TRAFFIC IMPACT STUDY

For

Proposed Warehouse Development Block 168, Lots 17, 18, 19.02, 19.04, & 19.08 Township of Howell Monmouth County, New Jersey

Prepared For:

AASTHW Property, LLC 5 Tenafly Road, Suite 416 Englewood, NJ 07631

Prepared By:

Langan Engineering & Environmental Services, Inc.

989 Lenox Drive, Suite 124

Lawrenceville, NJ 08648

NJ Certificate of Authorization No: 24GA27996400

Daniel D. Disario, P.E., PTOE

P.E. License No. 40025

Eric J. Viloria, P.E.

P.E. License No. 55407



30 November 2021 130176701

Table of Contents

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY	
INTRODUCTION	1
Project Description	1
Study Area	1
Scope of Study	
DESCRIPTION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS	3
Roads	Э
NJ Route 33	
Park Avenue (NJ Route 33 Business)	
Elton Adelphia Road (County Road (CR) 524)	З
Fairfield Road	3
Brickyard Road	
Baker Road	3
Bennett Road	4
Traffic Volumes	
ESTIMATE OF FUTURE CONDITIONS	
Background Traffic Growth	5
No-Build Condition	5
Site-Generated Trips	5
Trip Distribution	6
Build Traffic Volumes	
ANALYSIS OF TRAFFIC OPERATIONS	7
Level of Service Criteria	7
Capacity Analysis	8
Elton Adelphia Road (CR 524) and Fairfield Road / School Driveway	9
Fairfield Road and NJ Route 33 EB Off-Ramp	.10
Fairfield Road and Baker Road	.10
Fairfield Road and Bennett Road	.10
Fairfield Road and Site Driveway 1 (North)	.10
Fairfield Road and Site Driveway 2 (South)	.11
CONCLUSIONS	.11

List of Figures

Figure 1 - Site Location Map

Figure 2 - 2021 Existing Traffic Volumes

Figure 3 - Traffic Volume Adjustments

Figure 4 - 2021 Adjusted Existing Traffic Volumes

Figure 5 - 2023 Base Traffic Volumes

Figure 6 - Total Adjacent Development Traffic Volumes

Figure 7 - 2023 No-Build Traffic Volumes

Figure 8 - Passenger Vehicle Arrival and Departure Distributions

Figure 9 - Truck Arrival and Departure Distributions

Figure 10 - Passenger Vehicle Site-Generated Trips

Figure 11 - Truck Site Generated Trips

Figure 12 - Total Site-Generated Trips

Figure 13 - 2023 Build Traffic Volumes

List of Tables

Table 1 – Trip Generation Estimates

Table 2 – Arrival and Departure Trip Distributions

Table 3 – Intersection Capacity Analysis Summary

Table 4 – Supplemental Intersection Capacity Analysis Summary

Appendices

Appendix A - Figures

Appendix B - Journey To Work Model

Appendix C - Traffic Counts

Appendix D - Adjacent Development Volume Worksheets

Appendix E - Timing Directives

Appendix F - Capacity Analysis Printouts

EXECUTIVE SUMMARY

AASTHW Property LLC retained Langan Engineering and Environmental Services to prepare a traffic impact study for a proposed 212,844 square foot (sf) warehouse building. The site is located along the southbound side of Fairfield Road. It is bordered on the east by Fairfield Road, on the west and south by undeveloped land, and on the north by the NJ Route 33 EB Off-Ramp. Two full-movement driveways will provide site access along Fairfield Road.

Langan estimated the number of new trips the proposed warehouse development would generate based on data compiled for Land Use Code 150 (Warehousing) by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) as contained in the publication <u>Trip Generation</u>, 11th Edition. We estimated that the proposed warehouse development would generate approximately 52 trips (34 enter, 18 exit) during the weekday morning peak hour and 52 trips (12 enter, 40 exit) during the weekday evening peak hour.

We determined the directional distribution of the site-generated trips for the proposed warehouse development based on existing area travel patterns, demographic data, traffic studies for other nearby developments, and a journey-to-work model, which is included in Appendix B.

We conducted capacity analyses for the following intersections:

- Park Avenue (NJ 33 Business) / NJ Route 33 WB Off-Ramp and Fairfield Road / Brickyard Road;
- Elton Adelphia Road (County Road 524) and Fairfield Road / School Driveway;
- Fairfield Road and NJ Route 33 EB Off-Ramp;
- Fairfield Road and Baker Road;
- Fairfield Road and Bennett Road;
- Fairfield Road and Site Driveway 1;
- Fairfield Road and Site Driveway 2.

