



MANAGEMENT'S RESPONSIBILITY

To the Ratepayers of

Rural Municipality of Paddockwood No. 520:

Management is responsible for the preparation and presentation of the accompanying financial statements, including responsibility for significant accounting judgments and estimates in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards. The preparation of the statements necessarily includes selecting appropriate accounting principles and methods, and making decisions affecting the measurement of transactions in which objective judgments and estimates by management is required.

In discharging its responsibilities for the integrity and fair presentation of the financial statements, management designs and maintains the necessary accounting, budget and other related internal controls to provide reasonable assurance that transactions are appropriately authorized and accurately recorded, that assets are properly accounted for and safeguarded, and that financial records are properly maintained to provide reliable information for the preparation of the financial statements.

The Council is composed of elected officials who are not employees of the Municipality. The Council is responsible for overseeing management in the performance of its financial reporting responsibilities. The Council fulfils these responsibilities by reviewing the financial information prepared by the administration and discussing relevant matters with external auditors. The Council is also responsible for recommending the appointment of the Municipality's external auditors.

Jensen Stromberg Chartered Professional Accountants, an independent firm of Chartered Professional Accountants, is appointed by the Council to audit the financial statements and report directly to them; their report follows. The external auditors have full and free access to, and meet periodically and separately with, both the Council and administration to discuss their audit findings.

Reeve

Administrator





Bill Jensen, CPA, CA*
Tyler Olafson, CPA, CA*
Jared Udchic, CPA*
Dylan Peace, CPA*

*denotes professional corporation

INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Reeve and Council of the Rural Municipality of Paddockwood No. 520

Report on the Financial Statements

Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of the Rural Municipality of Paddockwood No. 520, which comprise the statement of financial position as at December 31, 2024 and the statements of operations, changes in net financial assets, changes in financial position, and remeasurement gains and losses for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements, present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Rural Municipality as at **December 31, 2024** and its financial performance and cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the *Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements* section of our report. We are independent of the Rural Municipality in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with these requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion.

Other Matters

The financial statements of **Rural Municipality of Paddockwood No. 520** for the year ended December 31, 2023 were audited by another auditor who expressed a modified opinion on those statements on November 27, 2024.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with Canadian public sector accounting standards, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Rural Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters related to going concern and the use of the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Rural Municipality or cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Rural Municipality's financial reporting process.

Auditor's Responsibility for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements.

As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit. We also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are
 appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the
 Rural Municipality's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Rural Municipality's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditor's report to the related disclosures in the financial statements, or if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditor's report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Rural Municipality to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.

Saskatoon, Saskatchewan June 18, 2025

Chartered Professional Accountants

Gensen Stromberg



Statement 1

STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION

December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

	2024	2023 (Restated - Note 12)
ASSETS	<u> 2024</u>	11010 12)
Financial assets: Cash and cash equivalents (Note 2) Investments	\$ 1,331,997	2,205,137
Taxes receivable - Municipal (Note 3) Other accounts receivable (Note 4) Assets held for sale (Note 5) Long-term receivables (Note 6) Debt charges recoverable Assets held in trust (Note 7)	171,379 220,917 9,398 56,849	139,243 153,315 6,552 51,218
	<u>758,792</u>	727,467
Total financial assets	2,549,332	3,282,932
Bank indebtedness (Note 8)	_	_
Accounts payable	124,752	231,177
Accrued liabilities payable Deposits Deferred revenue (Note 9)	39,500 4,276	42,000 425,420
Asset retirement obligations (Note 10) Liability for contaminated sites	131,174	141,365
Other liabilities Long-term debt (Note 11) Lease obligations	634,357	575,451
Total liabilities	934,059	1,415,413
NET FINANCIAL ASSETS (DEBT)	1,615,273	1,867,519
Non-financial assets: Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6, 7) Intangible capital assets (Schedule 8, 9) Prepaid and deferred charges Stock and supplies	11,214,691 - - 653,352	10,740,993 - - 268,374
Total non-financial assets	11,868,043	11,009,367
Accumulated surplus (deficit)	\$ <u>13,483,316</u>	12,876,886
Accumulated surplus (deficit) is comprised of: Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasurement gains (losses) (Schedule 10) Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses) (Statement 5)	13,483,316	12,876,886 -
Contingent liabilities (Note 12)		
APPROVED ON BEHALF OF COUNCIL: Reeve		Councillor
See accompanying notes to the financial statements.		Councillo



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Statement 2

STATEMENT OF OPERATIONS

Year ended December 31, 2024 with comparative figures for 2023

D		<u> 2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2024</u> <u>Actual</u>	2023 Actual (Restated - Note 13)
Revenues:	(0.1.1.1.1)	Ф 1 01 2 1 7 0	1 010 146	1 740 210
Tax revenue	(Schedule 1)	\$ 1,812,170	1,818,146	1,749,319
Other unconditional revenue	(Schedule 1)	455,430	491,870	429,524
Fees and charges	(Schedule 4, 5)	123,660	211,372	206,210
Conditional grants	(Schedule 4, 5)	119,880	69,155	86,163
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	(Schedule 4, 5)	(1,080)	2,638	31,656
Land sales - gain (loss)	(Schedule 4, 5)	-	- 76 205	-
Investment income	(Schedule 4, 5)	90,640	76,305	99,669
Commissions	(Schedule 4, 5)	-	-	-
Restructurings	(Schedule 4, 5)	10.500	- 25 111	- 5.000
Other revenues	(Schedule 4, 5)	10,500	35,111	5,000
Total Revenues		2,611,200	2,704,597	2,607,541
Expenditures:				
General government services	(Schedule 3)	524,040	568,518	504,016
Protective services	(Schedule 3)	141,870	141,690	138,786
Transportation services	(Schedule 3)	1,791,070	1,663,765	1,601,929
Environmental and public health services	(Schedule 3)	132,540	140,947	118,954
Planning and development services	(Schedule 3)	113,620	11,744	51,404
Recreation and cultural services	(Schedule 3)	51,400	51,398	48,559
Utility services	(Schedule 3)	2,360	2,804	2,710
Restructurings	(Schedule 3)	<u>-</u>	-	-
Total Expenditures	,	2,756,900	2,580,866	2,466,358
Surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures before	other conital			
contributions	other capital	(145,700)	123,731	141,183
Controutions		(113,700)	123,731	
Provincial/Federal capital grants and contributions	(Schedule 4, 5)	28,890	482,699	
Surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures		(116,810)	606,430	141,183
Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasureme beginning of year	nt gains (losses),	12,876,886	12,876,886	12,735,703
Accumulated surplus (deficit) excluding remeasureme end of year	nt gains (losses),	\$ <u>12,760,076</u>	13,483,316	12,876,886



Statement 3

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET FINANCIAL ASSETS

Year ended December 31, 2024 with comparative figures for 2023

2023 Actual 2024 2024 (Restated -**Budget** Actual **Note 13)** Surplus (deficit) 606,430 141,183 (116,810)(Acquisition) of tangible capital assets (1.073.390)(970,068)Amortization of tangible capital assets 437,030 537,504 491,477 Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets 64,826 351,920 Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets 1,080 (2,638)(31,656)Transfer of assets/liabilities in restructuring transactions Surplus (deficit) of capital expenses over expenditures 438,110 (473,698)(158,327)(Acquisition) of supplies inventories (653,352)(268,372)(Acquisition) of prepaid expenses Consumption of supplies inventories 268,374 194,553 Use of prepaid expenses Surplus (deficit) of expenses of other non-financial over expenditures (384,978)(73,819)Unrealized remeasurement gains (losses) Increase (decrease) in Net Financial Assets 321,300 (252,246)(90,963)Net Financial Assets (Debt) - Beginning of the year 1,867,519 1,867,519 1,958,482

2,188,819

1,615,273

1,867,519

See accompanying notes to the financial statements.

