С	ase 2:19-cv-02027-WBS-AC Document 38	3 Filed 03/25/20 Page 1 of 15	
1	Michael Postle		
2			
3	Telephone: (916) 790-4112 jrstox@yahoo.com	MAR 2 5 2020	
4	In pro per	CLERK, U.S. DISTRICT COURT EASTERN DISTRICT OF CALIFORNIA	
5			
6			
7	UNITED STATE	S DISTRICT COURT	
8		ICT OF CALIFORNIA	
9			
10	VERONICA BRILL; KASEY LYN	No. 2:19-CV-02027-WBS	
11	MILLS; MARC GOONE; NAVROOP SHERGILL; JASON SCOTT; AZAAN	DEFENDANT MICHAEL POSTLE'S	
12	NAGRA; ELI JAMES; PHUONG PHAN; JEFFREY SLUZINKI; HARLAN	NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO DISMISS PLAINTIFFS COMPLAINT	
13	KARNOFSKY; NATHAN PELKEY; MATT HOLTZCLAW; JON TUROVITZ;	Date: May 5, 2020	
14	ROBERT YOUNG; BLAKE ALEXANDER KRAFT; JAMAN YONN BURTON;	Time: 1:30 pm Courtroom: 5, 14 th Floor	
15	MICHAEL ROJAS; HAWNLAY SWEN; THOMAS MORRIS III; PAUL	Judge: Hon. William B. Shubb	
16	LOPEZ; ROLANDO CAO; BENJAMIN JACKSON; HUNG SAM; COREY		
17	CASPERS; ADAM DUONG,		
18	Plaintiffs,		
19	v.		
20	MICHAEL L. POSTLE; KING'S CASINO, LLC D/B/A STONES		
21	GAMBLING HALL; JUSTIN F. KURAITIS; JOHN DOES 1-10;		
22	JANE DOES 1-10,		
23	Defendants.		
24	TO ALL PARTIES AND THEIR COUNSEL OF RECORD:		
25	PLEASE TAKE NOTICE that on May 5, 2020, at 1:30 pm, or as		
26	soon thereafter as this matter	may be heard before the Honorable	
27	William B. Shubb, U.S. District	Judge of the Eastern District of	
28	Defendant Postle's Notice of Motion and Motion to Dismiss		

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California, located at Courtroom 5, 14th Floor, Robert T. Matsui 1 2 Federal Courthouse, 501 I Street, Sacramento, CA 95814, Defendant 3 Michael Postle, by and through his undersigned counsel, will and hereby does move this Court for an order dismissing the claims 4 5 against him in Plaintiffs Veronica Brill, et al.'s Complaint for 6 failure to state a claim upon which relief may be granted and 7 failure to allege claims of fraud and misrepresentation with the 8 required particularity under Fed. R. Civ. P. 8, 9(b),12 (b)(6); 28 U.S.C. § 1367. 9

For the reasons set forth below, Mr. Postle respectfully requests that this Court grant his Motion to Dismiss. This Motion is based upon this Notice, the attached Memorandum of Points and Authorities, and such other matter that may be presented at the hearing thereof.

Respectfully submitted,

MICHÀEL POSTLE

In pro per

Defendant Postle's Notice of Motion and Motion to Dismiss

Date: March 24, 2020

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MEMORANDUM OF POINTS AND AUTHORITIES

I. Introduction

Plaintiffs' Complaint for Damages ("Complaint") should be dismissed in its entirety because it fails either to state a claim upon which relief can be granted or to plead fraud with particularity.

7 Counts I, II, III, and IV should be dismissed because Plaintiffs fail to plead fraud with particularity. Plaintiffs 8 fail entirely to lay out the who, where, why, when, or how of the 9 alleged fraudulent conduct underlying each cause of action. 10 11 Instead, Plaintiffs present facts indicating that unknown parties, lost unknown funds, based on undescribed conduct, at an 12 13 unknown time, via unknown means. The allegations of the Complaint consist entirely of speculative or conclusory 14 15 statements and improper or illogical inferences from neutral 16 facts. Because Plaintiffs do not satisfy their elevated pleading 17 burden, Counts I through IV should be dismissed under Fed. R. 18 Civ. P. (hereinafter "Rule") 9(b) and 12(b)(6).

