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/* fcst1.gss, mww, 5/20/00
   Construct Forecasts Using Leading Indicators in Bivariate Regression Models
*/
new;
library pgraph;
dext="q59";                @ Data Extension @
datadir="C:\\data\\Gauss\\apf\\ddisk2003\\data\\";    @ Data Path @
hpath="C:\\data\\Gauss\\apf\\ddisk2003\\gss\\";        @ Home Path @
fpath="C:\\data\\Gauss\\apf\\ddisk2003\\gss\\frc\\";   @ Path For Saving Forecasts @
slst="fyseries.inp";      @ Forecast Series list @
ulst="li.inp";            @ Name of LI list @
clst="country.inp";       @ List of Country Names @
missc= 1.0e+32 ;          @ Missing Value Code in ASCII Files @

@ Sample Period @
fyds=59;    @ First Year of Data Set @
fmnds=1;    @ First Quarter of Data Set @
lyds=99;    @ Last Year of Data Set @
lmnds=04;   @ Last Quarter of Data Set @
fyest=60;   @ First Year to For Estimation @
fmest=1;    @ First Quarter For Estimation @
lyest=99;   @ First Year to For Estimation @
lmest=2;    @ First Quarter For Estimation @

@ Other Parameters @
nfstart=40; @ minimum number of in-sample periods @

nphvec=2|4|8; @ Number of Periods ahead for regressions
              Dep variable in regression is:
              inf(t+nph)-inf(t), where inf is defined above @

nolag=4;     @ maximum number of own lags to be included
              -- Note regression will include lags from
              0 to nolag-1
              for a total of nolag values of the series @
nulag=4;     @ maximum lags of LI include @
lmeth=2;     @ 0 -- fixed
              1 -- AIC
              2 -- BIC @

@ Calendars, time vectors, etc. @
@ -- Sample Period Pointers -- @
nds = 4*(lyds-fyds) + (lmnds-fmnds)+1; @ Data Set Sample Size @
ifest = 4*(fyest-fyds) + (fmest-fmnds)+1; @ Index of First Estimation Period @
ilest = 4*(lyest-fyds) + (lmest-fmnds)+1; @ Index of Last Forecast Period @

@ -- Construct Calendar Sequences for Plotting, etc -- @
calds=zeros(nds,2);
calds[1,1]=fyds;
calds[1,2]=fmnds;
yr=fyds; mt=fmnds;
i=2; do while i <= nds;
  mt=mt+1;
  if mt .> 4; mt=1; yr=yr+1; endif;
  calds[i,1]=yr; calds[i,2]=mt;
i=i+1; endo;
calest=calds[ifest:rows(calds),.];
tds=calds[.,1]+(calds[.,2]-ones(rows(calds),1))/4;

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test=calest[:,1]+(calest[:,2]-ones(rows(calest),1))/4;

@ -- Read in List of Data Series and Tcodes-- @
tmp = datadir $+ slst;
f1=fopen(tmp,"r");
slstm=fgetsat(f1,3000);      @ List of Series to be forecast @
f1=close(f1);

tmp = datadir $+ ulst;
f1=fopen(tmp,"r");
ulstm=fgetsat(f1,3000);      @ List of Leading Indicators @
f1=close(f1);

tmp = datadir $+ clst;
f1=fopen(tmp,"r");
clstm=fgetsat(f1,3000);      @ List of Country lables @
f1=close(f1);

@ -- Load Necessary Procs -- @
#include fcst.prc;

inph=1; do while inph <=rows(nphvec);
nph=nphvec[inph];
nc=1; do while nc <= rows(clstm);
{cname,tmp}=gname(clstm[nc]);

ns=1; do while ns <= rows(slstm);
{sname,scode}=gname(slstm[ns]);
bname=sname $+ "@" $+ cname;
aname=datadir $+ bname $+ ".q59";
@ print /flush;; "Loading ";;aname; @
load x[]={aname};
x=miss(x,missc);
y=transx(x,scode);      @ -- Transform -- @
yfor=yfcst(x,scode,nph); @ -- Construct Forecast variable -- @
/*
title(bname);
xy(tds,yfor);
wait;
*/
@ -- Construct Matrix of Own lags to be used in forecasting -- @
yreg=miss(zeros(rows(y),nolag),0);
i=1; do while i <= nolag;
yreg[i:rows(yreg),i]=y[1:rows(y)+1-i];
i=i+1; endo;

@ Set up Matrix of Control Variables @
cvar=ones(nds,1); @ Constant Term @

@ --- Compute Univariate Forecast (with controls if desired) --- @
print /flush;; bname;;" univariate";;timestr(time);
yforc=miss(zeros(nds,1),0);      @ Matrix for Storing Forecasts @

t=ifest+nfstart; do while t <= ilest;
@ -- Observations to use in regression -- @
yfort=yfor[ifest:t-nph];
yregt=yreg[ifest:t-nph,.];

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cvar=cvar[ifest:t-nph,.];

temp=yfort~cvar~yregt;
temp=packr(temp);

if rows(temp) .>= nfstart;
  @ Eliminate Missing Observations @
  yfort=temp[.,1];
  k1=1;
  k2=k1+cols(cvar);
  cvar=temp[.,k1+1:k2];
  k1=k2;
  k2=k1+cols(yregt);
  yregt=temp[.,k1+1:k2];

  @ Determine Lag Length @
  nox=cols(yregt);
  if lmeth ./= 0;
    {nox,crit}=icmod1(yfort,cvar,yregt,lmeth);
  endif;

  @ Run Regression @
  xt=cvar;
  if nox .> 0; xt=xt~yregt[.,1:nox]; endif;
  breg=(invpd(xt'xt))*(xt'yfort);

