensor.

J6-8 = VDC input signal to the I/O board. See *Table* 30 on page 166 for voltage readings that correspond to specific liquid temperatures.

J6-2 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC) Return

Leaving Chilled Liquid Temperature Sensor

J6-4 = +5VDC regulated supply to sensor.

J6-7 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See *Table* 30 on page 166 for voltage readings that correspond to specific liquid temperatures.

J6-1 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC) return

Analog Inputs – Pressure

See the unit wiring diagram. Pressure inputs are connected to the microboard on plugs J7 and J9. These analog inputs represent varying DC signals corresponding to varying pressures. All voltages are in reference to the unit case (ground).

System 1 discharge and suction pressures will be connected to J7 of the microboard. System 2 discharge and suction pressure transducers will be connected to J9 of the microboard.

The discharge transducers are optional on all units. If the discharge transducers are not installed, no connections are made to the microboard and the discharge pressure readout on the display would be zero.

The suction pressure transducers are standard on all YLAA's. The suction pressure transducers have a range of 0 to 400 PSIG. The output will be linear from 0.5VDC to 4.5VDC over the 400 PSIG (27.5 barg) range.

The discharge transducers have a range from 0 to 650 PSIG. The output will be linear from 0.5VDC to 4.5VDC over the 600 PSIG (41.25 barg) range. Following is the formula that can be used to verify the voltage output of the transducer. All voltage reading are in reference to ground (unit case).

TABLE 31 - PRESSURE TRANSDUCERS

| 0-400 PSIG SUCTION PRESSURE TRANSDUCER | | 0-600 PSIG I PRES TRANS | SURE |
|--|----------------|-------------------------------|----------------|
| PRESSURE PSIG | VOLTAGE VDC | PRESSURE PSIG | VOLTAGE VDC |
| 0 | 0.5 | 0 | 0.5 |
| 50 | 1.0 | 75 | 1.0 |
| 100 | 1.5 | 150 | 1.5 |
| 150 | 2.0 | 225 | 2.0 |
| 200 | 2.5 | 300 | 2.5 |
| 250 | 3.0 | 375 | 3.0 |
| 300 | 3.5 | 450 | 3.5 |
| 350 | 4.0 | 525 | 4.0 |
| 400 | 4.5 | 600 | 4.5 |

RED WIRE = 5V, BLACK WIRE = 0V, WHITE/GREEN WIRE = SIGNAL

TEST POINTS:

or

V = (Pressure in BARG x .145) + .5 where V = DC voltage output

Pressure = pressure sensed by transducer

The I/O board connections for the Discharge Transducers are as follows.

System 1 Discharge Transducer

J7-6 = +5VDC regulated supply to transducer.

J7-11 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See the formula above for voltage readings that correspond to specific discharge pressures.

J7-7 = +5VDC return

J7-2 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC)

System 2 Discharge Transducer

J9-6 = +5VDC regulated supply to transducer.

J9-11 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See the formula above for voltage readings that correspond to specific discharge pressures.

J9-7 = +5VDC return

J9-2 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC)

The suction transducers have a range from 0 to 400 PSIG (27.5 barg). The output will be linear from 0.5VDC to 4.5VDC over the 400 PSIG (27.5 barg) range. Following is a formula that can be used to verify the voltage output of the transducer. All voltage reading are in reference to ground (unit case).

V = (Pressure in PSIG x.02) + .5

or

V = (Pressure in barg x .29) + .5

where V = DC voltage input to microprocessor

Pressure = pressure sensed by transducer

Following are the I/O board connections for the Suction Transducer.

System 1 Suction Transducer

J7-5 = +5VDC regulated supply to transducer.

J7-10 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See the formula above for voltage readings that correspond to specific suction pressures.

J7-9 = +5VDC return.

J7-1 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC).

System 2 Suction Transducer

J9-5 = +5VDC regulated supply to transducer.

J9-10 = VDC input signal to the microboard. See the formula above for voltage readings that correspond to specific suction pressures.

J7-9 = +5VDC return.

J7-11 = drain (shield connection = 0VDC).

Digital Outputs

See the unit wiring diagram and *Figure 42 on page 168*. The digital outputs are located on TB7, TB8, and TB9 and TB-10 of the microboard. All outputs are 120VAC with the exception of TB8-6 to TB8-7 which are the contacts that can be used for a remote evaporator pump start signal. The voltage applied to either of these terminals would be determined by field wiring.

