



Design for Maintainability

Presentation

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Agenda:

Design for Maintainability

Section: Design for Affordability

- 01 What is Design for Availability?
- 02 Plant Engineer Perspective
- 03 Why the time component?
- 04 Practical Examples
- 05 Design Strategy

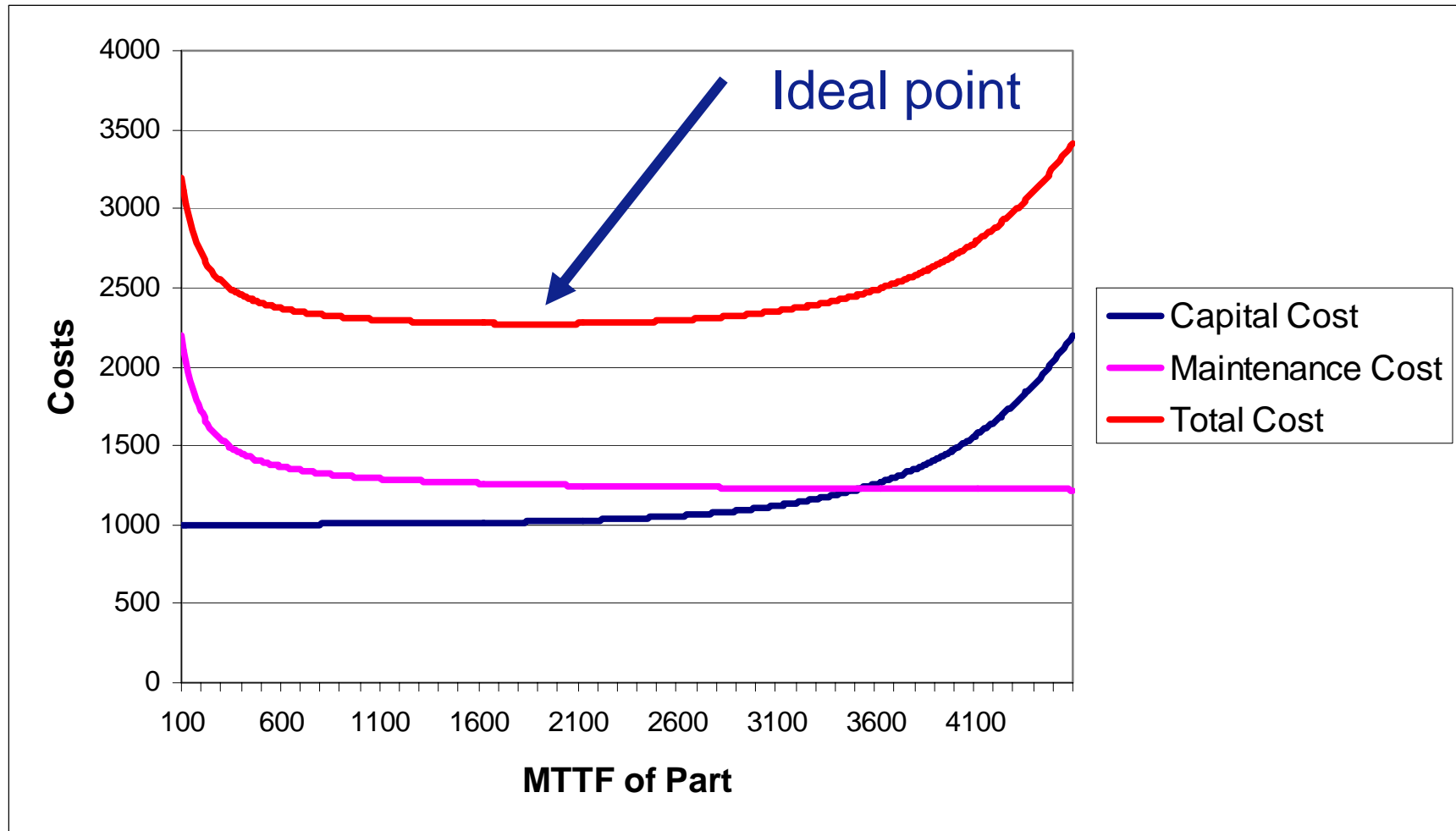


What is Design for Maintainability?

