

INDOT

Consultant Prequalification Manual

11/13/2015

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Revision Summary

The items listed below have been revised since the last version of this Manual as published on our website:

Only sections A through G of the manual were revised in this edition. Sections H and I of the previous version were not altered. The substantive changes are listed below.

- All out of date references and information contained in the previous version have been eliminated.
- Direction and procedures, have been added, for the steps to become prequalified that more accurately reflect the current process. This includes everything from enrolling in ITAP to completing the prequalification application in PSCS.
- A description for the Limited Services/Unit Price Services Financial Prequalification Level has been added. Also, the full financial levels, Self Certified, CPA Audited, and Cognizant Audit, have been more clearly defined.
- Language has been added defining INDOT's authority to edit a firm's approved work types based on INDOT being made aware that a change in staffing has occurred at a given firm that directly affects that firm's prequalification status. If the change in staffing is confirmed to have occurred more than 15 days prior to INDOT becoming aware, we will now have the authority to immediately remove the work type from the firm's certificate.
- Major changes were made to the formatting in order to make reference to specific sections more convenient.

Revisions of this Manual will be communicated to the consulting community through email messages sent directly to identified-contacts of the prequalified Consultant and subscribers to the INDOT-RFP Email Notification. Prequalified consultants should maintain at least one up-to-date subscription to the INDOT-RFP Email Notification. Consultants may subscribe to the RFP Email Notification at:

http://www.in.gov/dot/div/legal/rfp/RFPemail.htm

A. INDOT Consultant Prequalification Introduction

- 1. Indiana Code § 8-23-2 empowers the Commissioner of the Indiana Department of Transportation (INDOT) to enter into contracts for professional services, and to make those contracts on the basis of competence and qualifications for the type of services to be performed. Prequalification of consultants is one element of this process.
- 2. A consultant that desires to provide professional services to INDOT shall first become prequalified. All consultants desiring to provide services that require work to be performed by or under the supervision of a registered engineer, architect, or surveyor must be prequalified with INDOT. The categories of work that require prequalification include services that are presented in Section H of this manual. The prequalification process requires the consultant to certify and demonstrate that they meet the minimum qualifications and requirements established for providing services in the specific work types for which the consultant requests prequalification.
- **3.** INDOT only prequalifies business entities, not individuals. Social security numbers should not be used when applying for prequalification with INDOT. All business types, including Sole Proprietorships must obtain a Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) from the IRS.
- **4.** All consultant prequalification applications are submitted online in the Professional Services Contracting System (PSCS). Consultants must enroll their business in the INDOT Technical Applications Pathway (ITAP) to gain access to the PSCS.
- 5. All consultants must first complete an Initial Business Registration in the PSCS to gain basic access to the LOIS portal. INDOT's review of the Initial Business Registration will determine whether prequalification is required.
- 6. INDOT will advertise RFP's with one of three prequalification requirements, Prequalification Required with specific work types, General Prequalification with no specific work types, and Prequalification Not Required. All consultants must be approved in the PSCS as either a Consultant Requiring Prequalification or a Consultant Not Requiring Prequalification to have access to the Letter of Interest Submittal (LOIS) portal in the PSCS. All Letters of Interest are submitted online in the PSCS.
- 7. This manual contains the minimum qualifications and requirements established to provide services for specific work types.
- 8. This Manual also presents the details of other related contracting requirements, and instructions for maintaining a consultant's prequalified status.
- **9.** A PSCS users' guide is available detailing the entire online application process. The guide can be found at:

http://www.in.gov/indot/2732.htm

B. INDOT Consultant Prequalification Guidelines

- 1. INDOT reserves the right to deny prequalification and to revoke, suspend, or otherwise alter the terms of a consultant's prequalification based on poor performance or other appropriate grounds under the procedures set forth in Section I of this manual.
- 2. Throughout this manual where it is stated that an individual must be a licensed or certified professional, it is understood that the individual **must be licensed or certified in the State of Indiana**, unless otherwise specifically stated..
- **3.** The consultant shall obtain and maintain in good standing any licensure or certification upon which INDOT relies for prequalification. A consultant has an affirmative duty to notify INDOT within 15 calendar days of any expiration, modification, suspension or revocations of any such license or certification. This duty includes, but is not limited to prompt notification to INDOT whenever any qualifying person approved by INDOT is no longer a full-time employee of the consultant. An online technical modification application must be submitted within 15 days of an approved qualifying person no longer meeting the work type requirements or ceasing to be a full-time employee. The technical modification application must provide a replacement qualifying person(s) for all affected work types or the affected work type(s) must be removed by the consultant. Should INDOT become aware of and subsequently confirm that a consultant has failed to submit an online technical modification application affecting work type approval, INDOT will immediately rescind approval of any and all affected work types. The consultant may then submit an online technical modification application at any time providing a new qualifying person(s) or provide additional information resolving any disqualifying issue and request reinstatement of work type approval.
- 4. A modification application should be submitted by the consultant in the event of any change in the status of the firm including, but not limited to:
 - **a.** A change of ownership
 - **b.** A change of address
 - **c.** A change in the form of the business entity under which the firm operates
 - **d.** A change in personnel which affects the firm's qualifications to perform any type of work.
 - e. A material adverse change in the consultant's financial condition.
 - **f.** Addition of certification as either Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE), Minority Business Enterprise (MBE), Women's Business Enterprise (WBE), or Veteran's Business Enterprise (VBE).
 - **g.** Any other change which affects a substantive item INDOT considers when prequalifying consultants.

The consultant must notify INDOT within 15 days of any such change. An online modification application must be submitted within 15 days of any such change to correct information on file with INDOT. Failure to submit the appropriate modification application will result in loss of the consultant's prequalification status or work type approval until appropriate actions are taken.

5. All subconsultants must be prequalified except those providing the services on the list found at:

http://www.in.gov/indot/2732.htm

This list may be modified by INDOT at any time.

- 6. General/Technical Prequalification Expiration: A consultant's General/Technical Prequalification is valid for a 2 year term. INDOT may, at its discretion, approve a General/Technical Renewal application or Initial application for a term less than the normal 2 years. Also, INDOT may, at its discretion, for consultants that exhibit minimal experience, approve the General/Technical application for a 1 year probationary period. All General/Technical Prequalification Renewal applications are to be submitted online in the PSCS no sooner than 90 days prior to expiration and no later than 30 days prior to expiration. Should INDOT, due to unforeseen circumstances, be unable to process renewal applications submitted 30 or more days prior to the General/Technical expiration, those applications shall have the expiration date extended and the consultant's prequalification status will remain as approved until INDOT is able to process the application. Renewal applications submitted later than 30 days prior to expiration are not guaranteed to be processed prior to the expiration date. Consultants with an expired prequalification status will no longer appear on the list of approved consultants posted on the Consultant Prequalification website and will no longer have access to the LOIS portal in the PSCS.
- 7. Financial Prequalification Expiration: All prequalified consultants are required to submit a Financial Update annually. Financial Update applications are to be submitted online within 180 days of the close of the close of the firm's fiscal year. Financial updates submitted at the Limited Services/Unit Price Services financial level are reviewed by the Prequalification Division. Financial updates submitted for the Self Certified, CPA Audit, or Cognizant Audit levels are reviewed by INDOT's External Audit Section. The prequalification status of a firm that submits their Financial Update application prior to the expiration date will remain as approved until the application is processed. The prequalification status of a firm that submits their expiration date will remain expired until their application is processed in the normal course of business. Consultants with an expired until their application status will no longer appear in the list of approved consultants posted on the Consultant Prequalification website and will no longer have access to the LOIS portal in the PSCS.
- 8. INDOT may, at its discretion, periodically audit a sampling of prequalified consultants, to ensure the consultant's compliance with the minimum qualifications and requirements. Consultants found to have misrepresented their qualifications may be subject to loss of prequalification status under the procedures set forth in Section I of this manual.
- **9.** Initial Business Registrations will be considered in the order received. INDOT will attempt to process Initial Business Registrations within 5 calendar days of receipt.
- **10.** Initial Prequalification, General/Technical Modification and Renewal applications will be considered in the order received. INDOT will attempt to process these applications within 30 calendar days of receipt.
- 11. Initial prequalification applications and any application requesting new work type approval necessary in order to submit a LOI for a currently advertised RFP must be submitted no less than 10 calendar days prior to the closing date of the RFP. Applications submitted less than 10 calendar days prior to the closing date will not be processed prior to the RFP closing.

- 12. Financial Update applications will be considered in the normal course of business. Written notification of the consultant's prequalification status will be mailed to the Main Contact Office mailing address listed in the prequalification application's General form after the financial information has been reviewed. INDOT will attempt to process these applications within 90 calendar days of receipt.
- 13. By submitting an application for Initial Prequalification, General/Technical Modification, Renewal, or Financial Update, the Consultant automatically and expressly agrees that INDOT may, at any time prior to INDOT's action on such application and at any time during which a consultant is prequalified, obtain all information considered pertinent by INDOT with respect to the financial worth, assets and liabilities, and employees of the consultant and all information considered pertinent by INDOT with respect to other persons or entities who may be controlling, controlled by, or under common control with the Consultant. Upon request by INDOT, the Consultant shall execute and deliver to INDOT an express authorization for the Consultant's accountant and other third parties to furnish any of this information to INDOT. Failure to provide any such information or to expressly authorize, upon request, INDOT to be furnished any such information by third parties will be sufficient ground for INDOT to revoke the qualification of the Consultant for one or all work types. INDOT may, at any time during which a consultant is prequalified, demand the submittal of a new prequalification application. If the consultant does not submit a new application within thirty (30) days of the date of any such demand the consultant's prequalification may be revoked until a new application is submitted, received, and reviewed by the Department.
- **14.** Consultants are required to maintain professional liability insurance for the amounts in accordance with Table C1 before prequalification can be approved.
- **15.** All qualifying persons submitted for review in the Technical section of a consultant's application must be full time staff employees. INDOT does not consider contract employees to be full time staff employees.

C. INDOT Consultant Prequalification Application

Consultants wishing to become prequalified with INDOT must complete the following steps:

- Submit a New Business Enrollment request for the INDOT Technical Application Pathway (ITAP). ITAP is the log in portal that consultants use to gain access to the online programs available for doing business with INDOT.
- Submit an Initial Business Registration in the PSCS.
- Submit an Initial Prequalification Application in the PSCS, if it is determined that the consultant requires prequalification.

1. ITAP Enrollment:

a. The ITAP log in page as well as the New Business Enrollment link and New User Enrollment link may be found at <u>https://itap.indot.in.gov/login.aspx</u>. The individual listed as the contact person in a firm's New Business Enrollment in ITAP is automatically designated as the Primary Contact and as such becomes the administrator for both the firm's ITAP and PSCS accounts. Only a Primary Contact may approve new user enrollment. Other users may be designated, by the Primary Contact, as administrators for both systems after their enrollment is approved. It is important to note that as the administrator of the firm's PSCS account, the Primary Contact is

required to grant new users access to the PSCS and assign security levels to any new users that enroll in the firm's ITAP account. Access to PSCS is <u>not</u> automatically granted to new users.

- **b.** Both ITAP and PSCS use the Federal Employer Identification Number (FEIN) as the firm's tracking key in our systems. Please be certain to use the correct FEIN when enrolling your business in ITAP. Use of a social security number is not allowed.
- **c.** When enrolling in ITAP consultants must use the legal name of the firm. Firms should not use Doing Business As (DBA) names when enrolling in ITAP.
- **d.** When the New Business Enrollment is approved, the Primary Contact is notified by an auto generated email of the approval and the need to access the PSCS to submit the firm's Initial Business Registration.
- 2. Initial Business Registration: Once enrolled in ITAP, the consultant will need to access PSCS to submit an Initial Business Registration. The Initial Business Registration provides general information about the firm that assists INDOT in determining if the services provided by the consultant require prequalification. If the Initial Business Registration is approved, the contact person listed in the registration under the Main Contact Office will be notified of the approval via an auto generated email. If INDOT determines that the consultant requires prequalification, the email will advise the consultant to log back into PSCS and complete an Initial Prequalification Application.
- **3.** Initial Prequalification Application: The Initial Prequalification Application consists of three parts General Information, Technical Information, and Financial Information. An Initial Application is the only time that all three parts are submitted as one application. Detailed instructions for the PSCS Prequalification Application can be found on the Consultant Prequalification website at:

http://www.in.gov/indot/2732.htm

- **a.** General Information Form
 - (1) The general form of the application will be pre-populated with the information that was submitted on the firm's Initial Business Registration. A Certificate of Insurance indicating a current Professional Liability or Errors & Omissions policy in force is the only additional document required for the General form. A copy of the COI should be uploaded to the application.
 - (2) Throughout the application, shaded fields indicate required entries.
- **b.** Technical Information Form
 - (1) In the technical form, the consultant selects the work type(s) requested for prequalification.
 - (2) After selecting the desired work type(s), qualifying persons are associated with each work type to be reviewed by INDOT for work type approval. Qualifying persons must meet all requirements stated for the specific work type. These work types and the specific requirements are presented later in this manual.
 - (3) Each work type has a minimum required and a maximum allowed number of qualifying persons. This will be stated in the work type requirements. Certain work types allow the

combination of more than one qualifying person's experience to meet all aspects of the work type's requirements.

- **c.** Financial Information Form
 - (1) All Initial Prequalification applications are submitted for the Limited Services/Unit Price Services financial level of prequalification. A description of this financial level can be found in Section IV of this manual.
 - (2) Completion of the financial form for the Limited Services/Unit Price Services level requires an entry of the date of the most recently completed fiscal year and the total allowable wages and salaries for the firm for that year.
 - (3) Allowable wages and salaries are described as: Bonus, Pension, 401k, ESOP, deferred income whether paid or accrued and all other forms of compensation other than wages and salaries and are **not** to be included in this total unless they were verified as allowable under the rules of the federal acquisition regulations (FAR). Compensation paid as "Profit Sharing" is not allowable under the FAR and "Guaranteed" payments not clearly related to and supported by hours worked and/or services performed are generally unallowable and should not be included in the calculation of annual total wages.
 - (4) Once the Initial Prequalification application has been approved, the consultant may submit a Financial Modification application and request an upgrade of their financial prequalification level to one of the three full financial levels, self certified, CPA audit or cognizant audit.
- **4.** Modification Application: Modification applications are submitted for multiple reasons. General/ Technical modifications can be submitted as one application or individually. Financial modifications are submitted separately. Essentially, modification applications are submitted when there is a change that has an impact on a consultant's prequalification status. Firms that have experienced a name change or change in their Federal Employer Identification Number should contact the Prequalification Section at <u>ConsultantPreQualification@indot.in.gov</u> for assistance. Detailed instructions for the PSCS Prequalification Application can be found in the user's manual at:

http://www.in.gov/indot/2732.htm

- **a.** General Form Modification: A General modification application should be submitted for the following reasons:
 - (1) A change in contact information. Information should always be kept up to date for the Main Contact Office. This information is the primary source for all communication from INDOT.
 - (2) To add DBE, WBE, MBE or VBE status. These programs are not administered by the INDOT Prequalification Section and certification is not automatically added to a consultant's prequalification status. The consultant must submit a General modification application and select the certification they wish to add. They must also upload a copy of their certification letter in the upload section of the General form as a supporting document.

- (3) Refer to section II, D, 1 through 7 for additional reasons.
- **b.** Technical Form Modification: A Technical modification application should be submitted for the following reasons.
 - (1) To request the addition of a new work type to the firm's certificate of approved work types.
 - (2) To replace an approved qualifying person who has left the firm, a qualifying person who no longer meets the work type requirements, or to remove the work type if there is no one on staff that meets all of the requirements for the work type.
- c. Financial Form Modification: A Financial modification application is submitted to change information already in the system that has been previously reviewed by INDOT. Information regarding required documentation for the Self Certified, CPA Audit, and Cognizant Audit financial levels can be found on our External Audit Section's website at:

http://www.in.gov/indot/2846.htm .

A Financial modification should be submitted for any of the following reasons:

- (1) To upgrade the firm's previously approved Financial Prequalification Level. All four Financial Prequalification Levels are detailed in Section IV of this manual.
- (2) To make corrections to previously approved financial information due to changes in the firm's financial situation.
- **5.** Renewal Application: General/Technical Prequalification Renewal applications are to be submitted online in the PSCS no sooner than 90 days prior to expiration and no later than 30 days prior to expiration. Should INDOT, for any reason, be unable to process renewal applications submitted 30 or more days prior to the General/Technical expiration, will not expire and the consultant's prequalification status will remain as approved until INDOT is able to process the application. Renewal applications submitted later than 30 days prior to expiration are not guaranteed to be processed prior to the expiration date. Consultants with an expired prequalification status will no longer appear on the list of approved consultants posted on the Consultant Prequalification website and will no longer have access to the LOIS portal in the PSCS.
 - **a.** Both the General and Technical sections of a Renewal application are submitted as one application.
 - **b.** The General/Technical expiration dates can only be updated from a Renewal application.