Each output is controlled by the microprocessor by switching 120VAC to the respective output connection energizing contactors, evaporator heater, and solenoids according to the operating sequence.

120VAC is supplied to the I/O board via connections at TB7-1, TB7-6, TB10-1, TB10-6, TB8-1 and TB9-1. Figure 34 illustrates the relay contact architecture on the microboard.

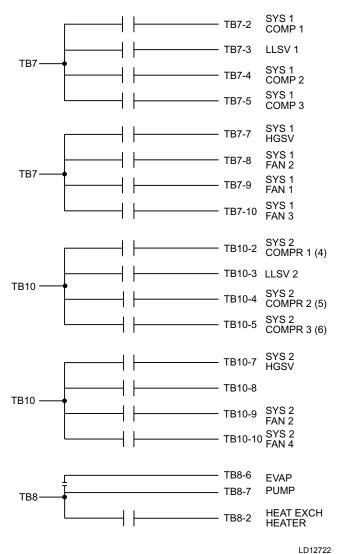


FIGURE 42 - I/O BOARD RELAY CONTACT

ARCHITECTURE

OPTIONAL PRINTER INSTALLATION

The micro panel is capable of supplying a printout of chiller conditions or fault shutdown information at any given time. This allows operator and service personnel to obtain data and system status with the touch of the keypad. In addition to manual print selection, the micro panel will provide an automatic printout whenever a fault occurs. Detailed explanation of the print function is given under *Print Key on page 118*.

Johnson Controls recommends the field tested WEIGH-TRONIX model 1220 printer (or former IMP 24). This is a compact low cost printer that is ideal for service work and data logging.

The WEIGH-TRONIX printer can be obtained by contacting WEIGH-TRONIX for purchase information at:

WEIGH-TRONIX

2320 Airport Blvd.

Santa Rosa, CA 95402

Phone: 1-800-982-6622 or 1-707-527-5555

(International Orders Only)

The part number for the printer that is packaged specifically for YORK is P/N 950915576. The cable to connect the printer can either be locally assembled from the parts listed, or ordered directly from WEIGHTRONIX under part number 287-040018.

Parts

The following parts are required:

- 1. WEIGH-TRONIX model 1220 printer.
- 2. Desk top calculator paper, 2.25" (5.7cm) wide.
- 3. Twisted Pair Shielded Cable (minimum 3 conductor), #18 AWG stranded, 300V minimum insulation, 25 ft. (7.62m) maximum length.
- 4. One 25 pin Cannon connector and shell.
- 5. Cannon P/N DB-25P connector, or equivalent.
- 6. Cannon P/N DB-C2-J9 shell.

Assembly and Wiring

All components should be assembled and wired as shown in Figure 43. Strip the outside insulation back several inches and individual wires about 3/8" (9.5 mm) to connect the cable at the Microboard. Do not connect the shield at the printer-end of the cable.

Obtaining a Printout

A printout is obtained by pressing the PRINT key on the keypad and then pressing either the OPER DATA key or HISTORY key.

