DUEEN GARNET

Prunus salicina Fruit Extract

Delivering "true to nature" hydrophilic plant profiles. Cellular Extraction hamesses the species water-soluble blueprint of phyto-compounds and their derivatives (the entourage), in their synergistic relationships, as they exist in the cell. Extracted rapidly under high pressure, we maintain the molecules' natural integrity. Committed to conscious manufacturing, Cellular Extracts are created using purified, deionised, rainharvestd water and less plant material than past processes to produce a natural extract, that is eco-sustainable, traceable to source, transparent in composition delivering the brilliance of nature.

The Queen Gamet Plum is a patented non-native Australian species, originally endemic to Japan, but supercharged its profile as a result of adapting to the harsh conditions of the pristine Australian environment. Globally recognised and highly prized as a unique species and source of anthocyanins, this species offers exciting new possibilies for benefits in Cosmetic, Nutraceutical, natural Pharmaceutical, Food and Beverage industry sectors.

Introducing the world first NE Queen Garnet Cellular Extract offering a powerhouse of antioxidants and an interesting profile of anthocyanins, chlorogenic acid, rutin, epicatechin, quercetin and more.

In pursuit to learn more about this species profile, we have listed publicly available, peer reviewed research on these compounds below. This is for educational purposes and is not based on clinical trials of the Cellular Extract, Extracts deliver natural molecules and connects your brand to nature.



WATER-SOLUBLE PHYTO-

ANTHOCYANINS

• Skin lightening / Depigmentation potential Human tissue in-vitro studies show inhibition of Tyrosinase activity, a key enzyme in melanogenesis process leading to pigmentation1

. Studies show decreased melanin formation topically¹ Inhibit pigmentation format, blocks the process.

Photo-aging protection

Demonstrated to significantly reduce UVA-13,14 and UVBinduced DNA damage, large variety of photo-ageing and, protein oxidation and lipid peroxidation within reconstituted human skin tissue, dermal fibroblasts and keratinocytes¹⁵²⁰

Reduces redness and sensitivity by inhibiting overexpression and activity of matrix metalloproteinases (MMPs)e.g. collagenase, elastase, thereby protecting the cells from UV-induced a poptosis 15-20, presumably through its UVB-dominant absorption capacity reported at approximately 46%2

Anti-aging / Conditioning / Inhibit cell damage Potential anti-aging benefits through protective anti- proliferative effects against damaged skin cells, and uncontrolled division thereof^{66,16}

Protect cells from premature death/apoptosis induced metastasis control3-6,14

Protection against oxidative stress improving skin longevity and maintains healthy condition3-6,

Maintains skin viability, collagen and elastin support Protects collagenproducing cells (fibroblasts) against oxidative damage via inhibition of peroxy radicals production8 Captures the environmental and internal heavy metals that induce aging8

Reduces amounts of damaging free radicals, lipid breakage (peroxidation), and DNA damage to prolong good skin, improving flexibility and functionality9

Anti-wrinkle and skin flexibility - anti-glycation activity

Prevents glycation process and protein damage¹¹ Alleviate tissue inflammation, reduced activation of stress cascades to improve skin cell function12

Potent antioxidant properties - improved skin life cycle, function &quality

Supported significant decrease of induced DNA damage and intracellular ROS, along with an increase in cellular defence enzyme^{22,23}

Holds antioxidant capacity towards oxygen radicals^{24,25} and oxidised ferric species²⁶⁻²⁸, scavenging activity towards superoxide29 and peroxynitrite30, inhibition of human LDL oxidation³¹ and lipid peroxidation³⁰, pro-antioxidant activity in form of ability to bind heavy metals such as iron, zinc and copper32 and induction of intracellular defence enzymes333

Anti-inflammatory activity - inflammation reduction⁴¹

Reported to inhibit the expression of cytokines (molecules being produced in response to stress and

imitation) such as cyclooxygenase-2 (COX-2) and inducible nitric oxide (iNOS) protein, involved in many inflammatory processes, by suppressing NF- \Box B through down regulation of MAPK-mediated pathways 3538 with almost no change to the antioxidative status in-vivo 39,40

Anti-inflammatory activity via radical scavenging, inflammatory messengers and signalling pathways'

Inhibitor of tumour nec rosis factor-alpha (TNF-a) production in-vitro, as well as of numerous inflammatory Inhibits epidermal and livercyclooxygenase (COX) and

lipoxygenase (LOX) activities 67 Exerts broad scavenging activity against reactive oxygen and nitrogen species $^{4\beta,9}$

