

Idaho Fishing

2019 – 2021 Seasons & Rules

2nd Edition 2020



Free Fishing Day

June 13, 2020 • June 12, 2021

idfg.idaho.gov

Craig Mountain



Preserving and Sustaining Idaho's Wildlife Heritage



Idaho Fish & Wildlife
FOUNDATION

For over 29 years, we've worked to preserve and sustain Idaho's wildlife heritage. Help us to leave a legacy for future generations, give a gift today!

- Habitat Restoration
- Wildlife Conservation and Education
- Public Access

For more information visit IFWF.org or call (208) 334-2648

IDAHO'S TRESPASS LAW *changed July 1, 2018.*

ASK FIRST

Know before you go!



Note - if private property adjoins or is contained within public lands, the fence line adjacent to public land should be posted with "no trespassing signs" or bright orange/fluorescent paint at the corners of the fence adjoining public land and at all navigable streams, roads, gates and rights-of-way entering the private land from public land and posted in a way that people can see the postings.

It is illegal for anyone to post public land that is not held under an exclusive control lease.

Private posting at navigable streams shall not prohibit access to navigable streams below the high-water mark as allowed by Idaho law.

A property owner may revoke permission at any time. Any person must leave private property when asked to do so by the owner or agent.

A first conviction of trespass on private property carries a mandatory one-year revocation of hunting/fishing/trapping licenses in addition to misdemeanor fine and seizure of animals taken on private property. Federal law prohibits unauthorized trespass on Indian-owned reservation lands for hunting, fishing, or trapping purposes.

Refer to Idaho Code 36-1603 and I.C. 18-7008.

Please visit: <https://idfg.idaho.gov/askfirst>

Permission Form

Permission given to (print):

Dates permission is valid:

from: _____

to: _____

General Description of Property:

Landowner Name (print):

Owner or Agent Signature:

A property owner may revoke permission at any time.

All persons must have written permission or other lawful form of permission to enter or remain on private land to shoot any weapon or hunt, fish, trap or retrieve game.

A person should know land is private and they are not allowed without permission because:

- The property is associated with a residence or business;
- OR cultivated;
- OR fenced or enclosed in a way that delineates the private property;
- OR unfenced and uncultivated, but is posted with conspicuous "no trespassing" signs or bright orange/fluorescent paint at all property corners and boundaries where the property intersects navigable streams, roads, gates and rights-of-way entering the land and posted in a way that people can see the postings.



DIRECTOR SCHRIEVER'S OPEN LETTER TO THE HUNTERS, ANGLERS AND TRAPPERS OF IDAHO

Whether you've lived in Idaho your whole life, or you're new to the area, I'm betting that one of the things you love about Idaho is the diversity of outdoor opportunities. That's true with hunting, and it's most definitely true with fishing. Idaho is graced with 26,000 miles of streams and rivers, more than 3,000 natural lakes, and a quarter-million acres of ponds and reservoirs with over 40 species of game fish ranging from 10-foot white sturgeon to palm-sized panfish.

I hope you, as an angler, appreciate the role you play in maintaining our outstanding fisheries. Your fishing license dollars are a critical piece of the funding for fish population surveys that allow the Commission to make science-based decisions when setting fishing seasons and bag limits. But it doesn't stop there. Fishing licenses help fund hatcheries, boat ramps, fishing docks, and new fishing ponds. All of these activities are critical to maintaining and improving fishing opportunities.

The past year brought even more great programs and fishing opportunities. For the first time since 1991, anglers were allowed to harvest burbot (ling) on the Kootenai River. The fishery is the result of years of effort and cooperation between biologists with Fish and Game, the Kootenai Tribe, University of Idaho, and British Columbia – a collaboration that has successfully brought the population back to harvestable levels.

The new "catch-and-release" state record fish program – first launched in 2016 – continues to provide a unique challenge for anglers. We saw seven new catch-and-release records just in 2019, including a 9-foot, 11-inch sturgeon and a 37 ½ inch rainbow trout. In 2019, Fish and Game also developed new access sites on the North Fork Coeur d'Alene and Snake rivers, improved boat ramps on the Payette, Teton and Henrys Fork rivers, improved access facilities on Williams Lake and Horsetheif Reservoir, and finished pond renovations at Gavers Lagoon, South Butte Pond and Scotts Pond. Finally, fish passage was restored to nearly 30 miles of stream, and habitat was restored in more than 3 miles of stream in five drainages.

But I am well aware that news hasn't all been good with Idaho fisheries. It would be an understatement to call the last three salmon and steelhead seasons disappointments. Poor returns of hatchery fish have resulted in minimal, or non-existent, harvest fisheries. I caught my first Chinook salmon in Idaho in 1998. That fish, at 42-inches long and over 20 pounds, hooked me on Idaho salmon fishing. Since that time, I've spent hundreds of hours on my boat fishing for salmon and steelhead in the Snake, Salmon and Clearwater rivers. I know how important these fisheries are to Idaho, culturally, recreationally and economically. A significant portion of my career has been focused on anadromous fish, and I care deeply about restoring healthy runs of wild salmon and steelhead for future generations of Idahoans.

The causes of the recent declines, and hence the actions needed to reverse them, are many and complex. Fish and Game plays a direct role in managing two of the "4-Hs" (Hatcheries, Harvest, Habitat and Hydropower) that are often identified as causes of anadromous fish declines. I strongly believe allowing anglers to interact with salmon and steelhead through fishing is vital to retaining the connection between people and the fish. With few exceptions, harvest by sport anglers is restricted to hatchery salmon or steelhead. Without hatcheries, Idaho would have little ability to provide fishing opportunity.

The reality is that salmon and steelhead management in Idaho involves balancing conservation of wild populations with fishing opportunity provided by hatcheries. I have every confidence in our ability to responsibly manage that balance. Through management of seasons, area restrictions and hatchery release strategies, our fisheries are designed to minimize angler encounters with wild fish. Fully 85 percent of the spawning and rearing habitat for steelhead in Idaho is reserved for wild fish, which means no hatchery fish are released in those areas, and no steelhead fishing is allowed. That percentage is even larger for spring Chinook.

The road ahead for salmon and steelhead, and for those who treasure them, won't be easy or short. Fish and Game will continue to provide the science to help develop policies that will restore abundant, sustainable and well-distributed populations of salmon and steelhead in Idaho for present and future generations.

Thank you for supporting Fish and Game. Idaho's fish and wildlife conservation, and our ability to provide hunting and fishing opportunity, depends on you!

A handwritten signature in black ink, appearing to read "Ed Schriever". The signature is fluid and cursive, written in a professional style.

Ed Schriever, Director
Idaho Department of Fish and Game



Idaho Department of Fish and Game

Idaho Wildlife Policy

“All wildlife, including all wild animals, wild birds, and fish, within the state of Idaho, is hereby declared to be the property of the state of Idaho. It shall be preserved, protected, perpetuated, and managed. It shall be only captured or taken at such times or places, under such conditions, or by such means, or in such manner, as will preserve, protect, and perpetuate such wildlife, and provide for the citizens of this state and, as by law permitted to others, continued supplies of such wildlife for hunting, fishing and trapping.”

— Idaho Code Section 36-103

Idaho Fish and Game Commission

- Brad Corkill, Panhandle
- Bradley Melton, Clearwater
- Tim Murphy, Southwest
- Greg Cameron, Magic Valley
- Lane Clezie, Southeast
- Derick Attebury, Upper Snake
- Jerry Meyers, Salmon

Idaho Department of Fish and Game

600 S. Walnut St., P.O. Box 25
Boise, ID 83707

208-334-3700 • idfg.idaho.gov

- Ed Schriever, Director
- Scott Reinecker, Deputy Director
- Paul Kline, Deputy Director

Regional Offices

- Panhandle Region..... 208-769-1414
2885 W. Kathleen Ave., Coeur d’Alene ID 83815
- Clearwater Region 208-799-5010
3316 16th St., Lewiston ID 83501
- Southwest Region 208-465-8465
15950 N. Gate Blvd., Nampa ID 83687
- McCall Subregion..... 208-634-8137
555 Deinhard Lane, McCall ID 83638
- Magic Valley Region 208-324-4359
324 S 417 E; Suite #1, Jerome ID 83338
- Southeast Region 208-232-4703
1345 Barton Rd., Pocatello ID 83204
- Upper Snake Region 208-525-7290
4279 Commerce Circle, Idaho Falls ID 83401
- Salmon Region..... 208-756-2271
99 Highway 93 N., Salmon ID 83467

Idaho Fish and Game offices are open 8 a.m. to 5 p.m. Monday through Friday except state holidays. Offices in the Panhandle and Clearwater regions are in the Pacific Time Zone; all others are in the Mountain Time Zone.

To Buy a License, Tag or Permit:

- In person, go to any Idaho Fish and Game office or license vendor.
- By credit card, within the United States call 1-800-554-8685. Outside the U.S., use the Internet or mail.
- From your computer or mobile device, go to idfg.idaho.gov/buy. A service fee is added for online and telephone transactions.
- Commercial licenses and tags, duplicate tags, documents that require proof of disability, lifetime licenses, and bear baiting permits may be purchased only at Fish and Game offices.

Other Information Numbers

Rules booklets, nonresident license applications: 208-334-3700

U. S. Forest Service:

Southern Idaho fs.usda.gov/r4

Northern Idaho..... fs.usda.gov/r1

Bureau of Land Management: blm.gov/idaho

Idaho Relay Service (TDD)1-800-377-3529

To report wildlife crimes, call Citizens Against Poaching at 1-800-632-5999.

Emergency information can be relayed to Fish and Game personnel through any Idaho law enforcement agency.



Idaho Department of Fish and Game (IDFG) adheres to all applicable state and federal laws and regulations related to discrimination on the basis of race, color, national origin, age, gender, disability or veteran’s status. If you feel you have been discriminated against in any program, activity, or facility of IDFG, or if you desire further information, please write to: Idaho Department of Fish and Game, P.O. Box 25, Boise, ID 83707 or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service, Division of Federal Assistance, Mailstop: MBSP-4020, 4401 N. Fairfax Drive, Arlington, VA 22203, Telephone: (703) 358-2156. This publication will be made available in alternative formats upon request. Please contact IDFG for assistance.

Information in this brochure summarizes rules and is an official proclamation of the Idaho Fish and Game Commission for the taking of wildlife. The official rules are available at adminrules.idaho.gov/rules/current or from the Office of Administrative Rules, Department of Administration, Statehouse Mail, Boise, ID 83720, and may be reviewed in some libraries. Maps are for general reference only.

Idaho Department of Fish & Game
Fishing Rules 2019-2021

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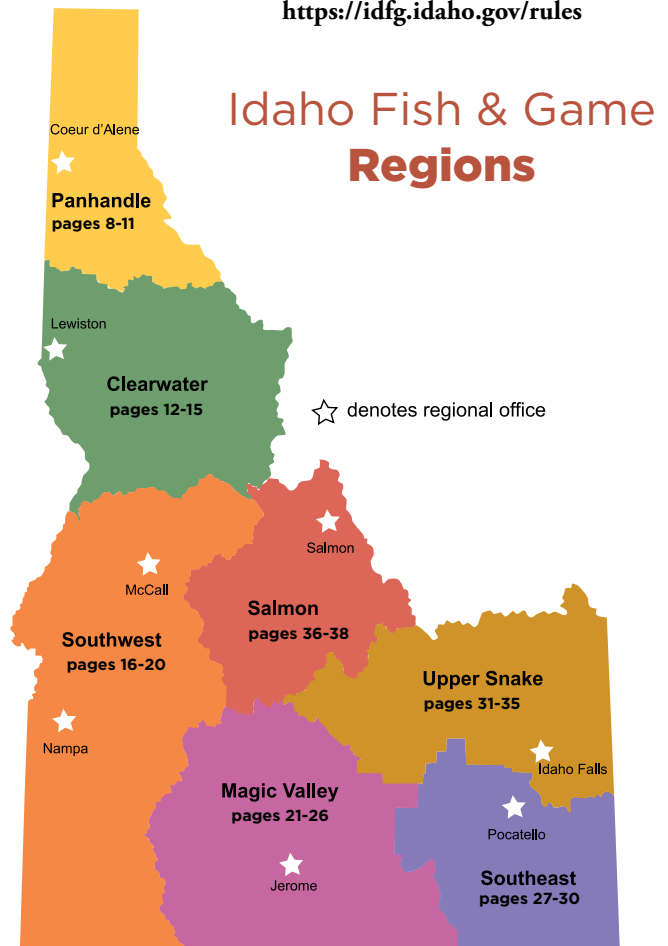
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WHAT'S NEW

- New and improved maps throughout booklet
- Bullfrogs are now classified as unprotected fish
- Changes to bass regulations in rivers and streams with anadromous salmon or steelhead
- New Burbot harvest fishery in the Panhandle Region
- More Lake Trout harvest opportunity in Upper Priest Lake
- New bag and length limits for Tiger Trout in Deer Creek Reservoir
- Reduced daily bag limit for kokanee at Deadwood Reservoir
- Expanded winter catch-and-release fishing season on some sections of Silver Creek
- Changes to bass regulations on Deep Creek and Weston Reservoirs.
- Removal of Brown Trout length limits on the South Fork Snake River
- Sometimes seasons and rules change after the booklet is printed. You can find changes or corrections at <https://idfg.idaho.gov/rules>



HOW TO USE THIS BOOKLET

1. Find the region where you plan to fish →
2. Find the regional fishing season dates →
3. Find your fish species and bag limit →
4. See if the water you want to fish is listed under Special Rule Waters →
5. Turn the page for details on Special Rule Waters

CLEARWATER REGION

General Fishing Season for the Clearwater Region
All Waters Open All Year
Except as modified in Clearwater Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 14-15.
Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Clearwater Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Clearwater Region except as modified in Clearwater Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 14-15. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (<i>largemouth and smallmouth</i>) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Bass limit is 6, both species combined	Sturgeon <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release• Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing• Barbless hooks and sliding sinkers are required, see Page 54 for details
Brook Trout <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Brook trout limit is 25	Tiger Muskie <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches
Bull Trout <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Bull trout limit is 0, catch-and-release	Trout includes Cutthroat Trout, rainbow trout, and trout hybrids (e.g. tiger trout) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• In rivers and streams, trout limit is 2, all species combined• In lakes, reservoirs, ditches and canals, trout limit is 6, all species combined• Does not include bull trout and brook trout which are listed separately
Kokanee <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Kokanee limit is 25	Whitefish <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Whitefish limit is 25
Salmon (<i>ocean-going</i>) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Salmon seasons and limits are set annually by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission and rules are issued in a separate brochure• Fishing for or targeting salmon is prohibited unless a salmon season is specifically opened for that water	Protected Nongame Fish includes Pacific lamprey and sand roller <ul style="list-style-type: none">• May not be harvested or possessed
Steelhead (<i>ocean-going</i>) <ul style="list-style-type: none">• Defined as rainbow trout longer than twenty (20) inches in length in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage (excluding lakes), and the Clearwater River drainage (excluding that portion above Dworshak Dam, and lakes)• Fishing for or targeting steelhead is prohibited unless a steelhead season is specifically opened for that water (see pages 41-45)	All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish <ul style="list-style-type: none">• No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 67.

Special Rule Waters for the Clearwater Region (see Pages 14-15 for details)

Clearwater River	Elk Creek Reservoir	Snake River (Lewiston to Hells Canyon Dam)
Clearwater River, Middle Fork	Fish Lake (Cedars Area)	Spring Valley Reservoir
Clearwater River, North Fork	Kelly Creek and tributaries	Toho Lake
Clearwater River, South Fork	Lake Creek (Cedars Area)	Winchester Lake
Crooked Fork Creek (tributary to Lochsa River)	Lochsa River	
Deyo Reservoir	Mann Lake	
Dworshak Reservoir	Moose Creek Reservoir	
Elk Creek and tributaries (tributary to Dworshak Reservoir)	Salmon River	
	Salmon River tributaries	
	Selway River	

General Information and Definitions pertaining to rules can be found starting on Page 47.

Who needs a license to fish in Idaho:

- Any person 14 years of age or older must have a valid license or permit to fish for fish, bullfrogs or crayfish in Idaho. No person shall fish without having the proper license on his or her person.
- Resident children under the age of 14 are not required to purchase a fishing license but can purchase a two-pole fishing permit. Resident children may possess their own daily bag limit.
- A resident child under 14 may purchase a salmon or steelhead permit without a license so that he or she may catch his or her own limit of steelhead or salmon.
- Nonresident children under 14 years of age must be accompanied by the holder of a valid fishing license and their fish must be included in the license holder's limit in order to fish without a license, or they may purchase a nonresident license and have their own limit.
- Any license, tag or permit which is defaced, altered or tampered with shall be invalid from the date and time of issuance. It is a violation to use or attempt to use any license, tag or permit that has been defaced, altered or tampered with by means of (but not limited to) erasures and type overs, or tears in the paper.
- Fishing on Indian reservations may require tribal licenses and adherence to tribal regulations.

Información Importante

Este libro incluye información importante acerca de las leyes de pesca de Idaho. Usted puede ser multado o encarcelado si viola estas leyes. Por favor, encuentra alguien que lea inglés para explicar la información en este libro.



FREE FISHING DAY

EVERYONE WELCOME!
(No license required)

**Saturday,
June 13, 2020,
June 12, 2021**

- How-to clinics
- Tackle available
- Questions answered
- Skills development

For more information, contact the Fish and Game office nearest you.

PROXY STATEMENT (To transport fish taken by another person)

Taker's Name _____ Taker's Signature _____

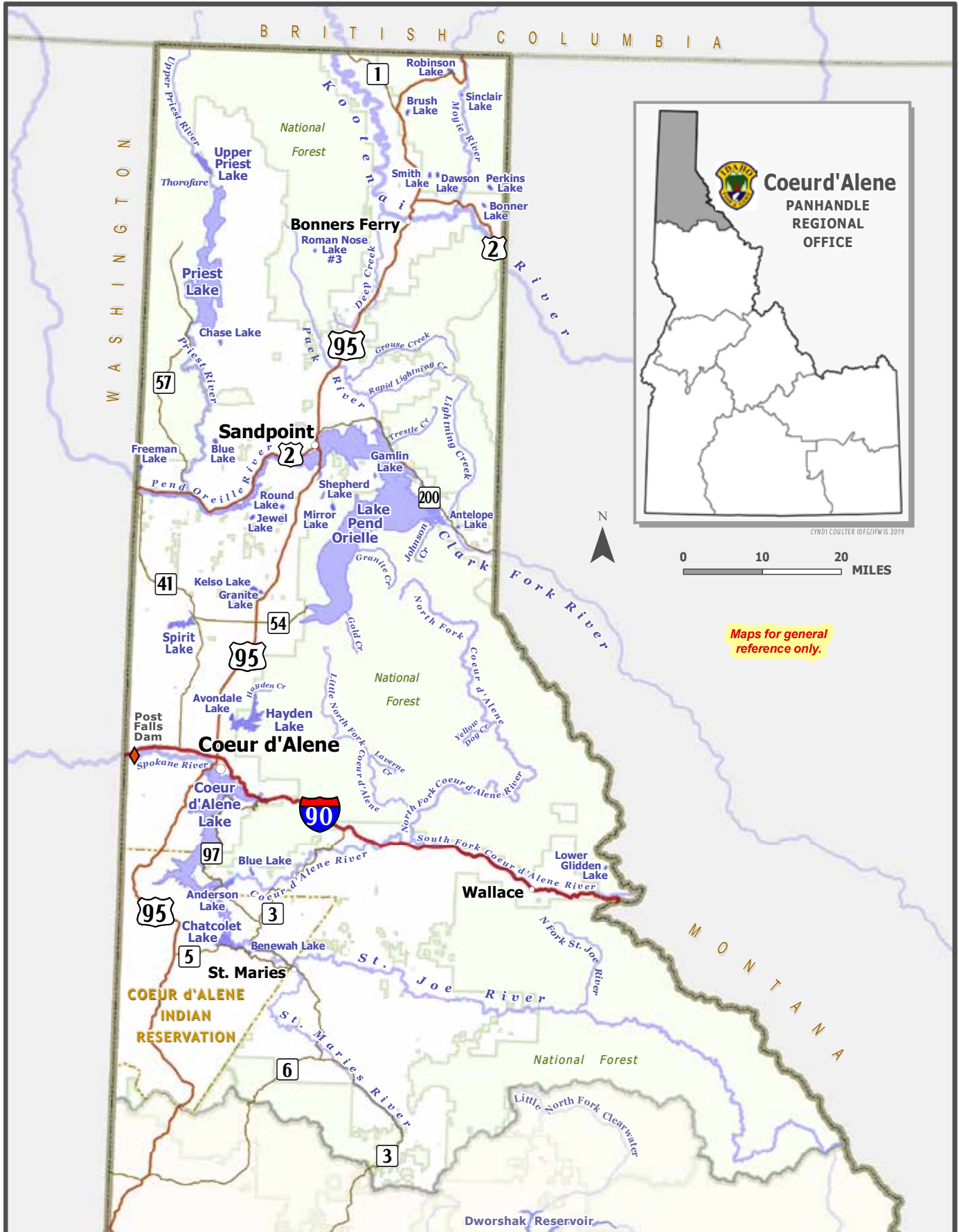
Taker's Address _____

License No. _____ Tag No. _____

Fish Species	Description & Number Taken	Water Caught	Date

Other Game:

Species _____ #Taken _____ Date Killed _____



Maps for general reference only.

General Fishing Season for the Panhandle Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Panhandle Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 10-11.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Panhandle Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Panhandle Region except as modified in Panhandle Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 10-11. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (*Largemouth and Smallmouth*)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined

Brook Trout

- Brook Trout limit is 25

Bull Trout

- Bull Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release

Burbot

- Burbot limit is 6

Chinook Salmon (*land-locked*)

- Chinook Salmon limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 15

Sturgeon

- Fishing for or targeting sturgeon in the Kootenai River is illegal

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes *Brown Trout, Cutthroat Trout, Golden Trout, Lake Trout, Rainbow Trout, Splake, Arctic Grayling, trout hybrids (e.g. Tiger Trout)*

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined

Does not include Bull Trout and Brook Trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25

All Other Fish Species includes *bullfrogs & crayfish*

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 67.

Special Rule Waters for the Panhandle Region (see Pages 10-11 for details)

Anderson Lake	Deep Creek and tributaries	Robinson Lake
Antelope Lake	Freeman Lake	Roman Nose Lake #3
Avondale Lake	Gamble (Gamlin) Lake	Round Lake (Bonner County)
Blue Lake (Priest River Drainage)	Gold Creek	St. Joe River and tributaries
Blue Lake (Coeur d' Alene Drainage)	Granite Creek and tributaries	St. Maries River and tributaries
Bonner Lake	Granite Lake	Shepherd Lake
Brush Lake	Hayden Creek and tributaries	Sinclair Lake
Chase Lake	Hayden Lake	Smith Lake
Clark Fork River and tributaries	Jewel Lake	Spirit Lake
Clearwater River, Little North Fork and tributaries	Kelso Lake	Spokane River
Coeur d' Alene Lake	Kootenai River	Trestle Creek and tributaries
Coeur d'Alene River and tributaries	Lake Pend Oreille	Upper Priest Lake and tributaries
Coeur d' Alene River, Little North Fork and tributaries	Lower Glidden Lake	
Coeur d' Alene River, North Fork and tributaries	Mirror Lake	
Coeur d' Alene River, South Fork and tributaries	Moyie River	
Coeur d'Alene Indian Reservation	Pack River and tributaries	
Dawson Lake	Pend Oreille River	
	Perkins Lake	
	Priest Lake and tributaries	
	Priest River and tributaries	

Special Rule Waters for the Panhandle Region

For waters not listed below, see Page 9 for fishing season, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Panhandle Region.