6. Financial Update Application: All prequalified consultants are required to submit a financial update annually. Financial Update applications are to be submitted within 180 days of the close of the close of the firm's fiscal year. Financial updates submitted at the Limited Services/Unit Price Services financial level are reviewed by the Prequalification Section. Financial updates submitted for one of the full financial levels Self Certified, CPA Audit, or Cognizant Audit are reviewed by our External Audit Section. Information regarding required documentation for the Self Certified, CPA Audit, and Cognizant Audit financial levels can be found on our External Audit Sections's website at:

http://www.in.gov/indot/2846.htm

The prequalification status of a firm that submits their Financial Update application prior to the expiration date will remain as approved until the application is processed. The prequalification status of a firm that submits their Financial Update application after their expiration date will remain expired until their application is processed in the normal course of business. Consultants with an expired prequalification status will no longer appear on the list of approved consultants posted on the Consultant Prequalification website and will no longer have access to the LOIS portal in the PSCS.

D. INDOT Consultant Financial Prequalification

INDOT offers four levels of financial prequalification:

- Limited Services/Unit Price Services
- Self Certified
- CPA Audit
- Cognizant Audit
- **1.** Limited Services/Unit Price Services: All initial applications are submitted for this financial level. Once an initial prequalification application is approved, the consultant may submit a financial modification application requesting one of the full financial levels.
 - **a.** Consultants approved at this level may only participate in contracts on lump sum, negotiated labor rates or unit price basis.
 - **b.** Consultants approved for Limited Services are restricted to \$150,000 annual selection capacity.
 - **c.** The selection capacity for consultants approved for the Unit Price Services is \$150,000.00 or double the allowable wages/salaries for the firm's most recently completed fiscal year whichever is greater.
 - e. Consultants approved for Limited Services/Unit Price Services are not issued an INDOT approved overhead rate.
 - **f.** Financial applications at this level are reviewed by the Prequalification Section.
 - **g.** Unit price payments are only used for specific work types in the 7.0 Geotechnical Services and 12.0 Right of Way Acquisition Services categories.

- 2. Self Certified: The self certified documents are certified by a financial officer of the firm.
 - **a.** Consultants approved at this level may only participate in contacts on lump sum, negotiated labor rates or unit price basis.
 - **b.** Consultants approved at this level will have an annual selection capacity that is equal to double the allowable wages/salaries of the firm with a minimum capacity of \$150,000 and a maximum capacity of \$250,000.
 - c. Consultants approved at this level will be issued an INDOT approved overhead rate.
 - **d.** Financial applications submitted for this level are reviewed by the INDOT External Audit Section.
- **3.** CPA Audited:
 - **a.** Consultants approved at this level are approved for all payment methods.
 - **b.** Consultants approved at this level will have a minimum annual selection capacity of \$150,000.00 or double the allowable wages/salaries for the most recently completed fiscal year, whichever is greater.
 - **c.** Financial applications submitted for this level are reviewed by the INDOT External Audit Section.
- **4.** Cognizant Audit:
 - **a.** A cognizant audit is one performed by another state's or governmental agency.
 - **b.** Consultants approved at this level are approved for all payment methods.
 - **c.** Consultants approved at this level will have a minimum annual selection capacity of \$150,000.00 or double the allowable wages/salaries for the most recently completed fiscal year, whichever is greater.
 - **d.** Financial applications submitted for this level are reviewed by the INDOT External Audit Section.

Table C1

Work type No.	Work type Description	Professional Liability Risk Factor	Professional Liability Ins Required?	Commercial / General Liability Risk Factor	C/G Liability Ins Required for Prequalification
1.1	Systems Planning	2	Yes	1	No
2.1	Traffic Data Collection	1	No	3	No
2.1	Traffic Forecasting	3	Yes	1	No
3.1	Non-Complex Traffic Capacity and Operations Analysis	3	Yes	1	No
3.2		3	Yes	1	No
3.2 4.1	Complex Traffic Capacity and Operations Analysis	3	Yes	1	
	Traffic Safety Analysis Environmental Document Preparation - EA/EIS	1	No	1	No
5.1 5.2	Environmental Document Preparation - CE	1	No	1	No No
		1			
5.3 5.4	Environmental Document Preparation - Section 4(f)	1	No No	1	No No
	Ecological Surveys				
5.5	Wetland Mitigation	3	Yes	1	No
5.6	Waterway Permits	1	No	1	No
5.7	Air Quality Analysis	1	No	1	No
5.8	Noise Analysis and Abatement Design	3	Yes	1	No
5.9	Archaeological Investigations	1	No	1	No
5.10	Historical/Architectural Investigations	1	No	1	No
5.11	ESA Screening Phase I and II, Remedial Design	3	Yes	1	No
5.12	Karst Studies	1	No	1	No
6.1	Topographic Survey Data Collection	3	Yes	3	No
7.1	Geotechnical Engineering Services	3	Yes	3	No
8.1	Non-Complex Roadway Design	3	Yes	3	No
8.2	Complex Roadway Design	4	Yes, (at Fac. 3)	3	No
9.1	Level 1 Bridge Design	3	Yes	3	No
9.2	Level 2 Bridge Design	4	Yes, (at Fac. 3)	3	No
10.1	Traffic Signal Design	3	Yes	3	No
10.2	Traffic Signal System Design	3	Yes	3	No
10.3	Complex Roadway Sign Design	3	Yes	3	No
10.4	Lighting Design	3	Yes	3	No
10.5	Intelligent Transportation System Design	3	Yes	3	No
10.6	Intelligent Transportation System Integration	3	Yes	3	No
11.1	Right of Way Plan Development	3	Yes	3	No
12.1	Project Management for Acquisition Services	1	No	1	No
12.2	Title Research	2	Yes	1	No
12.3	Value Analysis	2	Yes	1	No
12.4	Appraisal	2	Yes	1	No
12.5	Appraisal Review	2	Yes	1	No
12.6	Negotiation	2	Yes	1	No
12.7	Closing	1	No	1	No
12.8	Relocation	2	Yes	1	No
12.9	Relocation Review	2	Yes	1	No
13.1	Construction Inspection	3	Yes	3	No
14.1	Regular Bridge Inspection	3	Yes	3	No
14.2	Complex Bridge Inspection	4	Yes, (at Fac. 3)	3	No
14.3	Underwater/In-Water Bridge Inspection	3	Yes	3	No
14.4	Small Structure and Misc. Structure Inspections	3	Yes	3	No
	Bridge Load Capacity Rating & Other Bridge	3	Yes	3	No
14.5	Bridge Load Capacity Rating & Other Bridge Analysis/Testing	3	Yes	3	N

Professional Liability Insurance Level Requirements:

(Prequalification for categories factored 4 would only require factor 3 insurance coverage levels. Upon selection for services in a category factored 4, however, the coverage levels would be a contractual requirement.)

<u>Risk Level</u>	Per Occurrence/Aggregate Limit
1	\$0 / \$O
2	\$250,000 / \$250,000
3	\$1,000,000 / \$1,000,000
4	\$5,000,000 / \$5,000,000
Commercial/General Liability Ins	urance Level Requirements: (To be included in contracts but not required for prequalification)
Risk Level	Per Occurrence/Aggregate
1	\$0 / \$0
2	\$1,000,000 / \$2,000,000

E. <u>This section reserved for future revisions</u>

F. <u>This section is reserved for future revisions</u>

G. <u>This section is reserved for future revisions</u>

H. <u>Prequalification Categories, Descriptions, Requirements</u>

1.0 SYSTEMS PLANNING CATEGORY

1.1 Systems Planning

General

Systems planning studies are necessary to provide the highest level of service in terms of safety and mobility on the INDOT transportation system. Systems planning studies provide a variety of professional services in assisting INDOT in making decisions on developing the state infrastructure.

Definition

Studies involving the development of objectives to be met, the identification of existing conditions and potential system deficiencies, the identification of preliminary alternatives and the

screening of alternatives based upon the study objectives, the development of recommendations for INDOT action.

Requirements

A consulting firm requesting qualification in this category shall have transportation planning and travel demand forecasting professional staff. Accreditation as a member of the American Institute of Certified Planners is suggested as a standard level for management of systems planning studies.

In addition, the following experience requirements must be documented:

- 1. Four (4) years experience in the field of transportation planning; or
- 2. Direct experience developing the analysis for two transportation system planning studies

Submittal Requirements

A résumé documenting compliance with one or more of the above experience requirements. Provide specific projects and relevant experience in those projects where applicable.

2.0 TRAFFIC DATA COLLECTION AND FORECASTING CATEGORY

2.1 Traffic Data Collection

Definition

The ability to perform traffic data collection at designated locations throughout the state. Counts will generally be 48 hours in duration, and may be of axle or vehicle type classification. All counts will be checked for reasonableness and accuracy, and a detailed report of data will be filed with the Agency.

All counts taken will be within the guidelines established the FHWA's Traffic Monitoring Guide, and within full compliance of INDOT's safety regulations and policies. All counting equipment used shall be accurate to the level of precision recommended by the AASHTO guidelines.

Requirements

Education - A Bachelors Degree in mathematics, science or engineering is required.

Qualifying Experience - Three years experience in traffic data collection with a Bachelors degree, or five years experience in traffic data collection. One year of qualifying experience is defined as a year with at least 90% of the time devoted to traffic data collection and reporting.

Qualifying Equipment - Shall be defined as traffic counting devices capable of producing classification counts meeting the FHWA 13 classification scheme. Thirty (30) units of working traffic counting devices will be required for prequalification.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A list of personnel for who prequalification is requested
- 2. Résumés
- 3. A list of each individual's academic coursework for the Bachelors Degree
- 4. A document or publication demonstrating the above qualifying experience which was researched and authored by the employee for whom the prequalification is requested. When submitting documents for multiple employees, the submission must indicate which employees prepared the documents.
- 5. A document or publication demonstrating ownership of the above qualifying equipment which was researched and authored by the employee for whom the prequalification is requested. When submitting documents for multiple employees, the submission must indicate which employees prepared the documents.

2.1 Traffic Forecasting

Definition

The ability to make traffic forecasts, based on traffic data that may be supplied or collected. The forecasts will be used primarily by engineering production. The traffic forecasts will be for various specified periods of time and may be required to include discussions on:

- 1. The growth factor used in preparing the traffic forecasts
- 2. Annual Average Daily Traffic (AADT) for the years required
- 3. Design Hourly Volume (DHV) expressed as a percentage of the AADT in the future year, with A.M and P.M. DHV for urban areas
- 4. Commercial vehicles expressed as a percentage of the AADT and DHV of the future year
- 5. Directional distribution of traffic
- 6. Traffic for build and no build alternatives
- 7. Assignment of turning movements for intersections

Education

- 1. A Bachelor of Science or Arts Degree in any of the following disciplines: Urban Planning, Engineering, Mathematics, Statistics or Social Science; or a Masters Degree in Planning or Public Administration
- 2. All candidates shall have at least one 3-hour course in planning and one 3-hour course in statistics.

Qualifying experience – four (4) years with a Masters Degree, five (5) years with a Bachelors Degree, or seven (7) years without a college degree.

One year of qualifying experience is defined as a year with at least 70% of work time devoted to forecasting projects.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A list of personnel for who prequalification is requested
- 2. Résumés
- 3. A list of each individual's academic coursework related to forecasting, including the requirement for the planning and statistics courses
- 4. A document or publication demonstrating the above qualifying experience which was researched and authored by the employee for whom the prequalification is requested. When submitting documents for multiple employees, the submission must indicate which employees prepared the documents.

3.0 TRAFFIC CAPACITY AND OPERATIONS ANALYSIS CATEGORY

Definition

Assessment of capacity to convey traffic and adequacy of service to users for existing and planned transportation facilities. This principally involves application of analytical procedures for freeways, two- and multilane highways, intersections, pedestrian elements, etc. outlined in the Highway Capacity Manual (HCM); in select cases, supplemented by other conventional means of gauging quality of traffic operation (e.g., microsimulation and related modeling techniques).

3.1 Non-Complex Traffic Capacity and Operations Analysis

Definition

Routine traffic capacity and operations analysis of low to moderate complexity. Examples in this class include assessment of rural highways, basic freeway segments, and isolated and simple intersections and interchanges.

Staff Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in the field of traffic capacity and operations analysis for services of a non-complex scope will have staff with the following qualities:

- 1. At least one (1) person meeting the following criteria:
 - a. B.S. in Civil Engineering
 - b. Professional Engineer (P.E.) licensed in the State of Indiana
 - c. One (1) year of relevant work experience in the field of traffic capacity and operations analysis within the past three (3) years. Higher education or professional development obtained within the past three (3) years related to the field may substitute work experience on a year for year basis.

INDOT, at its discretion, will consider an exception to requirements for B.S.C.E. and P.E. in special circumstances of a person demonstrating extraordinary expertise in this field, and will grant such when a sufficiently solid case is presented.

(Sheer scale of work, necessity for quality control, or other factors within a particular Request for Proposals (RFP) will in some circumstances call for two or more qualified personnel, either within one firm or through resources pooled from multiple firms.)

Submittal Requirements

Detailed description of identified staff's credentials and experience must be submitted. This description shall include specific qualifications and practice in the field of traffic capacity and operations analysis, including but not limited to:

- 1. Academic degrees (year granted and institution), professional registration (type/level and granting authority), and other relevant certifications (e.g., Professional Traffic Operations Engineer, or P.T.O.E.)
- 2. Past project work experience in traffic capacity and operations analysis
- 3. Practice in the discipline of traffic capacity and operations engineering analysis in addition to work experience, such as training, workshops, and college courses

3.2 Complex Traffic Capacity and Operations Analysis

Definition

Traffic capacity and operations analysis of high complexity. Examples of this include multiple, related intersections in series or grid; non-routine and complex interchanges or a series of related interchanges.

Staff Requirements

A Consultant requesting qualification in the field of traffic capacity and operations analysis for services of a complex scope will have staff with the following qualities:

- 1. At least one (1) person meeting the following criteria:
 - a. B.S. in Civil Engineering
 - b. Professional Engineer (P.E.) licensed in the State of Indiana
 - c. Three (3) years of relevant work experience in the field of traffic capacity and operations analysis within the past four (4) years. Higher education or professional development obtained within the past four (4) years related to the field may substitute work experience on a year for year basis.

(Sheer scale of work, necessity for quality control, or other factors within a particular Request for Proposals (RFP) will in most circumstances call for two or more qualified personnel, either within one firm or through resources/teams pooled from multiple firms.)

Submittal Requirements

Detailed description of identified staff's credentials and experience must be submitted. This description shall include specific qualifications and practice in the field of traffic capacity and operations analysis, including but not limited to:

- 1. Academic degrees (year granted and institution), professional registration (type/level and granting authority), and other relevant certifications (e.g., P.T.O.E.)
- 2. Past project work experience in traffic capacity and operations analysis
- 3. Practice in the discipline of traffic capacity and operations engineering analysis in addition to work experience, such as training, workshops, and college courses

4.0 TRAFFIC SAFETY ANALYSIS CATEGORY

4.1 Traffic Safety Analysis

Definition

Assessment of conditions with respect to traffic safety. This form of highway and street operations analysis involves collection and reduction of crash data; assessment of crash patterns, frequency, and rates; recognition of cause and effect; prediction of crash risk; and selection of effective countermeasures. The engineering task systematically applies analytical procedures at regional and site-specific levels.

Staff Requirements

Consulting firm requesting qualification in the field of traffic safety analysis for all services will have staff with the following qualities:

- 1. At least one (1) person meeting the following criteria:
 - a. B.S. in Civil Engineering
 - b. Professional Engineer (P.E.) licensed in the State of Indiana
 - c. Three (3) years of relevant work experience in the field of traffic safety analysis within the past four (4) years. Higher education or professional development obtained within the past four (4) years related to the field may substitute work experience on a year for year basis.

(Sheer scale of work, necessity for quality control, or other factors within a particular Request for Proposals (RFP) will in many circumstances call for two or more qualified personnel, either within one firm or through resources/teams pooled from multiple firms.)

Submittal Requirements

Detailed description of identified staff's credentials and experience must be submitted. This description shall include specific qualifications and practice in the field of traffic safety analysis, including but not limited to:

- 1. Academic degrees (year granted and institution), professional registration (type/level and granting authority), and other relevant certifications (e.g., P.T.O.E.)
- 2. Past project work experience in traffic safety analysis
- 3. Practice in the discipline of traffic safety analysis in addition to work experience, such as training, workshops, and college courses

5.0 ENVIRONMENTAL SERVICES CATEGORY

General

The preliminary development/engineering phase for transportation projects is described in INDOT's Procedure Manual for Preparing Environmental Studies and Indiana's Streamlining EIS Procedures. National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) requirements must be met. A complete list of manuals can be found by referencing <u>http://www.in.gov/indot/2523.htm</u>.

Preliminary development/engineering is a dynamic process which begins after a problem is identified in the planning process and described in a Purpose and Need Statement. The goal of the preliminary development/engineering phase is the selection of an appropriate solution to the transportation problem. This solution is then followed through to final environmental clearance. The preliminary development/engineering phase is generally followed by detailed design, construction and operation if the solution involves new construction or rehabilitation of a highway facility.