- Design:
 - Transformation of an idea into a product, process or service that meets both the designer's requirements and end user's needs.
- Maintainability:
 - The degree to which the design can be maintained (or repaired) easily, economically and efficiently.
 - Maintainability is a *characteristic* of design, whereas maintenance is the *result* of design
 - Design Parameter



Total Cost of Ownership





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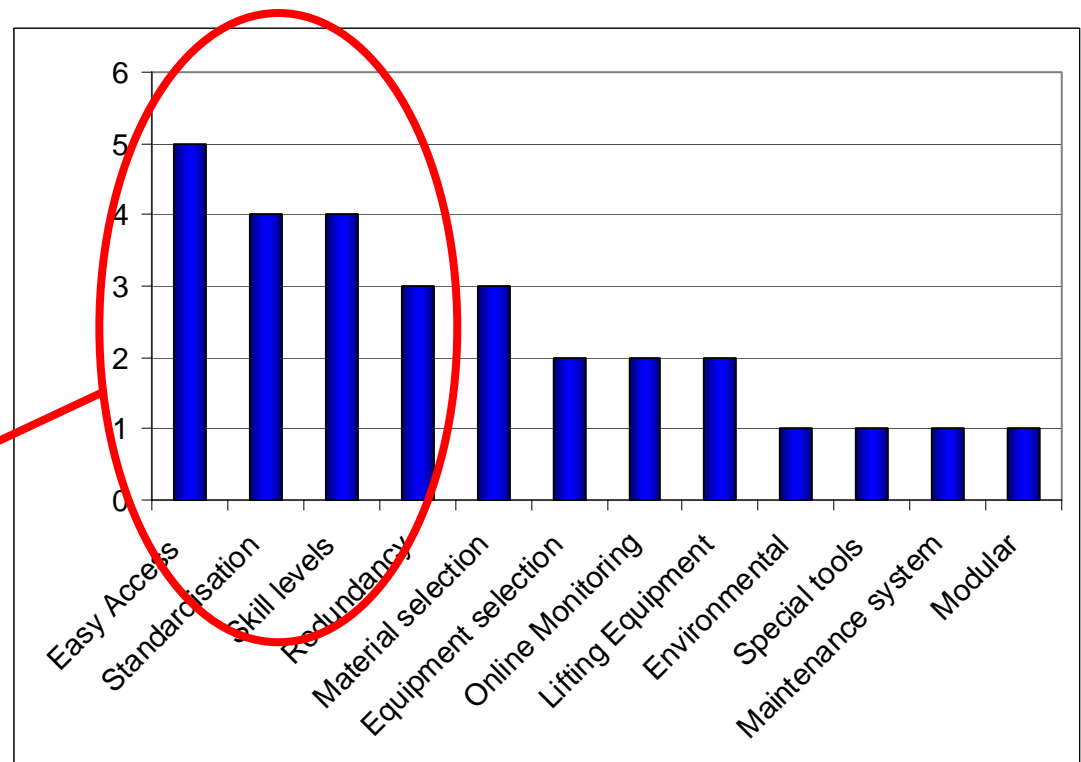
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Plant Engineer Survey

- Surveyed 5 plant engineers within Lonmin Platinum
- Open ended – “What would be your requests/dream i.t.o. maintainability?”
- Four most typically encountered requests were:
 1. Make equipment accessible
 2. Make equipment accessible
 3. Make equipment accessible
 4. Everything else

Time Component





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Why the time component?