Anderson Lake

(includes the channel to the Coeur d'Alene River)

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be Largemouth Bass, no Largemouth Bass under 16 inches

Antelope Lake - Electric motors only

Avondale Lake - Electric motors only

Blue Lake (Priest River drainage) - Electric motors only

Blue Lake (Coeur d'Alene drainage; includes the channel to the Coeur d'Alene River)

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be Largemouth Bass, no Largemouth Bass under 16 inches

Bonner Lake - Electric motors only

Brush Lake - Electric motors only

Chase Lake - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be Largemouth Bass, no Largemouth Bass under 16 inches

Clark Fork River

Section: Entire river upstream of a straight line extending north of county boat dock (near mouth of Johnson Creek) to Bear Paw Point (southwest tip of Denton Slough)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Rainbow Trout catch-and-release December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend
- No limit on lake trout

Clark Fork River tributaries

(includes Lightning Creek and tributaries)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Rainbow Trout catch-and-release December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend
- No bait allowed Dec. 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend

Clearwater River, Little North Fork and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Coeur d'Alene Lake (includes Benewah and Chatcolet lakes, Coeur d'Alene River "Chain Lakes" and all tributaries to Coeur d'Alene Lake)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Lake Creek and tributaries, closed to fishing

Coeur d'Alene River and tributaries

Section: From the mouth to the confluence of the North Fork and South Fork

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Coeur d'Alene River, Little North Fork and tributaries

Section: From the mouth upstream to Laverne Creek

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Section: From and including Laverne Creek upstream

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Coeur d'Alene River, North Fork and tributaries

Section: From the confluence of the North Fork and South Fork upstream to Yellow Dog Creek

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Section: From and including Yellow Dog Creek upstream

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Coeur d'Alene River, South Fork and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Coeur d'Alene Indian Reservation - Contact the Coeur d'Alene Tribal Office

Dawson Lake - Electric motors only

Deep Creek and tributaries

- Rainbow Trout catch-and-release December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend

Freeman Lake - Electric motors only

Gamble (Gamlin) Lake - Electric motors only

Gold Creek (Pend Oreille Lake; includes North and South Gold creeks and tributaries)

- Closed to fishing

Granite Creek and tributaries (Pend Oreille Lake)

- Closed to fishing

Granite Lake - Electric motors only

Hayden Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing

Hayden Lake

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be Largemouth Bass, no Largemouth Bass under 20 inches
- Crappie limit is 6, none under 10 inches

Jewel Lake - Electric motors only

Kelso Lake - Electric motors only

Kootenai River

- Trout limit is 2, no Rainbow or Cutthroat Trout under 16 inches
- Sturgeon - closed to fishing

Lake Pend Oreille (includes Sand, Strong, Riser, Bayview, and Mirror creeks and their tributaries)

- No limit on the number of fishing rods per angler while fishing from a boat

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be Largemouth Bass, no Largemouth Bass under 16 inches
- No limit on Lake Trout, Lake Trout can be possessed in the field or in transit with head removed
- No harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Mouths of Gold, North Gold, Granite and Trestle creeks are closed to fishing for a radius of 100 yards into the lake
- Rainbow Trout limit is 2, only 1 over 20 inches

Lower Glidden Lake - Electric motors only

Mirror Lake - Electric motors only

Moyie River

- Trout limit is 2

Pack River and tributaries *(from the mouth at Burlington Northern Railroad Bridge upstream; includes Grouse Creek and tributaries and Rapid Lightning Creek and tributaries)*

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Rainbow Trout catch-and-release December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend
- No bait allowed December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend
- Fishing closed 100 yards upstream and downstream of Grouse Creek Falls (on Grouse Creek)

Pend Oreille River

(from railroad bridge at Sandpoint downstream to Idaho-Washington border, including tributaries and sloughs to the edge of flat water)

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be Largemouth Bass, no Largemouth Bass under 16 inches
- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Perkins Lake - Electric motors only

Priest Lake and tributaries *(including Thorofare)*

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Kokanee limit is 6

Priest River and tributaries

(from its mouth to Priest Lake)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Robinson Lake - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 6, only two may be Largemouth Bass, no Largemouth Bass under 16 inches

Roman Nose Lake #3 - Electric motors only

Round Lake (Bonner County) - Electric motors only

St. Joe River and tributaries *(except St. Maries River)*

Section: From Coeur d'Alene Lake upstream to and including the North Fork St. Joe River

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw

Section: From the North Fork St. Joe River upstream

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

St. Maries River and tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 2, no harvest of any trout with a red or orange slash below jaw
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2

Shepherd Lake - Electric motors only

Sinclair Lake - Electric motors only

Smith Lake - Electric motors only

Spirit Lake

- Kokanee limit is 25

Spokane River and tributaries

Section: From state line upstream to Post Falls Dam

- Trout limit is 2

Section: From Post Falls Dam upstream to Coeur d'Alene Lake

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Trestle Creek and tributaries

- Closed to fishing

Upper Priest Lake and tributaries

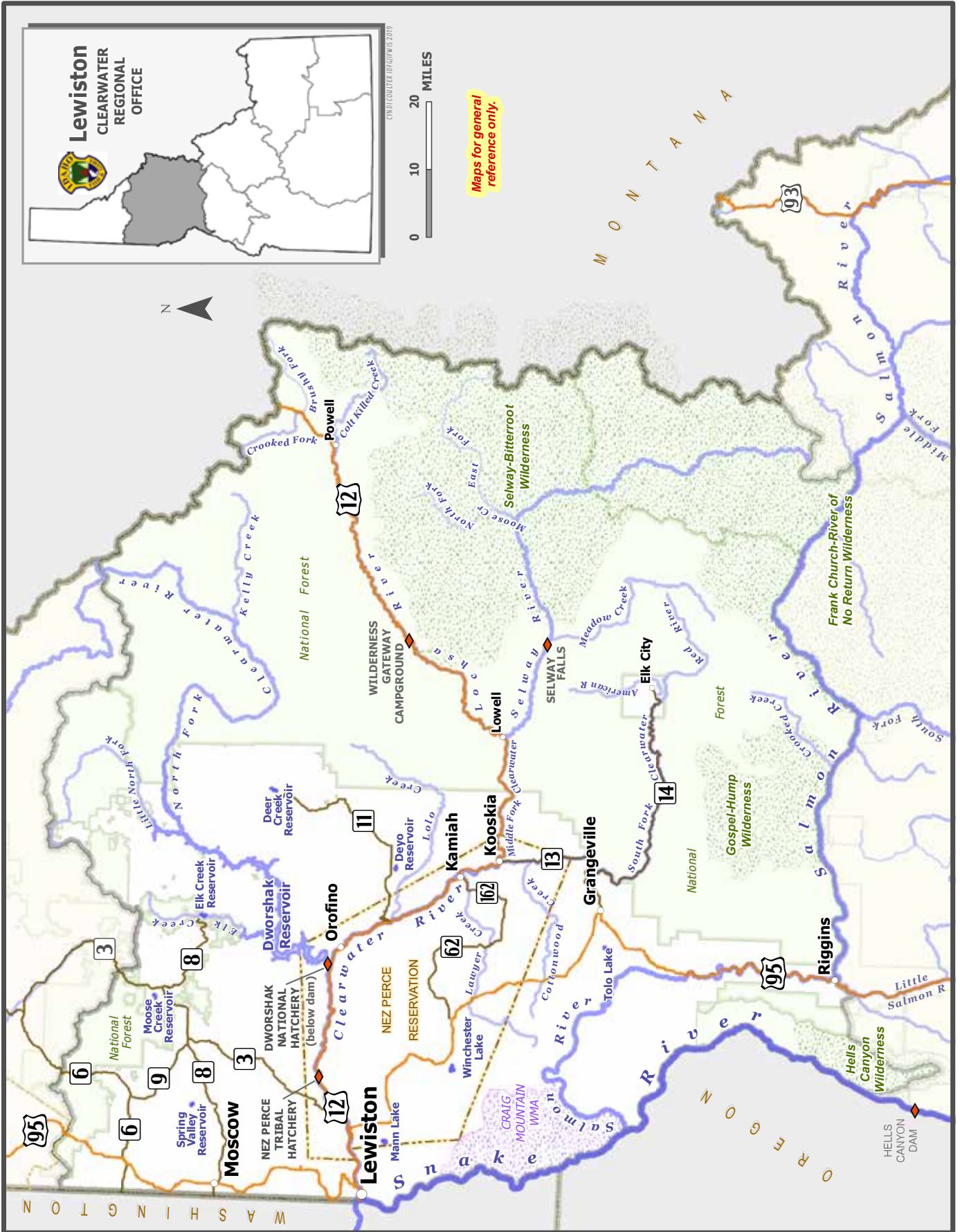
- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- No limit on Lake Trout
- Kokanee limit is 6



Fishing & Boating Access Sites

For a complete guide to Idaho Fish and Game's access sites and other resources for anglers go to:

idfg.idaho.gov/fish/access-guide



General Fishing Season for the Clearwater Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Clearwater Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 14-15.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Clearwater Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Clearwater Region except as modified in Clearwater Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 14-15. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (*Largemouth and Smallmouth*)

- In rivers and streams, no bag, size or possession limits
- In lakes and reservoirs, limit is 6, both species combined

Brook Trout

- Brook Trout limit is 25

Bull Trout

- Bull Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 25

Salmon (*ocean-going*)

- Salmon seasons and limits are set by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission and issued in a separate brochure
- Fishing for or targeting salmon is prohibited unless a salmon season is specifically opened for that water

Steelhead (*ocean-going*)

- Defined as Rainbow Trout longer than twenty (20) inches in length in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage (excluding lakes and reservoirs), and the Clearwater River drainage (excluding that portion above Dworshak Dam, and lakes)
- Fishing for or targeting steelhead is prohibited unless a steelhead season is specifically opened for that water (see pages 41-45)

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks are required,
- Use of a sliding swivel device to secure a weight, and a lighter test line to secure weight to sliding swivel device, see Page 54 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes *Cutthroat Trout, Rainbow Trout, and trout hybrids (e.g. Tiger Trout)*

- In rivers and streams, trout limit is 2, all species combined
- In lakes, reservoirs, ditches and canals, trout limit is 6, all species combined

Does not include Bull Trout and Brook Trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25

Protected Nongame Fish includes *Pacific Lamprey and Sand Roller*

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes *bullfrogs and crayfish*

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 67.

Special Rule Waters for the Clearwater Region (see Pages 14-15 for details)

Clearwater River	Elk Creek and tributaries (tributary to Dworshak Reservoir)	Selway River
Clearwater River, Middle Fork	Elk Creek Reservoir	Snake River (Lewiston to Hells Canyon Dam)
Clearwater River, North Fork	Kelly Creek and tributaries	Spring Valley Reservoir
Clearwater River, South Fork	Lochsa River	Tolo Lake
Crooked Fork (tributary to Lochsa River)	Mann Lake	Winchester Lake
Deer Creek Reservoir	Moose Creek Reservoir	
Deyo Reservoir	Salmon River	
Dworshak Reservoir	Salmon River tributaries	

Special Rule Waters for the Clearwater Region

For waters not listed below, see Page 13 for fishing season, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Clearwater Region.

Clearwater River

Section: From the mouth upstream to the Clearwater River Bridge at Orofino

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept; no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Fishing between posted boundaries 100 yards upstream and downstream from the Nez Perce Tribal Hatchery Ladder (near Cherry Lane Bridge) and extending into the river channel 50 yards is prohibited
- Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited

Section: From the Clearwater River Bridge at Orofino upstream to the confluence of the South Fork and Middle Fork Clearwater rivers

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept; no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- September 1 through April 30 - No motors allowed

Clearwater River, Middle Fork

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches
- September 1 through April 30 - No motors allowed

Clearwater River, North Fork

Section: From the mouth upstream to Dworshak Dam

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept; no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- When fishing from Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge, it is illegal to take or attempt to take any fish downstream of the railroad bridge; fishing from the railroad bridge is prohibited
- Fishing from any watercraft or wading is prohibited between the posted line approximately 150 yards upstream from the mouth of the North Fork Clearwater River and the Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge
- Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited

Section: From the upper end of flat water of Dworshak Reservoir upstream

- Barbless hooks required
- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed except maggots

- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 2, no Cutthroat Trout under 14 inches, no bait allowed

Clearwater River, South Fork

- Cutthroat Trout limit is 0, catch and release only
- Single-pointed barbless hooks are required while fishing for steelhead and salmon

Crooked Fork (tributary to Lochsa River)

Section: From the mouth to Brushy Fork

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Section: From Brushy Fork upstream - Clearwater Region general rules apply

Deer Creek Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, only two may be Tiger Trout, no Tiger Trout under 14 inches

Deyo Reservoir

- Bass Limit is 2, none under 16 inches

Dworshak Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be Cutthroat Trout, no Cutthroat Trout under 14 inches

Elk Creek and tributaries (tributary to Dworshak Reservoir)

- Trout limit is 6, Brook Trout must be counted in trout limit

Elk Creek Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, Brook Trout must be counted in trout limit

Kelly Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Lochsa River

Section: From the mouth upstream to Wilderness Gateway Campground Motor Bridge, near Highway 12 milepost 122

- Barbless hooks required
- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed except maggots
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches, no bait allowed

Section: From Wilderness Gateway Campground Motor Bridge upstream to the confluence of Colt Killed Creek and Crooked Fork Creek

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Mann Lake - Electric motors only
 • Bass limit is 2, none under 16 inches

Moose Creek Reservoir - Electric motors only

Salmon River
 • Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept; no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Salmon River tributaries

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Salmon River upstream to the Middle Fork Salmon River (except Little Salmon River and South Fork Salmon River)

- Trout limit is 2

Section: Those tributaries above the mouth of Middle Fork Salmon River - See Page 40, Salmon River tributaries, Special Rule Waters

Selway River

Section: From the mouth upstream to Selway Falls cable car

- Barbless hooks required
- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed except maggots

- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches, no bait allowed

Section: From Selway Falls cable car upstream to Selway Falls Bridge at Meadow Creek

- Closed to fishing

Section: From Selway Falls Bridge at Meadow Creek upstream

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Snake River (*Lewiston upstream to Hells Canyon Dam*)

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept; no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Spring Valley Reservoir - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 2, none under 16 inches

Tolo Lake - Electric motors only

Winchester Lake - Electric motors only

IDAHO STATE PASSPORT PARKS

ENTRANCE TO ALL

30

IDAHO STATE PARKS

FOR ONLY

\$10

IT'S TOO GOOD TO PASS UP

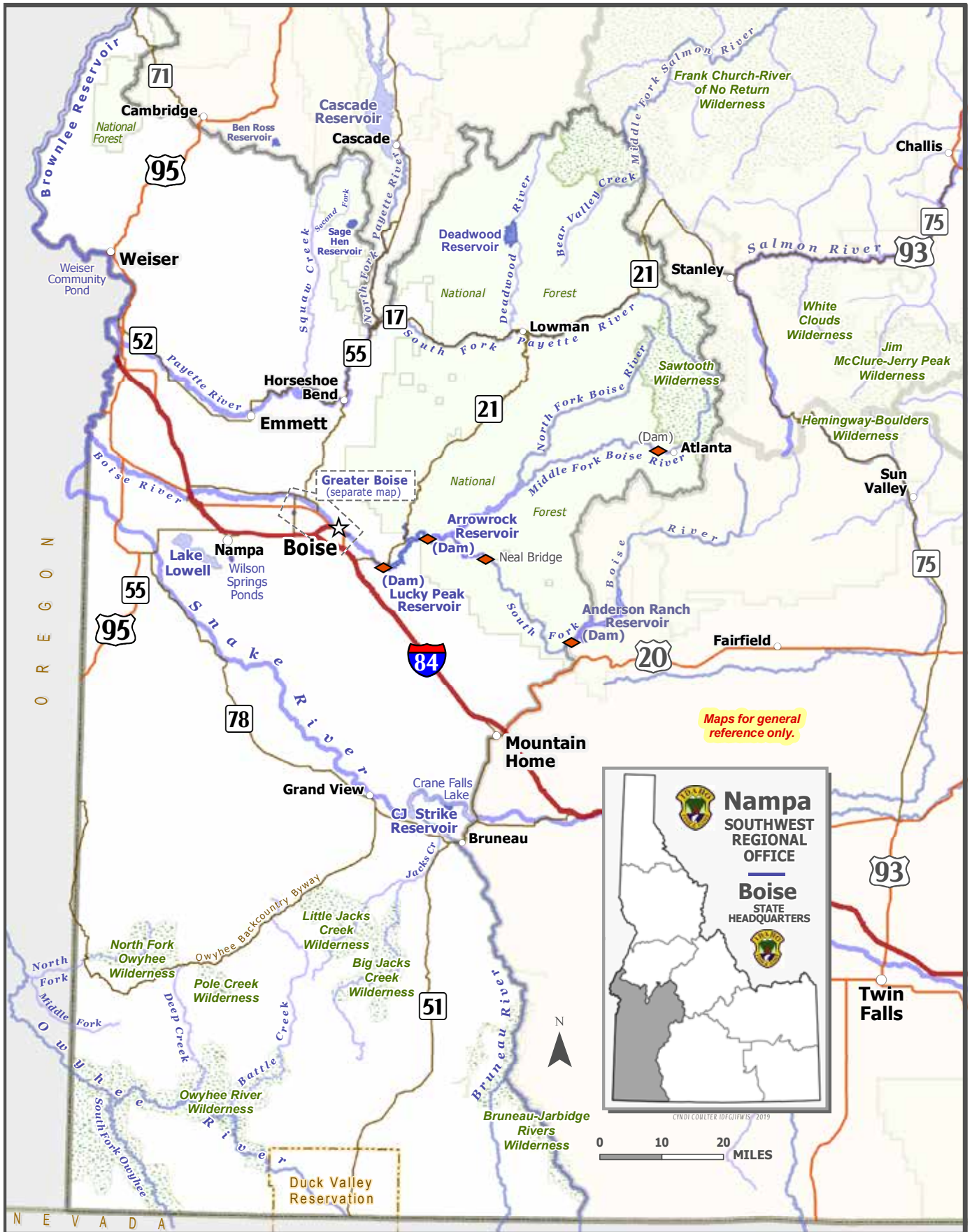
NORTH IDAHO STATE PARKS

- Coeur d'Alene Parkway
- Coeur d'Alene's Old Mission
- Dworshak
- Farragut
- Hells Gate
- Heyburn
- Mary Minerva McCroskey
- Priest Lake
- Round Lake
- Trail of the Coeur d'Alenes
- Winchester Lake

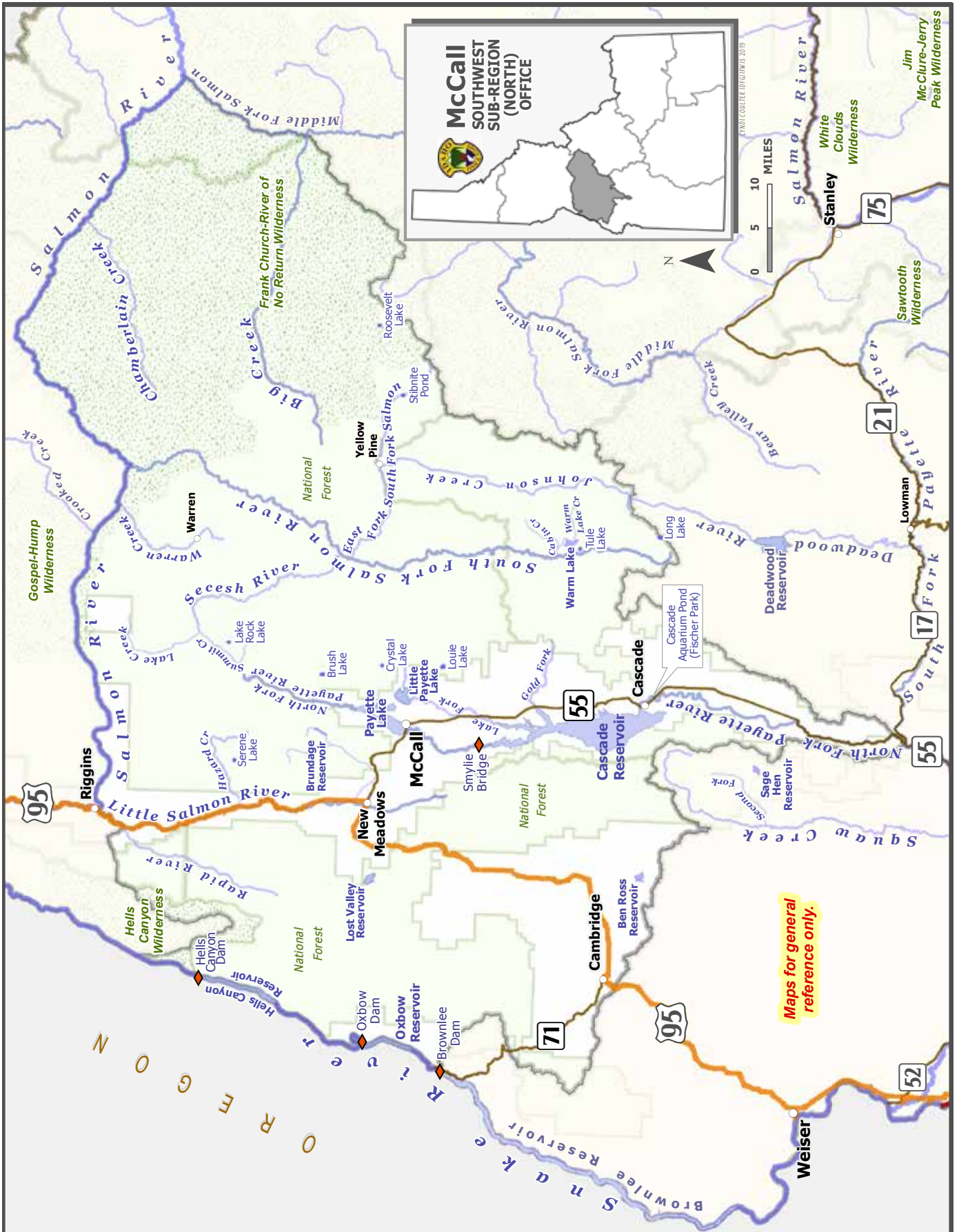
SOUTH/EAST IDAHO STATE PARKS

- Ashton-Tetonia Trail
- Bear Lake
- Bruneau Dunes
- Castle Rocks
- City Of Rocks
- Eagle Island
- Lake Cascade
- Lucky Peak/Units
- Harriman
- Henrys Lake
- Idaho City Trails System
- Ponderosa
- Thousand Springs/Units
- Lake Walcott
- Land Of The Yankee Fork
- Malad Gorge
- Massacre Rocks
- Three Island Crossing

IdahoParksPassport.com



Maps for general reference only.

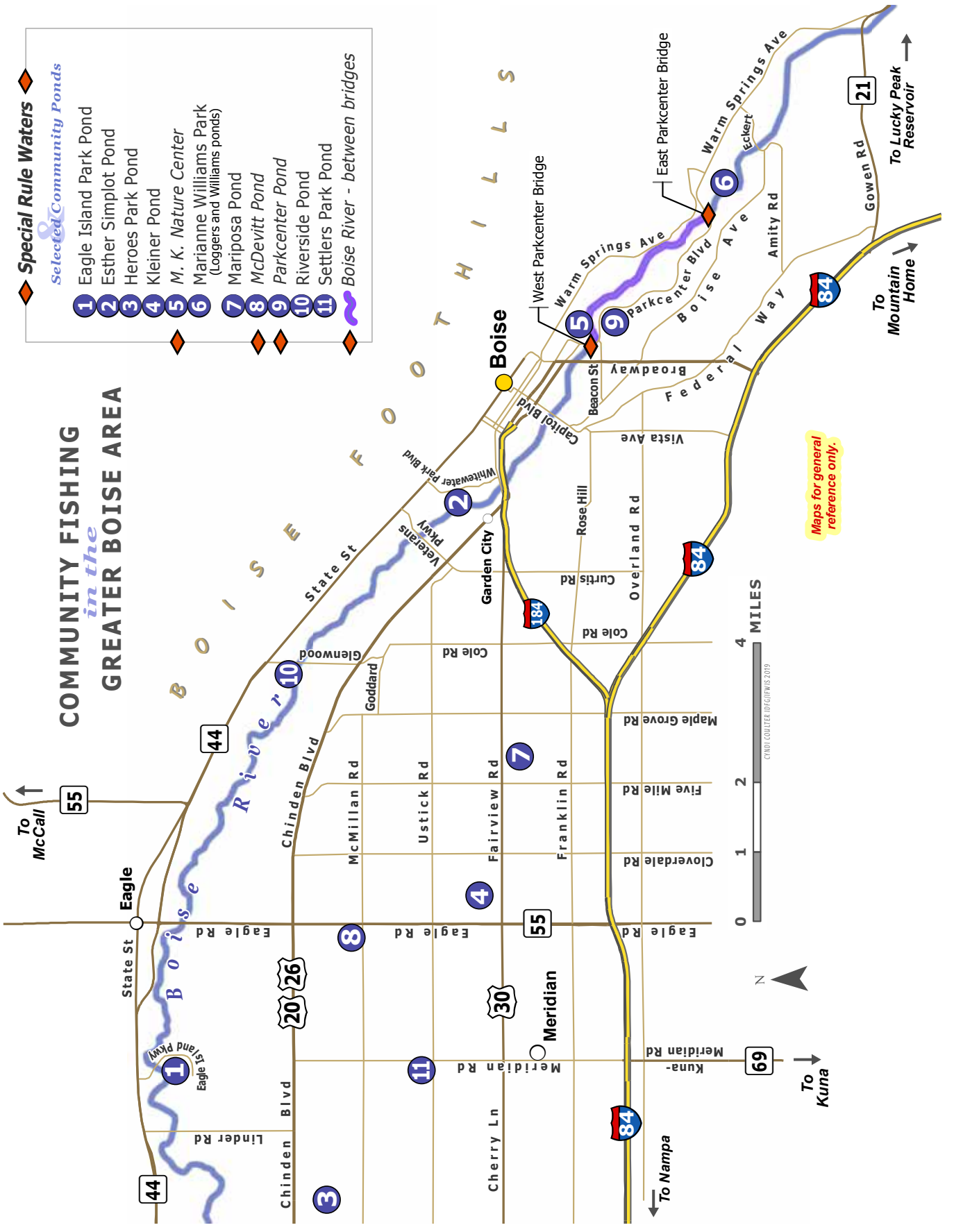


Southwest

COMMUNITY FISHING *in the* GREATER BOISE AREA

B O I S E F O O T H I L L S

- Special Rule Waters**
- Selected Community Ponds*
- 1 Eagle Island Park Pond
 - 2 Esther Simplot Pond
 - 3 Heroes Park Pond
 - 4 Kleiner Pond
 - 5 M. K. Nature Center
 - 6 Marianne Williams Park (Loggers and Williams ponds)
 - 7 Mariposa Pond
 - 8 McDevitt Pond
 - 9 Parkcenter Pond
 - 10 Riverside Pond
 - 11 Settlers Park Pond
- Boise River - between bridges



General Fishing Season for the Southwest Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Southwest Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 20-21.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Southwest Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Southwest Region except as modified in Southwest Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 20-21. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (*Largemouth and Smallmouth*)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined
- None under 12 inches

Brook Trout

- Brook Trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for Brook Trout

Bull Trout

- Bull Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 6

Salmon (*ocean-going*)

- Salmon seasons and limits are set by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission and issued in a separate brochure
- Fishing for or targeting salmon is prohibited unless a salmon season is specifically opened for that water

Steelhead (*ocean-going*)

- Defined as Rainbow Trout longer than twenty (20) inches in length in the Salmon River drainage (excluding lakes and reservoirs). Between Hells Canyon Dam and Oxbow Dam and the Boise River from its mouth upstream to Barber Dam during steelhead seasons, steelhead are Rainbow Trout over twenty (20) inches in length with the adipose fin clipped (as evidenced by a healed scar)
- Fishing for or targeting steelhead is prohibited unless a steelhead season is specifically opened for that water (see

pages 41-45)

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks are required,
- Use of a sliding swivel device to secure a weight, and a lighter test line to secure weight to sliding swivel device, see Page 54 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes *Brown Trout, Lake Trout, Golden Trout, Arctic Grayling, Cutthroat Trout, Rainbow Trout, land-locked Chinook and Coho Salmon, trout hybrids (e.g. Tiger Trout)*

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined

Does not include Bull Trout and Brook Trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish includes *Pacific Lamprey*

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes *bullfrogs and crayfish*

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 67.

