# CONSTITUTION OF THE COMBINED ITALIAN AUTO ORGANISATION INCORPORATED

# Part 1 Preliminary

1	Name	3
2	Objects	3
3	Definitions	3
	Part 2 Membership	
4	Classes of membership	4
5	Application for membership	5
6	Cessation of membership	5
7	Membership entitlements not transferable	5
8	Resignation of membership	6
9	Register of members	6
10	Membership renewal	7
11	Members' liabilities	7
12	Resolution of disputes	7
13	Disciplining of members	7
14	Right of appeal of disciplined member	8
	Part 3 The committee	
15	Powers of the committee	9
16	Composition and membership of committee	9
17	Election of committee members	9
18	Secretary	10
19	Treasurer	10
20	Casual vacancies	11
21	Removal of committee members	11
22	Committee meetings and quorum	12
23	Appointment of association members as committee members to constitute quorum	12
24	Use of technology at committee meetings	13
25	Delegation by committee to sub-committee	13
26	Voting and decisions	13

# Part 4 General meetings

27	Annual general meetings - holding of	14
28	Annual general meetings - calling of and business at	14
29	Special general meetings - calling of	14
30	Notice	15
31	Quorum for general meetings	15
32	Presiding member	16
33	Adjournment	16
34	Making of decisions	16
35	Special resolutions	17
36	Voting	17
37	Proxy votes permitted	18
38	Postal or electronic ballots	18
39	Use of technology at general meetings	18
	Part 5 Miscellaneous	
40	Insurance	18
41	Funds - source	18
42	Funds - management	19
43	Association is non-profit	19
44	Distribution of property on winding up of association	19
45	Change of name, objects and constitution	19
46	Custody of books etc	19
47	Inspection of books etc	19
48	Service of notices	20
49	Financial year	20
50	Newsletter	20
51	Photos	21
52	Association assets	
53	Conditional Registration Scheme	21
54	Items Not specifically covered by this constitution	21

# Part 1 Preliminary

#### 1 Name

The Club shall be known as the **Combined Italian Auto Organisation Incorporated** and shall in this constitution be referred to as CIAO or as the Club or as the association.

# 2 Objects

The objects for which CIAO is established are:

- (a) To foster better acquaintance and social spirit between owners of Italian automobiles in Australia.
- (b) To promote the ownership, use, enjoyment, restoration and maintenance of Italian automobiles including motor cars and motor cycles.
- (c) To establish and to maintain by example a high standard of conduct and respect for the laws of the road.
- (d) To conduct such driver training for members as the committee may determine from time to time .
- (e) To organize social events, outings or events in relation to Italian Autos for club members and invited guests
- (f) To establish and maintain a historic motor vehicle registration system for owners of eligible vehicles more than thirty years old in accordance with rules to be determined by the club's committee from time to time and in accordance with the NSW road rules
- (g) To acquire and to maintain property or assets for the furtherance of these objects
- (h) To print and publish any matters in any form or through any medium which the committee of the club may think desirable for the furtherance of these objects.
- (i) To affiliate with the Council of Motor Clubs and such other motoring bodies where such affiliation is in accord with these objects

#### 3 Definitions

(1) In this constitution:

**ordinary committee member** means a member of the committee who is not an office-bearer of the association.

#### secretary means:

- (a) the person holding office under this constitution as secretary of the association, or
- (b) if no person holds that office the public officer of the association.

**special general meeting** means a general meeting of the association other than an annual general meeting.

the Act means the Associations Incorporation Act 2009.

the Regulation means the Associations Incorporation Regulation 2016.

**public officer** means the person appointed by the committee to act as the public officer of the association, who may not be a committee member or a member of the association

**auto** means a motor car, truck, military vehicle, motor cycle, motor scooter or other powered vehicle substantially designed and manufactured in Italy

- (2) In this constitution:
  - (a) a reference to a function includes a reference to a power, authority and duty, and
  - (b) a reference to the exercise of a function includes, if the function is a duty, a reference to the performance of the duty.
- (3) The provisions of the *Interpretation Act 1987* apply to and in respect of this constitution in the same manner as those provisions would so apply if this constitution were an instrument made under the Act.