$$A_i = \frac{MTBF}{(MTBF + MTTR)}$$

A_i = Inherent Availability

MTBF = Mean Time Before Failure

MTTR = Mean Time to Repair

- Only looks at failures
- Largest availability value that can be observed

$$A_0 = \frac{MTBM}{(MTBM + MDT)}$$

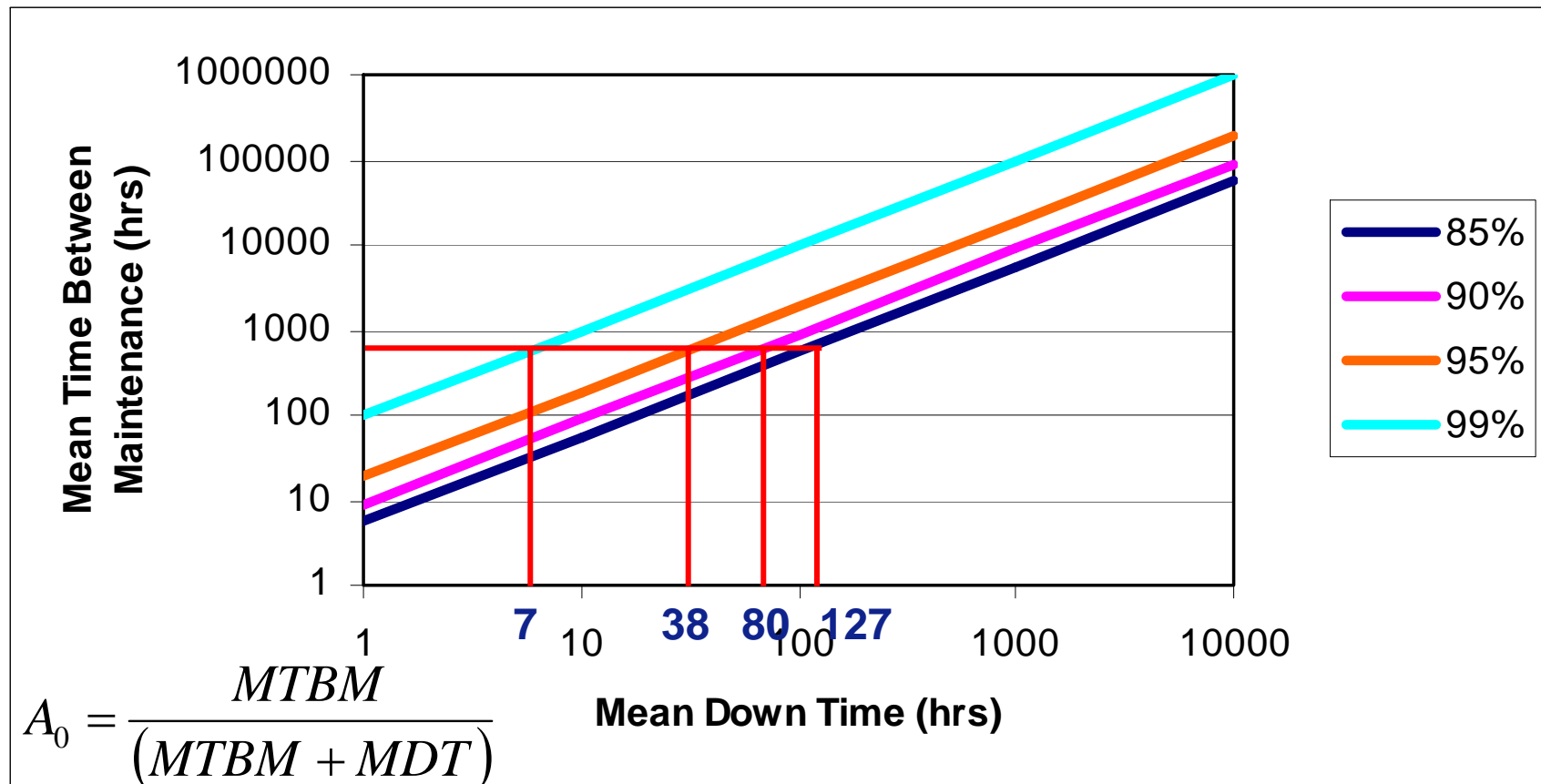
A_0 = Operational Availability

MTBM = Mean Time Before Maintenance

MDT = Mean Down Time

- Includes all corrective & preventative actions (not only failures)
- Includes all downtime including delays (not only repair)
- $A_0 < A_i$ due to “things going wrong”

