

Computational Thinking & Coding

Computational thinking is a **problem-solving process** that includes (but is not limited to) the following characteristics:

- Formulating problems in a way that enables us to use a computer and other tools to help solve them
- Logically organizing and analyzing data
- · Representing data through abstractions such as models and simulations
- Automating solutions through algorithmic thinking (a series of ordered steps)
- Identifying, analyzing, and implementing possible solutions with the goal of achieving the most efficient and effective combination of steps and resources
- · Generalizing and transferring this problem solving process to a wide variety of problems

Source: International Society for Technology in Education (ISTE) and the Computer Science Teachers Association (CSTA). 2011. Retrieved from https://c.ymcdn.com/sites/www.csteachers.org/resource/resmgr/CompThinkingFlyer.pdf

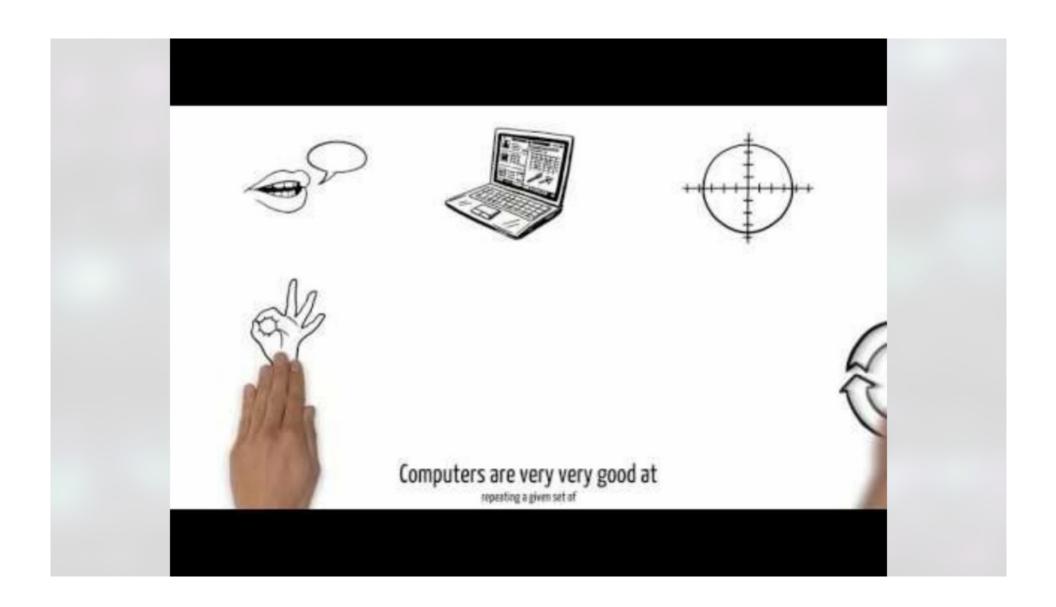
Code is instructions for a computer (as within a piece of software)

Source: Merriam-Webster dictionary

Resources









Robots & Robotics

According to Merriam-Webster dictionary,

a robot is

1a: a machine that looks like a human being and performs various complex acts (such as walking or talking) of a human being; also: a similar but fictional machine whose lack of capacity for human emotions is often emphasised

b: an efficient insensitive person who functions automatically

2: a device that automatically performs complicated often repetitive tasks

3: a mechanism guided by automatic controls

robotics is

: technology dealing with the design, construction, and operation of robots in automation





various

