### **Franklin County Noxious Weed Control Board**

### **Mission Statement**

The Franklin County Noxious Weed Control Board strives to serve as responsible stewards by supporting the protection of Franklin County's natural resources and the preservation of its rich agricultural heritage from the degrading impacts of noxious weeds.

We help landowners, land users and managers, government entities, and the local community comply with the state of Washington's weed law (RCW 17.10).

We accomplish our mission by:

- Executing a program emphasizing education in the identification and control of noxious weeds, and encouraging the control of priority species.
- Providing a trained staff of regulatory inspectors to survey for noxious weeds and work with landowners to formulate reasonable weed control plans compatible with our goals and, when necessary, to require controls.
- Maintaining a presence in the community by participating in local events, publishing an educational website and printed materials, and conducting regularly scheduled public board meetings.
- Offering technical assistance to encourage stewardship of natural resources by educating the community on the principles of integrated weed management.

The Franklin County Noxious Weed Control Board's complete Philosophy and Policy Statements are posted online at *fcweedboard.com/board-of-directors*.

#### **About The Noxious Weed List**

Noxious weeds are certain plant species the state has determined can cause ecological or economic harm.

The Noxious Weed List is updated annually and prioritized into three classes: A, B and C.

Class A Weeds are non-native species whose distribution in Washington is still limited. Preventing new infestations and eradicating existing ones are of the highest priority. Eradication of all Class A species is required by law statewide (RCW 17.10.140).

Class B and Class B-Designate Weeds are nonnative species presently limited to portions of the state. In regions where a Class B species is already abundant, control is decided at the local level. A further classification for certain Class B Weeds that occur in regions where they are not yet widespread is a Class B-Designate, which requires the prevention of seed production and dispersal. Preventing new infestations in such areas is a high priority.

Class C Weeds are species that are already widespread in Washington or are of special interest to the state's agricultural industry. A county weed board may require landowners to control a Class C Weed if it poses a threat to agriculture. Long-term programs of suppression and control are decided at the local level.

\*WEED IN TRANSITION: Kochia is a noxious weed that is intensely managed in portions of Franklin County and selected for increased management efforts in future years countywide.

Controlling noxious weeds is the landowner's responsibility.

### **OUR WEEDS OF FOCUS**

Noxious weeds we are actively working on or monitoring to prevent further spread:

babysbreath	loosestrife, purple
camelthorn	poison hemlock
cereal rye	puncturevine
common reed (nonnative genotypes)	Ravenna grass
Dalmatian toadflax	rush skeletonweed
hoary cress	saltcedar
houndstongue	thistle, Canada
jointed goatgrass	thistle, Scotch
knapweed, diffuse	velvetleaf
knapweed, spotted	white bryony
*kochia	yellow flag iris
longspine sandbur	yellow nutsedge
spikeweed	yellow starthistle





A winter annual, **yellow starthistle** germinates in the fall, over-winters as a seedling, then flowers in spring and summer. Each flowering plant can produce tens of thousands of seeds.

### **Contact Us**

509-545-3847
fcwb@co.franklin.wa.us
Learn more online at fcweedboard.com

# Franklin County 2020 Noxious Weed List





Yellow starthistle is a Class B Designate Noxious Weed in Franklin County where it is a significant rangeland problem. It can cause fatal Chewing Disease in horses and its sharp spines can injure cattle or other animals that graze around the plants. Pre-emergent herbicides applied in the fall or early spring, prior to flower production, are effective controls. Mowing is not effective and actually tends to spread this weed.

Learn more online at fcweedboard.com

### **FCNWCB Noxious Weed List**

### Weeds found in Franklin County are in gold font.

### Class A Weeds—Eradication required by law

common crupina	Crupina vulgaris
cordgrass, common	Spartina anglica
cordgrass, dense-flowered	Spartina densiflora
cordgrass, saltmeadow	Spartina patens
cordgrass, smooth	Spartina alterniflora
dyer's woad	Isatis tinctoria
eggleaf spurge	Euphorbia oblongata
false-brome	Brachypodium sylvaticum
floating primrose-willow	Ludwigia peploides
flowering rush	Butomus umbellatus
French broom	Genista monspessulana
garlic mustard	Alliaria petiolata
giant hogweed	Heracleum mantegazzianum
goatsrue	Galega officinalis
hydrilla	Hydrilla verticillata
Johnsongrass	Sorghum halepense
knapweed, bighead	Centaurea macrocephala
knapweed, Vochin	Centaurea nigrescens
kudzu	Pueraria montana var. lobata
meadow clary	Salvia pratensis
oriental clematis	Clematis orientalis
purple starthistle	Centaurea calcitrapa
reed sweetgrass	Glyceria maxima
ricefield bulrush	Schoenoplectus mucronatus
sage, clary	Salvia sclarea
sage, Mediterranean	Salvia aethiopis
silverleaf nightshade	Solanum elaeagnifolium
small-flowered jewelweed	Impatiens parviflora
South American spongeplant	Limnobium laevigatum
Spanish broom	Spartium junceum
Syrian beancaper	Zygophyllum fabago
Texas blueweed	Helianthus ciliaris
thistle, Italian	Carduus pycnocephalus
thistle, milk	Silybum marianum
thistle, slenderflower	Carduus tenuiflorus
variable-leaf milfoil	Myriophyllum heterophyllum
wild four-o'clock	Mirabilis nyctaginea
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## Class B Weeds—Control or containment required \*Class B Designate Weeds—Control required