The process has many parts including impact studies in a number of specialized areas leading to preparation of an environmental document. These areas are identified in the prequalification specifications. Preparation of the environmental document requires synthesis of all the specialty impact study areas. For federal-assisted or regulated projects, the environmental documentation requirements are extensive and spelled out, not just in the INDOT's Procedure Manual for Preparing Environmental Studies, but also in numerous federal and state regulations and laws. These regulations require that an Environmental Assessment (EA) or Environmental Impact Statement (EIS) be prepared unless the project is categorically excluded (CE) from such requirements. This environmental portion of the preliminary development/engineering phase requires careful coordination which is a critical part of the decision making process.

Successful completion of the preliminary development/engineering phase requires integration of many disciplines. The identified primary environmental prequalification areas or categories are:

- 1. Environmental Document Preparation EA/EIS
- 2. Environmental Document Preparation CE
- 3. Environmental Document Preparation Section 4(f)
- 4. Ecological Surveys
- 5. Wetland Mitigation
- 6. Waterway Permits
- 7. Air Quality Analysis
- 8. Noise Analysis and Abatement Design
- 9. Archaeological Studies
- 10. History/Architectural Investigations
- 11. ESA Screening, ESA Phase I & II, ESA Remedial Design
- 12. Karst Studies
- 13. Threatened and Endangered Species Studies (section not developed yet)
- 14. Asbestos Investigations (section not developed yet)

These categories have specialized documentation requirements and are a part of the interdisciplinary expertise approach to transportation decision making described in the

Environmental Procedural Manual and other INDOT environmental guidelines. Educational and experience requirements are described under each of these prequalification categories; however, all require some familiarity with INDOT guidelines and environmental documentation requirements for 4(f), CE, EA and EIS documents. There are no prequalification requirements for addressing public involvement, social and economic impacts, land use and planning. These are part of the interdisciplinary approach and must be incorporated into the document. Thus, the project manager should have some familiarity with these areas. Although engineering plays a vital role in the project development procedures, it has been determined that use of the engineering prequalification requirements from the roadway design and soils/geotechnical areas will generally suffice and that development of special prequalification requirements for engineering during the preliminary development phase are unnecessary.

Definition

This area of prequalification includes both management of the Preliminary Development/ Engineering Phase of the Project Development Process as defined in the Project Development Process Manual, Environmental Manual and other INDOT guidelines; and, preparation of the environmental document. Consulting firms desiring to function as the prime Consultant for the Preliminary Development/Engineering Phase of the Project Development Process must have one or more employees meeting INDOT's prequalification requirements who will act as the project manager or as a key professional, managing critical portions of this process including environmental document preparation. Given the nature of this interdisciplinary approach, it is inappropriate to specify a single discipline or educational background for this prequalification area. The requirements reflect the most appropriate general educational backgrounds but are not exclusive to certain degrees or licenses.

5.1 Environmental Document Preparation – EA / EIS

General

An Environmental Assessment (EA) is a decision document. An EA is prepared to enable the agency to make a decision as to whether the project requires preparation of an EIS or has no significant impact to the human environment.

Environmental Impact Statements (EISs) are prepared for major transportation actions that result in significant adverse impacts to the human environment. Coordination with resource agencies and a number of technical environmental studies is expected to be necessary, resulting in the identification of significant adverse impacts, suitable mitigation measures and the preparation of an EIS.

Requirements

- 1. Education The firm must have a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree within the field of environmental science, planning, engineering or a closely related field.
- 2. Qualifying experience The firm must have an individual who has three years work experience with a Bachelor of Science or Arts degree or two years work experience with

a Master of Science or Arts degree in order to have qualifying experience. In addition, the firm must show previous work experience in, at minimum, 3 areas from the following list: (1) INDOT streamlined EIS procedures, (2) INDOT public involvement procedures (current version), (3) exhibit excellent oral and written communication skills, (4) public presentation experience, (5) conflict resolution, (6) group problem solving, (7) work group facilitation, (8) meeting facilitation, (9) website development and content preparation, (10) experience in developing public involvement products such as a project specific newsletter, brochures, website, toll free project phone number and etc.

Qualifying experience shall include work and training having to do with the preparation and coordination of acceptable Environmental Assessments and Environmental Impact Statements or Categorical Exclusions. "Acceptable" means documents that have been formally accepted by INDOT or transportation agencies in other states and FHWA; and, for CEs, must be approved documents with minimum comments or revisions. CEs that require multiple revisions and resubmissions will not be considered acceptable as a prequalified document. Acceptable documents must meet all the requirements for environmental documentation spelled out in the Environmental Manual, FHWA guidance and other applicable Federal and state regulations and laws.

Qualifying experience must also include the following:

- 1. Project manager must have successfully completed INDOT's NEPA training.
- 2. The project manager or staff member(s) must have specific experience in EA/EIS preparation * or,
 - a. Project manager or staff member(s) with specific experience in preparation of at least four (4) CEs these must meet the requirements specified above.

* Only documents approved within the last ten (10) years of prequalification submission will be considered.

Submittal Requirements

A detailed description of each qualified person's education and experience must be submitted. This description shall include the following:

- 1. Résumé of each project manager and key professional employed by the Consultant
- 2. List of the completed projects, approved by FHWA, on which the employee has been project manager and/or principal author. Examples of two (2) approved EA or EIS documents of which the employee has been a project manager, or at least four (4) CEs which were accepted by INDOT
- 3. List of CE/EA/EIS documents including identification (county, route and section, Des. No.), client and description of services provided. Submit examples upon request
- 4. List of other experience with technical writing and/or specific environmental studies prepared

5. Certification of completion of INDOT's NEPA training and appropriate refresher courses

5.2 Environmental Document Preparation - CE

General

Categorical Exclusions are actions which meet the definition contained in 40 CFR 1508.4 and, based on past experience with similar actions, do not involve significant social, economic or environmental impacts. They are actions which:

- 1. Do not induce significant impacts to planned growth or land use for the area
- 2. Do not require the relocation of significant numbers of people
- 3. Do not have a significant impact on any natural, cultural, recreational, historic, or other resource
- 4. Do not involve significant air, noise, or water quality impacts
- 5. Do not have significant impacts on travel patterns; or
- 6. Do not otherwise, either individually or cumulatively, have any significant environmental impacts

Requirements

- 1. Education The firm must have a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree within the field of environmental science, planning, engineering or a closely related field.
- 2. Qualifying Experience The firm must have an individual who has three years work experience with a Bachelor of Science or Arts degree or two years work experience with a Master of Science or Arts degree in order to have qualifying experience.

Qualifying experience is considered to be work and training having to do with the preparation and coordination of acceptable Categorical Exclusions. "Acceptable" means documents that have been formally accepted by INDOT and must be approved documents with minimum comments or revisions. CEs that require multiple revisions and resubmissions will not be considered acceptable for meeting prequalification requirements. Acceptable documents must meet all the requirements for environmental documentation spelled out in INDOT's Environmental Manual, FHWA guidance and other applicable Federal and state regulations and laws.

Submittal Requirements for CEs

A detailed description of each qualified person's education and experience must be submitted. This description shall include the following:

- 1. Résumé of each project manager and key professional employed by the Consultant
- 2. List of other experience with technical writing and/or specific environmental studies prepared
- 3. Completion of INDOT's NEPA training

5.3 Environmental Document Preparation – Section 4(f)

General

Environmental Section 4(f) as defined in 48 U.S.C. 303, 23 U.S.C. 138 and 23 CFR 771.135 documents are prepared for any level of project that affects, or has the potential to affect, a Section 4(f) resource. Section 4(f) documentation may be a Determination of Use of Section 4(f), a Programmatic Section 4(f) Evaluation or an Individual Section 4(f) Evaluation.

Requirements

- 1. Education The firm must have a graduate of a college or university with a bachelor's degree within the field of environmental science, planning, engineering or a closely related field.
- 2. Qualifying Experience The firm must have an individual who has a Bachelor of Science or Arts degree and three years experience or a Master of Science or Arts degree with two years work experience in order to have qualifying experience.

Qualifying experience is considered to be work and training having to do with the preparation and coordination of acceptable Section 4(f) documents. "Acceptable" means documents have been formally accepted by INDOT and/or FHWA and must be approved documents with minimum comments or revisions. Section 4(f) documents that require multiple revisions and resubmissions will not be considered acceptable for meeting prequalification requirements.

Submittal Requirements

A detailed description of each applicant's education and experience must be submitted. This description should include the following:

- 1. Résumé of each applicant seeking 4(f) prequalification
- 2. List of experience with technical writing and/or specific environmental studies prepared by applicant. List of all Section 4(f) documents or documentation prepared by applicant
- 3. Certification of completion of INDOT"S NEPA training

5.4 Ecological Surveys

General

The areas of ecological prequalification are based upon knowledge of and experience in the performance of ecological surveys (aquatic, terrestrial, wetland delineation) and wetland mitigation and the completion of waterway permits. Consultants should also be familiar with the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers (USACE) 404 permit requirements since much of the identification of resources requiring permits (waters of the United States and "special aquatic sites") will be a part of the ecological survey and will subsequently be used for preparation of the waterway permit application. For wetland delineation work the Consultants shall be familiar with and have experience using the current legally accepted USACE Wetlands Delineation Manual (USACE 1987).

Definition

An ecological survey is an ecological analysis of the following major areas: water quality, aquatic ecosystems, endangered species, wetlands and terrestrial ecosystems. For projects involving instream work, wetlands, or significant amounts of new right of way, literature searches and ecological surveys are performed to inventory the resources in the vicinity of the proposed project. The data is analyzed and an ecological survey report is prepared. This report presents the data, interprets it and predicts impacts based on preliminary project design.

Requirements

Prequalification to perform ecological surveys combines the requirements of aquatic ecology, terrestrial ecology and wetland delineation. A consulting firm requesting prequalification in ecological surveys should have at least one person on staff that meets the requirements of each discipline (may be different individuals for each discipline).

1. Aquatic Ecology

Definition

The ability to identify aquatic organisms, fish and macroinvertebrate communities and understand how they interact with their environment, including a basic knowledge of water chemistry, interpretation of water quality data and familiarity with highway related water quality impacts. For highway projects requiring new right-of-way that impact aquatic ecosystems, this work will include identification of jurisdictional streams, data collection, analysis and impact predictions and will incorporate this information into an ecological survey report. Data collection for each stream studied will include completion of either Indiana Department of Environmental Management's (IDEM) Qualitative Habitat Evaluation Index (QHEI) form or their Headwaters Habitat Evaluation Index (HHEI) form, and Indiana Wetlands Rapid Assessment Protocol (INWRAP) training as appropriate and whichever is applicable.

Education - A Bachelor of Science degree in biology, environmental science or natural resources with at least three 3-hour courses from or related to those in the following list: aquatic ecology, limnology fisheries, ichthyology hydrology, aquatic plant taxonomy, aquatic entomology, potamology *or* a degree as noted above and a minimum of four years experience in a position including direct responsibility for and participation in conducting surveys for and documenting aquatic fauna and flora.

Qualifying Experience - Three years with a Bachelor's degree or two years with a graduate degree.

Qualifying Experience should include field studies, publications or presentations at a scientific meeting demonstrating:

- 1. A knowledge of the taxonomy, sampling and/or ecology of freshwater fish or freshwater macroinvertebrates and water quality data collection and interpretation
- 2. An assessment of the impacts of construction projects on freshwater aquatic life, including mitigation measures
- 3. A knowledge of Indiana and Federal rare, threatened and endangered species

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A list of the personnel for who prequalification is requested
- 2. Résumés
- 3. A list of each individual's academic coursework related to aquatic ecology
- 4. A document or publication demonstrating the above noted qualifying experience which was researched and authored by the employee for who prequalification is requested. Submission of a document or publication is not required if employee's résumé includes INDOT-approved ecological survey reports researched and authored by the employee indicate INDOT projects by county, route, section and Des. No. When submitting documents for multiple employees, the submission must indicate which employees prepared which documents.

2. Terrestrial Ecology

Definition

The ability to identify terrestrial organisms and plant and animal communities and the understanding of how they interact with their environment. For highway projects requiring new right-of-way, the work will include data collection, analysis and impact predictions and incorporation of this information into an ecological survey report.

Education - A Bachelor of Science degree in biology, environmental science or natural resources with at least three 3-hour courses from the following list: vertebrate zoology, wildlife management, wildlife ecology, mammalogy, herpetology, ornithology, botany, terrestrial ecology, plant taxonomy, forestry *or* a degree as noted above and a minimum of four years experience in a position including direct responsibility for and participation in conducting surveys for and documenting terrestrial flora and fauna.

Qualifying Experience - Three years with a Bachelor's degree or two years with a graduate degree.

Qualifying experience should include field studies, publications or presentations at a scientific meeting demonstrating:

- 1. A knowledge of the taxonomy, sampling and/or ecology of terrestrial plants and animals
- 2. An assessment of the impacts of construction projects on terrestrial ecology, including mitigation measures
- 3. A knowledge of Indiana and Federal rare, threatened and endangered species

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A list of the personnel for who prequalification is requested
- 2. Résumés
- 3. A list of each individual's academic coursework related to terrestrial ecology
- 4. A document or publication demonstrating the above qualifying experience which was researched and authored by the employee for who prequalification is requested (not required if employee's résumé includes four (4) INDOT-approved ecological survey reports researched and authored by the employee indicate INDOT projects by county, route, section and Des. No. When submitting documents for multiple employees, the submission must indicate which employees prepared which documents.

3. Wetland Delineation

Definition

The ability to identify and delineate jurisdictional wetlands as defined by the most current U. S. Army Corps of Engineers' (USACE) Wetlands Delineation Manual and isolated wetlands as defined by IDEM's Isolated Wetlands Law.

Education - Equivalent to that required for terrestrial or aquatic ecology plus the completion of a recognized wetland delineation training course.

Qualifying experience – Three (3) years with a Bachelor's degree or two (2) years with a graduate degree.

Qualifying experience should include work having to do with the classification, delineation and description of jurisdictional wetlands, including production of the following:

- 1. Four (4) wetland delineations done in accordance with USACE delineation procedures
- 2. A field study demonstrating competence in sampling and analytical procedures involving wetlands
- 3. An assessment involving the prediction of construction impacts upon wetland function. The USACE certification of wetland delineators is presently available for only a few Corps Districts. When available in Indiana, it will be utilized in INDOT's prequalification for wetland delineation.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A list of the personnel for who prequalification is requested
- 2. Résumés
- 3. A list of each individual's academic coursework in aquatic and/or terrestrial ecology
- 4. Certificate indicating completion of a wetland delineation training course or equivalent
- 5. A document or publication (including a wetland delineation formally approved by the USACE or their designated 404 review agency) demonstrating the above qualifying experience which was researched and authored by the employee for whom prequalification is requested (not required if employee's résumé includes INDOT-approved ecological survey reports, including at least one wetland delineation, researched and authored by the employee indicate INDOT projects by county, route, section and Des. No.). When submitting documents for multiple employees, the submission must indicate which employees prepared which documents. The submission must also state that the delineation was approved by the Corps or their designee and/or must include a copy of the USACE or designee's approval letter.

5.5 Wetland Mitigation

General

Refer to information provided in Section 5.4 Ecological Surveys, General section.

Definition

The location, design, construction, restoration, enhancement, monitoring and maintenance of replacement wetlands.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification to perform wetland mitigation work shall be prequalified to perform ecological surveys and shall have at least one individual on permanent staff that has designed at least four (4) successful wetland mitigation projects. A successful mitigation design is a completed set of plans and specifications which have been approved by the USACE or their designee and the project sponsor.

Project notifications requiring prequalification in wetlands mitigation will also normally require prequalification in ecological surveys.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A list of the personnel for who prequalification is requested
- 2. Résumés
- 3. A completed set of plans and specifications for a wetland mitigation project to demonstrate qualifying experience (not required if employee's résumé includes INDOT-approved wetland mitigation projects indicate INDOT projects by county, route, section and Des. No.). The plans and specifications must have been approved by the USACE or their designee and must have been prepared by the employee for who prequalification is requested. When submitting sets of plans and specifications for multiple employees, the submission must indicate which employees prepared which sets. The submission must also state that the proposed mitigation was approved by the USACE or their designee and/or must include a copy of the USACE or designee's approval letter.

5.6 Waterway Permits

General

Refer to information provided in Section 5.4 Ecological Surveys, General section.

Definition

The preparation of complete waterway permit applications to obtain the necessary approvals as required by various environmental regulations.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification to perform waterway permitting work shall be prequalified to perform ecological surveys. Prequalification for wetland mitigation work is encouraged but not required for prequalification on waterway permits.

Staff must have an understanding of environmental regulations involving waterway permits as they pertain to transportation projects in Indiana, including, but not limited to:

- 1. Clean Water Act (Sections 401 and 404)
- 2. Rivers and Harbors Act of 1899 (Sections 9 and 10)
- 3. Indiana Isolated Wetlands Law

At least one individual on permanent staff must have successfully prepared four (4) applications for projects resulting in a formally approved Section 404 Individual Permit from the USACE or their designee and a Section 401 Water Quality Certification from IDEM.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A list of personnel for who prequalification is necessary
- 2. Résumés
- 3. A description of staff experience with environmental regulations involving waterway permits as they pertain to transportation projects in Indiana
- 4. A complete set of the applications that were submitted for projects that resulted in receiving a Section 404 Individual Permit from the USACE or their designee and a Section 401 Water Quality Certification from IDEM (not required if employee's résumé includes INDOT-approved waterway permit applications indicate INDOT projects by county, route, section and Des. No. The applications must accompany a copy of the final permit approval letters.

