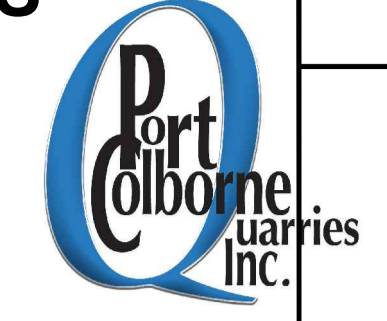


PIT 3 EXTENSION

SURROUNDING LAND USES

SHEET 1 OF 9

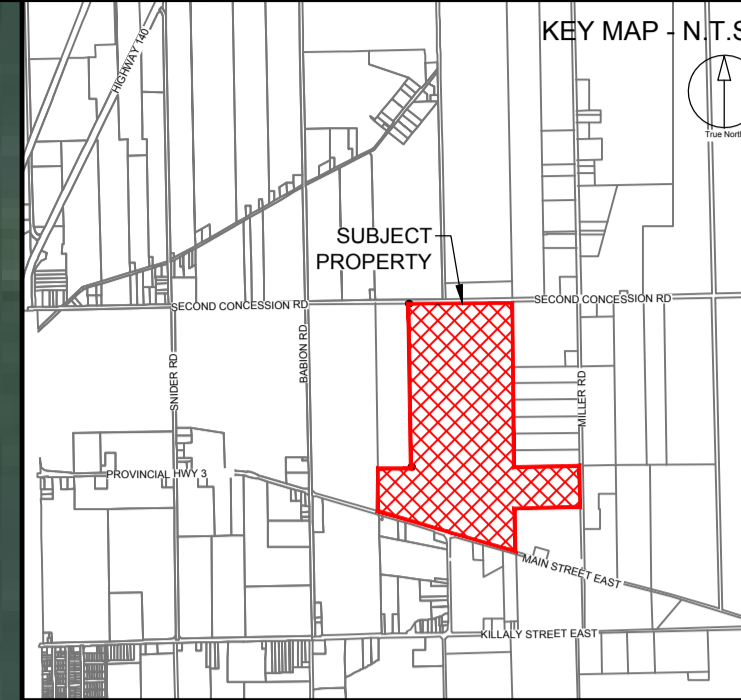


APPLICANT
PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

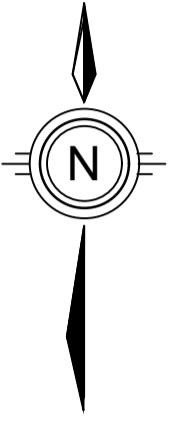
222 MARTINDALE ROAD, P.O. BOX 1116
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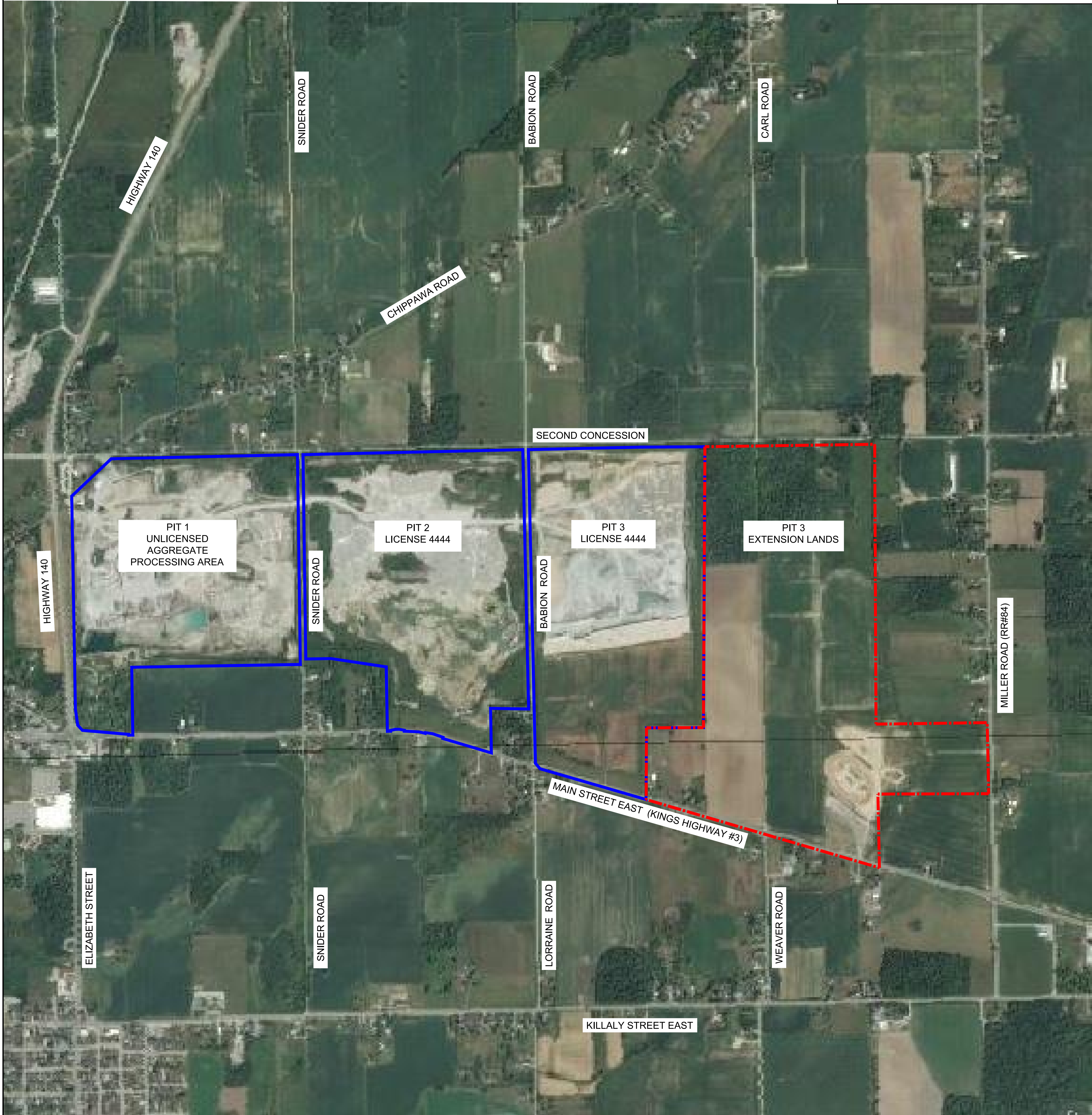


Part of Lots 17, 18 & 19 Concession 2 and P.P. 50R-18702 Part of Road Allowance between Lot 18 & 19 Concession 2, in former Township of Humberstone, the City of Port Colborne, Region of Niagara



LEGEND

- LICENSED BOUNDARY
- PROPERTY BOUNDARY
- PROPERTY BOUNDARY OF EXISTING PITS



THESE SITE PLANS HAVE PREPARED UNDER THE AGGREGATE RESOURCES ACT FOR A CLASS A LICENSE, CATEGORY 2. THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY THE UNDERSIGNED BY THE AUTHORITY OF MINISTRIAL APPROVAL AS SPECIFIED IN THE AREA SECTION 8 (4).

DATE: Jan 15, 2021



PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.
PIT 3 EXTENSION

SCALE: 1 : 5,000
0m 50 100 150 200

PROJECT NO: 115774
DRAWN BY: E.T.
PROJECT MGR: D.S.
CHECKED BY: D.S.
APPROVED BY:

SHEET TITLE
SURROUNDING LAND USES

SHEET NUMBER: 1 of 9
ISSUE

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PIT 3 EXTENSION

EXISTING CONDITIONS PLAN

SHEET 2 OF 9

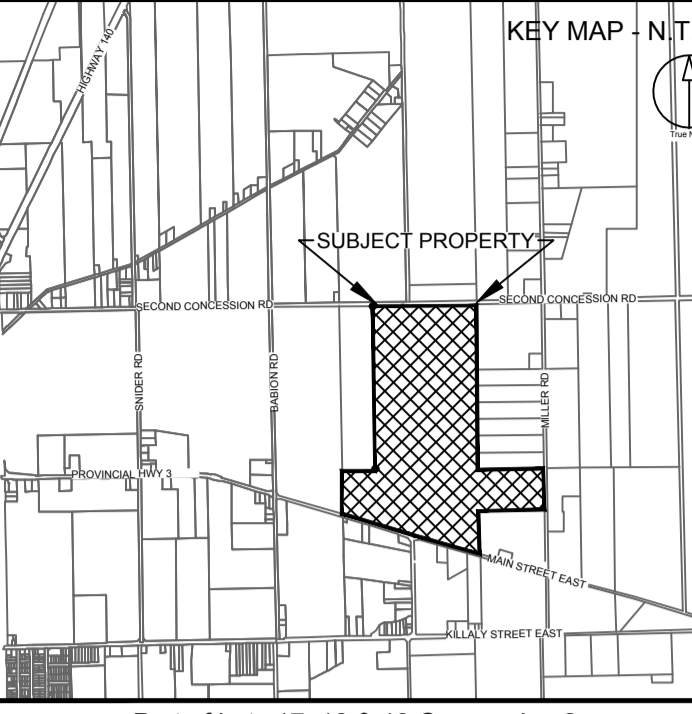


APPLICANT
PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

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LEGEND

- LOT & CONCESSION
- LICENSED BOUNDARY
- LIMIT OF EXTRACTION
- X-X- EXISTING POST & WIRE FENCE
- - - MUNICIPAL DRAIN
- LOCATION OF CROSS-SECTION (SEE SHEETS 7 OF 8 & 9 OF 9)
- MW17-3D
● MW17-35 MONITORING WELL - EXISTING
- MW F2 MONITORING WELL - TO BE DRILLED PRIOR TO QUARRING
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURFACE FIND - INDIVIDUAL
- ARCHAEOLOGICAL SURFACE FIND - GROUPING
- - - 7m BUFFER FROM ARCHAEOLOGICAL FIND SPOTS (SEE ARCH. NOTE 2)
- ↑ EXISTING ACCESS
- EXISTING TREE LINE
- EX BLDG EXISTING BUILDING / STRUCTURE - OFF-SITE
- EX BLDG EXISTING BUILDING / STRUCTURE - ON-SITE
- POND EXISTING POND
- SURFACE DRAINAGE DIRECTION
- - - EXISTING ZONING BY-LAW BOUNDARY
- - - 120m A.R.A. OFFSET
- - - EXISTING CONTOUR (1m INTERVAL)

NO.	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
1			SITE PLAN AMENDMENTS
2	2021.11.15	J.F.	REVISED LICENSED LIMIT & JURY COMMENTS
3	2021.02.09	J.F.	AS PER MNR PRELIMINARY REVIEW COMMENTS

NO.	REVISIONS PRIOR TO APPROVAL
5.13	REMOVAL OF SETBACKS ADJACENT TO LICENSE 4444

SITE DATA

AREA TO BE LICENSED	± 80.34 ha
AREA TO BE EXTRACTED	± 71.12 ha
EX. DISTURBED AREA	Nil
TOTAL LAND PARCEL	± 106.29 ha

THESE SITE PLANS HAVE PREPARED UNDER THE AGGREGATE RESOURCES ACT FOR A CLASS A LICENSE, CATEGORY 2. THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY THE UNDERSIGNED BY THE AUTHORITY OF MINISTRIAL APPROVAL AS SPECIFIED IN THE ARA SECTION 8 (4).

DATE: Jan 15, 2021

IBI GROUP
Suite 101 - 410 Albert Street
Waterloo ON N2L 3V3 Canada
Tel: 519 525 2555
ibigroup.com

PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

PIT 3 EXTENSION

SCALE: 1:2,500

PROJECT NO: 115774

DRAWN BY: E.T.

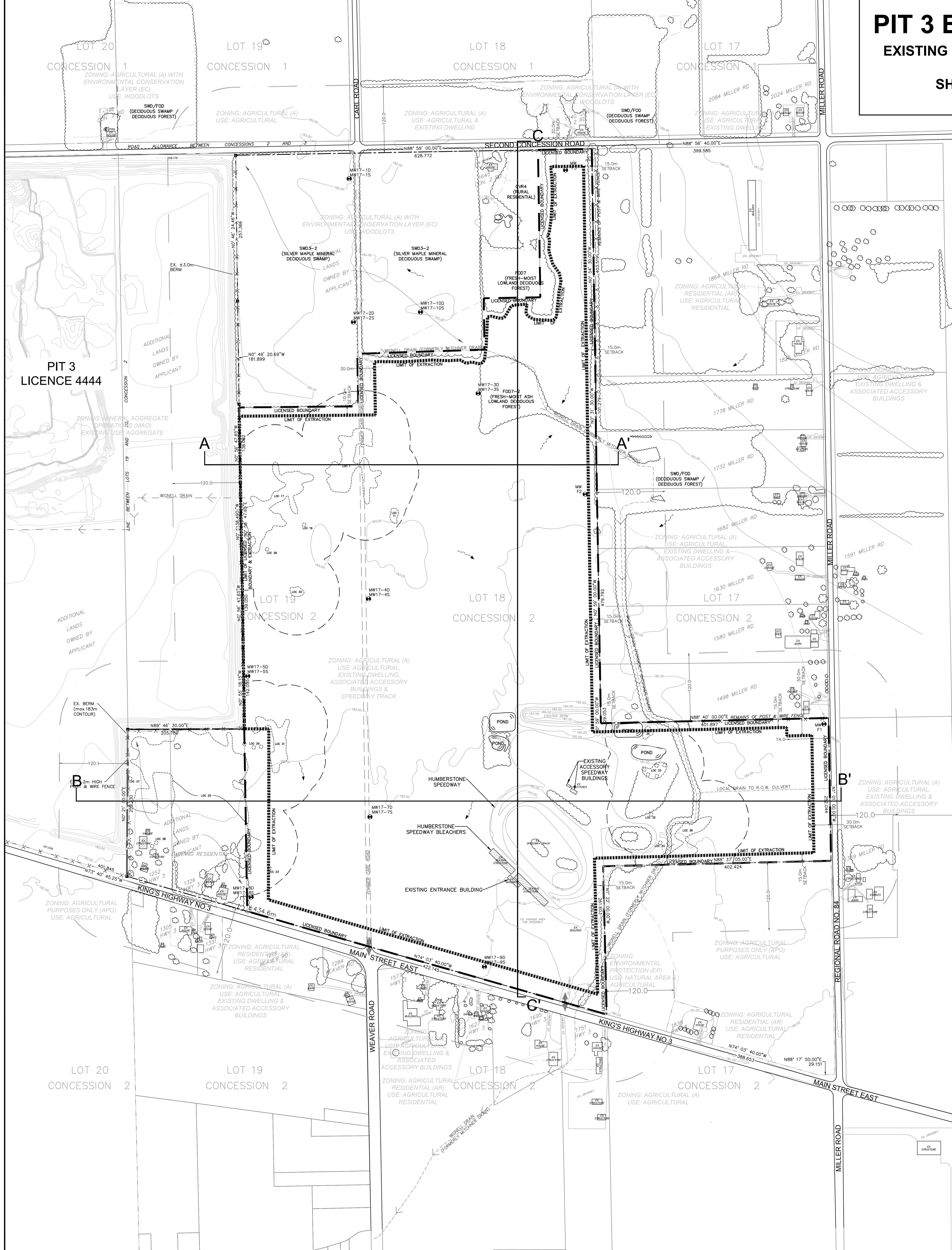
CHECKED BY: D.R.S.

PROJECT MGR: D.R.S.

APPROVED BY: D.R.S.

SHEET TITLE	ISSUE
EXISTING CONDITIONS	
SHEET NUMBER	2 of 9

- Sources Used For The Preparation Of The Site Plans:**
- The City of Port Colborne Official Plan.
 - The Region of Niagara Official Plan.
 - Niagara Region Navigator, Interactive Mapping Portal.
 - The City of Port Colborne Zoning By-Law 6575/30/18.
 - Topographic information obtained from Lanthier & Gilmore Surveying Ltd. 2019.
 - Property Legal Boundary Information obtained from Plan 59R-8010 prepared by Andrew Cameron, OLS, dated April 8th/1992 and Plan 59R-16702 prepared by Lanthier & Gilmore May 2020.
 - Boreholes and monitoring wells location has been provided by the Level 1 / Level 2 Hydrogeological Assessment Report prepared by Golder Associates Ltd., dated October 2020.
 - Ecological Land Classification information has been provided by Level 1 and Level 2 Natural Environment Report prepared by Golder Associates Ltd., dated Oct 2020.
 - Archaeological Find Spots have been provided by the Stage 2 Archaeological Assessment prepared by Golder Associates Ltd., dated July 2020.
 - Site visits conducted 2018, 2019 and 2020 and the location of site features was augmented by Google Maps (2018).
- Notes:**
The groundwater elevation across the site has been determined by Golder Associates Ltd. to be 178.0 masl.



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 Date: 11/15/21

GENERAL OPERATIONAL NOTES

1. **Tonnage:** It is a condition of this licence that no more than 1,000,000 tonnes of material shall be removed from this property annually and no more than 1,815,000 tonnes of material annually combined with Licence 4444, which is also operated by Port Colborne Quarries Inc. The area to be extracted is 71.1 hectares.

2. Hours of Operation:

a) The hours of operation shall be from 7:00a.m. to 7:00p.m. Monday to Friday excluding statutory holidays and 8:00a.m. to 3:00p.m. on Saturdays. At no time shall crushing, rock breaking or blasting take place on a Saturday, Sunday or Statutory Holiday, nor any blasting between the hours of 6:00p.m. and 8:00a.m. Maintenance and, where required for highway construction night contracts, only loading and scale operations may take place outside of normal operating hours.
b) Refer to the Recommendations from the Dust Study (Sheet 5 of 9) regarding further restrictions to the operational hours for drilling/blasting.

3. Fencing and Gates:

a) Prior the stripping and extraction, a minimum 1.2 metre high post and wire fence shall be in place along all external boundaries to ensure the site is secure. Site Plan Variance of Operational Standard 5.1 provides that the west boundary abutting ARA Licence 4444 will not be fenced since those lands are also owned by Port Colborne Quarries Inc.
b) A gate will be erected at the main quarry access onto the Highway 3 entrance/exit and be locked at all times when the quarry is not operational.
c) The existing entrance/exit at:
a. Humberstone Speedway onto Highway 3 will be permanently closed.
b. Former Carl Road onto Second Concession Road will be permanently closed.
d) Access to 1252 Main Street (Hwy 3) and 1326 Main Street (Hwy 3) and 1645 Second Concession Road will remain un-gated subject to the construction of additional perimeter fencing the secure the quarry lands.
e) Refer to Note 5 for farm equipment access and gates.
f) Tree Protection Fencing shall be installed around the northern woodlots, (SWD-2 and SWD3-2) as per the Recommendations from the Tree Preservation Plan (See Sheet 5 of 9).