*blueweed	Echium vulgare
*Brazilian elodea	Egeria densa
*bugloss, annual	Anchusa arvensis
*bugloss, common	Anchusa officinalis
butterflybush	Buddleja davidii
*camelthorn	Alhagi maurorum
*common fennel (except bulbing fennel)	Foeniculum vulgare (except F. vulgare var. azoricum)
common reed (nonnative)	Phragmites australis
*Dalmatian toadflax	Linaria dalmatica ssp. dalmatica
Eurasian watermilfoil	Myriophyllum spicatum
*European coltsfoot	Tussilago farfara
*fanwort	Cabomba caroliniana
*gorse	Ulex europaeus
*grass-leaved arrowhead	Sagittaria graminea
hairy willowherb	Epilobium hirsutum
*hawkweed oxtongue	Picris hieracioides
*hawkweed, orange	Hieracium aurantiacum
*Hawkweeds: non-natives and hybrids of meadow subgenus	Hieracium, subgenus Pilosella
*Hawkweeds: nonnatives and hybrids of wall subgenus	Hieracium subgenus Hieracium
*herb-Robert	Geranium robertianum
*hoary alyssum	Berteroa incana
*houndstongue	Cynoglossum officinale
indigobush	Amorpha fruticosa
*knapweed, black	Centaurea nigra
*knapweed, brown	Centaurea jacea
knapweed, diffuse	Centaurea diffusa
knapweed, meadow	Centaurea x moncktonii
knapweed, Russian	Rhaponticum repens
*knapweed, spotted	Centaurea stoebe
*knotweed, Bohemian	Polygonum x bohemicum

*knotweed, giant	Polygonum sachalinense
*knotweed, Himalayan	Persicaria wallichii
*knotweed, Japanese	Polygonum cuspidatum
*kochia (weed in transition)	Bassia scoparia
*lesser celandine	Ficaria verna
*loosestrife, garden	Lysimachia vulgaris
loosestrife, purple	Lythrum salicaria
loosestrife, wand	Lythrum virgatum
Malta starthistle	Centaurea melitensis
*parrotfeather	Myriophyllum aquaticum
perennial pepperweed	Lepidium latifolium
poison-hemlock	Conium maculatum
policeman's helmet	Impatiens glandulifera
puncturevine	Tribulus terrestris
Ravenna grass	Saccharum ravennae
ush skeletonweed	Chondrilla juncea
saltcedar	Tamarix ramosissima
Scotch broom	Cytisus scoparius
shiny geranium	Geranium lucidum
spurge flax	Thymelaea passerina
*spurge laurel	Daphne laureola
spurge, leafy	Euphorbia virgata
*spurge, myrtle	Euphorbia myrsinites
*sulfur cinquefoil	Potentilla recta
tansy ragwort	Jacobaea vulgaris
*thistle, musk	Carduus nutans
*thistle, plumeless	Carduus acanthoides
thistle, Scotch	Onopordum acanthium
velvetleaf	Abutilon theophrasti
water primrose	Ludwigia hexapetala
white bryony	Bryonia alba
wild chervil	Anthriscus sylvestris
yellow archangel	Lamiastrum galeobdolon
yellow floatingheart	Nymphoides peltata
yellow nutsedge	Cyperus esculentus
yellow starthistle	Centaurea solstitialis

### Class C Weeds—Local Control

babysbreath	Gypsophila paniculata
buffalobur	Solanum rostratum
cereal rye	Secale cereale
common St. Johnswort	Hypericum perforatum
field bindweed	Convolvulus arvensis
hairy whitetop	Lepidium appelianum
hoary cress	Lepidium draba
jointed goatgrass	Aegilops cylindrica
longspine sandbur	Cenchrus longispinus
reed canarygrass	Phalaris arundinacea
smoothseed alfalfa dodder	Cuscuta approximata
spikeweed	Centromadia pungens
thistle, bull	Cirsium vulgare
thistle, Canada	Cirsium arvense
yellowflag iris	Iris pseudacorus



### Have you seen this weed?

Franklin County has only one known infestation of **camelthorn**, a Class B Designate Noxious Weed. This spiny, intricately branched perennial shrub develops roots that may extend more than 6 feet underground, allowing it to thrive on dry or wet sites. This hardy species can be very difficult to control once established. The FCNWCB is working to eradicate camelthorn from a site near Ice Harbor Dam and to prevent new





infestations from occurring in the county.

If you find this species, please notify FCNWCB staff.

Learn more about noxious weeds at fcweedboard.com