5.7 Air Quality Analysis

Definition

An air quality analysis is performed for highway projects where construction causes an increase in traffic sufficient enough to create an impact on the surrounding air quality. The analysis must quantify these impacts for carbon monoxide only in non-attainment areas.

Requirements

A consulting firm requesting prequalification in the area of air quality analysis must have at least one person on staff that meets the following requirements:

Education - The analyst shall have a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering, Environmental Sciences or Meteorology, including three 3-hour courses relating to Air Quality (i.e., Meteorology, Engineering Principles or Dispersion Modeling); or a Bachelor of Arts degree with course work related to Transportation Planning.

Qualifying Experience - Three years with a Bachelor of Science or Bachelor of Arts degree or two years with a graduate degree (one year if research or dissertation was related to air quality principles).

Qualifying experience should include work associated with air quality principles and modeling techniques and must include the following:

- 1. Research or documentation which demonstrates a knowledge of air pollution meteorology, dispersion modeling, and engineering principles
- 2. One year experience in the use of current USEPA and FHWA accepted computer models (i.e., mobile source emissions model and dispersion model) in the assessment of impacts of construction projects on the ambient air quality, including mitigation measures as required by the Clean Air Acts Amendments of 1990

Submittal Requirements

The Consultant shall furnish a résumé of the analyst, including a list of pertinent software used and evidence of air quality modeling experience. Submit two examples of modeling documentation upon request.

5.8 Noise Analysis and Abatement Design

Definition

A traffic noise analysis is performed for new highway construction or highway improvement for the following purposes: defining areas of potential noise impacts for each study alternative, evaluating measures to mitigate these impacts, and comparing the various study alternatives on the basis of potential noise impact and associated mitigation costs.

Requirements

A consulting firm requesting prequalification in noise analysis and abatement design shall have at least one person on staff that meets the following requirements:

Education - The analyst shall have a Bachelor of Science degree in Engineering, Environmental Sciences or a Bachelor of Arts degree with course work related to Transportation Planning. (Note: Experience may be substituted for education in exceptional cases if expertise in the area can be proven by written examples of work.)

Qualifying Experience – Two (2) years with a Bachelor of Science or Bachelor of Arts degree or one (1) year with a graduate degree.

Qualifying experience should include work associated with noise impact assessment and modeling techniques and must include the following:

- 1. Research or documentation which demonstrates a knowledge of noise impact assessment and engineering principles. Attendance of noise impact and assessment courses offered by the FHWA, their agencies, or independent Consultants is highly recommended.
- 2. One year experience or evidence of coursework in the assessment of traffic noise impacts using current noise prediction computer models that incorporate FHWA noise emission factors. FHWA Transportation Noise Model (TNM) or most current FHWA model for highway noise assessment and FHWA Integrated Noise Model (INM) for airport noise assessment are acceptable models. Experience should also include abatement design as required by 23 CFR 772, "Procedures for Abatement of Highway Traffic Noise and Construction Noise".
- 3. Familiarity with the FHWA Publication "Highway Traffic Noise Analysis and Abatement Policy and Guidance", dated June 1995 or most current edition of this publication
- 4. Experience in using integrated sound level meters and/or analyzer

Submittal Requirements

Consultant shall furnish a résumé of the analyst, including a list of pertinent software used, a list of noise impact assessment documentation and experience in using monitoring equipment. Submit two examples of noise impact assessment documentation upon request.

5.9 Archaeological Investigations

General

INDOT uses 36 CFR 61 Appendix A and 312 Indiana Administrative Code (IAC) 21-3-4 to evaluate cultural resource firms and their products with respect to minimum staff qualifications and reporting standards for all levels of investigations (Phases I through III). This is done to ensure that project personnel have the training appropriate for the level of work that they are undertaking.

Archaeological studies and equivalent INDOT scope of services stages are:

Literature reviews, records checks, and background studies

- 1. Phase 1a and 1b field reconnaissance and reports
- 2. Phase 1c subsurface field reconnaissance and reports
- 3. Phase II test excavations and reports
- 4. Phase III mitigation or data recovery excavations and reports

Definition

Consulting firms with this prequalification may perform some or all levels of investigation for archaeological resources and must produce acceptable reports for resources in the project area, study area or area of potential effect.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in the area of archaeology must employ at least one person as Principal Investigator, Project Director or Project Manager who meets the following requirements:

- 1. Is currently listed on the Division of Historic Preservation and Archaeology's (DHPA, housed within the Indiana Department of Natural Resources) **Qualified Professionals Roster**, which is a list of qualified professionals meeting both the Secretary of Interior's Professional Qualification Standards and the DHPA's standards. With respect to specializing in historic or prehistoric periods, this need not be the same individual as long as the above condition is met for each period. Information for submitting an application for inclusion on the Qualified Professional Roster may be accessed online at http://www.in.gov/dnr/historic/3675.htm.
- 2. Demonstrated ability to conduct and complete required levels of archaeological work in accordance with guidelines set forth in INDOT's **Cultural Resources Manual** and the DHPA's guidelines.
- 3. Demonstrated knowledge of FHWA guidelines and regulations relative to archaeological analysis of transportation projects.

Submittal Requirements

For each of the Consultant's qualifying personnel, submit a resume that includes the following information:

- 1. A detailed description of the background and qualifications of the individuals. The firm shall clearly state if the person is performing Principal Investigator, Project Director or Project Manager duties for the firm.
- 2. Proof of inclusion on the DHPA's Qualified Professional Roster. This must be presented in the resumés.
- 3. Copies of accepted documents may be required to verify a firm/person has a demonstrated ability to provide an acceptable product. Consultants shall provide these copies upon INDOT's request.

5.10 Historical/Architectural Investigations

General

INDOT uses 36 CFR 61 Appendix A to evaluate firms and their products with respect to minimum staff qualifications and reporting standards for historical/architectural investigations. This is done to ensure that project personnel have the training appropriate for the level of work that they are undertaking.

Historical/Architectural Investigations and equivalent INDOT scope of services stages are:

- 1. Determinations of areas of potential effect
- 2. Identification of cultural properties (research and fieldwork) including historic property/district reports
- 3. Prepare boundary determinations
- 4. Determinations of eligibility
- 5. Preliminary Findings of effect
- 6. Consult with consulting parties, including sending invitations and holding consulting parties meetings
- 7. Consult with the State Historic Preservation Officer and other agency officials
- 8. National Register preparation
- 9. HABS/HAER documentation
- 10. Prepare the INDOT/FHWA Area of Potential Effect, Eligibility Determination(s), and Effect Finding form
- 11. Prepare INDOT/FHWA 800.11(d) or 800.11(e) documentation
- 12. Prepare INDOT/FHWA Memorandum or Agreement documentation

Definition

Consulting firms with this prequalification may perform all levels of investigation for historical/architectural resources and must produce acceptable reports for resources in the project area, study area or area of potential effects, with demonstrated eligibility based on the National Register of Historic Places (NRHP) criteria and guidelines.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in the area of Historical/Architectural Investigations must employ at least one person as Principal Investigator, Project Director or Project Manager who meets the following requirements:

- 1. Completion of INDOT's Cultural Resources/Section 106 training (or equivalent Section 106 training). Please contact the Administrator of INDOT's Cultural Resources Section for additional information on available acceptable training.
- 2. Is currently listed on the Division of **Historic Preservation and Archaeology's Qualified Professionals Roster** (housed within the Indiana Department of Natural Resources), which is a list of qualified professionals meeting the Secretary of Interior's Professional Qualification Standards. Information for submitting an application for inclusion on the Qualified Professional Roster may be accessed online at <u>http://www.in.gov/dnr/historic/3675.htm</u>.
- 3. Demonstrated ability to conduct and complete required levels of historical/architectural work in accordance with guidelines set forth in INDOT's Cultural Resources Manual.
- 4. Demonstrated knowledge of FHWA guidelines and regulations relative to historical/architectural analysis of transportation projects

Submittal Requirements

For each of the Consultant's qualifying personnel, submit a resume that includes the following information:

- 1. A detailed description of the background and qualifications of the individuals. The firm shall clearly state if the person is performing Principal Investigator, Project Director or Project Manager duties for the firm.
- 2. Proof of inclusion on the DHPA's Qualified Professional Roster. This must be presented in the resumés
- 3. Copies of acceptable documents may be required to verify a firm/person has a demonstrated ability to provide an acceptable product. Consultants shall provide these copies upon INDOT's request.

5.11 Environmental Site Assessment

General

Environmental Site Assessment (ESA) is the investigative process utilized to determine if a parcel of property has been impacted with hazardous substances and/or petroleum products. The primary purpose of the ESA process is to establish a defense to Comprehensive Environmental Response Compensation and Liability Act (CERCLA) liability and to develop reasonable procedures to manage contaminated properties where they cannot be avoided. ESAs are required

when land acquisition is necessary for highway development. ESAs are conducted during the preliminary development phase using INDOT's interim guidelines, Dealing with Hazardous Waste Sites During Project Development.

1. ESA Screening, Phase I ESA and Phase II ESA

Definition

The screening and Phase I ESA are investigations into the current and/or past practices using readily available regulatory data bases as well as historical sources including but not limited to aerial photographs, fire insurance maps, land title records, topographic maps, local (city and/or county) directories, zoning/land use records, etc. to assess the overall likelihood of involvement of hazardous substances and/or petroleum products which may have occurred on a given parcel of land. If the screening or Phase I ESA indicate a significant level of concern with involvement of regulated substances, then a Phase II ESA may be required.

The Phase II ESA is an intrusive investigation in which soil and/or groundwater samples are obtained and analyzed in conformance with Environmental Protection Agency (EPA) protocol, particularly SW-846 methodologies. In some situations non-intrusive test methods will be utilized and may include geophysical surveys such as ground penetrating radar or similar methods.

Requirements

A consulting firm requesting qualification to perform ESA Screening, Phase I ESA and/or Phase II ESA shall have at least one person on staff that meets the following criteria:

Education - The person shall have an Associates Degree, Bachelor of Science Degree or Bachelor of Arts Degree in engineering, chemistry, geology or closely related field.

Qualifying Experience - Three years experience in conducting ESAs (completion of at least two Phase I ESAs and two Phase II ESAs) with a Bachelor's degree; two years with a graduate degree; or ten years with an Associates Degree.

Submittal Requirements

- a. A list of the qualified personnel
- b. Résumés (and related coursework if applicable) of key personnel including documentation of at least two Phase I ESAs and two Phase II ESAs reports successfully completed
- c. One Phase I ESA report and one Phase II ESA report should be submitted for review showing the person was the primary writer/author. Or, if the Phase I and Phase II ESA reports in the list above are INDOT approved, the project name with the county, route and section, including the Des. No. may be provided in place of the reports.

2. ESA Remedial Design

Definition

If INDOT determines that acquisition of a contaminated parcel of land is necessary for highway development, then a remedial design may also be necessary to ensure that contaminated media is remediated and/or managed in a manner which is consistent with the appropriate environmental regulations. In short, remedial design will consist of a set of instructional statements, including any applicable drawings, specifications and pay items of which shall be included in the INDOT construction contract. Remedial design can range from a typical underground storage tank removal to a situation as complicated as a large scale remediation plan (e.g., ground water treatment system).

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification to perform remedial design should employ at least one person that meets the following criteria:

- a. The employee should be a Registered Professional Engineer or Licensed Professional Geologist in the State of Indiana.
- b. The employee should be a Certified Hazardous Materials Manager (CHMM), must be certified by the State Fire Marshall in Underground Storage Tank (UST) remediation and must demonstrate the successful design, implementation, and monitoring of at least three (3) remedial design projects in the past three (3) years.
- c. The employee should demonstrate experience in hydrogeology modeling, must have completed the 40 hours Hazardous Waste Operator (HAZWOPER) training course within the last two (2) years, and must have successfully closed at least three (3) sites using Indiana Department of Environmental Management (IDEM) Risk-Integrated System of Closures (RISC), IDEM's Voluntary Remediation Program (VRP) Indiana Code 13-25-5, Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) or Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act Superfund sites.

Submittal Requirements

- a. A list of the qualified personnel
- b. Résumés (and related coursework if applicable) of key personnel including documentation of the above certifications and experience
- c. List three (3) remedial design projects completed in the past three (3) years. If the projects were INDOT projects, provide the county, route and section, including the Des. No.

5.12 Karst Studies

Definition

Karst studies are undertaken for the purpose of delineating guidelines for construction of transportation projects in karst regions of the state. The studies include identification and treatment of drainage in karst regions. Karst areas are regions characterized by the presence of limestone or other soluble rocks, where drainage has been largely diverted into subterranean routes. Sinkholes, sinking streams, springs and caves dominate the topography of such areas.

Requirements

A Consultant must show experience in karst studies. One way this can be demonstrated is to have undertaken at least one karst study that complies with INDOT Karst Memorandum of Understanding (MOU). INDOT will accept other proof of capability on a case by case basis. This should include demonstrating the ability to identify, study and design treatment of drainage in karst regions related to the construction of transportation projects. The Consultant must be able to identify and characterize karst features and their relationships utilizing maps, dye-tracing and/or other geotechnical information to determine subsurface flow of water in the project area and surface drainage patterns of the area. The Consultant must demonstrate the ability to calculate estimates of annual pollutant loads from drainage within the right-of-way, including pre-construction, construction and post-construction estimates. The Consultant must demonstrate the ability to design and treat highway runoff to meet the requirements of the monitoring and maintenance plan.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A list of the qualified personnel
- 2. Résumés (and related coursework if applicable) of key personnel including documentation of the above experience
- 3. List any karst studies completed by the Consultant. If the projects were INDOT projects, provide the county, route and section, including the Des. No. Copies of acceptable documents may be required to verify a firm/person has a demonstrated ability to provide an acceptable product.

6.0 TOPOGRAPHIC SURVEY DATA COLLECTION CATEGORY

6.1 Topographic Survey Data Collection

General

Topographic survey data collection provides the designers with the necessary ground and property information to complete the design and right-of-way acquisition for any project. The data is collected, processed and delivered in an electronic format for the designer to use to prepare the plan metrics and the design Triangulated Irregular Network (TIN) models. This is used to define the existing ground information so that the designer can compute quantities and right-of-way requirements. The Location Control Route Survey Plat is also a deliverable with the design survey. This document gives the location of the centerline and its relationship with the existing United States Property Land System (USPLS) land corners, property corners and subdivision corners of interest for the project.

INDOT distinguishes two distinct areas of responsibility when preparing engineering surveys, namely the field survey function and the review function. The Consultant's prequalification status is based on the training and experience of the survey Consultant.

The surveyor shall be responsible for producing surveys that conform to the following specifications:

- 1. INDOT's Real Estate Policies and Procedures Manual
- 2. INDOT's Location and Design Manual
- 3. INDOT's Location and Design Sample Plan Sheets
- 4. INDOT's Survey Manual
- 5. INDOT's Standard Construction Drawings
- 6. Title 865 of the Indiana Administrative Code (I.A.C.)
- 7. Project specific Scope of Services requirements
- 8. Other specifications and manuals as applicable

The survey Consultant shall be responsible for collecting all of the data necessary for the design topography and the property information necessary to write the deeds for any additional right-of-way needed. They are also responsible for the preparation of the survey field book and the field portion of the Location Control Survey Route Plat.

Experience as a surveyor or reviewer requires actual hands on field survey. Work in the general oversight of a project or in a strictly managerial capacity does not qualify for field survey or reviewer experience. The field surveyor and survey reviewer cannot be the same individual.

Survey Definition

The survey is based on INDOT or similar standards, includes the performance of courthouse research, the practice of surveying (as defined in IAC Title 865), the performance of survey computations, the plotting of the topography and the preparation of the Location Control Route Survey Plat.

The Consultant requesting prequalification in surveying shall have on permanent staff:

1. A field survey crew. The field survey crew shall be under the direct supervision of a Professional Land Surveyor (PLS) registered in the State of Indiana.

2. A Professional Land Surveyor registered in the State of Indiana. The survey must be reviewed by a PLS. The PLS is responsible for signing and sealing all appropriate survey documents.

Requirements

The surveyor shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Experience and knowledge in field surveying on projects comprising a combined length of at least one mile. This includes but is not limited to research of deeds, maps, plats, road records, property owners and existing right of way plans of all appropriate agencies, INDOT plan standards, INDOT CADD standards and right of way legal descriptions.
- 2. Active involvement in field surveying within the past five (5) years.