Second, Counts II through IV must also be dismissed for the 19 20 reasons set forth in King's Casino LLC's Motion to Dismiss, ECF 31, and Justin Kuraitis' Motion to Dismiss, ECF 33: (1) 21 22 Plaintiffs fail to plead each count with particularity; (2) 23 gambling losses are not cognizable as damages under California 24 law and public policy; and (3) Plaintiffs allege purely economic 25 losses and fail to assert a special relationship between 26 Plaintiffs and Mr. Postle.

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Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities

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1	Finally, Count V should be dismissed under 12(b)(6). Count
2	V purports to bring an action for unjust enrichment. Unjust
3	enrichment is not a recognized cause of action under either
4	federal or California law but rather a synonym for restitution.
5	III. Argument
6	A. Standards Governing Motions to Dismiss
7	Pursuant to Rule 12(b)(6), dismissal is appropriate where
8	the complaint lacks a cognizable legal theory or sufficient facts
9	to support a cognizable theory. Navarro v. Block, 250 F.3d 729,
10	732 (9th Cir. 2001). A complaint is also subject to dismissal
11	for failure to state a claim if the allegations on their face
12	show that relief is barred for some legal reason. Jones v. Bock,
13	549 U.S. 199, 215 (2007); see also Groten v. California, 251 F.3d
14	844 (9 th Cir. 2001).
15	The factual allegations in a complaint "must be enough to
16	raise a right to relief above the speculative level." Bell
17	Atlantic Corp. v. Twombly, 550 U.S. 544, 555 (2007). "A claim
18	has facial plausibility when the plaintiff pleads factual content
19	that allows the court to draw the reasonable inference that the
20	defendant is liable for the misconduct alleged." Ashcroft v.
21	Iqbal, 556 U.S. 662, 678 (2009). While a plaintiff need not
22	establish a probability of success on the merits, he or she must
23	demonstrate "more than a sheer possibility that a defendant has
24	acted unlawfully." Id. Importantly, "[w]here a complaint pleads
25	facts that are merely consistent with a defendant's liability, it
26	stops short of the line between possibility and plausibility of
27	entitlement to relief." Id.

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Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities

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1	The pleading of a cause of action involving fraud or mistake
2	is subject to the significantly more exacting standards of Rule
3	9(b). In contrast to the more lenient standard set forth in Rule
4	8(a)(2), Rule (9)(b) requires that a party "state with
5	particularity the circumstances constituting fraud or mistake" in
6	his or her complaint. Fraud must be plead "with a high degree of
7	meticulousness." Desaigoudar v. Meryercord, 223 F.3d 1020, 1022
8	(9 th Cir. 2000). The allegations of fraud "must be accompanied by
9	'the who, what, when, where, and how' of the misconduct charged"
10	and "must 'set forth more than the neutral facts necessary to
11	identify the transaction.'" Vess v. Ciba-Geigy Corp. USA, 317
12	F.3d 1097, 1106 (9th Cir. 2003).

13 The exacting specificity required by Rule 9(b) functions "to give defendants notice of the particular misconduct so that they 14 15 can defend against the charge and not just deny that they have 16 done anything wrong." Vess, supra, at 1106. Rule 9(b) also 17 functions to deter the filing of actions as a pretext for discovery of unknown wrongs, to protect defendants from "the harm 18 19 that comes from being subject to fraud charges, and to prohibit 20 plaintiffs from unilaterally imposing upon the court, the parties 21 and society enormous social and economic costs absent some 22 factual basis." Bly-Magee v. California, 236 F.3d 1014, 1018 (9th 23 Cir. 2001). The remedy when a plaintiff fails to plead fraud 24 with particularity is the same as in a Rule 12(b)(6) motion for 25 failure to state a claim on which relief can be granted. Vess, 26 317 F.3d at 1107.

