

Title: Binary (101101) to Decimal and Back Conversion

Description: In this activity, students will learn how to convert a **Binary number to a Decimal number**, and then convert the resulting **Decimal number back to Binary** using step-by-step logic. This will help them understand the **concept of place values** and how **binary (base-2)** and **decimal (base-10)** systems are related.

Purpose: To help students:

- Understand how binary numbers work.
- Strengthen their ability to perform base conversions.
- Practice logical reasoning with number systems.

Part A: Convert Binary **101101** to Decimal

Steps:

1. Write down the binary number:

1 0 1 1 0 1

2. Assign powers of 2 from right to left (starting at 0):

2⁵ 2⁴ 2³ 2² 2¹ 2⁰

Which equals:

32 16 8 4 2 1

3. Multiply each binary digit by its power of 2. Also add them:

Step-by-Step Explanation (with Visual Aid):

Binary Digits:	1	0	1	1	0	1						
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
Powers of 2:	32	16	8	4	2	1						
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
Multiplication:	1×32	0×16	1×8	1×4	0×2	1×1						
	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓	↓						
Results:	32	+	0	+	8	+	4	+	0	+	1	= 45

✓ So, Binary 101101 = Decimal 45

Part B: Convert Decimal 45 to Binary

Steps:

1. **Take the decimal number: 45**
2. **Divide the number by 2** and record the **remainder**.
3. **Repeat** until the quotient is 0.
4. **Read the remainder in reverse order (bottom to up).**

Step-by-Step Explanation (with visual Aid):

Division Step	Quotient	Remainder
$45 \div 2$	22	1
$22 \div 2$	11	0
$11 \div 2$	5	1
$5 \div 2$	2	1
$2 \div 2$	1	0
$1 \div 2$	0	1

👉 Write the remainders **from bottom to top**: 1 0 1 1 0 1

✅ So, Decimal 45 = Binary 101101

Conclusion:

- ✓ This proves that binary and decimal conversions are **reversible** when done correctly.
- ✓ This process also reinforces how **place values** and **division by base** are essential concepts in computer math.