# Part 2 Membership

# 4 Classes of Membership

Membership of CIAO may include any or all of the following classes of membership as decided by the Committee from time to time:

- (1) **Full Membership,** which shall be confined to owners of Italian Autos, their partners, or persons who regularly drive Italian Autos
- (2) **Associate Membership** shall be available to those persons who have demonstrated to the committee an interest in Italian Autos and who are recommended for membership by a full member, and who are accepted by the Committee as a fit person to be an associate member of the Club, provided that the total number of associate members shall not exceed a proportion of the total membership as determined by the committee from time to time
- (3) **Honorary Membership**. The Committee may consider and recommend to a general meeting of the Club that Honorary Membership be granted to a person. If such general or special meeting of the Club confirms the Honorary Membership of that person, then such Honorary Membership shall remain current for a period of time to be recommended by the Committee.
- (4). **Life Membership**. The Committee may recommend Life Membership for any member who in its opinion has given special service to the Club, which member may only be considered and recommended for Life Membership if he or she has been a financial member of the Club for a period preceding the date of his or her recommendation to be determined by the committee.
  - (5). **Junior Membership** may be available to those persons who are the children of members who are entitled to be members under any of paragraphs 4(1) ,4(2) 4(3) or 4(4), above who have not yet attained the age of eighteen years. The

- membership of such junior members shall cease upon the cessation or termination of the membership of her, his or their parent or parents as members of the Club.
- (6). **Corporate** membership may be made available to a business which sponsors or otherwise supports CIAO. They will have such rights and privileges as determined by the Committee.

# 5 Application for membership

- (1) An application to become a member of the association:
  - (a) must be made in writing in the form determined by the committee and
  - (b) must be lodged with the membership registrar of the association.
- (2) As soon as practicable after receiving an application for membership, the membership registrar must refer the application to the committee, which is to determine whether to approve or to reject the application.
- (3) As soon as practicable after the committee makes that determination, the membership registrar must:
  - (a) notify the applicant in writing including by email or other electronic means that the committee approved or rejected the application (whichever is applicable), and
  - (b) if the committee approved the application, request the applicant to pay within 28 days the sum payable under this constitution by a member as entrance fee and annual subscription.
- (4) The membership registrar must, on payment by the applicant of the amounts referred to in subclause (3) (b) within the period referred to in that provision, enter or cause to be entered the applicant's name in the register of members and, on the name being so entered, the applicant becomes a member of the association.

# 6 Cessation of membership

A person ceases to be a member of the association if the person:

- (a) dies, or
- (b) resigns membership, or
- (c) is expelled from the association, or
- (d) fails to pay the annual membership fee under clause 10 within 3 months after the fee is due.

# 7 Membership entitlements not transferable

A right, privilege or obligation which a person has by reason of being a member of the association:

- (a) is not capable of being transferred or transmitted to another person, and
- (b) terminates on cessation of the person's membership.

# 8 Resignation of membership

- (1) A member of the association may resign from membership of the association by first giving to the secretary written notice of at least 1 month (or any other period that the committee may determine) of the member's intention to resign and, on the expiration of the period of notice, the member ceases to be a member.
- (2) If a member of the association ceases to be a member under subclause (1), and in every other case where a member ceases to hold membership, the secretary must make an appropriate entry in the register of members recording the date on which the member ceased to be a member.

#### 9 Register of members

- (1) The secretary must establish and maintain a register of members of the association in written or electronic form specifying the name, postal, residential and email address and phone contact of each person who is a member of the association together with the date on which the person became a member.
  - (a) The secretary may delegate the maintenance of the register of members to the membership registrar
- (2) The register of members must be kept in New South Wales:
  - (a) at the main premises of the association, or
  - (b) if the association has no premises, at the association's official address.
- (3) The register of members must be open for inspection, free of charge, by any member of the association at any reasonable hour.
- (4) A member of the association may obtain a copy of any part of the register on payment of a fee of not more than \$1 for each page copied.
- (5) If a member requests that any information contained on the register about the member (other than the member's name) not be available for inspection, that information must not be made available for inspection.
- (6) A member must not use information about a person obtained from the register to contact or send material to the person, other than for:
  - (a) the purposes of sending the person a newsletter, a notice in respect of a meeting or other event relating to the association or other material relating to the association, or
  - (b) any other purpose necessary to comply with a requirement of the Act or the Regulation.
- (7) If the register of members is kept in electronic form:
  - (a) it must be convertible into hard copy, and
  - (b) the requirements in subclauses (2) and (3) apply as if a reference to the register of members is a reference to a current hard copy of the register of members.

