



SHIMP FOR PRESIDENT 2028

DRAFT EXECUTIVE ORDER

HUMANE AND LAWFUL IMMIGRATION DETENTION, MEDICAL CARE, SANITATION, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

Presidential Day-One Policy Draft

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Independent Candidate for President - 2028

ACCOUNTABILITY | INTEGRITY | RULE OF LAW

This draft establishes enforceable executive-branch detention standards, emergency inspections, medical-care requirements, custody reviews, complaint protections, evidence preservation, and independent accountability mechanisms for immigration detention facilities operated by or for the Federal Government.

EXECUTIVE ORDER

HUMANE AND LAWFUL IMMIGRATION DETENTION, MEDICAL CARE, SANITATION, AND ACCOUNTABILITY

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. Policy.

Every person held in Federal immigration custody shall be treated humanely, housed under sanitary and safe conditions, provided timely and appropriate medical and mental-health care, and detained only pursuant to lawful authority. No officer, employee, contractor, or facility operator is exempt from accountability for abuse, deliberate indifference, falsification of records, retaliation, unlawful detention, or other violations of law.

Sec. 2. Covered Facilities.

This order applies, to the maximum extent of executive authority, to immigration detention facilities, processing centers, holding facilities, staging locations, family or adult detention facilities, and contracted or intergovernmental facilities used by the Department of Homeland Security, including U.S. Immigration and Customs Enforcement and U.S. Customs and Border Protection, to hold persons in immigration custody.

Sec. 3. Immediate Government-Wide Inspection.

Within 72 hours, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall initiate unannounced health, sanitation, safety, medical-care, food-service, pest-control, overcrowding, and records inspections of covered facilities, prioritizing facilities with recent complaints, deaths, serious medical incidents, pest infestation, sewage or plumbing failures, food contamination, extreme temperatures, or credible allegations of abuse. Inspectors shall document conditions with photographs, records, interviews, and other lawful evidence.

Sec. 4. Emergency Sanitation Standards.

Covered facilities shall provide continuous access to functioning toilets, sinks, potable drinking water, showers on a reasonable schedule, soap, menstrual products, clean clothing and bedding, appropriate waste removal, safe food, pest control, ventilation, and temperature conditions protective of health. Roach, rodent, maggot, sewage, mold, or comparable infestation or contamination shall trigger immediate remediation and, where necessary for health or safety, transfer of detainees to suitable facilities.

Sec. 5. Medical and Mental-Health Care.

- (a) Every newly detained person shall receive timely medical screening appropriate to the circumstances of custody.
- (b) Emergency symptoms shall receive immediate clinical attention. Necessary medications shall not be withheld without a legitimate medical basis.
- (c) Facilities shall maintain procedures for chronic illness, disability, pregnancy, infectious disease, withdrawal, mental-health crisis, suicide prevention, and continuity of prescribed treatment.
- (d) Clinical decisions shall be made by qualified medical professionals and shall not be overridden for convenience, punishment, retaliation, or nonmedical cost-saving reasons.

Sec. 6. Lawfulness of Detention and Custody Review.

DHS shall establish an expedited review process to identify persons for whom continued detention lacks lawful authority, whose detention violates a court order or applicable statutory or constitutional requirement, or whose records contain material identity or custody-status errors. Nothing in this order requires release contrary to law; where detention is unlawful, the responsible agency shall take prompt lawful corrective action.

Sec. 7. Access to Counsel, Courts, and Complaints.

Covered facilities shall not obstruct legally protected access to counsel, courts, consular assistance, or established complaint and grievance procedures. Detainees shall have practical means to report unsafe conditions, medical neglect, abuse, retaliation, or unlawful detention. Translation or interpretation assistance shall be made reasonably available where necessary for meaningful access.

Sec. 8. Protection Against Abuse and Retaliation.

No Federal employee, officer, contractor, or facility employee may assault, threaten, punish, intimidate, retaliate against, or deliberately deprive a detainee of necessities because the detainee sought medical care, filed a grievance, contacted counsel, communicated with an inspector, reported misconduct, or exercised another protected right. Credible allegations shall be promptly preserved and referred to the appropriate investigative authority.

Sec. 9. Independent Accountability and Investigative Referrals.

The DHS Office of Inspector General and Office for Civil Rights and Civil Liberties, consistent with their lawful authorities, shall receive relevant inspection findings and allegations. Evidence reasonably indicating potential Federal criminal conduct shall be referred to the Department of Justice. Evidence indicating employee misconduct shall be referred for appropriate administrative investigation and discipline. Contractor misconduct shall be reviewed for contractual remedies, suspension, debarment, termination, or referral as authorized by law.

Sec. 10. No Shield for Government Personnel.

Federal employment, law-enforcement status, supervisory rank, contractor status, or direction from a superior shall not prevent referral or disciplinary review where credible evidence indicates misconduct. Investigations shall be impartial, preserve due process, consider exculpatory evidence, and make no presumption of guilt.

Sec. 11. Deaths and Serious Medical Events.

Any death in immigration custody, attempted suicide resulting in serious injury, life-threatening delay in medical treatment, or other designated critical incident shall receive prompt independent review. Relevant video, medical records, logs, communications, staffing records, and incident reports shall be preserved consistent with law. Families or lawful representatives shall receive notifications required by applicable law and policy.

Sec. 12. Contractor and Local-Government Facilities.

DHS shall incorporate the standards of this order into new and renewed detention contracts and agreements to the extent permitted by law. Existing agreements shall be reviewed for lawful modification, enforcement, corrective-action plans, withholding of payments where authorized, or termination when persistent serious violations are not corrected.

Sec. 13. Transparency.

DHS shall publish, subject to privacy, security, law-enforcement, and other lawful restrictions, facility-level information concerning inspection outcomes, serious deficiencies, corrective actions, deaths in custody, and substantiated findings of serious misconduct. Personally identifying medical and detainee information shall remain protected.

Sec. 14. Thirty-Day Compliance Review.

Within 30 days, the Secretary of Homeland Security shall provide the President a facility-by-facility compliance assessment identifying urgent health and sanitation failures, medical-care deficiencies, overcrowding, unresolved custody-lawfulness concerns, substantiated misconduct, contractor deficiencies, corrective actions, and facilities requiring suspension or closure under existing authority.

Sec. 15. Ninety-Day Reform Plan.

Within 90 days, DHS, in consultation with the Attorney General and other appropriate officials, shall submit a long-term detention reform plan addressing staffing, medical capacity, independent inspections, grievance systems, records integrity, contractor accountability, alternatives to detention where authorized by law, and measurable standards for preventing recurrence of serious deficiencies.

Sec. 16. General Provisions.

Nothing in this order creates authority to detain a person who may not lawfully be detained, or to release a person contrary to law. Nothing herein impairs the authority of an inspector general, court, prosecutor, or agency head; interferes with an independent criminal investigation; or creates a private right of action. This order shall be implemented consistent with the Constitution, applicable statutes, court orders, collective-bargaining obligations, and available appropriations.

THE WHITE HOUSE,

Date of issuance: _____