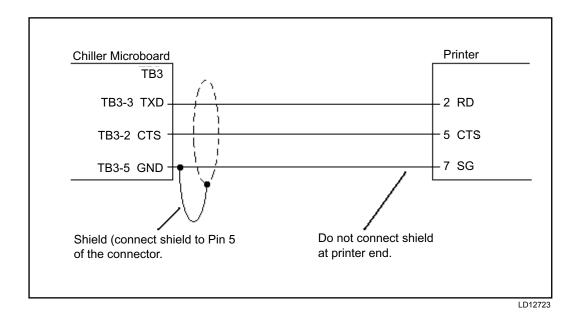


FIGURE 43 - PRINTER TO MICROBOARD ELECTRICAL CONNECTIONS

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

TROUBLESHOOTING

TABLE 32 - TROUBLESHOOTING

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION |
|---|--|--|
| | 1. No 115VAC to 24VAC Transformer. | 1a. Check wiring and fuse 1FU. |
| | | 1b. Check wiring emergency stop contacts 5 to L of XTBC2 Terminal Block. |
| | | 1c. Replace Control Transformer. |
| | 2. No 24VAC to Microboard. | Check wiring Control Transformer to Microboard. |
| | Control Transformer defective, no 24VAC output. | 3. Replace Control Transformer. |
| NO DISPLAY ON PANEL. UNIT WILL NOT OPERATE | 4. Short in wire to temp. sensors or pressure transducers. | 4. Unplug connections at IPU II & I/O Board to isolate. |
| | 5. Defective IPU II & I/O Board or the Display Board. | 5. Replace IPU II & I/O Board or the Display Board. |
| | | Contact Johnson Controls Service before replacing circuit Boards! |
| | No chilled liquid flow. | Check chilled liquid flow. |
| | No crimed liquid flow. Flow switch improperly installed. | 2. Check that the flow switch is installed |
| | 2. Flow switch improperly installed. | according to manufacturer's instructions. |
| FLOW SWITCH/REM STOP NO RUN PERMISSIVE | 3. Defective flow switch. | 3. Replace flow switch. |
| | 4. Remote cycling device open. | Check cycling devices connected to terminals 13 and 14 of the XTBC1 Terminal Block. |
| | Improper suction pressure cutouts adjustments. | Adjust per recommended settings. |
| | 2. Low refrigerant charge. | 2. Repair leak if necessary and add refrigerant. |
| | 3. Fouled filter dryer. | 3. Change dryer/core. |
| | 4. TXV defective. | 4. Replace TXV. |
| LOW SUCTION PRESSURE FAULT | Reduced flow of chilled liquid through the cooler. | 5. Check GPM (See Operational Limitations (English) on page 43). Check operation of pump, clean pump strainer, purge chilled liquid system of air. |
| | Defective suction pressure transducer/low pressure switch or wiring. | 6. Replace transducer/low pressure switch or faulty switch or wiring. See SECTION 9 – SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING for pressure/voltage formula. |
| | 7. LLSV defective | 7. Replace LLSV |
| | Condenser fans not operating or operating backwards. | Check fan motor, and contactors. Assure fan blows air upward. |
| | 2. Too much refrigerant. | 2. Remove refrigerant. |
| HIGH DISCHARGE PRESSURE | 3. Air in refrigerant system. | 3. Evacuate and recharge system. |
| FAULT | Defective discharge pressure transducer. | 4. Replace discharge pressure transducer. See SECTION 9 – SERVICE AND TROUBLESHOOTING for pressure/voltage formula on page 167. |

TABLE 32 - TROUBLESHOOTING (CONT'D)

| PROBLEM | CAUSE | SOLUTION | |
|---------------------------|---|---|--|
| | Improperly adjusted leaving chilled liquid temp. cutout (glycol only). | Re-program the leaving chilled liquid temp. cutout. | |
| | Micro panel setpoint/range values improperly programmed. | 2. Re-adjust setpoint/range. | |
| LOW LIQUID TEMP FAULT | 3. Chilled liquid flow too low. | Increase chilled liquid flow. See Operational Limitations (English) on page 43). | |
| | 4. Defective LWT or RWT sensor (assure the sensor is properly installed in the bottom of the well with a generous amount of heat) conductive compound). | 4. Compare sensor against a known good Temperature sensing device. See <i>Table 30</i> on page 166 | |
| | Compressor internal motor protector (MP) open. | Verify refrigerant charge is not low. Verify superheat setting of 10 °F to 15 °F (5.6 °C to 8.3 °C). Verify correct compressor rotation. Verify compressor is not overloaded. | |
| MP / HPCO FAULT | 2. External overload tripped. | Determine cause and reset. | |
| | 3. HPCO switch open. | 3. See High Press. Disch. Fault. | |
| | 4. Defective HPCO switch. | 4. Replace HPCO switch. | |
| | 5. Defective CR relay. | 5. Replace relay. | |
| | Demand not great enough. | No problem. Consult Installation Manual to aid in understanding compressor operation and capacity control. | |
| COMPRESSOR(S) WON'T START | Defective water temperature sensor. | 2. Compare the display with a thermometer. Should be within plus or minus 2 degrees. See Table 30 on page 166 for RWT/LWT temp./voltage table. | |
| | 3. Contactor/Overload failure. | Replace defective part. | |
| | 4. Compressor failure. | 4. Diagnose cause of failure and replace. | |
| | Fouled evaporator surface. Low suction pressure will be observed. | Contact the local Johnson Controls service representative. | |
| LACK OF COOLING EFFECT | Improper flow through the evaporator. | Reduce flow to within chiller design specs. See Operational Limitations (English) on page 43). | |
| | Low refrigerant charge. Low suction pressure will be observed. | Check subcooling and add charge as needed. | |

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

THIS PAGE INTENTIONALLY LEFT BLANK

10

SECTION 10 – MAINTENANCE

It is the responsibility of the equipment owner to perform maintenance on the system.