Availability Relationships





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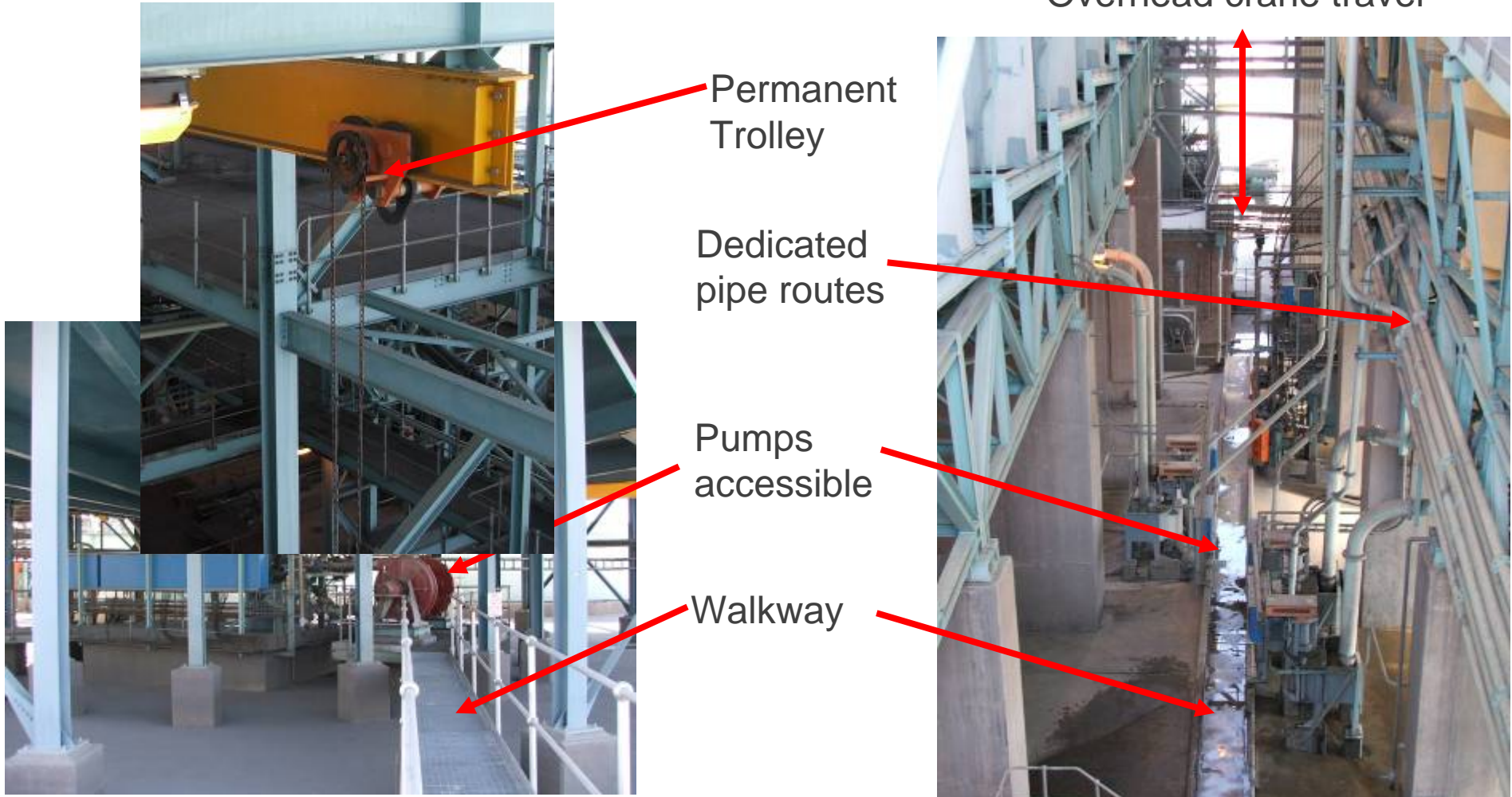
EPC concentrator