Based on our analyses, we determined the proposed warehouse development would not significantly alter overall area traffic operations during peak hours. The proposed driveways will also operate at acceptable levels of service (LOS) during peak traffic hours.

INTRODUCTION

AASTHW Property LLC retained Langan Engineering and Environmental Services to prepare a traffic impact study for a proposed 212,844 square foot (sf) warehouse building. The project site is located along Fairfield Road in the Township of Howell, Monmouth County, New Jersey.

Project Description

The site is located along the southbound side of Fairfield Road. It is bordered on the east by Fairfield Road, on the west and south by undeveloped land, and on the north by the NJ Route 33 EB Off-Ramp. The Howell tax maps designate the site as Block 168, Lots 17, 18, 19.02, 19.04, & 19.08. Figure 1 shows the site location.

The project proposes a 212,844 square foot (sf) warehouse building. Two full-movement driveways will provide site access along Fairfield Road.

Study Area

We conducted capacity analyses for the following intersections:

- Park Avenue (NJ 33 Business) / NJ Route 33 WB Off-Ramp and Fairfield Road / Brickyard Road;
- Elton Adelphia Road (County Road 524) and Fairfield Road / School Driveway;
- Fairfield Road and NJ Route 33 EB Off-Ramp;
- Fairfield Road and Baker Road;
- Fairfield Road and Bennett Road:
- Fairfield Road and Site Driveway 1;
- Fairfield Road and Site Driveway 2.

The section "Description of Existing Conditions" presents an inventory of the physical road conditions.

SCOPE OF STUDY

Langan undertook the following steps to prepare this study according to standard accepted methodologies:

- Conducted a field examination of the site and surrounding road network to inventory
 physical and regulatory conditions including the number of lanes, lane assignments,
 channelization, traffic-control devices, lateral clearances, and other factors that limit traffic
 capacity.
- 2. Conducted turning movement counts at the study intersections in October 2021, when COVID-19 restrictions were lifted and schools were in session with in-person learning. However, the 2021 traffic counts may not be representative of typical traffic conditions. We also obtained historical count data from the New Jersey Department of Transportation (NJDOT) from 2013 and 2016 to aid in establishing traffic volumes representative of typical traffic conditions. We then identified the existing weekday morning and evening peak hour traffic volumes based on the collected traffic count data.
- 3. Applied the NJDOT Monmouth County growth factors of 1.00, 1.25, 1.75, and 2.50 percent per year as appropriate to the existing weekday peak hour traffic volumes to establish 2023 Base traffic volumes.
- 4. Obtained traffic information for local developments not yet built in the study area. Estimated traffic for those local developments. Added that local development traffic to the 2023 Base volumes to establish the 2023 No-Build traffic volumes.
- 5. Prepared trip generation estimates for the proposed warehouse development based on research data developed by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE).
- 6. Developed trip distribution for the proposed warehouse development based on existing area travel patterns, demographic data, review of traffic studies for other nearby developments, a journey-to-work model, and the likely travel paths of site-generated traffic.
- 7. Assigned site-generated trips to the site driveways and the surrounding roadway network based on the likely travel routes motorists will use to travel to and from the site.
- 8. Established future 2023 Build traffic volumes by adding site-generated trips to the 2023 No-Build traffic volumes.
- 9. Performed intersection capacity analyses for the weekday morning and evening peak hours using Synchro Software.

DESCRIPTION OF EXISTING CONDITIONS

This section describes the roads and traffic volumes near the site.

Roads

NJ Route 33

NJ Route 33 is an urban principal arterial freeway/expressway under New Jersey Department of Transportation (NJDOT) jurisdiction. NJ Route 33 has a general east-west orientation and provides one travel lane in each direction in the immediate study area. The posted speed limit within the study area is 55mph.

Park Avenue (NJ Route 33 Business)

Park Avenue (NJ Route 33 Business) is an urban principal arterial under NJDOT jurisdiction. Park Avenue has a general east-west orientation and provides one travel lane in each direction in the immediate study area. The posted speed limit within the study area is 50mph.

