



Smith Accounting Services, LLC 2025 Year-End Tax Planning Guide

As we approach the end of 2025, there's still time to act and make a real difference in your tax outcome for the year. With thoughtful planning and a few strategic steps, you can reduce your tax bill, strengthen your retirement savings, and position your finances for a better 2026. Below are some year-end moves to consider before December 31.

Strengthen Your Business Deductions before December 31

Prepay Expenses

If you're on the cash basis, you can prepay qualifying expenses up to 12 months in advance and deduct them this year. That includes office rent, equipment leases, and insurance premiums.

Hold Off on Year-End Billing

A simple yet effective move for cash-basis businesses: delay billing clients until January. Since you don't recognize income until payment is received, postponing invoices can shift taxable income into 2026.

Purchase Needed Equipment

If you've been planning to buy office furniture, computers, or machinery, doing it now can provide a full deduction through 100 percent bonus depreciation or Section 179 expensing.

Use Business Credit Cards Wisely

For Schedule C filers, the deduction occurs on the date of the charge, not when you pay the bill. That means charges made in December are deductible this year.

Review Qualified Improvement Property

If you improved the interior of your business or one of your commercial rental properties this year, those costs may qualify for immediate expensing rather than 39-year depreciation.

Take Full Advantage of Retirement Savings Opportunities

Retirement plans remain one of the most powerful tax-saving tools available to small-business owners and self-employed professionals.

Establish or Fund a Retirement Plan Before Year-End

If you don't yet have a retirement plan, setting one up before December 31 allows you to make both employee and employer contributions for 2025.

For a solo business, a 401(k) plan (often referred to as "solo 401(k)") is an ideal option. Your owner-employee contribution limits for 2025 are:

- \$23,500 if under age 50
- \$31,000 if age 50–59 or over 64
- \$34,750 if age 60–63

Your employer contributions to your retirement account (remember, you are both employer and employee) can tally up to 25 percent of compensation, with a combined maximum of \$70,000–\$81,250 depending on age.

Use Available Tax Credits

If you started a new plan this year or plan to, you may qualify for valuable credits.

Consider a Roth Conversion

If your income is lower this year or your investments have declined, converting a traditional IRA or 401(k) to a Roth can be an attractive option. You'll pay tax on the converted amount now, but future qualified withdrawals are tax-free, and Roth IRAs have no required minimum distributions during your lifetime.

Use Vehicle Deductions to Your Advantage

The recent tax act expanded the deductions available for business vehicles in 2025. Timing and vehicle type are critical.

Heavy SUVs, Pickups, and Vans

These vehicles weighing over 6,000 pounds may qualify for:

- 100 percent bonus depreciation
- Section 179 expensing up to \$31,300 for SUVs and \$2.5 million for trucks and vans
- No luxury limits

Example. A \$50,000 SUV used 90 percent for business produces a \$45,000 deduction this year.



Standard-Weight Vehicles

Vehicles with GVWRs of 6,000 pounds or less face luxury depreciation caps—allowing only up to \$20,200 in first-year deductions.

Act Before Year-End

To qualify, you must own the vehicle and place it in service by December 31.

Plan for Crypto Profits and Losses

Crypto investors had a strong 2025, and now is the time to manage taxes efficiently.

Harvest Gains or Losses

- **Tax-gain harvesting.** Sell appreciated crypto now if you expect higher income next year. Pay tax at today's rate and immediately repurchase to reset your basis.
- **Tax-loss harvesting.** Sell underperforming assets to offset other capital gains. Excess losses can offset up to \$3,000 of ordinary income, with the balance carried forward.

No Wash-Sale Restrictions

Because the IRS treats crypto as property, you can sell to create deductible losses and rebuy immediately without waiting 30 days.

Donate Appreciated Crypto

Donating directly to a charity avoids capital gains and earns a deduction for the fair market value. If the gift exceeds \$5,000, obtain a qualified appraisal and include Form 8283 with your return.

Gift Crypto to Family Members

You can give up to \$19,000 per person in 2025 without any reporting requirement. The recipient inherits your original cost basis and holding period.

Invest through Self-Directed Accounts

Consider a self-directed IRA or solo 401(k) that allows cryptocurrency investments. You'll enjoy the same tax-deferred or tax-free growth benefits available with traditional investments.