Net Financial Assets (Debt) - End of year



Statement 4

STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FINANCIAL POSITION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

Cash provided by (used in) the following activities:		<u>2024</u>	2023 (Restated - Note 13)
Operating: Surplus (deficit) Amortization Loss (gain) on disposal of tangible capital assets	\$	606,430 537,504 (2,638) 1,141,296	141,183 491,477 (31,656) 601,004
Change in assets/liabilities Taxes receivable - Municipal Other accounts receivable Assets held for sale Other financial assets Accounts and accrued liabilities payable Deposits Deferred revenue Asset retirement obligations Liability for contaminated sites Other liabilities Stock and supplies Prepayments and deferred charges Assets held in trust Net cash from operations	- -	(32,137) (67,603) (2,846) - (106,419) (2,500) (421,144) (10,192) - (384,978) - (31,325) 82,152	(29,942) (75,231) - 8,345 166,679 15,500 60,660 125,103 - (73,819) - - 798,299
Capital: Cash used to acquire tangible capital assets Proceeds on disposal of tangible capital assets Net cash used for capital	_	(1,073,391) 64,826 (1,008,565)	(970,068) <u>351,920</u> (618,148)
Investing: Decrease (increase) in restricted cash Proceeds on disposal of investments Decrease (increase) in investments	_	(5,632)	- - 2,850
Net cash from (used for) investing Financing activities: Debt charges recovered Long-term debt issued Long-term debt repaid Other financing	_	(5,632) - 350,256 (291,351)	2,850 - 638,939 (177,525)
Net cash from financing Change in cash and cash equivalents during the year	_	58,905 (873,140)	461,414 644,415
Cash and cash equivalents, beginning of year Cash and cash equivalents, end of year (Note 2)	- \$ <u>-</u>	2,205,137 1,331,997	1,560,722 2,205,137



Statement 5

STATEMENT OF REMEASUREMENT GAINS AND LOSSES

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

	<u>2024</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), beginning of year		
Unrealized gains (losses)		
Derivatives	-	-
Equity investments measured at fair value	-	-
Foreign exchange		
	-	
Reclassified to the Statement of Operations		
Derivatives	-	-
Equity investments measured at fair value	-	-
Reversal of net remeasurements of portfolio investments	-	-
Foreign exchange		
Net remeasurement gains (losses)		
Accumulated remeasurement gains (losses), end of year		



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

The financial statements of the Municipality are prepared by management in accordance with the local government accounting standards established by the Public Sector Accounting Board. Significant aspects of the accounting policies are as follows:

(a) Basis of Accounting

The financial statements are prepared using the accrual basis of accounting. The accrual basis of accounting recognizes revenues as they become available and measurable; expenses are recognized as they are incurred and measurable as a result of the receipt of goods and services and the creation of a legal obligation to pay.

(b) Reporting Entity

The financial statements consolidate the assets, liabilities and flow of resources of the Municipality. The entity is comprised of all organizations owned or controlled by the Municipality and are, therefore, accountable to the Council for the administration of their financial affairs and resources.

Partnerships

A partnership represents a contractual arrangement between the Municipality and a party or parties outside the reporting entity. The partners have significant, clearly defined common goals, make a financial investment in the partnership, share control of decision making, and share, on an equitable basis, the significant risks and benefits associated with the operations of the partnership.

(c) Collection of Funds for Other Authorities

Collection of funds by the Municipality for the school board, municipal hail and conservation and development authorities are collected and remitted in accordance with the relevant legislation. The amounts collected are disclosed in Note 3.

(d) Government Transfers

Government transfers are the transfer of assets from senior levels of government that are not the result of an exchange transaction, are not expected to be repaid in the future, or the result of a direct financial return. Government transfers are recognized as either expenditures or revenues in the period that the events giving rise to the transfer occurred, as long as:

- a) the transfer is authorized;
- b) eligibility criteria have been met by the recipient; and
- c) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made

Unearned government transfer amounts received but not earned will be recorded as deferred revenue. Earned government transfer amounts not received will be recorded as an amount receivable.

(e) Other (Non-Government Transfer) Contributions

Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year received or in the year the funds are committed to the Municipality if the amount can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured. Externally restricted contributions are deferred until the resources are used for the purpose specified, at which time the contributions are recognized as revenue. In-kind contributions are recorded at their fair value when they are received.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

(f) Revenue

Revenue from transactions with no performance obligations is recognized as revenue in the period in which the transaction or event occurred that gave rise to the revenue.

Revenue from transactions with related performance obligations is recognized as revenue when the related performance obligation is met. When a single transaction requires the delivery of more than one performance obligation, the revenue recognition criteria are applied to the separately identifiable performance obligations. A performance obligation is considered to be separately identifiable if the product or service delivered has stand-alone value to that customer and the fair value associated with the product or service can be measured reliably. The amount recognized as revenue for each performance obligation is its fair value in relation to the fair value of the contract as a whole.

For each performance obligation, the municipality must ascertain whether the obligation is satisfied over a period of time, or at a point in time. In order to do this, the characteristics of the underlying goods and/or services must be considered in order to determine when the ultimate performance obligations will be satisfied. If any of the below criteria are met, the revenue must be recognized over a period of time; otherwise, corresponding amounts are to be recognized at a point in time:

- a) The payor simultaneously receives and consumes the benefits provided by the municipality's performance as they fulfill the performance obligation.
- b) The municipality's performance creates or enhances an asset (for example, work in progress) that the payor controls or uses as the asset is created or enhanced
- c) The municipality's performance does not create an asset with an alternative use to itself, and the municipality has an enforceable right to payment for performance completed to date
- d) The municipality is expected to continually maintain or support the transferred good or service under the terms of the agreement
- e) The municipality provides the payor with access to a specific good or service under the terms of the agreement.

When determining the amounts of revenue to recognize at various stages along the point in time, determinants vary but often include percentage completed.

Deferred Revenue - Fees and Charges

Certain user charges and fees are collected for which the related services have yet to be performed. Revenue is recognized in the period when the related expenses are incurred or services performed.

(g) Local Improvement Charges

Local improvement projects financed by frontage taxes recognize any prepayment charges as revenue in the period assessed.

(h) Net Financial Assets

Net financial assets at the end of an accounting period are the net amount of financial assets less liabilities outstanding. Financial assets represent items such as cash and those other assets on hand which could provide resources to discharge existing liabilities or finance future operations. These include realizable assets which are convertible to cash and not intended for consumption in the normal course of operations.

(i) Non-Financial Assets

Tangible capital and other non-financial assets are accounted for as assets by the government because they can be used to provide government services in future periods. These assets do not normally provide resources to discharge the liabilities of the government unless they are sold.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

(j) Appropriated Reserves

Reserves are established at the discretion of Council to designate surplus for future operating and capital transactions. Amounts designated are described on Schedule 10.

