THE MAJOS

RISK MANAGEMENT TRAINING QUIZ

1. What are three early warning signs that may indicate potential escalation?

- A. Laughing, clapping, and daydreaming
- B. Clenched fists, pacing, and rapid speech
 - C. Sleepiness, hunger, and smiling
 - D. Eye contact, standing still, and writing

2. What are two de-escalation techniques staff can use to calm a youth?

- A. Raising your voice and using threats
- B. Speaking quickly and changing the subject
- C. Speaking calmly and validating emotions
- D. Standing close and using firm commands

3. How should staff respond to verbal aggression?

- A. Challenge the youth's behavior with firm language
- B. Remain neutral, acknowledge emotions, and redirect to solutions
 - C. Ignore the youth until they stop yelling
 - D. Threaten consequences to regain control

4. What is the purpose of crisis intervention protocols?

- A. To enforce rules and maintain strict order
- B. To remove youth from the group as punishment
- C. To assess safety, de-escalate, remove stressors, and involve team support
 - D. To create documentation for licensing only

5. What is a key element of post-crisis debriefing?

- A. Reviewing house rules
- B. Assigning consequences immediately
- C. Providing a safe space for the youth to reflect
 - D. Informing peers of what occurred

6. Why is it important to offer youth choices during de-escalation?

- A. To delay crisis response
- B. It helps youth feel in control and reduces defiance
 - C. It avoids the need for documentation
 - D. It guarantees quick compliance

7. What should staff avoid when responding to verbal aggression? A. Staying calm B. Giving space C. Raising their voice or engaging in arguments D. Using neutral language 8. How does maintaining professionalism help during a crisis? A. It makes documentation easier B. It keeps the youth from noticing the crisis C. It models appropriate behavior and reduces conflict D. It shows other staff who's in charge 9. Why is follow-up planning important after a crisis? A. It reduces paperwork B. It allows youth to process in isolation C. It helps identify coping strategies and improve outcomes D. It allows staff to enforce restrictions 10. What is the overall goal of de-escalation training at the Daisy Center? A. To ensure strict rule enforcement B. To document all youth behaviors C. To create a structured, safe environment where youth learn to regulate emotions D. To reduce the number of staff involved in crises Staff Acknowledgment

Supervisor Signature: _____

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