Don't Overlook Deductions Hidden in Your Current Vehicles

- **Convert a personal vehicle to business use.** OBBBA allows up to 100 percent bonus depreciation when you start using a personal vehicle for business. If you operate as a corporation, the company must reimburse you for the deduction before year-end.

Review Your Stock Portfolio for Tax Efficiency

Year-end is an ideal time to review and adjust your investments.

Offset Gains with Losses

Match short-term gains (taxed as high as 40.8%) with long-term losses.

Avoid Wash-Sale Traps

Selling and repurchasing the same stock within 30 days cancels your loss. Wait until January to rebuy if you plan to claim the loss in 2025.

Share Wealth within the Family

Gifting appreciated stock to children or parents in lower tax brackets lets them sell at 0%–15% capital gains rates, freeing up after-tax cash for the family as a whole.

Donate Appreciated Stock to Charity

Instead of cash, donate appreciated shares. If you itemize your deductions, you'll receive a deduction for the fair market value and avoid paying capital gains on the appreciation.

Sell Losers, Then Give Cash

If a stock has lost value, sell it to recognize the loss, then donate the cash proceeds. This way, you claim both the loss and the charitable deduction.

Review Your Health Care Reimbursement Options

For small-business owners, properly structured medical plans can be powerful deduction tools.

Reimburse Section 105 Expenses before December 31

If you have a Section 105 Health Reimbursement Arrangement (HRA) for your spouse-employee, ensure that all reimbursements are completed before year-end, so your family's medical expenses qualify for a 2025 deduction.

Consider a QSEHRA or an ICHRA

- QSEHRA (Qualified Small Employer HRA): For businesses with fewer than 50 employees, reimburse up to \$6,350 (individual) or \$12,800 (family) tax-free.
- ICHRA (Individual Coverage HRA): Works for employers of any size and reimburses employees for individual health insurance coverage.

S Corporation Owners

For you to qualify for the above-the-line deduction on your Form 1040, your S corporation must pay or reimburse your health insurance premiums and include them on your W-2.

Small-Employer Health Insurance Credit

If you cover at least half the cost of employee health insurance, you may qualify for a 50 percent tax credit for up to two consecutive years.

Make Smart, Family-Focused Tax Moves

Put Your Children on Payroll

Paying your under-age 18 child for legitimate work can save thousands:

- The wages are deductible for you.
- Neither you nor your child owes payroll taxes.
- The first \$15,750 paid to the child is tax-free to the child due to the standard deduction.
- Your child can contribute up to \$7,000 to a Roth IRA, building tax-free savings for life.

Be sure to issue a W-2 (not a 1099) and keep clear records of work performed and payment dates.

Mortgage Planning

Two unmarried co-owners can each deduct interest on up to \$1 million of mortgage debt for older loans (or \$750,000 for newer loans). Married couples are limited to a total of \$1 million (or \$750,000).

Use the 0 Percent Capital-Gains Bracket for Family Gifts

If you assist parents or relatives in lower tax brackets (say, with a joint income of under \$96,700), consider giving them appreciated stock instead of cash. They can sell the stock tax-free, preserving more family wealth.

Estimated Tax Payments

Here's an important tax planning strategy that can save you thousands in penalties if you've missed estimated tax payments for 2025. When you don't make your 2025 estimated tax payments on time, the IRS charges a non-deductible 7 percent penalty that compounds daily. Simply writing a check today won't erase the penalties. It only prevents them from growing further. But there is a way to make them disappear entirely. By using a retirement account with 60-day rollover provisions, you can eliminate estimated tax penalties instantly. Here's how:

- Withdraw funds from your IRA, 401(k), or other eligible plan, and direct the custodian to withhold federal income tax.
- Repay the full amount into the retirement account within 60 days using other funds.

The IRS treats the withheld taxes as if they were made evenly across all four estimated tax deadlines. And because you repaid the account within 60 days, the withdrawal is not taxable, and no penalty applies.

Each of these moves can help reduce your 2025 tax liability and improve your long-term financial position. We encourage you to reach out to us at 404-481-5067 or www.sas-cpa.com, if you have any questions or want to schedule a personalized review.