#### 10 Membership renewal

- (1) The committee shall determine the amount of annual membership fees and subscriptions and joining fees in consultation with the members at a general meeting prior to the commencement of each CIAO financial year .
- (2) Membership renewal is conditional upon payment of

the renewal fee accompanied by

- a completed written renewal application in the form approved by the committee and lodged with the membership registrar
- (3) Membership renewal fees are due and payable by the first day of each CIAO financial year
- (4) Membership certification for historic or other conditional registration will not be provided until renewal fees and signed membership renewal application forms have been received

#### 11 Members' liabilities

The liability of a member of the association to contribute towards the payment of the debts and liabilities of the association or the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the association is limited to the amount, if any, unpaid by the member in respect of membership of the association as required by clause 8.

# 12 Resolution of disputes

- (1) A dispute between a member and another member (in their capacity as members) of the association, or a dispute between a member or members and the association, are to be referred to a Community Justice Centre for mediation under the Community Justice Centres Act 1983.
- (2) If a dispute is not resolved by mediation within 3 months of the referral to a Community Justice Centre, the dispute is to be referred to arbitration.
- (3) The Commercial Arbitration Act 2010 applies to a dispute referred to arbitration.

# 13 Disciplining of members

- (1) A complaint may be made to the committee by any person that a member of the association:
  - (a) has refused or neglected to comply with a provision or provisions of this constitution, or
  - (b) has wilfully acted in a manner prejudicial to the interests of the association.
- (2) The committee may refuse to deal with a complaint if it considers the complaint to be trivial or vexatious in nature.
- (3) If the committee decides to deal with the complaint, the committee:
  - (a) must cause notice of the complaint to be served on the member concerned, and

- (b) must give the member at least 14 days from the time the notice is served within which to make submissions to the committee in connection with the complaint, and
- (c) must take into consideration any submissions made by the member in connection with the complaint.
- (4) The committee may, by resolution, expel the member from the association or suspend the member from membership of the association if, after considering the complaint and any submissions made in connection with the complaint, it is satisfied that the facts alleged in the complaint have been proved and the expulsion or suspension is warranted in the circumstances.
- (5) If the committee expels or suspends a member, the secretary must, within 7 days after the action is taken, cause written notice to be given to the member of the action taken, of the reasons given by the committee for having taken that action and of the member's right of appeal under clause 14.
- (6) The expulsion or suspension does not take effect:
  - (a) until the expiration of the period within which the member is entitled to appeal against the resolution concerned, or
  - (b) if within that period the member exercises the right of appeal, unless and until the association confirms the resolution under clause 14.

whichever is the later.

# 14 Right of appeal of disciplined member

- (1) A member may appeal to the association in general meeting against a resolution of the committee under clause 13, within 7 days after notice of the resolution is served on the member, by lodging with the secretary a notice to that effect.
- (2) The notice may, but need not, be accompanied by a statement of the grounds on which the member intends to rely for the purposes of the appeal.
- (3) On receipt of a notice from a member under subclause (1), the secretary must notify the committee, which is to convene a general meeting of the association to be held within 28 days after the date on which the secretary received the notice.
- (4) At a general meeting of the association convened under subclause (3):
  - (a) no business other than the question of the appeal is to be transacted, and
  - (b) the committee and the member must be given the opportunity to state their respective cases orally or in writing, or both, and
  - (c) the members present are to vote by secret ballot on the question of whether the resolution should be confirmed or revoked.
- (5) The appeal is to be determined by a simple majority of votes cast by members of the association.