Special Rule Waters for the Southwest Region (See Pages 20-21 for details)

Ben Ross Reservoir	Crystal Lake	Owyhee River and tributaries	Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries
Big Creek	Deadwood Reservoir	Oxbow Reservoir	
Boise River	Deadwood Reservoir tributaries	Parkcenter Pond	Salmon River, South Fork and tributaries
Boise River, Middle Fork	Duck Valley Indian Reservation	Payette River, North Fork	Serene Lake
Boise River, South Fork	Lake Lowell	Payette River, South Fork and tributaries	Squaw Creek and tributaries
Brundage Reservoir and tributaries	Lake Rock Lake	Rapid River and tributaries	Stibnite Pond (Glory Hole)
Brush Lake	Little Payette Lake	Roosevelt Lake	Tule Lake
Cascade Aquarium Pond	Long Lake	Sage Hen Reservoir tributaries	Warren Creek
Chamberlain Creek and tributaries	Louie Lake	Salmon River	Weiser Community Pond
Crane Falls Lake	McDevitt Pond	Salmon River tributaries	Wilson Springs Ponds
	Middle Fork Salmon River		
	M.K. Nature Center		

Special Rule Waters for the Southwest Region

For waters not listed below, see Page 19 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Southwest Region.

Ben Ross Reservoir

- Bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Big Creek

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Boise River

from the mouth upstream to Lucky Peak Dam (lower Boise River)

Section: From the downstream side of the East Parkcenter Bridge to the upstream side of the West Parkcenter Bridge

- Trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches

All other sections of the lower Boise River - Southwest Region general rules apply

Boise River, Middle Fork

Section: From the confluence of the North Fork upstream to Atlanta Dam

- Trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

All other sections of the Boise River, Middle Fork - Southwest Region general rules apply

Boise River, South Fork

Section: From Neal Bridge (Forest Road 189) upstream to Anderson Ranch Dam

- No bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly or lure
- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit 2, none under 20 inches

Section: Boise River, South Fork above Anderson Ranch Dam; see Magic Valley Region rules (Page 25)

Brundage Reservoir and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2, none over 14 inches
- No bait allowed

Brush Lake

(an alpine lake in North Fork Payette drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Cascade Aquarium Pond

- Closed to fishing

Chamberlain Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Crane Falls Lake - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Crystal Lake

(an alpine lake in the Lake Fork drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Deadwood Reservoir

- Kokanee limit is 15

Deadwood Reservoir tributaries

- Trout limit is 2
- Kokanee limit is 15

Duck Valley Indian Reservation

contact the Duck Valley Indian Tribal Office

Lake Lowell

- January 1 to June 30 - bass limit is 0, catch-and-release
- July 1 to December 31- bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Lake Rock Lake

(an alpine lake in the Secesh River drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Little Payette Lake

- Bass limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- Kokanee limit is 25

Long Lake *(an alpine lake south of Warm Lake)*

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Louie Lake *(an alpine lake in the Boulder Creek drainage)*

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

McDevitt Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Middle Fork Salmon River

(see Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries)

M.K. Nature Center

- Closed to fishing

Owyhee River and tributaries

- Bass limit is 6, any size

Oxbow Reservoir

(between Brownlee Dam and Oxbow Dam)

- Bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Parkcenter Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Payette River, North Fork

Section: From Payette Lake upstream, including tributaries

- Kokanee limit is 0, catch-and-release

Section: From Smylie Bridge (Hartsell) to Payette Lake

- December 1 to Friday of Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release

All other sections of the Payette River, North Fork - Southwest Region general rules apply

Payette River, South Fork and tributaries

(except the Middle Fork Payette drainage)

- Trout limit is 2

Rapid River and tributaries (tributary to the Little Salmon River)

- Trout limit is 2

Roosevelt Lake

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Sage Hen Reservoir tributaries

- December 1 through June 15 - closed to fishing
- June 16 through November 30 - trout limit is 2

Salmon River

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept; no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- No bag, size or possession limits on bass

Salmon River tributaries

- No bag, size or possession limits on bass

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Salmon River upstream to the mouth of the Middle Fork Salmon River (except Little Salmon River and South Fork Salmon River)

- Trout limit is 2

Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required
- No bag, size or possession limits on bass

Salmon River, South Fork and tributaries (includes:

Johnson Creek, East Fork South Fork Salmon River, Secesh River, Lake Creek, Summit Creek and tributaries)

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required
- No bag, size or possession limits on bass

Serene Lake

(an alpine lake in the Hazard Creek drainage)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Squaw Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Stibnite Pond (Glory Hole)

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Tule Lake (an alpine lake near Warm Lake)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Warren Creek

- Trout limit is 2

Weiser Community Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Wilson Springs Ponds (all waters within the Wilson Springs access area including Wilson Drain)

- Trout limit is 2

Fishing Tournaments

Did you know that Idaho Fish and Game regulates organized fishing tournaments to help ensure fish populations are protected and impacts to public access are minimized?



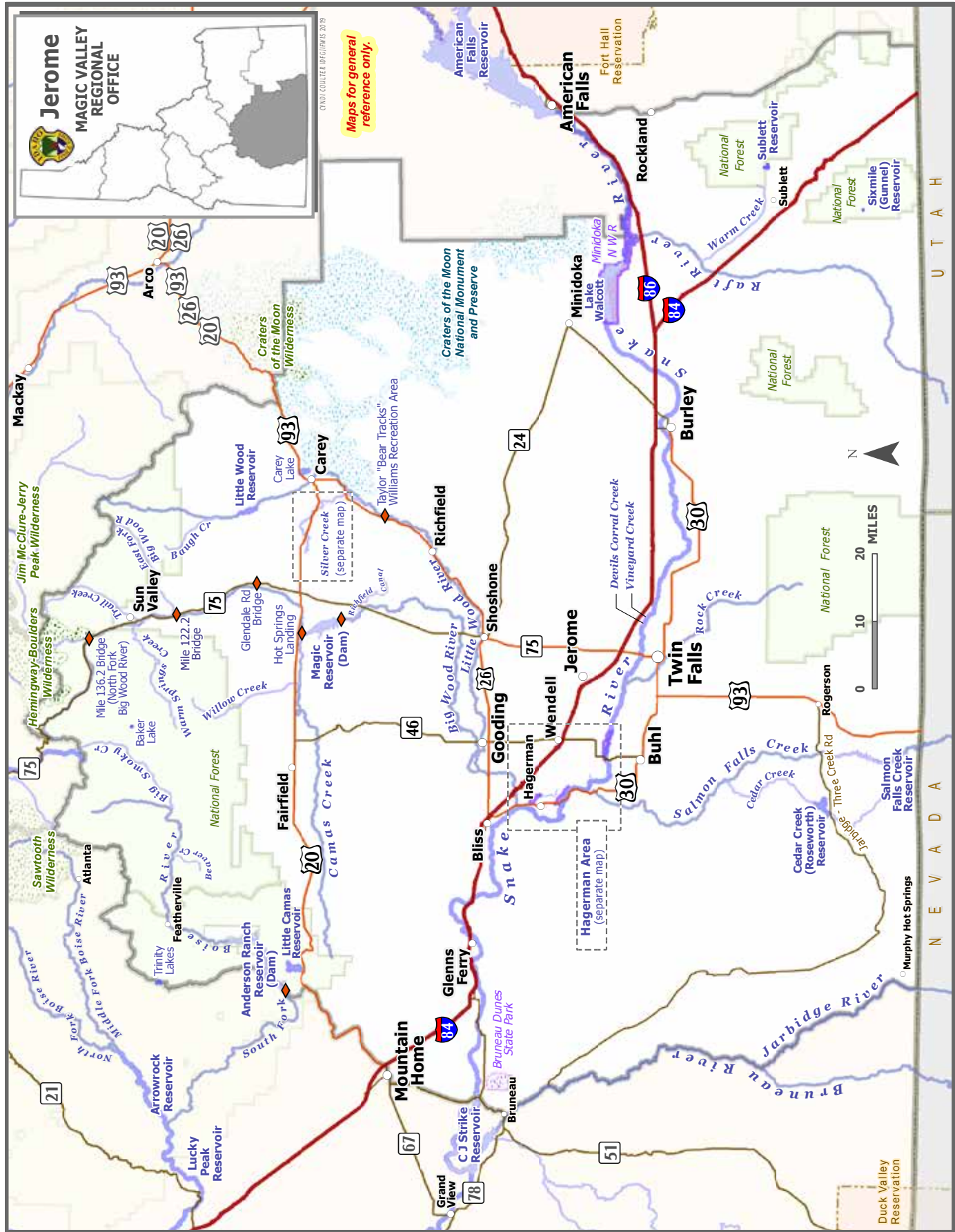
Photo Courtesy of Take Me Fishing

If you are holding an event that has:
**A LIVE FISH WEIGH-IN
OR AWARDS OF \$1,000
OR MORE IN CASH OR PRIZES
OR IS EXPECTED TO DRAW 20
OR MORE PARTICIPANTS**

Then you are required to apply for a Fishing Tournament permit.

For the application and information on fees, go to:
idfg.idaho.gov/fish/tournaments

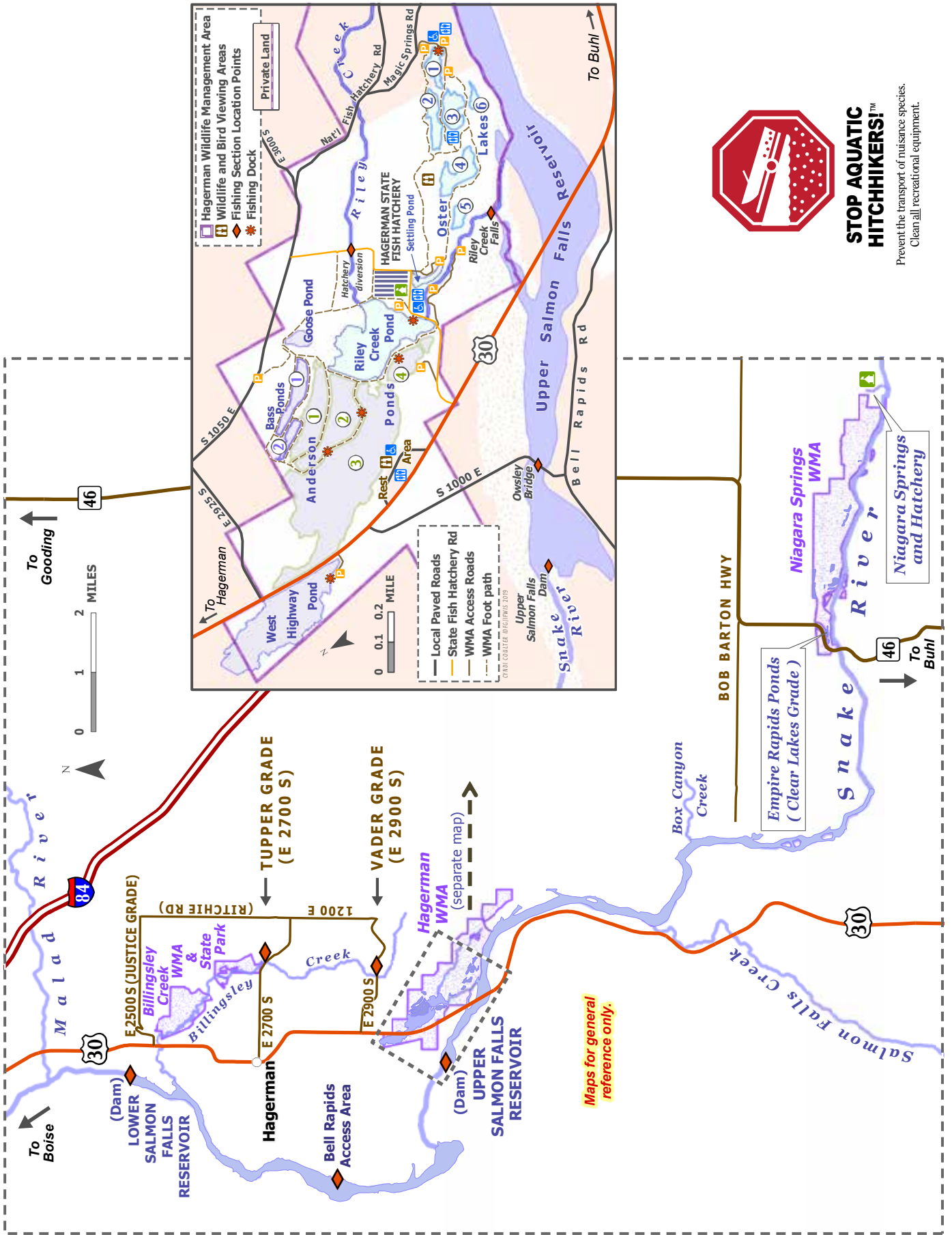
Magic Valley



Maps for general reference only.

Jerome
MAGIC VALLEY REGIONAL OFFICE

2019 COLLECTOR: BIRCH/PHOTO: 2019



STOP AQUATIC HITCHHIKERS!™

Prevent the transport of nuisance species.
Clean all recreational equipment.

Magic Valley

MAGIC VALLEY REGION

General Fishing Season for the Magic Valley Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in the Magic Valley Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 25- 27.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Magic Valley Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Magic Valley Region except as modified in Magic Valley Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 25-28. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (*Largemouth and Smallmouth*)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined
- None under 12 inches

Brook Trout

- Brook Trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for Brook Trout

Bull Trout

- Bull Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 6

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks are required,
- Use of a sliding swivel device to secure a weight, and a lighter test line to secure weight to sliding swivel device, see Page 54 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes *Brown Trout, Lake Trout, Golden Trout, Arctic Grayling, Cutthroat Trout, Rainbow Trout, land-locked Chinook and Coho Salmon, trout hybrids (e.g. Tiger Trout)*

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined
- In rivers and streams, only 2 of the 6 trout may be Cutthroat Trout

Does not include Bull Trout and Brook Trout which are listed separately

Walleye

- Walleye limit is 6

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish includes *Northern Leatherside Chub, Shoshone Sculpin, Wood River Sculpin, and Bluehead Sucker (also know as Green Sucker)*

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes *bullfrogs and crayfish*

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 67.

Special Rule Waters for the Magic Valley Region (See Pages 25-28 for details)

Anderson Ranch Reservoir
Baker Lake
Bell Rapids (See Snake River)
Big Wood River
Big Wood River tributaries (upstream of Magic Reservoir)
Billingsley Creek
Boise River, South Fork (upstream of Anderson Ranch Dam)
Box Canyon Creek
Bruneau Dunes State Park
Carey Lake
Devils Corral Creek

Empire Rapids Ponds (Clear Lakes Grade-Niagra Springs WMA)
Sixmile Reservoir (Gunnel)
Hagerman Wildlife Management Area
Jarbidge River and tributaries
Little Wood River
Magic Reservoir
Malad River
Niagara Springs Creek
Niagara Springs Wildlife Management Area
Riley Creek (see Hagerman Wildlife Management Area)

Salmon Falls Creek Reservoir
Silver Creek
Silver Creek tributaries
Snake River
South Fork Boise River (see Boise River, South Fork)
Sublett Reservoir
Sublett Reservoir tributaries
Trinity Lakes
Vineyard Creek
Willow Creek (tributary to Camas Creek)

Special Rule Waters for the Magic Valley Region

For waters not listed below, see Page 24 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Magic Valley Region.

Anderson Ranch Reservoir

- Kokanee limit is 25 per day

Baker Lake (an alpine lake in Blaine County)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Bell Rapids (See Snake River)

Big Wood River

Section: From the Richfield Canal Diversion upstream to Magic Dam

- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through March 31 – trout limit is 6
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Bass limit is 6, any size

Section: From the posted boundary about 700 yards east of Hot Springs Landing upstream to Glendale Road Bridge

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6

Section: From Glendale Road Bridge upstream to the Highway 75 Bridge near milepost 122.2

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Section: From Highway 75 Bridge near milepost 122.2 upstream to Highway 75 Bridge near milepost 136.2

- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly or lure
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing

Section: From the Highway 75 Bridge near milepost 136.2 upstream to the headwaters of the Big Wood River

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6

All other sections of the Big Wood River - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Big Wood River Tributaries

(upstream of Magic Reservoir)

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6

Billingsley Creek

Section: From Tupper Grade upstream to Vader Grade

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6, fly-fishing only, no bait allowed

All other sections of Billingsley Creek - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Boise River, South Fork (upstream of Anderson Ranch Reservoir, see Southwest Region for information downstream from Anderson Ranch Dam)

Section: From the mouth of Beaver Creek upstream to the mouth of Big Smoky Creek

- Trout limit is 2, none under 14 inches
- No bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly or lure

All other sections of the Boise River, South Fork above Anderson Ranch Dam - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Box Canyon Creek

- Trout limit is 2

Bruneau Dunes State Park - Electric motors only

- Bass limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Carey Lake - Electric motors only

Devils Corral Creek

- Trout limit is 2

Empire Rapids Ponds

(Clear Lakes Grade-Niagra Springs WMA)

- Trout limit is 2

Sixmile Reservoir (Gunnel)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2

Hagerman Wildlife Management Area - No motors

Section: The four Anderson Ponds, the Bass Ponds, Goose Pond, and the West Highway Pond (Highway 30)

- November 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing

Section: Oster Lakes, Riley Pond, and the Settling Pond

- November 1 through the last day of February – closed to fishing

Section: Riley Creek from the Falls upstream to the State Fish Hatchery Diversion

- November 1 through the last day of February – closed to fishing

All other sections of Riley Creek - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Jarbidge River and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Little Wood River

Section: From the downstream end of the Taylor “Bear Tracks” Williams State Recreation Area near Highway 93 milepost 190, to the upstream end of the Recreation Area near Highway 93 milepost 192.5, as posted

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Fly-fishing only, barbless hooks required

Section: From Baugh Creek upstream (including tributaries)

- Trout limit is 2

All other sections of the Little Wood River - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Magic Reservoir (from Magic Dam to the posted boundary about 700 yards east of Hot Springs Landing)

- Bass limit is 6, any size

Malad River

Section: From its mouth upstream to the Interstate 84 bridge at Malad Gorge

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release

Niagara Springs Creek

Section: From the Niagara Springs Steelhead Hatchery intake pool (above the lowest fall) upstream to the spring sources as posted

- Closed to fishing

All other sections of Niagara Springs Creek - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Niagara Springs Wildlife Management Area – except Snake River

- Trout limit is 2

Salmon Falls Creek Reservoir

- Walleye limit is 6, only one over 20 inches

Silver Creek - No motors. All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream.

Section: From its mouth upstream to Highway 93 - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Section: From Highway 93 upstream to the North Picabo Road bridge (See Page 28, Section 1)

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6

Section: From the North Picabo Road bridge upstream to the bridge near milepost 187.2 on Highway 20 west of Picabo (See Page 28, Section 2)

- December 1 through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

Section: From the bridge near milepost 187.2 on Highway 20 west of Picabo upstream to the road right-of-way fence on the west side of Kilpatrick Bridge (See Page 28, Section 3)

- No fishing from rafts or boats; float tubes are allowed
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through March 31 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly or lure
- April 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing

Section: From the road right-of-way on the west side of Kilpatrick Bridge upstream to the confluence of Grove Creek and Stalker Creek (See Page 26, Section 4).

- No fishing from rafts or boats; float tubes are allowed
- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, fly-fishing only, no bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly



**STOP AQUATIC
HITCHHIKERS!™**

Prevent the transport of nuisance species.
Clean all recreational equipment.

Silver Creek tributaries - No motors. All diversion ponds have the same rules as the connected stream.

Section: All tributaries within the Nature Conservancy Silver Creek Preserve property (See Page 26, Section 5).

- No fishing from rafts or boats; float tubes are allowed
- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend—closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30—trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, fly-fishing only, no bait allowed, one barbless hook per fly

Section: All tributaries except those within the Nature Conservancy Silver Creek Preserve and posted Hayspur Fish Hatchery waters (See Page 26, Section 6).

- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2

Section: The posted sections of Loving and Butte creeks on Hayspur Fish Hatchery property (See Page 26, Section 7).

- December 1 through the Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing.
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30—trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Snake River

Section: From Lower Salmon Falls Dam (Bell Rapids area) upstream to Upper Salmon Falls Dam (0.3 miles below Owsley Bridge)

- January 1 through June 30 - bass limit is 0, catch-and-release
- July 1 through December 31 - bass limit is 2, none between 12 and 16 inches

All other sections of the Snake River including reservoirs within the Magic Valley Region - Magic Valley Region general rules apply

Sublett Reservoir (see also Sublett Reservoir tributaries)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6

Sublett Reservoir tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 2

Trinity Lakes - No motors

Vineyard Creek

- November 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through October 31 - trout limit is 2

Willow Creek (tributary to Camas Creek)

- Trout limit is 2



Photo Courtesy by Bill Pate

ATTENTION ANGLERS

It is illegal to transport and release live fish in Idaho without a permit.

Illegal transport and release of live fish has serious adverse effect on fish populations and fishing. If you suspect an illegal fish release has occurred or may occur, report it to IDFG.

Call the CAP toll-free number
1-800-632-5999
<https://idfg.idaho.gov/poacher>

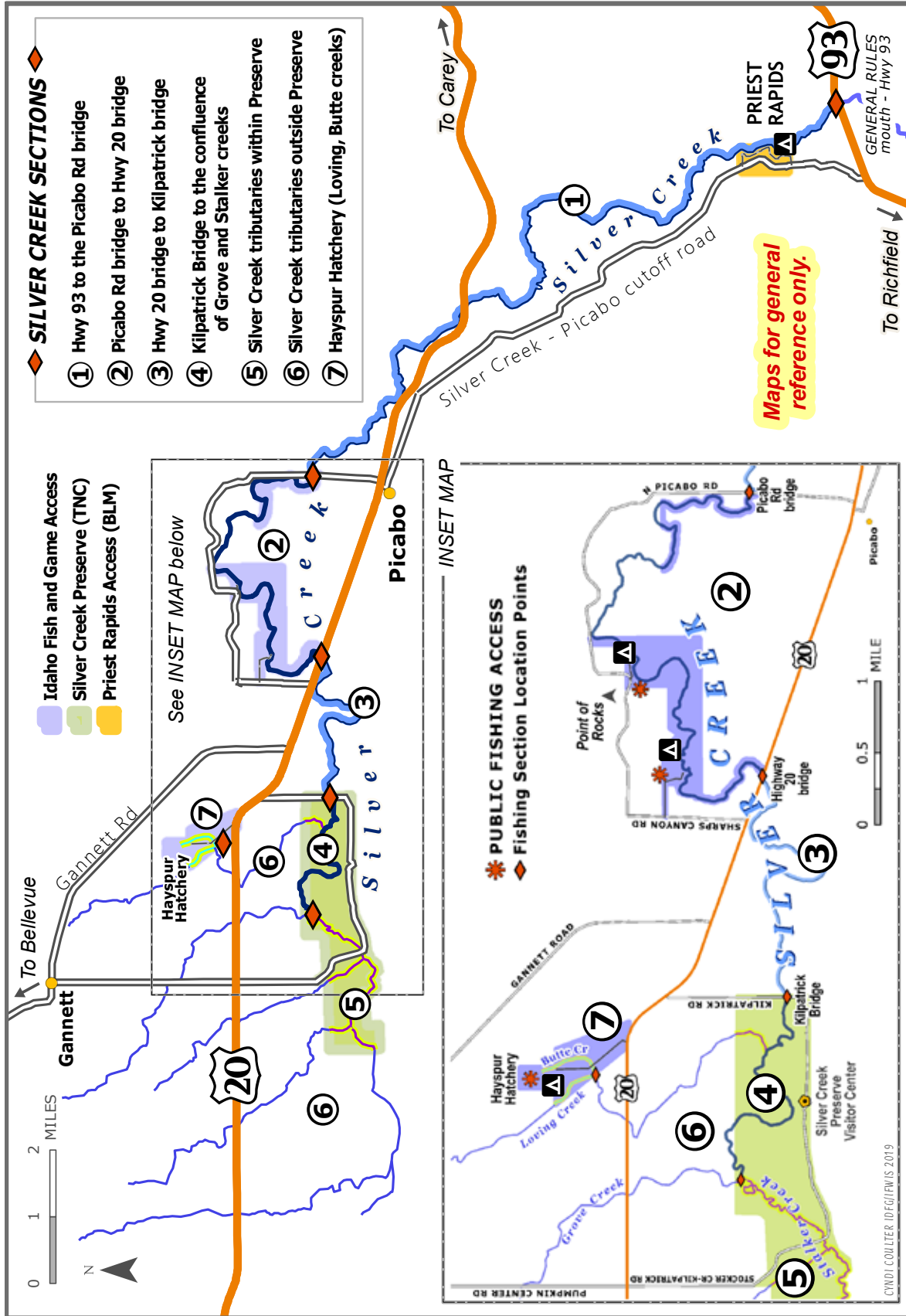


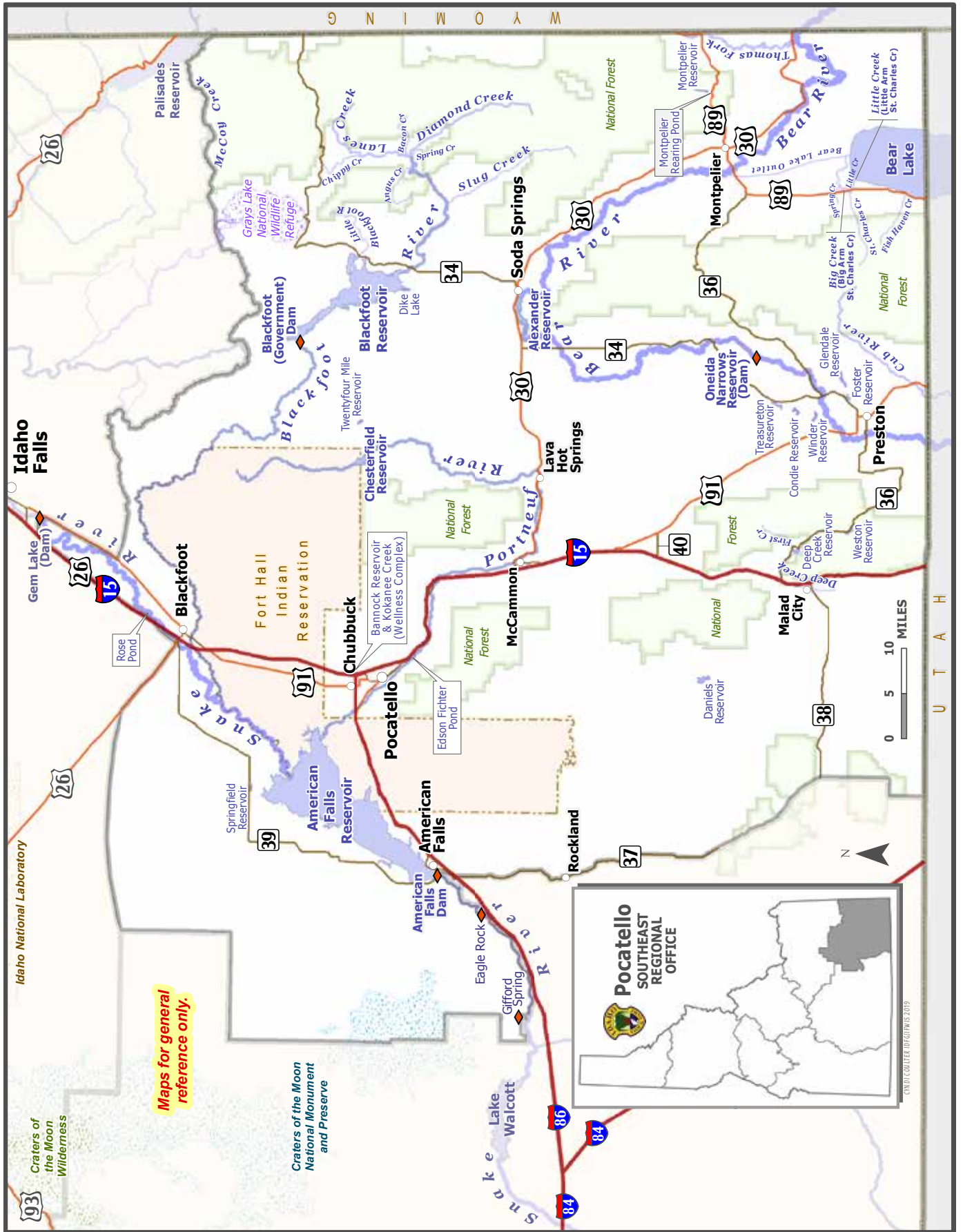
During the summer months the fishing trailers travel across Idaho ready to help families start fishing.