4. Existing Buildings:

Existing buildings on-site include:
i. House at 1252 Main Street (Hwy 3) to remain as it will be outside the Limit of Extraction.
ii. House at 1326 Main Street (Hwy 3) to remain as it will be outside the Limit of Extraction.
iii. House at 1645 Second Concession Road to remain as it will be outside the Limit of Extraction.
The timing of the removal of the following buildings will occur during Phase 1A:
iv. Spectator viewing stand at the Humberstone Speedway.
iii. All ancillary buildings and structures at the Humberstone Speedway.

5. Site Access:

a) Extraction Stage 1A: Haul truck access will be routed internally being west via the Port Colborne Quarries Inc. Licence 4444 (Pit 2 and 3) to the Pit 1 entrance/exit onto Ramey Road and to Highway 140.
b) Extraction Stage 2: During Phase 1A extraction and upon a new aggregate processing plant / wash plant being located within Licence 4444 (Pit 3), a new quarry entrance/exit will then be established directly onto Highway 3. All applicable entrance permits and design approvals for a deceleration lane shall be secured from the Ministry of Transportation prior to the construction and use of this access.

6. Entrance/Exit:

Once the Highway 3 entrance/exit has been established:
a) A road sweeper will be maintained on-site (or within Licence 4444) and used on a year-round basis as required. The entrance and associated paved shoulders will be swept to pick up and dispose of quarry related debris at least once per week, and as frequently as conditions warrant.
b) A steel grating system will be installed at the weigh scale area, and cleaned regularly.
c) The scale entry and exit areas will be paved for a minimum distance to the weigh scale to minimize dust/mud drag-out on truck tires.

7. Farm Access:

Farm equipment will access the site as follows:
a) Phase 1A through a 4.0 metre wide maximum gap in the Miller Road berm. The gap will be located generally at the mid-frontage point of Miller Road. The farm access will be gated and locked except when required for use by quarry employees or farming use. The berm gap will remain until farming ceases in Phase 1A and then the gap will be backfilled to match the height and slope of the remainder of the Miller Street berm.
b) Phases 1B, 2 and 3 via 1645 Second Concession Road, a locked gate will be erected at the west end of Berm 1.

8. **Internal Haul Road:** Internal haul routes will be constructed and disbanded as required to access the active quarry face. The location of the internal roads shown on the Site Plans are general and anticipated but will vary depending on changing site conditions and truck traffic flow requirements.

9. **Weigh Scale:** The weigh scale to be used for this Licence will initially be located off-site at the Port Colborne Quarries Inc. Pit 1. During Phase 1A extraction, once a new processing plant is relocated to Licence 4444 (Pit 3), a weigh scale and scale house will be established near the Highway 3 entrance/exit generally as shown on the Site Plans.

10. **Groundwater Status:** The groundwater elevation across the site has been determined by Golder to be approximately 178.0 masl.

11. **Scrap:** No scrap will be stored on-site but will be stored either in the Port Colborne Quarries Inc. Pit 1 or within Licence 4444 (Pit 3).

12. **Fuel Storage:** Fuel Storage: There will be no on-site fuel storage. Fuel storage will continue to be located in the Port Colborne Quarries Inc. Pit 1. Portable equipment within the quarry (i.e., crushers, screeners, generators, etc.) will be refueled by a mobile fuel truck or equivalent and follow all applicable Liquid Fuels Handling code requirements.

13. **Equipment:** Site preparation, extraction and rehabilitation on the site will be undertaken using scrapers, front-end loaders, haul trucks, dozers, excavators, drill-rigs etc. as necessary. As well, portable crushers, screener may be used on occasion at the quarry face.

14. Tree Removal:

Any trees removed within the Limit of Extraction will be either:
i. Chipped with the material distributed within proposed vegetation zones,
ii. Burned on-site subject to an applicable municipal burn permit,
iii. Cut and re-located to the quarry sideslopes within the aquatic habitat littoral zones to facilitate post-extractive fish habitat.

15. Topsoil/Subsoil/Overburden Stripping:

a) In advance of extraction, a sufficient area of topsoil, subsoil and overburden will be stripped to allow for approximately 2-3 years of extraction. The stripped topsoil, subsoil and overburden will be used for:
i) Berm construction
ii) Rehabilitation of final quarry slopes
b) Topsoil or subsoil originating from the former Humberstone Speedway shall be used for the construction of berms along the Highway 3 frontage with the exception of soil where the quality exceeds the applicable MECP Site Condition Standards. When the Phase Two ESA investigation is completed, the quality of the soil at the Site will be determined and any soil that exceeds the applicable MECP Site Condition Standards will be disposed of off-site. The Phase Two ESA investigation will be completed prior to the soil being stripped from the property.

16. **Perimeter Berms:** Perimeter berms will be constructed to provide attenuation for noise, dust and visual impacts. The core of the berms will be constructed of overburden clay from the site and then a veneer of subsoil and topsoil applied to the berms. The berms will then be vegetated as specified in General Operational Note 18. If moderate or extensive erosion or gullying occurs during the life of the quarry, that portion is to be re-graded and reseeded as necessary. The external (public) side of the berms fronting onto Highway 3 and Miller Road will be constructed with a 4:1 slope and maintained (cut) on a regular basis. The berms will be constructed to the heights noted on the Plan and as noted in the Visual Impact Assessment Recommendations. Refer also to Berm Sketch - Detail 2, 3 and 4 on Sheet 4 of 9.

17. Quarry Sideslopes:

a) Quarry sideslopes will vary from a maximum 2:1 slope and increase to 3:1 - 4:1 slope generally within those areas shown on the Plan.
b) The Licensee will create the side slopes by:
i) Angled blasting,
ii) Use of broken shale,
iii) On-site overburden,

18. Vegetation:

a) All berms shall be seeded as per the Level 1 and 2 Natural Environment Report Recommendations (See Sheet 5 of 9).
b) All rehabilitated side slopes are to be vegetated with native, non-invasive seed mixture capable of:
• Rapid germination and growth,
• Controlling erosion,
• Maintaining or enhancing soil fertility.
c) The seeding is to be established in a timely manner and if necessary, facilitated by the application of fertilizer, water and/or additional seeding.
d) During the start-up stage of Phase 1 the Licensee will plant a mixture of native deciduous and coniferous trees (red maple, sugar maple, elm, black oak, white pine, black walnut, white pine and black spruce) along the Highway 3 frontage and Miller Street frontage to create a long-term shade canopy. The tree stock at the time of planning shall be:
• for coniferous a minimum of 1.5 metres in height and
• for deciduous trees, a minimum of 55 mm cal.
e) Monitoring of all vegetation within the setbacks and on berms will continue throughout the life of the quarry and if any vegetation dies, it will be replaced immediately (during the proper planting season).

19. **Benching:** The maximum blasting depth will be approximately 8.0 metres resulting in two (2) excavation benches. In locations where the rock continues deeper, a shallower third bench may be required.

20. **Direction of Extraction:** Extraction of each phase shall be in the direction as shown on the plan, with an intent to be working towards the nearest sensitive receiver.

21. **Aggregates Processing:** Aggregate processing will initially occur off-site in the Port Colborne Quarries Inc. Pit 1. During Phase 1A extraction, the processing plant and wash plant will be relocated to Licence 4444 (Pit 3) and to accommodate this, a Site Plan amendment for Licence 4444 will be initiated. A conveyor system may be used to transport material within the subject lands to Licence 4444. As well, a portable crusher / screener may be used on occasion at the quarry face but any such equipment and/or stockpiles shall be located a minimum of 30.0 metres from all property boundaries.

22. **Stockpiles:** Aggregate stockpiles will be located primarily off-site however, when limited processing does occur at the quarry face, it shall occur on the lowest quarry floor available and be adjacent to the active quarry face and not exceed 20.0 metres in height.

23. **On-Site Equipment:** Proposed extraction equipment to be used on site is defined by the Noise Assessment as noted under the Technical Recommendations.

24. **Recycling:** Recycling of asphalt and concrete will not be permitted on this site.

25. **Dust Control:** Dust will be mitigated on-site as per the Air Quality Assessment as noted under the Technical Recommendations.

26. **Blasting:** Blasting impacts will be mitigated as per the Blast Impact Analysis as noted under the Technical Recommendations. Blasting will occur as required to provide a suitable inventory, but on average approximately twice per week.

27. **Final Quarry Elevation:** The final quarry floor will vary from 162.0 masl at the south limit to 169.0 masl at the north. The quarry floor will blend in with the quarry floor for Licence 4444 which will be at approximately 166.0 masl.

28. **Extraction Area:** The total area to be extracted is 71.1 hectares.

29. Refer to Sheet 7 of 9 and 8 of 9 for cross sections.

30. Refer to Sheet 6 of 9 for progressive extraction and progressive rehabilitation details.

RECOMMENDATIONS FROM TECHNICAL REPORTS

Noise (Acoustical) Impact Study, Golder Associates Inc., dated December 2020

1. The following minimum perimeter berms (or acoustically equivalent measures/barrier) will be implemented prior to extraction:
• A 4 metre high (above existing grade) berm along the south property line.
• A minimum 2 metre high (above existing grade) berm along the east and north property lines of the extension area.
Refer to Visual Impact Assessment Recommendations for maximum berm heights.

2. The location of the berms is shown on the Operational Plan. In addition to 1 above, specific berm requirements, including additional required berm heights, will be determined through both noise and blast monitoring as the areas of extraction move towards the Points of Reception (PORs) as shown on the Operational Plan within the 'Increased Blast Monitoring Zone'.

3. Areas requiring additional and/or specific noise controls and/or quieter types of equipment are shown on the Operational Plan as Noise Zone 1, Noise Zone 2 and Noise Zone 3. The local barrier height and alternative controls required to achieve compliance with applicable noise limits within the identified areas are noted below;

Noise Zone	Equipment Specific Noise Controls
1	Drill – local barrier extending 2.0 m above major noise source associated with the drill.
2	Drill – local barrier extending 3.0 m above major noise source associated with the drill.
3	Drill – attenuated equipment (i.e. reduced noise emissions or replace with quieter equipment)

4. Extraction and processing operations will occur only during the daytime period (7:00 am – 7:00 pm).

5. The general extraction progression to be followed is shown on the Operational Plan.

6. Setback distances between the drilling rig / blasting and receptors will be determined/confirmed through the blast monitoring program.

7. All existing on-site/ external perimeter berms shall remain in place for the Port Colborne Quarries Inc., Pit 1, Pit 2 and Pit 3 lands.

8. Extraction equipment will not exceed the following Overall Sound Power Levels Equipment list.

Source Description	Overall Sound Power Levels (dBA)
Screen 115E - Upper deck west	127
Screen 115E – Lower deck west	127
Screen 115E – Upper deck east	123
Screen 115E – Lower deck east	123
Impact Crusher 177 - west	104
Impact Crusher 187 - east	104
Jaw Crusher Norberg	110
Impact Crusher 154	104
Wash plant 155E – west screen top	111
Wash plant 155E – west screen walls	107
Wash plant 155E – east screen top	111
Wash plant 155E – east side walls	107
Drill	121
Loader Extraction	107
Haul Truck empty	112
Haul Truck full	116
Highway Truck	102

9. On-site haul trucks will not exceed 35 km/h.

10. Equipment will be maintained in good condition.

11. On-site roadways will be maintained to limit noise resulting from trucks over ruts and pot-holes.

Agricultural Impact Assessment, Colville Consulting Inc., dated September 2020

1. Excess topsoil not required for berm construction or post-extractive rehabilitation and which would be otherwise displaced, shall be available for re-use to improve the agricultural conditions for cultivation at other locations where opportunities exist.

2. Lands not immediately required for extraction shall remain available for agricultural production when possible.

3. The licensed boundary area should be aligned with existing property boundaries where possible.

4. Appropriate buffering abutting agricultural lands shall employ such things as:
a) Vegetated berms, which can offer both visual and physical buffers,
b) Dust suppression techniques and noise management according to appropriate regulations.

5. When agricultural vehicles utilize interior quarry roads to access agricultural lands, a safety protocol will be developed to ensure the safety of all farm traffic through the licensed area, or alternate access shall be provided.

6. Perimeter fencing shall be established to minimize the potential for trespass and vandalism.

7. Monitoring of all vegetation within the setbacks and on berms will continue throughout the life of the quarry and if any vegetation dies, it will be replaced immediately (during the proper planting season).

8. Erosion/Vegetation Monitoring: If there is any substantial areas of erosion that would result in increased levels of sedimentation either during the quarry operation or during the progressive rehabilitation stage, those areas shall be regraded and reseeded immediately. If there is any substantial vegetation die-out, including berm vegetation, upland trees/shrubs, aquatic vegetation, it shall be replaced immediately and/or during the next appropriate planting season.

9. The groundwater monitoring program shall identify and monitor any changes related to ground water resources surrounding the quarry operation to ensure farm operations dependent on ground water are not impacted. If any well interference issues are identified, the Licensee shall ensure that adequate water supply is available for adjacent farm operations.

10. The Licensee shall ensure that quarry signage on Main Street (Highway 3) includes a phone number for neighbours to call if any issues should arise.

11. The Licensee shall ensure that all MOECC standards regarding blasting, noise and dust emissions are met.

12. The Licensee shall use non-invasive, native plant species for berm plantings and other landscaped features surrounding the quarry operation.

PIT 3 EXTENSION

OPERATIONAL NOTES PLAN

SHEET 4 OF 9



13. The Licensee shall document any complaints involving the local agricultural community and annually, confirm to MNRF how they were resolved.

Air Quality Assessment, Golder Associates Inc., dated December 2020

1. The amount of explosive used will be reduced to less than 6,160 kg when meteorological conditions require it, such as wind gusts exceeding 40 km/hr, and/or when the extraction face approaches the property line and/or sensitive receptors. The actual reduced amount of explosive will be determined through the blast monitoring program.

2. The amount of material handling at the extraction face will be reduced to less than 4,500 kg per day when meteorological conditions require it, such as wind gusts exceeding 40 km/hr, and/or extraction face approaches the property line and/or sensitive receptors.

3. The licensee shall use water as a dust suppressant to control fugitive emissions as necessary and during dry periods.

4. The Best Management Practices Plan for the Control of Fugitive Dust (BMPP) prepared by Golder Associates Ltd. dated December 2020, and as amended, shall be posted in the on-site pit administration office. Compliance with the BMPP is deemed to be a Site Plan condition.

Archaeological Assessment, Stage 1 and 2, Golder Associates Inc., dated July 2020

1. The archaeological sites on the attached Site Plan identified as Location 1 (AFGT-296), Location 17 (AFGT-305), Location 25 (AFGT-307), Location 30 (AFGT-308), Location 31 (AFGT-309), Location 32 (AFGT-312), Location 33 (AFGT-313), Location 35 (AFGT-314) and Location 36 (AFGT-315) and Location 38 (AFGT-316) have been determined to have further cultural heritage value or interest. As such, they have been recommended to undergo Stage 3 archaeological assessment prior to any intrusive activity that may result in their destruction or disturbance. The Stage 3 assessments must be conducted in accordance with the Ministry of Heritage, Sport, Tourism and Culture Industries' (MHSTCI) *Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists* to define the extent of each site, gather a representative sample of artifacts, and aid in determining the need for Stage 4 mitigation of impacts.

2. Until such time that Location 1 (AFGT-296), Location 17 (AFGT-305), Location 25 (AFGT-307), Location 30 (AFGT-308), Location 31 (AFGT-309), Location 32 (AFGT-312), Location 33 (AFGT-313), Location 35 (AFGT-314), Location 36 (AFGT-315), and Location 38 (AFGT-316) can undergo the recommended Stage 3 assessments, the sites shall be avoided and protected by establishing "no-go" zones consisting of the sites plus a 70 metre protective buffer as shown in the attached Site Plan.

3. Should the Stage 3 archaeological assessments of the Location 1 (AFGT-296), Location 17 (AFGT-305), Location 25 (AFGT-307), Location 30 (AFGT-308), Location 31 (AFGT-309), Location 32 (AFGT-312), Location 33 (AFGT-313), Location 35 (AFGT-314), Location 36 (AFGT-315), and Location 38 (AFGT-316) result in a recommendation for Stage 4 mitigation of impacts, the site in question will require the development and implementation of either a long-term avoidance and protection plan to preserve the site intact, or development and implementation of an archaeological excavation plan to recover and document the portion of the site to be impacted. The development of any Stage 4 mitigation strategy must involve the engagement of interested Indigenous communities

4. The protected sites must be fenced (post and wire) prior to commencing extraction.

5. All alterations are prohibited within the limits of the protected areas of the sites until such time that the MHSTCI has entered a report(s) in the Ontario Public Register of Archaeological Reports where the report(s) recommends that the archaeological site is of no further cultural heritage value or interest.

6. Any archaeological site that is of further cultural heritage value or interest that remains within the licensed area at the time of surrender of the licence will be protected through a restrictive covenant on title.

7. Overall Quarry Site: Should previously unknown or un-assessed deeply buried archaeological resources be uncovered during the development, they may be a new archaeological site and therefore subject to section 48 (1) of the Ontario Heritage Act. The proponent or person discovering the archaeological resources must cease alteration of the site immediately and engage a licensed archaeologist to carry out archaeological fieldwork, in compliance with section 48 (1) of the Ontario Heritage Act.

8. Any person discovering human remains must immediately notify the police or coroner and the registrar of cemeteries, Ministry of Government Services. All work in the vicinity of the discovery will be suspended immediately. Other government staff may be contacted as appropriate; however, media contact shall not be made in regard to the discovery.

Blast (Vibration) Impact Assessment, Golder Associates Inc., dated July 2020

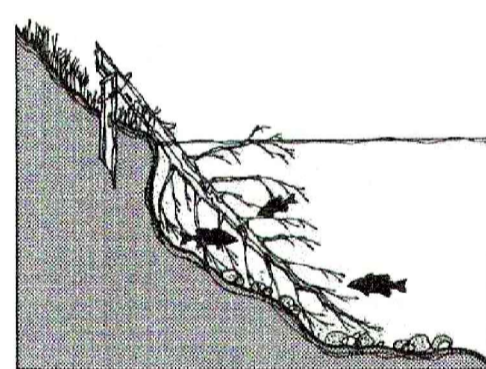
1. The initial series of test blasts, occurring with approximately one month of the commencement of blasting shall be monitored at a minimum of five (5) locations at varying distances from each blast to refine the ground and air vibration attenuation characteristics and confirm that MECP - NPC 119 of the Model Municipal Noise Control By-Law is being met. This will entail establishing monitoring stations between the blast site and neighbouring receptors (residences), during the sinking cut and development of the initial bench face. The site-specific attenuation data developed during this monitoring period shall then be used to better define ground vibration and air concussion effects at the nearest receptors.

2. Routine monitoring of all blasting operations shall be carried out in the vicinity of the closest receptor to the proposed blasting operations. As extraction continues with the quarry and blasting operations move, the actual monitoring site shall be routinely and regularly reviewed so that the closest receptor is always being monitored for ground and air vibration effects.