Important

If system failure occurs due to improper maintenance during the warranty period, Johnson Controls will not be liable for costs incurred to return the system to satisfactory operation. The following is intended only as a guide and covers only the chiller unit components. It does not cover other related system components which may or may not be furnished by Johnson Controls. System components should be maintained according to the individual manufacture's recommendations as their operation will affect the operation of the chiller.

COMPRESSORS

Oil Level check

The oil level can only be tested when the compressor is running in stabilized conditions, to ensure that there is no liquid refrigerant in the lower shell of the compressor. When the compressor is running at stabilized conditions, the oil level must be between 1/4 and 3/4 in the oil sight glass. At shutdown, it is acceptable if the oil level falls to the bottom limit of the oil sight glass.



Use YORK "V" oil 011-00949-000, when adding oil to Copeland compressor. The Bitzer compressor uses 011-00982-000 oil.

Oil Analysis

The oil used in these compressors is pale yellow in color (POE oil). If the oil color darkens or exhibits a change in color, this may be an indication of contaminants in the refrigerant system. If this occurs, an oil sample should be taken and analyzed. If contaminants are present, the system must be cleaned to prevent compressor failure.



Never use the scroll compressor to pump the refrigerant system down into a vacuum. Doing so will cause internal arcing of the compressor motor which will result in failure of compressor.

CONDENSER FAN MOTORS

Condenser fan motors are permanently lubricated and require no maintenance.

Condenser MCHX

Dirt should not be allowed to accumulate on the MCHX condenser surfaces. Cleaning should be as often as necessary to keep coils clean.



Exercise care when cleaning the MCHX so that the fins are not damaged.

CONDENSER MCHX CLEANING

The cleaning procedure for the condenser MCHX is significantly different than tube and fin type MCHX. Care must be taken to understand the differences to avoid damage to the MCHX. These differences require a number of DO NOT's that must be observed:

- DO NOT use coil cleaners or any chemical on a MCHX. This can cause severe damage to the coils.
- DO NOT use a pressure washer to clean the MCHX. While it is possible to clean a the MCHX with a pressure washer, it's also possible to destroy it.
- DO NOT contact the MCHX with a hard surface such as a hose nozzle or metal vacuum nozzle or any other tool.

Follow the three steps below for cleaning the MCHX:

1. Remove surface debris such as dirt, leaves, insects, fibers, etc. with a vacuum cleaner having a soft attachment rather than a metal tube. Compressed air blown from the inside out can also be used. When brushing debris off the face of the MCHX a soft bristle (not wire) brush can be used. Do not scrape the MCHX with the vacuum nozzle, air nozzle, or any other tool.

SECTION 10 – MAINTENANCE FORM 150.72-ICOM6
ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

2. Rinse the MCHX with tap water. Do not use MCHX cleaners. Rinse the coil from the inside out, running water through every passage in the heat exchanger surface until it is clean. Use a gentle spray from a spray nozzle with a plastic end or put your finger on the end of the spray nozzle to reduce impact and provide a gentle spray.

3. Because of the fin geometry, the condenser MCHX retain water more than tube and fin style. It is generally recommended to blow or vacuum out the rinse water from the MCHX to speed drying and prevent water pooling.

OPERATING PARAMETERS

Regular checks of the system should be preformed to ensure that operating temperatures and pressures are within limitations, and that the operating controls are set within proper limits. See *SECTION 8 – UNIT OPERATION*, *SECTION 6 – COMMISSIONING*, and *SECTION 4 – INSTALLATION* of this manual.

ON-BOARD BATTERY BACK-UP

The Real Time Clock chip (U5) located on the 031-02630 IPU II board that maintains the date/time and stores customer programmed setpoints.



Do not confuse JP1 on the IPU II (031-02630) board with JP1 on the I/O (031-02550) board.

BRAZED PLATE HEAT EXCHANGER (EVAPORATOR) HEATER



The internal power supply to the Evaporator Heater is 120VAC. Disconnecting 120VAC power from the unit, at or below freezing temperatures, can result in damage to the evaporator and unit as a result of the chilled liquid freezing.

OVERALL UNIT INSPECTION

In addition to the checks listed on this page, periodic overall inspections of the unit should be accomplished to ensure proper equipment operation. Items such as loose hardware, component operation, refrigerant leaks, unusual noises, etc. should be investigated and corrected immediately.