- Commissioned in Oct 2002 as part of Opencast project
- Situated adjacent to EPL plant
- Brits – North West Province
- 120 000 tpm MF2 circuit
- Highly automated
- Standby pumps
- Dedicated pipelines



Example: Accessibility

Overhead crane travel



Examples: Pumps

“Pig tails”

Self tensioning
motor bases

Non-parallel
flanges

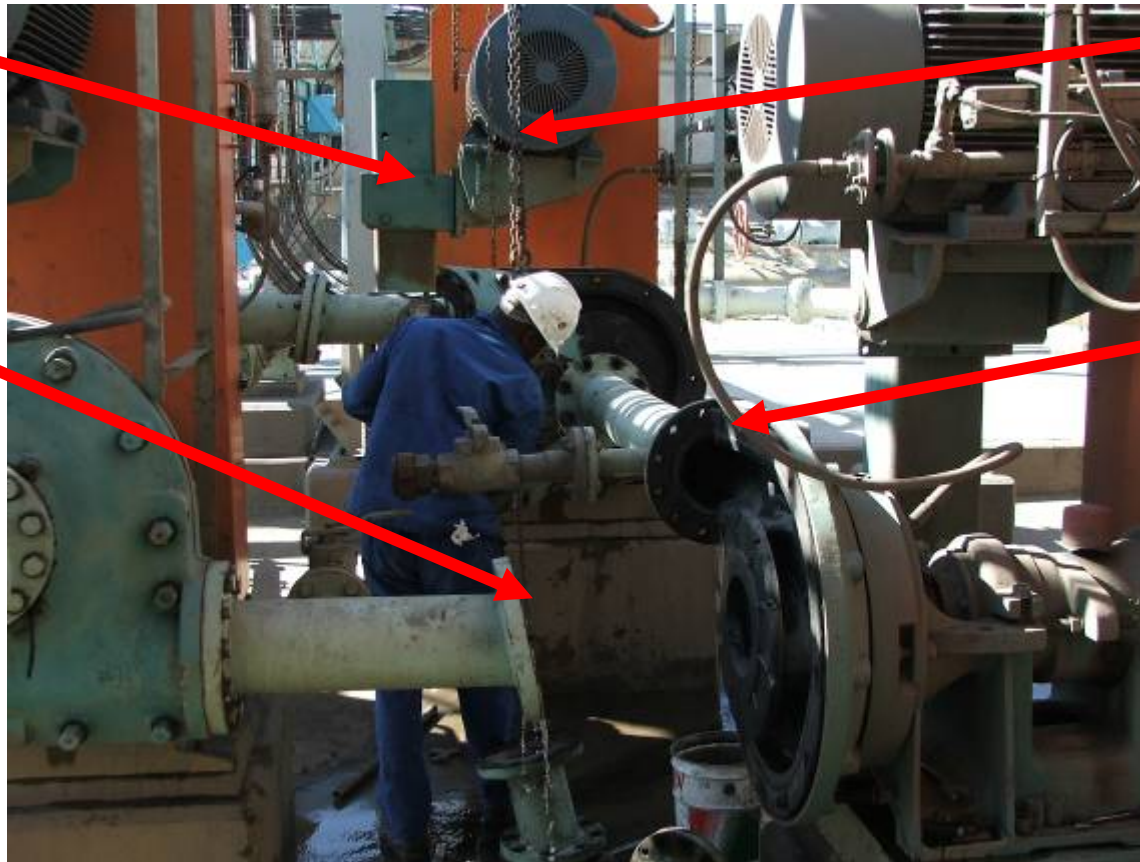
Spillage direction



Examples: Pumps

Motorbase
dropped

