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SOLID SURFACE CARE AND MAINTENANCE

Solid surface is a homogeneous and solid mineral filled acrylic polymer material that is easy to maintain. Simple routine maintenance is required to keep it looking new and fresh.

ROUTINE CLEANING OF COUNTER TOPS & SINKS:

Use soap and water or an ammonia-based cleanser (such as a glass cleanser). Wipe away any water stains with a damp cloth/sponge and wipe dry with a towel.

REMOVING DIFFICULT STAINS:

<u>Dull Finishes:</u> Use an abrasive cleanser and a green Scotch-Brite® pad. Rub in a circular motion.

Semi-Gloss Surfaces: Use Soft Scrub® diluted bleach and a white Scotch-Brite® pad in a circular motion.

<u>High-Gloss Surfaces:</u> Follow the procedure for semi-gloss surfaces but use a sponge instead of Scotch-Brite® pad. If the area is dull in contrast with the surrounding surface, use a white polishing compound with a sponge to get a higher gloss.

DISINFECTING SURFACES AND SINKS:

Occasionally wipe sinks and bowls with diluted household bleach (1/1 water/bleach solution) to disinfect.

REMOVING CUTS & MINOR SCRATCHES:

<u>Dull Finishes:</u> Sand with 180 Grit (120 micron) or 220-Grit (60 micron) fine sandpaper until the cut and/or scratch is removed; restore finish with an abrasive cleanser and a green Scotch-Brite® pad to the same finish as the adjacent surface.

<u>Semi-Gloss Finishes:</u> Sand with 400 Grit (30 micron) sandpaper, and restore finish with a non-abrasive cleanser and a white Scotch-Brite® pad.

<u>High-Gloss Finishes:</u> Sand with 400 Grit (30 micron) or 600 Grit (20 micron) sandpaper; buff with polishing compound at a low speed (1500-2000rpm) polisher using a wool pad then finish with a wax.

All of the above sanding should be done in circular motion.

It is further recommended that you do not place any hot pans, frying pans, crockpots or electric skillets directly onto the solid surface. To prevent heat damage, always use a trivet; preferably with an airspace between trivet and counter top when placing anything hot onto your counter top.

PREVENTING DAMAGE:

In most cases, Solid surface can be easily repaired. However, follow these guidelines to prevent any permanent damage.

<u>Heat Damage:</u> Even though Solid Surface has an excellent heat resistant property compared with other ordinary counter tops, placing hot pans, as well as some heat-generating appliances such as frying pans or crockpots can damage a Solid Surface. Always use a hot pad or a trivet with rubber feet to protect Solid Surface. Avoid long-term exposure of Solid Surface to temperatures over 80 degrees C, (170 degrees F).

Other Damage: Avoid exposing Solid Surface to strong chemicals such as paint removers and oven cleaners.

Surfaces exposed to these chemicals should be promptly flushed with water. Contact over a long period of time will cause spots and require extensive sanding:

- *DO NOT cut directly on a Solid Surface.
- *Use a cutting board.
- *Run cold water when pouring boiling water into sinks.
- *Remove nail polish with a non-acetone based nail polish remover and flush with water.