The reviewer shall meet the following requirements:

- 1. Professional Land Surveyor registered in the State of Indiana.
- 2. Two (2) years experience in field surveys on projects. This includes but is not limited to research of deeds, maps, plats, road records and existing right of way plans of all appropriate agencies, as well as preparation of the topography, TIN models and the Location Control Route Survey Plat.
- 3. Active involvement in field surveying within the past five (5) years.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. Submit résumés summarizing the surveying experience of the land surveyor and reviewer. All projects listed on the résumé to fulfill prequalification requirements shall highlight the surveyor's or reviewer's direct responsibilities on each project and shall include the county, route, section, Des. No. and year survey was performed.
- 2. For initial prequalification submittal only, submit a field survey (current within the past five (5) years) prepared by the surveyor and checked by the reviewer (PLS registered in the State of Indiana).

7.0 GEOTECHNICAL ENGINEERING SERVICES CATEGORY

7.1 Geotechnical Engineering Services

Firm Experience

Provide names of relevant road and bridge projects and include brief descriptions of the size and scope of work performed. Include a sample geotechnical report.

Engineering Staff

1. Principals in Charge

This should include the name of the individual(s) who is (are) responsible for the final review of reports prior to submission. These individuals should have five (5) years experience in geotechnical engineering and be registered PE's in the State of Indiana. Include the name and title within the company, and a résumé of each individual for consideration for approval.

2. Project Engineers

All other engineers within the firm who work on INDOT geotechnical reports must have the same experience and also be registered P.E.'s in the State of Indiana. Include the name and title within the company and a résumé. They must receive prior approval from the Chief Geotechnical Engineer prior to submission of reports.

3. Staff Engineers

Individuals who are full time employees who perform the geotechnical engineering analysis and prepare the reports. Include the names and titles within the company as well as résumés.

Laboratory Facilities

1. Facilities

All facilities must have the capabilities to perform required tests as described in the Geotechnical Manual, and must pass a one time pre-qualification inspection by INDOT representatives. An AMRL laboratory assessment for equipment and procedures and AMRL proficiency sample program participation is mandatory. The initial INDOT inspection will also inspect for equipment compliance used in determining pH and LOI, high humidity storage facilities and literature availability.

- 2. Lab Equipment Requirements
 - a. Apparatus required to test for Organic Content, Loss on Ignition
 - 1) Oven: Capable of maintaining 230 degrees +/-9 degrees F (110 +/-5 degrees C).
 - 2) Balance: Must meet AASHTO M231, Class C
 - 3) Muffle Furnace: Maintains temperature of 883 +/-18degrees F (445 +/- 10 degrees C) and must have a combustion chamber capable of accommodating the designated containers and samples
 - 4) Crucibles: Porcelain or nickel crucibles of 30 to 50 ml capacity or Coors Porcelain evaporating dishes approximately 100 mm top diameter and lids for the crucibles
 - 5) Desiccator: Desiccator of sufficient size to accommodate samples
 - 6) Containers: Glass or plastic coated containers
 - 7) Surcharge Weights: As listed in Geotechnical Manual, (Exhibit C), must
 - 8) Miscellaneous Supplies: Gloves, Tongs, Spatulas.

- b. Apparatus required to test pH
 - 1) pH meter: list make and model
 - 2) Balance: Must meet AASHTO M-231 requirements
 - 3) Beakers: 100 ml beakers
- c. High Humidity Room:
 - 1) Moisture Room must be a minimum of 100 square feet
 - 2) Must maintain temperatures of 68 to 72 degrees F., with an 85% relative humidity
- d. Must comply with the following AASHTO and/or ASTM laboratory methods: T 87, T 88, T 89, T 90, T 99, T 100, T 193, T 200, T 208, T 215, T 216, T 233, T 265, T 267, T 296, T 297, T 307, ASTM D 5084, and ASTM D 5333
- 3. Literature required Volumes of Specifications
 - a. AASHTO: current volume
 - b. ASTM: current volume
 - c. INDOT: current volume
 - d. Thermometers: NIST traceable

Field Staff

- 1. Drillers and equipment operators Drillers who are full time employees and are experienced in all types of geotechnical drilling, sampling and instrument installation are required to operate drilling rigs on all projects. Certain types of geotechnical testing and instrument installation require at least one driller in the company to be a State of Indiana Licensed Well Driller.
- 2. Field supervisors

Field supervisors must be full time employees who are assigned to inspect geotechnical drilling operations, log borings, and make responsible engineering decisions in the field. Include the name and title within the company along with résumés.

3. Drill rigs

Drill rigs must be owned by the company or leased. If leased, INDOT may require proof of lease agreement at any time for inspection. Drill rigs used are required to be equipped with automatic hammers, not catheads. All drilling is to be performed by the applicant company's full time employees, not subcontracted drillers. List manufacturer and types of drilling equipment to be used, and if the drilling equipment is leased, the name of the company leased from should also be submitted.

8.0 ROADWAY DESIGN CATEGORY

General

The following features are encompassed in roadway design: horizontal and vertical alignments, super elevations, intersections, interchanges, pavements, culverts, storm and sanitary sewers, waterlines, erosion control, small retaining walls, traffic barriers, signing, pavement marking, and maintenance of traffic schemes and details, as well as any devices or structures that may be appurtenant to these features. The preparation of right-of-way plans and descriptions are considered to be a part of roadway design. Attendant to the design is the preparation of acceptable plans, reports, feasibility and justification studies, and the performance of all related calculations.

Acceptable plans are considered to be plans that are prepared in the format, and to the level of detail prescribed in the INDOT Design Manual.

8.1 Non-complex Roadway Design

Definition

Projects involving the construction or reconstruction of a road, street, or highway. Typical projects would involve the application of standard highway design principles and practices as not defined under complex roadway design.

Requirements

A consulting firm requesting qualification in this category shall have at least one registered professional engineer on permanent staff that has had responsibility for roadway design on two or more projects that meet the above definition.

Submittal Requirements

Detailed description of the roadway engineer's experience must be submitted. This description shall include the following:

- 1. Provide specific experience in all aspects of roadway design; namely, horizontal and vertical alignments, superelevation, intersection and/or interchange design, development of culverts, storm and sanitary sewers, waterlines or any other roadway items listed under General above.
- 2. List two (2) or more projects for which the engineer has had responsibility for the design of the roadway items listed above.
- 3. For each project stated, list the specific elements of roadway design involved with this project. For example: design/check of horizontal alignment, design of intersection improvement, etc.

8.2 Complex Roadway Design

Definition

Projects involving: (1) a significant length of new highway through an urban area or difficult terrain, (2) intricate geometry (e.g., a freeway-to-freeway interchange), (3) the reconstruction or rehabilitation of a significant length of a multiple-lane highway, or (4) other types of projects with similar degrees of difficulty and required expertise, such as adding travel lanes.

Requirements

A consulting firm requesting qualification in this category shall have at least two (2) registered professional engineers on permanent staff who have each had responsibility for roadway designs that meet one or more of the above definitions.

Submittal Requirements

Same as Non-complex Roadway Design, except:

- 1. Experience in complex roadway design must be provided for two (2) engineers
- 2. For each engineer, provide two (2) or more project descriptions that meet the criteria for complex roadway design. Provide specific experience for these items.

9.0 BRIDGE DESIGN CATEGORY

<u>General</u>

INDOT uses two levels to classify firms for their range of bridge design experience and requires the submittal of Level 3 experience to assist INDOT in selection of firms for projects with bridges that exceed the Level 2 definition. A Consultant's classification level will be based on the experience of the designers and checkers employed by the firm.

The Indiana Department of Transportation requires that bridge design computations and bridge plans be prepared by an experienced bridge design engineer (the designer) and that all bridge computations are independently verified by an experienced engineer (the checker).

The designer shall be responsible for preparing a design that follows sound engineering practice and conforms to AASHTO, INDOT and other specifications and manuals. The designer shall also be responsible for preparing an accurate and complete set of final bridge construction plans. The checker shall be responsible for ensuring correctness, constructability and completeness of the plans and calculations and adherence to pertinent specifications and manuals. The checker shall perform and prepare a set of separate, independent calculations verifying all stations, dimensions, elevations and estimated quantities.

The checker shall independently check all hand performed structural calculations to assure that the structural theory, design formulae and mathematics used by the designer are correct. The intent is not to produce two separate sets of design calculations. However, for atypical designs, fracture critical components, and situations where the designer's theory is unclear or questionable, the checker shall perform and prepare a set of separate, independent calculations. The checker and designer shall resolve all discrepancies and the final product shall reflect mutual agreement that the design is correct.

The checker shall verify all structural calculations performed by computer analysis by preparing independent input for comparison with the designer's input. The checker shall perform an independent analysis of the output and agree with the designer on the final design.

The designer and the checker must be full time employees of the firm.

Experience as a designer or checker requires actual hands on performance of the calculations and plan development.

9.1 Level 1 Bridge Design

Definition

Consultants with this prequalification may perform design work on the following types of projects:

- 1. Pre-cast three-sided culverts (> 20' span)
- 2. Single span prestressed I-beam bridges on integral end bents
- 3. Continuous concrete slab bridges on integral end bents and pile capped interior substructures
- 4. Concrete deck overlay projects
- 5. Minor rehabilitation work involving concrete patching, deck joint rehabilitation, parapet safety regrading or other structural repairs not requiring design computation

Requirements

The designer shall be a Registered Professional Engineer or an Engineering Intern who has passed the Fundamentals Exam given by the State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers.

The checker shall be a Registered Professional Engineer.

The designer and checker shall each have experience designing or checking at least two of the four following bridge types:

- 1. Pre-cast three-sided culvert
- 2. Continuous concrete slab

- 3. Single-span prestressed I-beam
- 4. Any Level 2 or 3 structure

Submittal Requirements

- 1. A table summarizing the design and checking experience of each bridge engineer, utilizing a number code keyed to the projects further described in the bridge engineer's résumés. Refer to Item 6 Bridge Design Experience in Consultant Prequalification Package Part 3 Technical Information.
- 2. A résumé for each bridge engineer that includes project descriptions numbered to correspond to the references in Item 6 Bridge Design Experience in Consultant Prequalification Package Part 3 Technical Information. The project description shall include the following:
 - a. Number code as described in 1 and 2 above
 - b. Name of project (county, route, bridge number and intersecting feature)
 - c. Type of project (for example: bridge replacement, widening, deck replacement, etc.)
 - d. Year designed
 - e. Number of spans
 - f. Span lengths
 - g. Skew
 - h. Geometry (curve or tangent)
 - i. Note if curved beam
 - j. Superstructure type*
 - k. Substructure type*- Abutments or end bents and piers
 - 1. Foundation Type* Abutments or end bents and piers
 - m. List of specific tasks of bridge design or check for which experience is being documented. (Example: design/check abutments, design/check superstructure etc.)

* Experience in the design of new elements only will be considered.

9.2 Level 2 Bridge Design

Definition

Level 2 bridges consist of structure types requiring the most commonly used design procedures and methods and which have geometrics that are not complicated (tangent alignment with a constant bridge width). Consultants with this prequalification may perform work on the following types of projects:

- 1. All of the work listed under Level 1
- 2. Prestressed box beam bridges*
- 3. Prestressed bulb-tee bridges *
- 4. Multi-span prestressed I-girder bridges*
- 5. Single and multi-span rolled beam bridges on tangent alignment with a consistent bridge width*
- 6. Single and multi-span constant depth welded plate girder bridges on tangent alignment with a constant bridge width*
- 7. Deck replacements, on tangent or curved alignment with straight stringers
- 8. Structural repair of Level 1 or Level 2 bridges, including fatigue retrofits
- 9. Structural capacity upgrade

* Level 2 firms shall be permitted to design any type of substructure

Requirements

The designer shall be a Registered Professional Engineer or an Engineering Intern who has passed the Fundamentals Exam given by the State Board of Registration for Professional Engineers

The checker shall be a Registered Professional Engineer.

In addition to meeting the requirements for Level 1, the designer and checker shall each have experience as a designer or a checker of the following:

- 1. Bridge Types (Experience in at least two of the four following types is required)
 - a. Single or multi-span prestressed box beam bridges
 - b. Single or multi-span prestressed concrete bulb-tee beams
 - c. Multi-span prestressed I-girder bridges

d. Single or multi-span, composite, constant depth welded plate girder OR single or multi-span, non composite constant depth welded plate girder and single or multi-span composite rolled beam

Note that experience in plate girder design is assumed to provide enough experience to perform rolled beam design. However, experience in rolled beam design alone, without plate girder experience, is insufficient for qualification under Level 2.

- 2. Substructure Types (Experience in Tee type (hammerhead) piers plus three of the four remaining substructure types listed is required)
 - a. Frame bents
 - b. Tee type (hammerhead) pier
 - c. Wall type pier
 - d. Integral, semi-integral or non-integral end bents
 - e. Wall type abutment or 20 feet tall retaining wall
- 3. Foundation Types (Experience in at least two of the listed foundation types is required)
 - a. Multi-row pile foundation
 - b. Drilled shaft foundation
 - c. Spread footing foundation

Submittal Requirements

See Level 1 Bridge Design

Level 3 Design Elements

Definition

Level 3 Bridge Design is not a separate prequalification category, but serves as a definition of services that exceed the definition of Level 2 Bridge Design. INDOT utilizes the Level 3 elements listed below as subfactors in requests for Consultant services. The Level 3 elements associated with a specific project will be listed with the project notification and INDOT will consider the experience of the project team in designing those specific Level 3 elements.

INDOT requires that Level 3 experience be included in résumés for use in evaluating the experience of project team members listed in letters of interest and technical proposals. Level 3 elements are as follows:

- 1. Experience in developing practical solutions to layout problems created by complex geometry or construction phasing
- 2. Composite welded plate girder, rolled beam or box girder bridge on curved alignment with curved stringers requiring an analysis that takes into account the stresses developed in the curved longitudinal members due to non-uniform torsion (lateral flange bending). In all cases, design and analysis calculations are required to document the experience.
- 3. Fatigue and fracture control in steel bridges, including knowledge of the mechanisms that initiate cracks and cause them to propagate and associated repair methods is required. The intended experience is beyond that involved in performing standard fatigue analyses per AASHTO specifications. Acceptable experience includes any one of the following:
 - a. Design of a new fracture critical pier carrying girder.
 - b. Any work to repair existing cracks where analysis of the cause of the cracking and the method of repair was proposed by the Consultant and accepted by INDOT. Supporting documentation shall include design calculations and plan details.
 - c. Design of any new members involving complicated framing where fatigue prone connections were a concern. The Consultant shall explain the specific fatigue problems and show how they were resolved. Projects where the solution was given to the Consultant by INDOT or another Consultant are not acceptable.
- 4. Haunched girders
- 5. Steel box girder superstructures
- 6. Piers over 45 feet tall
- 7. Three-dimensional finite element analysis
- 8. Post tensioning applied to an existing main load carrying bridge member
- 9. Modular expansion joints
- 10. Thru girder railroad bridges
- 11. Superstructures utilizing post tensioned segmental construction
- 12. Steel trusses
- 13. Moveable bridges

- 14. Arch bridges
- 15. Other bridges such as cable stayed, suspension, etc.

10.0 TRAFFIC DESIGN CATEGORY

General

These categories of prequalification are based upon knowledge and experience in the field of traffic design and management. Consultants must have demonstrated experience in design, specifications and standards. Acceptable plans are considered to be plans that are prepared in the format and to the level of detail prescribed in INDOT's Plan Development Manual and conforming to INDOT's Traffic Design Manual, Manual of Uniform Traffic Control Devices, INDOT's Standards & Specifications, and AASHTO's Standard Specifications for Structural Supports for Highway Signs, Luminaries and Traffic Signals Manual.

10.1 Traffic Signal Design

Definition

Traffic signal design includes design of isolated actuated signals or a few signals requiring a time base form of coordination with some form of interconnecting cable. This level also includes the addition of signals into an existing coordination system. The design of an extension to an existing typical system would be included in this category.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in traffic signal design shall have at least one registered professional engineer on staff with a minimum of three (3) years experience in projects that meet the above definition. Such engineer shall have been actively involved in signal design within the past two (2) years.

Submittal Requirements

For each engineer, submit a résumé that includes the following information:

- 1. Number of years of signal design experience
- 2. Provide project descriptions and owners of the most recent projects involving traffic signals that have been completed, including evidence of experience in the following:
 - a. Capacity analysis of signalized intersections
 - b. Data collection, analysis and reports relating to the need for new signal warrant analysis and interconnection or coordination of signals

- c. Traffic signal timing, i.e., vehicle timing, pedestrian timing, timing for pretimed and actuated operation
- d. Design of signal support structures, i.e., simple span, box span, cantilever arm
- e. Knowledge of current INDOT accepted traffic signal timing and coordination software
- f. Knowledge of traffic control design (interrelationship of traffic signals with other traffic control devices, such as traffic signs, pavement markings and highway lighting)
- g. Utility clearance requirements, i.e., overhead and underground
- h. Various phasing options, types of controllers, local detection alternatives, interconnection, signal displays and cabling
- i. Railroad preemption devices

10.2 Traffic Signal System Design

Traffic signal system design includes a series or network of signals requiring a completely new or a major redesign of a coordinated system. This level would normally involve some form of information feedback to a central control point such as traffic engineering office (or closed loop system) by means of telephone, radio, fiber-optics, etc. This type of coordination system usually utilizes on-street data from detectors to establish what program of cycle length, offsets and splits will be employed. This system is dynamic by virtue of its capability to change or adjust coordination plans to better meet the demands of actual traffic. Sophisticated techniques of communications are sometimes necessary to accommodate not only traffic data, but other systems as well, such as video surveillance or dynamic message signs. The capability to analyze existing and projected traffic conditions and to compare, recommend and justify competing coordination systems and communications based upon the economic pay-back or cost-benefits is also required.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in traffic signal system design shall have at least one registered professional engineer on staff, also registered as a Professional Traffic Operating Engineer (PTOE), with a minimum of three (3) years experience in design of traffic signals, and had responsibility for the design for a minimum of three (3) projects that meet the definition of traffic signal system design. Such engineers must have been actively involved in signal design within the past two (2) years.

