

FINAL NEET(UG)-2024 (EXAMINATION)

(Held On Sunday 5th MAY, 2024)

CHEMISTRY

51. 'Spin only' magnetic moment is same for which of the following ions?

Chemistry: Section-A (Q. No. 51 to 85)

- A. Ti³⁺
- B. Cr²⁺
- C. Mn²⁺
- D. Fe²⁺
- E. Sc³⁺

Choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) B and D only
- (2) A and E only
- (3) B and C only
- (4) A and D only

Ans. (1)

The most stable carbocation among the following is:

$$H_3C$$
 CH
 CH_3
 CH_3

(1)

(2)

$$(3) \longrightarrow \overset{\oplus}{\operatorname{CH}_2}$$



Ans. (4)

TEST PAPER WITH ANSWER

Given below are two statements: **53**.

> **Statement-I**: The boiling point of hydrides of Group-16 elements follow the order

 $H_2O > H_2Te > H_2Se > H_2S$.

Statement-II: On the basis of molecular mass, H₂O is expected to have lower boiling point than the other members of the group but due to the presence of extensive H-bonding in H₂O, it has higher boiling point.

- In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:
- (1) Both statement-I and Statement-II are true.
- (2) Both statement-I and Statement-II are false.
- (3) Statement-I is the true but Statement-II is false.
- (4) Statement-I is false but Statement-II is true.

Ans. (1)

Match List I with List II. 54.

	List	I	List II
(Co	mpo	ound)	(Shape/geometry)
(A)	NH_3	0	(I) Trigonal Pyramidal
(B)	BrF ₅	Ö	(II) Square Planar
(C)	XeF ₄		(III) Octahedral
(D)	SF_6	illy	(IV) Square Pyramidal

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A-I, B-IV, C-II, D-III
 - (2) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I
- (3) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
- (4) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I

Ans. (1)

- **55.** The highest number of helium atoms is in:
 - (1) 4 mol of helium
 - (2) 4 u of helium
 - (3) 4 g of helium
 - (4) 2.271098 L of helium at STP

Ans. (1)

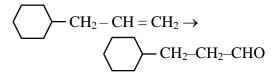


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Identify the correct reagents that would bring about the following transformation



(1) (i) H₂O/H⁺ (ii) CrO₃

(2) (i) BH_3 (ii) H_2O_2 / OH (iii) PCC

(3) (i) BH₃ (ii) H₂O₂ / $\overset{\circ}{O}$ H (iii) Alk. KMnO₄ (iv) H₃O^{\oplus}

(4) (i) H₂O/H⁺ (ii) PCC

Ans. (2)

57.

Match List I with List II		
List-I		List-II
(Process)		(Conditions)
A. Isothermal	I.	No heat exchange
process		
B. Isochoric	II.	Carried out at constant
process	4	temperature
C. Isobaric process	III.	Carried out at constant
	6	volume
D. Adiabatic	IV.	Carried out at constant

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

pressure

(1) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I

(2) A-IV, B-II, C-III, D-I

(3) A-I, B-II, C-III, D-IV

(4) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I

Ans. (4)

58. Which one one of the following alcohols reacts instantaneously with Lucas reagent?

(4)
$$CH_3 - C - OH$$

 $CH_3 - C - OH$
 CH_3

Ans. (4)

59. In which of the following equilibria,
$$K_p$$
 and K_c are **NOT** equal ?

(1) $PCl_{5(g)} \rightleftharpoons PCl_{3(g)} + Cl_{2(g)}$

(2) $H_{2(q)} + I_{2(q)} \rightleftharpoons 2HI_{(q)}$

(3) $CO_{(q)}$ $H_2O_{(q)} \rightleftharpoons CO_{2(q)}$ $H_{2(q)}$

(4) $2BrCl_{(q)} \rightleftharpoons Br_{2(q)} + Cl_{2(q)}$

Ans. (1)

60. Match List I with List II.

List I		List II	
Quanti	um Number	Information provided	
A. m_{ℓ}		I. shape of orbital	
B. m_s		II. size of orbital	
C. e		III. orientation of orbital	
D. <i>n</i>		IV. orientation of spin of	
	400	electron	
01	70.00		

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) A-I, B-III, C-II, D-IV

(2) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II

(3) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I

(4) A-II, B-I, C-IV, D-III

Ans. (2)

61. Given below are two statements:

> Statement I: Aniline does not undergo Friedel-Crafts alkylation reaction

> **Statement II**: Aniline cannot be prepared through Gabriel synthesis.