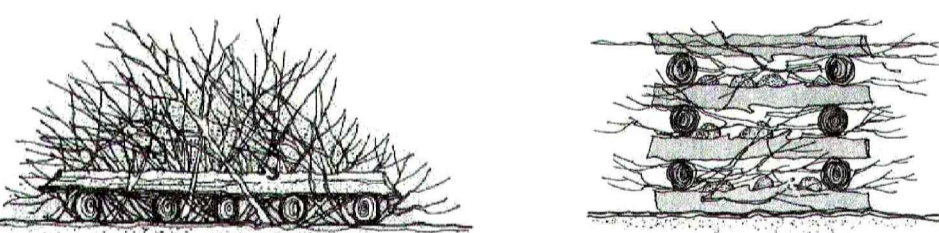
3. Maintained a record of all blasting details including a seismic record of the ground and air vibration monitoring results. The blast details and monitoring results shall be made available to the Ministry of Natural Resources and Forestry (MNRF) and the Ministry of Environment, Conservation and Parks (MECP) upon request.

continued on Sheet 5 of 9 - Additional Operational Notes Plan

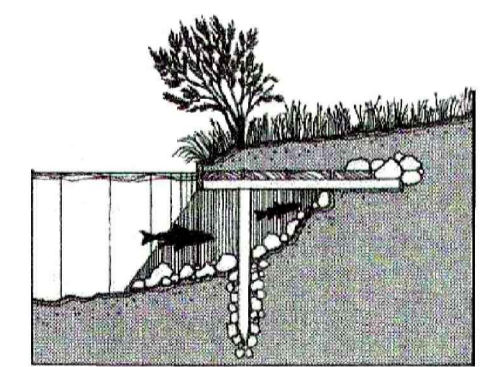
DETAIL 1 WETLAND ENHANCEMENT FEATURES



A: Submerging tree crowns & rootballs will provide cover for fish along the shore line.

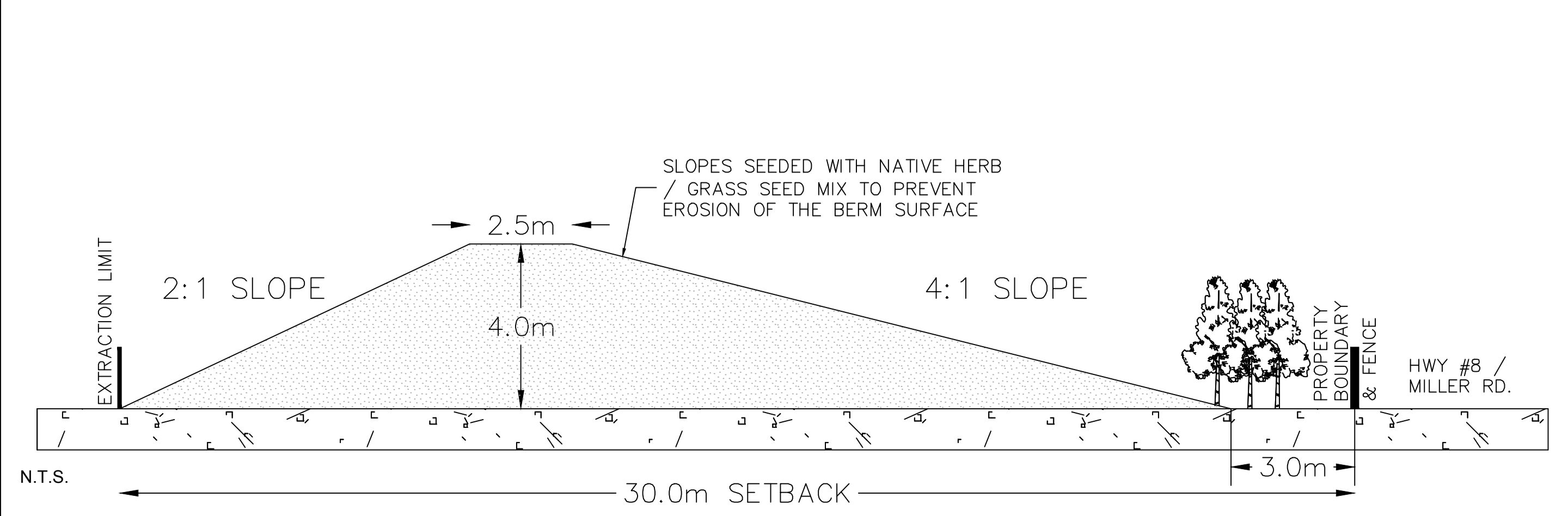


B & C: Crib structures can provide both feeding and cooler areas for fish.

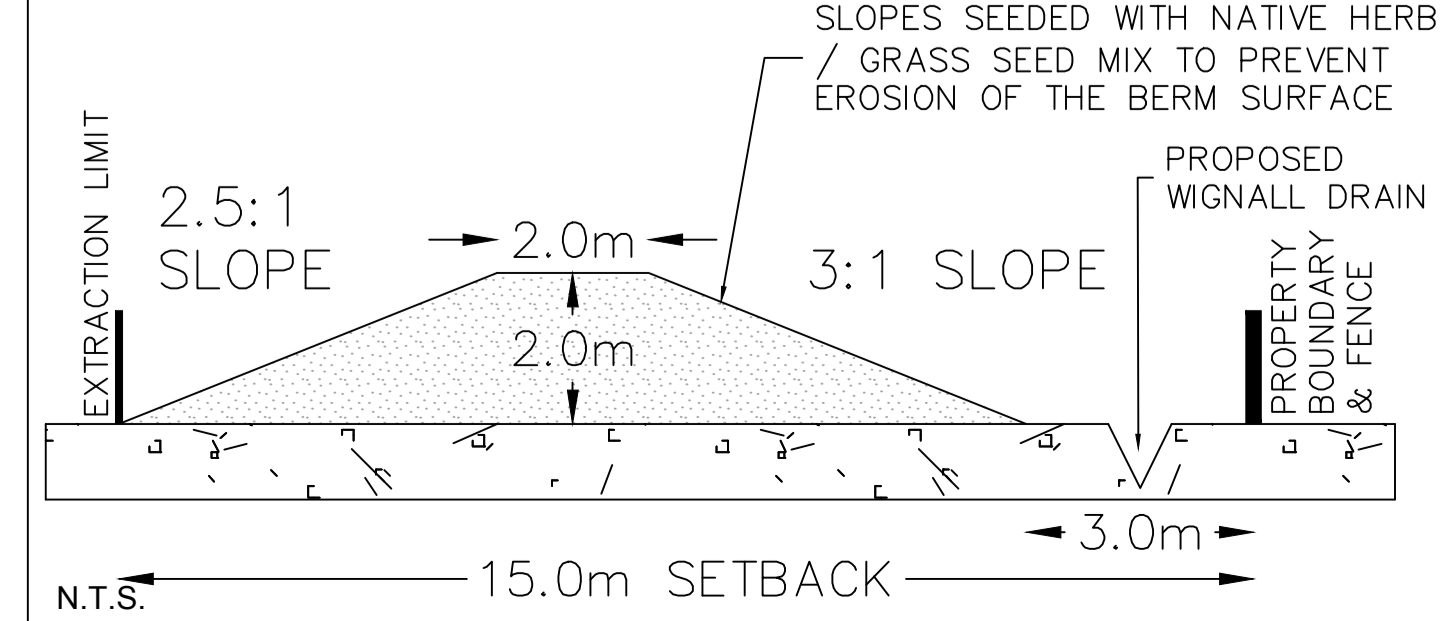


D: Structures such as this can be constructed out of scrap lumber.

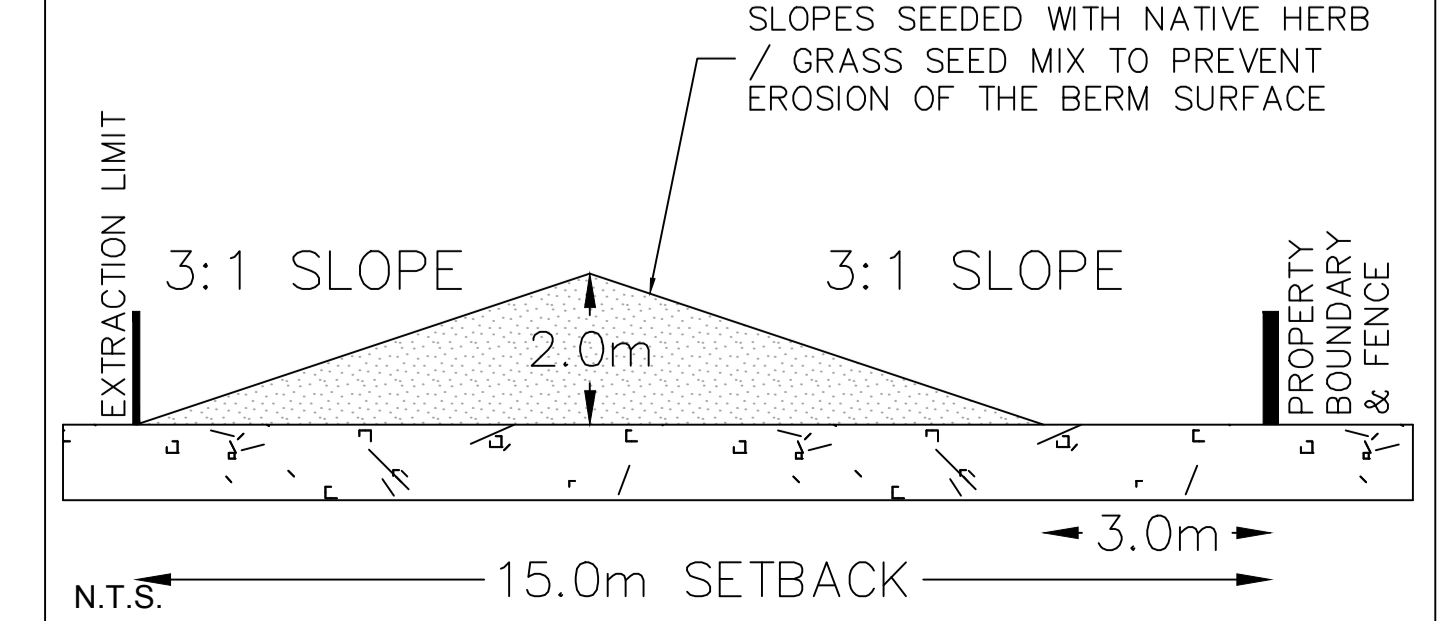
DETAIL 2 SKETCH OF BERM ABUTTING BOTH HIGHWAY #3 AND MILLER ROAD.



DETAIL 3 SKETCH OF BERM ABUTTING PROPERTY BOUNDARY WITH WIGNALL DRAIN.



DETAIL 4 SKETCH OF BERM ABUTTING OTHER PROPERTY BOUNDARIES.



APPLICANT
**PORT COLBORNE
QUARRIES INC.**

222 MARTINDALE ROAD, P.O. BOX 1116
ST. CATHERINES, ON, L2R 7A3

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KEY MAP - N.T.S.

Part of Lots 17, 18 & 19 Concession 2 and P.P. 20R-18702 Part of Road Allowance between Lot 18 & 19 Concession 2, in former Township of Humberstone, the City of Port Colborne, Region of Niagara

4. The Best Management Practices Plan for the Control of Fugitive Dust (BMPP) prepared by Golder Associates Ltd. dated December 2020, and as amended, shall be posted in the on-site pit administration office. Compliance with the BMPP is deemed to be a Site Plan condition.

Archaeological Assessment, Stage 1 and 2, Golder Associates Inc., dated July 2020

1. The archaeological sites on the attached Site Plan identified as Location 1 (AFGT-296), Location 17 (AFGT-305), Location 25 (AFGT-307), Location 30 (AFGT-308), Location 31 (AFGT-309), Location 32 (AFGT-312), Location 33 (AFGT-313), Location 35 (AFGT-314) and Location 36 (AFGT-315) and Location 38 (AFGT-316) have been determined to have further cultural heritage value or interest. As such, they have been recommended to undergo Stage 3 archaeological assessment prior to any intrusive activity that may result in their destruction or disturbance. The Stage 3 assessments must be conducted in accordance with the Ministry of Heritage, Sport, Tourism and Culture Industries' (MHSTCI) *Standards and Guidelines for Consultant Archaeologists* to define the extent of each site, gather a representative sample of artifacts, and aid in determining the need for Stage 4 mitigation of impacts.

2. Until such time that Location 1 (AFGT-296), Location 17 (AFGT-305), Location 25 (AFGT-307), Location 30 (AFGT-308), Location 31 (AFGT-309), Location 32 (AFGT-312), Location 33 (AFGT-313), Location 35 (AFGT-314), Location 36 (AFGT-315), and Location 38 (AFGT-316) can undergo the recommended Stage 3 assessments, the sites shall be avoided and protected by establishing "no-go" zones consisting of the sites plus a 70 metre protective buffer as shown in the attached Site Plan.

3. Should the Stage 3 archaeological assessments of the Location 1 (AFGT-296), Location 17 (AFGT-305), Location 25 (AFGT-307), Location 30 (AFGT-308), Location 31 (AFGT-309), Location 32 (AFGT-312), Location 33 (AFGT-313), Location 35 (AFGT-314), Location 36 (AFGT-315), and Location 38 (AFGT-316) result in a recommendation for Stage 4 mitigation of impacts, the site in question will require the development and implementation of either a long-term avoidance and protection plan to preserve the site intact, or development and implementation of an archaeological excavation plan to recover and document the portion of the site to be impacted. The development of any Stage 4 mitigation strategy must involve the engagement of interested Indigenous communities

4. The protected sites must be fenced (post and wire) prior to commencing extraction.

5. All alterations are prohibited within the limits of the protected areas of the sites until such time that the MHSTCI has entered a report(s) in the Ontario Public Register of Archaeological Reports where the report(s) recommends that the archaeological site is of no further cultural heritage value or interest.

6. Any archaeological site that is of further cultural heritage value or interest that remains within the licensed area at the time of surrender of the licence will be protected through a restrictive covenant on title.

7. Overall Quarry Site: Should previously unknown or un-assessed deeply buried archaeological resources be uncovered during the development, they may be a new archaeological site and therefore subject to section 48 (1) of the Ontario Heritage Act. The proponent or person discovering the archaeological resources must cease alteration of the site immediately and engage a licensed archaeologist to carry out archaeological fieldwork, in compliance with section 48 (1) of the Ontario Heritage Act.

8. Any person discovering human remains must immediately notify the police or coroner and the registrar of cemeteries, Ministry of Government Services. All work in the vicinity of the discovery will be suspended immediately. Other government staff may be contacted as appropriate; however, media contact shall not be made in regard to the discovery.

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

REVISIONS PRIOR TO APPROVAL

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION

4. Prohibit blasting on Saturdays, Sundays and Statutory holidays.

5. When blasting within approximately 300.0 metres of adjacent residences, the quarry shall regularly review their blast procedures in conjunction with the blast monitoring results to assess when it is necessary to reduce the maximum explosive weight detonation per delay period with the blast. The termination point for the blasting operations will be governed by the results of the on-site monitoring program.

6. Detailed blast records shall be maintained and shall include the following:

- a) Location, date and time of the blast;
b) Dimensioned sketch including photographs, if necessary, of the location of the blasting operation, and nearest point of reception;
c) Physical and topographical description of the ground between the source and the receptor location;
d) Type of material being blasted;
e) Sub-soil conditions, if known;
f) Prevailing meteorological conditions including wind speed in m/s, wind direction, air temperature in °C, relative humidity, degree of cloud cover and ground moisture content;
g) Number of drill holes;
h) Pattern and pitch of drill holes;
i) Size of holes;
j) Depth of drilling;
k) Depth of collar (or stemming);
l) Depth of toe-load;
m) Weight of charge per delay;
n) Number and times of delays;
o) The results and calculated value of Peak Pressure Level in dB(L) and Peak Vibration in mm/s;
p) Applicable limits; and
q) The excess, if any over the prescribed limit.

Flyrock Assessment by Golder Associates Inc., dated December, 2021

1. The Licensee shall undertake an assessment of proposed blast design(s) for flyrock potential using an industry standard flyrock model which must be conducted:
a) Prior to commencement of blasting
b) Following required future modifications of the blast design.
2. The Licensee shall ensure that the orientation of each blast is to direct flyrock away from residences.
3. The Licensee shall provide training of drilling and blasting to crew(s) to ensure they understand the PCQ's approach to flyrock prevention.
4. The Licensee shall provide quality control of drilling and blasting operation by:
a) Prior to loading any shot, blast designs shall be reviewed and approved by an engineer with experience in quarries and blasting.
b) Drilling accuracy and deviation will be monitored. The use of face mapping tools (e.g., laser contouring) is required to ensure that face burdens are controlled.
c) The use of high-speed video is required to enable estimation of the fragment launch velocity which will be used in the refinement of flyrock models (i.e., bench top and bench face).
d) Detailed drill logging program will be designed. Anomalies indicating potential problematic zones will be recorded and communicated to the blasting supervisor so that measures can be taken to prevent the potential impact of those zones.
e) The blast site will be reviewed to ensure compliance with the detailed drill program design.
f) All blasts will be videoed and reviewed to ensure blast performance quality.
g) Periodic third-party audits must be carried out twice per year, to complement continuous quality control.

Hydrological Study by Golder Associates Inc., dated October 2020

1. All monitoring requirements with respect to the quarry discharges and the receiving system will be regulated by the Industrial Sewage Works Environment Compliance Approval, (MECP) to be amended prior to the dewatering of Pit 3 Extension.

2. The increased runoff under operational and rehabilitated conditions will be directed to the east and west branches of the Wignell drain, increasing the annual flows within these water features.

Hydrogeological Study by Golder Associates Inc., dated October 2020

1. The following existing on-site monitoring wells shall be monitored with groundwater levels taken monthly and water quality samples taken every five years. Groundwater quality parameters to be tested for include;

Table with 2 columns: General Chemistry, Nutrients/Organic Indicators, Major and Minor Ions, Dissolved Metals. Lists parameters like pH, EC, TDS, Hardness, Ammonia, Nitrate, etc.

Monitoring Well Number

Table listing monitoring well numbers: MW17-1S, MW17-1D, MW17-2S, MW17-2D, MW17-3S, MW17-3D, MW17-4S, MW17-4D, MW17-5S, MW17-5D, MW17-6S, MW17-6D, MW17-7S, MW17-7D, MW17-8S, MW17-8D, MW17-9S, MW17-9D, MW17-10S, MW17-10D

2. Three additional monitoring wells are to be installed prior to quarrying and are shown on the Site Plans and include; i) on the Second Concession Road frontage mid-way along the northern limit of extraction, ii) mid-way along the eastern property boundary and iii) at the northern extent of the Miller Road frontage. These wells will be also be monitored at the same frequency as the existing wells.

3. The results of the Groundwater Quality Monitoring will be used to evaluate potential changes in water quality as the proposed quarry expands. The groundwater level monitoring will be used to assess the groundwater level drawdown associated with quarry dewatering as the quarry expands. The monitoring program will be used to evaluate potential impacts on surrounding wells and used as part of the hydrogeological and ecological disciplines to confirm no unanticipated effects on the natural environment.

4. In order to implement appropriate response actions in a timely manner, the Licensee will retain qualified personnel in the areas of hydrogeology and will have water well contractors and a plumbing contractor on retainer in the event that the need for these services arises.