- Free and open to everyone. Just show up and register at the event.
- Fishing equipment can be checked out for free. First-come, first-served basis.
- Learn the basic fishing skills from knowledgeable staff.
- No license required for registered participants during the duration of the event.

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SILVER CREEK FISHING MAP





Southeast

SOUTHEAST REGION

General Fishing Season for the Southeast Region

All Waters Open All Year

except as modified in Southeast Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 31-32.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Southeast Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Southeast Region except as modified in Southeast Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 31-32. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (*Largemouth and Smallmouth*)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined
- None under 14 inches

Brook Trout

- Brook Trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for Brook Trout

Cisco (*Bear Lake only*)

- Cisco limit is 30

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 6

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks are required,
- Use of a sliding swivel device to secure a weight, and a lighter test line to secure weight to sliding swivel device, see Page 54 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout *includes Brown Trout, Lake Trout, Cutthroat Trout, Rainbow Trout, and trout hybrids (e.g. Tiger Trout).*

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined
- In rivers and streams, only 2 of the 6 trout may be Cutthroat Trout

Does not include Brook Trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish *includes Northern Leatherside Chub, Bear Lake Sculpin, and Bluehead Sucker (also know as Green Sucker)*

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species *includes bullfrogs and crayfish*

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 67.

Special Rule Waters for the Southeast Region (see Pages 31-32 for details)

American Falls Reservoir	Dike Lake	Oneida Narrows Reservoir
Bannock Reservoir (Portneuf Wellness Complex Pond)	Edson Fichter Pond	Portneuf River
Bear Lake	Fish Haven Creek	Rose Pond
Bear River	First Creek	St. Charles Creek
Bear River tributaries	Fort Hall Indian Reservation	Slug Creek and tributaries
Blackfoot Reservoir	Foster Reservoir	Snake River
Blackfoot River and tributaries	Glendale Reservoir	Springfield Reservoir
Chesterfield Reservoir	Kokanee Creek	Treasureton Reservoir
Condie Reservoir	Lanes Creek and tributaries	Twenty-Four Mile Reservoir
Daniels Reservoir	Little Blackfoot River and tributaries	Weston Reservoir
Deep Creek Reservoir	McCoy Creek and tributaries	Winder Reservoir
Diamond Creek and tributaries	Montpelier Reservoir	
	Montpelier Rearing Pond	

Special Rule Waters for the Southeast Region

For waters not listed below, see page 30 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Southeast Region.

American Falls Reservoir

- Bass limit is 2, any size

Bannock Reservoir - no motors

Portneuf Wellness Complex Pond (Pocatello)

- Trout limit is 2

Bear Lake

- From the mouth of St. Charles Creek (Little Creek) for a radius of 300 yards into the lake is closed to fishing from April 16 through June 30
- Not more than 2 baited hooks, flies, or lures per line.
- One line only when ice fishing. Two-lines permitted when ice fishing with a two-pole permit
- Trout limit is 2; only Cutthroat Trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept (See Page 45)
- Cisco limit is 30; dip-netting permitted January 1 through February 15. Dip nets no larger than 18 inches in any dimension. Any size hole may be cut through the ice to catch cisco
- Whitefish limit is 10

Bear River

Section: From the Utah state line upstream to Oneida Narrows Dam

- Trout limit is 2, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Bass limit is 6, any size

Section: From the confluence with Oneida Narrows Reservoir upstream to the Wyoming state line

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Bear River tributaries (all tributaries including the Cub River and Thomas Fork Bear River)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Blackfoot Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Blackfoot River and tributaries

Section: From the confluence with the Snake River upstream to Blackfoot Dam (Government Dam) - Southeast Region general rules apply

Section: Upstream from Blackfoot Reservoir

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Chesterfield Reservoir

- Trout limit is 2

Condie Reservoir

- Bass limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Daniels Reservoir

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- One line only when ice fishing
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Deep Creek Reservoir

- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be Cutthroat Trout
- No size, bag or possession limits on Bass

Diamond Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Dike Lake (Blackfoot Reservoir) - No motors

Edson Fichter Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Fish Haven Creek

Section: From the confluence with Bear Lake upstream to the Caribou-Targhee National Forest boundary

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - Southeast Region general rules apply

Section: Fish Haven Creek upstream of the Caribou-Targhee National Forest boundary - Southeast Region general rules apply

First Creek (tributary to Deep Creek Reservoir)

- December 1 through June 14 - closed to fishing
- June 15 through November 30 - Southeast Region general rules apply

Fort Hall Indian Reservation - contact Shoshone-Bannock Tribal Office

Foster Reservoir - Electric motors only

Glendale Reservoir

- Bass limit is 2, none under 16 inches

Kokanee Creek - Tributary to Bannock Reservoir

- Closed to fishing

Lanes Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Little Blackfoot River and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

McCoy Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Montpelier Reservoir - Electric motors only**Montpelier Rearing Pond**

- Trout limit is 2

Oneida Narrows Reservoir

- Walleye limit is 6
- Bass limit is 6, any size

Portneuf River

Section: In Lava Hot Springs, from the Center Street Bridge upstream to the East Main Street Bridge

- Closed to fishing

Section: From above East Main Street bridge in Lava Hot Springs upstream to Chesterfield Reservoir

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

All other sections of the Portneuf River: except for within the Fort Hall Indian Reservation (contact Shoshone-Bannock Tribal Office): Southeast Region general rules apply

Rose Pond - Electric motors only**St. Charles Creek**

Section: St. Charles Creek (including both lower forks) upstream to the Caribou-Targhee National Forest boundary

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - Southeast Region general rules apply

Section: St. Charles Creek upstream of Caribou-Targhee National Forest boundary - Southeast Region general rules apply

Slug Creek and tributaries

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing
- July 1 through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout, no bait allowed

Snake River

Section: From the downstream side of the Gifford Springs boat fishing zone (western boundary in Minnidoka NWR) upstream to Eagle Rock

- Bass limit is 2, any size
- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be Cutthroat Trout

Section: From Eagle Rock upstream to American Falls Dam

- October 16 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – limit is 0 for game fish species, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through October 15 – bass limit is 2, any size; trout limit is 6, only 2 may be Cutthroat Trout, only 2 trout over 16 inches

Section: From American Falls Reservoir upstream to Gem Lake dam

- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be Cutthroat Trout
- Bass limit is 2, any size

Springfield Reservoir

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- One line only when ice fishing
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Treasureton Reservoir

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- No size, bag or possession limits on bass
- One line only when ice fishing
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Twenty-Four Mile Reservoir - No motors

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches
- One line only when ice fishing
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Weston Reservoir

- No fishing from boats or rafts, float tubes allowed

Winder Reservoir - No motors


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UPPER SNAKE REGION

General Fishing Season for the Upper Snake Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Upper Snake Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 35-36.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Upper Snake Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Upper Snake Region except as modified in Upper Snake Region Special Rule Waters on Pages 35-36. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (*Largemouth and Smallmouth*)

- Bass limit is 6, both species combined

Brook Trout

- Brook Trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for Brook Trout

Bull Trout

- Bull Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 15

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks are required,
- Use of a sliding swivel device to secure a weight, and a lighter test line to secure weight to sliding swivel device, see Page 54 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes *Brown Trout, Golden Trout, Lake Trout, Splake, Arctic Grayling, Cutthroat Trout, Rainbow Trout, and trout hybrids (e.g. Tiger Trout)*

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined

Does not include Bull Trout and Brook Trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25 – see Big Lost River exception
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish including *Northern Leatherside Chub and Bluehead Sucker (also known as Green Sucker)*

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes *bullfrogs and crayfish*

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 67.

Special Rule Waters for the Upper Snake Region (see Pages 35-36 for details)

Beaver Creek and tributaries	Henrys Lake Outlet	Sellars Creek (see Willow Creek tributaries)
Becker Pond (Ryder Park Pond)	Henrys Lake tributaries	Silver Lake (Harriman State Park)
Big Lost River and tributaries	Horseshoe Lake (Fremont County)	Snake River
Burns Creek (see South Fork Snake River tributaries)	Lava Creek (see Willow Creek tributaries)	South Fork Snake River
Dry Beds (Snake River)	Little Lost River and tributaries	South Fork Snake River tributaries
Fall River and tributaries	Long Lake (Custer County)	Teardrop Lake (Snow Creek Pond)
Fish Creek (Harriman State Park)	Market Lake Wildlife Management Area	Teton Creek (see Teton River tributaries)
Fox Creek (see Teton River tributaries)	McCoy Creek	Teton River
Golden Lake (Harriman State Park)	Medicine Lodge Creek and tributaries	Teton River tributaries
Hell Creek (see Willow Creek tributaries)	Mud Lake	Thurmon Creek (Harriman State Park)
Henrys Fork (Snake River, North Fork)	Palisades Creek (see South Fork Snake River tributaries)	Trail Creek (see Teton River tributaries)
Henrys Fork tributaries (excluding Thurmon Creek, Warm River and the Fall River)	Palisades Reservoir tributaries	Warm River and tributaries
Jim Moore Pond	Pine Creek (see South Fork Snake River tributaries)	Willow Creek
Henrys Lake	Rainey Creek (see South Fork Snake River tributaries)	Willow Creek tributaries
	Sand Creek Wildlife Management Area	

Special Rule Waters for the Upper Snake Region

For waters not listed below, see page 34 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Upper Snake Region.

Beaver Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Becker Pond (Ryder Park Pond)

- Two fish any species

Big Lost River and tributaries

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release; whitefish limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6; whitefish limit is 0, catch-and-release

Dry Beds (Snake River)

Section: From the Highway 48 bridge upstream to the Great Feeder irrigation diversion headgate

- May 1 through March 31 – Upper Snake Region general rules apply
- April 1 through April 30 – it is legal to take fish with dip nets, by snagging or by hand – Upper Snake Region bag limits apply

Fall River and tributaries

- Limit is 2 trout, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Fish Creek (Harriman State Park)

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Fly-fishing only

Golden Lake (Harriman State Park)

- Closed to fishing

Henrys Fork (Snake River, North Fork)

Section: South Fork Snake River/Henrys Fork confluence upstream to Vernon Bridge

- Trout limit is 2, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Section: From Vernon Bridge upstream to Ashton Dam

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0; catch-and-release only
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 2, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Section: From Highway 20 bridge upstream to the posted boundary upstream of Riverside Campground

- Trout limit is 2, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Section: From the posted boundary upstream of the Riverside Campground upstream to the lower Harriman State Park boundary

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, no bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Section: From the lower Harriman State Park boundary upstream to the upper Harriman State Park boundary (Harriman Ranch)

- December 1 through June 14 – closed to fishing
- June 15 through November 30 – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release, fly fishing only, barbless hooks required

Section: From the upper Harriman State Park boundary to Island Park Dam

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Section: From McCrea Bridge upstream to the Henrys Lake Outlet

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, only 2 may be Cutthroat Trout, no Cutthroat Trout under 16 inches

Section: From Henrys Lake Outlet upstream to the head of Big Springs

- Closed to fishing

All other sections of Henrys Fork including Ashton and Island Park Reservoirs - Upper Snake Region general rules apply

Henrys Fork tributaries (except Warm River, Fall River, and Thurmon Creek)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Henrys Lake

Section: Those portions of the lake within the posted boundaries of Staley Springs and within 100 yards of Hatchery Creek

- Closed to fishing

Remainder of Henrys Lake

- January 2 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – Closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through January 1 – trout limit is 2, Brook Trout must be counted in the trout limit
- Fishing may not continue after 2 trout have been reduced to possession

Henrys Lake Outlet

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, only 2 may be Cutthroat Trout, no Cutthroat Trout under 16 inches

Henrys Lake tributaries

- July 1 through March 31 – no harvest of Cutthroat Trout; Brook Trout limit is 25, only two Brook Trout over 16 inches
- April 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing
- Hatchery Creek – closed to fishing

Horseshoe Lake (*Fremont County*) - no motors

- Trout limit is 2

Jim Moore Pond

- Trout limit is 2

Little Lost River and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2

Long Lake (*an alpine lake in Custer County*)

- Trout limit is 2, none under 20 inches

Market Lake Wildlife Management Area

- March 1 through July 15 – no boats, rafts or float tubes

McCoy Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Medicine Lodge Creek and tributaries

- Trout limit is 2, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Mud Lake (*west of the posted boundary which runs north and south from McKenzie Point*)

- March 1 through July 15 – no boats, rafts or float tubes

Palisades Reservoir tributaries

- Trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- No harvest of kokanee

Sand Creek Wildlife Management Area

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through July 15 – no boats, rafts or float tubes
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – motorized watercraft prohibited

Additional closures to protect wildlife may be in effect. Call the Upper Snake Regional Office at 208-525-7290 for the latest information.

Silver Lake (*Harriman State Park*)

- Closed to fishing

Snake River

Section: Gem Lake Dam to Osgood Diversion Dam

- Trout limit is 6, only 2 may be Cutthroat Trout

Section: Osgood Diversion Dam upstream to the confluence of Henrys Fork (North and South Fork)

- Trout limit is 2, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

South Fork Snake River

- No harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- Brown Trout limit is 2
- No limit on Rainbow Trout or trout hybrids

South Fork Snake River tributaries

- No harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- No limit on Rainbow Trout or trout hybrids
- June 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing

Teardrop Lake (*Snow Creek Pond*)

- Trout limit is 2

Teton River

- No limit on Rainbow Trout or hybrids
- No harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Teton River tributaries

- No harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- No limit on Rainbow Trout or hybrids
- June 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing

Thurmon Creek (*Harriman State Park*)

- Closed to fishing

Warm River and tributaries

Section: Within the posted boundaries from the state highway 47 bridge downstream (approx. 350 yards) to the next bridge near the mouth of Robinson Creek

- Closed to fishing

All other sections of the Warm River

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend, trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Willow Creek

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Willow Creek tributaries

- No harvest of Cutthroat Trout
- No limit on Rainbow Trout or hybrids
- June 1 through June 30 – closed to fishing



**STOP AQUATIC
HITCHHIKERS!™**

Prevent the transport of nuisance species.
Clean all recreational equipment.

Cutthroat Trout need your help in the South Fork Snake and Teton rivers!

Anglers love Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout for their eagerness to take flies and the unique chance to catch large, native trout in some of Idaho's most iconic rivers. However, non-native Rainbow Trout pose a major threat to the future of Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout. Non-native Rainbow Trout not only compete with Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout, but also interbreed with them, producing hybrids that continue to interbreed with cutthroat. IDFG uses fish traps on South Fork tributaries to prevent Rainbow Trout from spawning in important Yellowstone Cutthroat streams. Through regulations, IDFG encourages anglers to harvest unlimited amounts of Rainbow Trout and hybrids in both the South Fork Snake and Teton rivers. Also, South Fork anglers can participate in an incentive reward program and have a chance to earn between \$50 and \$1,000 per fish head turned-in. In the South Fork, Rainbow Trout and hybrids are uniquely marked with microscopic tags in the snout of hundreds of Rainbow Trout and hybrids annually. Return a fish head and you may earn a reward. By harvesting Rainbow Trout and hybrids, anglers like you can help protect Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout populations and these unique angling opportunities for generations to come. So enjoy a shore lunch, or take some Rainbow Trout home for dinner – you'll be doing the South Fork Snake and Teton cutthroat a favor! **Yellowstone Cutthroat/Rainbow Trout Hybrids colors and markings can include a wide range of marks from both pure Rainbow Trout and Yellowstone Cutthroat Trout. They are most easily identified by the presence of white fin tips.**



white fin tip

Henry's Fork Fishing Map

See Page 35 for specific boundaries.



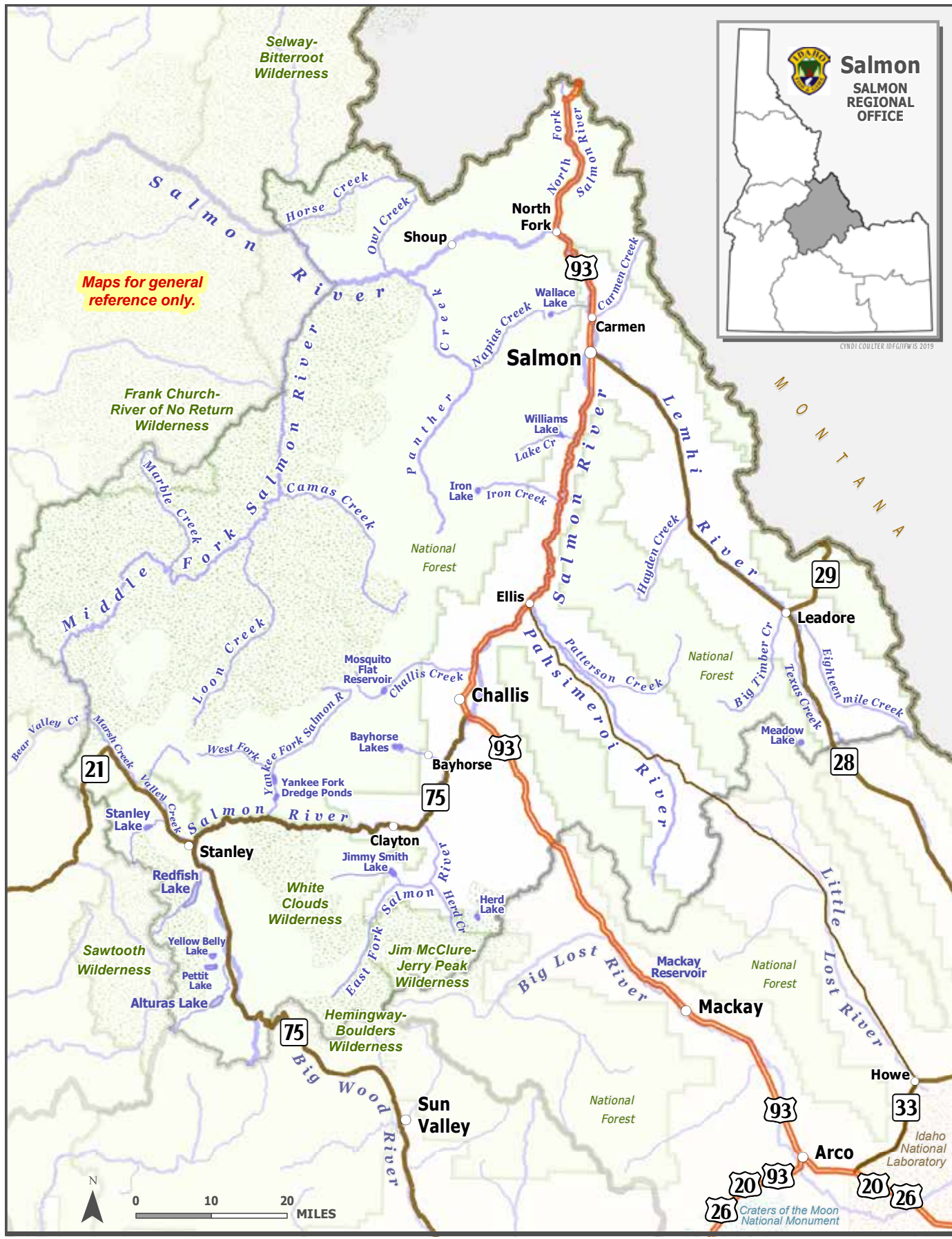
Upper Snake



Salmon
SALMON REGIONAL OFFICE

CYNDI COULTER IDFG/IFW IS 2019

Maps for general reference only.



Salmon

General Fishing Season for the Salmon Region

All Waters Open All Year

Except as modified in Salmon Region Special Rule Waters on Page 40.

Fishing is not allowed within the posted upstream and downstream boundary of any fish weir or trap.

Daily Bag Limits for the Salmon Region

The following daily bag limits apply to all waters of the Salmon Region except as modified in Salmon Region Special Rule Waters on Page 40. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Bass (*Largemouth and Smallmouth*)

- No bag, size or possession limits

Brook Trout

- Brook Trout limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for Brook Trout

Bull Trout

- Bull Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release

Kokanee

- Kokanee limit is 25

Salmon (*ocean-going*)

- Salmon seasons and limits are set annually by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission and issued in a separate brochure
- Fishing for or targeting salmon is prohibited unless a salmon season is specifically opened for that water

Steelhead (*ocean-going*)

- Defined as Rainbow Trout longer than twenty (20) inches in length in the Salmon River drainage (excluding the Lemhi and Pahsimeroi rivers, lakes and reservoirs, and ponds)
- Fishing for or targeting steelhead is prohibited unless a steelhead season is specifically opened for that water (see pages 41-45)

Sturgeon

- Sturgeon limit is 0, catch-and-release

- Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing
- Barbless hooks are required,
- Use of a sliding swivel device to secure a weight, and a lighter test line to secure weight to sliding swivel device, see Page 54 for details

Tiger Muskie

- Tiger Muskie limit is 2, none under 40 inches

Trout includes Lake Trout, Golden Trout, Arctic Grayling, Cutthroat Trout, Rainbow Trout, Sunapee Trout and trout hybrids (e.g. Tiger Trout)

- Trout limit is 6, all species combined
- Chinook Salmon placed in ponds are considered in the trout bag limit.

Does not include Bull Trout and Brook Trout which are listed separately

Whitefish

- Whitefish limit is 25
- Harvest allowed during any open season unless otherwise noted under Special Rules – if gear or bait restrictions are listed, they must be followed when fishing for whitefish

Protected Nongame Fish including Pacific Lamprey

- May not be harvested or possessed

All Other Fish Species includes bullfrogs and crayfish

- No bag, size or possession limit

Check for potential fish consumption advisories. See Page 67.

Special Rule Waters for the Salmon Region (see Page 40 for details)

East Fork Salmon River, see Salmon River East Fork
 Herd Lake
 Jimmy Smith Lake
 Lake Creek and tributaries (Lemhi County)
 Lemhi River
 Middle Fork Salmon River see Salmon River, Middle Fork

North Fork Salmon River see Salmon River, North Fork
 Pahsimeroi River
 Redfish Lake
 Salmon River
 Salmon River tributaries
 Salmon River, East Fork
 Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries

Salmon River, North Fork
 Salmon River, Yankee Fork and West Fork Yankee Fork
 Wallace Lake
 Yankee Fork Salmon River Dredge Ponds
 Yankee Fork Salmon River see Salmon River, Yankee Fork

Special Rule Waters for the Salmon Region

For waters not listed below, see Page 39 for fishing seasons, bag and possession limits, and rules that apply to all waters within the Salmon Region.

East Fork Salmon River (see *Salmon River, East Fork*)

Herd Lake

- Trout limit is 25

Jimmy Smith Lake

- Trout limit is 25

Lake Creek and tributaries (above *Williams Lake*)

- December 1 through June 30 - closed to fishing upstream from the posted boundary at Williams Lake
- July 1 through November 30 - Salmon Region general rules apply

Lemhi River

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout, no trout under 14 inches

Lemhi River tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Middle Fork Salmon River (see *Salmon River, Middle Fork and tributaries*)

North Fork Salmon River (see *Salmon River, North Fork*)

Pahsimeroi River

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout, no trout under 14 inches

Pahsimeroi River tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Redfish Lake

- January 1 through August 7 - Salmon Region general rules apply
- August 8 through December 31 - kokanee limit is 0, catch-and-release

Salmon River

- Trout limit is 6; only trout with a clipped adipose fin, as evidenced by a healed scar, may be kept, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Salmon River tributaries

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Salmon River upstream to the mouth of the Middle Fork Salmon River (except Little Salmon River and South Fork Salmon River)

- Trout limit is 2

Section: Those tributaries from the mouth of the Middle Fork Salmon River upstream (except: North Fork Salmon River, Lemhi, Pahsimeroi, East Fork Salmon River, and Yankee Fork Salmon River)

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - Salmon Region general rules apply

Salmon River, East Fork

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Salmon River, East Fork tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Salmon River, Middle Fork and all tributaries

- Trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- No bait allowed, barbless hooks required

Salmon River, North Fork

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend – trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Salmon River, North Fork tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Salmon River, Yankee Fork and West Fork Yankee Fork

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - trout limit is 0, catch-and-release
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 – trout limit is 6, no harvest of Cutthroat Trout

Salmon River, Yankee Fork tributaries

- Salmon Region general rules apply

Wallace Lake

- Trout limit is 2

Yankee Fork Salmon River Dredge Ponds

- December 1 through Friday before Memorial Day weekend - closed to fishing
- Saturday of Memorial Day weekend through November 30 - Salmon Region general rules apply

Yankee Fork Salmon River (see *Salmon River, Yankee Fork*)

STEELHEAD AND SALMON RULES AND INFORMATION

Anyone fishing for anadromous salmon and/or steelhead, except those expressly exempt, must have a valid fishing license and salmon and/or steelhead permit(s) on their person. These license and permit requirements also apply when fishing for hatchery salmon or steelhead stocked by Idaho Fish and Game in the Boise River or Hells Canyon Reservoir.