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Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities

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1	B. Counts I through IV Must be Dismissed for Failing
2	to Plead Fraud with Particularity
3	1. Legal Standard
4	Counts I through IV all "sound in fraud." Counts II, III and
5	IV are fraud offenses. Count I also sounds in fraud as it
6	alleges wire fraud as the predicate racketeering offense.
7	The Racketeer Influenced and Corrupt Organizations Act
8	("RICO") makes it "unlawful for any person employed by or
9	associated with" an enterprise engaged in or affecting interstate
10	commerce "to conduct or participate, directly or indirectly, in
11	the conduct of such enterprise's affairs through a pattern of
12	racketeering activity." 18 U.S.C. § 1962(c). To a state a RICO
13	claim, a plaintiff must allege: "(1) conduct (2) of an enterprise
14	(3) through a pattern (4) of racketeering activity." Odom v.
15	Microsoft Corp., 486 F.3d 541, 547 (9th Cir.2007). The term
16	"racketeering activity" includes a number of so-called "predicate
17	acts," including mail and wire fraud. See 18 U.S.C. § 1961(1). To
18	establish the predicate acts of mail and wire fraud, a plaintiff
19	must show a scheme to defraud, involving use of the U.S. wires or
20	mail, with the specific intent to defraud. Schreiber Distrib. Co.
21	v. ServWell Furniture Co., 806 F.2d 1393, 1399-1400 (9th
22	Cir.1986).
23	Plaintiffs pleading a RICO violation predicated on fraud
24	must meet the heightened pleading standards imposed by Rule 9(b).

Plaintiffs pleading a RICO violation predicated on fraud must meet the heightened pleading standards imposed by Rule 9(b). See Edwards v. Marin Park, Inc., 356 F.3d 1058, 1065-66 (9th Cir. 2004). For the predicate offense of wire fraud, a plaintiff must allege with particularity: (1) the precise statements, documents, or misrepresentations made; (2) the time and place of and person Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities

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1	responsible for the statement; (3) the content and manner in
2	which the statements misled the Plaintiffs; and (4) what the
3	Defendants gained by the alleged fraud. Miccosukee Tribe of
4	Indians of Fla. v. Cypress, 814 F.3d 1202, 1212 (11th Cir. 2015);
5	see also Odom v. Microsoft Corp., 486 F.3d 541, 553 (9th
6	Cir.2007).
7	2. Argument
8	i. Counts I, II, III, and IV Each Fail
9	Because Plaintiffs Fail to Plead
10	Fraud with Particularity
11	Plaintiffs' Complaint fails to set forth facts with
12	particularity in support of Plaintiffs' averments of fraud. In
13	the place of the required fact pleading, Plaintiffs set forth
14	hypotheticals, speculation, and spurious statistical claims.
15	Plaintiffs fail to describe any specific poker hand, with any
16	specific Plaintiff, describing any specific fraudulent conduct,
17	causing any specific injury. As a result, Plaintiffs utterly
18	fail their pleading burden under Rule 9(b), by failing to set
19	forth facts with particularity in support of fraud.
20	Plaintiffs' Complaint alleges that Mr. Postle worked with an
21	unidentified "confederate" through an unidentified method to
22	secure information regarding the cards of unidentified poker
23	players in unidentified historical games. This utterly fails the
24	requirements of Rule 9(b). Plaintiff has failed to identify the
25	time, place, method, and specific content of Mr. Postle's alleged
26	misrepresentations constituting wire fraud. Plaintiffs instead
27	make speculative and nonspecific allegations such as "Mr. Postle
28	was able to achieve these results by engaging in a pattern and
	Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities 5

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practice of using one or more wire communication mechanisms to 1 2 defraud his opponents by gaining knowledge of their Hole Cards ... ". ECF 1, paragraph 61. This sort of rote recitation of the elements 3 4 of the cause of action cannot and does not suffice to meet the burden of Rule 9b. Similarly, rather than identify the particular 5 poker transactions during which Mr. Postle was alleged to have 6 7 conducted his scheme, the Complaint merely states that Mr. Postle 8 played on a range of dates throughout 2018 and 2019. ECF 1, 9 paragraph 100. There is no attempt to describe any particular 10 hand or any particular conduct by Mr. Postle that is alleged to 11 have comprised fraud.