5. The monitoring program will be discontinued once the quarrying is completed and the quarry will be allowed to flood through natural surface water and groundwater inflows, and the groundwater will recover to static conditions.

Private Well Complaints Response Program

The following description provides the decision process to be followed when a well interference complaint is received.

1. The well will be inspected by a Hydrogeologist and/or a Licensed Well Contractor to initially evaluate the complaint. An analysis and impact assessment will then be conducted by a Hydrogeologist to evaluate potential impacts for groundwater level drawdown to affect the water supply of the well. An assessment of the well system performance will then be carried out by the Hydrogeologist and Contractor.

2. If it is determined by a Hydrogeologist that there is a significant potential for interruption of the water supply of the well or the water supply of the well has been interrupted, then the water supply restoration program will be initiated. If the initial measures are not successful, then mitigation measures will be implemented in the interim until a successful response is achieved. This could involve the implementation of additional contingency measures until a successful result is achieved.

3. If there is no significant potential for the interruption of water supply, then no restoration action will be undertaken, and the temporary water supply will be discontinued. The actions and responses undertaken, as determined by a Hydrogeologist, will be documented for the annual report, and reported to the agencies as required.

Potential Mitigation Options

There are several mitigation strategies that could be implemented to affect the supply of surrounding water wells, to counteract the effect of quarry-related groundwater level drawdown, if required, based on the results of the monitoring and complaints response program.

1. Well Deepening: This would be effective, for example, for shallow bedrock wells that no longer have a sufficient water column due to quarry-related groundwater level drawdown. The results of the hydrogeological program indicate that well deepening is feasible, since water supply is obtained from duplicate private water wells and municipal wells.

2. Well Replacement: This measure could be introduced for wells where well deepening was not sufficient and could also be positioned further from the quarry.

3. Additional Wells: Additional wells could be installed and connected by plumbing into the residence by piping as such that there is a common feed of water from multiple wells.

4. Trickle Wells: This would involve the pumping of the well into a storage system such as a subsurface cistern.

5. Grouting: The bedrock along the quarry wall could be grouted to seal the fractures and remove the hydraulic connection to adjacent wells.

6. Low Permeability Sid Slopes: The quarry walls could be sloped with low permeability clayey materials to line the fractures on the quarry wall.

7. Recharge Wells: Recharge wells could be installed to maintain groundwater levels in areas affected by groundwater level drawdown.

The requirement for any of these mitigation measures would be determined based on the results of the groundwater monitoring program. The results of the monitoring and response program will be incorporated into a report that will be submitted to the MECP on an annual basis as part of the future requirements for a site-wide Permit to Take Water (PTTW).

Natural Environment Report, Golder Associates Inc. dated October 2020

1. Setbacks: All extraction setbacks for Phases 1B, 2 and 3 shall be clearly demarked where they are contiguous to environmental features and specifically those identified as CVR4, FOD7, CUM1-1, FOD7-2, SWD3-2.

2. Bird Breeding Habitat: The Licensee shall avoid vegetation removal including agricultural fields during the active breeding season for birds between April 15 and August 15 unless construction disturbance is preceded by a nesting survey. If nests are found, a buffer will be installed around the nest and not removed until young have fledged the nest.

Prior to removal of vegetation in agricultural fields, the Licensee shall confirm that there is no suitable habitat for bobolink or eastern meadowlark present. If present, permitting under the ESA may be required to remove the habitat.

All vegetation communities with the potential to provide nesting sites to migratory birds will require nesting surveys if they are removed between April 15 and August 15th. This will include the FOD7-2 in extraction area 2, the CUM1-1 in extraction area 3 north of the FOD7-2, and the CUM1-1 in extraction area 1A around the Humberstone Speedway. If areas of the open agricultural lands have transitioned into fallow post-agricultural lands, nesting surveys will also be required in those areas if clearing is to take place during the nesting season.

3. Fish Habitat: The ponds within the former Humberstone Speedway lands may contain fish, and if present, they shall be removed prior to dewatering and/or destruction of the ponds. This will require a MNRF permit to collect fish and it shall be obtained prior to relocation to avoid contravention of the federal Fisheries Act. Any native fish present are to be relocated to suitable nearby habitat and non-native fish are to be euthanized.

4. Sediment/Erosion Control: Sediment and erosion control measures shall be implemented prior to and during construction, and be implemented throughout the entire site, specifically in areas adjacent to the deciduous swamp and the East Wignell Drain. This may include the use of silt fencing, check dams, straw bales, rip-rap and/or other techniques when and where as required.

5. Noise and Dust Mitigation: Appropriate noise and dust mitigation measures shall be implemented during both site preparation and during the extraction operation.

6. Wetland Vegetation Monitoring Program: A 'Wetland Vegetation Monitoring Program' shall be implemented to monitor the deciduous swamp to accurately monitor any changes in the wetland community over time and to measure the success of management actions. These long-term monitoring plots and/or monitoring transects shall be established to include a count of the number of stems and percent cover for all plant species present. Baseline monitoring shall be conducted in the year prior to the commencement of extraction of Phase 1B or 2, whichever occurs first. Monitoring shall be conducted annually at a similar time of year (i.e., late July) for the duration of extraction of Phases 1B, 2 and 3.

For all plants identified as part of Wetland Vegetation Monitoring Program, they shall be categorized by the wetness index based on the Floristic Quality Assessment System for Southern Ontario.

The groundwater monitoring program results and specifically the groundwater drawdown levels and surface groundwater monitoring results will aid in demonstrating any potential impacts to the wetland function.

Annually, the results of the Wetland Vegetation Monitoring Program will be submitted to MNRF prior to December 31 and available to the Region of Niagara, NPCA and City of Port Colborne upon request.

The monitoring program will also include annual breeding bird surveys and anuran call count surveys within the deciduous swamp following the same methods used for the NEL1/2 baseline studies. The purpose of the wildlife monitoring is to document whether the proposed extraction activities negatively impact species diversity and abundance. Monitoring should be conducted for the duration of extraction Phases 1B, 2 and 3.

Following rehabilitation, anuran call count surveys will be completed within the wetland habitat around the periphery of the extraction area to evaluate the success of these features as breeding habitat for amphibian. Monitoring will be conducted for a period of three years. Following rehabilitation, the wetland habitat will be evaluated for suitability as snapping turtle foraging and overwintering habitat. Because it cannot be determined how long it may take for snapping turtles to colonize the habitat, the evaluation will focus on the suitability of the habitat rather than the presence or absence of snapping turtles. However, any turtles observed will be documented.

7. Proposed Vegetation:

i) Wetland and aquatic plants that may be planted in the nearshore or shoreline areas will include shrubs such as red-osier dogwood (Cornus sericea) and slender willow (Salix petiolaris), and herbaceous plants such as water plantain (Alisma plantago-aqs species listed above) will be planted in water ±0.15 metres deep and extend ±5 metres from the shore and be interspersed with cover structures (e.g., boulders and root wads) in the shallow shoreline wetland areas. Organic material and topsoil will be added to the shoreline areas to promote shoreline vegetation. Basking logs, nesting platforms and boxes will be created for turtle, waterfowl and swallows respectively. This habitat will be designed to be suitable as snapping turtle aquatic habitat and bullfrog breeding habitat.

ii) Upland areas will be seeded with a mix of grasses and legumes consisting of native, non-invasive species. The removal of existing habitat for Monarch can be offset by incorporating common milkweed where appropriate. It is recommended that common milkweed be planted in upland areas to provide host plants for monarch caterpillars. Where terrestrial nodal plantings are included onatica, lake sedge (Carex lacustris), swamp milkweed (Asclepias incarnata), softstem bulrush (Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani), and common cattail (Typha spp.). Shallow wetland habitats will be created through construction of submerged benches, approximately 0.25 to 0.75 metres deep. Shallow emergent marsh vegetation (i.e., herbaceous side slopes, they will include a mixture of coniferous and deciduous tree species to promote species diversity and provide a variety of species to compensate for any substrate deficiencies. The species may include white pine, sugar maple, red oak, trembling aspen, and white birch, with a secondary focus on species such as choke cherry (Prunus virginiana), alternate-leaved dogwood (Cornus alternifolia), highbush cranberry (Viburnum opulus), nannyberry (Viburnum lentago) and serviceberry (Amelanchier spp.). It is recommended that ash (Fraxinus spp.) species in rehabilitation plantings be avoided due to the invasion of emerald ash borer.

iii) The segment of Carl Road that bisects the deciduous swamp is to be rehabilitated following the decommissioning of the road. Excavations in three or four areas along the length of the road shall be created to improve surface water drainage. Plantings along this segment of Carl Road shall include the dominant tree and shrub species found in the deciduous swamp including silver maple, pin oak, swamp white oak, bur oak, red maple, and spicebush.

Invasive shrub species including multiflora rose, common buckthorn, and Tartarian honeysuckle have become established in this area and may prevent the successful establishment of the native plantings. These invasive shrubs shall be removed prior to the planting of Carl Road.

iv) The setback area at the north end of extraction area 3 and east of the deciduous swamp (Licence 4444) be supplemented with additional plantings to enhance connectivity and wildlife movement opportunities between the deciduous swamp and the hedgerow located east of the site woodland located northeast of the site across 2nd Concession Road. This area currently consists of a cultural meadow. The establishment of a wooded area will create a corridor linking the north end of the deciduous swamp with the forested areas offsite, including the significant woodland located between Carl Road and Babion Road. These additional plantings will also enhance ecological connectivity and facilitate wildlife movement between these features. Native tree and shrub species plantings shall be selected based on their suitability for the soils and moisture regime in those areas and may include: red oak, trembling aspen, eastern white cedar, red maple, basswood, bur oak, white pine, serviceberry species, and gray dogwood (Cornus racemosa).

v) The area north of the existing quarry (Pit 3) and west of the northern end of the deciduous swamp is to be rehabilitated to enhance connectivity and wildlife movement between the deciduous swamp and the significant woodland located north of 2nd Concession Road between Carl Road and Babion Road. These two significant woodlands are separated by 2nd Concession Road and distance of approximately 70 metres. The area recommended for rehabilitation consists of a berm vegetated with terrestrial grasses and forbs and a sparsely vegetated area north of Pit 3.

vi) All plantings (i.e., nodal plantings) included in the rehabilitation plan will be locally native, non-invasive species that create habitat in the short term and promote natural succession processes. The sourcing of plantings shall consider the regionally adapted genetics of the species. Plantings from local sources are likely to be well adapted to the local climate and growing conditions and may have a higher likelihood of successful establishment. Therefore, plantings will be procured from local sources to the extent possible.

vii) All rehabilitated side slopes are to be vegetated with a seed mixture capable of:

- Rapid germination and growth,
• Controlling erosion,
• Maintaining or enhancing soil fertility.

The seeding is to be established in a timely manner and if necessary, facilitated by the application of fertilizer, water and/or additional seeding.

8. Wignell Drain: Prior to undertaking operational activities that have the potential to impact fish habitat in the Wignell Drain, including drain realignment and stripping/excavation west of the drain within approximately 30 m, the appropriate agency/agencies shall be contacted, and the required authorizations will be obtained. An ecologist will be retained to determine the appropriate course of action at that time.

Tree Preservation Plan

1. All woodlands, forests and hedgerows located beyond the defined proposed extraction limits shall be preserved and protected in their entirety. Tree Protection Fencing shall be installed at minimum of the drip line plus one metre, per locations and extents noted on the Site Plans.

2. Tree Removal: Trees located within FOD7-2 are recommended for removal to permit the Phase 2 extraction work of the proposed quarry expansion. The presence of Emerald Ash Borer damage, high occurrence of Ash trees, pioneer species and possible restoration plantings, within the study area as well as the relatively young age of the trees present on site contribute to a low preservation priority for the FOD7-2 feature. All removals shall be in accordance with the following notes:

Construction Impact Mitigation

a) Potential Construction Impacts to Trees

Trees are living organisms that react to changes in their environment. Trees can be damaged during construction without showing signs of damage until some years later. Most of the impacts relate to the removal of roots that results in the slow death of the tree as a result of its inability to absorb sufficient water and nutrients. Contained within this section are descriptions of the potential impacts this project may have on the trees, and impact mitigation methods that are intended to aid in the mitigation of impact during construction.

Soil Compaction and Root Damage

The leading cause of construction damage to trees is compaction of the soil around the roots or within the Tree Protection Zone (TPZ). The TPZ is the area around the tree or group of trees in which no grading or construction activity may occur. Equipment entering into a TPZ compresses the air pockets around the roots inhibiting the tree from absorbing nutrients and water. This damage ultimately degrades the health of the tree. Accordingly, during the removal stage, equipment used within the preservation zones shall be restricted to ensure that the tree's roots are not disturbed, thereby assisting in maintaining their continued health. The TPZ is protected and delineated by the Tree Protection Fencing.

Mechanical Damage

Equipment can physically damage the trees through striking the trunk, limbs, and/or roots. Felled trees can also cause damage during the tree removal stage of construction. Some damage is unavoidable due to the proximity of adjacent trees; however, through the use of proper equipment and best management practices the damage can be minimized. The Contractor shall be held responsible for all avoidable damage to the trees during all stages of development. Note: trees shall always be felled away from adjacent trees to be retained.

Root Damage

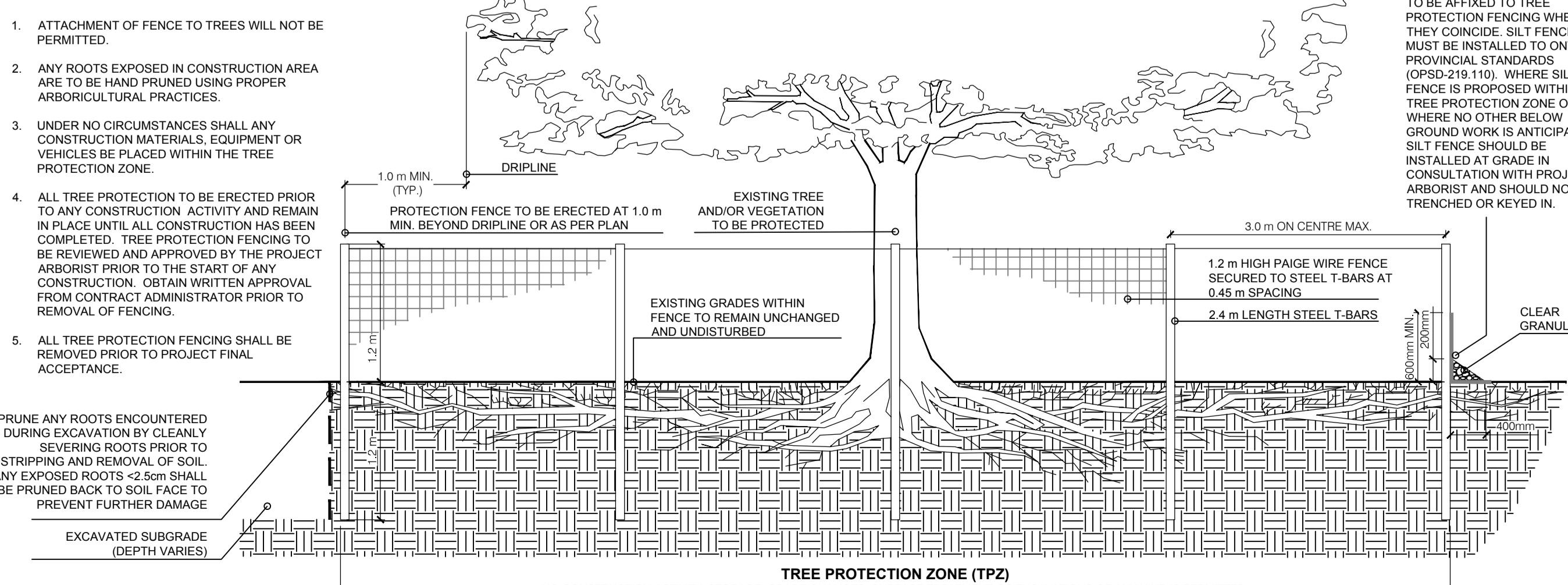
The success of tree preservation is dependent not only on protecting the root zone from compaction and damage; it is also contingent upon the ability to ensure that the structural roots within the root plate are not disturbed. Impacts to this area may result in the structural failure of these trees. Excavating soil 1 metre outside a tree's drip line, or within a drip line can damage roots by tearing and splitting back to the stem. This damage can later lead to rot that can kill the tree. All work within the drip line of an existing tree shall be approved by an Arborist. When excavating the top 30-60 cm of soil adjacent to trees, care must be taken. Excavation shall cleanly sever the roots prior to stripping and removal of soil. Exposed roots with a diameter greater than 2.5 cm (1 inch) shall be pruned back to the soil face to prevent damage to the tree.

b) Protecting and Managing Trees During Construction

The following recommendations are presented to provide appropriate tree protection and management during the future development and construction of this project:

1. Tree Protection Fencing (TPF) shall be installed to protect all trees identified for preservation. Tree Protection shall conform to City of Port Colborne standards. Upon installation of the tree protection fencing, the Contractor shall contact the Project Arborist to review and approve the fencing and its location prior to commencement of any site work. A written certification of the installed TPF will be provided to the City. The protection fencing shall remain intact throughout the duration of the quarry extraction and rehabilitation works. The fencing shall be inspected monthly and repaired as required. The fencing shall be removed in its entirety at the completion of all rehabilitation works.

DETAIL 5 TREE PROTECTION FENCING



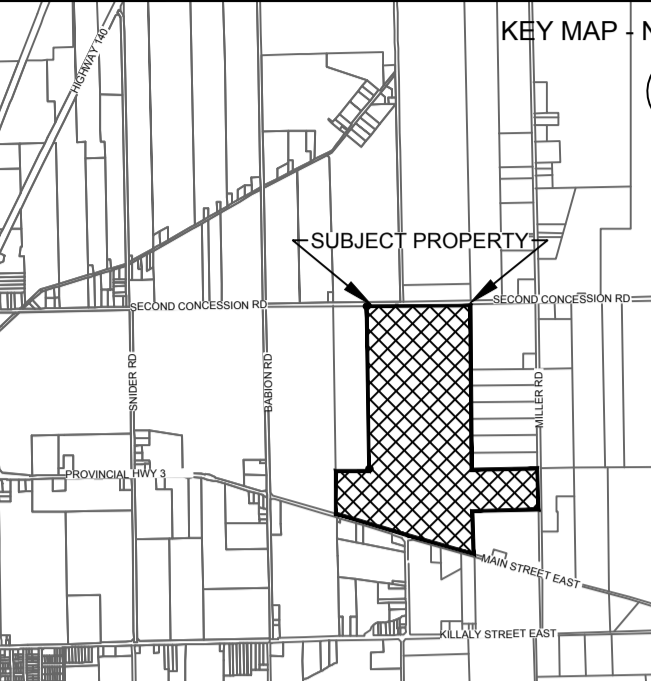
1 TREE PROTECTION FENCE

L-1 N.T.S.