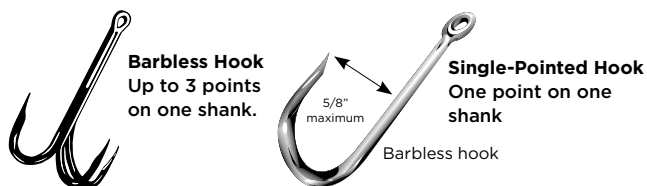
Any person who does not qualify as a resident (see Page 62) must purchase either a nonresident season fishing license and a full-season salmon and/or steelhead permit or a nonresident 3-day salmon/steelhead license/permit.

Children (including nonresident children) under the age of 14 are exempt from purchasing salmon and steelhead permits. They may fish without permits if they are accompanied by a valid permit holder, provided that any fish caught must be recorded on the permit holder's card and counted in the permit holder's legal bag, possession and season limit. A resident child under 14 may purchase permits without a license so that they may catch their own limit(s) of salmon and/or steelhead.

Any non-resident under the age of 18 may purchase a junior non-resident fishing license and appropriate permit so they may catch their own limit of salmon or steelhead.

Methods of Take

- Any angler, who has attained the bag, possession, or season limit on those waters with salmon or steelhead limits, must cease fishing for salmon or steelhead including catch-and-release fishing.



- Only single-pointed barbless hooks are allowed when fishing for salmon or steelhead in the South Fork Clearwater River.
- No person shall kill or retain in possession any salmon or steelhead which has been hooked other than in the mouth or jaw. Any salmon or steelhead hooked other than in the mouth or jaw must be released. See snagging definition on Page 48.
- Salmon and steelhead may be taken with barbed hooks in the Boise River and the Snake River between Hells Canyon and Oxbow dams.
- Only barbless hooks with a maximum 5/8 inch gap between shank and point may be used when fishing for salmon or steelhead in the Salmon and Clearwater river drainages and the Snake River below Hells Canyon Dam. Bending the barb(s) down to the shank of a single, double, or treble hook will meet this requirement.

Please Note

- Fishing for or targeting salmon or steelhead is prohibited unless a season is specifically opened for the species on that water.
- Steelhead with an intact adipose fin cannot be reduced to possession and must be released.
- Anglers should refer to season proclamations to determine if Chinook Salmon and Coho Salmon with an intact adipose fin can be retained.
- Any anadromous salmon or steelhead that is being reduced to possession must be killed immediately. Otherwise, the fish must be released upon landing.
- All fish that are hooked, landed, and reduced to possession shall be counted in the limit of the person hooking the fish. Daily and possession limits for adult Chinook Salmon (24 or more inches in length) and jack salmon (less than 24 inches in length) may differ and unless specifically stipulated otherwise by the Idaho Department of Fish and Game Commission for a season or waters, jack salmon are not included in the season limit and need not be entered on the anglers' permit.
- No person shall have in the field or in transit any salmon or steelhead from which the head or tail has been removed unless: 1) the angler is ashore and done fishing for the day; 2) the salmon or steelhead is properly recorded on the anglers permit; and 3) the fish is processed or packaged with the skin naturally attached to the flesh including a portion with a healed, clipped adipose fin scar or the adipose fin. The fish must be processed or packaged in a manner that the number of fish harvested can be readily determined. Processed salmon and steelhead cannot be transported by boat.
- Steelhead harvest and angler participation are estimated by a telephone survey conducted within a few weeks after the season closes. You may be called and asked about your effort and success. Please save your permit until three months after the season has closed or until you are contacted by Idaho Fish and Game.

RELEASING WILD SALMON AND STEELHEAD

Please help ensure the survival of released wild salmon and steelhead by:

- Using proper sized gear and keeping fight time to a minimum
- Not pulling fish onto rock, sand, or dirt banks—instead, use a net or "tail" the fish
- Minimizing the time out of water
- Not handling the fish by the gills
- Reviving the fish by gently holding it in the water, if necessary

River Location Codes

Snake River

- Snake River, downstream from Salmon River01
- Snake River, from Salmon River to Hells Canyon Dam.....02
- Snake River, Hells Canyon Dam to Oxbow Dam.....27

Clearwater River

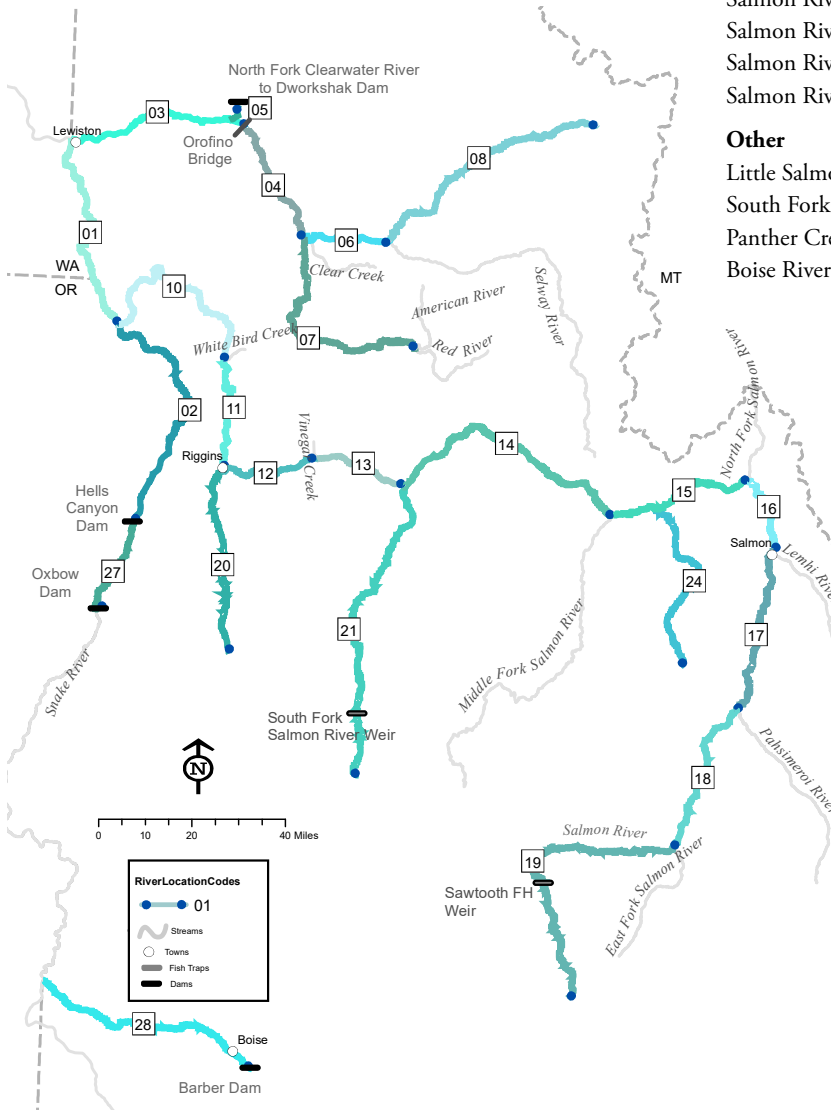
- Clearwater River, downstream from Orofino Bridge.....03
- Clearwater River, upstream from Orofino Bridge04
- North Fork Clearwater River05
- Middle Fork Clearwater River06
- South Fork Clearwater River07
- Lochsa River.....08

Salmon River

- Salmon River, downstream from Whitebird Creek 10
- Salmon River, Whitebird Creek to Little Salmon..... 11
- Salmon River, Little Salmon to Vinegar Creek.....12
- Salmon River, Vinegar Creek to South Fork13
- Salmon River, South Fork to Middle Fork.....14
- Salmon River, Middle Fork to North Fork15
- Salmon River, North Fork to Lemhi River.....16
- Salmon River, Lemhi River to Pahsimeroi River17
- Salmon River, Pahsimeroi River to East Fork.....18
- Salmon River, upstream from the East Fork.....19

Other

- Little Salmon River20
- South Fork Salmon River21
- Panther Creek24
- Boise River28



Permit Validation

When a steelhead or salmon has been hooked, landed and reduced to possession, the angler hooking the fish must immediately:

- Completely remove one numbered notch (*) from the permit in correct season column;
- Look up the number code from the River Location Code list and write it in the space provided; and
- Enter the month and day the fish was harvested.

Fish/Bird	Month/Day	Location Code
*1	6/01	07

REMOVE NOTCH

***NOTE: Seasons and bag limits may be changed by Commission or Director action. Please consult our webpage, license vendors, or regional offices for changes to rules published in this document.**

Steelhead Seasons and Limits												
River Section	Spring Season 20 fish per season						Fall Season 20 fish per season					
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Clearwater River from its mouth upstream to the Memorial Bridge of U.S. Highway 12 at Lewiston.	*Jan 1 - Apr 30 1 per day, 3 in possession None over 28 inches in total length			Closed to steelhead fishing			Jul 1 - 31 Catch-and-Release	Aug 1 - Dec 31 2 per day, 6 in possession				
Clearwater River: Mainstem and Middle Fork Clearwater River from the Memorial Bridge of U.S. Highway 12 at Lewiston upstream to Clear Creek.	*Jan 1 - Apr 30 1 per day, 3 in possession None over 28 inches in total length			Closed to steelhead fishing			Jul 1 - Oct 14 Catch-and-Release			Oct 15 - Dec 31 2 per day, 6 in possession		
Closures: Fishing is prohibited between posted boundaries about 100 yards upstream and downstream from the Nez Perce Tribal Hatchery Ladder and extending into the river channel about 50 yards. Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited . Fishing from motorized watercraft is prohibited from the Clearwater River Bridge at Orofino upstream to the confluence of the Selway and Lochsa rivers from Sep 1 - Apr 30.												
North Fork Clearwater River from the mouth (defined as a straight line between the posted signs located at the Clearwater Hatchery outlet culvert on the west side and at the tip of land below the upstream to Dworshak Hatchery on the east side) upstream to Dworshak Dam.	Closed to steelhead fishing			Closed to steelhead fishing			Sept 1 - Dec 31 2 per day, 6 in possession					
Closures: Fishing from the shoreline or wading along the perimeter of Dworshak National Fish Hatchery is prohibited . Fishing from any watercraft or wading is prohibited between the posted line about 150 yards upstream from the mouth of the North Fork Clearwater River and the Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge. When fishing from the Ahsahka Highway 7 Bridge, it is unlawful to take or attempt to take any fish downstream of the railroad bridge. Fishing from the railroad bridge is prohibited .												
South Fork Clearwater River from its mouth upstream to the confluence of American and Red rivers.	*Jan 1 - Apr 30 1 per day, 3 in possession None over 28 inches in total length			Closed to steelhead fishing			Jul 1 - Oct 14 Catch-and-Release.			Oct 15 - Dec 31 2 per day, 6 in possession.		
Note: Only single-pointed barbless hooks are allowed when fishing for steelhead or salmon												
Salmon River from its mouth upstream to the Lake Creek Bridge (about 6 miles upstream from the mouth of the Little Salmon River).	*Jan 1 - Apr 30 1 per day, 3 in possession			Closed to steelhead fishing			Aug 1 - Aug 31 Catch-and-Release	Sep 1 - Dec 31 3 per day, 9 in possession				
Salmon River from the Lake Creek Bridge to Long Tom Creek (3/4 mile upstream from the Middle Fork Salmon River).	*Jan 1 - Mar 31 1 per day, 3 in possession			Closed to steelhead fishing								

SALMON SEASONS AND BAG LIMITS WILL BE SET BY THE IDAHO DEPARTMENT OF FISH AND GAME COMMISSION.

NOTE: Seasons and bag limits may be changed by Commission or Director action. Please consult our webpage, license vendors, or regional offices for changes to rules published in this document.

Steelhead Seasons and Limits												
River Section	Spring Season 20 fish per season						Fall Season 20 fish per season					
	Jan	Feb	Mar	Apr	May	Jun	Jul	Aug	Sep	Oct	Nov	Dec
Salmon River from Long Tom Creek (3/4 mile upstream from the Middle Fork Salmon River) to posted boundary 100 yards downstream of Sawtooth Hatchery.	Jan 1 - Apr 30 1 per day, 3 in possession			Closed to steelhead fishing			Aug 1 - Aug 31 Catch-and-Release	Sep 1 - Dec 31 3 per day, 9 in possession				
Little Salmon River from its mouth upstream to the U.S. Highway 95 bridge near Smokey Boulder road.	Jan 1 - May 15 1 per day, 3 in possession			Closed to steelhead fishing								
Snake River from the Washington State line at the confluence of the Snake and Clearwater Rivers upstream to Hells Canyon Dam.	Jan 1 - Apr 30 1 per day, 3 in possession Downstream of Couse Creek Boat Ramp none over 28 inches in total length			Closed to steelhead fishing								
Snake River from Hells Canyon Dam to Oxbow Dam	Jan 1 - May 31 1 per day, 3 in possession			Not present								
Boise River from its mouth upstream to Barber Dam.	Adult steelhead are only present in the Boise River and the Snake River above Hells Canyon Dam when stocked by Idaho Fish and Game. Check with regional offices to determine if steelhead have been released that year. A steelhead permit is required to fish for and keep steelhead (Rainbow Trout longer than 20 inches with a clipped adipose fin). Limits are 2 per day and 6 in possession when steelhead are present. Barbless hooks are not required.											

When and Where you are expected to see Salmon and Steelhead in Idaho			
Sockeye Salmon	Spring & Summer Chinook Salmon	Fall Chinook/Coho Salmon	Steelhead
<i>July - September</i>	<i>April - September</i>	<i>August-December</i>	<i>July-May</i>
Snake River below Hells Canyon Dam	Snake River below Hells Canyon Dam	Snake River below Hells Canyon Dam	Snake River & Tributaries below Hells Canyon Dam
Salmon River	Salmon River & Tributaries	Clearwater River	Clearwater River & Tributaries
Alturas Lake and Creek Pettit Lake and Creek Redfish Lake and Creek	Clearwater River & Tributaries <small>(not listed but protected under state law)</small>	Lower Salmon River	Salmon River & Tributaries

Salmon & Steelhead Fishing in Boundary Waters

The Snake River between Idaho, Oregon, or Washington: The holder of a valid Idaho fishing license and salmon or steelhead permit may fish for those species provided the season is open in the Snake River where it forms the boundary between the states of Idaho and Oregon or Washington, subject to the fish and game laws of Idaho, but may not fish from the shoreline, including wading, and may not fish in sloughs or tributaries on the Oregon or Washington side. Any Oregon or Washington license holder has the same rights and restrictions with reference to the Idaho side. Any angler who fishes on the Snake River or any other water forming an Idaho boundary is entitled to have in possession only the limit allowed by one license regardless of the number of licenses in possession.

Permit Validation

See page 42 for example.

When an adult salmon (24 or more inches in length) or steelhead (20 or more inches in length) has been hooked, landed, and reduced to possession (must be killed immediately), the angler hooking the fish must immediately:

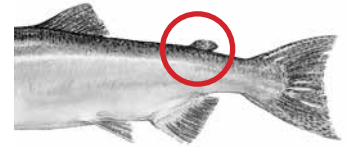
1. Completely remove one numbered notch from the permit.
2. Look up the number code from the River Location Code list and write it in the space provided.
3. Enter the month and day the fish was harvested.

However, when a salmon or steelhead is released rather than reduced to possession, the angler is not required to make an entry on the permit.

Unless otherwise stipulated by the Idaho Department of Fish and Game Commission, jack Chinook Salmon (less than 24 inches in length) are not included in an anglers season limit and need not be entered on their permit.

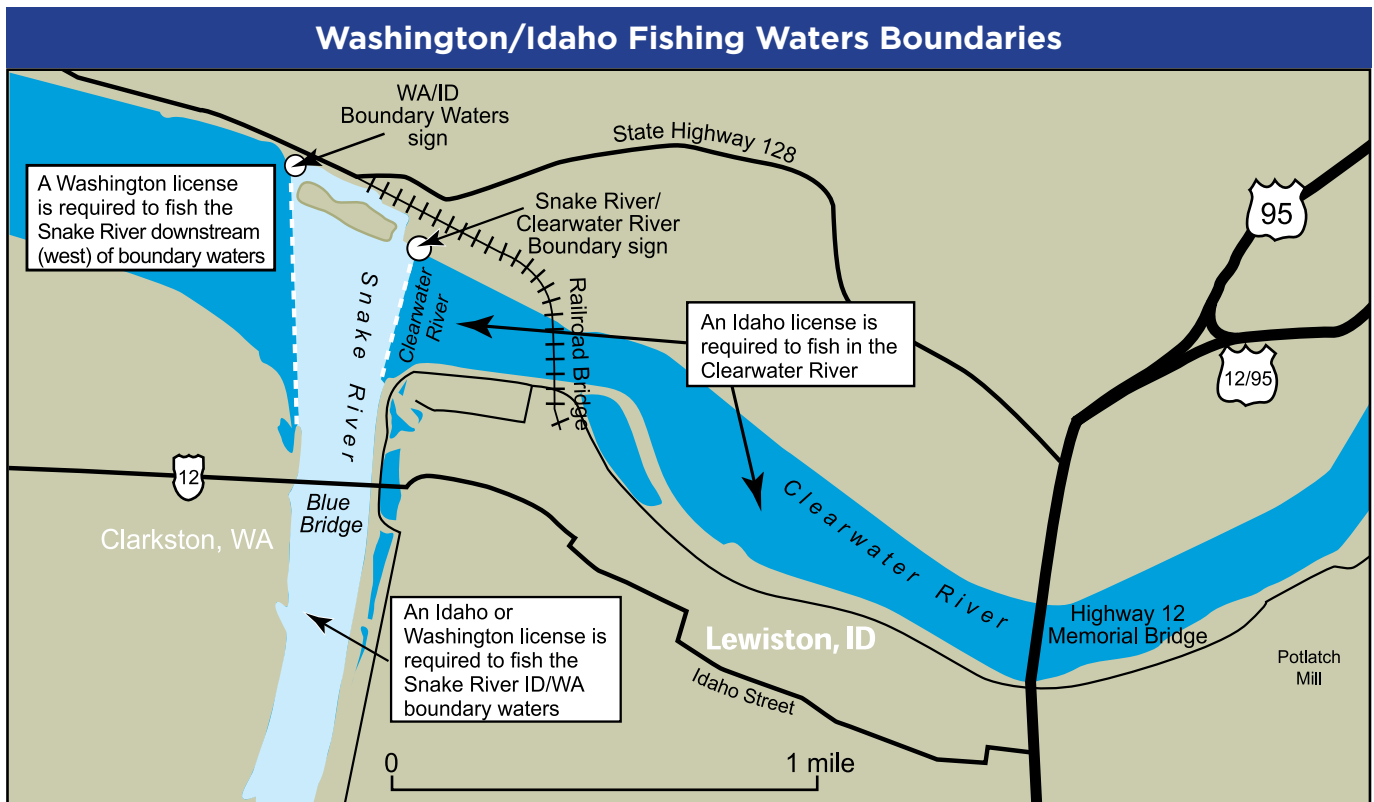
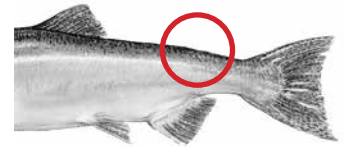
Unclipped Adipose Fin

Steelhead with an unclipped adipose fin must be released. Anglers should refer to season proclamations to determine if Chinook Salmon and Coho Salmon with an intact adipose fin can be retained.



Clipped Adipose Fin

Hatchery steelhead or salmon may be kept if the adipose fin has been clipped as evidenced by a healed scar.



THREATENED AND ENDANGERED SPECIES

Several of Idaho's fish species have been listed or have been petitioned for listing under the 1973 federal Endangered Species Act (ESA). Species are listed when population levels drop so low that they are at a high risk of extinction. Species listed under the ESA as either "Threatened" or "Endangered" are protected to reduce "take." While over-harvest has been a factor for some resident species, for the most part, these fish are in trouble because their habitat has been damaged or destroyed. Idaho Fish and Game encourages land and water management agencies to make decisions that will benefit fish and wildlife. However, the Idaho Fish and Game Commission's authority is restricted to either regulating harvest or stocking fish, so these are the only tools Idaho Fish and Game has to restore depleted populations or, in some cases, preserve future options.

Anadromous Salmon and Steelhead

Most of Idaho's naturally-produced anadromous (ocean-going) salmon and steelhead are listed as "Threatened" or "Endangered" under the ESA. Naturally-produced spring/summer and fall Chinook Salmon and steelhead are listed as "Threatened". Snake River Sockeye Salmon in the Sawtooth Valley Basin, Idaho are listed as "Endangered". They are protected to provide further declines in abundance. Snake River Coho Salmon were declared extinct in the mid-1980s but Coho Salmon have since been re-introduced into the Clearwater River. Natural spring/summer Chinook Salmon were also extirpated in the Clearwater River. Neither natural spring/summer Chinook Salmon nor Coho Salmon in the Clearwater drainage are listed under the federal ESA, but both are protected by state law

Angler Be Aware!

Idaho steelhead harvest is restricted to only steelhead with a clipped adipose fin (ad-clipped) to help maximize harvest opportunity for hatchery produced fish without causing unacceptable loss of naturally produced steelhead. This approach began in 1987 and has allowed anglers to keep an annual average of 64,000 hatchery steelhead for the last 10 years. This approach is also used for hatchery Chinook Salmon. Fin clipping allows anglers to differentiate between hatchery produced and wild salmon. This tool allows limited angling opportunity for hatchery Chinook Salmon in Idaho while protecting naturally produced fish. Idaho has not had a fishery for wild Chinook Salmon since 1978.

You may encounter "Threatened" and "Endangered" salmon and steelhead in Idaho's anadromous waters. Avoid fishing or boating in riffle areas where salmon and steelhead are seen or are likely to spawn. Carefully and quickly release any wild anadromous salmon or wild steelhead. Please help preserve "Threatened" and "Endangered" salmon and steelhead and also preserve your privilege to fish for other fish in waters used by federally protected anadromous salmon and steelhead.

Know the Difference

Refer to the illustrations starting on page 58 to make sure you can distinguish between a small salmon (which may not be harvested) and a juvenile Rainbow Trout. Small Sockeye Salmon will be bright silver when found in the Salmon River in the spring or early summer and must be released immediately. Because of their similarity to resident Rainbow Trout, most streams with populations of wild, juvenile steelhead have special rules to protect them, such as catch-and-release rules in the Middle Fork of the Salmon River drainage.



Below are several terms, rules, and definitions used in this booklet. Please consult the Idaho Administrative Procedures Act webpage or Title 36 of the Idaho Code for more detail at <http://adminrules.idaho.gov/rules/current/13/index.html> or <http://idfg.idaho.gov/title36>.

Methods of Fishing and Equipment

Archery and Spear Fishing: Fishing with a bow and arrow, crossbow, spear or mechanical device, excluding firearms. This type of fishing is permitted only in the taking of bullfrogs and unprotected nongame fish and only in those waters during the season set for the taking of game fish.

Artificial Fly: Any fly made entirely of rubber, wood, metal, glass, feather, fiber or plastic by the method known as fly tying.

Artificial Lure: Any device made entirely of rubber, wood, metal, glass, feather, fiber, or plastic with hook or hooks attached. Bait of any kind may not be used with artificial lures when fishing artificial flies and lures-only waters.

Attendance of Fishing Gear: You must attend to your fishing gear while fishing. This means being able to watch your rod at all times and be able to react to a potential strike.

Bait: Organic substances, other than rubber, wood feather, fiber, or plastic, attached to a hook to attract fish. Bait includes insects, insect larvae, worms, dead fish, fish parts, any other animal or vegetable matter, or scented synthetic materials.

Note: Use of live fish, leeches, frogs, salamanders, waterdogs or shrimp as bait is prohibited in Idaho, except that live crayfish may be used if caught on the body of water being fished.

Bait Fishing: Fishing with any organic substance defined as “bait.”

Barbless Hook: A fish hook without barbs or on which barbs have been bent completely closed (point of barbed area touches the body of the hook).

Catch-and-Release Fishing: Effort, by permitted methods, to catch or attempt to catch a fish or species of fish is legal, with the restriction that any fish or species of fish so caught must be released immediately, unharmed back to the water. Catch-and-release fishing is only allowed when a fishing season is open for that particular fish species. No released fish can be marked by any means including tags, fin clips, or injuring with an intent to leave a scar. Note: Species of fish not specifically listed as catch-and-release may be harvested under their appropriate limits.

Chumming: The use of any substance not attached to a hook that is intended to attract fish. It is illegal to chum while fishing in Idaho.

Closed to Fishing: No fishing of any type is allowed in the water body.

Disturbing Traps or Fishing Gear Belonging to Others: It is illegal to destroy, disturb, or remove any traps belonging to others.

Electric Motor Only: When fishing waters listed “electric motors only,” gas (internal combustion) motors may be attached to the boat; but use of the gas motor is prohibited.

Fishing: Any effort made to take, kill, injure, capture, or catch any fish, crayfish, or bullfrog. All fishing in Idaho requires a valid fishing license except fishing in a private pond where the owner has a valid Private Pond Permit from Fish and Game.

Fishing Gear: It is unlawful to fish in any waters of Idaho with more than one (1) handline or pole with a line attached, except a person with a two (2) pole permit may use two (2) poles; or with more than five (5) lines while ice fishing; or by archery, spearfishing, snagging, hands, and netting except as permitted. Not more than five (5) hooks may be attached per line. The line or lines must be attended by the person fishing. In conjunction with the Angler Incentive Program, unlimited poles and lines may be used while fishing from a boat on Lake Pend Oreille. A sliding sinker must be used when fishing for sturgeon.