In the light of the above statements, choose the Of correct answer from the options given below:

(1) Both Statement I and Statement II are true.

(2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false.

(3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is false.

(4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is true.

Ans. (1)







Intramolecular hydrogen bonding is present in:

(3)
$$\bigvee_{HO}^{NO_2}$$

(4) HF

Ans. (1)

- **63**. On heating, some solid substances change from solid to vapour state without passing through liquid state. The technique used for the purification of such solid substances based on the above principle is known as:
 - (1) Crystallization
 - (2) Sublimation
 - (3) Distillation
 - (4) Chromatography

Ans. (2)

- **64.** In which of the following processes increases?
 - A. A liquid evaporates to vapour
 - B. Temperature of a crystalline solid lowered from 130 K to 0K.
 - C. $2NaHCO_{3(s)} \rightarrow Na_2CO_{3(s)} + CO_{2(g)} + H_2O_{(g)}$
 - D. $Cl_{2(q)} \rightarrow 2 Cl_{(q)}$

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A and C
- (2) A, B and D
- (3) A, C and D
- (4) C and D

Ans. (3)

- Among Group 16 elements, which one does **NOT** show -2 oxidation state?
 - (1) O

- (2) Se
- (3) Te
- (4) Po

Ans. (4)

Match List-I with List-II.

List-I (Conversion)

List-II (Number of

Faraday required)

(I) 3F

(II) 2F

(III) 1F

(IV) 5F

- (A) 1 mol of H_2O to O_2
- (B) 1 mol of MnO_4^- to Mn^{2+}
- (C) 1.5 mole of Ca from molten CaCl₂
- (D) 1 mol of FeO to Fe_2O_3
 - (1) A-II, B-IV, C-I, D-III
 - (2) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II
 - (3) A-II, B-III, C-I, D-IV
 - (4) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I

Ans. (1)

- 67. Arrange the following elements in increasing order of electronegativity.
 - N, O, F, C, Si

Choose the correct answer from the options given

- (1) Si < C < N < O < F (2) Si < C < O < N < F
- (3) O < F < N < C < Si (4) F < O < N < C < Si

Ans. (1)

- **68.** A compound with a molecular formula of C_6H_{14} has two tertiary carbons. Its IUPAC name is:
 - (1) n-hexane
- (2) 2-methylpentane
- (3) 2, 3-dimethylbutane
- (4) 2, 2-dimethylbutane

Ans. (3)

- Fehling's solution 'A' is **69**.
 - (1) aqueous copper sulphate
 - (2) alkaline copper sulphate
 - (3) alkaline solution of sodium potassium tartrate (Rochelle's salt)
 - (4) aqueous sodium citrate

Ans. (1)

- **70**. Activation energy of any chemical reaction can be calculated if one knows the value of
 - (1) rate constant at standard temperature.
 - (2) probability of collision.
 - (3) orientation of reactant molecules during collision.
 - (4) rate constant at two different temperatures.

Ans. (4)

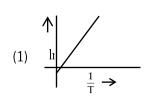
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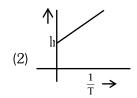


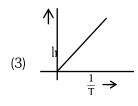


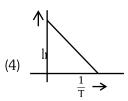
71. Which plot of $\ln k$ vs $\frac{1}{T}$ is consistent with

Arrhenius equation?









Ans. (4)

Match List I with List II. **72**.