(k) Property Tax Revenue

Property tax revenue is based on assessments determined in accordance with Saskatchewan Legislation and the formulas, principles, and rules in the Saskatchewan Assessment Manual. Tax mill rates are established annually by Council following the guidance of the Government of Saskatchewan. Tax revenues are recognized when the tax has been authorized by bylaw and the taxable event has occurred. Requisitions operate as a flow through and are excluded from municipal revenue.

(I) Financial Instruments

Derivative and equity instruments that are quoted in an active market are carried at fair value. All other financial instruments are measured at cost or amortized cost. Financial assets measured at amortized cost are recognized initially net of transaction costs with interest income recognized using the effective interest rate method. Impairment losses are recognized in the statement of operations when there is an other than temporary decline in value.

Interest and dividends attributable to financial instruments are reported in the statement of operations. Unrealized gains and losses are recognized in the statement of remeasurement gains and losses. When the investment is disposed of the accumulated gains or losses are reclassified to the statement of operations.

Long-term debt: Long-term debt is initially recognized net of premiums, discounts, and transaction costs and is measured at amortized cost with interest expense recognized using the effective interest rate method.

Long-term receivables: Receivables with terms longer than one year have been classified as other long-term receivables.

Measurement of Financial Instruments:

The Municipality's financial assets and liabilities are measured as follows:

Cash and cash equivalents

Cost and amortized cost

Investments Fair value and cost/amortized cost

Other accounts receivable Cost and amortized cost

Long-term receivablesAmortized costDebt charges recoverableAmortized costBank indebtednessAmortized cost

Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Cost
Deposit liabilities Cost

Long-term debt Amortized cost



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

(m) Inventories

Inventories of materials and supplies expected to be used by the Municipality are valued at the lower of cost or replacement cost. Inventories of land, materials and supplies held for resale are valued at the lower of cost or net realizable value. Cost is determined by the average cost method. Net realizable value is the estimated selling price of the inventory in the ordinary course of business.

(n) Tangible Capital Assets

All tangible capital asset acquisitions or betterments made throughout the year are recorded at their acquisition cost. Initial costs for tangible capital assets that were acquired and developed prior to 2009 were obtained via historical cost information or using current fair market values discounted by a relevant inflation factor back to the point of acquisition. Donated tangible capital assets received are recorded at their fair market value at the date of the contribution. The tangible capital assets that are recognized at a nominal value are disclosed on Schedule 6. The costs of these tangible capital assets less any residual value are amortized over the asset's useful life using the straight-line method of amortization. The Municipality's tangible capital asset useful lives are estimated as follows:

<u>Asset</u>	<u>Useful Life</u>
General Assets	
Land	Indefinite
Land improvements	Indefinite
Buildings	50 years
Vehicles and equipment	
Vehicles	30 years
Machinery & Equipment	4 to 20 years
• • •	·

Infrastructure Assets

Infrastructure assets 15 to 40 Years

Government contributions: Government contributions for the acquisition of capital assets are reported as capital revenue and do not reduce the cost of the related asset.

Works of art and other unrecognized assets: Assets that have a historical or cultural significance, which include works of art, monuments and other cultural artifacts are not recognized as tangible capital assets because a reasonable estimate of future benefits associated with this property cannot be made.

Capitalization of interest: The Municipality does not capitalize interest incurred while a tangible capital asset is under construction.

Leases: All leases are recorded on the financial statements as either a capital or operating lease. Any lease that transfers the majority of benefits and risk associated with the leased asset is classified as a capital lease. At the inception of a capital lease, an asset and a payment obligation are recorded at an amount equal to the lesser of the present value of the minimum lease payments and the asset's fair market value. Assets under capital leases are amortized on a straight line basis, over their estimated useful lives (lease term). Any other lease not meeting the before-mentioned criteria is classified as an operating lease and rental payments are expensed as incurred.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

(o) Public Private Partnerships

Public private partnerships where the municipality procures infrastructure using a private sector partner are accounted for and reported as infrastructure assets on the Statement of Financial Position and are initially recognized at cost. Cost includes the gross amount of consideration given up to acquire, construct, develop or better a tangible capital asset; and all costs directly attributable to the acquisition, construction, development or betterment of the infrastructure asset. Infrastructure assets are amortized over the asset's useful life and recognized as an expense on the Statement of Operations.

When the municipality has recognized an infrastructure asset in relation to a public private partnership arrangement and has an obligation to provide consideration to the private sector partner, the municipality recognizes a corresponding infrastructure liability on the Statement of Financial Position. Infrastructure liabilities are initially measured at the same amount as the related infrastructure asset, reduced for any consideration previously provided to the public sector partner. Other consideration attributable to the partnership agreement such as operating and maintenance payments are excluded from the measurement of the liability. Two common models used to measure infrastructure liabilities are the financial liability and user pay models. The financial liability model is utilized when the municipality designs, builds, finances, operates and/or maintains infrastructure in exchange for a contractual right to receive cash or another asset. The reason for this being that the corresponding liability constitutes a financial liability. The user pay model is applicable when the private sector partner designs, builds, finances, operates and/or maintains the infrastructure in exchange for a right to charge the ultimate end users. This compensation granted by the municipality is facilitated via the granting of rights to earn revenue from a third party. Due to such, the corresponding liability should be classified as a performance obligation.

Key estimation techniques used may include independent market appraisals, relevant past transactions or quotes generated by other bidders.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

(p) Asset Retirement Obligations

Asset retirement obligations represent the legal obligations associated with the retirement of a tangible capital asset that results from its acquisition, construction, development, or normal use. The tangible capital assets include but are not limited to assets in productive use, assets no longer in productive use, and leased tangible capital assets.

The liability associated with an asset retirement obligation is measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date to the extent that all recognition criteria are met. Asset retirement obligations are only recognized when there is a legal obligation for the Municipality to incur costs in relation to a specific tangible capital asset, when the past transaction or event causing the liability has already occurred, when economic benefits will need to be given up in order to remediate the liability and when a reasonable estimate of such amount can be made. The best estimate of the liability includes all costs directly attributable to the remediation of the asset retirement obligation, based on the most reliable information that is available as at the applicable reporting date. Where cash flows are expected over future periods, the liability is recognized using the present value method.

When a liability for an asset retirement obligation is initially recognized, a corresponding adjustment to the related tangible capital asset is also recognized. Through the passage of time in subsequent reporting periods, the carrying value of the liability is adjusted to reflect accretion expenses incurred in the current period. This expense ensures that the time value of money is considered when recognizing outstanding liabilities at each reporting date. The capitalized asset retirement cost within tangible capital assets is also simultaneously depreciated on the same basis as the underlying asset to which it relates.

At remediation, the Municipality derecognizes the liability that was established. In some circumstances, gains or losses may be incurred upon settlement related to the ongoing measurement of the liability and corresponding estimates that were made and are recognized in the statement of operations.

(q) Liability for Contaminated Sites

Contaminated sites are a result of contamination being introduced into air, soil, water or sediment of a chemical, organic or radioactive material or live organism that exceeds an environmental standard. The liability is recorded net of any expected recoveries. A liability for remediation of contaminated sites is recognized when all the following criteria are met:

- a) an environmental standard exists;
- b) contamination exceeds the environmental standard;
- c) the Municipality:
 - i. is directly responsible; or
 - ii. accepts responsibility;
- d) it is expected that future economic benefits will be given up; and
- e) a reasonable estimate of the amount can be made.

The Municipality does not have any contaminated sites.

