

THE BUNKER WEEKLY REVIEW



Week (46) Monday 16th November, 2020

472nd Issue

PRICES \$/Ton	SPECS.	ALGECIRAS	SINGAPORE	MALTA	ISTANBUL	PIRAEUS	TUAPSE	NOVOROSSIYSK
Friday,13 Nov,2020	VLSFO	342	352	343	364	360	322	321
	LSMGO	380	367	367	406	384	402	393
Thursday,12 Nov,2020	VLSFO	354	363	348	371	365	322	321
	LSMGO	400	375	378	413	384	402	396
Wednesday,11 Nov,2020	VLSFO	348	368	351	374	359	312	311
	LSMGO	400	382	373	418	379	405	394
Tuesday,10 Nov,2020	VLSFO	334	356	339	354	346	297	292
	LSMGO	360	360	356	392	369	392	380
Monday,09 Nov,2020	VLSFO	316	340	322	347	330	292	290
	LSMGO	360	344	341	387	355	390	378





Top stories of the week

At the IBIA Annual Convention 2020 on Wednesday, one law firm suggested fear of port state control authorities (PSCs) may be causing ships to debunker fuel even in cases of minor infringement of the 0.50% sulfur limit for bunkers. In one of the panels a maritime lawyer brought up a recent case in which their firm was involved, where a ship had bought some VLSFO in St Petersburg that was subsequently tested as having a sulfur content of 0.51-0.53%. The standard used in bunker trades would treat this sulfur level as acceptable despite being slightly over the limit, but the authorities could still view it as noncompliant. "What the owners did was to approach the flag state and tell them what the test results were," the lawyer said. "The flag state actually said, with this kind of excess, we have no comment -- do as you find practically reasonable, but be aware of the authorities at the port state. "The ship's charterers were then planning to contact the authorities at their next port of call in Denmark to ask for guidance. "But then the owner thought, well, we've got a lot of this fuel, and it will not only involve Denmark; there will be another port of call or maybe several afterwards," the lawyer said. "Ultimately, irrespective of the fact that the flag state had said that they were okay with this fuel being consumed, they decided we're going to debunker it." Debunkering is one of the worst outcomes for a ship with potentially non-compliant fuel on board, as the operation causes delays to their schedule as well as coming with a high cost of needing to find some more fuel at short notice. "Just from a very basic, practical position this is a lot of resources being wasted, and I don't think the rules were designed to avoid this particular situation," the lawyer said. "This was the type of situation where everybody involved was scared that they would eventually be liable for penalties. "It ends up with a lot of discussions about a very small problem." (Ship& Bunker,

12 November, 2020)

OVERVIEW

This report contains the parameters of fuel prices, and is intended to provide information regarding the two primary used fuels in marine fuel bunkering tasks. The prices presented in this weekly report reflects the most strategic areas and hot spots that acts as a guiding line for the fuel prices all over the world.