Maintains skin-tissue vitality both by moderating sun exposure

impact and exerting anti-glycation activities Elevates epidermal cells' (keratinocytes) intracellular

antioxidant activity following UVA irradiation, hence s uppresses UVA-induced cell death (a poptosis) in human^{10,11} and animal¹² keratinocytes Significantly prevents UVB-induced glutathione (GSH)

depletion and tissue degradation in animal model¹³ Produce sun protection factor (SPF) values similar to those of the classical sunscreen substances benzophenone¹⁴ and homosalate (a reference filter used to establish FDA standards 15

Deemed a desirable compound for incorporation into sunscreen formulations due to excellent UVA/UVB absorption capacity16

Found to significantly reduce secretion of tissuedegrading enzymes upon UVA or UVB exposure, thereby maintaining skin integrity via topical application17

Represents a useful stabilising additive for the formulation of effective broad-spectrum sunscreens containing widely used and readily available filters 15

Skin appearance enhancer via anti-glycation and potential longevity

Presents good penetration of outermost skin layer (Stratum Corneum) and retention in viable epidermis when incorporated into emulsions 1920 Dose dependently increases production of hyaluronic acid in epidermis cell line, elevating skin moisture and improve facial wrinkles21

Inhibits A GEs formation via chelating catalytic metal ions and entrapment of both glycation mediators and reactive oxygen species 22,23

Shown to suppress the levels of A GEs and

Identified as proteasome activator with antioxidant properties that consequently influence cells' lifespan, survival and viability, while creating a rejuvenating effect over senescent human fibroblasts2 A ssociated with under-eye area skin rejuvenation by

NE Queen Gamet Cellular Extract Concentrate: ANE0616 Standard 1:10: ANE0616-10

POTENTIAL APPLICATIONS

- Body clays, muds, scrubs
- Body moisturisers, milks, lotions
- Day, night creams, lotions
- Eye contour products, serums
- Face masks, scrubs
- Face strips, patches
- Generally, suits most cosmetic applications
- Hair, scalp, products, treatments
- Hand, feet creams
- Hand liquid soaps, towelletes, wipes
- Hyperpigmentation creams, serums
- Men, tennage products, serums
- Sun care, after sun products

- Anti-aging care, antioxidant care
- Anti-glycation, barrier function
- Blemish care (acne prone skin)
- Collagen, elastin support
- Dark pigmented areas, exfoliation
- Fine lines and wrinkles
- Hair growth, maintenance, protection
- Hair maintenance, protection
- Inflammation reduction
- Reactive skin conditions (dermatitis, psoriasis, rosacea)
- Skin conditioning, firmness, hydration Skin radiance, luminosity
- Skin improvement, wound healing Possibilities are based on compound information and not on the extract information. This information is to assist youin your R&D till

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on/off formulations

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CAS: 1214268-59-3 Not allocated

CC: Not aniocated Cellular Extraction delivers theretural water-soluble compounds for species. To assist youring redient research weidentified publicly available information on these compounds from other sources and their potential uses. Information is not based on specific clinical trials of the Cellular Extract.

Want to work with natural molecules as they exist in the cell?

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taking a role in improving dark circles and course wrinkles2

Prevents hair loss and promotes hair fdte proliferation

Demonstrated to provide effective treatment for a lo pecia areata (AA) as well as reduce spontaneous onset of A A in preclinical trials27

Shows protective effects against induced toxicity and hair cell damage in-vivo²⁸

Effectively and positively affects human scalp in clinical trials, presenting 214% hair growth compared to control and 94% growth compared to commercially available treatment (Minoxidil), in combination with EGCG25

Potentially holds skin whitening effect

Reducing levels of the melanogenic tyrosinase in-vitro, as sociated with, but not limited to the activation of

RUIIN

- Multifunctional activity as antioxidant, antiinflammatory and organo-protective agent maintaining vascular integrity and well being14
- Holds skin whitening effects

Anti-melanogenic activity via inhibition of tyrosinase and related proteins⁵⁷

- Completely inhibits hair follicle cell death and habulb regression When applied in combination with accompanying compounds8
- Improves skin elasticity and reduces wirlle formation through antiglycation activities

With high antioxidant activity, it effectively inhibited the generation of pre-AGE products and exhibited inhibitory effects on the formation of other intermediates and A G Es

Evidently penetrates outermost skin layer (Stratum Comeum)¹⁰ and inhibits glycation of type I collagen invitro11

Increased elasticity and decreased the length, area and number of wrinkes¹²

Holds strong affinity to suppress the formation of both initial and advanced stages of the glycation process as well as collagen crosslinking13-15