Likewise, Plaintiffs fail entirely to allege the specific 12 13 harms suffered by specific plaintiffs. Each Plaintiff must 14 specifically plead the who, what, when, where, and how of the 15 alleged fraud to meet the pleading standard. The Complaint does 16 not offer facts laying out a single poker hand that Plaintiffs 17 allege to have been tainted by fraud or the manner in which they 18 allege such fraud to have taken place. As a result, no specific 19 injury sustained by any captioned Plaintiff can be identified nor 20 the logic behind the implication that Mr. Postle caused that 21 injury. Pleading these elements with particularity is a 22 requirement, not a suggestion of Rule 9(b). Without such 23 specific allegations, no substantive response beyond a general 24 denial is possible.

In the place of the requisite specific fact pleading, the Complaint engages in five pages of spurious statistics and speculative claims purporting to demonstrate that Mr. Postle's winnings were extraordinary. ECF 1, paragraphs 50 to 68. These Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities 6

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1 statistical claims are confused at best and substantially 2 insufficient to raise Plaintiffs' allegations above a merely 3 speculative level. The allegations of the Complaint merely 4 demonstrate that Mr. Postle won money, nothing more. Any 5 inference of unlawful conduct drawn from the naked fact of his winning would be entirely unfounded and illogical. Gambling is 6 7 inherently an activity involving players hoping for statistical 8 aberrations. The conclusion that a winning gambler is cheating 9 is a non sequitur, though undoubtedly a common one among losing 10 gamblers.

11 While a court must accept as true all "well-pleaded factual 12 allegations." Iqbal, supra, 129 S. Ct. at 1950, a court is not 13 "required to accept as true allegations that are merely 14 conclusory, unwarranted deductions of fact, or unreasonable 15 inferences." Sprewell, supra, at 988. Here, Plaintiffs' pleading 16 fails entirely to allege that Mr. Postle engaged in any specific 17 behavior amounting to, or creating a strong inference, of fraud. 18 Plaintiffs instead present page after page of speculation, 19 unsupported conclusion, spurious statistical claims and improper 20 or illogical inferences from neutral facts. As such, Plaintiffs 21 fail to plead sufficiently even to adequately describe the 22 conduct complained of, let alone the manner in which it amounted 23 to fraud or proximately caused any specific injury.

Accordingly, Counts II through IV should be dismissed for failure to plead fraud with particularity as required under Rule 9(b). Count I should similarly be dismissed because Plaintiffs fail to allege facts in support of the required predicate act of racketeering with particularity as required under Rule 9(b). Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities 7

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1	B. Count V Must be Dismissed for Failing to
2	State a Claim Under Which Relief Can Be
3	Granted
4	Plaintiff purports to bring a cause of action for "unjust
5	enrichment." As the Ninth Circuit has held repeatedly, California
6	law does not allow for a standalone cause of action for unjust
7	enrichment. Astiana v. Hain Celestial Grp., Inc., 783 F.3d 753,
8	762 (9th Cir. 2015). Rather, California law treats "unjust
9	enrichment" as synonymous with restitution. See e.g., Durell v.
10	Sharp Healthcare, 183 Cal.App.4th 1350 (2010); Jogani v. Superior
11	Court, 165 Cal.App.4th 901. Therefore, Plaintiffs' Count IV
12	fails to state a claim for relief and must be dismissed.
13	C. Counts II through V must also be Dismissed
14	for the Reasons Set Forth in Defendants Kings
15	Casino, LLC and Justin Kuraitis' Motions to
16	Dismiss
17	Defendants' Motions to Dismiss lay out numerous reasons why
18	each of these claims should be dismissed and Mr. Postle joins in
19	each of those arguments and adopts Defendants' Motions to Dismiss
20	and the arguments and authority cited therein as though fully set
21	forth herein.
22	As Kings' Casino, LLC's Motion to Dismiss demonstrates,
23	California law precludes each of these claims because alleged
24	gambling losses are not recoverable, both because such losses are
25	speculative and because lawsuits to recover such damages are
26	barred by long-standing California public policy. ECF 31, at 5-8.
27	Additionally, with regard to the putative negligence claims,
28	Plaintiffs fail entirely to allege the existence of a legal duty
	Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities 8