(r) Employee Benefit Plans

Contributions to the Municipality's defined benefit plans are expensed when contributions are made. Under the defined benefit plan, the Municipality's obligations are limited to its contributions.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

(s) Measurement Uncertainty

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian public sector accounting standards requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements, and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the period.

Measurement uncertainty impacts the following financial statement areas:

- a) Accounts receivable are stated after evaluation as to their collectability and an appropriate allowance for doubtful accounts is provided where considered necessary.
- b) The measurement of materials and supplies are based on estimates of volume and quality.
- c) The 'Opening asset costs' of tangible capital assets have been estimated where actual costs were not available.
- d) Amortization is based on the estimated useful lives of tangible capital assets.
- e) The liability associated with asset retirement obligations are measured with reference to the best estimate of the amount required to ultimately remediate the liability at the financial statement date, the discount rate, and inflation.
- f) Measurement of financial instruments at fair value and recognition and measurement of impairment of financial instruments requires the use of significant management estimates.

These estimates and assumptions are reviewed periodically and as adjustments become necessary, they are reported in earnings in the period in which they become known.

(t) Basis of Segmentation/Segment Report

The Municipality follows the Public Sector Accounting Board's recommendations requiring financial information to be provided on a segmented basis. Municipal services have been segmented by grouping activities that have similar service objectives (by function). Revenues that are directly related to the costs of the function have been attributed to each segment. Interest is allocated to functions based on the purpose of specific borrowing.

These segments (functions) are as follows:

General Government: The general government segment provides for the administration of the Municipality.

Protective Services: Protective services is comprised of expenses for police and fire protection.

Transportation Services: The transportation services segment is responsible for the delivery of public works services related to the development and maintenance of roadway systems and street lighting.

Environmental and Public Health: The environmental segment provides waste disposal and other environmental services. The public health segment provides for expenses related to public health services in the Municipality.

Planning and Development: The planning and development segment provides for neighbourhood development and sustainability.

Recreation and Culture: The recreation and culture segment provides for community services through the provision of recreation and leisure services.

Utility Services: The utility services segment provides for the delivery of water, collecting and treating of wastewater and providing collection and disposal of solid waste.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

1. **SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES** (continued)

(u) Assets Held for Sale

The Municipality records assets held for sale when the Municipality is committed to selling the asset, the asset is in a condition to be sold, the asset is publicly seen to be for sale, there is an active market for the asset, there is a plan in place for selling the asset, and the sale is reasonable anticipated to be completed within one year of the financial statement date.

(v) Budget Information

Budget information is presented on a basis consistent with that used for actual results. The budget was approved by Council on June 20, 2024.

(w) Loan Guarantees

Loan guarantees provided by the Municipality for various organizations are not consolidated as part of the Municipality's financial statements. As the guarantees represent potential financial commitments for the Municipality, these amounts are considered contingent liabilities and are not formally recognized as liabilities until the Municipality considers it likely for the borrower to default on its obligation and the amount of the liability can be estimated. The Municipality monitors the status of the organizations annually and in the event that payment by the Municipality is likely to occur, a provision will be recognized in the financial statements.

(x) Intangible Capital Assets

Identifiable intangible capital assets are initially recorded at their acquisition cost, and subsequently measured at acquisition cost less accumulated amortization and any accumulated impairment losses. Intangible capital assets are recognized as non-financial assets in the financial statements.

The carrying value of identifiable intangible capital assets with finite lives are amortized over the asset's useful life.

(y) New Accounting Policies Adopted During the Year

PS 3400 Revenue - a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on revenue. The standard provides a framework for recognizing, measuring and reporting revenues that arise from transactions that include performance obligations and transactions that do not have performance obligations. Performance obligations are enforceable promises to provide specific goods or services to a specific payer. This standard may be applied retroactively or prospectively.

PSG-8 Purchased intangibles - provides guidance on accounting for and reporting on purchased intangible capital assets. It provides clarity on the recognition criteria, along with instances of assets that would not meet the definition of such. Application may be made either retroactively or prospectively in accordance with *PS 2120 Accounting Changes*.

PS 3160 Public private partnerships - a new standard establishing guidance on how to account for and report on partnerships between public and private sector entities. Specifically those in which the entity in the public sector procures infrastructure in conjunction with a private sector entity. In these scenarios the private sector entity must have obligations to design, build, acquire or improve existing infrastructure. Furthermore they must also finance the transaction past the point in which the asset is initially ready for use along with operation and/or maintaining such on an ongoing basis. The standard may be applied either retroactively or prospectively.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

2. CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS

		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Cash	\$	1,137,470	1,745,745
Short-term investments Restricted cash	_	- 194,527	459,392
	\$_	1,331,997	2,205,137

Cash and cash equivalents include balances with banks, less outstanding cheques and plus outstanding deposits, and short-term deposits with maturities of three months or less. Cash is subject to restrictions that prevent its use for current purposes is included in restricted cash.

3. TAXES RECEIVABLE - MUNICIPAL

		<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Municipal: - Current - Arrears	\$	139,079 32,300	138,701 6,879
- Aircais		171,379	145,580
Less: allowance for uncollectibles		<u> </u>	(6,337)
Total municipal taxes receivable	_	171,379	139,243
School: - Current		45,809	49,117
- Arrears		7,568	
Total taxes to be collected on behalf of School Divisions		53,377	49,117
Other: - Current		952	1,824
- Arrears	_	645	
Total other collections receivable		1,597	1,824
Total taxes and grants in lieu receivable or to be collected on behalf of other organizations		226,353	190,184
Deduct taxes receivable to be collected on behalf of other organizations		(54,974)	(50,941)
Total taxes receivable - Municipal	\$	171,379	139,243



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

4. OTHER ACCOUNTS RECEIVABLE

			<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	Federal government Provincial government	\$	85,860 -	47,987 -
-	Local government		96,558	-
	Utility Frade		- 38,499	105,328
	Other		-	
	Total other accounts receivable Less: allowance for uncollectibles		220,917	153,315
	Net other accounts receivable	\$	220,917	153,315
5.	ASSETS HELD FOR SALE			
			<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	Tax title property Less: - allowance for market value adjustment	\$	9,398	6,552
	Net tax title property		9,398	6,552
	Other land Less: - allowance for market value adjustment		<u>-</u>	<u> </u>
	Net other land			
,	Total land for resale	\$	9,398	6,552
6.	LONG-TERM RECEIVABLES			
			<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
	Sask. Assoc. of Rural Municipalities - Self insurance fund	\$ <u> </u>	56,849	51,218

7. ASSETS HELD IN TRUST

Assets held in trust is related to the Rural Municipality Tax Loss Compensation Trust Fund (TLE Trust Fund) administered by SARM. The agreement details the obligations of Canada and Saskatchewan for the payment of the anticipated costs of settling outstanding treaty land entitlement claims of certain First Nations in Saskatchewan. The agreement was the result of the signing of the Treaty Land Entitlement Framework Agreement.

Article 6 of the Amended Cost Sharing Agreement provides that a Rural Municipal Compensation Fund shall be established to receive payments from Saskatchewan and Canada and to disburse payments to Rural Municipalities that lose tax revenue because of lands which had been situated within the municipality being set apart as reserves.