Elton Adelphia Road (County Road (CR) 524)

Elton Adelphia Road (CR 524) is an urban major collector under Monmouth County jurisdiction. CR 524 has a general east-west orientation and provides one travel lane in each direction in the immediate study area. The posted speed limit within the study area is 45mph

Fairfield Road

Fairfield Road is a local road. The roadway has a general north-south orientation and provides one travel lane in each direction in the immediate study area. The posted speed limit within the study area is 45mph.

Brickyard Road

Brickyard Road is a local road. The roadway has a general north-south orientation and provides one travel lane in each direction in the immediate study area. The posted speed limit within the study area is 35mph.

Baker Road

Baker Road is a private driveway. The roadway has a general east-west orientation and provides one travel lane in each direction in the immediate study area. There is no posted speed limit.

Bennett Road

Bennett Road is a local road. The roadway has a general east-west orientation and provides one travel lane in each direction in the immediate study area. The posted speed limit within the study area is 40mph.

Traffic Volumes

To examine traffic conditions near the site, we arranged turning movement counts (TMC) at the study intersections on a typical weekday. The TMCs occurred after New Jersey lifted COVID-19 restrictions and schools were in session with in-person learning. Specifically, we arranged for TMCs from 6:00 AM to 10:00 AM and from 2:00 PM to 6:00 PM on Tuesday, October 5, 2021.

The traffic counts identify distinct times during the weekday morning and evening hours when traffic experienced its highest levels. According to the traffic data, the weekday morning peak hour occurred from 7:30 AM to 8:30 AM and the weekday evening peak hour occurred from 4:30 PM to 5:30 PM.

Due to the effects of the COVID-19 pandemic, the count data might not represent typical traffic conditions. Therefore, we obtained NJDOT automatic traffic recorder (ATR) counts conducted in January 2013 along Park Avenue (NJ Route 33 Business) and in October 2016 along the NJ Route 33 WB On-Ramp and EB Off-Ramp near the site. The 2013 NJDOT ATR counts were higher in the eastbound direction during the morning peak hour along Park Avenue and the 2016 NJDOT ATR counts were higher along both NJ Route 33 ramps during the morning and evening peak hours. Therefore, to be conservative, we increased the 2021 TMCs to conservatively derive the 2021 Adjusted Existing traffic volumes in the study area.

Additionally, McDonough & Rea Associates, Inc., conducted turning movement counts for the Rock Solid Realty-Warehouse development. Specifically, they collected counts along Fairfield Road in December 2018 and October 2019. Based on a comparison to the December 2018 and October 2019 traffic volumes, the 2021 Adjusted Existing traffic volumes are representative of existing traffic conditions.

Figure 2 illustrates the 2021 Existing weekday morning and evening peak hour traffic volumes. We then utilized the higher 2013 and 2016 NJDOT ATR volumes to increase and balance traffic volumes between intersections by adjusting specific movements upwards, where appropriate. Figure 3 shows the traffic volume adjustments. Figure 4 shows the 2021 Adjusted Existing weekday morning and evening peak hour traffic volumes. Summaries of the traffic count data are contained in Appendix C.

ESTIMATE OF FUTURE CONDITIONS

This section of the report covers background traffic growth, adjacent developments, site-generated trips, trip distribution, and future traffic volumes. We anticipate the developer will complete the project by the end of 2023. Accordingly, we projected traffic volumes to include existing traffic, new traffic created by background growth, and new traffic created by other nearby developments to derive the 2023 No-Build traffic volumes. We added the site-generated trips to the 2023 No-Build traffic volumes to derive the 2023 Build traffic volumes.

Background Traffic Growth

We increased the 2021 Existing Adjusted traffic volumes by a compounded annual growth rate of 1.00, 1.25, 1.75, and 2.50 percent per year to the respective roadway traffic volumes to establish the 2023 Base traffic volumes. The NJDOT has established those Monmouth County short-term traffic growth rates. Figure 5 shows the 2023 Base traffic volumes.

No-Build Condition

In addition to general background traffic growth, there are prior and pending approvals for developments near the site that could increase traffic on the surrounding road network. In preparing the future traffic projections, we included traffic from the following other developments:

- Active 29 Howell Road 425,000 sf warehouse;
- Black Rock Enterprises Relocated Black Rock Enterprises;
- Rock Solid Realty-Warehouse 368,050 sf warehouse;
- New Jersey Natural Gas Company 30,000 sf building and outdoor training facility;
- AAFRHW Property LLC 503,956 sf warehouse (Block 177, Lot 8.01).