List I

(Reaction)

(Reagents/Condition)

$$(A) \longrightarrow 2 \longrightarrow 0 \quad (I) \longrightarrow Cl/Anhyd.AlCl3$$

$$(C) \overset{\text{OH}}{\longrightarrow} \overset{\text{O}}{\longrightarrow} \overset{\text{O}}{\longrightarrow}$$

(III) KMnO₄/KOH,Δ

$$(D) \bigcirc \bigcirc CH_2CH_3 \bigcirc COOP$$

(IV) (i) O₃ (ii) Zn-H₂O

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

(1) A-IV, B-I, C-III, D-II

(2) A-III, B-I, C-II, D-IV

(3) A-IV, B-I, C-II, D-III

(4) A-I, B-IV, C-II, D-III

The compound that will undergo S_N^1 reaction with **73**. the fastest rate is:

Ans. (4)

- **74.** Which reaction is **NOT** a redox reaction?
 - (1) $Zn + CuSO_4 \rightarrow ZnSO_4 + Cu$
 - (2) $2 \text{ KClO}_3 + I_2 \rightarrow 2 \text{ KIO}_3 + \text{Cl}_2$
 - (3) $H_2 + Cl_2 \rightarrow 2 HCl$
 - (4) $BaCl_2 + Na_2SO_4 \rightarrow BaSO_4 + 2NaCl$

Ans. (4)

75. Given below are two statements:

> **Statement I:** The boiling point of three isomeric pentanes follows the order

n-pentane > isopentane > neopentane

Statement II: When branching increases, the molecule attains a shape of sphere. This results in smaller surface area for contact, due to which the intermolecular forces between the spherical molecules are weak, thereby lowering the boiling point.

In the light of the above statements, choose the most appropriate answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both statement I and Statement II are correct
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are incorrect
- (3) Statement I is correct but Statement II is incorrect
- (4) Statement I is incorrect but Statement II is correct

Ans. (1)

Given below are two statements: **76.**

> **Statement 1:** Both $[Co(NH_3)_6]^{+3}$ and $[CoF_6]^{3-}$ complexes are octahedral but differ in their magnetic behaviour.

> **Statement II**: [Co(NH₃)₆]³⁺ is diamagnetic whereas $[CoF_6]^{3-}$ is paramagnetic.

> In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Both statement I and Statement II are true
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false
- (4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true

Ans. (1)



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77. Match List I with List II.

List-I (Molecule)

List-II (Number and types of bond/s between two carbon atoms)

- A. ethane
- one σ -bond and two π-bonds
- B. ethene
- two π -bonds II.
- C. carbon molecule, C₂
- III. one σ -bond
- D. ethyne
- one σ -bond and one π -bond

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A-I, B-IV, C-II, D-III
- (2) A-IV, B-III, C-II, D-I
- (3) A-III, B-IV, C-II, D-I
- (4) A-III, B-IV, C-I, D-II

Ans. (3)

- **78.** The Henry's law constant (K_H) values of three gases (A, B, C) in water are 145, 2×10^{-5} and 35 kbar, respectively. The solubility of these gases in water follow the order:
 - (1) B > A > C
- (2) B > C > A
- (3) A > C > B
- (4) A > B > C

Ans. (2)

- 79. The energy of an electron in the ground state (n = 1) for He⁺ ion is -xJ, then that for an electron in n = 2 state for Be³⁺ ion in J is:
 - (1) x
- (3) 4x

Ans. (1)

- The E° value for the Mn³⁺/Mn²⁺ couple is more positive than that of Cr^{3+}/Cr^{2+} or Fe^{3+}/Fe^{2+} due to change of
 - (1) d⁵ to d⁴ configuration
 - (2) d⁵ to d² configuration
 - (3) d⁴ to d⁵ configuration
 - (4) d³ to d⁵ configuration

Ans. (3)

- The reagents with which glucose does **not** react to give the corresponding tests/products are
 - A. Tollen's reagent
- B. Schiff's reagent
- C. HCN
- D. NH₂OH
- E. NaHSO₃

Choose the correct options from the given below:

- (1) B and C
- (2) A and D
- (3) B and E
- (4) E and D

Ans. (3)

82. Match List I with List II.

List-I	List-II
(Complex)	(Type of
	isomerism)

- A. $\lceil C_0(NH_3)_{\scriptscriptstyle 5}(NO_2) \rceil Cl_2$
- I. Solvate isomerism
- B. $\left[Co(NH_3)_5 (SO_4) \right] Br$
- II. Linkage isomerism
- C. $\lceil C_0(NH_3) \rceil \lceil C_r(CN) \rceil$
- III. Ionization isomerism
- D. $\lceil C_0(H_2O)_6 \rceil Cl_3$
- IV. Coordination isomerism