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1	owed to them by Mr. Postle. In fact, no specific person,
2	statement or event causing injury is described in the Complaint
3	as required by Rule 9(b).
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9	Respectfully submitted,
10	And all and have have have
11	Date: March 24, 2020
12	Defendant Michael L. Postle
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28	Defendant Postle's Memorandum of Point and Authorities 9
	Detendant Fostre S Memorandum of Forme and Authorities

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1	Michael Postle		
2	3724 Deerwalk Way Antelope, CA 95843		
3	Telephone: (916) 790-4112 jrstox@yahoo.com		
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5	In pro per		
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9		S DISTRICT COURT	
10	EASTERN DISTR	ICT OF CALIFORNIA	
11			
12	VERONICA BRILL, et al.,	No. 2:19-CV-02027-WBS	
13	Plaintiffs,	[PROPOSED] ORDER GRANDING DEFENDANT MICHAEL POSTLE'S	
14		MOTION TO DISMISS	
15	MICHAEL L. POSTLE, et al.,		
16	Defendants.		
17			
18			
19	[PROPOSED] ORDER Upon consideration of Michael Postle's Motion to Dismiss		
20	-		
21	plaintiffs' complaint, and for good cause appearing therein, IT IS HEREBY ORDERED that Defendant Michael Postle's Motion		
22	to Dismiss Plaintiffs' Complaint is GRANTED.		
23	-		
24	Date:, 2020		
25			
26			
27		VILLIAM B. SHUBB	
28		Senior United States District Judge	
	[PROPOSED] Order Granting Motion to Dismiss	1	
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4				

[PROPOSED] Order Granting Motion to Dismiss

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1	PROOF OF SERVICE
2	
3	I, William Portanova, declare:
4	I am a citizen of the United States and employed in the City
5	and County of Sacramento, CA. I am over the age of 18 and not a
6	party to the within action; my business address is 400 Capitol
7	Mall, Suite 1100, Sacramento, CA 95814.
8	On March 24, 2020, I served the following document(s)
9	described as:
10	DEFENDANT MICHAEL POSTLE'S NOTICE OF MOTION AND MOTION TO
11	DISMISS PLAINTIFF'S COMPLAINT
12	BY FACSIMILE TRANSMISSION: As follows: The papers have been transmitted to a facsimile machine by the
13	person on whom it is served at the facsimile machine telephone number as last given by that
14	person on any document which he or she has filed in the cause and served on the party making the
15	service. The copy of the notice or other paper served by facsimile transmission shall bear a
16	notation of the date and place of transmission and the facsimile telephone number to which transmitted
17	or be accompanied by an unsigned copy of the affidavit or certificate of transmission which
18	shall contain the facsimile telephone number to which the notice of other paper was transmitted to
19	the addressee(s).
20	BY MAIL: As follows: I am readily familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing
21	correspondence for mailing. Under that practice it would be deposited with U.S. postal service on that
22	same day with postage thereon fully prepaid at San Francisco, CA, in the ordinary course of business.
23	I am aware that on motion of the party served, service is presumed invalid if postage cancellation
24	date or postage meter date is more than one day after date of deposit for mailing in affidavit.
25	BY OVERNIGHT MAIL: As follows: I am readily
26	familiar with the firm's practice of collection and processing correspondence for overnight mailing.
27	Under that practice, it would be deposited with overnight mail on that same day prepaid at San
28	Francisco, CA in the ordinary course of business. Proof of Service

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С	use 2:19-cv-02027-WBS-AC Document 38 Filed 03/25/20 Page 15 of 15
1	X BY ELECTRONIC MAIL TRANSMISSION: By electronic mail
2	transmission from William Portanova on March 24, 2020, by transmitting a PDF format copy of such document(s)
3	to:
4	Michael Lipman at mllipman@duanemorris.com
5	(Lead Attorney for Defendant King's Casino, LLC);
6	Maurice VerStandig at mac@mbvesq.com (Lead Attorney for Plaintiffs, Pro Hac Vice); and
7	Richard Pachter at richard@pachterlaw.com
8	(Lead Attorney for Defendant Justin Kuraitis).
9	The document(s) was/were transmitted by electronic
10	transmission and such transmission was reported as complete and without error.
11	Executed on March 24, 2020 at Sacramento, CA.
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13	Ing /
14	Ma pro-
15	William Portanova
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28	Proof of Service 2