We derived traffic for these other developments based on data compiled from their respective traffic studies. Appendix D contains the volume worksheets from the respective traffic studies. Figure 6 shows the collective traffic from these other developments. We added the other development traffic to the 2023 Base traffic volumes to derive the 2023 No-Build traffic volumes, which Figure 7 shows.

Site-Generated Trips

We prepared trip generation estimates for the proposed warehouse development using data compiled for Land Use Code 150 (Warehousing) by the Institute of Transportation Engineers (ITE) as contained in the publication *Trip Generation*, 11th edition. Additionally, for the warehouse land

use, ITE provides truck trip generation data in the supplement to the *Trip Generation* publication. Table 1 summarizes the trip generation estimates for the proposed warehouse development for the weekday morning and evening peak hours.

Table 1 – Trip Generation Estimates

Use	Weekda	y Morning P	eak Hour	Weekday Evening Peak Hour			
Use	In	Out	Total	In	Out	Total	
Passenger Vehicles	32	16	48	9	37	46	
Trucks*	2	2	4	3	3	6	
Total	34	18	52	12	40	52	

^{*}Trucks percentages from the ITE Supplement – 7.7% AM peak hour and 11.5% PM peak hour

Table 1 shows the proposed warehouse development will generate little traffic during weekday peak hours. Many entities, including the NJDOT, classify land uses generating less than 100 peak hour trips as having an insignificant traffic impact.

Trip Distribution

We determined the directional distribution of site-generated trips based on examining existing area travel patterns, demographic data, traffic studies for other nearby developments, a journey-to-work model, and the likely site-generated travel paths. Appendix B contains the journey-to-work model. We assigned the site-generated trips to the adjacent roadway system based on travel routing software. Table 2 shows the directional distributions.

Table 2 – Arrival and Departure Trip Distributions

	Arrival and Departure Distributions			
Direction (To/From)	Passenger Vehicles	Trucks		
NJ Route 33 (East)	38%	50%		
NJ Route 33 (West)	18%	50%		
Park Avenue – NJ Route 33 Business (West)	25%	-		
Elton Adelphia Road – CR 524 (East)	16%	-		
Elton Adelphia Road – CR 524 (West)	1%	-		
Bennett Road (West)	2%	-		
Total	100%	100%		

Figures 8 and 9 show the arrival and departure distributions for passenger vehicles and trucks, respectively. Figures 10 and 11 show the site-generated trips for passenger vehicles and trucks, respectively. Figure 12 shows the total site-generated trips assigned to the roadway network.

Build Traffic Volumes

We derived the 2023 Build traffic volumes by adding the site-generated trips to the 2023 No-Build traffic volumes. Figure 13 illustrates the 2023 Build weekday morning and evening peak hour traffic volumes.

ANALYSIS OF TRAFFIC OPERATIONS

This section describes the capacity analysis we conducted to assess traffic operations for the No-Build and Build conditions. Capacity analysis provides an indication of the adequacy of road facilities to serve traffic demand.

Level of Service Criteria

Level of Service (LOS) is the term used to denote different operating conditions that occur on a given road segment under various traffic-volume demands. LOS is a qualitative measure that considers a number of factors including road geometry, speed, travel delay and freedom to maneuver. LOS designations range from A to F and provide an index of operational qualities of a road segment or an intersection. LOS A represents the best operating conditions; LOS F represents the worst.

LOS designations are reported differently for signalized and unsignalized intersections. For signalized intersections, the analysis considers the operation of all traffic entering the intersection. For unsignalized intersections, the analysis considers the operation of all movements that conflict with other movements, such as main-line left turns and traffic exiting a side street. The evaluation criteria used to analyze the study area intersections are based on the <u>Highway Capacity Manual</u>, 6th edition, (HCM), published by the Transportation Research Board and the Synchro software.