PIT 3 EXTENSION ADDITIONAL OPERATIONAL NOTES PLAN SHEET 5 OF 9



APPLICANT PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC. 222 MARTINDALE ROAD, P.O. BOX 1116 ST. CATHERINES, ON, L2R 7A3



Part of Lots 17, 18 & 19 Concession 2 and R.P. 20R-18702 Part of Road Allowance between Lot 18 & 19 Concession 2, in former Township of Humberstone, the City of Port Colborne, Region of Niagara

2. Upon receiving the necessary project approvals and prior to the commencement of tree removals, all trees designated for preservation must be flagged in the field. All designated preservation areas must be left standing and undamaged during site works. Removals are to be completed outside of migratory bird nesting season, generally from April 1 to August 31. If removals occur within the restricted activity period, they shall be in accordance with the Migratory Birds Convention Act, 1994. Due diligence measures, including pre-clearing nest sweeps can be employed to reduce risk to nesting birds and to comply with Migratory Birds Regulations. These surveys will be completed by a qualified person such as a wildlife biologist or ornithologist.

The following is the process that shall be carried out if tree removals are requested during the restricted time frame indicated in the Migratory Birds Convention Act:

- i. Contact a qualified individual (i.e., wildlife biologist or ornithologist), to determine if nesting birds are within the tree removal disturbance area.
ii. If the bird specialist has determined that there are nesting birds on site, there will be no tree removals/chipping conducted within the boundary set out by the specialist. Tree removals can resume within this once the migratory bird specialist has determined that the nest is no longer utilized.
iii. If the bird specialist determines there are no migratory birds nesting within the disturbance area, the contractor will have a predetermined clearance window to conduct removals (as determined by the specialist). At the end of the clearance window, if removals and chipping are not complete, the bird specialist will return to the site and proceed with another assessment/nest sweep. This process will continue until all removals and chipping is complete.

3. The TPZ is the area around a retained tree that is to be protected by tree protection fencing. The TPZ is not to be used for any type of storage (e.g. storage of debris, construction material, surplus soils, and construction equipment). No trenching or tunneling for underground services shall be located within the TPZ. Construction equipment shall not be allowed to idle or exhaust within the TPZ.

4. Trees shall not have any rigging cables or hardware of any sort attached or wrapped around them, nor shall any contaminants be dumped within the protective areas. Further, no contaminants shall be dumped or flushed where they may come into contact with the feeder roots of the trees. In the event that roots from retained trees are exposed, or if it is necessary to remove limbs or portions of trees after construction has commenced, the Project Arborist shall be informed and the proper actions conforming to City Policies and By-Laws shall be carried out.

5. Upon completion of the tree removals, refer to Operational Note 12. Any chipping, cutting or brush clean-up is to be completed outside the bird nesting season. If these activities are to occur within the restricted activity period, due diligence measures, including pre-clearing nest sweeps will be employed to reduce risk to nesting birds protected under the Migratory Birds Convention Act, 1994 and Migratory Birds Regulations. These surveys will be completed by a qualified biologist.

6. Excavation adjacent to trees to be preserved must be completed with due care and attention. Excavation shall cleanly sever the roots prior to stripping and removal of soil. Should roots be encountered during excavation all exposed roots with a diameter greater than 2.5 cm (1 inch) shall be pruned back to the soil face to prevent damage to the tree. Roots smaller than 2.5 cm (1 inch) shall be cleanly cut using a sharpened spade or bypass pruners at the limits of excavation.

Visual Impact Assessment, IBI Group dated December 2020

1. That Berm A: a 4.0 metre-high berm along the Second Concession frontage be built with a 4:1 slope on the external side and with vegetation plant between the berm and boundary fence as per Natural Environment Report Recommendation Note 7iv).

2. That Berm B: a 2.0 metre-high berm along the northern portion of the eastern property boundary be built with a 3:1 slope.

3. Berm C: a 2.0 metre-high berm along the northern portion of the 'eastern-tab' built with a 3:1 slope.

4. Berm D: a 4.0 metre-high berm along the Miller Road frontage and extending latterly for 100.0 metres along the northern and southern property limits of the 'eastern-tab' with a 4:1 slope on the external side and 2.5:1 on the internal side. Both coniferous and deciduous trees are to be planted between the berm and the Miller Road boundary fence.

Where the 4.0 metre gap is retained at the mid-frontage location in the berm for farm equipment / pit staff access, a temporary cross-over berm (minimum 2.0-metre-high berm and minimum 50.0 metres long) be constructed behind the gap.

5. Berm E: a 2.0 metre-high berm along the eastern boundary of the property extending south to Main Street and built with a 3:1 slope.

6. Berm E: a 2.0 metre-high berm along the southern portion of the 'eastern-tab' built with a 3:1 slope.

7. Berm F: a 2.0 metre-high berm along the eastern boundary of the property extending south to Main Street and built with a 3:1 slope.

8. Berm G: a 4.0 metre-high along the Main Street frontage built with a 4:1 slope on the external side with deciduous and coniferous trees planted between the berm and boundary fence.

9. Berm H: a 3.0 metre-high berm along the western property boundary associated with 1326 Main Street.

10. During the initial 8.0 m deep excavation lift, all stockpiles within 200.0 m of Miller Road and Highway 3 (Main Street), shall not exceed 10.0 m in height.

11. Both coniferous and deciduous trees are to be planted between the berm and the Highway 3 (Main Street) and Miller Road boundary fence.

12. Existing hedgerow vegetation is to be retained where possible.

13. That all berms be immediately vegetated with a grass type legume ground cover to avoid erosion, sedimentation and dust.

Table with columns: #, DATE, BY, DESCRIPTION. Includes SITE PLAN AMENDMENTS.

NOTE AND DESIGN CHANGES AS PER JART COMMENTS. AS PER MNRF PRELIMINARY REVIEW COMMENTS.

REVISIONS PRIOR TO APPROVAL

SITE DATA AREA TO BE LICENCED ± 80.34 ha AREA TO BE EXTRACTED ± 71.12 ha EX. DISTURBED AREA Nil TOTAL LAND PARCEL ± 106.29 ha

THESE SITE PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED UNDER THE AGGREGATE RESOURCES ACT FOR A CLASS A LICENSE, CATEGORY 2. THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY THE UNDERSIGNED BY THE AUTHORITY OF MINISTRIAL APPROVAL AS SPECIFIED IN THE AREA SECTION 6 (4).



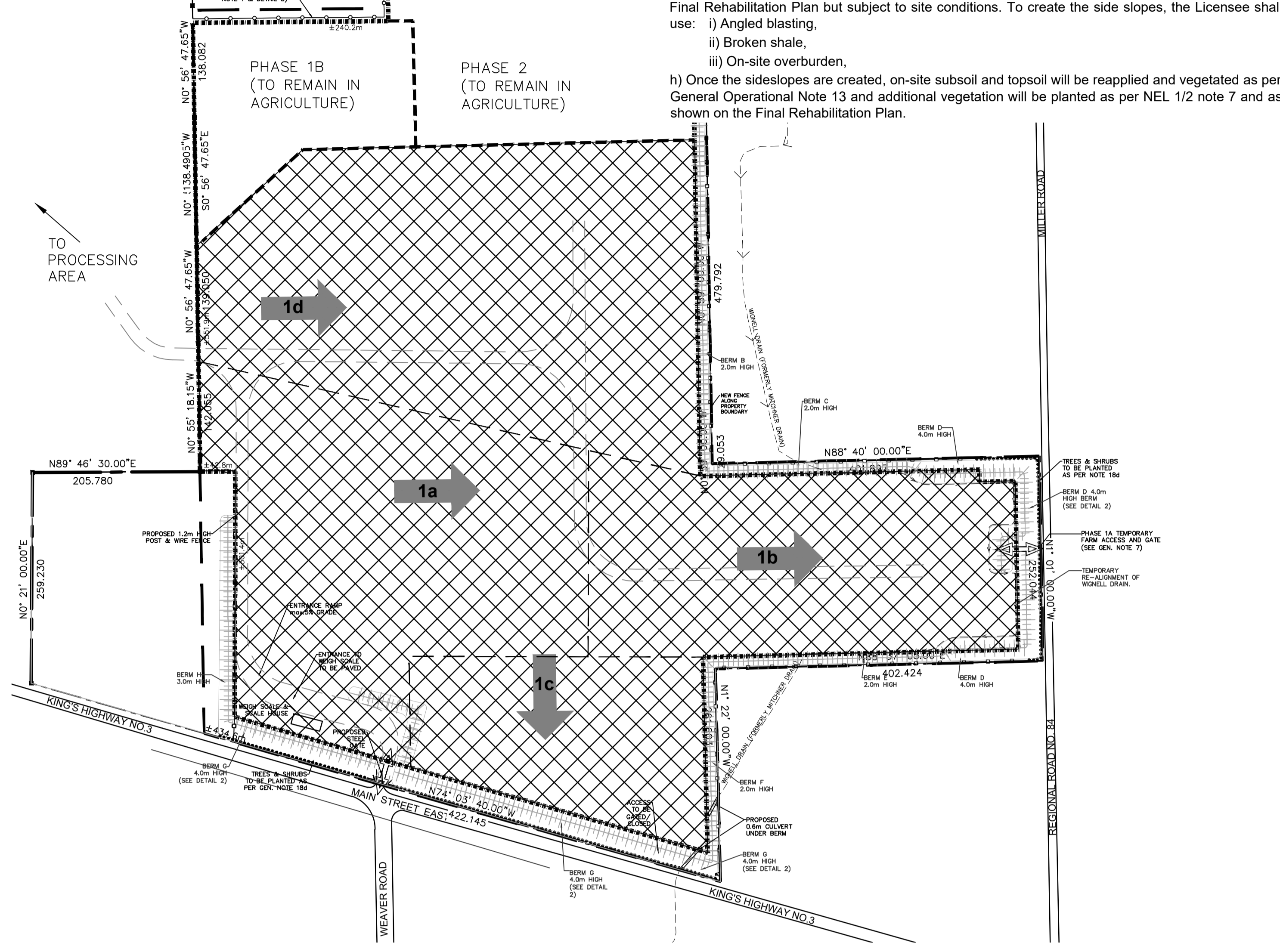
PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC. PIT 3 EXTENSION

SCALE: 1 : 2,500 PROJECT NO: 115774 DRAWN BY: D.R.S. CHECKED BY: D.R.S. PROJECT MGR: D.R.S. APPROVED BY: D.R.S.

SHEET TITLE ADDITIONAL OPERATIONAL NOTES PLAN SHEET NUMBER 5 of 9 ISSUE

Phase 1A (Subphases a - d)

- a) Stripping: Prior to stripping any agricultural fields or other vegetation, refer to NEL 1 - 2 note 2 re: breeding bird habitat. The area to be stripped in advance of extraction will reflect approximately 2-3 years of anticipated extraction. The stripped topsoil and subsoil will be placed within the quarry setbacks to be used for perimeter berms and future rehabilitation of the quarry side slopes.
- b) Extraction: Extraction will commence eastward from the Pit 3 face (Licence 4444) and extend to the eastern setback limit. Specifically:
 - i. Extraction will initially move in a south-east direction toward the proposed Highway 3 entrance / exit so that the final ramp down to the final quarry floor can be created as soon as possible to ensure that haul trucks transition immediately to the same relative elevation as the new processing plant (to be sited within Pit 3). This will augment noise and dust mitigation impacts.
 - ii. Extraction will then move towards the 'east tab' towards Miller Road. Once extraction is imminent, the Licensee will comply with the Fisheries Act and any required authorization from the Department of Fisheries and Oceans including fish surveys. The Wignell Drain will be temporarily realigned to parallel the property boundary around the eastern tab.
 - iii. Those lands will then be stripped, extracted, and backfilled with on-site material and from PCQ contiguous lands including overburden, waste rock, clay, and/or clean-out material from the wash ponds. Subsequently, the Wignell Drain will be repositioned back to its initial location.
 - iv. Specific fisheries habitat related rehabilitation will be reintroduced to enhance the Wignell Drain. The Wignell Drain is being restored at the earliest stage of extraction possible to provide the maximum amount of time to monitor and ensure that the fish habitat techniques have been successful.
 - v. The balance (northern portion) of Phase 1A will be extracted. As this extraction occurs, ongoing rehabilitation efforts will continue to create side slopes from the quarry floor up to the existing grade using backfilled material from on-site and PCQ contiguous lands including overburden, waste rock, clay, and/or clean-out material from the wash ponds.

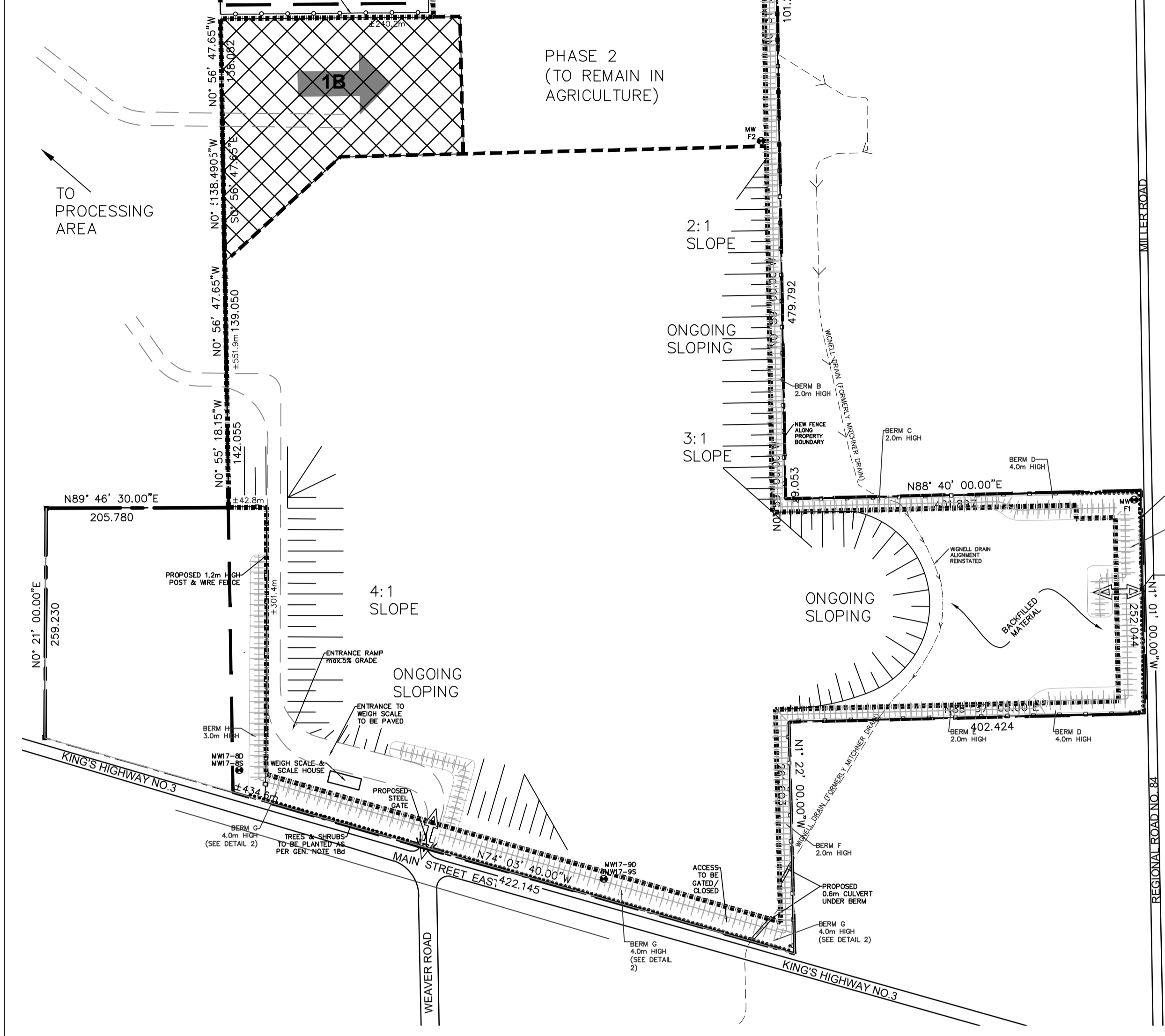


Phase 1B

- a) Stripping: Prior to stripping any agricultural fields or other vegetation, refer to NEL 1 - 2 note 2 re: breeding bird habitat. The area to be stripped in advance of extraction will reflect approximately 2-3 years of anticipated extraction. The stripped topsoil and subsoil will be used immediately for progressive rehabilitation of the quarry side slopes.
- b) Extraction: Extraction will commence northward from Phase 1A and extend north to the northern setback limit. The extraction depth will extend to 166.0 masl and generally following the resource depth and occur in two lifts / benches each not exceeding 8.0 metres in depth. As detailed in Archaeological Note 1 and 2, portions of Phase 1B include 'no-go zone' buffers which require Stage 3 archaeological assessments to be completed and which recommend that no further archaeological assessment is required, and then extraction may commence.
- c) Processing Equipment: Although the majority of the processing equipment will be located off-site, any in-quarry portable processing equipment must be located on the lowest quarry floor or at a minimum elevation of 171.10 masl, whichever is lowest.
- d) Shipping off-site: Aggregate from Phase 1B will be processed within Pit 3 then shipped to the market via the entrance/exit directly onto Highway 3.
- e) Progressive Rehabilitation: As progressive extraction is completed, the creation of side slopes will continue. Side slopes will range from the steepest permitted by the ARA being 2(v) : 1(h) to a shallower slope of 4(v) : 1(h) and will be generally as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan. To create the side slopes, the Licensee shall use:
 - i) Angled blasting,
 - ii) Broken shale,
 - iii) On-site overburden.
- f) Once the side slopes are created, on-site subsoil and topsoil will be reapplied and vegetated as per General Operational Note 13 and additional vegetation will be planted as per NEL 1/2 note 7 and as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan.