LADT

TEMPERATURE CONVERSION CHART

Temperature Conversion Chart - Actual Temperatures

° C °C °F 0 -17.8 -18 -0.4 4 -15.6 -16 3.2 -13.3 -14 8 6.8 12 -12 10.4 -11.1 16 -8.9 -10 14 20 -6.7 -8 17.6 24 -4.4 -6 21.2 28 -2.2 -4 24.8 0.0 -2 32 28.4 36 2.2 0 32 40 4.4 2 35.6 44 6.7 4 39.2 48 6 42.8 8.9 52 8 46.4 11.1 10 56 13.3 50 60 15.6 12 53.6 17.8 64 14 57.2 20.0 68 16 60.8 72 22.2 18 64.4 76 24.4 20 68 80 26.7 22 71.6 84 28.9 24 75.2 31.1 88 26 78.8 92 33.3 28 82.4 96 35.6 30 86 32 89.6 100 37.8 104 40.0 34 93.2 108 42.2 36 96.8 100.4 112 44.4 38 116 46.7 40 104 42 120 48.9 107.6 51.1 44 124 111.2 128 53.3 46 114.8 132 55.6 48 118.4 136 57.8 50 122 140 60.0 52 125.6 144 62.2 54 129.2 148 64.4 56 132.8 152 66.7 58 136.4 60 156 68.9 140 62 160 71.1 143.6 64 164 73.3 147.2 168 75.6 66 150.8 172 77.8 68 154.4 176 0.08 70 158 180 82.2 72 161.6 184 84.4 74 165.2 76 168.8 188 86.7 192 88.9 78 172.4 196 91.1 80 176 179.6 200 93.3 82 204 95.6 84 183.2 208 97.8 86 186.8 212 100.0 88 190.4 216 102.2 90 194 220 104.4 197.6 92 224 106.7 94 201.2 228 108.9 96 204.8 232 98 208.4 111.1 100 236 212 113.3 240 102 215.6 115.6 244 117.8 104 219.2

Temperature Conversion Chart - Differential Temperatures

| °F = | e ° C | °C : | = °F |
|------|-------|------|------|
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 4 | 2.2 | 2 | 3.6 |
| 8 | 4.4 | 4 | 7.2 |
| 12 | 6.7 | 6 | 10.8 |
| 16 | 8.9 | 8 | 14.4 |
| 20 | 11.1 | 10 | 18 |
| 24 | 13.3 | 12 | 21.6 |
| 28 | 15.6 | 14 | 25.2 |
| 32 | 17.8 | 16 | 28.8 |
| 36 | 20 | 18 | 32.4 |
| 40 | 22.2 | 20 | 36 |
| 44 | 24.4 | 22 | 39.6 |
| 48 | 26.7 | 24 | 43.2 |
| 52 | 28.9 | 26 | 46.8 |
| 56 | 31.1 | 28 | 50.4 |
| 60 | 33.3 | 30 | 54 |

Pressure Conversion Chart -Gauge or Differential

| PSI | = BAR | BAR | = PSI |
|-----|-------|------|-------|
| 20 | 1.38 | 1.5 | 21.8 |
| 30 | 2.07 | 2 | 29 |
| 40 | 2.76 | 2.5 | 36.3 |
| 50 | 3.45 | 3 | 43.5 |
| 60 | 4.14 | 3.5 | 50.8 |
| 70 | 4.83 | 4 | 58 |
| 80 | 5.52 | 4.5 | 65.3 |
| 90 | 6.21 | 5 | 72.5 |
| 100 | 6.9 | 5.5 | 79.8 |
| 110 | 7.59 | 6 | 87 |
| 120 | 8.28 | 6.5 | 94.3 |
| 130 | 8.97 | 7 | 101.5 |
| 140 | 9.66 | 7.5 | 108.8 |
| 150 | 10.34 | 8 | 116 |
| 160 | 11.03 | 8.5 | 123.3 |
| 170 | 11.72 | 9 | 130.5 |
| 180 | 12.41 | 9.5 | 137.8 |
| 190 | 13.1 | 10 | 145 |
| 200 | 13.79 | 10.5 | 152.3 |
| 210 | 14.48 | 11 | 159.5 |
| 220 | 15.17 | 11.5 | 166.8 |
| 230 | 15.86 | 12 | 174 |
| 240 | 16.55 | 12.5 | 181.3 |
| 250 | 17.24 | 13 | 188.5 |
| 260 | 17.93 | 13.5 | 195.8 |
| 270 | 18.62 | 14 | 203 |
| 280 | 19.31 | 14.5 | 210.3 |
| 290 | 20 | 15 | 217.5 |
| 300 | 20.69 | 15.5 | 224.8 |
| 310 | 21.38 | 16 | 232 |
| 320 | 22.07 | 16.5 | 239.3 |
| 330 | 22.76 | 17 | 246.5 |
| 340 | 23.45 | 17.5 | 253.8 |
| 350 | 24.14 | 18 | 261 |
| 360 | 24.83 | 18.5 | 268.3 |
| 370 | 25.52 | 19 | 275.5 |
| 380 | 26.21 | 19.5 | 282.8 |
| 390 | 26.9 | 20 | 290 |
| 400 | 27.59 | 20.5 | 297.3 |
| | | | |

