



SHIMP FOR PRESIDENT 2028

ACCOUNTABILITY • INTEGRITY • RULE OF LAW

PROPOSED EXECUTIVE ORDER NO. 9

FEDERAL REGULATORY REVIEW AND SIMPLIFICATION INITIATIVE

By the authority vested in me as President by the Constitution and the laws of the United States of America, and consistent with applicable administrative and regulatory law, it is hereby ordered as follows:

Section 1. Purpose and Policy.

Federal regulations should faithfully implement statutes enacted by Congress, protect legitimate public interests, and avoid obsolete, duplicative, conflicting, unnecessarily complex, or unjustifiably burdensome requirements. Executive agencies shall systematically review existing regulations and, where lawful and supported by the administrative record, simplify, modify, consolidate, or rescind requirements through the procedures required by law.

Sec. 2. Government-Wide Regulatory Inventory.

Within 120 days, each executive department and agency shall submit to the Administrator of the Office of Information and Regulatory Affairs (OIRA) an inventory identifying significant regulations that may be obsolete, duplicative, internally inconsistent, materially outdated by technological or market change, unnecessarily complex, or substantially overlapping with requirements administered by another Federal agency.

Sec. 3. Review Criteria.

Agency reviews shall consider statutory authority; continuing regulatory need; benefits and costs where legally relevant and reasonably measurable; effects on public health, safety, national security, consumers, workers, small entities, competition, innovation, State and local governments, and regulated parties; administrative complexity; reliance interests; enforcement experience; and reasonably available less burdensome alternatives capable of achieving statutory objectives.

Sec. 4. OIRA Coordination.

OIRA, established within the Office of Management and Budget under 44 U.S.C. § 3503, shall coordinate the government-wide review to the extent permitted by law, identify overlapping or conflicting requirements across agencies, and establish a schedule for priority review. Nothing in this order transfers statutory rulemaking authority from an agency to OIRA.

Sec. 5. Simplification and Plain Language.

Agencies shall identify opportunities to simplify forms, reporting obligations, definitions, compliance instructions, licensing processes, and regulatory text. Revised rules and guidance should use clear language to the extent practicable while preserving legally necessary precision.

Sec. 6. Small Entities.

In conducting reviews and future rulemaking, agencies shall comply with the Regulatory Flexibility Act and other applicable law. Agencies shall evaluate lawful alternatives that reduce unnecessary compliance burdens on small businesses, small governmental jurisdictions, and small organizations while continuing to accomplish statutory objectives.

Sec. 7. Duplicative Federal Requirements.

Where two or more executive agencies administer substantially overlapping requirements, the agencies shall evaluate whether lawful coordination, common definitions, shared reporting, mutual recognition, consolidated guidance, or other measures can reduce duplication without weakening requirements imposed by statute.

Sec. 8. Modification or Rescission.

No regulation shall be rescinded or materially amended solely because it appears on a review list. Agencies shall use notice-and-comment rulemaking, reasoned decision-making, evidentiary support, and other procedures required by the Administrative Procedure Act and applicable program statutes. Agencies shall consider significant reliance interests and relevant alternatives.

Sec. 9. Statutorily Required Regulations.

When an agency concludes that a burdensome or obsolete requirement is mandated by statute and cannot lawfully be changed administratively, the agency shall identify the statutory provision and may recommend legislation to Congress through appropriate executive-branch procedures.

Sec. 10. New Regulatory Actions.

For significant new regulatory actions, agencies shall identify whether existing Federal requirements address the same problem and whether modification of an existing rule could achieve the statutory objective more efficiently than creation of an additional regulatory layer. This section does not prevent an agency from issuing a regulation required by law or urgently necessary under lawful authority.

Sec. 11. Guidance Documents.

Agencies shall review significant guidance documents to determine whether they remain accurate, necessary, and consistent with governing statutes and regulations. Guidance shall not be used to impose binding legal obligations beyond those authorized by law.

Sec. 12. Public Participation and Transparency.

Agencies shall provide meaningful opportunities for affected persons, State, local, Tribal, and territorial governments, businesses, workers, consumers, public-interest organizations, and other members of the public to identify regulations appropriate for review. Final actions shall explain the agency's legal authority and reasoning as required by law.

Sec. 13. Savings and Administrative Efficiency.

OMB shall identify verified administrative savings resulting from reduced duplicative paperwork, simplified reporting, consolidated processes, and other regulatory-management improvements. Claimed private-sector regulatory savings shall be reported separately from Federal budget savings and shall not be counted as deficit reduction unless they produce an actual Federal budgetary effect.

Sec. 14. Reporting.

Within 180 days, and annually thereafter, OIRA shall provide the President a report summarizing priority regulatory reviews, completed modifications or rescissions, identified statutory barriers, administrative savings, and significant unresolved interagency conflicts, consistent with applicable law.

Sec. 15. General Provisions.

(a) Nothing in this order shall impair authority granted by law to an executive department or agency or the functions of the Director of OMB or Administrator of OIRA.

(b) This order shall be implemented consistent with the Administrative Procedure Act, Regulatory Flexibility Act, applicable program statutes, judicial decisions, and other Federal law, and subject to available appropriations.

(c) Nothing in this order authorizes an agency to disregard a statutory mandate, court order, or legally binding obligation.

(d) This order creates no right or benefit enforceable at law or in equity against the United States or any other person.

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Date: _____

Signature: _____