Submittal Requirements

Refer to the submittal requirements for basic traffic signal design, plus the following:

- 1. Project experience in real-time computer masters, arterial traffic adjusted, grid traffic adjusted, urban traffic control system (U.T.C.S.), off-line vs. on-line timing plan generation, feedback to control center of malfunctions, distributed vs. central processing, pre-processing, algorithms and software design
- 2. Project experience in electronic data communications systems, i.e., multiplexing, multipair communication cables, coaxial cable, radio, and fiber optic cable
- 3. Experience in data collection, analysis and reports related to justification of need for computer based master control systems, economical analysis of competing systems (sample report or study may be submitted in response to this)

10.3 Complex Roadway Sign Design

Definition

Projects involving: (1) a significant length of new highway through an urban area or difficult terrain, (2) intricate roadway geometry (e.g. freeway interchange), (3) the reconstruction or rehabilitation of a significant length of a multiple-lane highway, or (4) other types of projects with similar degrees of difficulty and required expertise in sign design.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in complex roadway sign design shall have at least one registered professional engineer on staff with a minimum of five (5) years experience in projects that meet the above definition. Such engineer must have been actively involved in sign design within the past three (3) years.

Submittal Requirements

For each engineer, submit a résumé that includes the following information:

- 1. Number of years of sign design experience
- 2. Provide project descriptions and names of the owners of the traffic signs that have been completed, including evidence of experience in the following:
 - a. Existing sign inventory collection and analysis for proposed sign need
 - b. Knowledge of INDOT approved sign sizing software
 - c. Design of sign support structures and foundation, i.e., single and double arm cantilevers, box-truss, monotube, tri-chord

- d. Knowledge of support hardware, walkway and lumi-trak
- e. Knowledge of breakaway sign support design
- f. For complex roadway geometry, knowledge of proposed sign based on proposed geometry
- g. Knowledge of traffic control design (interrelationship of traffic signs with other traffic control devices, such as traffic signals, pavement markings, highway lighting and ITS) utility clearance requirements, i.e. overhead and underground
- h. Knowledge of clear zone and roadside barriers

10.4 Lighting Design

Definition

Projects requiring highway lighting systems such as isolated intersections, interchange lighting or continuous highway lighting, including all associated electrical design and components. Prepares plans for construction of such systems.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in complex lighting design shall have at least one (1) lighting designer on permanent staff that has had extensive experience in design and plan preparation for highway lighting projects that meet the above definition, including experience in the project characteristics listed under Item Number 2 of Highway Lighting Design Submittal Requirements.

Submittal Requirements

A detailed description of each lighting engineer or designer's experience must be submitted. List completed or approved highway lighting projects for which the lighting engineer/designer had primary responsibility for design and/or plan preparation. Please provide the requested information in the résumé format shown in Consultant Prequalification Package, Part 3 Technical Information. For each project list the project description, year constructed, project owner/client, and:

- 1. The lighting designer's responsibilities on the particular project
- 2. Project characteristics that would illustrate experience in:
 - a. Plan preparation
 - b. Traffic data collection and warrant analysis

- c. AASHTO Guide for Roadway Lighting, ANSIIES Standard Practice for Roadway Lighting, INDOT Traffic Engineering Manual, INDOT standards & specifications, or similar documents utilized by other state transportation agencies
- d. Experience in lighting design using conventional, median mounted and/or tower lighting for partial, intermediate, full interchange and/or continuous highway lighting
- e. Familiarity with system interrelationships of light source size, luminaire photometric, mounting height and illumination level and uniformity as related to visibility, safety, energy consumption, economics, traffic control devices and roadway geometry
- f. Knowledge of support hardware including poles, bracket arms, towers, lowering devices and foundations
- g. Familiarity with electrical codes including national electrical code, national electrical safety code and utility clearance requirements
- h. Knowledge of electrical materials, maintenance and construction practices
- i. Experience in circuit design including conductor sizing for loading and voltage drop, control equipment, system grounding and fuse protection
- j. Knowledge of lighting design software

10.5 Intelligent Transportation System Design

General

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) encompass a broad range of wireless and wire line communications-based information and electronics technologies. When integrated into the transportation system's infrastructure, and in vehicles themselves, these technologies relieve congestion, improve safety and enhance American productivity.

ITS are made up of 16 types of technology based systems. These systems are divided into intelligent infrastructure systems and intelligent vehicle systems. These systems are:

A. Intelligent Infrastructure

- 1. Arterial Management
- 2. Freeway Management
- 3. Transit Management
- 4. Incident Management
- 5. Emergency Management
- 6. Electronic Payment
- 7. Traveler Information
- 8. Information Management
- 9. Crash Prevention and Safety

- 10. Roadway Operations and Maintenance
- 11. Road Weather Management
- 12. Commercial Vehicle Operations
- B. Intelligent Vehicles
 - 1. Intermodal Freight
 - 2. Collision Avoidance Systems
 - 3. Collision Notification Systems
 - 4. Driver Assistance Systems

Requirements

Firms desiring to provide ITS Design services to INDOT shall have a documented record of successfully designing and implementing ATMS/ATIS, the minimum professional staff as described elsewhere in this section, and meet the following System Design requirements.

System Design-

The Consultant will have experience in planning and design services for all aspects of ATMS design. The activities relating to the design should include the preparation of: plans, special provisions, engineering estimates, reports, public relations and public information documents, concept of operations, operations and maintenance plans, training and training documents, ITS National Architecture analysis and reports, preliminary engineering reports, system design documents, technology evaluation reports, and integration and test plans as required. The Consultant will have experience in assessing the transportation requirements, initiatives and problem areas of a region and be able to formulate a comprehensive strategy for deploying ITS system design while taking into account existing systems, services and support facilities, ITS standards, the National ITS Architecture, and state standards and guidelines.

The Consultant will be familiar with INDOT standards and guidelines, especially those pertaining to safety and clear-zone requirements relating to ITS deployments as all plans, special provisions, and engineering estimates are to be developed in accordance with current INDOT standards and guidelines.

Key Personnel-

The Consultant requesting prequalification in ITS Design shall have on permanent staff:

- 1. At least one (1) Professional Engineer licensed by the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency who meets the following requirements:
 - a. Has a bachelor of science degree in Civil Engineering, Transportation Engineering, or a closely related discipline;
 - b. Has been actively involved in ITS Design within the past three years;
 - c. Has a thorough understanding of the ITS National Architecture;

- d. Has at least five (5) years of experience with ITS design projects.
- e. Has completed no less than 16 hours of Professional Development (formal training by outside parties) relevant to the field of Intelligent Transportation Systems over the past two (2) years.
- 2. And at least one (1) Professional Engineer licensed by the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency who meets the following requirements:
 - a. Has a bachelor of science degree in Electrical Engineering, or a closely related discipline;
 - b. Has been actively involved in ITS Design within the past three years;
 - c. Has a thorough understanding of the ITS National Architecture;
 - d. Has at least five (5) years of experience with ITS design projects.
 - e. Has completed no less than 16 hours of Professional Development (formal training by outside parties) relevant to the field of Intelligent Transportation Systems over the past two (2) years.

Qualifying experience for each Professional Engineer shall consist of direct project level responsibilities on not less than three (3) ITS projects. Such experience shall have included responsibilities in at least four (4) of the following areas.

- Advanced Traffic Management System (ATMS) Design
- NTCIP Communications
- CCTV System Design
- Fiber Optic Network System Design
- Wireless Communications (Low Speed/High Speed)
- Vehicle Detection Technology
- Travel Time Prediction

Submittal Requirements

For each qualifying Engineer, submit the following:

- 1. A resume (Exhibit N) which documents the required qualifying experience in detail.
- 2. A Copy of the Professional Engineer's license issued by the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency.
- 3. Copies of the Certificate(s) of Completion, or other documentation from the third party provider, documenting the completion of the required Professional Development hours.

10.6 Intelligent Transportation System Integration

General

Intelligent Transportation Systems (ITS) encompass a broad range of wireless and wire line communications-based information and electronics technologies. When integrated into the transportation system's infrastructure, and in vehicles themselves, these technologies relieve congestion, improve safety and enhance American productivity.

ITS are made up of 16 types of technology based systems. These systems are divided into intelligent infrastructure systems and intelligent vehicle systems. These systems are:

- A. Intelligent Infrastructure
 - 1. Arterial Management
 - 2. Freeway Management
 - 3. Transit Management
 - 4. Incident Management
 - 5. Emergency Management
 - 6. Electronic Payment
 - 7. Traveler Information
 - 8. Information Management
 - 9. Crash Prevention and Safety
 - 10. Roadway Operations and Maintenance
 - 11. Road Weather Management
 - 12. Commercial Vehicle Operations
- B. Intelligent Vehicles
 - 1. Intermodal Freight
 - 2. Collision Avoidance Systems
 - 3. Collision Notification Systems
 - 4. Driver Assistance Systems

Requirements

Firms desiring to provide ITS System Integration services to INDOT shall have a documented record of successfully integrating ATMS/ATIS elements, the minimum professional staff as described elsewhere in this section, and meet the following System Integration requirements.

System Integration-

System Integration Consultants will have experience and knowledge of engineering services necessary to integrate all of the various components, component systems, subsystems, and services related to ITS systems. Such systems include but are not limited to vehicle detection technology, Closed Circuit Television Monitoring Systems, Fiber-Optic Networking, and Wireless Networking, including Microwave Systems, licensed and unlicensed radio communications, NTCIP protocol, TCP/IP protocol and Linux and other Operating Systems.

Such experience will include the ability to develop interface control documents to assure the effective operation and interchange of information among the various elements of the ITS systems, services and users. The Consultant will be able to perform an analysis of system requirements and functional capabilities and to develop test plans to assure that developed ITS systems, services and support facilities adhere to the standards, specifications and plans as approved by INDOT for the specific project. The Consultant may be asked to provide recommendations for changes or enhancements to existing or developing systems for INDOT to consider.

The Consultant will have experience in the formulation of testing requirements, standards and procedures to document system performance and operation. The Consultant will be capable of developing a comprehensive battery of tests to document system operational compliance with performance criteria as approved by INDOT. Consultant will be capable of the production and delivery of Interface Control and System Performance Documentation.

Key Personnel-

The Consultant requesting prequalification in ITS Design and Integration shall have on permanent staff:

- 1. At least one (1) System Engineer who meets the following requirements:
 - a. Has a bachelor of science degree in Electrical Engineering, Electrical and Computer Engineering, Computer Science or a closely related discipline;
 - b. Has been actively involved in ITS Integration within the past three years;
 - c. Has a thorough understanding of the ITS National Architecture;
 - d. Has at least five (5) years of experience with ITS system integration projects.
 - e. Has completed no less than 16 hours of Professional Development (formal training by outside parties) relevant to the field of Computer Science over the past two (2) years.
- 2. And at least one (1) Professional Engineer licensed by the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency who meets the following requirements:
 - a. Has a bachelor of science degree in Electrical Engineering, or a closely related discipline;
 - b. Has been actively involved in ITS System Integration within the past three years;
 - c. Has a thorough understanding of the ITS National Architecture;
 - d. Has at least five (5) years of experience with ITS System Integration projects.

e. Has completed no less than 16 hours of Professional Development (formal training by outside parties) relevant to the field of Intelligent Transportation Systems over the past two (2) years.

Qualifying experience for each Professional Engineer shall consist of direct project level responsibilities on not less than three (3) ITS projects. Such experience shall have included responsibilities in at least four (4) of the following areas.

- Advanced Traffic Management System (ATMS) Integration
- NTCIP Communications
- CCTV System Design
- Fiber Optic Network System Design
- Backbone Communications Systems
- Wireless Communications (Low Speed/High Speed)
- Vehicle Detection Technology
- Travel Time Prediction

Submittal Requirements

For each qualifying Engineer, submit the following:

- 1. A resume (Exhibit N) which document the required qualifying experience in detail.
- 2. A Copy of the Professional Engineer's license issued by the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency, if required.
- 3. Copies of the Certificate(s) of Completion, or other documentation from the third party provider, documenting the completion of the required Professional Development hours.

11.0 RIGHT OF WAY PLAN DEVELOPMENT CATEGORY

11.1 Right of Way Plan Development

General

While right of way plans are a definite, integral part of the roadway construction plans, they are developed as a separate entity and thus require a significant amount of specialized knowledge in both fields of boundary surveying and right of way plan development. A right of way plan provides information that defines the extent of the right of way required in order to construct and maintain a highway. Right of way plans show the information needed to facilitate an accurate appraisal of the proposed taking and serve to expedite the required negotiations leading to the acquisition thereof. In addition, right of way plans serve as official public records documenting that which has been acquired and monumented.

INDOT distinguishes two distinct areas of responsibility when preparing right of way plans and legal descriptions, namely the design function and the review function. A consulting firm's prequalification status will be based on the training and experience of the individual right of way

plan Consultant and the design plan right of way designer and the right of way plan reviewer Consultant.

The right of way plan designer and reviewer shall conform to the following specifications:

- 1. INDOT's Real Estate Policies and Procedures Manual
- 2. INDOT's Location and Design Manual
- 3. INDOT's Location and Design Sample Plan Sheets
- 4. INDOT's Survey Manual
- 5. INDOT's Standard Construction Drawings
- 6. Title 865 of the Indiana Administrative Code (I.A.C.)
- 7. The 1998 R/W Engineering Manual
- 8. County Conveyance Standards
- 9. Project specific Scope of Services requirements
- 10. Other specifications and manuals as applicable

The right of way plan Consultant shall be responsible for staking all right of way, temporary right of way and easements to be acquired by INDOT when requested by INDOT. The right of way Consultant is also responsible for preparing the project private sign inventory and the location of any new topographical features not shown on the right of way design plans when the right of way staking is complete. All INDOT right of way staking forms will be completed and submitted to INDOT.

Experience as a right of way plan designer or reviewer requires actual hands on performance of right of way plan development and right of way plan reviews. Work in the general oversight of a project or in a strictly managerial capacity does not qualify for right of way plan designer or right of way plan reviewer experience. The right of way designer and the right of way plan reviewer <u>cannot</u> be the same individual.

Right of Way Plan Development Definition

Right of Way Plan Development based on INDOT standards includes courthouse research and additional field survey (defined in IAC Title 865 1) as approved by INDOT to identify all ownership and interest rights in a property, and the preparation of right of way plans, computations and legal descriptions that include closure checks and right of way parcel plats. These projects could include the acquisition of both non-complex and complex takes including fee takings, perpetual easements, channel easements, temporary takes, etc.

Descriptions of the Right of Way Plan Designer and Reviewer

The Consultant requesting prequalification in Right of Way Plan Development shall have on permanent staff:

- 1. A right of way plan designer shall be under the direct supervision of a Professional Land Surveyor (PLS) registered in the State of Indiana.
- 2. The right of way plan reviewer MUST be a PLS registered in the State of Indiana and shall be responsible for signing and sealing all appropriate right of way documents.

Requirements

- 1. The right of way plan designer shall meet the following requirements:
 - a. Experience and knowledge in right of way plan development on projects comprising a total of ten (10) or more parcels. This includes but is not limited to research of deeds, maps, plats, road records and existing right of way plans of all appropriate agencies, as well as proposed right of way plan design, right of way computation, INDOT right of way plan standards, INDOT CADD standards, right of way legal description writing and closure checks.
 - b. Active involvement in right of way plan development within the past five (5) years
 - c. Successful completion of INDOT's Right of Way Plan Development Training Course
- 2. The right of way plan reviewer shall meet the following requirements:
 - a. Professional land surveyor registered in the State of Indiana
 - b. Two (2) years experience in developing public right of way plans on projects comprising a total of twenty (20) or more parcels. This includes but is not limited to research of deeds, maps, plats, road records and existing right of way plans of all appropriate agencies, as well as proposed right of way plan design, right of way computation, INDOT right of way plan standards, INDOT CADD standards, right of way legal descriptions, right of way parcel plats and description closure checks.
 - c. Active involvement in right of way plan development within the past five (5) years
 - d. Successful completion of INDOT's Right of Way Plan Development Training Course

Submittal Requirements

- 1. Submit résumés summarizing the right of way plan development experience of the designer and reviewer (PLS registered in the State of Indiana). All projects listed on the résumé shall highlight the designer's or reviewer's direct responsibilities on each project and shall include the following information:
 - a. County, Route and Section
 - b. INDOT R/W Code Number (INDOT projects) or Job Number
 - c. Number of Right of Way parcels
 - d. Majority types of takes
 - e. Year the Right of Way Plans were prepared
- 2. Submit approved right of way plans (current within the past five (5) years) prepared by the designer and checked by the reviewer (initial prequalification submittal only).
- 3. Submit county approved legal descriptions (current within the past five (5) years) as prepared in accordance with the above submittal right of way plans that are signed and sealed by the reviewer (initial prequalification submittal only).