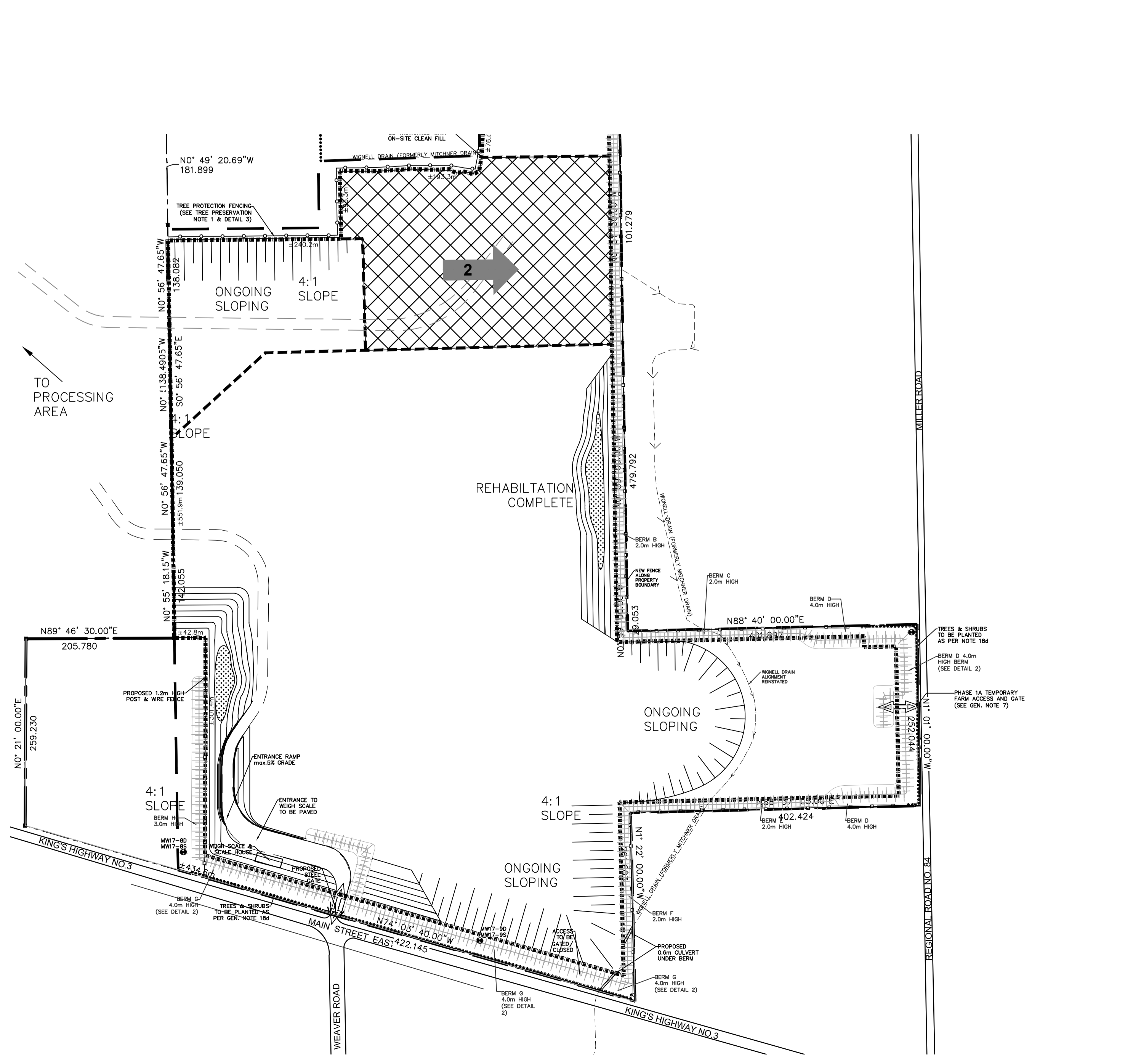
Phase 1B

- a) Stripping: Prior to stripping any agricultural fields or other vegetation, refer to NEL 1 - 2 note 2 re: breeding bird habitat. The area to be stripped in advance of extraction will reflect approximately 2-3 years of anticipated extraction. The stripped topsoil and subsoil will be used immediately for progressive rehabilitation of the quarry side slopes.
- b) Extraction: Extraction will commence northward from Phase 1A and extend north to the northern setback limit. The extraction depth will extend to 166.0 masl and generally following the resource depth and occur in two lifts / benches each not exceeding 8.0 metres in depth. As detailed in Archaeological Note 1 and 2, portions of Phase 1B include 'no-go zone' buffers which require Stage 3 archaeological assessments to be completed and which recommend that no further archaeological assessment is required, and then extraction may commence.
- c) Processing Equipment: Although the majority of the processing equipment will be located off-site, any in-quarry portable processing equipment must be located on the lowest quarry floor or at a minimum elevation of 171.10 masl, whichever is lowest.
- d) Shipping off-site: Aggregate from Phase 1B will be processed within Pit 3 then shipped to the market via the entrance/exit directly onto Highway 3.
- e) Progressive Rehabilitation: As progressive extraction is completed, the creation of side slopes will continue. Side slopes will range from the steepest permitted by the ARA being 2(v) : 1(h) to a shallower slope of 4(v) : 1(h) and will be generally as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan. To create the side slopes, the Licensee shall use:
 - i) Angled blasting,
 - ii) Broken shale,
 - iii) On-site overburden.
- f) Once the side slopes are created, on-site subsoil and topsoil will be reapplied and vegetated as per General Operational Note 13 and additional vegetation will be planted as per NEL 1/2 note 7 and as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan.



Phase 2

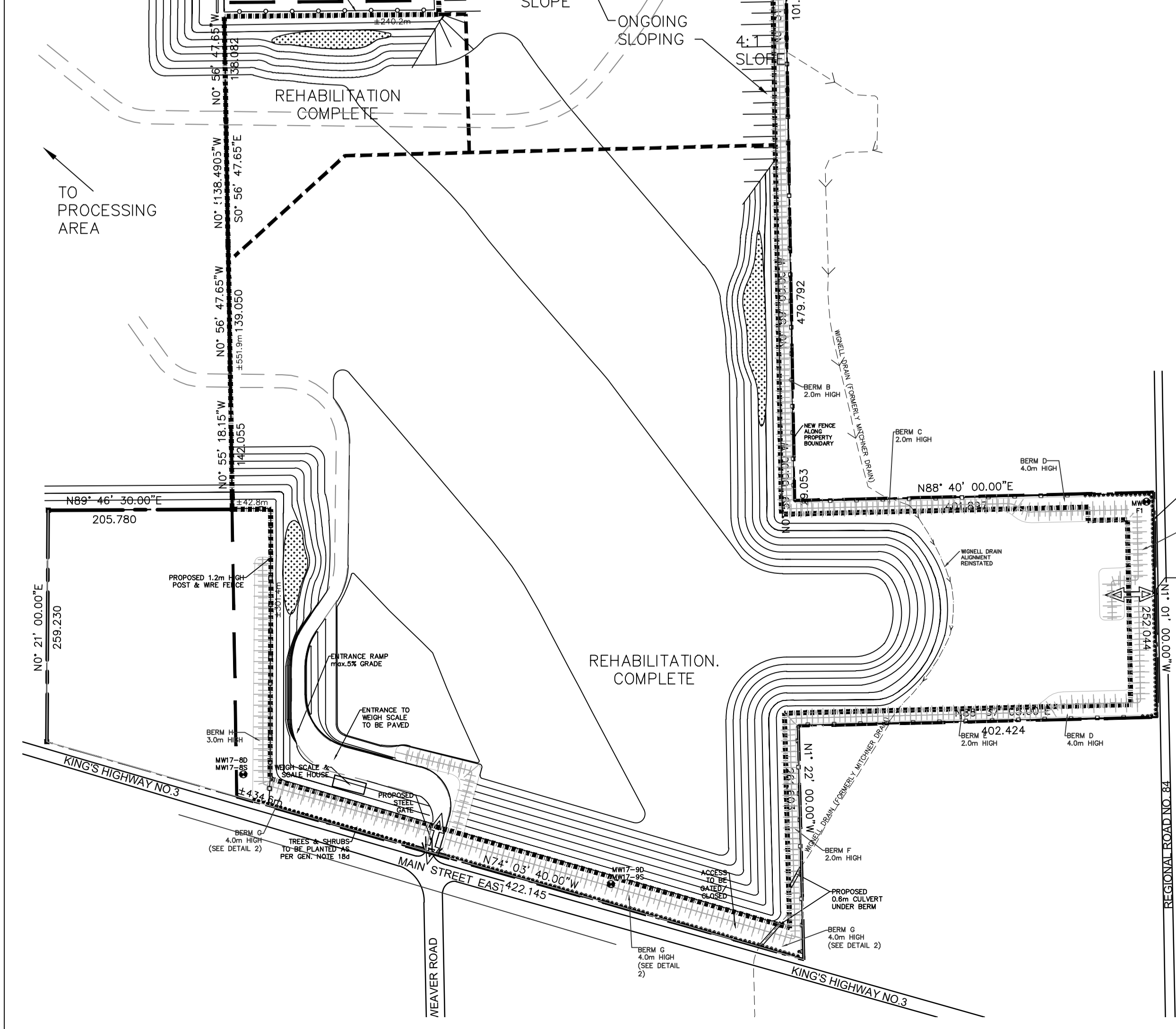
- a) Stripping: Prior to stripping any agricultural fields or other vegetation, refer to NEL 1 - 2 note 2 re: breeding bird habitat. The area to be stripped in advance of extraction will reflect approximately 2-3 years of anticipated extraction. The stripped topsoil and subsoil will be used immediately for progressive rehabilitation of the quarry side slopes.
- b) Extraction: Extraction will commence eastward from Phase 1B and extend east to the eastern setback limit. The extraction depth will extend to 166.0 masl and generally following the resource depth and occur in two lifts / benches each not exceeding 8.0 metres in depth.
- c) Processing Equipment: Although the majority of the processing equipment will be located off-site, any in-quarry portable processing equipment must be located on the lowest quarry floor or at a minimum elevation of 171.10 masl, whichever is lowest.
- d) Shipping off-site: Aggregate from Phase 2 will be processed within Pit 3 then shipped to the market via the entrance/exit onto Highway 3.



- e) Progressive Rehabilitation: As extraction is progressively completed, the creation of side slopes will continue. Side slopes will range from the steepest permitted by the ARA being 2(v) : 1(h) to a shallower slope of 4(v) : 1(h) and will be generally as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan. To create the side slopes, the Licensee shall use:
 - i) Angled blasting,
 - ii) Broken shale,
 - iii) On-site overburden.
- f) Once the side slopes are created, on-site subsoil and topsoil will be reapplied and vegetated as per General Operational Note 13 and additional vegetation will be planted as per NEL 1 - 2 note 7 and as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan.

Phase 3

- a) Stripping: Prior to stripping any agricultural fields or other vegetation, refer to NEL 1 - 2 note 2 re: breeding bird habitat. The area to be stripped in advance of extraction will reflect approximately 2-3 years of anticipated extraction. The stripped topsoil and subsoil will be used immediately for progressive rehabilitation of the quarry side slopes.
- b) Extraction: Extraction will commence northward from Phase 2 and extend north to the northern setback limit at Second Concession Road. The extraction depth will extend to 166.0 masl and generally following the resource depth and occur in two lifts / benches each not exceeding 8.0 metres in depth.
- c) Processing Equipment: Although the majority of the processing equipment will be located off-site, any in-quarry portable processing equipment must be located on the lowest quarry floor or at a minimum elevation of 171.10 masl, whichever is lowest.
- d) Shipping off-site: Aggregate from Phase 3 will be processed within Pit 3 then shipped to the market via the entrance/exit onto Highway 3.
- e) Progressive Rehabilitation: As extraction is progressively completed, the creation of side slopes will continue. Side slopes will range from the steepest permitted by the ARA being 2(v) : 1(h) to a shallower slope of 4(v) : 1(h) and will be generally as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan. To create the side slopes, the Licensee shall use:
 - i) Angled blasting,
 - ii) Broken shale,
 - iii) On-site overburden.
- f) Once the side slopes are created, on-site subsoil and topsoil will be reapplied and vegetated as per General Operational Note 13 and additional vegetation will be planted as per NEL 1 - 2 note 7 and as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan.



PIT 3 EXTENSION

PROGRESSIVE REHABILITATION

DETAILS PLAN

SHEET 6 OF 9



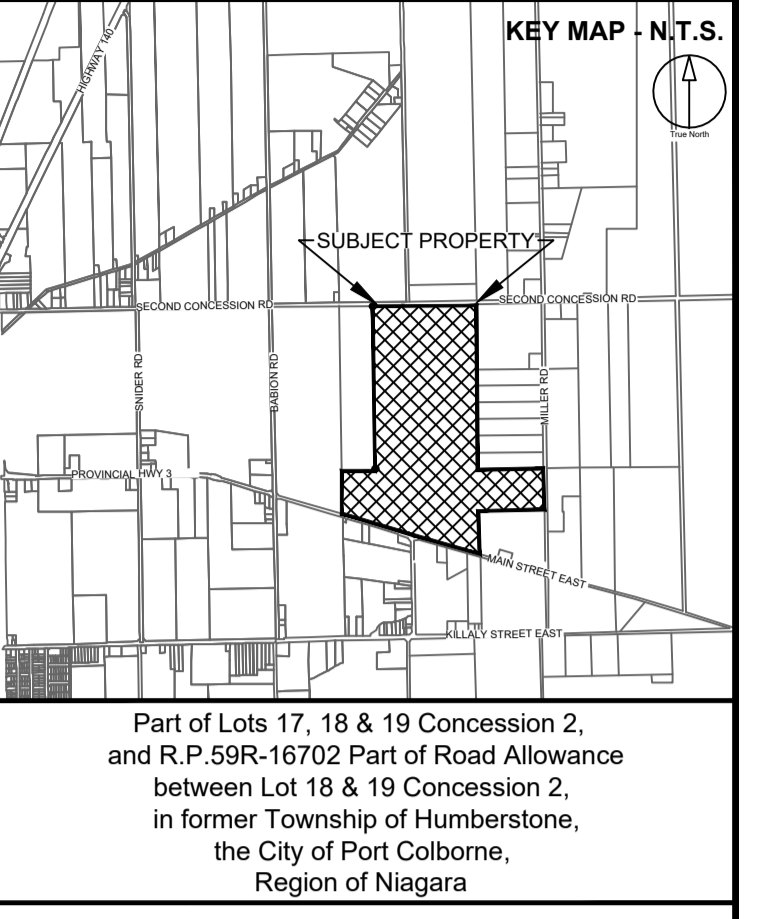
f) Once the side slopes are created, on-site subsoil and topsoil will be reapplied and vegetated as per General Operational Note 13 and additional vegetation will be planted as per NEL 1/2 note 7 and as shown on the Final Rehabilitation Plan.

APPLICANT
PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

222 MARTINDALE ROAD, P.O. BOX 1116
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LEGEND

- LOT & CONCESSION
- LICENSED BOUNDARY
- LIMIT OF EXTRACTION
- EXISTING POST & WIRE FENCE
- MUNICIPAL DRAIN
- MONITORING WELL - EXISTING (MW 7-30, MW 17-35)
- MONITORING WELL - TO BE DRILLED PRIOR TO QUARRYING (MW F2)
- EXISTING ACCESS
- PROPOSED ACCESS
- EXISTING TREE LINE
- EXISTING BUILDING / STRUCTURE - OFF-SITE
- EXISTING BUILDING / STRUCTURE - ON-SITE
- PHASING BOUNDARY
- PHASING SEQUENCE (2)
- INTERNAL HAUL ROUTE
- DIRECTION OF EXTRACTION
- EXISTING ELEVATION (162.0)
- NUMBER OF LIFTS (2)
- FINAL EXTRACTED ELEVATION (166.0)
- PHASED EXTENT OF EXTRACTION
- PHASED BACK FILL
- FINAL REHABILITATION CONTOUR
- FUTURE AQUATIC HABITAT

DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
SITE PLAN AMENDMENTS		
7/2021	J.F.V.	REVISED LICENSED LIMIT & JURY COMMENTS
1/2021	O.C.H.	AS PER MNR PRELIMINARY REVIEW COMMENTS

REVISIONS PRIOR TO APPROVAL

SITE DATA

AREA TO BE LICENSED	± 80.34 ha
AREA TO BE EXTRACTED	± 71.12 ha
EX. DISTURBED AREA	Nil
TOTAL LAND PARCEL	± 106.29 ha

THESE SITE PLANS HAVE PREPARED UNDER THE AGGREGATE RESOURCES ACT FOR A CLASS A LICENSE, CATEGORY 2. THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY THE UNDERSIGNED BY THE AUTHORITY OF MINISTERIAL APPROVAL AS SPECIFIED IN THE AREA SECTION 8 (4).

DATE: Jun 15, 2021

IBI GROUP
Suite 101 - 410 Albert Street
Waterloo ON N2L 3V3 Canada
Tel: 519 885 2555
ibigroup.com

PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

PIT 3 EXTENSION

SCALE: 1:4,000

PROJECT NO: 115774

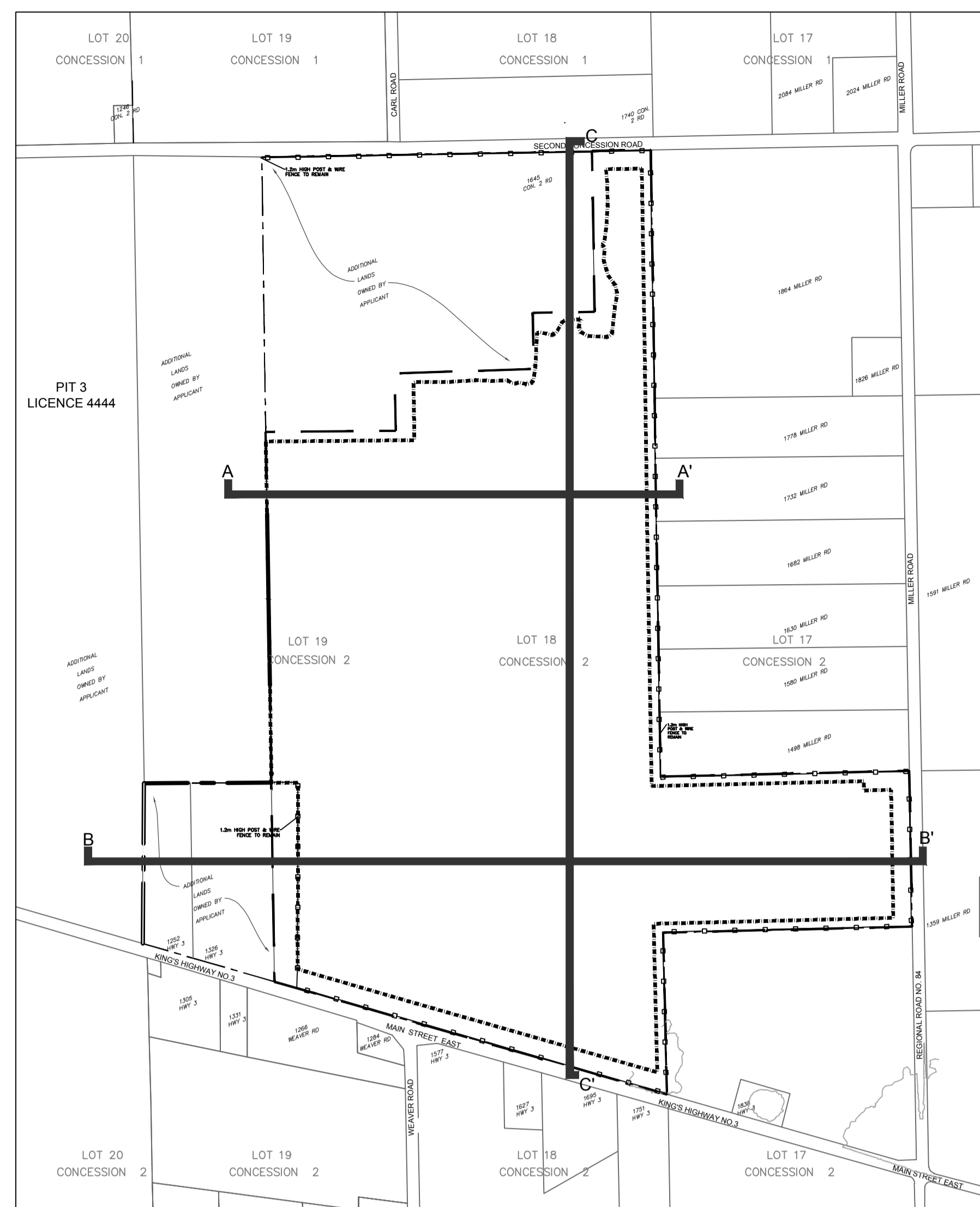
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PROJECT MGR: D.R.S. APPROVED BY: D.R.S.

