

## Here's a general vaccination schedule for puppies and adult dogs. Always consult your vet to customize this based on your dog's specific needs and local regulations.

## Puppy Vaccination Schedule

| Age  | Vaccine   | Notes  |                       |   |
|--|-----------|--|-----------------------|---|
| 6 - 8 weeks  |           | - DHPP (Distemper, Hepatitis, Parvovirus, Parainfluenza) First core vaccination. |                       |   |
|  | - Bordete | ella (Optional)  | For kennel cough      | , if your puppy will be around other dogs.              |
| 10 - 12 v  | veeks     | - DHPP Booster   | Second dose of c      | ore vaccine.  |
|  | - Leptosp | eptospirosis (Optional) If recommended ir  |                       | n your area for exposure to wildlife or standing water. |
|  | - Lyme d  | isease (Optional)  | If your dog is at ris | sk for ticks.   |
| 14 - 16 v  | veeks     | - DHPP Booster   | Final core vaccir     | ne.   |
| <ul> <li>Rabies Legally required; consult your local regulations.</li> </ul>             |           |  |                       |   |
|  | - Leptosp | pirosis (Booster, if   | given earlier)        | Booster if your puppy received the initial vaccine.     |
|  | - Lyme d  | isease (Booster, if  | given earlier)        | Booster if your puppy received the initial vaccine.     |
| 12 - 16 months - DHPP Booster Final core booster as your puppy transitions to adulthood. |           |  |                       |   |
| - Rabies Booster Usually given every 1 or 3 years depending on local laws.               |           |  |                       |   |
|  |           |  |                       |   |

Adult Dog Vaccination Schedule (After 16 months)

## Frequency Vaccine Notes

Every 1-3 years - DHPP Booster Based on vet recommendation (some areas may do yearly or every 3 years). - Rabies Booster Required by law; typically, every 1 or 3 years depending on the vaccine used.

- Annual Leptospirosis (Optional) Yearly booster recommended for at-risk dogs.
  - Bordetella (Optional) For dogs frequently in kennels, dog parks, or grooming.
  - Canine Influenza (Optional) For dogs at risk of respiratory infections in high-dog-density areas.
  - Lyme Disease (Optional) Annual booster recommended for dogs in tick-prone areas.

Additional Considerations

• Parasite Prevention: Ask your vet about flea, tick, and heartworm prevention.

• Titer Testing: Some adult dogs may benefit from titer testing to assess immunity levels instead of automatic re-vaccination.

## Always follow your vet's recommendations, as vaccination needs may vary based on your dog's lifestyle and regional risks.