Fishing License: You must have in your possession a valid fishing license to fish in Idaho. You must produce your license or fish upon request of an agent of the Idaho Department of Fish and Game.

Fishing Shelter: Any enclosure or shelter used for fishing. If left unattended overnight on the ice of any water statewide, it shall have the owners’ name, telephone number, and current address legibly marked on two opposing sides of the enclosure or shelter.

Fly-Fishing: Fishing with a fly rod, fly reel, fly line, and artificial flies.

Float Tube: A floating device which suspends a single occupant, from the seat down, in the water, and is not propelled by oars, paddles or motor.

Gaff Hook: A pointed device designed to pierce a fish for the purpose of reducing the fish to possession. It is illegal to land fish of any species with a gaff hook except through a hole cut or broken in the ice in waters which have no length restrictions or harvest closures for that species or when landing non-game fish taken with archery equipment.

Hands, Use of for Fishing: The only fish you can legally catch and harvest using your hands are crayfish and bullfrogs. You must use fishing gear to harvest all other fish species.

Hook: A bent wire device, for the catching of fish, to which one, two, or three points may be attached to a single shank. Up to five (5) hooks per line may be used, except where specifically prohibited. When fishing for salmon or steelhead, the gap between the point and shank cannot be greater than 5/8 inch. A single-pointed hook has one shank and one point.

Ice Fishing: Fishing through an opening, broken or cut, through the ice. You may fish with a maximum of five (5) lines per angler. The opening in the ice may not exceed 10 inches in

diameter except on Bear Lake while fishing for cisco. Note: two-pole permits do not entitle the angler to exceed the five pole limit for ice fishing.

Illegal Fishing Methods: No chemicals, poisons, electric current, or explosives may be used to attempt catching or destroying fish.

Maggot: An unhatched fly larva.

Molesting Fish: It is illegal to molest any fish by shooting at it with a firearm or pellet gun, striking at it with a club, hands, rocks, or other objects, building obstructions for catching fish, or chasing fish up or downstream in any manner. It is illegal to mark, scar, tag or mutilate fish without a Scientific Collecting permit.

Motor: Includes electric and internal combustion motors.

No Motor: Fishing from a water craft with a motor attached is prohibited.

Sliding Sinker: A method of attaching a sinker to a device that slides freely on the main line. The line used to attach the sinker to the sliding device must be of lower breaking strength than the main line. Required for sturgeon fishing.

Snagging: Taking or attempting to take a fish by use of a hook or lure in any manner or method other than enticing or attracting a fish to strike with, and become hooked in, its mouth or jaw. Game fish cannot be harvested unless hooked in the mouth or jaw. Snag fishing is illegal except where allowed by special rule. Snagging of unprotected nongame fish species is permitted.

Trapping or Seining Minnows and Crayfish: Nongame fish (minnows), yellow perch, and crayfish may be taken only in waters open to fishing; provided the seine or net does not exceed ten (10) feet in length or width, and nets and seines must have three-eighths (3/8) inch square or smaller mesh; and the minnow or crayfish trap does not exceed two (2) feet in length, width or height. If the trap is of irregular dimension, but its volume does not exceed the volume of an eight (8) cubic foot trap, it is also legal to use. Nets and seines may not be left unattended. Traps must be checked at least every forty-eight (48) hours. All traps must have a tag attached bearing the owner's name and address.

All game fish (except yellow perch) and protected nongame fish incidentally taken while trapping or seining must be immediately released alive. All fish so taken must immediately be killed except where stated otherwise. Crayfish may be kept alive to be used as bait only on the water where captured. Nongame fish and crayfish may only be taken during the season set for the taking of game fish in those waters.

Only five (5) crayfish traps can be fished with a valid fishing license. If more than five traps are used at one time, you must obtain a Commercial Fishing License and trap tags.

It is illegal to destroy, disturb, or remove any traps belonging to others.

Two-Pole Permit: A person who has a valid resident or nonresident fishing license may purchase a two-pole permit. This permit authorizes the license holder to use two poles or rods at the same time on waters and during seasons specified by Commission Rule. Valid for all open water and salmon and steelhead fishing.

Watercraft: Those devices designed as a means of transportation on water.

Fish Terms and Limits

Bag Limit: The maximum number of fish that may be legally harvested by any one person in one day. The term "bag limit" shall be construed to be an individual, independent effort and shall not be interpreted in any manner as to allow one individual to harvest more fish than their "bag limit" or help the "bag limit" of another.

It is illegal to fish in waters having special bag or species limits while in possession of fish in excess of those limits.

Clipped Adipose Fin: See diagram page 45. The adipose fin must be missing or nearly missing with a healed scar where the adipose fin is supposed to be located.

Game Fish: Brook, Brown, Bull, Cutthroat, Golden, Lake (Mackinaw), Rainbow (including Steelhead), Splake and Sunapee Trout; trout hybrids (e.g. Tiger Trout); Atlantic, Chinook, Coho, Kokanee, and Sockeye Salmon; Arctic Grayling; Whitefish; Cisco; Crappie; Perch; Bass; Catfish; Bullhead; Sunfish; White Sturgeon; Northern Pike; Tiger Muskie; Walleye and Sauger; and Burbot (Ling). Crayfish are also defined as game fish.

General Rules: The seasons, gear, and bag limits adopted for the region where you are fishing.

Harvest: Reduce a fish to possession.

Hybrid Fish: The offspring of two different species.

Limit is 0: Catch-and-release fishing is allowed but the fish species listed in the rule must be released after landing and may not be reduced to possession.

Nongame Fish: Any fish not specifically defined as a "game fish." **Protected nongame fish are** Bear Lake, Shoshone and Wood River Sculpin; Sand Roller, Northern Leatherside Chub, Bluehead Sucker (also referred to as Green Sucker), and Pacific lamprey.

Possession Limit: Maximum number of fish that may be lawfully in possession of any person. Possession limit shall apply to fish while in the field or being transported. All fish hooked, landed and not immediately released shall be counted in the possession limit of the person hooking the fish. The possession limit is 3-times the daily bag limit after the second day of the season.

Salmon, Chinook: Anadromous (ocean-run) salmon of the species *Oncorhynchus tshawytscha* in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage, and the Clearwater drainage (excluding lakes, reservoirs and the North

Fork of the Clearwater River above Dworshak Dam), and the Boise River, when stocked.

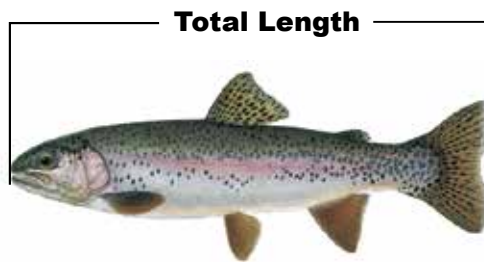
Salmon, Coho: Anadromous (ocean run) salmon of the species *Oncorhynchus kisutch* in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage, and Clearwater River drainage (excluding lakes, reservoirs and the North Fork of the Clearwater River above Dworshak Dam).

Season Limit: The maximum number of fish that may be legally taken in any declared season.

Special Rule Waters: Any water with a gear, season, or bag limit rule that is different from the general rule.

Steelhead: Rainbow trout longer than 20 inches in length in the Snake River drainage below Hells Canyon Dam, the Salmon River drainage (excluding lakes and the Lemhi and Pahsimeroi rivers), and the Clearwater river drainage (excluding that portion above Dworshak Dam, and lakes). Rainbow trout longer than 20 inches in length with a clipped adipose fin (as evidenced by a healed scar) are defined as steelhead in the Snake River from Hells Canyon Dam upstream to Oxbow Dam, and in the Boise River from its mouth upstream to Barber Dam.

Total Fish Length: The length as measured from the tip of the snout to the end of the tail.



Boundary and Water Definitions

Confluence of a River or Stream: The point where two rivers or streams come together.

Diversion: A man-made structure designed to change the direction of flowing water in a stream.

Diversion Pond: A man-made pond holding water taken from a stream or reservoir. The diversion pond may be connected to the stream or reservoir by an open ditch or pipe.

Drainage: All water flowing into a common river or stream system, either above or below ground, due to area geography.

Fish Trap: Any man-made structure designed to capture fish.

Fish Weir: Any man-made structure placed in a water body to delay or divert migrating fish.

Flat Water: Water where there is no observable direction of flow.

Milepost: An official state highway marker which denotes a mile location. Milepost markers are typically found at one-mile intervals on Idaho highways.

Mouth of a River or Stream: The place where a river or stream enters a larger body of water.

Private Pond: A man-made, off-channel pond on private property. The owner may only stock the pond with fish after obtaining a private Pond Permit from Fish and Game.

Reservoir: The flat water level existing at any time within a reservoir basin. Unless noted otherwise, a stream flowing through the drawn down portion of a reservoir is not considered part of the reservoir.

Section: An area of river, stream, or reservoir between specific boundary locations.

Tributary: A stream flowing into a larger stream or lake.

Upstream: Moving from a lower elevation point in a stream towards a higher elevation point in the same stream.

Tournament/ Fishing Contests

An organized event based on the capture of individual fish where there is: a) a live fish weigh-in; or b) awards cash or prizes valued at \$1,000 or more based on number, size or species of fish captured; or c) is expected to draw 20 or more anglers. Contests for participants under the age of 14 are exempt. Any person, organization, club, business, partnership, corporation or other entity that sponsors a fishing contest must first obtain a fishing contest permit from IDFG. No harvest tournaments on native fish will be allowed. Applications can be obtained at any IDFG Office or from our website at idfg.idaho.gov/fish/tournaments. Allow a minimum of 30 days for processing.

Transport, Release, and Possession of Fish

Check Stations: If you have been hunting or fishing or have in possession game or nongame fish, you are required to stop at a check station established to inspect fish, game, or licenses.

Fish Possessed from State and Federal Fish

Hatcheries: Fish can only be taken from a state or federal fish hatchery when given a written receipt for those fish or as allowed by posted signage.

Head and Tail Removal: While in transit it is illegal to remove heads or tails from any trout, kokanee, bass, tiger muskie, steelhead or salmon unless the following conditions are met: 1) the angler is ashore and done fishing for the day; 2) the fish is processed or packaged with the skin naturally attached to the flesh; 3) the fish must be processed or packaged in a manner that the number of fish harvested can be readily determined. Processed fish species listed above cannot be transported by boat.

Holding Live Fish: No permit is required to keep game fish alive that have legally been reduced to possession, in a live well, net or on a stringer while at the body of water from which they were taken. All fish must be killed or released prior to leaving the water body. However, anadromous salmon and steelhead must either be killed or released after landing.

Private Fish Pond: You are required to have a private pond permit from Fish and Game to own a private pond stocked with game fish. Contact your local Fish and Game office for a permit application.

If you harvest fish from a licensed private pond, you must have a signed receipt for those fish while in transit between the pond and place of consumption/use.

Proxy Statement for Fish Transport or Gift: You must have a proxy statement to transport fish for another person or accept as a gift any game fish. See page 7 for a proxy statement form. It must be signed by the taker, show the number and kind of fish, the date taken, the taker's address, and fishing license number. No person may claim ownership of more fish than allowed by the possession limit.

Sale of Fish: Fish harvested by anglers cannot be bought or sold without a commercial license except as provided by Idaho code.

Shipment of Fish: No person shall ship legally harvested fish unless the package is marked on the outside with: the name, address and fishing license number of the person who caught the fish, the name and address of the person to whom the fish are being shipped with or sent to, and the number of fish, by species, contained in the package.

Transport between Commercially Licensed Fish

Hatcheries: Fish can be transported between licensed commercial fish facilities without additional permits from Fish and Game.

Waste of Game Fish: It is illegal through carelessness, neglect or otherwise to allow or cause the waste of edible portions of any game fish including the fillets of fish and tails of crayfish.

Salvage of Fish

Fish salvage may be authorized when fish populations are threatened by water shortages or other causes. No salvage of fish from public waters will be allowed without Fish and Game authorization. When salvage is allowed, fish may be taken by snagging, spearing, archery, dip netting, seining, or by hand. Bag limits are typically removed. Use of toxic chemicals explosives, firearms, or electric current is prohibited. A valid fishing license is required. Anglers are reminded that access along canal banks and salvage fishing in most canals and ditches requires prior permission from irrigation companies.

Salmon and Steelhead Rules

Salmon and Steelhead rules can be found on pages 41-45. Specific seasons and limits are subject to change by the Idaho Fish and Game Commission based on numbers of fish returning to Idaho from the ocean.

Seasons for anadromous (ocean-going) salmon are closed unless opened by special rule, which is published separately from general fishing rules. Look for separate rules pamphlets listing seasons and bag limits for anadromous salmon at vendors, Regional Offices, and on our website. Salmon rules are set annually by the Fish and Game Commission.

Transport and Introduction of Live Fish: It is illegal to transport or allow the release of any species of live fish (including crayfish and bullfrogs), or fish eggs, in the state of

Idaho without a permit from the director of Fish and Game. If you illegally introduce fish into a water body without a permit, you could be held financially liable for restoration costs.

Fishing in Boundary Waters

Bear Lake between Idaho and Utah: The holder of a valid Idaho or Utah fishing license may fish all of Bear Lake except in areas closed to all fishing by the respective states. Anglers are subject to the rules and regulations of the state in which they are fishing.

Snake River between Idaho and Oregon or Washington:

The holder of a valid Idaho fishing license may fish the Snake River where it forms the boundary between the states of Idaho and Oregon or Washington, subject to the fish and game laws of Idaho but may not fish from the shore including wading, and may not fish in sloughs or tributaries on the Oregon or Washington side. An Oregon or Washington license holder has the same rights and restrictions with reference to the Idaho side.

Any angler who fishes on the Snake River or any other water forming an Idaho boundary is entitled to have in possession only the limit allowed by one license regardless of the number of licenses in possession.

Releasing Fish

Releasing fish is a good way to help maintain healthy populations and quality fisheries where angling effort is high. Releasing fish is most effective when anglers strive to ensure that each fish caught and released has the maximum chance to survive after release.

You can do your part to increase fish survival by following these stress reducing practices:

- Use the proper size tackle to land the fish quickly, which can help minimize stress.
- Use barbless hooks to ease hook removal and minimize damage to the fish.
- Use of nets with non-abrasive materials will reduce loss of mucous and scales from the fish.
- Do not handle fish with dry hands.
- Do not squeeze the fish.
- Do not touch or hold fish by the gills, gill covers, or the eyes.
- Leave the fish in the water while removing the hook; holding fish upside down in the water often makes them easier to handle.
- If the hook is too deep to be easily removed, cut the leader. This will give the fish the best chance to survive.

Taking Photographs

Photographs of a trophy catch can provide priceless memories of a great fishing trip, but anglers should use care to take the photo responsibly. Here are things you can do to capture that special image and allow the fish to fight another day (remember – sturgeon can't be removed from the water):

- Have the camera ready and the shot framed before removing the fish from the water.
- When lifting a fish from the water, wet your hands before touching the fish and support the fish with both hands as you gently lift it from the water.
- Strive to hold the fish over the water so if it struggles from your hands it will fall back in the water and not onto a hard surface such as a rock or a boat floor.
- Hold the fish out of the water only as long as it takes to take a picture.

Reasons for Special Seasons

Listed under “Special Rule Waters” for each region you will see a number of waters with season dates different from their regional general stream and lake seasons. While they add complexity to the rules, they are designed to protect fish populations during vulnerable periods. The protection is needed to maintain or restore fish populations and to provide a diversity of fishing opportunities. For example:

- **Seasonal stream closures:** Most often these are spring closures to protect spawning native fishes (e.g. Cutthroat Trout). Fall closures may be used in some locations to protect spawning Bull Trout and kokanee. The specific dates of seasonal closures may vary depending on the species and location. In general, these restrictions will apply where spawning fish are easily accessible to anglers, and where protection of spawners is important to conserve species or maintain populations of larger fish.
- **July 1 opener to harvest bass:** Designed to protect large bass during the vulnerable spring period and to reduce the overall annual harvest to provide a “quality” size structure — normally accompanied by other regulations which also restrict the size and number of fish harvested.
- **Closed to Fishing:** A last resort restriction in important spawning and nursery streams for species with critically low populations.

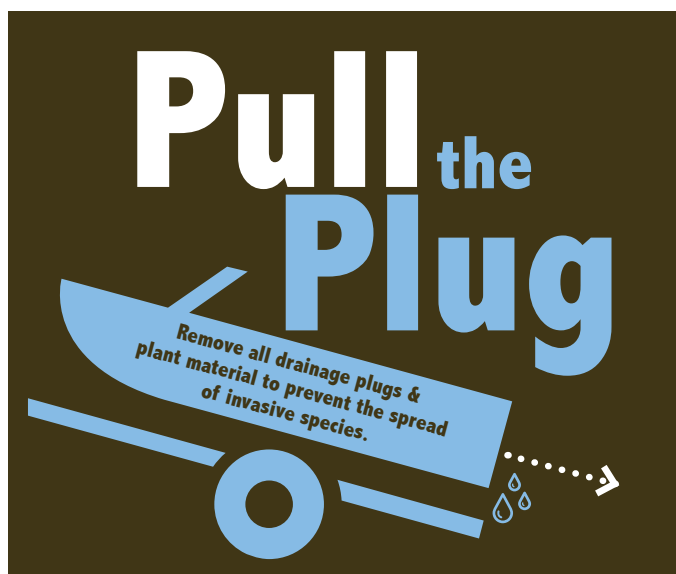
Reasons for Special Size and Bag Limits

Harvest restrictions help maintain the overall numbers and size of fish in a lake or stream, and also ensure “fair share” so every angler has a chance to catch or harvest fish. Restrictive harvest rules are sometimes used simply to provide a different type of fishing experience or to maximize the size of fish available.

Idaho Fish and Game manages recreational fisheries to provide a variety of experiences using different combinations of size, gear, and bag limits. The range of harvest rules includes:

- General bag and size limits apply in typical harvest oriented fishing waters without gear or bait restrictions. Many of these waters are stocked with harvestable-sized hatchery trout.
- Wild trout management de-emphasizes angler harvest. For this reason a reduced bag limit of two trout is used to maintain wild trout populations. Additional size limits, gear, or bait restrictions may apply.

- Special size limits are used where the goal is to catch more and larger fish by giving up some harvest opportunity. A bag limit of two fish (trout or bass) and various size limits such as a 14 or 16–inch minimum or a 12 to 16–inch protected range are common.
- Trophy fish or large trout management may require more restrictive limits. For example, this could include catch-and-release rules or a bag limit of two fish (for both trout and bass) combined with length restrictions. Gear or bait restrictions may apply.
- Special Cutthroat Trout rules are implemented across most of the state to protect our state fish. Cutthroat Trout are easily overfished, so various special rules are used to protect them from excess harvest. Many waters throughout the state have catch-and-release, restrictive bag or length limits, or other rules to protect Cutthroat Trout.



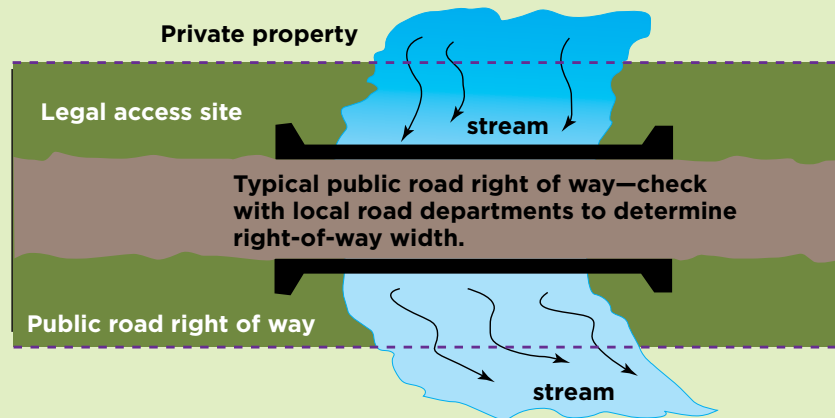
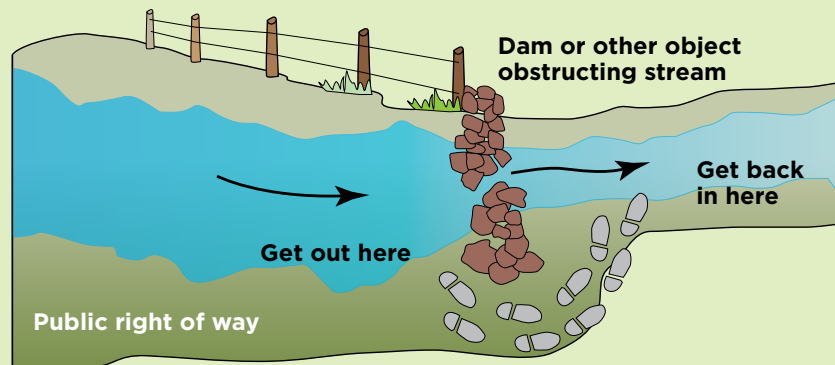
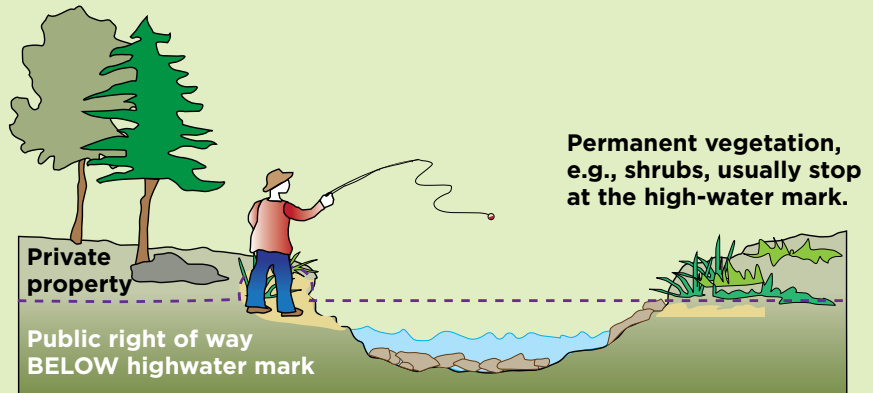
NAVIGABILITY AND PUBLIC ACCESS

(Refer to Idaho Code 36-1601)

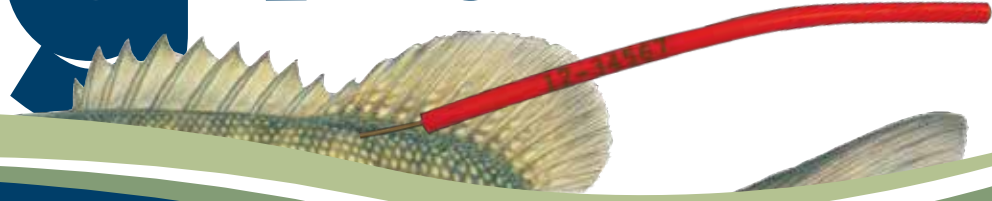
Navigable streams are defined as any stream which, in its natural high-water condition, will float logs or any other commercial or floatable commodity, or is capable of being navigated by oar or motor propelled small craft for pleasure or commercial purposes. Navigable streams are recognized as public transportation corridors, thus members of the public have the right to use the corridor, provided they enter and exit the corridor at a public right of way, and remain within the corridor. Many navigable streams flow through private property, thus it is important that anglers know their rights and responsibilities when fishing in navigable waters that flow through private property.

When fishing in navigable streams bordered by private property:

- You must stay within the normal high-water marks of the stream, unless you have landowner permission to get out on the bank, or have no other means of getting around an obstruction in the stream (such as a fence or diversion dam).
- When getting outside of the stream to go around an obstruction, take the shortest, most direct route around the obstruction to get back in the stream.
- Do not allow pets or children to trespass on adjacent private property, without landowner permission.
- You may enter and exit navigable streams at other public rights of way, such as county road bridges.
- **ASK FIRST!** Always get landowner permission before crossing private lands outside of a public right of way.



Tag You're It!



What to do if you catch a tagged fish



- Write down or photograph tag number(s). Some fish have 2 tags.
- Call hotline or report via IDFG website
- Provide additional information as prompted
- Some tags offer a cash reward. Simply cut or remove the tag whether you keep or release the fish. To receive the reward you **MUST** report the tag and mail it to:

Fish Tag Returns- IDFG
1414 E. Locust Lane
Nampa, ID 83686

Thanks for your help!

Idaho Fish and Game uses information provided by fish tagging to help manage fisheries. By reporting a tag, you are helping to make fishing better throughout Idaho.

Report tags to: tag.idaho.gov
Hotline (toll free): **1-866-258-0338**



STURGEON FISHING RULES

The White Sturgeon is the largest freshwater fish in North America. To reach their maximum adult size of 8 to 10 feet or more, sturgeon must survive for many years. Unintentional deaths result in fewer fish living the 25-65 years of age necessary to reach large sizes. Research has found that baited hooks, fishing line and swivels, broken off by anglers, may be ingested by sturgeon, and in rare instances cause death. Because of this, IDFG adopted rules designed to reduce the amount of tackle lost by anglers (see diagram below) with the overarching goal of reducing unintentional sturgeon deaths. Specifically, these rules increase an angler's chance of retrieving their hook, leader and swivel when snagged (in most instances the weight breaks off and the rig is retrieved). If the hook does break off, these rules will help increase the likelihood that the weight and hook separate, reducing the chance of "ghost gear". In addition, the following tips were developed for sturgeon anglers to assist them in catching fish and releasing them successfully.

If You Catch a Sturgeon

- *Sturgeon must not be removed from the water and must be released upon landing.*
- Sturgeon can be rolled onto their backs in the water before removing the hook. This generally calms the fish down making it easier to remove the hook.
- Do not grasp a sturgeon by the gills. Gills are the lungs of a fish and can be easily damaged. If you need to keep a sturgeon in place, you can easily hold onto its lower lip while it is upside down.
- Do not mark, scar, or put a tail rope on sturgeon.
- If fishing from a boat and you snag the bottom, back over the snagged hook/weight and pull from different angles to try and dislodge them. This will increase your odds of retrieving your setup/rigging.