#### Part 3 The committee

#### 15 Powers of the committee

Subject to the Act, the Regulation, this constitution and any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, the committee:

- (a) is to control and manage the affairs of the association, and
- (b) may exercise all the functions that may be exercised by the association, other than those functions that are required by this constitution to be exercised by a general meeting of members of the association, and
- (c) has power to perform all the acts and do all things that appear to the committee to be necessary or desirable for the proper management of the affairs of the association.

#### 16 Composition and membership of committee

- (1) The committee is to consist of the elected office bearers of CIAO and other committee members so that the total number of committee members shall not exceed 10, each of whom is to be elected at the annual general meeting of the association under clause 15.
- (2) The total number of committee members may not exceed 10.
- (3) The office-bearers of the association are as follows:
  - (a) the president,
  - (b) the vice-president,
  - (c) the treasurer,
  - (d) the secretary,
  - (e) the historic vehicles registrar,
  - (f) the events organiser,
  - (g) the membership registrar
  - (h) the newsletter editor
- (4) A committee member may hold up to 2 offices (other than both the offices of president and vice-president).
- (5) Each member of the committee is, subject to this constitution, to hold office until immediately before the election of committee members at the annual general meeting next following the date of the member's election, and is eligible for reelection, subject to clause 14 (5).

#### 17 Election of committee members

(1) Nominations of candidates for election as office-bearers of the association or as ordinary committee members:

- (a) must be made in writing, signed by 2 members of the association and accompanied by the written consent of the candidate (which may be endorsed on the form of the nomination), and
- (b) must be delivered to the secretary of the association before the commencement of the annual general meeting at which the election is to take place.
- (2) If insufficient nominations are received to fill all vacancies on the committee, the candidates nominated are taken to be elected and further nominations are to be received at the annual general meeting.
- (3) If insufficient further nominations are received, any vacant positions remaining on the committee are taken to be casual vacancies.
- (4) If the number of nominations received is equal to the number of vacancies to be filled, the persons nominated are taken to be elected.
- (5) If the number of nominations received exceeds the number of vacancies to be filled, a ballot is to be held.
- (6) The ballot for the election of office-bearers and ordinary committee members of the committee is to be conducted at the annual general meeting in any usual and proper manner that the committee directs.
- (7) At least one half of the total number of persons nominated as candidates for election as an office-bearer or as an ordinary committee member of the association must be full members of the association.

#### 18 Secretary

- (1) The secretary of the association must, as soon as practicable after being appointed as secretary, lodge notice with the association of his or her address.
- (2) It is the duty of the secretary to keep minutes (whether in written or electronic form) of:
  - (a) all appointments of office-bearers and members of the committee, and
  - (b) the names of members of the committee present at a committee meeting or a general meeting, and
  - (c) all proceedings at committee meetings and general meetings.
- (3) Minutes of proceedings at a meeting must be signed by the chairperson of the meeting or by the chairperson of the next succeeding meeting.
- (4) The signature of the chairperson may be transmitted by electronic means for the purposes of subclause (3).

#### 19 Treasurer

It is the duty of the treasurer of the association to ensure:

(a) that all money due to the association is collected and received and that all payments authorised by the association are made, and

(b) that correct books and accounts are kept in electronic or hard copy for showing the financial affairs of the association, including full details of all receipts and expenditure connected with the activities of the association.

#### 20 Casual vacancies

- (1) In the event of a casual vacancy occurring in the membership of the committee, the committee may appoint a member of the association to fill the vacancy and the member so appointed is to hold office, subject to this constitution, until the annual general meeting next following the date of the appointment.
- (2) A casual vacancy in the office of a member of the committee occurs if the member:
  - (a) dies, or
  - (b) ceases to be a member of the association, or
  - (c) is or becomes an insolvent under administration within the meaning of the *Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth*, or
  - (d) resigns office by notice in writing given to the secretary, or
  - (e) is removed from office under clause 21, or
  - (f) becomes mentally incapacitated, or
  - (g) is absent without the consent of the committee from 3 consecutive meetings of the committee, or
  - (h) is convicted of an offence involving fraud or dishonesty for which the maximum penalty on conviction is imprisonment for not less than 3 months, or
  - (i) is prohibited from being a director of a company under Part 2D.6 (Disqualification from managing corporations) of the *Corporations Act 2001 of the Commonwealth*.

