# Draft Environmental Impact Report

#### SCH#2005091117

#### Volume II Appendices

Antelope Valley Water Bank Project

(By Western Development and Storage, LLC)

Specific Plan Amendment No. 13, Map 232 Specific Plan Amendment No. 2, Map 233 Alteration of Boundaries of Agricultural Preserve No. 24 – Inclusion



Kern County Planning Department Bakersfield, California

April 2006

# Draft Environmental Impact Report

SCH#2005091117

Volume II Appendices

Antelope Valley Water Bank Project

(By Western Development and Storage, LLC)

Specific Plan Amendment No. 13, Map 232 Specific Plan Amendment No. 2, Map 233 Alteration of Boundaries of Agricultural Preserve No. 24 – Inclusion

Prepared by:

Kern County Planning Department Bakersfield California Public Services Building 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301-2370 Contact: Don Kohler 661/862-8787

Technical Assistance by:

Jones & Stokes 2600 V Street Sacramento, CA 95818-1914 Contact: Jim James 916/737-3000

April 2006

# Appendix A Notice of Preparation

#### PLANNING DEPARTMENT

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#### **RESOURCE MANAGEMENT AGENCY**

DAVID PRICE III, RMA DIRECTOR Community & Economic Development Department Engineering & Survey Services Department Environmental Health Services Department Planning Department Roads Department

#### NOTICE OF PREPARATION

TO: See Attached Mailing List

FROM:

DATE: September 21, 2005

Kern County Planning Department Attn: Don Kohler 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301

#### SUBJECT: NOTICE OF PREPARATION OF THE ANTELOPE VALLEY WATER BANK PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

The Kern County Planning Department as Lead Agency (per CEQA Guidelines Section 15052 has required that a Project Environmental Impact Report (per CEQA Guidelines Section 15161) be prepared for the project identified below. The Planning Department solicits the views of your agency as to the scope and content of the environmental information, which is germane to your agency's statutory responsibilities in connection with the proposed project. Your agency will need to use the EIR prepared for our agency when considering your permit or other approval of projects.

Due to the limits mandated by State law, your response must be received by October 20, 2005 at 5pm.

Jursuant to Section 21083.9 of the Public Resources Code a <u>Scoping Meeting conducted by the Kern County</u> <u>Planning Department to receive agency comments on the preparation of an Environmental Impact Report will be held</u> <u>on the following date and at the following location: October 4, 2005 at 1:30 p.m.</u> at the Kern County Planning Department located at 2700 M Street, Bakersfield, CA.

**PROJECT TITLE**: Specific Plan Amendment 13, Map 232; Specific Plan Amendment 2, Map 233; Agricultural Preserve No. 24 Inclusion (Antelope Valley Water Bank by Western Development and Storage, LLC) (PP 05283).

**PROJECT LOCATION:** The Project area is located in an unincorporated area of southern Kern and northern Los Angeles County, T 9N, R 15 W, Section 25 and T 9N, R 14 W, Sections 30 & 31, SBB&M, about 10 miles west of the unincorporated community of Rosamond.

**PROJECT DESCRIPTION:** The applicant, Western Development and Storage, LLC (WDS) is proposing to construct the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project (Project). The purpose of the Project is to develop a facility to recharge and store imported surface water beneath properties in the west end of the Antelope Valley, California. The area proposed for recharge and recovery facilities is zoned A (Exclusive Agriculture), E (Estate), and A FPS (Exclusive Agriculture; Flood Plain Secondary) Districts, but also includes approximately 640 acres of residential and industrial designations under the Willow Springs Specific Plan.

Date: September 21, 2005

Signature:  $\Lambda$ 

Name: <u>Don Kohler</u> Title: <u>Planner 1</u> Telephone: <u>(661) 862-8787</u> KohlerD@co.kern.ca.us

Attachments

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EIR 3-05 PP05283 9/13/05 pd

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U.S. Forest Service Los Padres National Forest 6755 Hollister Avenue, Suite 150 Goleta, CA 93117

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City of Delano P.O. Box 939 Delano, CA 93216

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Kern County Administrative Officer

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Kern County Fire Department

Kern County Parks and Recreation

Kern County Roads Department

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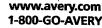
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Sierra Club/Kern Keaweah Chapter Arthur Unger

#### \*\*\*\*PUT IN BUCKET \*\*\*

hern California Gas Co. Attention Trans. Dept. 9400 Oakdale Avenue Chatsworth, CA 91313-6511







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Kern County Engineering & Survey Svs/ Survey

Kern County Library Beale

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Kern County Waste Management Department

KemCOG

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773VA-00-008-1

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Kern County Sheriff's Department

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Big Rock Mutual WaterCompany Route 1, Box 25 Llano, CA 93536

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Landale Mutual Water Company PO Box 5808 Lancaster, CA 93539

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ve Public Utility Dist. 15844 "K" Street Mojave, CA 93501





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W & S Mutual Water Company 1055 El Medio Pacific Palisades, CA 90272

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WARKER 0 2360wc





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Tejon Indian Tribe Kathy Morgan 2234 - 4th Street Wasco, CA 93280



