

The 'Wedge' Eliminates the 2014 Truline Map

Read the Yellow First

This is a Stand Alone Proof
for the Kent FEC Boundaries on
the 1947 & 1967 Swift Maps

Four Criteria Prioritized

- 90-Foot Section
- Back Border S 53 W
- Long Border N 33 W
- Equidistant 'Legs'

[see results at bottom]

Sources

2015 Horizons Engineering
2014 Truline Map
1947/1967 Swift Maps
1971 Swift deed
1947 Kent Deed
1947 Willis Deed

Bearing Data

BA = N 36-28-10 W
CA = N 37-51-50 W
R'A = S 50 W
BD = N 30-53-05 W
SE = S 53 W
CE = N 33 W

Did Stake E Exist in 1947?

Stake E does not exist in 2017! Yet,
the position of E represents *perfect bearing fits* for N 33 W and S 53 W
in the 1947 Kent deed. Also, the
1947 Swift map indicates a 90-foot
distance between S and E. So, if E
is not there in 2017, just to what
did S measure in 1947?

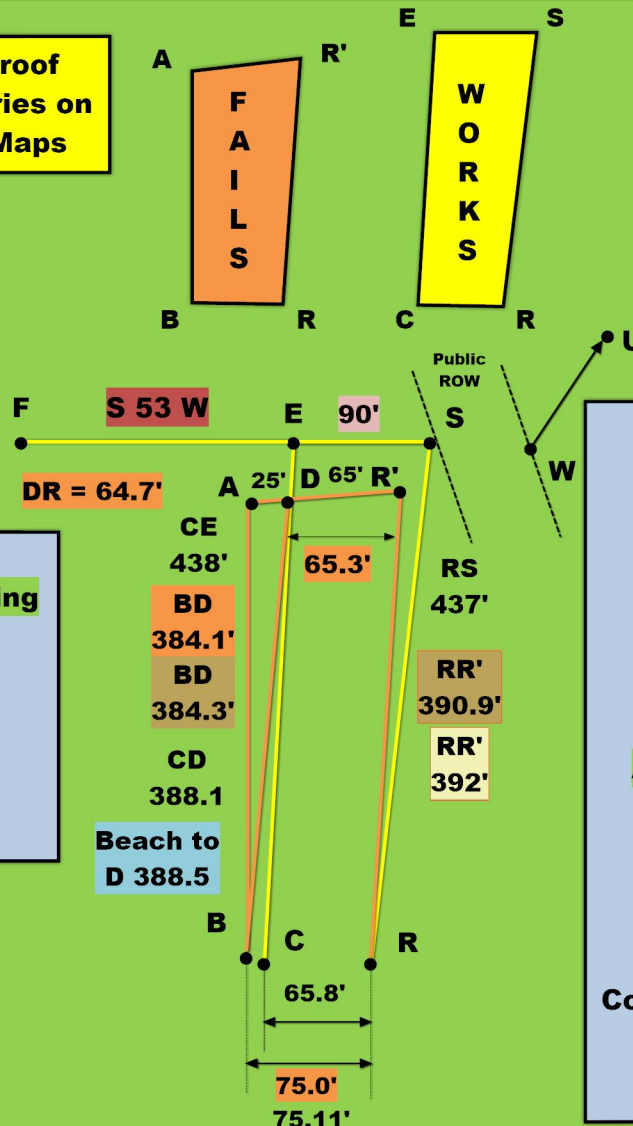
Intersection of Two Bearings at E

Starting from the summit of Mt Pisgah the
bearing N 33 W passes through the iron pipe
C at two cedar trees and intersects a line
90' from S on a bearing of S 53 W. That point
of intersection is E which is located in a 1-foot
space between two boulders. In the early
1970's when the Kent stakes disappeared
Sherrill Kent repeatedly referred to the two
cedar trees and the two boulders as marking
the Kent property lines.

Category 3:
wedge argument

The Wedge

"wedge" is used as a
convenient identifier



Wedge Bearings

Across the Top

EF = S 53 W
R'A = S 50 W
SEF = S 53 W
SEF = S 53 W

Wedge Distance

Across the Top

ES = 90'
AR' = 25' + 65' = 90'

Equidistant Legs

BA ≠ RR'
BD ≠ RR'
CE = RS

Common Border Bearing

CE is N 33 W
BD = N 30-53-05 W

Wedge

criterion 1

criterion 2

criterion 3

Criterion 4

BAR'R: 90-foot section satisfied	---	R'A bearing fails	---	BA bearing fails	---	BA ≠ RR'
BDR'R: 90-foot section absent	---	R'D bearing fails	---	BD bearing fails	---	BD ≠ RR'
CESR: 90-foot section satisfied	---	CE bearing satisfied	---	SE bearing satisfied	---	CE = RS