Effective and safe compound to be used imultifunctional

Robustly elevated clinical solar protection factor (SPF) by about 70% when combined into a formulation containing UV filters (sunscreen agents) Produce SPF values similar to that of homosalate (a reference UV filter used to establish FDA standards)17

EPICATECHIN

Protects from skin aging due to sun exposure

Outstanding antioxidants^{1,11-16}

Demonstrated to protect skin cells against UVB-induced damage by modulating cellular defence enzymes' activity3

Shown to inhibit skin proteins' and tissue degradation caused by damaging UV exposure4

Prevents collagen breakdown by inhibiting collagenase by up to 70%5

Maintains skin flexibility and prevents wrinkle formation

Exerts significant inhibitory effect on skin structural proteins glycation6, acting indirectly on the crosslinking process^{7,17}

Exerts significant wound healing properties and alleviates swelling

Reduces swelling and exudates, accelerates wound closure and enhances amounts of fibroblasts and collagen fibres in affected region^{4,20}

Inhibits swelling (edema) and associated pain^{5,8}

Counteracts acne via broad spectrum antiinflammatory properties

Suppresses inflammation by inhibiting expression and secretion of inflammatory mas sengers^{9,15,16,21-23} Reduces sebum secretion in topical treatment of a c ne^{10}

FLAVONOID GLYCOSIDES

 Large group of natural substances with various phenolic structures derived from the plant world, well known for their beneficial countless effects on health12

Considered in dispensable component in a variety of nutraceutical, pharmaceutical, medicinal and cosmetic applications

Possess anti-oxidative, anti-inflammatory, anti-microbial and anti-aging properties coupled with their capacity b modulate key cellular enzyme function

Hold various protective roles against numerous human

PHFNOLICS

- Key class of large and diverse dietary compounds,
 - natural antioxidants^{1,2}
- Exhibit a variety of functions, including: Antioxidant activity - neutralise or capture toxic and mutagenic species constantly forming in the skin as by product of

Anti-inflammatory properties - Responding to the exposure to external factors which may cause various types of damage, internal injuries, irritation or allergies 79 Antimicrobial action – possess potent antifungal, antiviral and antibacterial activity, as an alternative to broad spectrum antibiotics which may lead to negative influence on skin microflora and resistance of many bacterial strains 1014

Anti-aging benefits:

Skin cell renewal - can slow down or even reverse the decreasing capacity of epidermis to replace and detoxify dead cells, which rapidly declines with age1517 Stimulation of collagen and elastin synthesis - facilitate maintenance of proper skin structure and integrity of skin tissue, thereby stalling fine line and wrinkle formation¹⁸²³

Attenuation of pigment (melanin) production in epidermis - excessive production of melanin caused predominantly by UV exposure, as well as drugs, chemicals and particular disease states, may lead to dermal disorders²⁴⁻³⁰

Protection from sun damage (UV radiation) - Restores the antioxidant defence properties of the skin and attenuates the accumulation of DNA alterations31-36

Preventing or attenuating the progression of certain skin disorders such as, but not limited

to, psoriasis37,38, rosacea39, acne40-42, allergies44, dermatitis⁴⁵ and dermatophytosis^{46,47}

Enhanced healing of incised and chronic wounds and burns - by accelerating the following cascade of

regenerative processes48-51 **CHLOROGENICACIDÍCGA**

Potent antioxidant and chelating agent stable under

Can serve as topical agent due to not degrading under UVA or UVB irradiation1

Significantly attenuated the accumulation of aluminiumbased biotoxicity and associated oxidative stress2 Provides effective defence against hydrogen-peroxide oxidative stress to protect tissues from adverse effects³

- Long term skin lightening potential
- Natural suppressor of pigment formation⁴
- Accelerates wound healing



N E Queen Gamet Cellular Extract Concentrate: ANE0616 Standard 1:10: ANE0616-10

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POSSIBILITIES TO TRIAL

- Anti-aging care, antioxidant care
- Anti-glycation, barrier function
- Blemish care (acne prone skin) Collagen, elastin support
- Dark pigmented areas, exfoliation
- Fine lines and wrinkles
- Hair growth, maintenance, protection
- Hair maintenance, protection Inflammation reduction
- Reactive skin conditions (dermatitis, psoriasis, rosacea)
- Skin conditioning, firmness, hydration
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Reduce your carbon footprint. Extracted using rain-harvested water

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Supports wound healing in a dose-dependent manner by enhancing antioxidant defence, fibroblast migration to affected area and angiogenesis (blood vessel formation)55

Possesses significant anti-inflammatory activities Suppresses signalling pathways involved in inflammatory response and cell death (apoptosis) by decreasing secretion of pro-inflammatory cytokines Reversed inflammatory cytokine (IL-1 β)-mediated downregulation of collagen II10