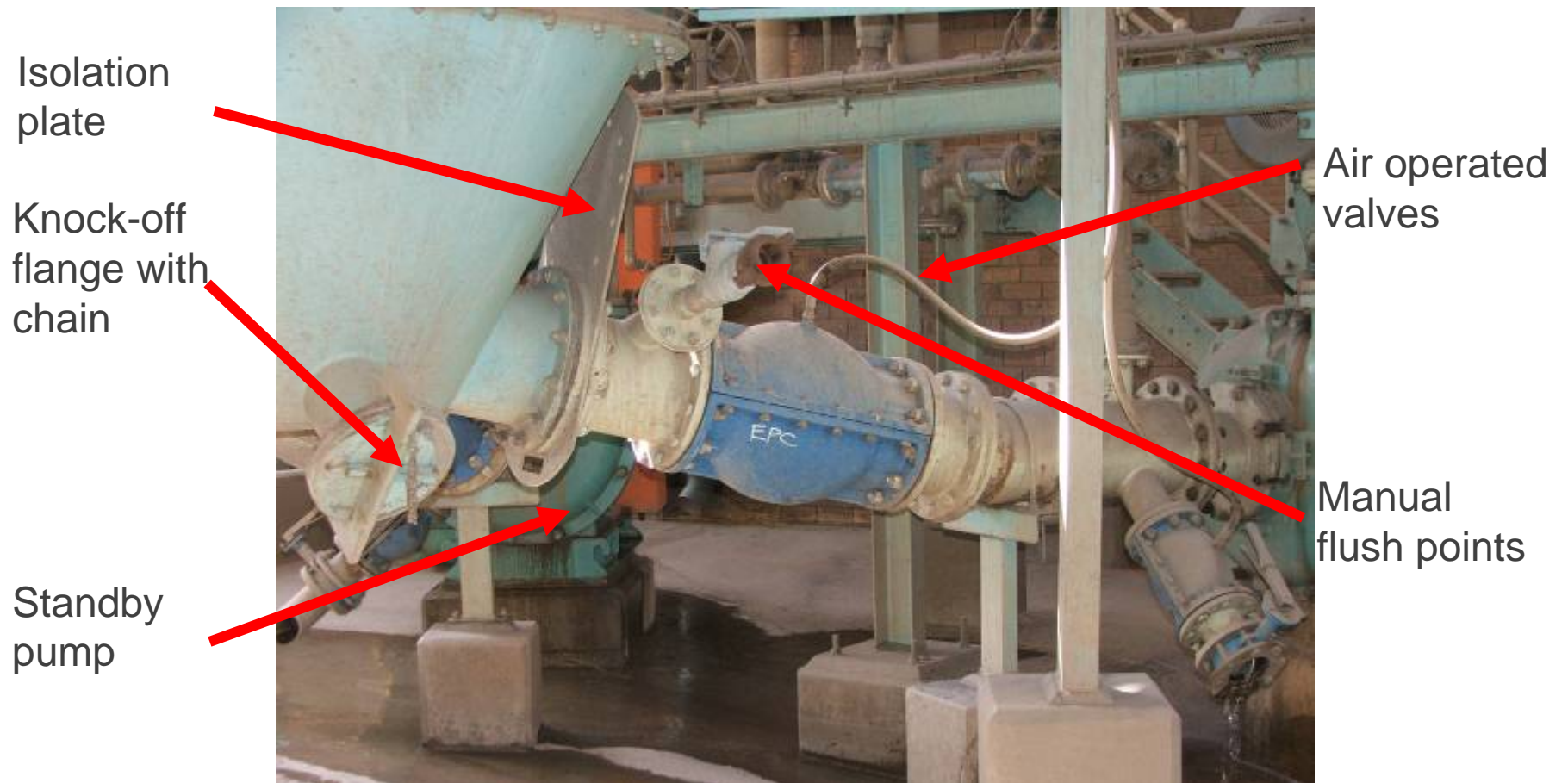
Non-parallel
flanges



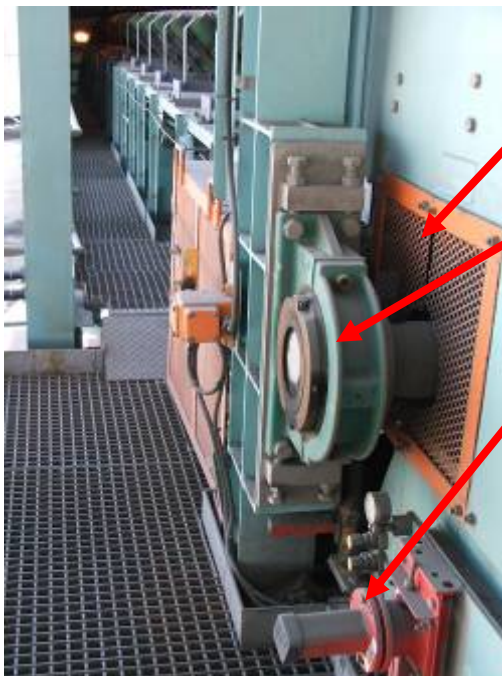
Overhead crane

Flexible
Gland pipe

Example: Pumps



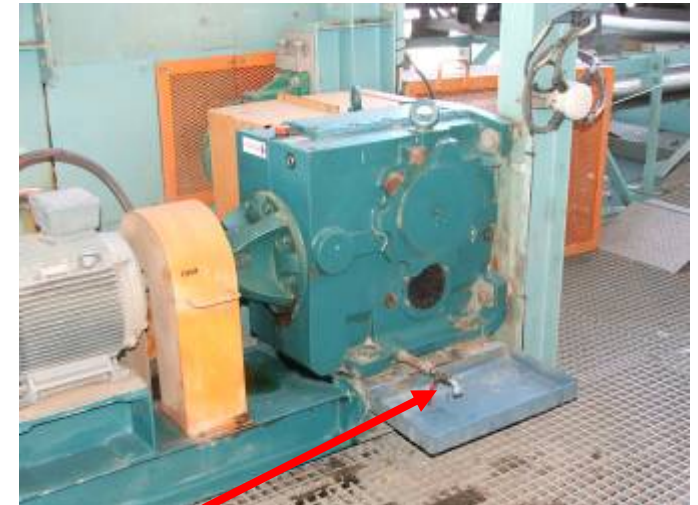
Example: Conveyors



Split guards

Split bearings

External Scraper
adjustment



Oil spillage handling

Return Idler removal



Example: Standardisation



Example: Environmental & ergonomics



Crane
access

Spill Pan



Example: Instrumentation access



Example: Diagnostics

popDRIVE

DRIVE CONTROL

Tripped

MCC Healthy

Field Healthy

Local / Maint.

De-Selected

0 %

0 kW

YSD Fault

TRIPPED on MCC Fault

Start

Select

Close

Drive Interlocks

Start Interlocks

Seq. Interlocks

Run Interlocks

Amps

D060-01

Conveyor No. 2

LOCKS

0	Coarse Ore Silo - LoLo io	
1	175t Surge Bin Side 1 Level HiHi	
2	175t Surge Bin Side 1 Level HiHi	
3	Unknown	
4	Unknown	