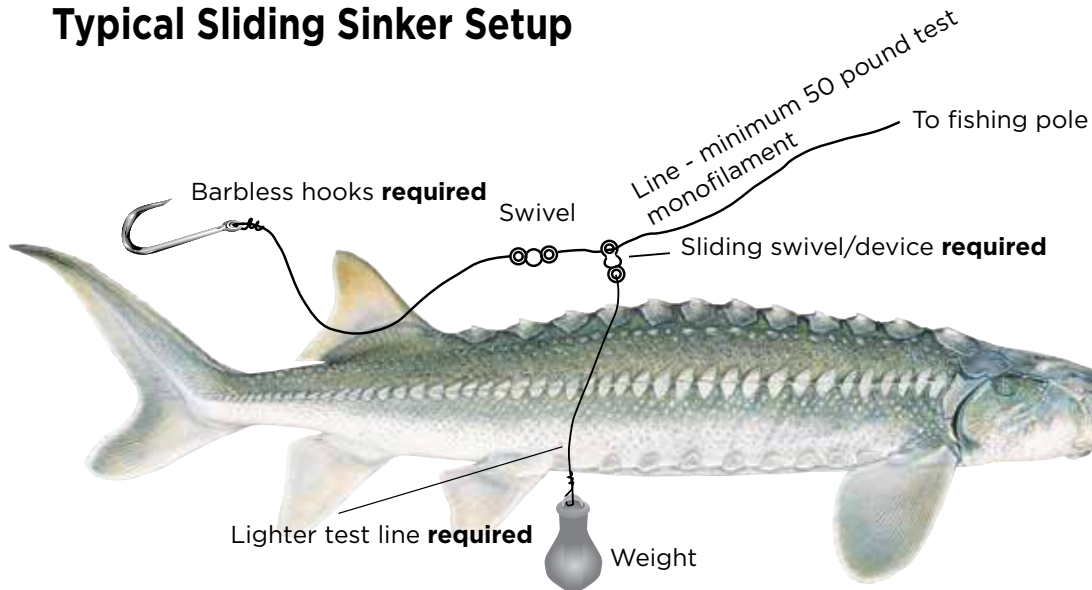
- If fishing from shore and you become snagged try repeatedly giving the line slack and then quickly pull back. If this does not work, retrieve as much line as possible and pull from different angles to try and dislodge your hook/weight.
- Do not leave discarded line on shore or in the water. It is a real hazard to both fish and wildlife.

Sturgeon Fishing Setup/Rigging (also see diagram below)

- When fishing for White Sturgeon, by rule (IDAPA 13.01.11) anglers are required to use barbless hooks, a sliding swivel device to secure a weight, and a lighter test line to secure a weight to the sliding swivel or other device.
- We recommend a minimum of 50 pound test monofilament line on your reel. This greatly reduces the chances of breaking off your main line either with a fish on or when snagged.



Typical Sliding Sinker Setup



IDAHO RECORD FISH - CERTIFIED WEIGHT RECORDS

- Certified Weight Records are based on the weight of a fish legally harvested. Application forms require a receipt from a certified scale.
- Application forms and complete information on State Record Fish are available online: idfg.idaho.gov/fish/record

Game Fish

Species	Length (in.)	Weight (lbs.)	Girth (in.)	Location	Angler	Date
Atlantic Salmon	29.75	13.25	17.75	Deadwood Res.	Garrett Buffington	10/15/1995
Black Crappie	17.5	3.56	15	Brownlee Reservoir	Jason Monson	06/08/2003
Bluegill	-	3.5	-	C.J. Strike Res.	Darrell Grim	1966
Bluegill/P-seed Hybrid	9.88	1.00	10.25	Star Lane Pond	Kevin Graveline	05/08/2001
Bonneville Cutthroat	-	18.94	-	Bear Lake	Roger Grunig	4/30/1970
Bonneville Whitefish	19.5	3.16	11.5	Bear Lake	Gaylon Newbold	12/05/2014
Brook Trout	23.5	7.06	15.5	Henrys Lake	DeVere Stratton	8/16/1978
Brown Trout	37	27.31	24	Ashton Reservoir	Wes Case	11/06/2007
*Bull Trout	-	32	-	Pend Oreille Lake	Nelson Higgins	1949
Bullhead Catfish	20.5	3.88	11.88	Brownlee Res.	James Winter	05/25/1986
Burbot (Ling)	-	14	-	Kootenai River	P.A. Dayton	1954
Channel Catfish	38	31.00	23.5	Mann Lake	Kenny Decker	08/25/2001
Chinook Salmon (fresh water)	41.25	42	29.75	CdA Lake	Jane Clifford	09/13/1987
Chinook Salmon (ocean run)	-	54	-	Salmon River	Merrold Gold	1956
Coho Salmon (fresh water)	23.5	6	-	Cascade Res.	Ted Bowers	09/19/1992
Coho Salmon (ocean-run)	33	11.75	17	Clearwater River	Steve Micek	11/08/2014
Cutthroat -Bonneville	-	18.94	-	Bear Lake	Roger Grunig	4/30/70
Cutthroat -Lahontan	OPEN					
Cutthroat -Westslope	OPEN					
Cutthroat -Yellowstone	OPEN					
Flathead Catfish	48	58.5	31	Brownlee Res.	J. Newberry/K. McCormick	08/23/1994
Golden Trout	-	5.13	-	White Sands Lake	George Wolverton	1958
Arctic Grayling	18.13	2.44	-	Nez Perce Lake	Velma Mahaffey	06/21/1992
Green Sunfish	9	0.67	9	Fernan Lake	John Moore	06/25/2019
Kokanee Salmon	24.5	6.59	14.5	Priest Lake	JerryVerge	06/09/1975
Lake Trout	49	57.5	32.5	Priest Lake	Lyle McClure	11/14/1971
Lake Whitefish	26	6.5	23.75	Pend Oreille Lake	Dale Hofmann	08/06/2010
Largemouth Bass	-	10.94	-	Anderson Lake	Mrs. M.W. Taylor	—
Mountain Whitefish	22.5	5.9	14	Island Park Reservoir	Robert Hall	1997
Northern Pike	51.5	40.13	22.75	Lower Twin Lake	Kim Fleming	08/06/2010
Pumpkinseed	9.75	0.88	10	Chase Lake	Bob Russell	1977
Rainbow Trout	34.25	20.00	22.25	Snake River	Michelle Larsen-Williams	7/29/2009
Rainbow Trout-Gerrard	-	37	-	Pend Oreille Lake	Wes Hamlet	1947
Rainbow/Cutt. Hybrid	41.13	34.74	27.13	American Falls Res	Mark Adams	7/25/2011
Smallmouth Bass	23.75	9.72	20.5	Dworshak Reservoir	Dan Steigers	10/28/2006
*Sockeye Salmon	24	5	-	Redfish Lake	June McCray	08/08/1970
Splake	28.5	10.78	18.88	Ririe Reservoir	Brian Allison	05/12/2006
Steelhead	44	30.13	-	Clearwater River	Keith Powell	11/23/1973
Tiger Muskie	52.5	44.25	25	Little Payette Lake	Edward Kalinowski	08/06/2013
Tiger Trout	22	4.04	-	Deer Creek Res.	Aaron Lougee	05/18/2018
Walleye	34.5	17.88	21.88	Oakley Reservoir..	Damon Rush	9/10/2011
Warmouth	8.75	0.60	8.5	Snake River	Marvin Stevens	06/23/1988
White Crappie	17.5	3.80	15.75	Crane Creek Res.	Trenten Smith	07/16/2012
* White Sturgeon (Rod & Reel)	-	394	-	Snake River	Glenn Howard	1956
* White Sturgeon (Set Line)	-	675	-	Snake River	Unknown	1908
Yellow Perch	15.63	2.96	13.25	Cascade Reservoir	Sky Coulter	02/26/2016

Nongame

Species	Weight (lbs.)	Length (in.)	Girth (in.)	Location	Angler	Date
Chiselmouth	1.16	14.25	8.38	Salmon River	Justin Powell	04/15/2003
Common Carp (Archery)	67.65	47	34.5	C.J. Strike Reservoir	Scott Frazier II	07/23/2011
Common Carp (Rod & Reel)	14.35	29.5	-	Snake River	Adrian McConeghy	8/24/2019
Grass Carp (Archery)	39.5	40.63	36	Snake River	Saige Wilkerson	07/16/2012
Grass Carp (Rod & Reel)	OPEN					
Largescale Sucker	9.04	27	-	Cascade Lake	Dave Gassel	12/17/2017
Northern Pikeminnow	7.89	25.25	16	Snake River	Emil Nowoj	05/07/2004
Peamouth Chub	1.06	14.75	7.75	Clearwater River	Robert Riek	05/04/2004
Tench	4.88	21	-	Spokane River	Scotty Brueher	2000
Tilapia	4.28	16	-	Swan Falls Reservoir	Jason Arneson	08/03/2008
Utah Chub	2.81	16.7	11.2	Lake Walcott	Alfred E. Woolstenhulme	02/07/2010
Utah Sucker	7.86	25.5	-	South Fork Snake River	Rick Thompson	08/20/2011

*species that can no longer be harvested

IDAHO RECORD FISH - CATCH-AND-RELEASE RECORDS

- Catch and Release Records are based only on the total length (snout to tip of tail) for fish legally released alive. Application forms require (1) a photo of the fish directly next to a ruler/tape or object of known verifiable length, and (2) a photo of the angler with the fish.
- Application forms and complete information on State Record Fish are available online: idfg.idaho.gov/fish/record

Game Fish

Species	Length (in.)	Location	Angler(s)	Date
Arctic Grayling	14	Rough Lake	Lanson Stavast	7/16/2018
Black Crappie	15.25	Cave Lake	Blake Rose	5/8/2016
Bluegill	11.5	Cave Lake	Elisa Rose	4/10/2016
Bonneville Cisco	7.8	Bear Lake	Afton Garren	1/22/2016
Bonneville Whitefish	20	Bear Lake	Dalton Johnson	2/28/2016
Brook Trout	22	Henrys Lake	Kazen Cromar	12/11/2016
Brown Trout	30	Snake River	Chase Newton	10/18/2016
*Bull Trout	29	Lake Pend Oreille	Aaron Fox	07/16/2019
Bullhead Catfish	10.7	Pend Oreille River	Joseph Cluever	8/21/2016
Burbot (Ling)	OPEN			
Channel Catfish	31	Riverside Pond	James Stackhouse	8/14/2018
Chinook Salmon (fresh water)	28	Anderson Ranch Reservoir	Michael & Andrea Wehrer Nicholson	6/15/2016
Chinook Salmon (ocean run)	41.5	Salmon River	Michael Nicholson	7/4/2016
Coho Salmon (ocean run)	OPEN			
Cutthroat - Bonneville	28.5	Bear Lake	Gaylon Newbold	4/21/2016
Cutthroat - Lahontan	OPEN			
Cutthroat - Westslope	19.5	Locha River	Dwaine Hasenoehrl	2/11/2016
Cutthroat - Yellowstone	28.5	Snake River	Nate Ivy	11/13/2016
Flathead Catfish	38.5	Brownlee Reservoir	Scott Turner	8/18/2018
Golden Trout	16.5	Baptie Lake	Benson Cutts	7/22/2017
Green Sunfish	OPEN			
Kokanee Salmon	21.5	Big Elk Creek	Rob Mackesey	9/8/2018
Lake Trout	41.5	Payette Lake	Dylan Smith	7/21/2018
Lake Whitefish	OPEN			
Largemouth Bass	25	Cave Lake	JJ Schillinger	10/19/2019
Mountain Whitefish	21	North Fork Clearwater	Gary Hardesty	10/28/2016
Northern Pike	46	Coeur d'Alene Lake	Mark Mills	11/3/2018
Pumpkinseed	9	Chase Lake, Bonner County	Rick Poedtke	5/31/2018
Rainbow Trout	30.5	Snake River	David Raisch	3/22/2018
Rainbow Trout-Gerrard	36.5	Lake Pend Oreille	Sophie Egizi	10/11/2019
Rainbow/Cutt. Hybrid	30	Snake River	Ryan Ivy	11/4/2018
Smallmouth Bass	22	Pend Oreille River	Rick Poedtke	5/7/2018
Steelhead	38	South Fork Clearwater River	Samuel Brumbaugh	4/19/2019
Tiger Muskellunge	40	Lake Cascade	Nicholas Percy	8/29/2017
Tiger Trout	17	Teton River	Hope Strong	11/15/2017
Walleye	31.5	Salmon Falls Creek Reservoir	Russell Isaak	9/16/2016
Wormouth	OPEN			
White Crappie	14.25	CJ Strike Reservoir	Mathew Wilcox	5/11/2017
*White Sturgeon	119.5	Snake River	Rusty Peterson, Russell Pottenger, Robert Seiler, Robert Seiler Jr., Kristina Seiler, Mark D'Amico, Max D'Amico	7/9/2019
Yellow Perch	17	Cascade Lake	David Ekmark	5/5/2018

Nongame

Species	Length (in.)	Location	Angler(s)	Date
Common Carp	37	Snake River	Chase Newton	11/13/2016
Grass Carp	40	Marshing Pond	Jon Bonawitz	8/25/2019
Largescale Sucker	27.7	Cascade Reservoir	Gary Hardesty	4/9/2016
Northern Pikeminnow	23.75	CJ Strike Reservoir	James Sheets	4/9/2016
Peamouth Chub	13.5	CJ Strike Reservoir	Wayne Scott	7/24/2016
Tench	18.7	Coeur d'Alene Lake	Avery Arrhenius	8/3/2018
Tilapia	15	Snake River	Dave Gassel	2/21/2017
Utah Chub	17.25	Blackfoot Reservoir	Shane Thomas	4/27/2018
Utah Sucker	23	Snake River	Tyler Draney	8/23/2018

*species that can no longer be harvested

Record Fish Program Guidelines*

Only fish caught in publicly accessible waters with legal fishing methods during an open season are eligible for State Records. All applicants must have a valid Idaho fishing license at the time the fish was caught. No records will be awarded for fish caught during salvage seasons or at private pay-to-fish facilities. Catch/release records must be released. See tips on safely releasing fish in this booklet!

- Catch/release White Sturgeon records (Catch and Release only) must be broken by a minimum of 2 inches. Catch/Release records for all other species must be broken by a minimum of ½ inch.
- All applications must be submitted within 30 days of the catch date.



*For complete rules and more information about submitting a record fish application, see the IDFG website

How to Apply For a Record

Complete program information and the Record Fish Application form are available online at: idfg.idaho.gov/fish/record

Certified Weight Records applications need:

- A receipt from the certified scale documenting the weight (typically be found at grocery stores or US Post Offices), verification of species from an IDFG office.
- At least one photo of the fish and a witness to the weight.

Catch and Release Record applications need:

- Total length - from the tip of the snout to the end of the tail. Sturgeon should be measured upside down along the belly from the snout to tip of the upper lobe of the tail.
- Salmon, Steelhead and White Sturgeon must be measured and photographed in the water.
- Photos: (1) of the fish directly next to a ruler/tape measure or object of known verifiable length and (2) a photo of the angler with the fish.
- At least one witness to the measurement and release.

THE LURE *of the* WEST

A fishing challenge, at your pace, that helps Western Native Trout Initiative conserve 21 native trout and char species in 12 states.



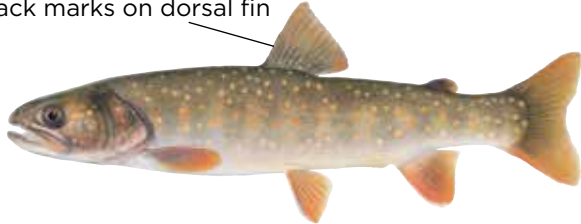
Get started by visiting
WesternNativeTroutChallenge.org

FISH IDENTIFICATION

Illustrations © Joseph Tomelleri



No black marks on dorsal fin



Bull Trout No Harvest Allowed

Olive green with brown above and on sides, shading to white on belly. Lacks wormlike markings as in BROOK TROUT. Upper body with yellow spots, sides with red or orange spots. No bluish halos around spots and white borders on fins less distinct than in BROOK TROUT. Tail is slightly forked. NATIVE.

Bluish halos

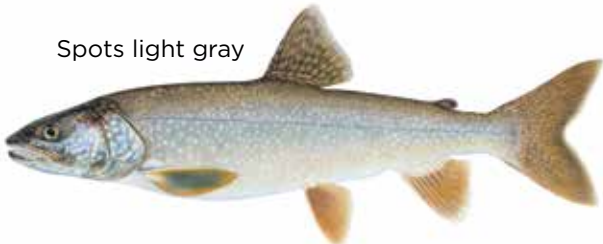


White border

Brook Trout

Dark green or blue black on back, to white on belly. Belly and lower fins may turn brilliant red in spawning males. Upper body and dorsal fin with mottled or wormlike markings. Sides with pale spots and reddish spots which may have bluish rings around them. Lower fins, including tail. Have distinct white leading edge. Tail square, or only slightly forked. INTRODUCED.

Spots light gray



Lake Trout (Mackinaw)

Dark gray or gray green above, belly light gray to white. Irregular shaped light gray spots on back, sides, dorsal fin and tail. Pink or blue spots ABSENT. White borders on fins less distinct than in BROOK TROUT. Tail deeply forked. Inhabits only large, deep lakes. INTRODUCED.



Cutthroat Trout

Red to orange slashes on underside of lower jaw. Body color variable. Back steel gray to olive green. Sides may be yellow brown with red or pink along belly. Spotting more closely grouped toward tail. May spawn in wild with rainbow. NATIVE.



Rainbow Trout

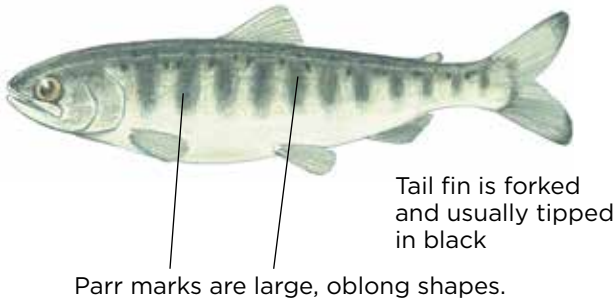
Body color variable. May be silvery in lakes and reservoirs. Back olive to greenish blue, belly white to silvery. Sides may show red or pink streak, white tip on pelvic (belly) and anal fin usually evident. Irregular spots on back, sides, head, dorsal fin and tail. Spots are more evenly distributed from head to tail on rainbow trout than Cutthroat Trout. NATIVE.



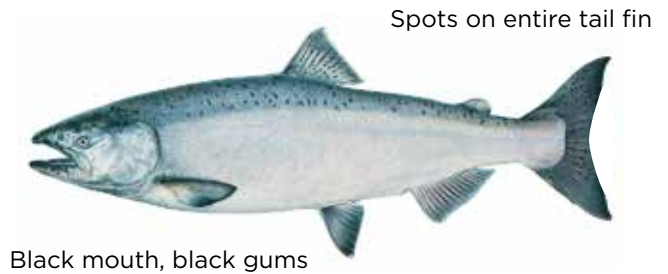
Sockeye Salmon

An anadromous (ocean going) relative of kokanee salmon. Non-spawning color is silver to steel blue. Males turn a bright red on the back and a darker red on the sides at spawning time. Females also turn red, but the red on the sides is somewhat darker. Sockeye typically spend two years in freshwater and one year in the ocean before returning to spawn in Idaho. NATIVE.

Juvenile Chinook Salmon



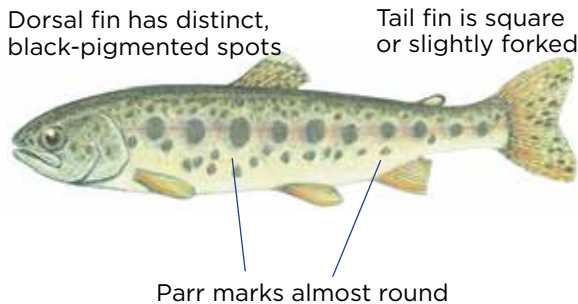
No Harvest Allowed
In waters with ocean-going salmon or steelhead



Adult Chinook Salmon

Adults 24-40 inches in length. Irregularly shaped black spots on back, dorsal fin and tail. Teeth well developed. Black mouth and gum line. Adults return to Snake, Salmon and Clearwater rivers to spawn after 1-3 years at sea. Juveniles migrate to ocean after 18 months in streams. NATIVE.

Juvenile Rainbow Trout/Steelhead

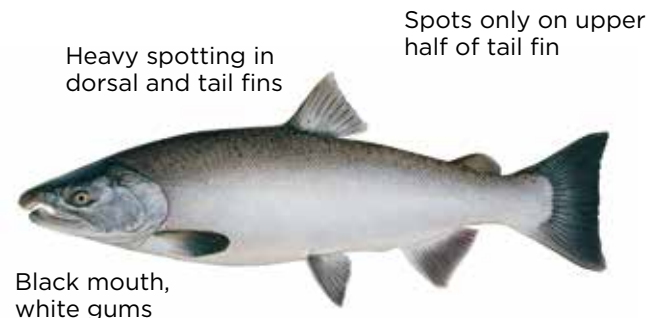
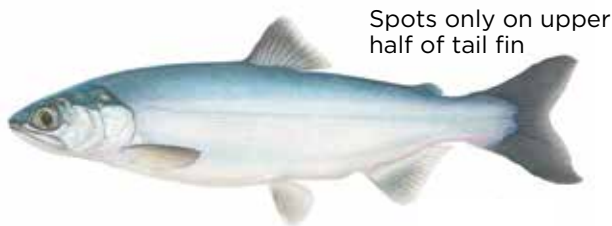


Adult Steelhead

Adults generally 20-40 inches in length. Irregularly shaped black spots on back, dorsal fin and tail. STEELHEAD are ocean-run rainbow which spawn in Snake, Clearwater and Salmon drainages; juveniles migrate to the ocean, return as adults after 1-2 years. NATIVE. See Pages 41-45.

Kokanee (Blueback)

Back greenish blue with faint speckling and few if any spots. Sides and belly silvery. Forked tail with large eye. Typically, no distinct spotting in dorsal fin or tails as in RAINBOW. During spawning (September-December in both streams and shoreline gravels), bodies become 'leathery' and turn dark red to bright scarlet and heads dusky green. Spots are visible on the back half of the fish when in spawning coloration. Kokanee are native to the Payette lakes and the Stanley Basin lakes and have been established in other large lakes and reservoirs throughout the state. NATIVE.



Coho Salmon

Appearance similar to kokanee with spotting on back, dorsal and upper lobe of tail fin. Sharp teeth on tongue and roof of mouth. 14-16 rays in anal fin. Can be confused with rainbow trout in reservoirs. Chinook salmon can be distinguished from coho by black inside of mouth and gums, while coho have white or gray gums. INTRODUCED.



Tiger Trout

A hybrid or cross between a Brown Trout and Brook Trout. Very pronounced dark vermiculations (tiger like stripes) all over a brownish, gray body and dorsal fin. Adipose fin and tail with spots and/or vermiculations. INTRODUCED.

Blue-gray halos



No spots or very few spots on tail fin

Brown Trout

Back brown or olive with large black spots. Sides light brown to yellowish with numerous brown, black and red spots surrounded by halos of blue gray. Adipose fin usually with orange border. Few, if any, spots on tail. Tail slightly forked. INTRODUCED.



Burbot

Commonly referred to as cod or ling and found in the Kootenia River basin. Burbot are streamlined, elongated fish with a wide flattened head and have one single barbel in center of lower jaw and very long secondary dorsal fin. No true spines in fins. Yellow light brown or tan with background color being overlain with dark brown or black lace-like pattern. NATIVE.



Mountain Whitefish

Color light grayish blue on back; silvery on sides; and dull whitish on belly. Small mouth without teeth. Five other species of whitefish are found in Idaho. NATIVE.



White Sturgeon No Harvest Allowed

Five rows of bony plates or scutes; mouth directed downward; four barbels in front of mouth; size up to 10 feet in Snake, Salmon and Kootenai rivers. NATIVE. See Page 54 for more information.



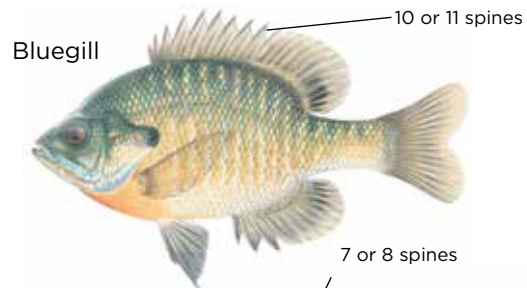
Tiger Muskie

A sterile hybrid cross of a northern pike and a muskellunge. Olive green to dark gray color with VERTICAL MARKINGS on sides. INTRODUCED.



Northern Pike

Bluish-green to gray on back and sides with irregular rows of light-colored HORIZONTAL SPOTS on sides. INTRODUCED.



Bluegill

Black Crappie



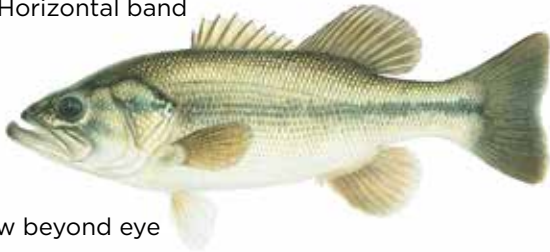
White Crappie



Bluegill and Crappie

Have spines in the dorsal fin. Bluegill have a blue spot on the gill cover, the back is olive to dark green with a bluish luster, sides are bluish, belly is yellowish. Crappie are grayish to silvery green on the head, with lighter sides and a silvery-white belly. Heavy black spotting or splotches on body and fins. INTRODUCED.

Horizontal band



Jaw beyond eye

Largemouth Bass

Dark green on back and sides, belly white. Dark, irregular HORIZONTAL band along sides. Upper jaw, when closed, extends behind the eye. INTRODUCED.

Vertical bands



Jaw not beyond eye

Smallmouth Bass

Dark olive to brown on back, sides bronze, belly white. Dark VERTICAL bands on sides. Eyes reddish. Upper jaw, when closed, does NOT EXTEND behind eye. INTRODUCED.



Yellow Perch

Dark green back and yellow sides with 6 to 8 dark vertical bars. Front fin has sharp spines and cheek has serrated edges. INTRODUCED.



Sucker

Eight species of suckers found in Idaho. Bronze, brown or grayish on back and sides; and white, cream or pale yellow color on belly. Breeding male in spring have rosy or dark stripe along sides. Long compressed torpedo shaped bodies. Short conical head with distinct down facing mouth with weak and fleshy lips, no teeth in mouth. Soft rayed dorsal fin. NATIVE.