SHEET TITLE: PROGRESSIVE REHABILITATION DETAILS PLAN

SHEET NUMBER: 6 of 9

ISSUE



PIT 3 EXTENSION

EXISTING CONDITIONS
CROSS-SECTION PLAN

SHEET 7 OF 9



APPLICANT
PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

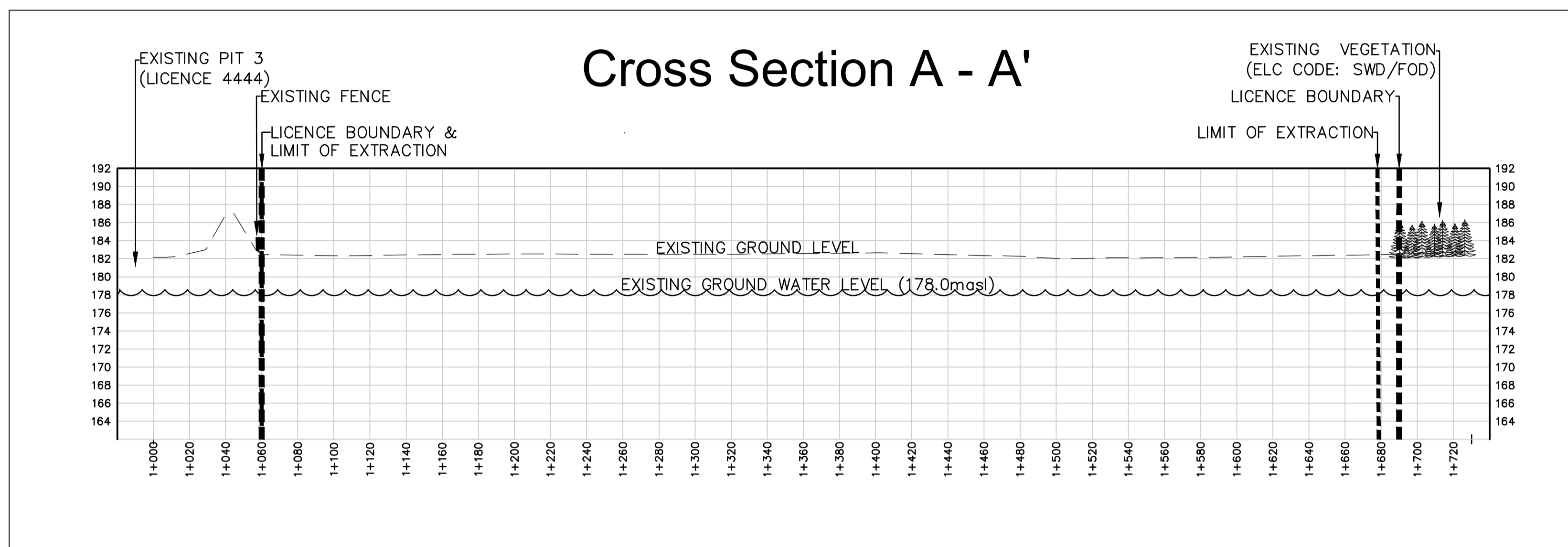
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KEY MAP - N.T.S.

Part of Lots 17, 18 & 19 Concession 2 and R.P. 20R-18702 Part of Road Allowance between Lot 18 & 19 Concession 2, in former Township of Humberstone, the City of Port Colborne, Region of Niagara.

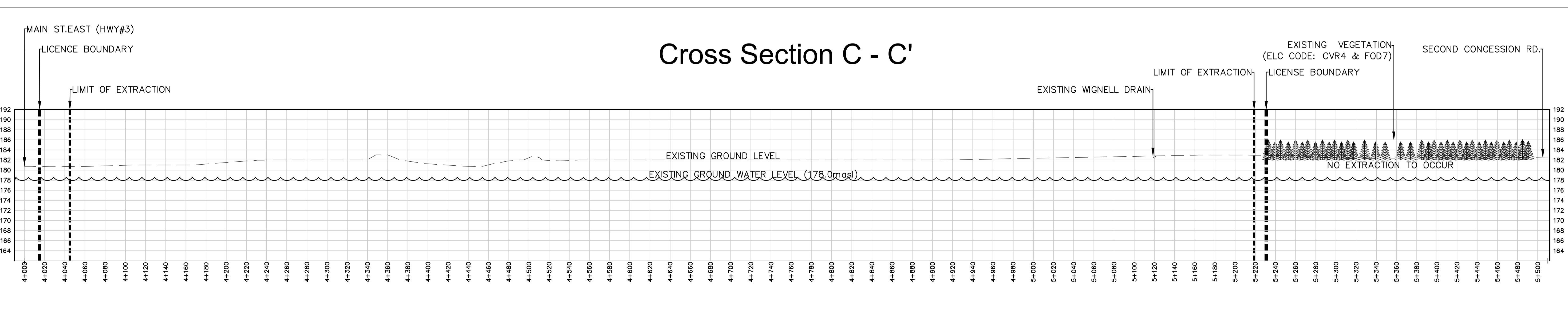
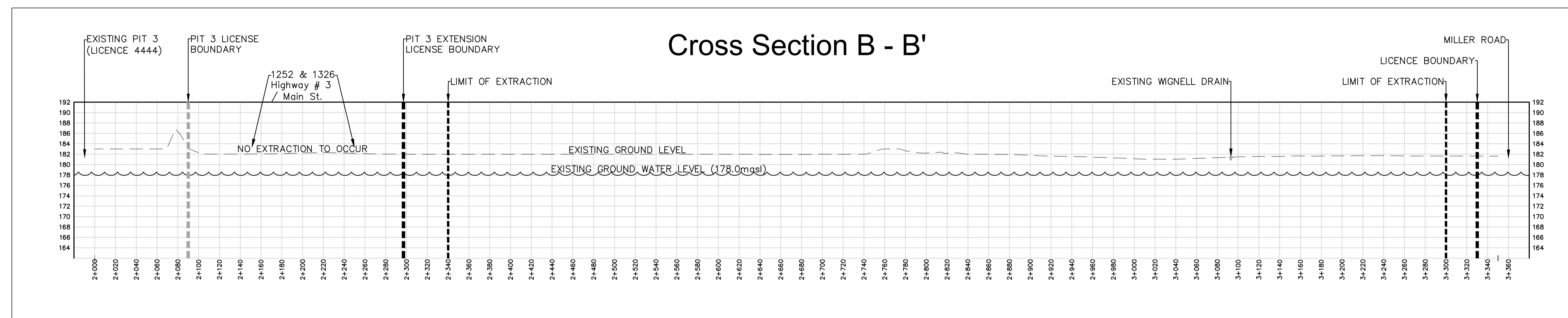