R-410A PRESSURE TEMPERATURE CHART

| PSIG | TEMP °F | PSIG | TEMP °F |
|------|---------|------|---------|
| 0 | -60 | 78 | 20 |
| 2 | -58 | 80 | 21 |
| 4 | -54 | 85 | 24 |
| 6 | -50 | 90 | 26 |
| 8 | -46 | 95 | 29 |
| 10 | -42 | 100 | 32 |
| 12 | -39 | 105 | 34 |
| 14 | -36 | 110 | 36 |
| 16 | -33 | 115 | 39 |
| 18 | -30 | 120 | 41 |
| 20 | -28 | 125 | 43 |
| 22 | -26 | 130 | 45 |
| 24 | -24 | 135 | 47 |
| 26 | -20 | 140 | 49 |
| 28 | -18 | 145 | 51 |
| 30 | -16 | 150 | 53 |
| 32 | -14 | 160 | 57 |
| 34 | -12 | 170 | 60 |
| 36 | -10 | 180 | 64 |
| 38 | -8 | 190 | 67 |
| 40 | -6 | 200 | 70 |
| 42 | -4 | 210 | 73 |
| 44 | -3 | 220 | 76 |
| 46 | -2 | 225 | 78 |
| 48 | 0 | 235 | 80 |
| 50 | 1 | 245 | 83 |
| 52 | 3 | 255 | 85 |
| 54 | 4 | 265 | 88 |
| 56 | 6 | 275 | 90 |
| 58 | 7 | 285 | 92 |
| 60 | 8 | 295 | 95 |
| 62 | 10 | 305 | 97 |
| 64 | 11 | 325 | 101 |
| 66 | 13 | 355 | 108 |
| 68 | 14 | 375 | 112 |
| 70 | 15 | 405 | 118 |
| 72 | 16 | 500 | 134 |
| 74 | 17 | 600 | 149 |
| 76 | 19 | 700 | 159 |

FORM 150.72-ICOM6 ISSUE DATE: 12/29/2017

The following factors can be used to convert from English to the most common SI Metric values.

TABLE 33 - SI METRIC CONVERSION

| MEASUREMENT | MULTIPLY ENGLISH UNIT | BY FACTOR | TO OBTAIN METRIC UNIT |
|---------------|-------------------------------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Capacity | Tons Refrigerant Effect (ton) | 3.516 | Kilowatts (kW) |
| Power | Horsepower | 0.7457 | Kilowatts (kW) |
| Flow Rate | Gallons / Minute (gpm) | 0.0631 | Liters / Second (I/s) |
| l an oth | Feet (ft) | 0.3048 | Meters (m) |
| Length | Inches (in) | 25.4 | Millimeters (mm) |
| Weight | Pounds (lbs) | 0.4536 | Kilograms (kg) |
| Velocity | Feet / Second (fps) | 0.3048 | Meters / Second (m/s) |
| Pressure Drop | Feet of Water (ft) | 2.989 | Kilopascals (kPa) |
| | Pounds / Square Inch (psi) | 6.895 | Kilopascals (kPa) |

TEMPERATURE

To convert degrees Fahrenheit (°F) to degrees Celsius (°C), subtract 32° and multiply by 5/9 or 0.5556.

Example: $(45.0^{\circ}F - 32^{\circ}) \times 0.5556 = 7.22^{\circ}C$

To convert a temperature range (i.e., a range of 10°F) from Fahrenheit to Celsius, multiply by 5/9 or 0.5556.

Example: 10.0°F range x 0.5556 = 5.6 °C range