#### 21 Removal of committee members

- (1) The association at a special general meeting may by special resolution remove any member of the committee from the office of committee member before the expiration of the member's term of office and may by resolution appoint another person to hold office until the expiration of the term of office of the member so removed.
- (2) If a member of the committee to whom a proposed resolution referred to in subclause (1) relates makes representations in writing to the secretary or president (not exceeding a reasonable length) and requests that the representations be notified to the members of the association, the secretary or the president may send a copy of the representations to each member of the association or, if the representations are not so sent, the member is entitled to require that the representations be read out at the meeting at which the resolution is considered.

# 22 Committee meetings and quorum

- (1) The committee must meet at least 6 times in each period of 12 months at the place and time that the committee may determine.
- (2) Additional meetings of the committee may be convened by the president or by any member of the committee.
- (3) Oral or written notice of a meeting of the committee must be given by the secretary to each member of the committee at least 48 hours (or any other period that may be unanimously agreed on by the members of the committee) before the time appointed for the holding of the meeting.
- (4) Notice of a meeting given under subclause (3) must specify the general nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting and no business other than that business is to be transacted at the meeting, except business which the committee members present at the meeting unanimously agree to treat as urgent business.
- (5) Any 4 members of the committee constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a meeting of the committee.
- (6) No business is to be transacted by the committee unless a quorum is present and if, within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, a quorum is not present, the meeting is to stand adjourned to the same place and at the same hour of the same day in the following week.
- (7) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour of the time appointed for the meeting, the meeting is to be dissolved.
- (8) At a meeting of the committee:
  - (a) the president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president is to preside, or
  - (b) if the president and the vice-president are absent or unwilling to act, one of the remaining members of the committee chosen by the members present at the meeting is to preside.

# 23 Appointment of association members as committee members to constitute quorum

- (1) If at any time the number of committee members is less than the number required to constitute a quorum for a committee meeting, the existing committee members may appoint a sufficient number of members of the association as committee members to enable the quorum to be constituted.
- (2) A member of the committee so appointed is to hold office, subject to this constitution, until the annual general meeting next following the date of the appointment.
- (3) This clause does not apply to the filling of a casual vacancy to which clause 20 applies.

#### 24 Use of technology at committee meetings

- (1) A committee meeting may be held at 2 or more venues using any technology approved by the committee that gives each of the committee's members a reasonable opportunity to participate.
- (2) A committee member who participates in a committee meeting using that technology is taken to be present at the meeting and, if the member votes at the meeting, is taken to have voted in person.

#### 25 Delegation by committee to sub-committee

- (1) The committee may, by instrument in writing, delegate to one or more subcommittees (consisting of the member or members of the association that the committee thinks fit) the exercise of any of the functions of the committee that are specified in the instrument, other than:
  - (a) this power of delegation, and
  - (b) a function which is a duty imposed on the committee by the Act or by any other law.
- (2) A function the exercise of which has been delegated to a sub-committee under this clause may, while the delegation remains unrevoked, be exercised from time to time by the sub-committee in accordance with the terms of the delegation.
- (3) A delegation under this clause may be made subject to any conditions or limitations as to the exercise of any function, or as to time or circumstances, that may be specified in the instrument of delegation.
- (4) Despite any delegation under this clause, the committee may continue to exercise any function delegated.
- (5) Any act or thing done or suffered by a sub-committee acting in the exercise of a delegation under this clause has the same force and effect as it would have if it had been done or suffered by the committee.
- (6) The committee may, by instrument in writing, revoke wholly or in part any delegation under this clause.
- (7) A sub-committee may meet and adjourn as it thinks proper.

# 26 Voting and decisions

- (1) Questions arising at a meeting of the committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committee are to be determined by a majority of the votes of members of the committee or sub-committee present at the meeting.
- (2) Each member present at a meeting of the committee or of any sub-committee appointed by the committee (including the person presiding at the meeting) is entitled to one vote but, in the event of an equality of votes on any question, the person presiding may exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) Subject to clause 22 (5), the committee may act despite any vacancy on the committee.