Exerts anti-wrinkle activity and maintains skin firmness and flexibility

Inhibits dermal glycation, thus preventing formation of altered rigid protein-sugar crosslinked structures 11,12 Stimulates up to 2-fold increase in synthesis of collagen, elastin and associated polysaccharides¹³ Decreases levels of matrix degrading enzymes (MMPs) and increases collagen and hyaluronic acid contents 14

Alleviates skin initation and redness

Prevents UV-induced Erythema (skin reddening)¹⁵

ORGANICACIDS

- Immense group of multifunctional ingredients encompassing phenolic, carboxylic, phenol-carboxylic and sulfonic acids, as well as weaker acids containing enol, alcohol and thiol residues.
- In addition to their antimicrobial and anti-acne¹ properties, organic acids can also provide skin discolouration benefits1, exfoliating2, emollient3, moisturising4 and conditioning properties.
- · Internally, organic acids are known for its antioxidant and scavenging capacities against naturally occurring radicals, suppression of inflammatory agents and positive effects on microbiome 6

Usefulas humectants

Hydrophilic, waters oluble and in most cases hygroscopic (absorbs water vapour from the air) because their hydroxyl groups form hydrogen bonds with water molecules, resulting in their hydration and dissolution into the hosting skin1

AVINOACIDS

- A mino A cids (AAs) are the building blocks of proteins and peptides (proteins too small to make up tertiary structures). More than 300 AAs have been described, however only 20 AAs take part in protein synthesis. There are 11 non-essential AAs which our body is able to synthesise, and 9 essential AAs which we must supplement from our diet1
- A As are generally known to regulate gene expression and protein metabolism e.g. skin collagen synthesis rates³, enhance wound healing^{4,5}, exert antioxidant activities⁶, strengthen the immune system⁷, improve skin barrier function8, maintain skin vitality as anti-aging

agents9, contribute to hair viability by constituting the building blocks for hair strand synthesis alongside multiple as pects of hair maintenance and protection 10-15, and play a pivotal role in disease prevention1618

Peaks identified and verified by an independent Australian Government body, Southern Cross University. SDS and Technical Specification available on request. ANTHOC/ANNO.

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CLEAN & FUNCTIONAL - delivering the brilliance of natures design

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N E Queen Garnet Cellular Extract Concentrate: ANE0616

Standard 1:10: ANE0616-10 POTENTIAL APPLICATIONS

- Body clays, muds, scrubs
- Body moisturisers, milks, lotions
- Day, night creams, lotions
- Eye contour products, serums Face masks, scrubs
- Face strips, patches Generally, suits most cosmetic applications
- Hair, scalp, products, treatments Hand, feet creams
- Hand liquid soaps, towelletes, wipes
- Hyperpigmentation creams, serums
- Men, tennage products, serums
- Sun care, after sun products

POSSIBILITIES TO TRIAL

- Anti-aging care, antioxidant care
- Anti-glycation, barrier function
- Blemish care (acne prone skin) Collagen, elastin support
- Dark pigmented areas, exfoliation
- Fine lines and wrinkles
- Hair growth, maintenance, protection Hair maintenance, protection
- Inflammation reduction
- Reactive skin conditions (dermatitis, psoriasis, rosacea)
- Skin conditioning, firmness, hydration
- Skin radiance, luminosity
- Skin improvement, wound healing
 Possibilities are based on compound information and not on the extract information. This information is to assist youin your R&D to

PRODUCTION

Water/Glycerin Extract Add at the end phase, <40℃ Ethanolic option available

PLANT PART: ORIGIN Fruit: Australia

USAGE GUIDE

Concentrate: 1.0 - 2.0%

Standard 1:10:3.0 - 6.0% Wash

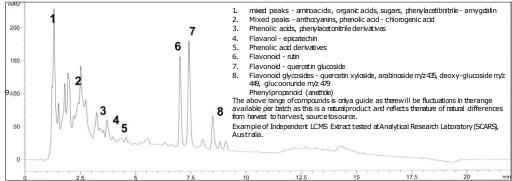
on/off formulations

COMPLIANCE

INCI: Prunus salicina Fruit Extract CAS: 1214268-59-3 EC: Not allocated

CC: Not aniocated Cellular Extraction delivers theretural water-soluble compounds for species. To assist youring redient research weidentified publicly available information on these compounds from other sources and their potential uses. Information is not based on specific clinical trials of the Cellular Extract.

24 months unopened from date of manufacture



Forging the future of A-Beauty: POWERED BY NATURE

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