LEGEND

- LICENSED BOUNDARY
- LIMIT OF EXTRACTION
- EXISTING GROUND LEVEL
- ~~~~~ EXISTING GROUND WATER LEVEL (178.0 m.a.s.l.)

VERTICAL SCALE
1 : 400
0 5 10 15 20m

HORIZONTAL SCALE
1 : 2,000
0 25 50 75 100m



#	DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
SITE PLAN AMENDMENTS			
1	2021.02.09	J.C.	AS PER MNR PRELIMINARY REVIEW COMMENTS
2	2021.11.15	J.C.	REVISED LICENSES LIMIT & JURY COMMENTS

REVISIONS PRIOR TO APPROVAL

SITE DATA

AREA TO BE LICENSED ± 80.34 ha
AREA TO BE EXTRACTED ± 71.12 ha
EX. DISTURBED AREA NI
TOTAL LAND PARCEL ± 106.29 ha

THESE SITE PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED UNDER THE AGGREGATE RESOURCES ACT FOR A CLASS A LICENSE, CATEGORY 2. THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY THE UNDERSIGNED BY THE AUTHORITY OF MINISTERIAL APPROVAL AS SPECIFIED IN THE AREA SECTION 6 (4).

DATE: Jun 15, 2021

IBI GROUP
Suite 101 - 410 Albert Street
Waterloo ON N2L 3V3 Canada
Tel: 519 885 2555
ibigroup.com

PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

PIT 3 EXTENSION

SCALE: VERTICAL: 1 : 400
HORIZONTAL: 1 : 2,000

PROJECT NO:
115774

DRAWN BY:
E.T.

CHECKED BY:
D.R.S.

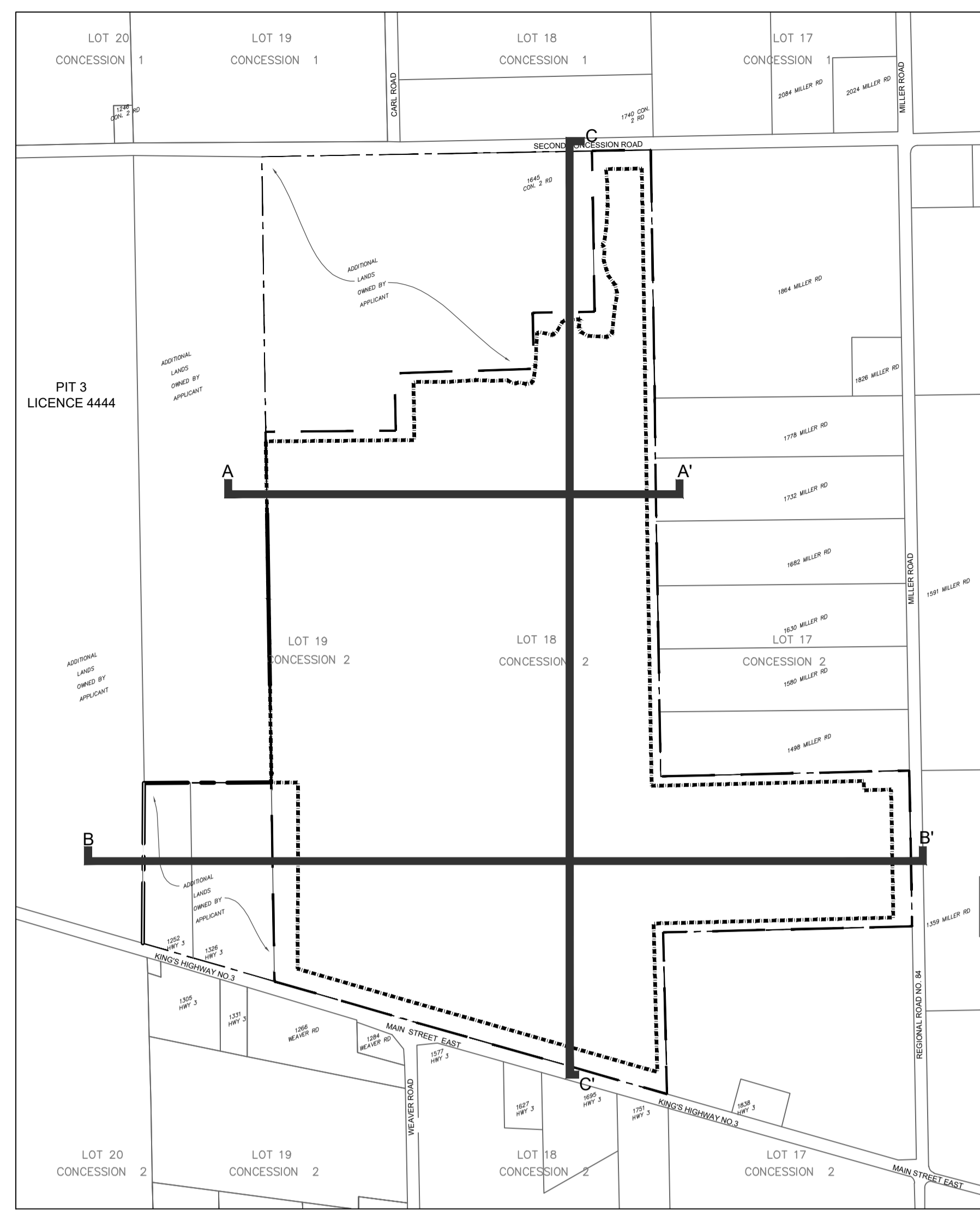
PROJECT MGR:
D.R.S.

APPROVED BY:
D.R.S.

SHEET TITLE
**EXISTING CONDITIONS
CROSS-SECTIONS**

SHEET NUMBER
7 of 9

ISSUE



PIT 3 EXTENSION

REHABILITATION

CROSS-SECTION PLAN

SHEET 8 OF 9

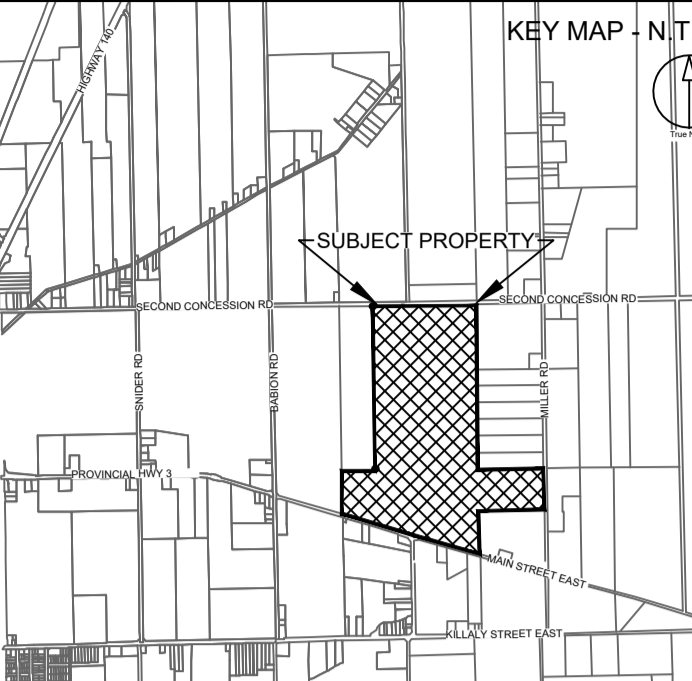


APPLICANT
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ST. CATHERINES, ON, L2R 7A3

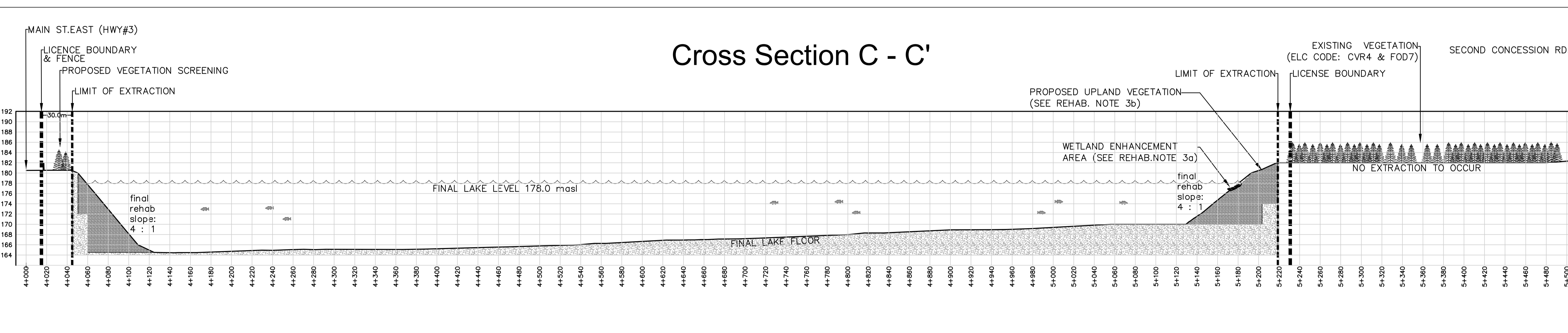
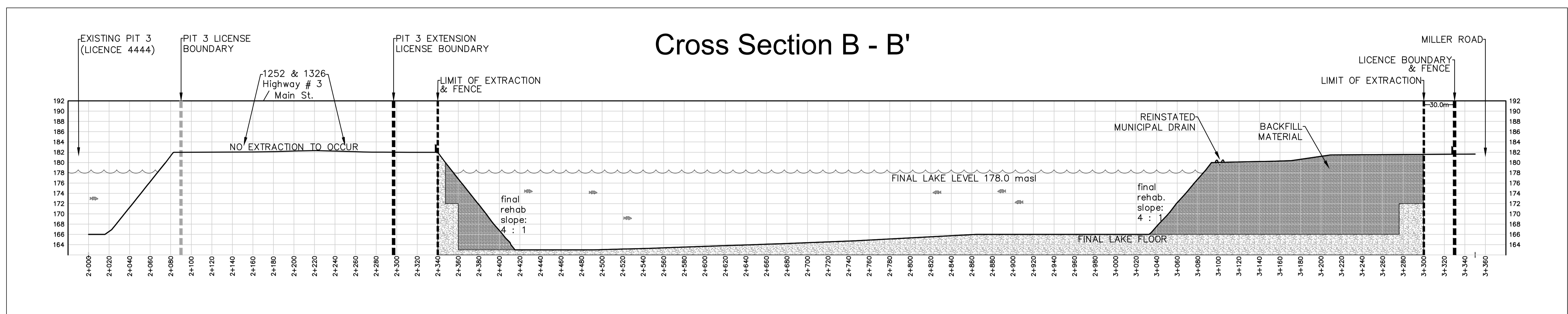
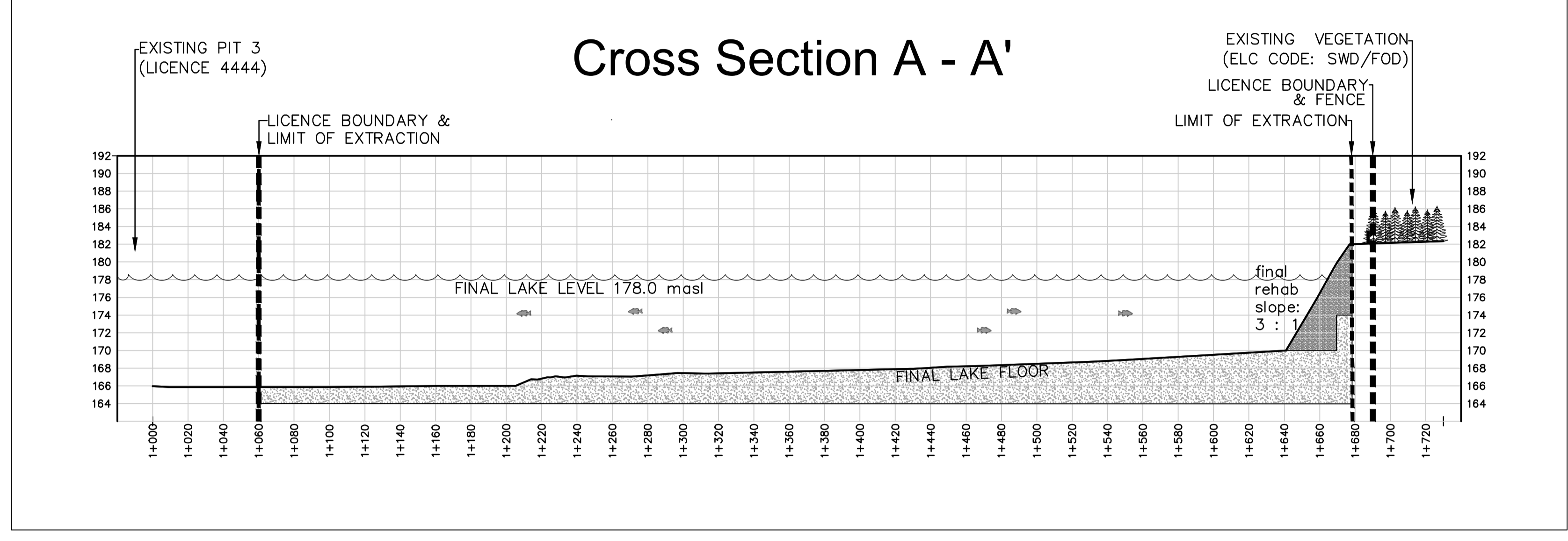
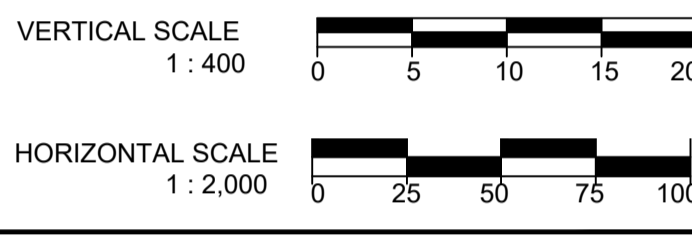
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Part of Lots 17, 18 & 19 Concession 2 and R.P. 20R-18702 Part of Road Allowance between Lot 18 & 19 Concession 2, in former Township of Humberstone, the City of Port Colborne, Region of Niagara.

- LEGEND**
- LICENSED BOUNDARY
 - LIMIT OF EXTRACTION
 - GROUND LEVEL AFTER REHABILITATION (FINAL QUARRY FLOOR)
 - ~ FINAL LAKE WATER LEVEL (178.0masl)
 - ▭ PROPOSED FENCE (POST & WIRE, 1.2m HIGH)
 - ▨ EXISTING SOIL / BEDROCK
 - ▩ BACKFILLED SLOPES (SEE PROGRESSIVE REHABILITATION NOTE 2, SHEET 9 of 9)



DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
SITE PLAN AMENDMENTS		
2021.11.15	JCY	REVISED LICENSES LIMIT & JURY COMMENTS
2021.02.09	JCY	AS PER MNR PRELIMINARY REVIEW COMMENTS
REVISIONS PRIOR TO APPROVAL		
SITE DATA		
AREA TO BE LICENSED	± 80.34 ha	
AREA TO BE EXTRACTED	± 71.12 ha	
EX. DISTURBED AREA	Nil	
TOTAL LAND PARCEL	± 106.29 ha	
<small>THESE SITE PLANS HAVE BEEN PREPARED UNDER THE AGGREGATE RESOURCES ACT FOR A CLASS LICENSE, CATEGORY 2. THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY THE UNDERSIGNED BY THE AUTHORITY OF MINISTRIAL APPROVAL AS SPECIFIED IN THE AREA SECTION 6 (4).</small>		
DATE:	Jan 15, 2021	

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tel: 519 885 2555
ibigroup.com

PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

PIT 3 EXTENSION

SCALE: VERTICAL: 1 : 400
HORIZONTAL: 1 : 2,000

PROJECT NO: 115774

DRAWN BY: D.R.S. CHECKED BY: D.R.S.

PROJECT MGR: D.R.S. APPROVED BY: D.R.S.

SHEET TITLE: REHABILITATION CROSS-SECTIONS

SHEET NUMBER: 8 of 9

File Location: J:\115774_PortColborne\3-Drawings\pfit3-CROSS-SECTIONS\115774-115774-IBI-08.dwg Last Saved: December 20, 2021 4:19:28 PM by Emma Lilly

PIT 3 EXTENSION REHABILITATION PLAN

SHEET 9 OF 9

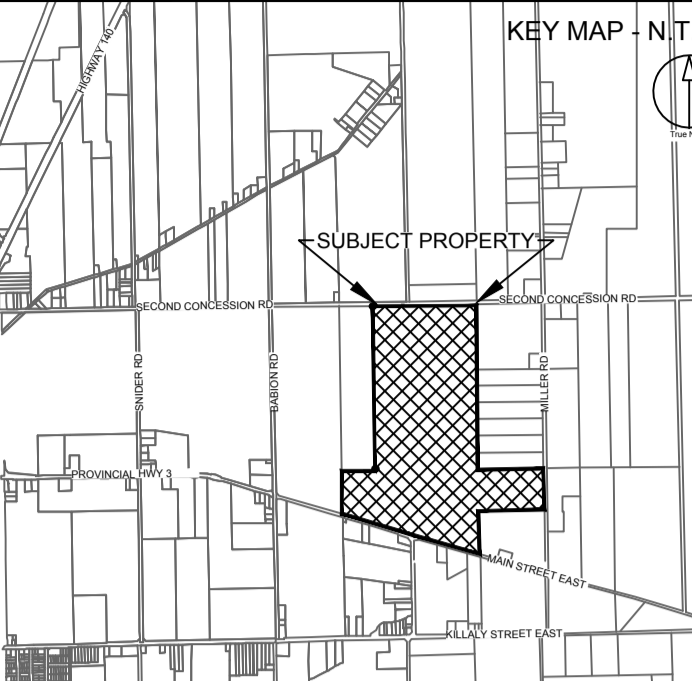


APPLICANT
PORT COLBORNE
QUARRIES INC.

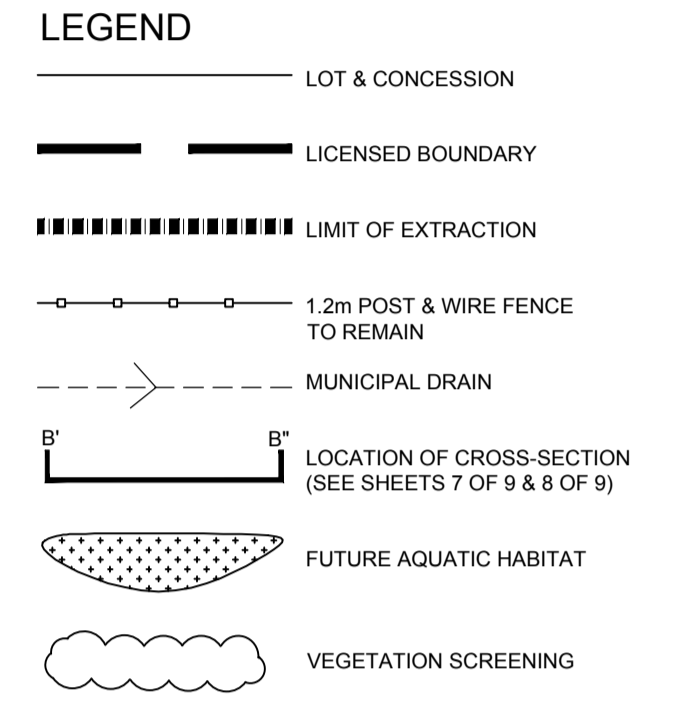
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Part of Lots 17, 18 & 19 Concession 2, and P.P. 20R-18702 Part of Road Allowance between Lot 18 & 19 Concession 2, in former Township of Humberstone, the City of Port Colborne, Region of Niagara



Progressive Rehabilitation

1. **General:** The subject lands will operate by dewatering in the same manner as the existing Pit 3 (Licence 4444) to allow for dry extraction. The depth of the existing quarry and the Extension will be approximately 8.0 to 16.0 metres below the groundwater level. Upon final quarrying, dewatering will cease and the entire property (Licence 4444 and the extension lands) will gradually fill with water and become 177 hectare lake.

2. **Side Slopes:** The side slopes of the extraction area will be created as per General Operational Note 16 and generally as shown on the Site Plans, but by varying depending on site conditions. The depth of topsoil and subsoil that is to be re-applied to the final quarry side slopes will be generally equal to the depth removed which ranges 20 to 50 cm.

3. **Proposed Vegetation:**
a) Wetland and aquatic plants that may be planted in the final rehabilitated nearshore or shoreline areas will include shrubs such as red-osier dogwood (*Cornus sericea*) and slender willow (*Salix petiolaris*), and herbaceous plants such as water plantain (*Alisma plantago-aquatica*), lake sedge (*Carex lacustris*), swamp milkweed (*Asclepias incarnata*), softstem bulrush (*Schoenoplectus tabernaemontani*), and common cattail (*Typha* spp.). Shallow wetland habitats will be created through construction of submerged berms, approximately 0.25 to 0.75 metres deep. Shallow emergent marsh vegetation (i.e., herbaceous species listed above) will be planted in water ±0.15 metres deep and extend ±5 metres from the shore and be interspersed with cover structures (e.g., boulders and root wads) in the shallow shoreline wetland areas. Organic material and topsoil will be added to the shoreline areas to promote shoreline vegetation. Basking logs, nesting platforms and boxes will be created for turtle, waterfowl and swallows respectively. This habitat will be designed to be suitable as snapping turtle aquatic habitat and bullfrog breeding habitat.

b) Final rehabilitation of the upland areas will be seeded with a mix of grasses and legumes consisting of native, non-invasive species. The use of native plant species should be prioritized for rehabilitation plantings. It is recommended that common milkweed be planted in upland areas and other open areas such as roadsides and forest edges to provide host plants for monarch caterpillars. Where terrestrial nodal plantings are included on the side slopes, they will include a mixture of coniferous and deciduous tree species to promote species diversity and provide a variety of species to compensate for any substrate deficiencies. The species may include white pine, sugar maple, red oak, trembling aspen, and white birch, with a secondary focus on species such as choke cherry (*Prunus virginiana*), alternate-leaved dogwood (*Cornus alternifolia*), highbush cranberry (*Viburnum opulus*), nannyberry (*Viburnum lentago*) and serviceberry (*Amelanchier* spp.). It is recommended that ash (*Fraxinus* spp.) species in rehabilitation plantings be avoided due to the invasion of emerald ash borer.

c) Invasive shrub species including multiflora rose, common buckthorn, and Tartarian honeysuckle have become established in this area and may prevent the successful establishment of the native plantings. These invasive shrubs shall be removed prior to the planting of Carl Road.
d) All plantings (i.e., nodal plantings) included in the rehabilitation plan will be locally native, non-invasive species that create habitat in the short term and promote natural succession processes. The sourcing of plantings shall consider the regionally adapted genetics of the species. Plantings from local sources are likely to be well adapted to the local climate and growing conditions and may have a higher likelihood of successful establishment. Therefore, plantings will be procured from local sources to the extent possible.
e) All rehabilitated side slopes are to be vegetated with a seed mixture capable of:
- Rapid germination and growth,
- Controlling erosion,
- Maintaining or enhancing soil fertility.
The seeding is to be established in a timely manner and if necessary, facilitated by the application of fertilizer, water and/or additional seeding.

4. **Vegetation Maintenance:** During the ongoing extraction of the site and during the progressive rehabilitation phase, the Licensee will continue to monitor and maintain all site vegetation, and if any dies, it will be replaced immediately (during the proper planting season).

5. **Berm Removal:** As much of the on-site berms as possible will be removed once quarrying is complete with the subsoil and topsoil used to rehabilitate the final quarry side slopes above the final water limit (178.0 masl). However, where planted vegetation has grown and become mature on the exterior side of the berms, those portions of the berms may be retained.

Final Rehabilitation

1. **Fencing:** All existing fencing and gates are to remain after quarrying is complete.

2. **Haul Roads:** All existing internal haul routes will remain as the quarry floor will be flooded.

3. **Buildings:** All on-site buildings / structures used as part of the extraction operation, (i.e. scales and scale house), will be removed during the final rehabilitation stage.

4. **Dewatering Pumps:** Upon the completion of the quarry, the dewatering pumps will be removed and the final land use is proposed to be a passive lake in conjunction with the Pit 3 lands, totaling +/- 177.0 hectares.

5. **Final Contours:** The final contours are interpolated from available geologic information at the time of preparation and actual grades may vary.

6. **Final Water Elevation:** The final water elevation for the lake has been determined to be +/- 178.0 masl.

7. **Final Land Use:** Once extraction ceases and the final quarry slopes are established, the dewatering pumps will be removed and the final land use will be an 177 hectare lake in conjunction with Licence 4444.

8. **Final Lake Elevation:** The final surface water on the final lake will be 178.0 masl.

9. **Rehabilitated Area:** The total area to be rehabilitated will be 71.1 hectares.

Site Plan Variances:

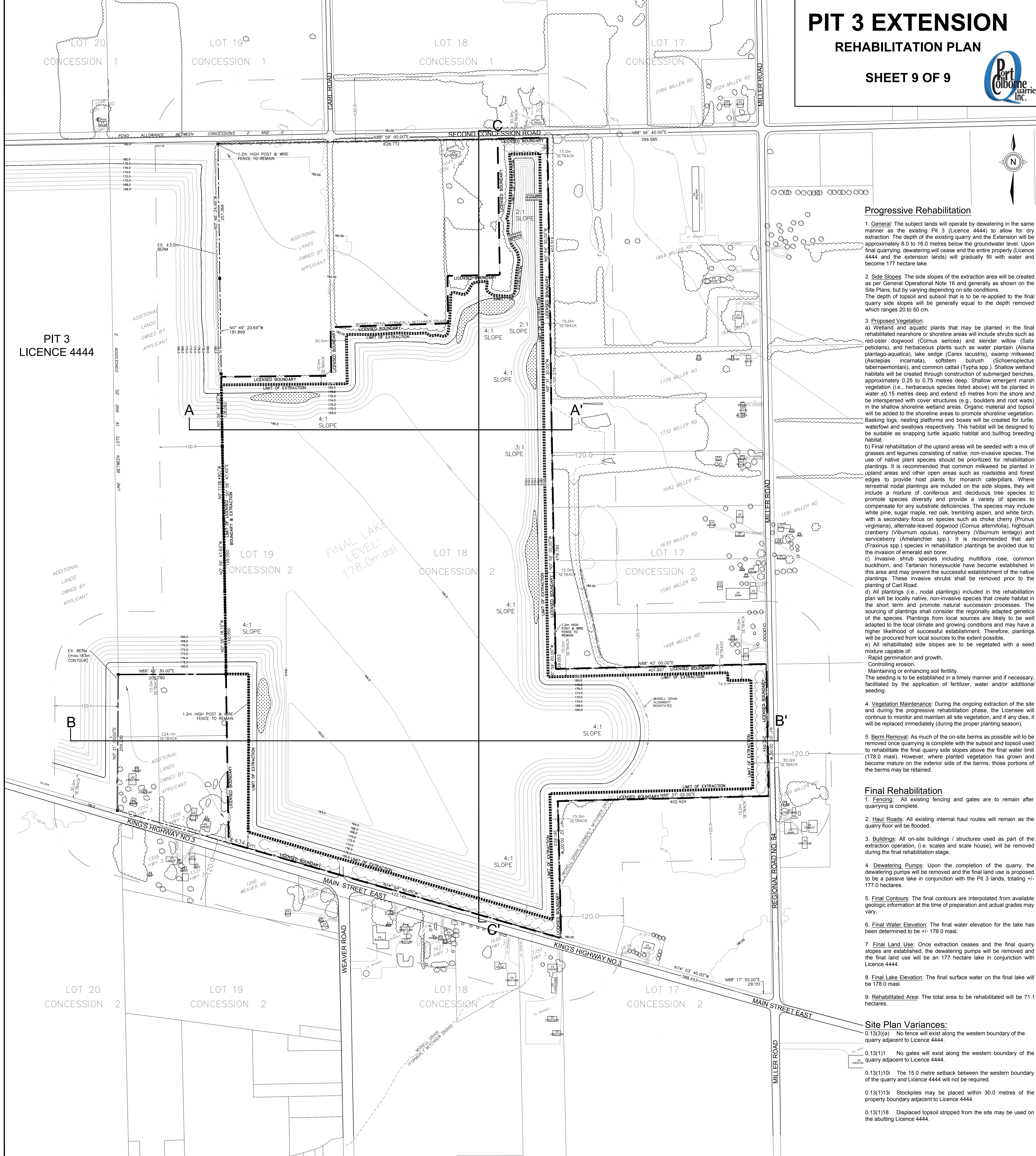
0.13(3)(a) No fence will exist along the western boundary of the quarry adjacent to Licence 4444.

0.13(1)1 No gates will exist along the western boundary of the quarry and Licence 4444 will not be required.

0.13(1)10i The 15.0 metre setback between the western boundary of the quarry and Licence 4444 will not be required.

0.13(1)13i Stockpiles may be placed within 30.0 metres of the property boundary adjacent to Licence 4444.

0.13(1)18 Displaced topsoil stripped from the site may be used on the abutting Licence 4444.



DATE	BY	DESCRIPTION
SITE PLAN AMENDMENTS		
3	2022.01.18	NOTE AND DESIGN CHANGES AS PER JART COMMENTS
2	2022.02.08	AS PER MNR PRELIMINARY REVIEW COMMENTS
1	2021.02.08	AS PER MNR PRELIMINARY REVIEW COMMENTS

REVISIONS PRIOR TO APPROVAL	
NO.	DESCRIPTION

SITE DATA	
AREA TO BE LICENSED	± 80.34 ha
AREA TO BE EXTRACTED	± 71.12 ha
EX. DISTURBED AREA	Nil
TOTAL LAND PARCEL	± 106.29 ha

THESE SITE PLANS HAVE PREPARED UNDER THE AGGREGATE RESOURCES ACT FOR A CLASS LICENSE, CATEGORY 2. THEY HAVE BEEN PREPARED BY THE UNDERSIGNED BY THE AUTHORITY OF MINISTRIAL APPROVAL AS SPECIFIED IN THE AREA SECTION 8 (4).
DATE: Jun 16, 2021

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PORT COLBORNE QUARRIES INC.

PIT 3 EXTENSION

SCALE: 1:2,500	PROJECT NO: 115774
DRAWN BY: E.T.	CHECKED BY: D.S.
PROJECT MGR: D.S.	APPROVED BY:
SHEET TITLE: REHABILITATION PLAN	
SHEET NUMBER: 9 of 9	ISSUE:

PIT 3
LICENCE 4444

LOT 20
CONCESSION 2

LOT 19
CONCESSION 2

LOT 18
CONCESSION 2

LOT 17
CONCESSION 2

KEY MAP - N.T.S.

LEGEND

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