12.0 RIGHT OF WAY ACQUISITION SERVICES CATEGORY

<u>General</u>

Prequalification for right of way acquisition services differs from other prequalification requirements in that only prequalified <u>individuals</u> are eligible to provide these services. Therefore, individuals are prequalified to provide services irrespective of employment status - either by a firm or self-employed. Firms will not be prequalified for right of way acquisition services.

Firms may respond to requests for services based on prequalified employees and/or subconsultants.

12.1 Project Management for Right of Way Acquisition Services

Definition

The process of monitoring all aspects of the acquisition process to ensure compliance with all federal and state regulations. Knowledge of and ability to effectively coordinate all phases and disciplines of the right of way acquisition process is required.

Requirements

- 1. A project manager must have a thorough working knowledge of 23 and 49 CFR, the Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition Policies Act of 1970 and its amendments (the Uniform Act), and the INDOT's Policy and Procedures Right of Way Manuals dealing with all disciplines of right of way acquisition.
- 2. A minimum of two (2) years experience working in a supervisory capacity on projects utilizing 23 and 49 CFR and the Uniform Act is required.
- 3. The project manager must clearly demonstrate past experience in managing complex projects that involve multiple complicated tasks and must show experience as a supervisor and/or manager of a job involving workload identification, assignment of tasks, scheduling performance and monitoring progress of multiple and/or complex real estate parcels. Ability to read, interpret and explain complex highway right of way and construction plans is mandatory.

Submittal Requirements

Applicant shall provide a detailed résumé including:

- 1. Work history and number of years experience in project management
- 2. A list of highway projects on which the applicant has performed project management where the Surface Transportation Act and the Uniform Act applied
- 3. A list of INDOT right of way training courses successfully completed (including location and year), or their equivalent
- 4. A list of real estate courses successfully completed (including location and year)
- 5. Any additional information that would be pertinent to project management

12.2 Title Research

Definition

Title research is the process of adequately researching all available records and preparing a Title and Encumbrance Report documenting the research to identify all parties or entities having any ownership interest in the property to be acquired, including an abstract of all pertinent data, legal descriptions, all liens (taxes, mortgages, recorded judgments, etc.), assessments, taxes and any encumbrances against the property.

Requirements

A title abstractor shall have at least one year of prior experience in the research of titles and must be familiar with INDOT's procedures for title and encumbrance reports. The applicant must have experience in public records research and a good working knowledge of the various indices related to records research to document root title in the title report. A title abstractor must be able to understand construction and right of way plans in order to prepare the title and encumbrance reports, since the report reflects the same ownerships and information identified within the plans.

Submittal Requirements

Applicant shall provide:

- 1. A complete Fee Abstractor Application that at a minimum shall include:
 - a. Prior title research experience that demonstrates compliance with the one year title experience requirement
 - b. Examples of recent title work containing a minimum twenty (20) year search period
- 2. The applicant shall subsequently prepare a title report that demonstrates compliance to INDOT's procedures for title reports. The applicant will be given a demonstration title and encumbrance report packet and then will proceed to the appropriate courthouse to do the necessary research to prepare the Title and Encumbrance Report and submit the complete report back to the Abstracting Supervisor. The Title and Encumbrance Report prepared by the title abstractor will be reviewed and rated for compliance to INDOT policies and procedures and the abstractor will be notified of the results.

12.3 Value Analysis

Waiver Valuation Analysis

Definition: Appraisal Waiver; 24.2(a) (33)

The term waiver valuation means the valuation process used and the product produced when the Agency determines that an appraisal is not required, pursuant to 24.102(c) (2) appraisal waiver.

The waiver valuation analysis process is not an appraisal, but a valuation format used by INDOT to establish a Fair Market Value Estimate (FMVE) when an appraisal is unnecessary because the valuation process is uncomplicated and the fair market value is estimated at \$10,000 or less, based on a review of available data.

Requirements

The waiver valuation prepared for INDOT must be prepared by individuals knowledgeable of basic appraisal procedure. These individuals must understand INDOT policy and procedures regarding the preparation of the waiver valuation format. Further, they must be able to document satisfactory completion of INDOT's class, Valuation of Simplistic Acquisition, and/or that they have prepared or assisted others in the preparation of waiver valuations that have been approved by INDOT reviewers. INDOT may also give consideration to individuals who have prepared similar formats in other states so long as documentation and references are provided which prove the individual's ability to comply with the conditions for the waiver valuation. A person

performing the waiver valuation for INDOT must have the ability to read and understand complex right of way and construction plans.

Submittal Requirements

Applicants shall provide a detailed résumé including:

- 1. Appraisal experience and any experience in the preparation of a waiver valuation analysis
- 2. A list of INDOT right of way and appraisal courses completed (including year and location)
- 3. Samples of waiver valuations (or equivalent) which demonstrate ability to estimate compensation utilizing a waiver valuation analysis format

12.4 Appraisal

<u>Definition of Appraisal: 24.2(a) (3)</u>

The term appraisal means a written statement independently and impartially prepared by a qualified appraiser setting forth an opinion of defined value of an adequately described property as of a specific date, supported by the presentation and analysis of relevant market information.

Requirements

Appraisals prepared for INDOT must be unbiased and supported opinions of value. An appraiser must be familiar with the Department of Transportation, FHWA's Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition for Federal and Federally-Assisted Programs Final Rule; 49 CFR Part 24.102 and 24.103; the Uniform Standards for Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP); and the INDOT Appraisal Manual. Appraisals must be prepared on INDOT approved forms. Fee appraisers used by INDOT must be state certified or licensed by the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency. A person performing appraisals for INDOT must have the ability to read and understand complex right of way and construction plans.

Submittal Requirements

Applicants shall provide a detailed résumé including:

- 1. Appraisal related experience with emphasis on work related to the eminent domain process. Specify number of years of appraisal experience.
- 2. A list of INDOT right of way and appraisal courses completed (including year and location)
- 3. Affiliations with professional organizations
- 4. Types of property appraised and any specialty areas

- 5. Experience in providing expert appraisal testimony in eminent domain cases
- 6. Samples of appraisals which demonstrate the ability to estimate compensation utilizing a before and after analysis, i.e. complete self-contained USPAP compliant report
- 7. A copy of the appraiser's current appraisal certificate or appraisal license issued by the Indiana Professional License Agency

12.5 Appraisal Review

Definition

Review appraisers examine reports of other appraisers to determine if the conclusions presented are consistent with the data reported and are reasonable and compliant with all federal and federally assisted programs rules and regulations, Indiana state laws and the INDOT Appraisal Manual, given the specific facts and data available. The review appraiser is responsible for seeking clarification and/or correction to reports when necessary. The review appraiser will recommend to INDOT if the appraisal under review is believed to be just compensation. A person performing appraisal reviews for INDOT must have the ability to read and understand complex right of way and construction plans.

Requirements

A review appraiser must be a certified general real estate appraiser licensed by the Indiana Professional Licensing Agency. A review appraiser must have five (5) years experience with eminent domain appraisal methodology and must have an expert understanding of the Department of Transportation, FHWA's Uniform Relocation Assistance and Real Property Acquisition for Federal and Federally-Assisted Programs Final Rule; 49 CFR Part 24.102 and 24.103; the Uniform Standards for Professional Appraisal Practice (USPAP); the INDOT Appraisal Manual and the interrelationship of appraisal / appraisal review to the overall acquisition process.

Submittal Requirements

Applicants shall provide a detailed résumé including:

- 1. Appraisal related experience with emphasis on work related to the eminent domain process. Specify number of years of appraisal experience.
- 2. A list of INDOT right of way and appraisal courses completed (including year and location)
- 3. Affiliations with professional organizations
- 4. Types of property appraised and any specialty areas
- 5. Experience in providing expert appraisal testimony in eminent domain cases

- 6. Samples of appraisals which demonstrate the ability to estimate compensation utilizing a before and after analysis report
- 7. A copy of the appraiser's current appraisal certificate or appraisal license issued by the Indiana Professional License Agency
- 8. Samples of past appraisal review assignments utilizing either the INDOT review format or a USPAP review format, if any

12.6 Negotiation

Definition

Negotiation is the process of acquiring property rights from owners for the expansion and rehabilitation of the state's highway system. This process of acquisition includes effectively communicating and offering to the owner, in writing, fair and reasonable compensation in compliance with the Uniform Act, Indiana law and INDOT procedures.

Requirements

- 1. A negotiator shall have **either** an active Indiana Real Estate Brokers license; or have an active Indiana Real Estate Salespersons license **with** the State Right-of-Way Association (SR/WA) designation of the International R/W Association.
- 2. A negotiator must also pass the INDOT Approved Buyers Exam and must be familiar with the Uniform Act and 49 CFR Part 24. A negotiator shall also have a familiarity with Indiana Code 32-24-1, INDOT's acquisition policies and procedures, highway construction and right of way plans, titles and appraisals.
- 3. A negotiator must be able to explain the project, the taking, the impact of the taking to the residue, the acquisition process, the offer, and negotiate in an honest and competent manner with the property owner(s).
- 4. The negotiator must document all contacts with the owner and treat all property owners fairly with respect and dignity.

Submittal Requirements

Applicant shall provide:

- 1. A copy of the applicant's current active Indiana Real Estate Broker's license; or Indiana Real Estate Salesperson's license, in addition to a copy of the applicant's SR/WA designation through the International R/W Association
- 2. A detailed résumé shall include:
 - a. Any prior real estate negotiating experience

b. A list of training courses, to include acquisition courses and other real estate courses. Include locations and year(s) of attendance for all listed training

12.7 Closing

Definition

The act or process of the transfer of property through execution of documentation and distribution of compensation.

Requirements

The closing agent must be familiar with all INDOT forms and procedures regarding right of way methodology.

Submittal Requirements

Applicant shall provide a detailed résumé including:

- 1. Number of years experience in closing
- 2. A list of highway projects on which the applicant has performed closing services involving the Surface Transportation Act and the Uniform Act
- 3. A list of closing training courses successfully completed (including location and year)

12.8 Relocation

Definition

The provision of relocation assistance to eligible persons or businesses that are displaced by highway improvement projects.

Requirements

The ability to interpret and explain the Relocation Assistance Program along with thorough knowledge of 49 CFR, Part 24 is required. Successful completion of INDOT's relocation training courses, or equivalent, is required. Prior relocation experience on highway projects is preferred. Ability to read, interpret and explain complex highway right of way and construction plans is necessary.

Submittal Requirements

Applicant shall provide a detailed résumé including:

1. Number of years experience in relocation assistance

- 2. A list of projects on which the individual has performed relocation services where 49 CFR, Part 24 applies. Experience on residential and commercial relocation parcels should be specifically identified
- 3. Copies of INDOT's certificate of training for relocation assistance courses, along with a list of other relocation training courses successfully completed (including location and year) or equivalent
- 4. A list of real estate courses successfully completed (including location and year)
- 5. The applicant shall take the Central Office Relocation Exam. A minimum score of 70% is required

13.0 CONSTRUCTION INSPECTION CATEGORY

13.1 Construction Inspection

General

Construction inspection serves to obtain assurance that the project has been completed in reasonably close conformity with plans and specifications including authorized changes and provides a basis for acceptance of the project and reimbursement of project costs with Federalaid funds. This entails record keeping requirements for inspections that are being made as per Federal regulations, CFR Titles 23 and 49, Indiana code, Title 8 Article 23, and INDOT business rules. Closeout of the construction contract addresses items that can not be completed until the contract is physically complete. During the closeout period final pay and material quantities are determined, certified, and agreed upon by the contractor and state transportation agency; and final reporting requirements are fulfilled; and assurance is made that items such as DBE/MBE/WBE requirements as applicable have been fulfilled; and issuance of final payment is made.

Definitions

Construction Technician - A person that provides technical expertise to inspect and perform material sampling and testing on construction projects.

Construction Supervision - Supervisory personnel and other support staff as necessary and mutually agreed upon to administer or inspect construction projects; and to closeout the construction contract.

Requirements

Consultants providing Construction services shall provide adequate numbers of appropriate staff as determined by INDOT during the period contract procurement and negotiations.

Unless otherwise agreed to by INDOT, the Consultant shall Furnish all construction field testing equipment, including nuclear gauges, necessary to sample and test materials in accordance with INDOT procedures as specified in the "General Instructions to Field Employees" (including

revisions thereto), construction memorandums as published by INDOT, the "Manual for Frequency of Sampling and Testing," and in accordance with current accepted practices. INDOT at its own discretion may provide testing equipment for use by the Consultant.

Consultant personnel shall obtain all job samples of materials (as required by the "General Instructions to Field Employees") delivered to the site and deliver such samples to the appropriate INDOT laboratory office.

A consulting firm requesting prequalification in the category of Construction Inspection shall have a staff meeting the following criteria:

- 1. At least one (1) currently employed person that meets the following minimum qualifications (Technician):
 - a. Certified as per INDOT's Certified Technician Program or certified as per INDOT's Highway Technician Academy to inspect construction projects. (Information on INDOT's Certified Technician Program can be found via the internet at <u>http://www.in.gov/indot/2403.htm</u>.)
 - b. A minimum of one year of experience inspecting and performing material sampling and testing on road, bridge, and/or signalization construction projects
 - c. Must have the ability to pass written and proficiency tests for INDOT's Qualified Technician Program for Construction personnel prior to such tests being required on the assigned project. (Information on INDOT's Qualified Technician Program can be found via the internet at <u>http://www.in.gov/indot/2403.htm.</u>)
- 2. <u>AND</u> at least one (1) currently employed person that meets the following minimum qualifications (Supervisor):
 - a. Must be-
 - 1) Indiana Licensed Professional Engineer with background in Civil Engineering, or
 - 2) Graduate from an accredited college with a B.S. in Civil Engineering, or
 - 3) Certified as per INDOT's Certified Technician Program or certified as per INDOT's Highway Technician Academy to inspect construction projects. (Information on INDOT's Certified Technician Program can be found via the internet at http://www.in.gov/indot/2403.htm.
 - b. Has a minimum of three years of experience supervising the administration of and performing or supervising material sampling and testing of road, bridge, and/or signalization construction projects.
 - c. Must have the ability to pass written and proficiency tests for INDOT's Qualified Technician Program for Construction personnel prior to such tests being required on the assigned project. (Information on INDOT's Qualified Technician Program can be found via the internet at <u>http://www.in.gov/indot/2403.htm</u>.)
 - d. Must have basic computer skills and proficiency with INDOT's Construction Records Application or SiteManager construction management software.

Submittal Requirements

Detailed description of identified staff's credentials and experience must be submitted. This description shall include specific qualifications and practice in the field of construction contract inspection, including but not limited to:

- 1. List of minimum required qualifying personnel identifying each as either Technician or Supervisor;
- 2. Resumes of each individual qualifying person with detailed description of their credentials and experience. This description shall include specific qualifications and practice in the field of construction contract inspection, including but not limited to:
 - a. Academic degrees (year granted and institution), professional registration (type/level and granting authority) and affiliation with professional organizations.
 - b. The details of completed Certification Programs and training
 - c. Past project experiences and particular elements of those experiences in the field of construction contract inspection
- 3. Copies of Indiana Professional Engineer License, related Certificates or other documentation of completing required training.

14.0 BRIDGE INSPECTION CATEGORY

General

INDOT is required by federal regulations to conduct routine inspections of all bridges on the State Highway System to ensure the safety of the traveling public. In addition, special in-depth type inspections may be required for many bridges, at frequencies specified in the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS). INDOT is also required by state regulations to inspect bridges in Indiana state institutions. Indiana counties are required to ensure that all bridges in the county that carry public roads are inspected, and meet all federal and state regulations, in order to be eligible to use federal bridge funds.

INDOT uses four (4) categories to classify bridge/structure inspections for INDOT and local public agencies (county bridges/structures). All inspections <u>must</u> be conducted in a professional manner and using all appropriate and proper safety procedures.