  @ Construct Forecast @
  zt=cvar[t,.];
  if nox .> 0;
    zt=zt~yreg[t,1:nox];
  endif;
  yforc[t]=zt*breg;
endif;
t=t+1; endo;

/*
@ -- Compute RMSE -- @
e=yfor-yforcu;
e=packr(e);
mse=meanc(e.^2);
rmse=sqrt(mse);
format /ro 11,4;
print /flush "Univariate rmse";;rmse;
*/

@ -- Save Forecasts to Disk -- @
fname = fpath $+ bname $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(scode,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  "uniar" $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(lmeth,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(nph,2,0);
b=tds~yfor~yforc;
save ^fname=b;

@ James Block Start -----Saving parameter counts for the univariate models-----@
fname = fpath $+ bname $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(scode,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  "uniar_lag" $+ "_" $+

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        ftocv(lmeth,1,0) $+ "_" $+
        ftocv(nph,2,0) $+ ".txt";
print fname;
print nox;

save ^fname=nox;

@ James Block End -----@

nu=1; do while nu <= rows(ulstm);
  yforc=miss(zeros(nds,1),0);      @ Matrix for Storing Forecasts @
  {uname,ucode}=gname(ulstm[nu]);
  if uname .$== sname; goto bottom; endif;
  dname=uname $+ "@" $+ cname;
  aname=datadir $+ dname $+ ".q59";
  @ print /flush;; "Loading ";;aname; @
  print /flush;;" ";;bname;;" ";;uname;
  load x[^aname];
  x=miss(x,missc);
  y=transx(x,ucode);      @ -- Transform -- @

/*
  z=packr(y); if rows(z) .> 1;
  title(ulstm[nu]);
  xy(tds,y);
  wait;
endif;
*/

@ -- Construct Matrix of lags to be used in forecasting -- @
xreg=miss(zeros(rows(y),nulag),0);
i=1; do while i <= nulag;
  xreg[i:rows(xreg),i]=y[1:rows(y)+1-i];
  i=i+1; endo;

t=ifest+nfstart; do while t <= ilest;
  @ -- Observations to use in regression -- @
  yfort=yfor[ifest:t-nph];
  yregt=yreg[ifest:t-nph,.];
  xregt=xreg[ifest:t-nph,.];
  cvart=cvar[ifest:t-nph,.];

  temp=yfort~cvart~xregt~yregt;
  temp=packr(temp);

  if rows(temp) .>= nfstart;
  @ Eliminate Missing Observations @
  yfort=temp[.,1];
  k1=1;
  k2=k1+cols(cvart);
  cvart=temp[.,k1+1:k2];
  k1=k2;
  k2=k1+cols(xregt);
  xregt=temp[.,k1+1:k2];
  k1=k2;
  k2=k1+cols(yregt);
  yregt=temp[.,k1+1:k2];

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@ Determine Lag Length @
nux=cols(xregt);
nox=cols(yregt);
if lmeth ./= 0;
  @ -- Add First Column of xregt to cvart, this imposes the constraint
  that at least one lag xregt is included in model -- @
  {nux,nox,crit}=icmod2(yfort,cvart~xregt[.,1],xregt[.,2:cols(xregt)],yregt,lmeth);
  nux=nux+1;
endif;
@ Run Regression @
xt=cvart;
if nux .> 0; xt=xt~xregt[.,1:nux]; endif;
if nox .> 0; xt=xt~yregt[.,1:nox]; endif;
breg=(invpd(xt'xt))*(xt'yfort);

@ Construct Forecast @
zt=cvar[t,.];
if nux .> 0; zt=zt~xreg[t,1:nux]; endif;
if nox .> 0; zt=zt~yreg[t,1:nox]; endif;
yforc[t]=zt*breg;
endif;
t=t+1; endo;

bottom: @ Skipped if Own Series is Used as LI @

/*      @ -- Compute RMSE -- @
e=yfor-yforc;
e=packr(e);
mse=meanc(e.^2);
rmse=sqrt(mse);
format /ro 11,4;
print /flush "rmse";;rmse;
*/

@ -- Save Forecasts to Disk -- @
fname = fpath $+ bname $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(scode,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  uname $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(ucode,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(lmeth,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(nph,2,0);
b=tds~yfor~yforc;
save ^fname=b;

@ James Block #2 Start -----Saving parameter counts nux+nou for the non-univariate models-----@
fname = fpath $+ bname $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(scode,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  uname $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(ucode,1,0) $+ "_lag_nux" $+
  ftocv(lmeth,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(nph,2,0);
save ^fname=nux;

fname = fpath $+ bname $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(scode,1,0) $+ "_" $+
  uname $+ "_" $+
  ftocv(ucode,1,0) $+ "_lag_nox" $+
  ftocv(lmeth,1,0) $+ "_" $+

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        ftocv(nph,2,0);
save ^fname=nox;

fname = fpath $+ bname $+ "_" $+
        ftocv(scode,1,0) $+ "_" $+
        uname $+ "_" $+
        ftocv(ucode,1,0) $+ "_lag_nux_nox" $+
        ftocv(lmeth,1,0) $+ "_" $+
        ftocv(nph,2,0);
nuxnox=nux+nox+1;      @nox is count of AR variables, nux is count of lags of leading indicator, the +1 accounts for the intercept giving a parameter count @

print fname;
print nuxnox;

save ^fname=nuxnox;

@ James Block #2 End -----@

nu=nu+1; endo;
ns=ns+1; endo;
nc=nc+1; endo;
inph=inph+1; endo;

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