8. BANK INDEBTEDNESS

Credit Arrangements

At December 31, 2024, the Municipality had a line of credit totaling \$100,000, none of which was drawn.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

9. <u>DEFERRED REVENUE</u>

		<u>2023</u>	Externally Restricted Inflows	Revenue Earned	<u>2024</u>
Canada Community Building Fund	\$ <u></u>	425,420	61,556	(482,700)	4,276

10.ASSET RETIREMENT OBLIGATIONS

	<u>2024</u>	2023 (Restated - Note 13)
Balance, beginning of the year	\$ 141,365	16,262
Liabilities incurred	-	66,951
Liabilities settled	-	(5,407)
Accretion expense	6,761	3,649
Changes in estimated cash flows	 (16,952)	59,910
Estimated total liability	\$ 131,174	141,365

Asbestos - The Municipality owns a building which contains asbestos, and therefore, the Municipality is legally required to perform abatement activities upon renovation or demolition of this asset. Abatement activities include handling and disposing of the asbestos in a prescribed manner when it is disturbed. Undiscounted future cash flows expected are \$165,025. The estimated total liability is based on the sum of discounted future cash flows for abatement activities using a discount rate of 5.45%.

Landfill - Landfill closure and post-closure care requirements have been defined in accordance with The Environmental Management and Protection Act and include final covering and landscaping of the landfill, pumping of ground water, methane gas and leachate management, and ongoing environmental monitoring, site inspection and maintenance. The reported liability is based on estimates and assumptions with respect to events extending over a one year period using the best information that is available to management. Future events may result in significant changes to the estimated total expense, capacity used or total capacity and the estimated liability, and would be recognized prospectively, as a change in estimate, when applicable.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

11.LONG-TERM DEBT

The authorized debt limit for the Municipality is \$1,822,238. The authorized debt limit for a Municipality is the total amount of the Municipality's own source revenues for the preceding year (the *Municipalities Act* section 161(1)). The incremental debt above the debt limit authorized in the Municipalities Act is approved by the Saskatchewan Municipal Board.

Bank loans:

	<u>2024</u>	<u>2023</u>
Affinity Credit Union loan, repayable in monthly payments of \$14,248; including interest at 4.84%; secured by a general security agreement.	\$ 135,222	295,396
Affinity Credit Union. loan, repayable in monthly payments of \$9,156 including interest at 5.34%, secured by a general security agreement.	182,819	280,055
Affinity Credit Union. loan, no fixed repayment terms, interest only, including interest at 4.69%, secured by a general security agreement.	137,452	-
Caterpillar Financing loan, repayable in monthly payments of \$6,235 including interest at 3.49%, secured by a general security agreement.	 178,864	
	\$ 634,357	575,451

Future principal and interest payments are as follows:

Year	Princi	ipal Interest	Current Total
2025	\$ 44	14,949 15,311	460,260
2026	15	52,378 4,413	156,791
2027	3	37,030 378	37,408
2028	-	-	-
2029	-	-	-
Thereafter		<u> </u>	
Balance	\$ <u>63</u>	34,357 20,102	654,459

12. CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The Municipality is contingently liable under terms of the Saskatchewan Association of Rural Municipalities Self-Insurance Plan for its proportionate share of claims and future claims in excess of the Plan's reserve fund.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

13. CORRECTION OF AN ERROR

During the year, it was determined that asset retirement obligations exist on the Municipalities owned buildings. These obligations should have been recorded in the prior year when the Municipality became subject to a new accounting standard requiring that asset retirement obligations be recorded as liabilities. This error has been corrected retrospectively and the comparative figures have been restated:

- Asset retirement obligations increased by \$70,601,
- Net financial assets (debt) decreased by \$70,601,
- Tangible capital assets increased by \$63,013,
- Accumulated surplus (deficit) decreased by \$7,585,
- Total expenditures increased by \$7,585, and
- Surplus (deficit) of revenues over expenditures decreased by \$7,585.

14.PENSION PLAN

The Municipality is an employer member of the Municipal Employee Pension Plan (MEPP), which is a multiemployer defined benefit pension plan. The Commission of MEPP, representing plan member employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the pension plan, including investment of assets and administration of benefits. The Municipality's pension expense in 2024 was \$58,058 (2023 - \$54,414). The benefits accrued to the Municipality's employees from MEPP are calculated using the following: pensionable years of service, highest average salary, and the plan accrual rate. The Municipality matches its employee's contributions of 9.0% for general members and 12.5% for designated police officers and firefighters

Total current service contributions by the Municipality to MEPP in 2024 were \$58,058 (2023 - \$54,414). Total current service contributions by the employees of the Municipality to MEPP in 2024 were \$58,058 (2023 - \$54,414).

Based on the latest information available (December 31, 2024 Audited Financial Statements) the Municipal Employees Pension Plan had a surplus in the net assets available for benefits of \$1,519,648,000. This is based on the most recent actuarial valuation, completed December 31, 2023. The Rural Municipality's portion of this is not readily determinable.

15.<u>COMPARATIVE FIGURES</u>

The prior year's comparative figures have been reclassified to conform to the current year's method of presentation.



NOTES TO THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

December 31, 2024

16.RISK MANAGEMENT

Through its financial assets and liabilities, the Municipality is exposed to various risks.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will fail to discharge their responsibilities with respect to the financial instrument, and in doing so, cause a loss for the other party. The Municipality is mainly exposed to credit risk with respect to its cash and taxes and other accounts receivable. It is management's opinion that the Municipality is not exposed to significant credit risk as its cash is held by financial institutions with high credit ratings, and a significant portion of its taxes and other accounts receivable can be collected through tax enforcement procedures.

Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Municipality will encounter difficulty in meeting financial obligations as they fall due. The Municipality undertakes regular cash flow analyses to ensure that there are sufficient cash resources to meet all obligations. The Municipality is mainly exposed to liquidity risk with respect to its accounts payable and accrued liabilities and long-term debt.

Market Risk

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: interest rate risk, currency risk, and other price risk.

- Interest rate risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in market interest rates. The financial instruments that potentially subject the Municipality to interest rate risk consists of long-term debt.
- Currency risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in currency fluctuations. The Municipality is not subject to currency risk.
- Other price risk is the risk that the future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in the fair value of equity investments. The Municipality is not subject to other price risk.



SCHEDULE OF TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL REVENUES

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

		<u>2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2024</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>
TAXES				
General municipal tax levy	\$	1,819,590	1,819,603	1,761,423
Abatements and adjustments		(21,660)	(14,256)	(24,789)
Discount on current year taxes	_	(91,220)	(92,588)	(90,252)
Net municipal taxes		1,706,710	1,712,759	1,646,382
Potash tax share		-	-	-
Trailer license fees		17,570	17,946	17,572
Penalties on tax arrears		15,790	16,181	13,230
Special tax levy		72,100	71,260	72,135
Other	_	-		
Total Taxes	_	1,812,170	1,818,146	1,749,319
UNCONDITIONAL GRANTS				
Revenue sharing		404,970	404,996	332,191
Organized Hamlet		7,020	7,026	6,374
Other		<u>-</u>		
Total Unconditional Grants	_	411,990	412,022	338,565
GRANTS IN LIEU OF TAXES				
Federal		-	-	-
Provincial				
S.P.C. Electrical		-	-	-
Sask. Energy Gas		-	-	-
TransGas		-	-	-
Central Services		-	-	-
Sasktel		-	-	-
Other		5,400	7,951	5,399
Local/Other				
Housing Authority		-	-	-
C.P.R. Mainline		-	-	-
Treaty Land Entitlement		36,840	71,758	84,344
Other		1,200	139	1,216
Other Government Transfers				
S.P.C. Surcharge Sask Energy Surcharge		-	-	-
Other		-	-	-
Total Grants in Lieu of Taxes	_	43,440	79,848	90,959
TOTAL TAXES AND OTHER UNCONDITIONAL				
REVENUE REVENUE	\$	2,267,600	2,310,016	2,178,843



SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

with comparative figures	tor 2023		
	<u>2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2024</u> Actual	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Custom work	\$ -	-	-
Sales of supplies	9,430	8,773	8,116
Other (tax certificates, rent)	11,160	7,643	11,650
Total Fees and Charges	20,590	16,416	19,766
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	(1,080)	-	31,656
Land sales - gain (loss)	- 00 (40	76 205	- 00 ((0
Investment income Commissions	90,640	76,305	99,669
Other	-	-	_
Total other segmented revenue	110,150	92,721	151,091
Conditional Grants		,,	101,001
Student employment	_	_	_
Other	-	_	-
Total Conditional Grants		-	-
Total Operating	110,150	92,721	151,091
Capital		<u> </u>	<u> </u>
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other			
Total Capital	<u> </u>		
Restructuring Revenue	-	<u> </u>	
Total General Government Services	110,150	92,721	151,091
PROTECTIVE SERVICES			
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges Other			
Total Fees and Charges			
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)			
Other	-	-	-
Total other segmented revenue			
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	-	_	-
Local government	-	-	-
Other			
Total Conditional Grants			
Total Operating			
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Local government	-	-	-
Other Total Capital	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
-			
Restructuring Revenue	-		
Total Protective Services	-		



SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

with comparative fig	ures for 2023			
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES	_	<u>2024</u> udget	<u>2024</u> <u>Actual</u>	<u>2023</u> <u>Actual</u>
Operating				
Other Segmented Revenue				
Fees and Charges				
Custom work	\$	10,000	5,370	13,580
Sale of gravel and supplies		-	-	-
Road Maintenance and Restoration Agreements Other		- -	- 	<u> </u>
Total Fees and Charges		10,000	5,370	13,580
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss) Other		-	2,638	-
Total other segmented revenue		10,000	8,008	13,580
Conditional Grants		<u> </u>		
Primary Weight Corridor		_	_	-
Student employment		_	_	-
Other (Clearing The Path, Water Security)		57,800	56,728	59,386
Total Conditional Grants		57,800	56,728	59,386
Total Operating		67,800	64,736	72,966
Capital		07,000	0.,,,,,	72,500
Conditional Grants				
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)		28,890	482,699	_
MREP (Heavy Haul, CTP, Municipal Bridges)		-	-	_
Provincial Disaster Assistance		_	_	-
Other		_	-	-
Total Capital		28,890	482,699	-
Restructuring Revenue		_	_	_
_		06.600	5.47.425	72.066
Total Transportation Services		96,690	547,435	72,966
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES				
Operating				
Other Segmented Revenue				
Fees and Charges		20.140	20.545	25.515
Waste and disposal		38,140	38,545	37,517
Other		20 140	20 545	27.517
Total Fees and Charges		38,140	38,545	37,517
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)		-	-	-
Other		20.140	20.545	27.517
Total other segmented revenue		38,140	38,545	37,517
Conditional Grants				
Student employment		-	-	-
TAPD Local government		-	-	-
Other (pest control)		3,000	2,620	3,192
Total Conditional Grants		3,000	2,620	3,192
Total Operating		41,140	41,165	40,709
Capital Conditional Grants				
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)		-	-	-
TAPD		-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance Other		-	-	-
		<u>-</u>	-	
Total Capital Restructuring Revenue		_ -		
Total Environmental and Public Health Services Services		41,140	41,165	40,709



SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

with comparative figures for	or 2023		
	<u>2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2024</u> Actual	<u>2023</u> Actual
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES	 _		
Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges			
Maintenance and Development Charges	\$ 37,000	128,871	115,229
Other (building permits, licenses)	17,430	21,614	19,624
Total Fees and Charges	54,430	150,485	134,853
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	-	-
Other (district plan committee)	10,500	35,111	5,000
Total other segmented revenue	64,930	185,596	139,853
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	_	_	_
Other (Target Sector)	49,270	_	16,424
Total Conditional Grants	49,270		16,424
Total Operating	114,200	185,596	156,277
	117,200	105,570	130,277
Capital Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)			
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other	-	_	_
Total Capital			
Restructuring Revenue			
-			
Total Planning and Development Services	114,200	185,596	156,277
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue			
Fees and Charges			
Other			
Total Fees and Charges	-	-	-
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	-	-
Other			
Total other segmented revenue	<u> </u>		
Conditional Grants			
Student Employment	-	-	-
Local government	-	-	-
Donations	-	-	-
Other (Sask Lotteries)	9,810	9,807	7,161
Total Conditional Grants	9,810	9,807	7,161
Total Operating	9,810	9,807	7,161
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
Local government	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other Tatal Capital			
Total Capital	<u> </u>		
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	9,810	9,807	7,161

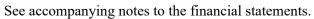


SCHEDULE OF OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

1 5	<u>2024</u>	<u>2024</u>	2023
HEH IEN GERNIGEG	Budget	Actual	<u>Actual</u>
UTILITY SERVICES Operating			
Other Segmented Revenue Fees and Charges			
	\$ 500	556	494
Sewer	500	-	- T/T
Other	_	_	_
Total Fees and Charges	500	556	494
Tangible capital asset sales - gain (loss)	-	-	-
Other		-	
Total other segmented revenue	500	556	494
Conditional Grants			
Student employment	-	-	-
Other			
Total Conditional Grants			
Total Operating	500	556	494
Capital			
Conditional Grants			
Canada Community-Building Fund (CCBF)	-	-	-
New Building Canada Fund (SCF, NRP)	-	-	-
Clean Water and Wastewater Fund	-	-	-
Provincial Disaster Assistance	-	-	-
Other			
Total Capital			<u> </u>
Restructuring Revenue			
Total Utility Services	500	556	494
TOTAL OPERATING AND CAPITAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$ 372,490	877,280	428,698
SUMMARY			
	\$ 223,720	325,426	342,535
Total Conditional Grants	119,880	69,155	86,163
Total Capital Grants and Contributions	28,890	482,699	-
Restructuring Revenue	<u> </u>	<u> </u>	
TOTAL REVENUE BY FUNCTION	\$ 372,490	877,280	428,698





TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

2024 2024 Budget Actual	2023 Actual (Restated - Note 12)
GENERAL GOVERNMENT SERVICES	
Council remuneration and travel \$ 62,740 62,524	69,391
Wages and benefits 248,620 248,857	241,374
Professional/Contractual services 114,240 117,739	99,881
Utilities 29,290 27,032	25,546
Maintenance, materials, and supplies 37,450 35,843	28,939
Grants and contributions -operating	-
-capital	_
Amortization 31,700 35,237	35,236
Accretion of asset retirement obligations - 3,848	3,649
Interest	-
Allowance for uncollectibles - (6,337)	-
Other (LED lights) 43,775	-
General Government Services 524,040 568,518	504,016
Restructuring	_
Total General Government Services 524,040 568,518	504,016
PROTECTIVE SERVICES Police protection Wages and benefits	61,578
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-
Grants and contributions - operating	-
-capital	-
Amortization	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-
Interest	-
Other	-
Fire protection	
Wages and benefits	-
Professional/Contractual services	-
Utilities 78,340 78,332	77,208
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-
Grants and contributions -operating	-
Amortization	-
Aniorization Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-
Interest	_
Other	-
Protective Services 141,870 141,690	138,786
Restructuring	-
Total Protective Services 141,870 141,690	138,786



TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

	2024 <u>Budget</u>	<u>2024</u> <u>Actual</u>	2023 <u>Actual</u> (Restated - Note 13)
TRANSPORTATION SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	\$ 608,000	505,599	445,047
Professional/Contractual services	45,500	45,683	42,150
Utilities	30,570	27,633	27,769
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	516,710	420,666	483,490
Gravel	161,500	153,015	101,203
Grants and contributions -operating	-	-	39,158
-capital Amortization	404,590	484,261	- 455,499
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest	24,200	26,908	7,613
Other		<u>-</u>	
Transportation Services	1,791,070	1,663,765	1,601,929
Restructuring			
Total Transportation Services	1,791,070	1,663,765	1,601,929
		2,000,00	
ENVIRONMENTAL AND PUBLIC HEALTH SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	19,400	7,483	12.610
Professional/Contractual services	109,000	104,990	102,204
Utilities	-	-	- ´
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating			
Waste disposal	-	-	-
Public health	-	-	-
-capital Waste disposal			
Public health	-	-	-
Amortization	-	17,264	_
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	7,070	-
Interest	-	-	-
Other (donations)	4,140	4,140	4,140
Environmental and Public Health Services	132,540	140,947	118,954
Restructuring	<u>-</u>		
Total Environmental and Public Health Services	132,540	140,947	118,954
PLANNING AND DEVELOPMENT SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	-	_	_
Professional/Contractual services	103,120	2,474	44,923
Grants and contributions -operating	-	-	-
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	-	-	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest Other (district planning)	10,500	9,270	- 6,481
Planning and Development Services	113,620	11,744	51,404
Restructuring	113,020	-	31,707
	112 (20	11 744	
Total Planning and Development Services	113,620	11,744	51,404

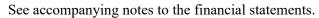


TOTAL EXPENSES BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

	<u>2024</u> <u>Budget</u>	<u>2024</u> <u>Actual</u>	2023 Actual (Restated - Note 13)
RECREATION AND CULTURAL SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	\$ -	-	-
Professional/Contractual services	19,470	19,471	19,278
Utilities	-	-	-
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	-	-	-
Grants and contributions -operating	31,930	31,927	29,281
-capital	-	-	-
Amortization	-	-	-
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest Allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-
Other		-	-
Recreation and Cultural Services	51,400	51,398	48,559
	31,100	31,370	10,555
Restructuring Total Recreation and Cultural Services	51,400	51,398	48,559
Total Recreation and Cultural Services	31,400	51,576	<u> </u>
UTILITY SERVICES			
Wages and benefits	-	-	-
Professional/Contractual services	-	-	-
Utilities	-	-	-
Maintenance, materials, and supplies	1,620	2,062	1,968
Grants and contributions -operating	-	-	-
-capital	-	- 7.40	- 542
Amortization	740	742	742
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	-	-	-
Interest Allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-
Other	- -	-	-
Utility Services	2,360	2,804	2,710
Restructuring	2,300	2,001	2,710
_		-	
Total Utility Services	2,360	2,804	2,710
TOTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION	\$2,756,900	2,580,866	2,466,358





SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and charges	\$ 16,416	-	5,370	38,545	150,485	-	556	211,372
Tangible capital asset sales - Gain (loss)	-	-	2,638	-	-	-	-	2,638
Land sales - Gain (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	76,305	-	-	-	-	-	-	76,305
Commissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	-	-	-	-	35,111	-	-	35,111
Grants - Conditional	-	-	56,728	2,620	-	9,807	-	69,155
Grants - Capital	-	-	482,699	-	-	-	-	482,699
Restructurings								-
Total revenues	92,721		547,435	41,165	185,596	9,807	556	877,280
Expenses (Schedule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	311,381	-	505,599	7,483	-	-	-	824,463
Professional/Contractual Services	117,739	63,358	45,683	104,990	2,474	19,471	-	353,715
Utilities	27,032	78,332	27,633	-	- ′	- ′	-	132,997
Maintenance, materials and supplies	35,843	-	573,681	-	-	-	2,062	611,586
Grants and contributions	-	-	-	-	-	31,927	-	31,927
Amortization	35,237	-	484,261	17,264	-	-	742	537,504
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	3,848	-	-	7,070	-	-	-	10,918
Interest	-	-	26,908	-	-	-	-	26,908
Allowance for uncollectibles	(6,337)	-	-	-	-	-	-	(6,337)
Other	43,775	-	-	4,140	9,270	-	-	57,185
Restructurings								
Total expenses	568,518	141,690	1,663,765	140,947	11,744	51,398	2,804	2,580,866
Surplus (deficit) by function	(475,797)	(141,690)	(1,116,330)	(99,782)	173,852	(41,591)	(2,248)	(1,703,586)
Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)								2,310,016
Net surplus (deficit)							\$	606,430



SCHEDULE OF SEGMENT DISCLOSURE BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2023

(Restated - Note 13)

	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning and Development	Recreation and Culture	Utility Services	Total
Revenues (Schedule 2)								
Fees and charges	\$ 19,766	-	13,580	37,517	134,853	-	494	206,210
Tangible capital asset sales - Gain (loss)	31,656	-	-	-	- ^	-	-	31,656
Land sales - Gain (loss)	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Investment income	99,669	-	-	-	-	-	-	99,669
Commissions	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Other revenues	-	-	-	-	5,000	-	-	5,000
Grants - Conditional	-	-	59,386	3,192	16,424	7,161	-	86,163
Grants - Capital	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Restructurings								
Total revenues	151,091		72,966	40,709	156,277	7,161	494	428,698
Expenses (Schedule 3)								
Wages & Benefits	310,765	-	445,047	12,610	-	-	-	768,422
Professional/Contractual Services	99,881	61,578	42,150	102,204	44,923	19,278	-	370,014
Utilities	25,546	77,208	27,769	-	-	-	-	130,523
Maintenance, materials and supplies	28,939	-	584,693	-	-	-	1,968	615,600
Grants and contributions	-	-	39,158	-	-	29,281	-	68,439
Amortization	35,236	-	455,499	-	-	-	742	491,477
Accretion of asset retirement obligations	3,649	-	-	-	-	-	-	3,649
Interest	-	-	7,613	-	-	-	-	7,613
Allowance for uncollectibles	-	-	-	-	- (101	-	-	-
Other	-	-	-	4,140	6,481	-	-	10,621
Restructurings								
Total expenses	504,016	138,786	1,601,929	118,954	51,404	48,559	2,710	2,466,358
Surplus (deficit) by function	(352,925)	(138,786)	(1,528,963)	(78,245)	104,873	(41,398)	(2,216)	(2,037,660)
Taxation and other unconditional revenue (Schedule 1)								2,178,843
Net surplus (deficit)							\$	141,183



SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY OBJECT

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

2023 (Restated -

				2024						Note 13)
			General Assets			Infrastruc	ture Assets	General / Infrastructure		
	Land	Land Improvements	Buildings	Vehicles	Machinery & Equipment	Linear Assets	Public Private Partnerships	Assets Under Construction	Total	Total
Asset cost										
Opening asset costs	\$ 1,117,671	63,843	906,252	66,011	2,618,134	13,470,413	-	135,521	18,377,845	17,888,170
Additions during the year	83,800	-	35,636	34,367	354,932	564,656	-	-	1,073,391	970,070
Disposals and write-downs during the year	-	(12,051)	-	-	(21,699)	(38,854)	-	(43,776)	(116,380)	(480,395)
Transfers (from) assets under construction	-	-	-	-	-	91,745	-	(91,745)	-	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)										
Closing asset costs	1,201,471	51,792	941,888	100,378	2,951,367	14,087,960			19,334,856	18,377,845
Accumulated amortization cost										
Opening accumulated amortization costs	-	-	350,216	44,620	658,850	6,583,166	-	-	7,636,852	7,305,506
Add: Amortization taken	-	17,264	35,237	1,590	167,368	316,045	-	-	537,504	491,477
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	-	-	-	-	(15,338)	(38,853)	-	-	(54,191)	(160,131)
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)										
Closing accumulated amortization costs		17,264	385,453	46,210	810,880	6,860,358			8,120,165	7,636,852
Net book value 1. Total contributed/donated assets received	\$ <u>1,201,471</u> lin 2024:	34,528	\$ 556,435 \$ 83,800	54,168	2,140,487	7,227,602			11,214,691	10,740,993
List of assets recognized at nominal value Infrastructure Assets -Vehicles -Machinery and Equipment	e in 2024 are:		\$ - \$ - \$ -							
3. Amount of interest capitalized in 2024:			\$ -							

SCHEDULE OF TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

2023 (Restated -

				2024					Note 13)
	General Governme		Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Water & Sewer	Total	Total
Asset cost									
Opening asset costs	\$ 877,2	- 203	16,291,239	65,985	1,113,724	-	29,694	18,377,845	17,888,170
Additions during the year	35,6	-	1,037,755	-	-	-	-	1,073,391	970,070
Disposals and write-downs during the year	-	-	(104,329)	(12,051)	-	-	-	(116,380)	(480,395)
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)		<u> </u>							
Closing asset costs	912,8	339	17,224,665	53,934	1,113,724		29,694	19,334,856	18,377,845
Accumulated amortization cost									
Opening accumulated amortization costs	313,3	-	7,298,959	-	-	-	24,577	7,636,852	7,305,506
Add: Amortization taken	35,2	- 237	484,261	17,264	-	-	742	537,504	491,477
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	-	-	(54,191)	-	-	-	-	(54,191)	(160,131)
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)			_					<u> </u>	
Closing accumulated amortization costs	348,5		7,729,029	17,264			25,319	8,120,165	7,636,852
Net book value	\$ 564,2	<u>-</u>	9,495,636	36,670	1,113,724		4,375	11,214,691	10,740,993



SCHEDULE OF INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY OBJECT

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

	2024						2023		
	General Assets				Other				
	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	TBD	Assets Under Construction	Total	Total
Asset cost									
Opening asset costs	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals and write-downs during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfers (from) assets under construction	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)									
Closing asset costs									
Accumulated amortization cost									
Opening accumulated amortization costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Add: Amortization taken	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)							<u> </u>		<u> </u>
Closing accumulated amortization costs									
Net book value	\$ -	_	_	_	_	_	_	_	_
1. Total contributed/donated assets rece	eived in 2024:		\$ -						
2. List of assets recognized at nominal	value in 2024 are:		\$ -						
3. Amount of interest capitalized in 20			\$ -						



SCHEDULE OF INTANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS BY FUNCTION

Year ended December 31, 2024

with comparative figures for 2023

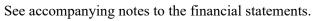
	2024						2023		
	General Government	Protective Services	Transportation Services	Environmental & Public Health	Planning & Development	Recreation & Culture	Water & Sewer	Total	<u> </u>
Asset cost									
Opening asset costs	\$ -	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Additions during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Disposals and write-downs during the year	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)			<u> </u>						
Closing asset costs			<u> </u>					-	
Accumulated amortization cost									
Opening accumulated amortization costs	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Add: Amortization taken	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Less: Accumulated amortization on disposals	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	-
Transfer of assets related to restructuring (Schedule 13)			<u> </u>						<u> </u>
Closing accumulated amortization costs			<u> </u>			-		-	
Net book value	\$								



SCHEDULE OF ACCUMULATED SURPLUS

Year ended December 31, 2024

	2023 (Restated - Note 13)	<u>Changes</u>	<u>2024</u>
UNAPPROPRIATED SURPLUS	\$ <u>1,916,421</u>	625,390	2,541,811
APPROPRIATED RESERVES Machinery and equipment Public reserve Capital trust Utility Other (CCBF)	321,034 7,026 - 425,420	- - - - (421,144)	321,034 7,026 - 4,276
Total Appropriated	753,480	$\frac{(421,144)}{(421,144)}$	332,336
ORGANIZED HAMLETS Hamlet of Northside	41,443	(12,608)	28,835
NET INVESTMENT IN TANGIBLE CAPITAL ASSETS Tangible capital assets (Schedule 6, 7) Intangible capital assets (Schedule 8, 9) Less: Related debt Net Investment in Tangible Capital Assets	10,740,993 - (575,451) 10,165,542	473,698 - (58,906) 414,792	11,214,691 - (634,357) 10,580,334
Accumulated Surplus excluding remeasurement gains (losses)	\$ <u>12,876,886</u>	606,430	13,483,316





SCHEDULE OF MILL RATES AND ASSESSMENTS

Year ended December 31, 2024

		PROPERTY CLASS						
	<u>.</u>	<u>Agriculture</u>	Residential	Residential Condominium	Seasonal <u>Residential</u>	Commercial & <u>Industrial</u>	Potash <u>Mine(s)</u>	<u>Total</u>
Taxable Assessment	\$	83,349,090	76,011,385	-	28,857,950	3,412,495	-	191,630,920
Regional Park Assessment								<u> </u>
Total Assessment								<u>191,630,920</u>
Mill Rate Factor(s)		1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.0000	1.5000		
Total Base/Minimum Tax (generated for each property class)		523,500	368,450	_	<u>-</u>	7,350		899,300
Total Municipal Tax Levy (include base and/or minimum tax and special levies)	\$_	923,575	728,090		138,518	29,420		1,819,603

MILL RATES:	MILLS
Average Municipal*	9.495
Average School*	3.210
Potash Mill Rate	_
Uniform Municipal Mill Rate	4.800

^{*} Average Mill Rates (multiply the total tax levy for each taxing authority by 1000 and divide by the total assessment for the taxing authority)



SCHEDULE OF COUNCIL REMUNERATION

Year ended December 31, 2024

		Reimbursed						
Position	Name	Rem	<u>uneration</u>	Costs	<u>Total</u>			
Reeve	Lance Fehr	\$	7,604	2,715	10,319			
Councillor	Adam Mazurkewich		6,250	2,873	9,123			
Councillor	Brand Valkenburg		5,837	2,188	8,025			
Councillor	Elwin Brons		6,873	2,284	9,157			
Councillor	Garry Sumlic		5,641	2,131	7,772			
Councillor	Joseph Clavelle		1,213	430	1,643			
Councillor	Leslie Blacklock		450	150	600			
Councillor	Lionel Lavoie		5,547	1,855	7,402			
Total		\$	39,415	14,626	54,041			