14.1 Regular Bridge Inspections

Definition

A regular bridge inspection is the inspection of any bridge that does not meet the definition of a Complex Bridge (as defined in Section 14.2.) or a Small Structure (as defined in Section 14.4). A bridge inspection can include routine, fracture critical, special detail, damage, clearance

measurement, scour, seismic and miscellaneous inspections, or any combination of these.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in regular bridge inspections shall have a staff which includes at least one (1) person meeting the following criteria:

- 1. Is a NBIS qualified bridge inspection team leader who is a Registered Professional Engineer, Licensed in the State of Indiana. (All team leaders must be on INDOT's list of active team leaders in Indiana).
- 2. Has attended and completed the NHI 80 hour Safety Inspection of In-Service Bridges course at least once in the past ten (10) years, and must be on site at each bridge inspection location and actively participating in all inspection activities.
- 3. Has been involved in a responsible capacity for bridge-related inspection, design, data integrity, and report preparation in the last three years.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. Provide a résumé for the team leader that includes the following information:
 - a. Number of years of bridge inspection experience and for which firm or agency they worked for at the time
 - b. Training courses attended (include course name, place, and dates attended)
 - c. Experience with various types of non-destructive testing methods
 - d. A representative listing of bridges inspected or designed in the last three (3) years. The list shall include:
 - 1) State, county, route, district and owner
 - 2) Structure type
 - 3) Type of inspection
 - 4) Size of inspection team
 - 5) Access equipment and testing used
 - 6) Bridge length, maximum span length and number of spans
- 2. A copy of INDOT's notice of Certified Team Leader approval.
- 3. Copies of completion certificates (or equal) for required NHI training and Professional Engineers license.
- 4. Upon request provide two (2) examples of a Bridge Inspection Report or Bridge Design where the team leader was involved in a responsible capacity which should included the following information:
 - a. A copy of the actual cover or title page of each report or design.
 - b. A copy of the actual Listing or Personnel page; or a representative design plan sheet

with the team leader's name or initials listed; OR a supervisor's certification of the team leader's responsible involvement in the Bridge Inspection Report or Bridge Design.

14.2 Complex Bridge Inspections

Definition:

A complex bridge is defined in the Federal Bridge Inspection Regulations as a suspension bridge, movable bridge, cable stayed bridge or a bridge with unusual characteristics as identified by a State's Bridge Inspection Program Manager.

A complex bridge is a bridge that because of its size or complexity would require a significantly greater inspection effort than could be accomplished on a normal routine, fracture critical or special detail inspections. These inspections require greater engineering knowledge and/or expertise to accurately and fully determine the condition of the various bridge elements.

Complex bridges include:

- 1. Suspension bridges
- 2. Movable bridges
- 3. Cable stayed bridges
- 4. Post-tensioned bridges, or ones with post-tensioned elements *
- 5. Bridges with pin and hanger connections
- 6. Open spandrel arch bridges
- 7. Bridges with steel box girders/pier caps, etc. *
- 8. Bridges with curved steel beam/girders
- 9. Major border crossing bridges over the Ohio River and Wabash River
- 10. Steel trusses that:
 - a. Have four (4) or more main span steel thru truss spans
 - b. Have pin and eyebar connections
 - c. Have unique details or design that require more than a normal fracture critical or special detail inspection
- 11. Miscellaneous bridges, defined on a case-by-case basis, and approved by INDOT's Bridge Inspection Program Manager and which may consider:

- a. Bridge length
- b. Bridge width
- c. Number of spans
- d. Height above the ground or water
- e. Large traffic volume

* Confined Space Inspection Procedures may be a requirement.

A complex bridge inspection may include all or part of the types of inspections covered by a regular inspection (based on the inspection plan of action for the bridge), in addition to its complex part. For INDOT bridges, routine inspections will still be conducted by INDOT inspectors in addition to any complex type inspection that may be conducted by others.

Requirements:

The Consultant requesting prequalification in complex bridge inspections shall have a staff which includes at least one (1) person meeting the following criteria:

- 1. Is a NBIS qualified bridge inspection team leader who is a Registered Professional Engineer, licensed in the State of Indiana (All team leaders must be on INDOT's list of active team leaders in Indiana).
- 2. Has attended and completed the NHI 80 hour Safety Inspection of In-Service Bridges course at least once in the past ten (10) years and must be on site and actively participating in all inspection activities
- 3. Has been involved in a responsible capacity for bridge-related inspection, design, data integrity and report preparation in the last three years
- 4. Has completed the 3.5 day NHI course Fracture Critical Inspection Techniques for Steel Bridges, within the last five years. Other inspection teams with non-engineer team leaders can participate in a complex bridge inspection, but the engineer team leader has overall responsibility.

Submittal Requirements:

Refer to the submittal requirements for Regular Bridge Inspections (Section 14.1).

14.3 Underwater/In-water Bridge Inspections

Definition

INDOT requires that condition inspections be conducted on submerged elements of bridges, or their in-water collision protection devices, in accordance with the National Bridge Inspection Standards (NBIS), the Underwater Bridge Inspection Manual by the FHWA and INDOT

requirements, including bridge elements where:

- 1. The water depth around the bridge element is normally 3-feet deep or more throughout the entire year
- 2. The water is polluted with effluents which can cause accelerated deterioration of steel or concrete, or can be harmful to an inspector not properly protected
- 3. The current of the waterway is too fast for inspectors to safely enter into the water on routine inspections to assess the condition of the elements underwater
- 4. The channel bottom condition is such that an inspector on routine inspections would sink a foot or more into the bottom material and cause an unsafe working condition

Inspections shall be a <u>Level-1 Inspection</u> unless findings require that a higher level of inspection is required to accurately assess a bridge elements condition.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in underwater/in-water bridge inspections shall have full time staff that meets the following requirements:

- 1. Has at least one (1) NBIS qualified bridge inspection Team Leader, who is a Registered Professional Engineer licensed in the State of Indiana that meets the following requirements:
 - a. Is a certified diver; has a working knowledge and understanding of OSHA 29 CFR 1910 (subpart T and Y), USGS 46 CFR 197.200, and FHWA Report No. DP-80-1 and decompression limits per the U.S. Navy Manual
 - b. Has successfully completed the NHI class #130091 Underwater Inspection.
 - c. Has experience in underwater and in-water bridge inspections
 - d. Has experience in stream bed profiles and cross-sections
 - e. Has experience in underwater non-destructive testing techniques
 - f. Shall be on site for all inspection activities and actively participating in at least 50% of all in-water work
 - g. Has had responsibility for the inspection, data integrity and report preparation for at least two (2) separate bridge inspection projects in the last three years
- 2. Has a dive Inspection Team of at least three (3) people, one of which is the team leader, (described above in item #1), which must meet the following requirements:
 - a. All team members must be certified divers; have a working knowledge and understanding of OSHA 29 CFR 1910 (subpart T and Y), USGS 46 CFR 197.200, FHWA Report No. DP-80-1 and decompression limits per the U.S. Navy Manual.

- b. Has successfully completed the NHI class #130091 Underwater Inspection.
- c. All Team Members must be approved by INDOT Bridge Inspection Engineer/State Bridge Program Manager. Team Members request forms are available from the INDOT Bridge Inspection Engineer/State Bridge Program Manager.
- d. All team members shall have the training and experience to perform assigned task in a safe and healthful manner.
- 3. All personnel involved with an underwater or in-water inspection shall be included in the prequalification request. No individual shall be substituted on a dive team without the written authorization of INDOT.

Submittal Requirements

- 1. Provide a resume for each Dive Inspection Team Member (including Team Leader) which includes:
 - a. Number of years of bridge inspection experience and for which firm or agency they worked for at the time
 - b. Number of years of underwater bridge inspection experience and for which firm or agency they worked for at the time
 - c. Bridge training courses successfully completed [including successfully completing the NHI class #130091 Underwater Inspection], (include course name, place, and dates attended)
 - d. Diver training courses successfully competed (include name of course or program, certificate number, and date)
 - e. List last five (5) dive dates (must have been performed within the last five years).
 - f. Experience with various underwater non-destructive testing techniques
 - g. A representative listing of bridges inspected in the last three (3) years, including:
 - 1) State, county, route, district and owner
 - 2) Structure type
 - 3) Type of inspection
 - 4) Size of inspection team
 - 5) Special equipment used or testing done
 - 6) Bridge length, maximum span length, number of spans, number of substructure units in the water, depth of water, flow velocity, clarity of water, etc.
- 2. The Team Leader shall also include a copy of his Indiana Professional Engineer license.

- 3. Provide copies of Diving Certifications and copies of any certificates issued from courses.
- 4. Provide copies of INDOT's notice of Certified Team Leader and Certified Team Member approvals.

14.4 Small Structure and Miscellaneous Structure Inspections

Definition

A small structure is any structure that ranges in length (clear span - parallel to the centerline of a roadway) from 4.0 feet to 20.0 feet long. If the length is greater than 20.0 feet, the structure is considered a bridge. Miscellaneous structures shall be left undefined at this time.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in small structure bridge inspections shall have a staff that meets the following requirements:

- 1. Have at least one (1) NBIS qualified bridge inspection team leader who meets the following criteria: (The team leader must be on INDOT's list of active team leaders in Indiana.)
 - a. Has attended and completed the NHI 80 hour Safety Inspection of In-Service Bridges course at least once in the past ten (10) years, and must be on site and actively participating in all inspection activities
 - b. Has had responsibility for the inspection, data integrity and report preparation for at least one (1) Indiana county small structure or bridge inspection contract, or one (1) separate small structure or bridge inspection project in the last three years
 - c. Shall be present and actively participating on all inspections
- 2. Have an inspection team of at least two (2) people, one of which is the team leader. The second member must be a Team Leader or a Team Member approved by INDOT Bridge Inspection Engineer/State Bridge Program Manager. Team Member request forms are available from the INDOT Bridge Inspection Engineer/State Bridge Program Manager.
- 3. Demonstrate the ability to inspect in low clearance and confined areas in a cost effective manner

Submittal Requirements

1. Refer to the submittal requirements for Regular Bridge Inspections (Section 14.1).

2. Documentation of additional Team Member(s) approval(s) by INDOT Bridge Inspection Engineer/State Bridge Program Manager.

14.5 Bridge Load Capacity Rating and Other Bridge Analysis/Testing

Definition

Federal Bridge Inspection Regulations require that a Bridge Load Capacity Rating be performed for each bridge carrying highway traffic. A number of rating vehicles and rating methods have been identified by the FHWA and INDOT as being required, in order to meet federal regulations. Since July 2004, INDOT has required that INDOT bridges be load rated in the design stage, as well as after placed in service. INDOT is currently using the AASHTO load rating program called VIRTIS to rate INDOT bridges. Since this load rating program cannot rate all types of bridges, other load rating methods can be used when appropriate to get an accurate and realistic load capacity rating.

Other analysis such as fatigue and fracture analysis, or actual bridge load test, etc. shall be left undefined at this time.

Requirements

The Consultant requesting prequalification in load capacity ratings shall:

- 1. Have at least one Registered Professional Engineer, licensed in the State of Indiana, qualified to oversee, review and certify all load capacity ratings performed by that firm
- 2. Have a load capacity rating program(s) that produces all load rating results required by the federal regulations and INDOT (checks: moment, shear, and serviceability), and produces rating values that are comparable to the values calculated by the VIRTIS load rating program. All calculations must be performed by an engineer and reviewed by a Professional Engineer.

Submittal Requirements

1. Provide résumés and examples of load capacity ratings conducted by the engineer in charge of the load ratings, and all other engineers that will assist with load capacity ratings. The reports need to be signed by the engineers to be considered.

The résumés shall include the following information:

- a. Number of years of bridge load capacity rating experience and when, types of bridges rated, rating programs used and for what firm those ratings were performed
- b. A representative listing of bridges Load Rated in the last three (3) years, including:
 - 1) State, county, route, district and owner
 - 2) Structure type

- 3) Type of rating working stress, load factor, LRFD, hand calculations, etc.
- 4) Type of calculations flexure, shear, serviceability, etc.
- 5) Rating program
- 2. Copies of each Professional Engineer's License and any other related certifications.

I. <u>Prequalification Committee Action</u>

As part of the quality based selection process for awarding professional services contracts, INDOT's Prequalification Committee, as created in 105 IAC 11-2-4 and as appointed by the Commissioner, may consider action affecting a Consultant's prequalification status. The following guidelines apply to Committee activity:

- 1. <u>Committee Authority:</u> Pursuant to I.C. 8-23-2-6(a)(2), which allows INDOT to contract with people outside the agency for certain services, and I.C. 8-23-2-12, which allows INDOT to make contracts for professional services of engineers or land surveyors based on competence and qualifications, the Committee may do the following:
 - a. Consider issues that may reflect a Consultant's competence or qualifications to perform INDOT work. The Committee may act on issues referred to the Committee by others or brought to the Committee by its members.
 - b. Investigate, request documents, and interview witnesses and other persons or entities deemed relevant to an issue that may affect a Consultant's competence or qualifications to perform INDOT work.
 - c. Act on existing certificates of qualifications or applications for certificates of qualification consistent with these guidelines.
 - d. Review policies or changes to the Consultant Prequalification Manual.
- 2. <u>Committee Recommendations to the Commissioner:</u> The Committee may recommend a course of action affecting the Consultant's prequalification status to the Commissioner. The Commissioner, in the exercise of the Commissioner's sole discretion, may accept or reject the recommendations of the Committee.

The Prequalification Committee may recommend the Commissioner take any of the following actions:

- a. <u>Change in certificate of qualification:</u> The Committee may recommend a change in the certificate of qualification issued to a Consultant based upon the receipt of additional information, including any information on past performance relevant to a Consultant's competence or qualifications to perform INDOT work.
- b. <u>Suspension of a certificate of qualification:</u> The Committee may recommend the suspension of the Consultant's certificate of qualification for a specified period of time if the Consultant committed an error or omission or if the Consultant's work is otherwise unsatisfactory, if it is apparent the Consultant has not or will not be able to complete its contracts on time, or if the Consultant has failed to comply with a state or federal law, regulation or rule or an INDOT policy or procedure.

- c. <u>Withdrawal of certificate of qualification</u>: The Committee may recommend withdrawal of a certificate of qualification if it administratively determines that the Consultant is no longer active or in existence.
- d. <u>Revocation of certificate of qualification:</u> The Committee may recommend the revocation of a certificate of qualification if it finds the Consultant has done any of the following:
 - i. failed to timely pay or satisfactorily settle any bills due to labor and material on former or existing INDOT contracts;
 - ii. violated either a state or federal law or regulation or the rules of a state or federal department, board, bureau, agency or commission;
 - iii. defaulted on a contract;
 - iv. falsified any document required by the department or any agency of the state of Indiana or federal government;
 - v. failed to perform any part or portion of an existing or previous contract;
 - vi. failed to submit information, documented explanations or evidence required in the contract documents in a timely manner;
 - vii. has been debarred by a federal or state agency;
 - viii. failed to comply with any and all requirements concerning the Disadvantaged Business Enterprise (DBE) or Minority/Women Business Enterprise (M/WBE) programs;
 - ix. violated an INDOT ethics policy;
 - x. committed an error or omission as determined by INDOT
- 3. <u>Notice to the Consultant:</u> The Commissioner or Prequalification Engineer will provide written notice to the Consultant of any action taken by the Commissioner based on the Committee's recommendations.
- <u>Right to Appeal:</u> All actions by the Commissioner based on Committee recommendations are effective fifteen (15) days after the Consultant receives the Commissioner's notice, unless the Consultant exercises its right to appeal under Section 5 below. If the Consultant chooses to appeal the Commissioner's action, the action is effective after completion of the Appeals Procedure under section 5.
- 5. <u>Appeals Procedure:</u> A Consultant aggrieved by the decision of the Commissioner based on the Committee's recommendation in regard to the Consultant's qualification, suspension, withdrawal, revocation, or change in either work type or capacity may appeal the Commissioner's decision. The Appeals Procedure will involve the following:
 - a. The Consultant will make a written request for an appeal of the decision to the prequalification engineer, with a copy to the Commissioner. INDOT must receive the Consultant's request for an appeal within fifteen (15) days after the Consultant receives notification of the Commissioner's decision. The request must include written justification bearing on the Consultant's qualifications and introducing new information the Committee has not previously considered.
 - b. In addition, the Consultant may request to appear personally before the Committee.

- c. The Committee will consider the written request within thirty (30) days after its receipt. The Committee may request additional information, a personal interview with the Consultant, or both.
- d. The Committee will make a recommendation on the outcome of the appeal to the Commissioner.
- e. The Commissioner will make a final agency determination regarding the appeal and notify the Consultant in writing of the decision.

If the Consultant fails to follow the appeal procedure set up in this section within the specified time frames, the Consultant will be deemed to have accepted INDOT's decision as final and deemed to have waived any right to further administrative appeal.

- 6. <u>Entities Controlled by the Same Owners</u>: A Consultant shall not employ any scheme or device to evade the effect of actions taken by the Committee or the Commissioner as to the Consultant's prequalification status. The Committee may extend action it or the Commissioner has taken to an entity controlled by certain owners or officers of a Consultant if the Committee determines the extension is necessary to prevent a circumvention of the Committee or Commissioner's actions.
- 7. <u>Resubmittal Procedure:</u> A Consultant who is dissatisfied with the Committee or the Commissioner's decision regarding its prequalification status may at any time after the expiration of ninety (90) days from the date of INDOT's previous decision request a change or file a new application for qualification.
- 8. <u>Other Committee Rules and Policies:</u> Other general rules and policies governing Committee procedures will apply to the Committee's consideration of a Consultant's prequalification status.
- 9. <u>Commissioner's Discretion</u>: Nothing in this policy affects the Commissioner's discretion to make qualifications-based selections of Consultants for a particular contract or INDOT's ability to seek recovery for an error omission under INDOT policy.