The HCM defines LOS for signalized intersections as follows:

<u>LOS</u>	Control Delay per Vehicle
Α	≤10 sec
В	>10 and ≤20 sec
С	>20 and ≤35 sec
D	>35 and ≤55 sec
E	>55 and ≤80 sec
F	>80 sec

The HCM defines LOS for unsignalized intersections as follows:

LOS	Delay Range (sec/veh)
Α	≤10 sec
В	>10 and ≤15 sec
С	>15 and ≤25 sec
D	>25 and ≤35 sec
Е	>35 and ≤50 sec
F	>50 sec

Capacity Analysis

We conducted capacity analyses for the study intersections and found that the proposed warehouse development driveways will operate acceptably during the peak hours. Moreover, site traffic impacts at the study intersections will be negligible. Table 3 on the following page summarizes the 2023 No-Build and Build levels of service (LOS) at each study intersection during the weekday morning and evening peak hours. Following are discussions pertaining to each of the study intersections. Appendix F contains the capacity analysis worksheets.

Park Avenue (NJ 33 Business) / NJ Route 33 WB Off-Ramp and Fairfield Road / Brickyard Road We expect this signalized intersection to operate at an overall LOS C during the weekday morning peak hour and an overall LOS B during the weekday evening peak hour under the No-Build condition. Under the Build condition, the intersection will continue to operate at an overall LOS C during the weekday morning peak hour and an overall LOS B during the weekday evening peak hour.

Table 3 – Intersection Capacity Analysis Summary

Location	Location Movement		2023 No-Bui	Id Condition	2023 Build Condition			
Location			AM	PM	AM	PM		
Signalized Intersection								
	EB	L	B (12.1)	A (8.2)	B (12.3)	A (8.6)		
Park Ave (NJ 33 Business) /		T,R	C (20.9)	B (12.5)	C (21.6)	B (13.1)		
NJ Route 33 WB Off-Ramp	WB	L	B (19.3)	A (9.7)	C (22.6)	B (10.3)		
and		T,R	B (13.8)	A (8.9)	B (14.1)	A (9.3)		
Fairfield Road /	NB	L,T	D (47.2)	D (51.1)	D (47.0)	D (50.6)		
Brickyard Road	SB	L,T,R	B (17.2)	C (20.2)	B (16.9)	B (19.7)		
	Ov	erall	C (23.4)	B (18.2)	C (24.0)	B (18.7)		
	EB	L	A (5.7)	A (4.0)	A (5.7)	A (4.0)		
		T,R	B (11.0)	A (7.3)	B (11.0)	A (7.3)		
Elton Adelphia Road	WB	L	A (5.5)	A (3.9)	A (5.5)	A (3.9)		
(County Road 524)	VVD	T,R	B (12.7)	A (9.2)	B (12.8)	A (9.2)		
and	NB	L	D (35.2)	C (29.0)	D (35.2)	C (29.0)		
Fairfield Road /		T,R	D (36.7)	C (32.0)	D (36.7)	C (32.0)		
School Driveway	SB	L	D (38.3)	F (320.6)	D (38.5)	F (329.4)		
		T,R	C (22.7)	B (16.4)	C (22.7)	B (16.4)		
		erall	B (16.6)	F (131.1)	B (16.8)	F (135.3)		
		Unsigna	alized Intersec	tions				
Fairfield Road and	EB	L	C (17.5)	C (17.7)	C (18.2)	C (18.7)		
NJ Route 33 EB Off-Ramp		R	B (11.4)	B (14.6)	B (11.8)	B (14.9)		
Fairfield Road and	WB	L,R	B (13.5)	A (9.6)	B (13.6)	A (9.6)		
Baker Road	SB	L	A (8.8)	A (7.7)	A (8.9)	A (7.7)		
Fairfield Road and Bennett Road	EB	L,R	C (15.4)	B (14.5)	C (15.5)	B (14.7)		
	NB	L	A (8.1)	A (8.6)	A (8.1)	A (8.7)		
Fairfield Road and	EB	L,R	-	-	C (18.9)	C (21.3)		
Site Driveway 1	NB	L	-	-	A (8.4)	A (8.8)		
Fairfield Road and	EB	L,R	-	-	D (26.6)	D (28.6)		
Site Driveway 2	NB	L	-	-	A (0.0)	A (0.0)		

Based on Synchro Software [*Level of Service (Average vehicle delay (seconds per vehicle))]

Elton Adelphia Road (CR 524) and Fairfield Road / School Driveway

We expect this signalized intersection to operate at an overall LOS B during the weekday morning peak hour and an overall LOS F during the weekday evening peak hour under the No-Build condition. Under the Build condition, the intersection will continue to operate at an overall LOS B during the weekday morning peak hour and an overall LOS F during the weekday evening peak hour.