Channel catfish



Forked tail

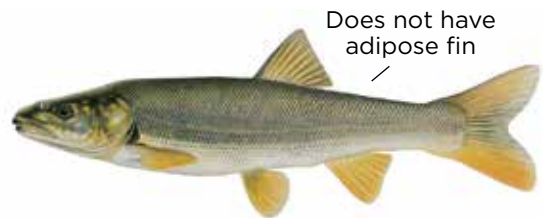
Bullhead



Rounded tail

Channel Catfish and Bullhead

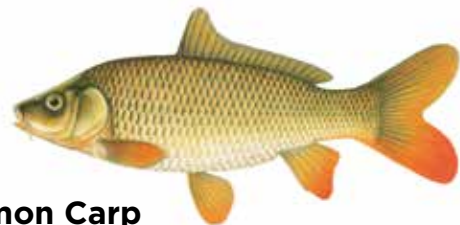
MEMBERS of the catfish family have 4 pairs of barbels (whiskers), spines on their dorsal and pectoral fins, and no scales. Bullheads in Idaho are normally a more solid brown. INTRODUCED.



Does not have adipose fin

Northern Pikeminnow

(formerly the northern squawfish)
Body color has a general yellowish tone, back is dark olive green, sides are grayish-silver, belly is yellowish-white. Tail fin is distinctly forked, the mouth is large. Fins without spots. NATIVE.



Common Carp

Deep bodied with triangular head, often large in size. Olive green to gold on the back and sides becoming yellow to pale yellow on belly. Paired barbels at margins of mouth, resemble a large goldfish. Aquarium koi are Common Carp bred for ornamental purposes. INTRODUCED.



Walleye

Closely related to the yellow perch, but lacks vertical bars and has prominent "canine" teeth. Lower lobe of tail fin is white tipped. INTRODUCED.

Licenses, Tags and Permits

To Buy a License, Tag or Permit

- Visit an Idaho Fish and Game office or license vendor.
- By credit card, within the United States call 1-800-554-8685. Outside the U.S., or by internet.
- From your computer or mobile device, go to idfg.idaho.gov/buy
- Commercial licenses, duplicate tags, documents that require proof of disability, lifetime certificates, and bear baiting permits may be purchased only at Fish and Game offices.

When buying licenses by telephone, the buyer will be assigned a confirmation number that may be used in lieu of the actual license for 14 days from the date of issue. When this number is used, the person must carry their driver's license or identification card. A confirmation number may not be used in lieu of a tag or permit such as salmon/steelhead or WMA permits. Purchasers must wait until tags or permits arrive in the mail.

Licenses purchased online must be printed from the buyer's computer; they will not be mailed. A confirmation number may not be used in lieu of a tag or salmon/steelhead permit. Purchasers must wait until tags or permits arrive in the mail.

The charge for phone-in purchases is three percent of the transaction plus \$5.50; the charge for online purchases is three percent of the transaction plus \$3.50.

Any license, tag or permit that is defaced or altered is invalid from the date and time of issue. It is unlawful to use or attempt to use any license that has been defaced or altered.

Nonresidents: If you hunt with an outfitter in Idaho, the outfitter should buy your tags through the "outfitter set-aside" pool of tags.

Sale Dates: Most licenses and tags go on sale December 1, but resident deer, and elk tags are not available until after the controlled hunt drawings are done. Most licenses are valid only for the calendar year for which they are issued.

Hunter and Bowhunter Education

- To buy a hunting license, all hunters must show proof that they have completed a hunter education course if they were born on or after January 1, 1975, unless they have held a valid hunting license from Idaho or another state.
- To buy an archery permit, all bowhunters must possess a valid hunting license and show proof they have completed an approved bowhunter education course or show evidence of having been licensed for an archery-only hunt in Idaho or another state, or complete an affidavit to that effect.
- Course and registration information can be found on Fish and Game's website or by contacting any Fish and Game office.
- **Individuals planning to participate in fall hunts are encouraged to enroll in a course before June 30, as the number of courses offered becomes very limited closer to fall hunting seasons.**

- Prospective hunters have two course options to receive their certification: **Instructor-led Course** – 12 to 18 class hours plus an outdoor field day and final written exam. **Online Course** – A two-phase course begins with a self-paced, online instruction and an online exam. An additional outdoor field day is required for hunter education.

Refund Policy

No refunds will be made on resident licenses, tags or permits. Nonresident hunting licenses and tags may be refunded less issuance fees and a \$50 processing fee, in the event of:

- Illness or injury that disables a license holder for the entire applicable hunting season.
- Military deployment of license holder due to armed conflict.
- Death of the license holder's parent, spouse or child.

Tags and license must be returned with proof (death certificate, obituary, written justification by a licensed medical doctor, or copy of military orders). Hunting license fees will not be refunded after the license is used to apply for a controlled hunt or to buy a turkey, mountain lion, bear or gray wolf tag. The request must be postmarked by December 31 of the year in which the license was valid, except for "event of death" refund, which must be submitted within 1 year of the death.

A controlled hunt permit and tag may be made available in the same hunt for purchase by an immediate family member of a person who died before using his or her tag. Contact Licenses at (208) 334-2592.

If a refund is requested for any other reason, only the tag fees (not the license or permit fee) may be refunded at the following sliding scale rate:

- Postmarked before April 1 – 75 percent refund.
- Postmarked April 1 through June 30 – 50 percent refund.
- Postmarked July 1 through August 31 – 25 percent refund.
- Postmarked September 1 through December 31 – No refund.

Resident Disabled Licenses

Any resident certified as permanently disabled or eligible for federal supplemental income (SSI), social security disability income (SSDI), railroad retirement board disability, a nonservice-connected veteran's pension, or a service-connected veteran's disability benefit with 40 percent or more combined/overall disability rating, may qualify for a "disabled" license. An applicant must provide either a benefit verification letter from the Social Security Administration in their name showing they are receiving SSI or SSDI benefits for the current year, or a letter from the Railroad Retirement board verifying disability status and being dated within 3 years preceding application for a license, or a letter of any date prior to license application from the Veterans Affairs office verifying a service-connected disability rating of 40% or greater, or a current year's letter from the Veteran Affairs office showing the applicant is receiving a nonservice-connected pension, or a form prescribed by the

department that certifies permanent physical disability. A physically disabled person means a person who has lost the use of one (1) or both lower extremities or both hands, or is unable to walk 200 feet or more unassisted by another person or without the aid of a walker, cane, crutches, braces, prosthetic device or a wheelchair, or is unable to walk 200 feet or more without great difficulty or discomfort due to one or more of the following impairments: neurological, orthopedic, respiratory, cardiac, arthritic disorder, blindness (a medically documented loss or impairment of vision and includes any person whose visual acuity with correcting lens does not exceed 20/200 in the better eye, or whose vision in the better eye is restricted to a field which subtends an angle of not greater than 20 degrees), or the loss of function or absence of a limb.

Disabled licenses may be purchased at Fish and Game offices, selected license vendors (see website for list), and through the mail.

Disabled Hunter/Companion

The rules for a companion assisting a disabled hunter allow the companion to take an animal that has been wounded by the disabled hunter and to place and validate the disabled hunter's tag on the animal.

The rules apply for disabled hunters who possess a valid disabled combination or hunting license, a nonresident disabled American Veteran hunting license, a disabled archery permit, or a disabled hunt-from-a-motor-vehicle permit and a valid tag.

The companion is not required to have a tag or controlled hunt permit to assist a disabled hunter. However, the companion must have a valid license and applicable special weapon permit (i.e. – for an archery only hunt, the companion would need an archery permit) when assisting a disabled hunter.

The companion must have a written statement of designation from the disabled hunter while hunting with the disabled hunter or assisting them with taking and tagging their harvested animal. The statement must include the disabled hunters name, address, hunting license, big game tag number and the dates of the designation as a companion.

The companion must accompany the disabled hunter while hunting and they are required to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices.

For more information about the rules for a companion to a disabled hunter, please contact your local Fish and Game office.

Resident Lifetime License Certificates

The purchase of a lifetime certificate could be the best investment you ever make. Lifetime certificates authorize all privileges associated with a corresponding annual license, are valid for the life of the certificate holder and are available to Idaho residents. The lifetime certificate does not include tags and permits. If a lifetime certificate holder moves out of Idaho, they will continue to receive an annual license, but will pay nonresident tag and permit fees. Lifetime certificates can be purchased at IDFG offices only.

Applicant	Combination	Hunting	Fishing
0 - 1 year	\$795.50	\$276.75	\$601.75
2 - 50 years	\$1,113.00	\$386.75	\$841.75
51 and older	\$636.75	\$221.75	\$481.75

Idaho Residency Requirements

Proof of residency is required to buy any resident license. A previous year's license is not proof of residency.

1. Drivers must present: A valid Idaho driver's license and must have been domiciled in the state of Idaho for the last six months immediately prior to purchasing a resident license, tag or permit. Owning real property or paying property taxes within the state of Idaho does not in itself establish residency. Claiming resident privileges in any other state or country will compromise your resident status in Idaho.

2. Non-drivers must present: An Idaho identification card issued by the Department of Transportation; or a combination of two documents bearing your name and address but not issued by yourself.

Examples include:

- Home utility bills for the previous six months.
- Rent receipts or mortgage statements for the previous six months.
- Notarized statement from an employer on business letterhead.
- Proof of voter registration dated six months prior.
- For a minor child under 18, identification from a parent.

3. Military members: A member of the military service of the United States or a foreign country, state National Guard or Air National Guard, together with spouse and children under 18 years of age, residing in his/her household, who have been officially transferred, stationed, domiciled and on active duty in the state of Idaho for a period of 30 days last preceding application, as long as such assignment continues, is eligible to purchase a resident license.

To show eligibility you need: A current "Military Status and Residency Affidavit" signed by first sergeant, section commander or commander; or a current request and authorization for permanent change of station showing a 'report no later than' date within the last 60 days; or a combination of two documents given in number two (2) above dated thirty (30) days prior.

This is a summary of residency requirements, for additional details see Idaho Code 36-202(S) and 36-405; online at idfg.idaho.gov/title36 and idfg.idaho.gov/idapa13 or contact your local Fish and game office. Persons who do not qualify as residents must purchase a nonresident license.

Hunting Passports

Hunting Passports are available only to first time hunters. Anyone who has previously held a hunting license in any state is not eligible. For more information, visit: idfg.idaho.gov/hunt/passport, or contact your local Fish and Game office.

Resident License, Tag and Permit Fees

Prices listed below include prices for those who have held a valid annual/3 year license in 2017 and 2018 who are considered "Price Locked" and prices for those who are not price locked. To opt in to the price lock you may purchase a 3 year license. See important notes on next page.


FEE OR LICENSE	WITH PRICE LOCK		WITHOUT PRICE LOCK	
	ANNUAL	3-YEAR ⁷	ANNUAL	3-YEAR ⁷
Access-Depredation Fee for Adults	\$5.00	10.00	\$5.00	\$10.00
Access-Depredation Fee for Jr./Sr./DAV/Furlough	2.00	4.00	2.00	4.00
A license buyer is required to pay this annual fee when purchasing their first annual license of the year. It will not apply to any additional annual licenses purchased later in the year, nor is it required to purchase a daily license.				
Adult Licenses: 18 years of age and older				
Sportsman's Package (Adult or Youth) ¹	\$124.25	N/A	\$144.60	N/A
Combination (Hunting & Fishing)	33.50	97.00	38.75	97.00
Disabled Combination	5.00	11.50	5.75	11.50
Military Furlough Combination	17.50	N/A	20.50	N/A
Hunting	12.75	34.75	15.75	34.75
Fishing	25.75	73.75	30.50	73.75
Daily Fishing (first day) ⁸	11.50	N/A	13.50	N/A
Each consecutive day at initial time of purchase	5.00		6.00	
Disabled Fishing	5.00	11.50	5.75	11.50
Military Furlough Fishing	17.50	N/A	20.50	N/A
Trapping (expires June 30)	26.75	N/A	29.75	N/A
Taxidermist/Furbuyer (expires June 30) ²	40.00	5-yr-176.75	40.00	5-yr-176.75
Hunting Passport (8+ yrs Junior or Adult) ⁶	1.75	N/A	1.75	N/A
Youth Licenses				
Junior Combination (Hunting & Fishing, 14-17 yrs)	\$17.50	\$49.00	\$19.75	\$49.00
Junior Hunting (10-17 yrs) ⁵	7.25	18.25	8.25	18.25
Junior Fishing (14-17yrs)	13.75	37.75	16.00	37.75
Youth Trapping (expires June 30)	7.25	N/A	8.25	N/A
Senior Licenses - 65 or Older				
Senior Combination (Hunting & Fishing)	\$11.75	\$31.75	\$13.75	\$31.75
Permits and Validations				
Archery or Muzzleloader Permit	\$18.25		\$19.50	
Bear Baiting Permit ²	12.75		15.00	
Hound Hunter Permit	12.75		15.00	
WMA Pheasant Permit (18+ yrs)	23.75 each		28.75	
Sage/Sharp-tailed Grouse Permit	4.75	N/A	5.75	N/A
Disabled Archery or Disabled Motor Vehicle Permit ^{2,3}	1.75		1.75	
Migratory Bird (HIP) Permit	1.75		2.75	
Salmon or Steelhead Permit	12.75		15.25	
Two-Pole Permit	13.75		15.00	
Adult Tags				
Deer	\$19.75		\$24.75	
Elk	30.75	N/A	36.75	N/A
Pronghorn	31.25		36.50	


FEE OR LICENSE	WITH PRICE LOCK		WITHOUT PRICE LOCK	
	ANNUAL	3-YEAR ⁷	ANNUAL	3-YEAR ⁷
Adult Tags				
Bear/Second Bear and Mt. Lion/Second Mt. Lion	11.50 each	N/A	13.75	N/A
Gray Wolf	11.50 each		13.75	
Gray Wolf Trapping (expires June 30)	11.50 each		13.75	
General Turkey	19.75		22.75	
Extra Turkey	12.25 each		12.25	
Special Unit Turkey	5.00 each		5.00	
Sandhill Crane	19.75 each		22.75	
Moose, Bighorn Sheep, Mountain Goat (tag only, does not include application fee)	166.75		199.75	
Youth, Senior and DAV Tags⁴				
Deer ⁴	\$10.75	N/A	\$12.50	N/A
Elk ⁴	16.50		18.75	
Bear and Second Bear ⁴	6.75 each		7.75	
Turkey and Extra Turkey ⁴	10.75 each		12.50	
Controlled Hunt				
Controlled Hunt Application for Deer, Elk, Pronghorn, Bear	\$6.25 each	N/A	\$6.25	N/A
Controlled Hunt Application for Moose, Sheep or Mt. Goat	16.75		16.75	
Turkey Controlled Hunt Permit	7.75		7.75	

For licenses not listed, please visit our web page at: idfg.idaho.gov.

Resident Notes:

- ¹ The sportsman's package includes deer, elk, turkey, bear, gray wolf and mountain lion tags, and archery, muzzleloader, salmon and steelhead permits.
- ² Available only at Idaho Fish and Game offices.
- ³ Disability must be certified by a medical doctor on a Fish and Game form.
- ⁴ Must have a senior combination or hunting license, a junior combination or hunting license, a junior hunting passport, or a DAV combination or hunting license.
- ⁵ All youth younger than twelve must be accompanied in the field by an adult license holder close enough to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices. A 9-year old may buy a license to apply for a controlled hunt tag, but he or she must be 10 years old at the time of the hunt.
- ⁶ Anyone hunting with this license must be accompanied in the field by an adult license holder close enough to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices.
- ⁷ If a 3-year resident hunting, fishing or combination license holder moves out of Idaho, the license will remain valid, but the holder will be required to purchase nonresident tags and permits.
- ⁸ Price Lock on daily fishing is only available as long as the customer has a current year annual or a valid multiyear hunting license. Otherwise customer must pay fees in column 3.





PERMIT

Yourself
Time Off
the clock.

3-year license locks in your rates!

In 2018 a fee increase went into effect. If you have purchased a license every year since 2017, you still pay 2017 prices. If not, you can still pay 2017 prices if you buy a 3-year license or a lifetime license.

For more information, please visit:
idfg.idaho.gov/pricelock

Nonresident License, Tag and Permit Fees

Prices listed below are as of January 1, 2018. Prices may change without notice. Licenses, tags and permits are valid through December 31, except where noted. All tags, permits and applications require the purchase of a license.

FEE OR LICENSE	ANNUAL	3-YEAR	FEE OR LICENSE	ANNUAL	3-YEAR	
Access-Depredation Fee for Adult	\$10.00	20.00	WMA Pheasant Permit (18+ yrs)	51.75 ea.	N/A	
Access-Depredation Fee for Jr./Sr./DAV	4.00	8.00	Sage/Sharp-tailed Grouse Permit	5.75		
A license buyer is required to pay this annual fee when purchasing their first annual license of the year. It will not apply to any additional annual licenses purchased later in the year, nor is it required to purchase a daily license.			Disabled Archery or Disabled Motor Vehicle Permit ^{1,3}	1.75		
			Migratory Bird (HIP) Permit	4.75		
			Salmon or Steelhead Permit	25.75		
			Two-Pole Permit	15.50		
Adult Licenses: 18 years of age and older			Adult Tags			
Combination Hunting & Fishing	\$240.00	716.50	Deer	\$301.75	N/A	
Hunting (includes three-day fishing license each year of license)	154.75	460.75	Elk	416.75		
Disabled American Veteran Hunting (DAV) ⁶ (Includes three-day fishing license)	31.75	N/A	Pronghorn	311.75		
Small Game Hunting (Not valid for the first five days of pheasant season)	97.75	N/A	Bear	186.00		
Three-Day Nonresident Small Game Hunting (Not valid for the first five days of pheasant season)	35.50	N/A	Reduced Bear and Second Bear	41.75 ea.		
Nongame Hunting	35.50	N/A	Mountain Lion	186.00		
Shooting Preserve Hunting	23.75	N/A	Reduced Mountain Lion and Second Mountain Lion	41.75 ea.		
Fishing	98.25	291.25	Gray Wolf and Gray Wolf Trapping (expires June 30)	31.75 ea.		
Daily Fishing (first day) Each consecutive day at initial time of purchase	15.00 7.00	N/A	General Turkey and Extra Turkey	80.00 ea.		
Three-day Salmon/Steelhead	37.50	N/A	Special Unit Turkey	5.00 ea.		
Trapping (expires June 30)	301.75	N/A	Sandhill Crane	67.50		
Taxidermist/Furbuyer ¹ (expires June 30)	170.00	N/A	Moose, Bighorn Sheep, Mountain Goat (tag only, does not include application fee)	\$2,101.75		
Hunting Passport ² (8+years Junior or 18+years Adult)	1.75	N/A	Junior Mentored/DAV Tags			
Junior Mentored & Youth Licenses			Deer ⁴	\$23.75		N/A
Junior Mentored Hunting ⁵ (10-17 yrs)	\$31.75	91.75	Elk ⁴	39.75		
Junior Fishing (under 18 yrs)	21.75	61.75	Bear and Second Bear ⁴	23.75 ea.		
			Turkey and Extra Turkey ⁴	19.75 ea.		
Permits and Validations			Controlled Hunt			
Archery or Muzzleloader Permit	\$20.00	N/A	Controlled Hunt Application for deer, elk, pronghorn, bear	\$14.75 ea.	N/A	
Bear Baiting Permit ¹	31.75		Controlled Hunt Application for moose, sheep or mt. goat	41.75		
Hound Hunter Permit ¹	169.75		Turkey Controlled Hunt Permit	7.75		

Nonresident Notes:

¹ These licenses and permits are only available at Idaho Fish and Game offices.

² Anyone hunting with this license must be accompanied in the field by an adult license holder close enough to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices.

³ Disability must be certified by a medical doctor on a Fish and Game form.

⁴ Must have a junior mentored hunting license, Junior Hunting Passport or a DAV license. The adult accompanying any holder of a junior mentored hunting license must have a tag(s) for the same species, the adult accompanying and junior passport holder can only mentor two youth at a time. The junior mentored/DAV deer and elk tags are not valid for bear, gray wolf or mountain lion. Price not valid for leftover nonresident, general season deer or elk tags purchased as second tags.

⁵ Anyone hunting with this license must be accompanied in the field by an adult license holder close enough to be within normal conversation or hearing range without shouting or the aid of electronic devices. A 9-year old may buy a license to apply for a controlled hunt, but he or she must be 10 years old at the time of the hunt.

⁶ Disability must be certified by Veterans Affairs on their official letterhead showing combined service-connected disability rating of 40% or more.

For licenses not listed, please visit our web page at: idfg.idaho.gov.

IDAHO FISH CONSUMPTION ADVISORY FOR SELECTED WATERS

A fish advisory means that you should monitor the amount of certain kinds of fish that you eat because of the possibility of consuming contaminants (e.g. mercury).

For information call Department of Health and Welfare at

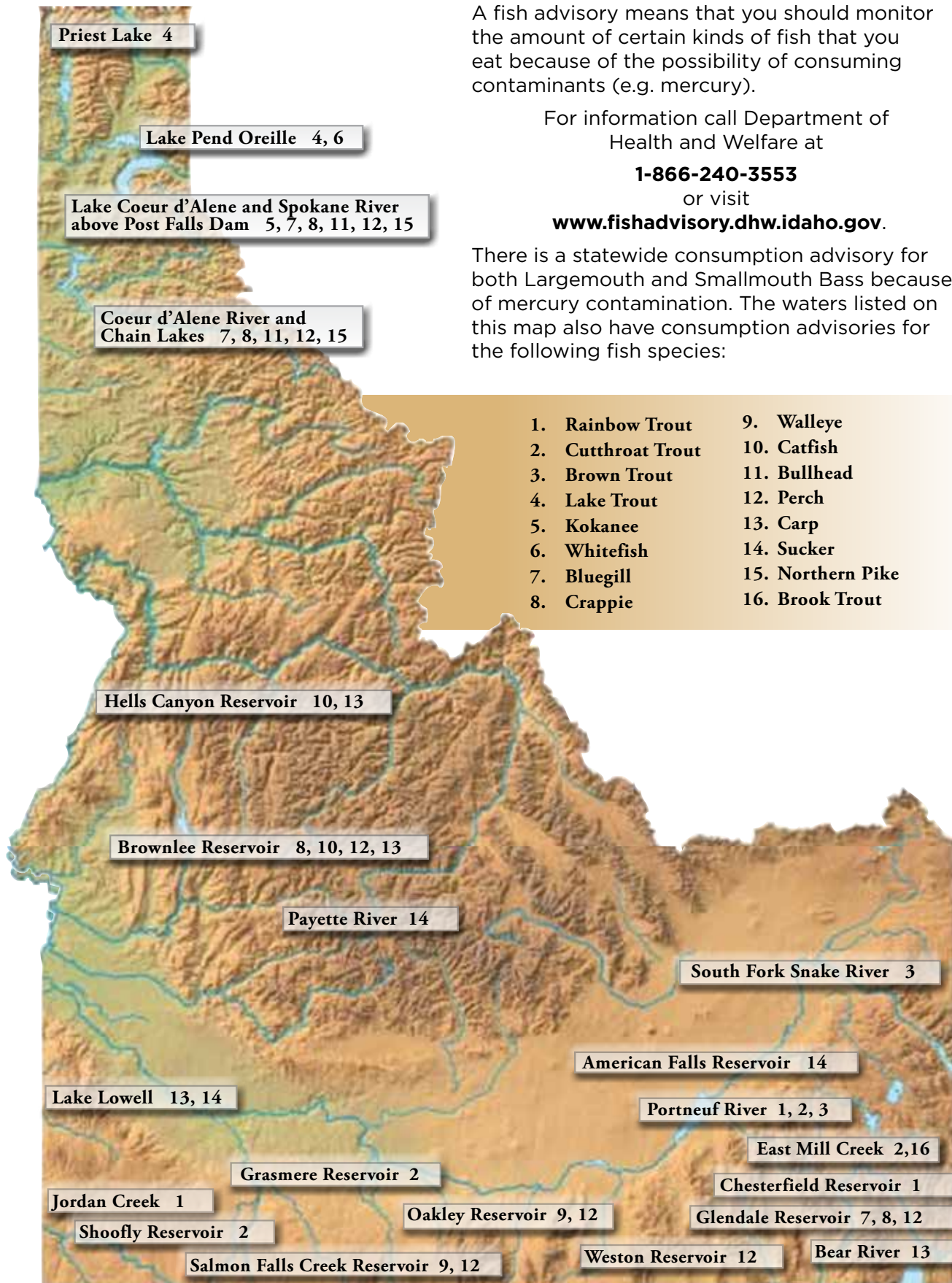
1-866-240-3553

or visit

www.fishadvisory.dhw.idaho.gov

There is a statewide consumption advisory for both Largemouth and Smallmouth Bass because of mercury contamination. The waters listed on this map also have consumption advisories for the following fish species:

- | | |
|--------------------|-------------------|
| 1. Rainbow Trout | 9. Walleye |
| 2. Cutthroat Trout | 10. Catfish |
| 3. Brown Trout | 11. Bullhead |
| 4. Lake Trout | 12. Perch |
| 5. Kokanee | 13. Carp |
| 6. Whitefish | 14. Sucker |
| 7. Bluegill | 15. Northern Pike |
| 8. Crappie | 16. Brook Trout |



Report Wildlife Crime

Poaching is Stealing

Idaho is a member of the Wildlife Violator Compact, which means that if an individual's hunting, fishing or trapping license is revoked by any of the 48 member states; all the remaining states will revoke the same license or privilege for the same time period.

Anyone with information about a wildlife violation are encouraged to "Make the Call" and contact the Citizens Against Poaching (CAP) hotline at **1-800-632-5999**. Callers may remain anonymous, and they may be eligible for a reward.



YOU CAN **HELP PREVENT** THE **SPREAD** OF **NOXIOUS WEEDS** IN **IDAHO!**

1. Cleaning boats, trailers and watercraft after leaving a water body
2. Pumping the bilge of your boat before entering a water body
3. Cleaning boating and fishing gear from any plant material
4. Reporting infestations to your County Weed Superintendent



CALL 1-844-WEEDSNO

Pulling  Together
Against Invasive Weeds

WWW.IDAHOWEEDAWARENESS.COM