(4) Any act or thing done or suffered, or purporting to have been done or suffered, by the committee or by a sub-committee appointed by the committee, is valid and effectual despite any defect that may afterwards be discovered in the appointment or qualification of any member of the committee or sub-committee.

# Part 4 General meetings

# 27 Annual general meetings - holding of

The association must hold its annual general meetings:

- (a) within 6 months after the close of the association's financial year, or
- (b) within any later time that may be allowed or prescribed under section 37 (2) (b) of the Act.

# 28 Annual general meetings - calling of and business at

- (1) The annual general meeting of the association is, subject to the Act and to clause 27, to be convened on the date and at the place and time that the committee thinks fit.
- (2) In addition to any other business which may be transacted at an annual general meeting, the business of an annual general meeting is to include the following:
  - (a) to confirm the minutes of the last preceding annual general meeting and of any special general meeting held since that meeting,
  - (b) to receive from the committee reports on the activities of the association during the last preceding financial year,
  - (c) to elect office-bearers of the association and ordinary committee members,
  - (d) to receive and consider any financial statement or report required to be submitted to members under the Act.
  - (e) to decide whether to elect an auditor to examine and report on the financial accounts of the association for the following financial year
- (3) An annual general meeting must be specified as that type of meeting in the notice convening it.

# 29 Special general meetings - calling of

- (1) The committee may, whenever it thinks fit, convene a special general meeting of the association.
- (2) The committee must, on the requisition of at least 5% of the total number of members, convene a special general meeting of the association.
- (3) A requisition of members for a special general meeting:
  - (a) must be in writing, and
  - (b) must state the purpose or purposes of the meeting, and

- (c) must be signed by the members making the requisition, and
- (d) must be lodged with the secretary, and
- (e) may consist of several documents in a similar form, each signed by one or more of the members making the requisition.
- (4) If the committee fails to convene a special general meeting to be held within 1 month after the date on which a requisition of members for the meeting is lodged with the secretary, any one or more of the members who made the requisition may convene a special general meeting to be held not later than 3 months after that date.
- (5) A special general meeting convened by a member or members as referred to in subclause (4) must be convened as nearly as is practicable in the same manner as general meetings are convened by the committee.
- (6) For the purposes of subclause (3):
  - (a) a requisition may be in electronic form, and
  - (b) a signature may be transmitted, and a requisition may be lodged, by electronic means.

#### 30 Notice

- (1) Except if the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary must, at least 14 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, give a notice to each member specifying the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business proposed to be transacted at the meeting.
- (2) If the nature of the business proposed to be dealt with at a general meeting requires a special resolution of the association, the secretary must, at least 21 days before the date fixed for the holding of the general meeting, cause notice to be given to each member specifying, in addition to the matter required under subclause (1), the intention to propose the resolution as a special resolution.
- (3) No business other than that specified in the notice convening a general meeting is to be transacted at the meeting except, in the case of an annual general meeting, business which may be transacted under clause 28 (2).
- (4) A member desiring to bring any business before a general meeting may give notice in writing of that business to the secretary who must include that business in the next notice calling a general meeting given after receipt of the notice from the member.

# 31 Quorum for general meetings

- (1) No item of business is to be transacted at a general meeting unless a quorum of members entitled under this constitution to vote is present during the time the meeting is considering that item.
- (2) Five members present (being members entitled under this constitution to vote at a general meeting) constitute a quorum for the transaction of the business of a general meeting.

- (3) If within half an hour after the appointed time for the commencement of a general meeting a quorum is not present, the meeting:
  - (a) if convened on the requisition of members—is to be dissolved, and
  - (b) in any other case—is to stand adjourned to the same day in the following week at the same time and (unless another place is specified at the time of the adjournment by the person presiding at the meeting or communicated by written notice to members given before the day to which the meeting is adjourned) at the same place.
- (4) If at the adjourned meeting a quorum is not present within half an hour after the time appointed for the commencement of the meeting, the members present (being at least 3) are to constitute a quorum.

# 32 Presiding member

- (1) The president or, in the president's absence, the vice-president, is to preside as chairperson at each general meeting of the association.
- (2) If the president and the vice-president are absent or unwilling to act, the members present must elect one of their number to preside as chairperson at the meeting.