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) A-II, B-III, C-IV, D-I
- (2) A-I, B-III, C-IV, D-II
- (3) A-I, B-IV, C-III, D-II
- (4) A-II, B-IV, C-III, D-I

Ans. (1)

- 83. Arrange the following elements in increasing order of first ionization enthalpy:
 - Li, Be, B, C, N

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) Li < Be < B < C < N
- (2) Li < B < Be < C < N
- (3) Li < Be < C < B < N
- (4) Li < Be < N < B < C

Ans. (2)



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- **84.** 1 gram of sodium hydroxide was treated with 25 mL of 0.75 M HCL solution, the mass of sodium hydroxide left unreacted is equal to
 - (1) 750 mg
- (2) 250 mg
- (3) Zero mg
- (4) 200 mg

Ans. (2)

85. For the reaction $2A \Longrightarrow B + C$, $K_c = 4 \times 10^{-3}$. At a given time, the composition of reaction mixture is: $[A] = [B] = [C] = 2 \times 10^{-3} M.$

Then, which of the following is correct?

- (1) Reaction is at equilibrium.
- (2) Reaction has a tendency to go in forward direction.
- (3) Reaction has a tendency to go in backward
- (4) Reaction has gone to completion in forward

Ans. (3)

Chemistry: Section-B (Q. No. 86 to 100)

- 86. Given below are certain cations. Using inorganic qualitative analysis, arrange them in increasing group number from 0 to VI.
 - A. Al³⁺
- B. Cu²⁺
- C. Ba²⁺
- E. Mg²⁺

Choose the correct answer from the options given below:

- (1) B, A, D, C, E
- (2) B, C, A, D, E
- (3) E, C, D, B, A
- (4) E, A, B, C, D

Ans. (1)

87. The products A and B obtained in the following reactions, respectively, are

$$3ROH + PCl_3 \rightarrow 3RCl + A$$

 $ROH + PCl_5 \rightarrow RCl + HCl + B$

- (1) $POCl_3$ and H_3PO_3 (2) $POCl_3$ and H_3PO_4
- (3) H_3PO_4 and $POCl_3$
- (4) H₃PO₃ and POCl₃

Ans. (4)

88. Mass in grams of copper deposited by passing 9.6487 A current through a voltmeter containing copper sulphate solution for 100 seconds is:

(Given: Molar mass of Cu: 63 g mol^{-1} , 1F = 96487 C)

- (1) 3.15 g
- (2) 0.315 g
- (3) 31.5 g
- (4) 0.0315 g

Ans. (2)

89. The plot of osmotic pressure (Π) vs concentration (mol L⁻¹) for a solution gives a straight line with slope 25.73 L bar mol⁻¹. The temperature at which the osmotic pressure measurement is done is:

(Use $R = 0.083 L bar mol^{-1} K^{-1}$)

- (1) 37°C
- (2) 310°C
- (3) 25.73°C
- (4) 12.05°C

Ans. (1)

90. Identify the major product C formed in the following reaction sequence:

$$\begin{array}{c} CH_{3} - CH_{2} - CH_{2} - I \xrightarrow{\text{NaCN}} A \\ \xrightarrow{\text{OH}} Br_{2} & C \\ \xrightarrow{\text{Partial hydrolysis}} B \xrightarrow{\text{NaOH}} C \\ \xrightarrow{\text{Br}_{2}} & (Major) \end{array}$$

- (1) propylamine
- (2) butylamine
- (3) butanamide
- (4) α bromobutanoic acid

Ans. (1)

- **91.** Identify the **correct** answer.
- (1) Three resonance structures can be drawn for ozone
 - (2) BF₃ has non-zero dipole moment
 - (3) Dipole moment of NF₃ is greater than that of NH₃
 - (4) Three canonical forms can be drawn for CO_3^{2-} ion.

