



Name - Atta Ura Man

Other Name - Nil

Age / Birth year - 22 Yrs / 1995

Race / Religion - Bengali / Islam

Birth place - Ni Lin Baw Hamlet, Ahtet Nan Ya Village, Rathedaung Township

NRC No - Nil

Education - Grade 1

Occupation - Unidentified (Daily worker)

Names of Parents / Address - (F) Attah Ullah, (M) Fartaymar Khatu, Ni Lin Baw Hamlet

Wife / Occupation / Address – Azarah Khatu, Dependent, Ni Lin Baw Hamlet

Reason of Investigation - According to Terrorist Act-50(A)

Date and Place of Investigation - (15.9.2017), Maungdaw Police Station

### **Brief History**

I was born in 1995 in Nilin Baw Hamlet of Ahtet Nan Ya village, the eldest son among 6.

My siblings are:

- (1) Attah Rawhim (Younger brother)
- (2) Attah Ra Begun (Younger sister)
- (3) Attaw Rawshid (Younger brother)
- (4) Attah Rawshid (Younger brother)
- (5) Attayfa Begun (Younger sister)

I schooled at Nilin Baw Primary school to Grade 1 then left school and worked together with my parents. In 2014, I married Azarah Khatu, Daughter of (F) Eliyas, (M) Himfuri.

I have no children and I make my living by farming.

## **Claims**

### **How I was recruited:**

I live in Ni Lin Baw Hamlet of Rathedaung Township. When I was at home on 22.8.2017, Nru Ma Mauk from Chut Pyin village came to our village and gathered the villagers and told them to come to Chut Pyin village to discuss something important. I and villagers went there secretly. In a house in Chut Pyin, there were about 100 Bengalis from Ahtet Nan Ya, Auk Nan Ya, Bellami, and Ni Lin Baw Villages. A guy named Rawfis - who already had been trained by ARSA - said that they planned to seize Buthidaung, Maungdaw and Rathedaung and make it a separate Islamic State. They told us to get ready and join in when the attacks started.

Our village elder is Addulah (35 yrs), (F) Nru Slam. On the next evening, 23.8.2017, Addulah said to our villagers, again, that ARSA would lead attacks to seize Buthidaung, Maungdaw and Rathedaung townships and make them into a separate Islamic State. He said all of us must join, and ordered us to collect swords and sticks for the attacks and threatened us that those who did not join would be beheaded in accordance with Islam. He also said that Bengalis from other villages would also jointly attack targets.

### **How we prepared to attack:**

Around 11:30 pm of 27.8.2017, while I was at home, about 20 armed Bengalis led by Ahdu Lah came and ordered us to join the attacks. They said if we did not join, they would kill all of our family members. I grabbed an iron rod and joined them. There were about 20 Bengalis from our village, one was Ni Lin Baw, who joined them, like I did. We arrived at Chut Pyin village at 2:00 am, and there, we saw about 80 Bengalis who were led by Saltar from Chut Pyin village and other unknown Mawlawis. And our village head, Ahdu Lah, and other Mawlawis discussed how to attack the Chut Pyin Police outpost. I did not know what they discussed.

### **How we attacked the security forces at the Chut Pyin Police Outpost:**

Around 3:00 am, on 28.8.2017, Saltar from Chut Pyin village snuck up to the police outpost and attacked with 2 bombs. When policemen came out and chased him, we (about 80 Bengalis) ambushed them and attacked them, while shouting 'Allahu Akbar'. And, some who were already trained by ARSA, attacked them with guns and improvised bombs. Policemen were also shooting. Some Bengalis got shot. We moved back into Chut Pyin village and then that night we came back to Nilin Baw village. The prisoners (Saw Yaw Dullah, Kay Fayah Alluh and Maw Go La Mauk from Bellami Village and Atta Ura Man who were later arrested together with me) were familiar to me. They all participated in the attacks. The guy who lead the attack was Saltar from Chut Pyin village. He is the only leader that I knew.

### **How we fled after the attacks:**

On the morning of 28.8.2017, all of our villagers fled from our village. On the way, we saw villagers from Bellami, Auk Nan Ya, Ahtet Nan Ya villages who also fled like we did. We crossed the Mayu mountain from Zede Pyin village of Rathedaung township to Maungdaw township. After 2 days by foot, we made it to Na Kaung To brooklet [near the shore of the Naf River], near Alay Than Kyaw village, Maungdaw. Our village elder Ahdu Lah led us as we fled.

### **How we were captured:**

When we reached the shore of the Naf River, we had some money problems arranging to cross to Bangladesh. On the morning of 11.9.2017, when we ran out of food, we came into a nearby Bengali village for rice. But we did not find anything. At 9:00 am, one of us - Maw Go La Mauk, grabbed an unknown 14 year old Bengali boy. We tied him up with rope and asked him to take us to his house and give us rice to eat, or if not, we would kill him. We took him to an empty house in Ka Yin Tan village (Alay Than Kyaw). While we are threatening him to give us rice, around 20 villagers from Ka Yin Tan Village came and detained us and reported us to the authorities. Then, we were arrested by Army and Border Guard Police (BGP).