# 33 Adjournment

- (1) The chairperson of a general meeting at which a quorum is present may, with the consent of the majority of members present at the meeting, adjourn the meeting from time to time and place to place, but no business is to be transacted at an adjourned meeting other than the business left unfinished at the meeting at which the adjournment took place.
- (2) If a general meeting is adjourned for 14 days or more, the secretary must give written or oral notice of the adjourned meeting to each member of the association stating the place, date and time of the meeting and the nature of the business to be transacted at the meeting.
- (3) Except as provided in subclauses (1) and (2), notice of an adjournment of a general meeting or of the business to be transacted at an adjourned meeting is not required to be given.

# 34 Making of decisions

- (1) A question arising at a general meeting of the association is to be determined by:
  - (a) a show of hands or, if the meeting is one to which clause 39 applies, any appropriate corresponding method that the committee may determine, or
  - (b) if on the motion of the chairperson or if 5 or more members present at the meeting decide that the question should be determined by a written ballot a written ballot.
- (2) If the question is to be determined by a show of hands, a declaration by the chairperson that a resolution has, on a show of hands, been carried or carried

unanimously or carried by a particular majority or lost, or an entry to that effect in the minute book of the association, is evidence of the fact without proof of the number or proportion of the votes recorded in favour of or against that resolution.

- (3) Subclause (2) applies to a method determined by the committee under subclause (1) (a) in the same way as it applies to a show of hands.
- (4) If the question is to be determined by a written ballot, the ballot is to be conducted in accordance with the directions of the chairperson.

#### 35 Special resolutions

A special resolution is a resolution required for certain decisions which may include

- (1) changing an incorporated association's constitution,
- (2) winding up the association
- (3) changing the association's objects
- (4) disciplining a member
- (5) removal of a committee member

A special resolution must be passed in accordance with the procedures in section 39 of the Associations Incorporation Act 2009 (NSW).

This requires at least 21 days' notice to be given to members.

To pass the special resolution at least three quarters (75%) of members who are entitled to vote, and who actually do vote at the meeting (either in person, by proxy, or by postal or electronic ballot, if allowed), must vote in favour of the resolution. If that number of members do not vote for the resolution, it is lost..

# 36 Voting

- (1) On any question arising at a general meeting of the association a member has one vote only.
- (2) In the case of an equality of votes on a question at a general meeting, the chairperson of the meeting is entitled to exercise a second or casting vote.
- (3) A member is not entitled to vote at any general meeting of the association unless all money due and payable by that member to the association has been paid.
- (4) The following classes of financial members are entitled to vote at any general meeting of the association:

full members, associate members, honorary members and life members

#### 37 Proxy votes permitted

Proxy voting at or in respect of a general meeting may be accepted with the prior approval of the committee provided that a member wishing to vote by proxy must submit a signed authority in the form determined by the committee which has been lodged with the secretary before the commencement of the meeting

#### 38 Postal or electronic ballots

- The association may hold a postal or electronic ballot (as the committee determines) to determine any issue or proposal (other than an appeal under clause 12).
- (2) A postal or electronic ballot is to be conducted in accordance with Schedule 3 to the Regulation.

#### 39 Use of technology at general meetings

- (1) A general meeting may be held at 2 or more venues using any technology approved by the committee that gives each of the association's members a reasonable opportunity to participate.
- (2) A member of an association who participates in a general meeting using that technology is taken to be present at the meeting and, if the member votes at the meeting, is taken to have voted in person.

# Part 5 Miscellaneous

#### 40 Insurance

The association may effect and maintain insurance.

#### 41 Funds - source

- (1) The funds of the association are to be derived from entrance fees and annual subscriptions of members, donations and, subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, any other sources that the committee determines.
- (2) All money received by the association must be deposited as soon as practicable and without deduction to the credit of the association's bank or other authorised deposit-taking institution account.
- (3) If requested, the association must, as soon as practicable after receiving any money, issue an appropriate receipt.