popDRIVEDetailsVSD

VSD DRIVE DETAILS

Pre-Start Siren

Pulse

Running-Up

Jog-Timer

Shift 1 #####

Shift 2 #####

Shift 3 #####

Total Running

Last Run Duration

Last Stop Duration

Action Counters

Maint. Mode

Close

Time

Progress

Running Hour Meters

Starts

Trips

Power

Current

Bus Volt

Drv Temp

Drv Fault

Speed Ctrl

Speed Ref

Min Freq

Max Freq

Graph



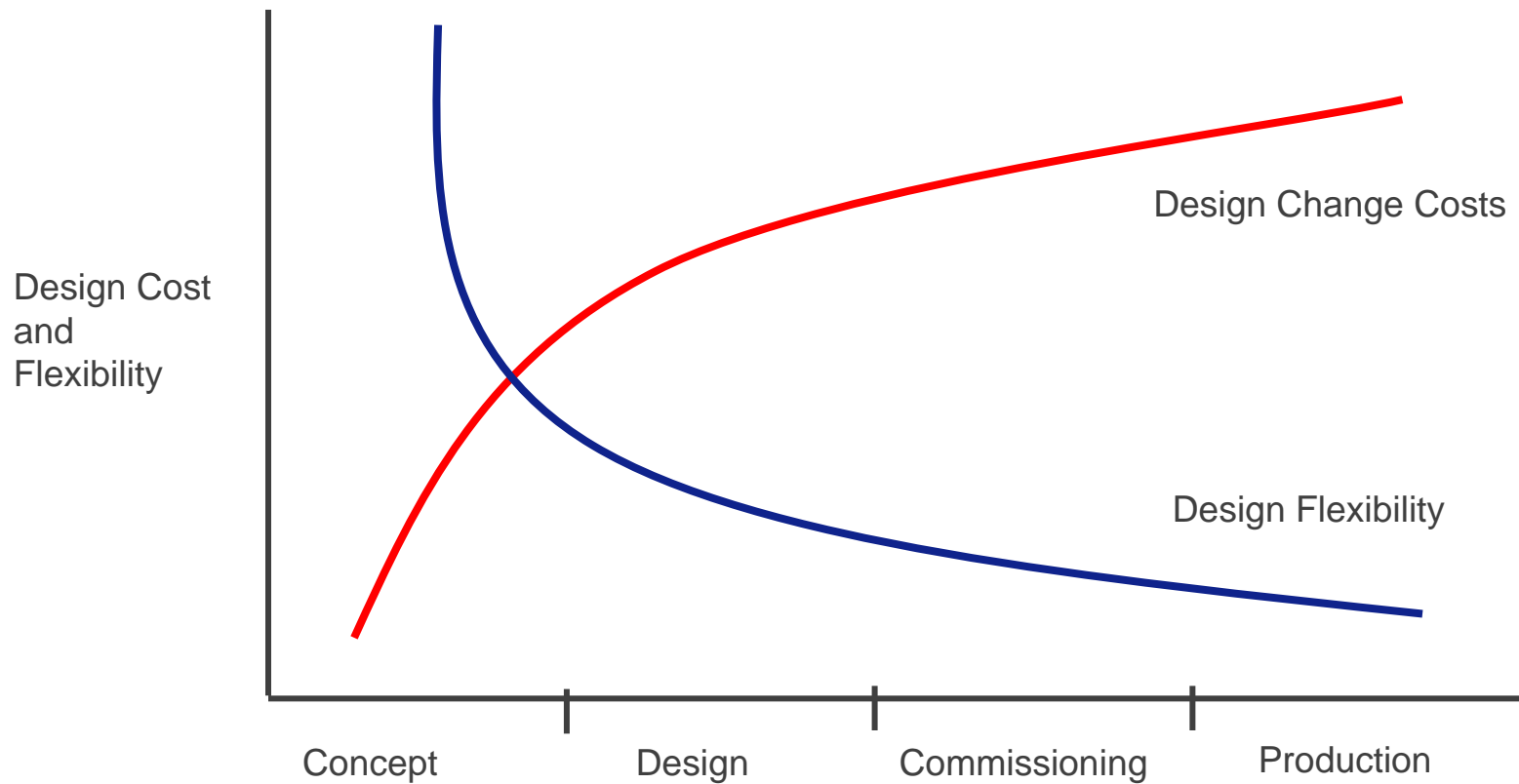
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Design Phase vs Change Cost & Flexibility



Design Strategy (Conclusions)

- Maintainability is a design parameter
- Not expensive if considered early in the design process
- Failure can be very expensive
 - Safety
 - Retrofits
 - Emergency repairs
 - Operation disruptions
 - “Cutting torch” maintenance
- Design engineer to review project goals & strategies with operational team prior to design sign-off
- Use 3D design packages where possible & review with maintenance team
- Invest time with design & installation specifications and get sign-off
- Be flexible during construction with maintenance team on site

