

# What are biolinks and why do they matter?

## 1. Facilitate wildlife movement:

- Biolinks provide safe pathways for animals and birds to travel between isolated habitat patches.

## 2. Improve genetic diversity:

- By connecting breeding populations, biolinks increase the genetic diversity of isolated species, improving their health and reducing their risk of local extinction.

## 3. Provide natural environmental resources:

- Biolinks offer food, shelter, and breeding sites for indigenous wildlife, including birds, mammals, reptiles and invertebrates.

## 4. Mitigate adverse effects of climate change:

- Biolinks provide a sheltered route to enable indigenous species to disperse to areas with more suitable climatic conditions as the climate changes.

## 5. Restore ecosystems:

- Biolinks help to reverse habitat fragmentation and increase overall biodiversity in the environment.

Friends of the Southern Peninsula Biolink