# 42 Funds - management

- (1) Subject to any resolution passed by the association in general meeting, the funds of the association are to be used solely in pursuance of the objects of the association in the manner that the committee determines.
- (2) All cheques, drafts, bills of exchange, promissory notes and other negotiable instruments including electronic transfer of association funds must be signed or authorised by 2 authorised signatories.

# 43 Association is non-profit

Subject to the Act and the Regulation, the association must apply its funds and assets solely in pursuance of the objects of the association and must not conduct its affairs so as to provide a pecuniary gain for any of its members.

## 44 Distribution of property on winding up of association

- (1) Subject to the Act and the Regulations, in a winding up of the association, any surplus property of the association is to be transferred to another organisation with similar objects and which is not carried on for the profit or gain of its individual members.
- (2) In this clause, a reference to the surplus property of an association is a reference to that property of the association remaining after satisfaction of the debts and liabilities of the association and the costs, charges and expenses of the winding up of the association.

# 45 Change of name, objects and constitution

An application for registration of a change in the association's name, objects or constitution in accordance with section 10 of the Act is to be made by the public officer or a committee member.

# 46 Custody of books etc

Except as otherwise provided by this constitution, all records, books and other documents relating to the association must be kept in New South Wales:

- (a) at the main premises of the association, in the custody of the public officer or a member of the association as the committee determines, or
- (b) if the association has no premises, at the association's official address, or such address and in the custody of the public officer or a member of the association as the committee determines

# 47 Inspection of books etc

- (1) The following documents must be open to inspection, free of charge, by a member of the association at any reasonable hour:
  - (a) records, books and other financial documents of the association,

- (b) this constitution,
- (c) minutes of all committee meetings and general meetings of the association.
- (2) A member of the association may obtain a copy of any of the documents referred to in subclause (1) on payment of a fee of not more than \$1 for each page copied.
- (3) Despite subclauses (1) and (2), the committee may refuse to permit a member of the association to inspect or obtain a copy of records of the association that relate to confidential, personal, employment, commercial or legal matters or where to do so may be prejudicial to the interests of the association.

#### 48 Service of notices

- (1) For the purpose of this constitution, a notice may be served on or given to a person:
  - (a) by delivering it to the person personally, or
  - (b) by sending it by pre-paid post to the address of the person, or
  - (c) by sending it by electronic transmission to an address specified by the person for giving or serving the notice.
- (2) For the purpose of this constitution, a notice is taken, unless the contrary is proved, to have been given or served:
  - (a) in the case of a notice given or served personally, on the date on which it is received by the addressee, and
  - (b) in the case of a notice sent by pre-paid post, on the date when it would have been delivered in the ordinary course of post, and
  - (c) in the case of a notice sent by electronic transmission, on the date it was sent or, if the machine from which the transmission was sent produces a report indicating that the notice was sent on a later date, on that date.

# 49 Financial year

The financial year of the association is:

- (a) the period of time commencing on the date of incorporation of the association and ending on the following 30 June, and
- (b) each period of 12 months after the expiration of the previous financial year of the association, commencing on 1 July and ending on the following 30 June.

#### 50 Newsletter

The association shall regularly publish a newsletter which may promote CIAO and may provide information and articles of interest to club members

#### 51 Photos

With their express permission members may from time to time have photos, other images or descriptions or their vehicles, themselves, their families, their friends or vehicles taken at any meeting or event and those photos may be used in the CIAO Newsletter, web site or media publicity for the interest of other members and to promote the Club and its activities

#### 52 Association assets

The committee may require a register to be maintained of assets the property of CIAO and of assets on loan to CIAO

# 53 Conditional Registration Scheme

The CIAO historic vehicles registrar in consultation with the committee may manage the Club level compliance requirements and activities of the NSW Roads and Maritime Services Conditional Registration Scheme for the benefit of CIAO members.

# 54 Items not specifically covered by this constitution

The Associations Incorporation Act 2009 of NSW and the attendant regulations contain the remainder of the legislation which governs this association and should be referred to in order to find answers to questions which are not answered by this constitution.

THIS CONSTITUTION WAS ADOPTED BY A SPECIAL GENERAL MEETING OF CIAO HELD ON 9<sup>th</sup> JUNE, 2021