We note that the southbound Fairfield Road left-turn movement operates with delay, particularly during the weekday evening peak hour. Increasing the cycle length from 103 seconds to 105 seconds with a shift of three seconds from the Elton Adelphia (CR 524) advance phase and ten seconds from the Fairfield Road / School Driveway ROW to the Fairfield Road / School Driveway

advance phase would improve operations along Fairfield Road. We conducted a supplemental analysis, which illustrates the improved operations during the weekday evening peak hour in both the No-Build and Build conditions. Table 4 summarizes the 2023 No-Build and Build conditions with the timing adjustment.

Table 4 – Supplemental Intersection Capacity Analysis Summary

Location	Movement		2023 No-Build with Timing Adjustment Condition PM	2023 Build with Timing Adjustment Condition PM
	EB	L	A (8.2)	A (8.2)
Elton Adelphia Road (County Road 524) and Fairfield Road / School Driveway		T,R	B (12.8)	B (12.8)
	WB -	L	A (7.9)	A (7.9)
		T,R	B (14.5)	B (14.5)
	NB	L	C (30.0)	C (30.0)
		T,R	D (38.7)	D (38.7)
	SB	L	E (73.9)	E (77.1)
		T,R	B (12.6)	B (12.6)
	Overall		D (37.3)	D (38.7)

Fairfield Road and NJ Route 33 EB Off-Ramp

We expect all movements at this stop-controlled intersection to operate at LOS C or better during both the weekday morning and evening peak hours under the No-Build conditions. Under the Build condition, all movements will continue to operate at LOS C or better during both the weekday morning and evening peak hours.

Fairfield Road and Baker Road

We expect all movements at this stop-controlled intersection to operate at LOS B or better during both the weekday morning and evening peak hours under the No-Build conditions. Under the Build condition, all movements will continue to operate at LOS B or better during both the weekday morning and evening peak hours.

Fairfield Road and Bennett Road

We expect all movements at this stop-controlled intersection to operate at LOS C or better during both the weekday morning and evening peak hours under the No-Build conditions. Under the Build condition, all movements will continue to operate at LOS C or better during both the weekday morning and evening peak hours

Fairfield Road and Site Driveway 1 (North)

Site Driveway 1 will intersect Fairfield Road to form the west leg of a T-shaped intersection under stop control. Note this driveway will serve as the primary access for passenger vehicles. The

eastbound site driveway approach will provide one shared left-turn / right-turn lane and will be stop-controlled. The northbound Fairfield Road approach will provide one shared left-turn / through lane. The southbound Fairfield Road approach will provide one shared through / right-turn lane.

Under the Build condition, we expect all movements at the stop-controlled intersection to operate a LOS C or better during both the weekday morning and evening peak hours.

Fairfield Road and Site Driveway 2 (South)

Site Driveway 2 will intersect Fairfield Road to form the west leg of a T-shaped intersection under stop control. Note this driveway will serve as the primary access for trucks. The eastbound site driveway approach will provide one shared left-turn / right-turn lane and will be stop-controlled. The northbound Fairfield Road approach will provide one shared left-turn / through lane. The southbound Fairfield Road approach will provide one shared through / right-turn lane.

Under the Build condition, we expect all movements at the stop-controlled intersection to operate a LOS D or better during both the weekday morning and evening peak hours

CONCLUSIONS

Langan has concluded the proposed warehouse development will not significantly alter area traffic operations during peak hours. We expect the site access points to operate at acceptable levels of service during peak traffic hours.

\\langan.com\\data\\LAW\\data7\130176701\\Project Data_Discipline\\Traffic\\Reports\2021-11-30 Traffic Impact Study Howell, NJ - ISSUED.docx

APPENDIX A FIGURES



Langan Engineering and Environmental Services, Inc.

989 Lenox Drive, Suite 124 Lawrenceville, NJ 08648 T: 609.282.8000 F: 609.282.8001 www.langan.com NJ Certificate of Authorization No.24GA27996400

Project

PROPOSED WAREHOUSE DEVELOPMENT

BLOCK No. 168, LOT Nos. 17, 18, 19.02, 19.04, & 19.08 TOWNSHIP OF HOWELL MONMOUTH COUNTY NEW JERSEY

SITE LOCATION MAP

	ALC: UNIVERSITY	X X	
Project No.	Figure		
130176701			
Date 11/18/2021		1	
Orawn By EJV		I	
Submission Date NOVEMBER 2021	Sheet	1	of 13