Ans. (4)







92. Given below are two statements:

Statement I: $\left[\text{Co(NH}_3)_6\right]^{3+}$ is a homoleptic $\left[\operatorname{Co}(\operatorname{NH}_3)_{4}\operatorname{Cl}_{2}\right]^{+}$ complex whereas is a heteroleptic complex.

Statement II: Complex $\left[\text{Co(NH}_3)_6\right]^{3+}$ has only one kind of ligands but $\left\lceil \mathrm{Co} \left(\mathrm{NH_3} \right)_{\!\! 4} \mathrm{Cl_2} \right\rceil^{\!\! +}$ has more than one kind of ligands.

In the light of the above statements, choose the correct answer from the options given below.

- (1) Both Statement I and Statement II are true.
- (2) Both Statement I and Statement II are false.
- (3) Statement I is true but Statement II is false.
- (4) Statement I is false but Statement II is true.

Ans. (1)

93. For the given reaction

'P' is

$$(4) \left\langle \begin{array}{c} O & O \\ \parallel & \parallel \\ C - C - C \end{array} \right\rangle$$

Ans. (2)

(1) Ce⁴⁺ and Yb²⁺

(2) Ce^{3+} and Eu^{2+}

(3) Gd^{3+} and Eu^{3+}

(4) Pm³⁺ and Sm³⁺

Ans. (1)

95. Consider the following reaction in a sealed vessel at equilibrium with concentrations of

$$N_2 = 3.0 \times 10^{-3} \, M, \, O_2 = 4.2 \times 10^{-3} \, M$$
 and

$$NO = 2.8 \times 10^{-3} M.$$

$$2NO_{(g)} \rightleftharpoons N_{2(g)} + O_{2(g)}$$

If $0.1 \text{ mol } L^{-1}$ of $NO_{(a)}$ is taken in a closed vessel, what will be degree of dissociation (a) of $NO_{(g)}$ at equilibrium?

- (1) 0.00889
- (2) 0.0889
- (3) 0.8889
- (4) 0.717

Ans. (4)

96. A compound X contains 32% of A, 20% of B and remaining percentage of C. Then, the empirical formula of X is:

(Given atomic masses of A = 64; B = 40; C = 32 u)

- $(1) A_2 BC_2$
- (2) ABC₃
- (3) AB_2C_2
- (4) ABC₄

Ans. (2)

The work done during reversible isothermal expansion of one mole of hydrogen gas at 25°C from pressure of 20 atmosphere to 10 atmosphere is:

(Given $R = 2.0 \text{ cal } K^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$)

- (1) 0 calorie
- (2) -413.14 calories
- (3) 413.14 calories
- (4) 100 calories

Ans. (2)



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- **98.** During the preparation of Mohr's salt solution (Ferrous ammonium sulphate), Which of the following acid is added to prevent hydrolysis of Fe^{2+} ion?
 - (1) dilute hydrochloric acid
 - (2) concentrated sulphuric acid
 - (3) dilute nitric acid
 - (4) dilute sulphuric acid

Ans. (4)

99. The rate of a reaction quadruples when temperature changes from 27°C to 57°C.

Calculate the energy of activation.

Given $R = 8.314 \text{ J K}^{-1} \text{ mol}^{-1}$, $\log 4 = 0.6021$

- (1) 38.04 kJ/mol
- (2) 380.4 kJ/mol
- (3) 3.80 kJ/mol
- (4) 3804 kJ/mol

Ans. (1)

100. Major products A and B formed in the following reaction sequence, are

$$\begin{array}{c|c} OH & \\ H_3C & & \\ \hline & PBr_3 & A & \underline{alc.KOH} & B \\ \text{(major)} & & \Delta & \text{(major)} \end{array}$$

(1)
$$A = H_3C$$

$$H_3C$$

$$\vdots$$

$$B = H_3C$$

(2)
$$A = H_3C$$

$$H_3C$$

$$Br$$

$$H_3C$$

$$B = H_3C$$

(3)
$$A = H_3C$$
 OH Br Br Br Br

(4)
$$A = \begin{bmatrix} H_3C \\ B_1C \end{bmatrix}$$
 $B_1 = \begin{bmatrix} H_3C \\ B_2C \end{bmatrix}$

Ans. (1)





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