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Kern County Farm Bureau 801 South Mt. Vernon Avenue Bakersfield, CA 93307

Santa Rosa Rancheria Clarence Atwell P.O. Box 8 Lemoore, CA 93245

YABVA-OD-008-F

	Mail to: State Clearinghouse, PO Box 3044, Sacramento, CA 95812-3044 916/445-0613						
Project Title: Antelope V	alley Water Bank Project	by Western	Development	and Storage			
Lead Agency: Kern County P	anning Department			Contact Person	: <u>Don Kol</u>	nler	
Mailing Address: 2700 M Stree	et, Suite 100				) 862-878	7	
City: <u>Bakersfield</u>		Zip: <u>93301</u>		County: Kern			
Project Location:							
County: Kern		City/Neares	t Community:				
Cross Streets: Avenue "A" and		Zip Code		ode: <u>93560</u>	_ Total	tal Acres: 13,440	
Assessor's Parcel No. 359-04		Section:	25/30&31	Twp. <u>9N</u>	Range	e: 15W/ Base: SBB&	
Within 2 Miles: State Hwy	#:	Waterways:			14W		
Airports:		Railways:	w	Scho	ols:		
Document Type:				•			
CEQA: NOP Early Cons Neg Dec Draft EIR	Supplement/Subseque (Prior SCH No.) Other		NEPA:	DI EA Draft EIS FONSI	Other:	Joint Document Final Document Other	
— — — — — — — — — — Local Action Type:		· ·					
□ General Plan Update       ☑ Specific Plan         □ General Plan Amendment       □ Master Plan         □ General Plan Element       □ Planned Unit De         □ Community Plan       □ Site Plan		evelopment		one Permit	ision, etc.)	Annexation  Redevelopment  Coastal Permit  Other	
Development Type:							
Residential: Units	Acres		X Water Facilities:		Type	Water Bank MGD	
Office: Sq.ft.				ransportation:	Type		
Commercial: Sq.ft.		ees ees		Mining: Power:	Mineral Type	Watts	
Educational			Π	Vaste Treatment: Iazardous Waste:	Туре		
	<u> </u>			Other:			
Funding (approx.): F	ederal \$			Total \$			
		·					
X Aesthetic/Visual		- r	T Sebeele/I Ini	vorsition	6		
X Agricultural Land	Flood Plain/Flooding		Schools/Universities		-	K Water Quality Water Supply/Groundwater	
Air Quality	🔀 Geologic/Seismic	ĺ	Sewer Capacity		Ē	] Wetland/Riparian	
a Analysis also 1/Thetesian	Minerals		Solid Waste		-	] Wildlife	
	X Noise Population/Housing Balance		Solid Waste Toxic/Hazardous			Growth Inducing	
Archeological/Historical Coastal Zone Drainage/Absorption	Public Services/Facilities		Traffic/Circulation		-	Cumulative Effects	
Coastal Zone	Public Services/Faci Recreation/Parks	-	X Vegetation				

properties in the west end of the Antelope Valley, California.

January 2004

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eviewing Agencies Checklist	Form A, continued	KEY
D		S = Document sent by lead agenc
Resources Agency		$\mathbf{X}$ = Document sent by SCH
Boating & Waterways		$\checkmark$ = Suggested distribution
Coastal Commission		L
Coastal Conservancy		
Colorado River Board	Environmental F	Protection Agency
Conservation	Air Resources Boa	rd
<u>S</u> Fish & Game	California Waste N	fanagement Board
Forestry & Fire Protection	SWRCB: Clean W	ater Grants
Office of Historic Preservation	SWRCB: Delta Un	it
Parks & Recreation	SWRCB: Water Q	uality
Reclamation Board	SWRCB: Water R	ghts
S.F. Bay Conservation & Development Commission	Regional WQCB #	(
Water Resources (DWR)	Youth & Adult C	orrections
Business, Transportation & Housing	Corrections	
Aeronautics	Independent Co	mmissions & Offices
California Highway Patrol	Energy Commissio	
<u>S</u> CALTRANS District # <u>6</u>	Native American H	Ieritage Commission
Department of Transportation Planning (headquarters)	Public Utilities Co	mmission
Housing & Community Development	Santa Monica Mor	intains Conservancy
Food & Agriculture	State Lands Comm	ission
Health & Welfare	Tahoe Regional Pl	anning Agency
Health Services		
State & Consumer Services	Other	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
General Services		
OLA (Schools)	· · ·	
Public Review Period (to be filled in by lead agency)		
	n ti n. Octo	ber 20, 2005
Starting Date September 21, 2005	Ending Date Octo	ber 20, 2005
Starting Date September 21, 2005		
	Date September	21, 2005
Starting Date September 21, 2005 Signature	Date September	21, 2005
Starting Date September 21, 2005 Signature	Date September	21, 2005
Starting Date September 21, 2005 Signature Lead Agency (Complete if applicable): Consulting Firm:	Date September	21, 2005 
Starting Date September 21, 2005 Signature   Lead Agency (Complete if applicable): Consulting Firm: Address:	Date September	21, 2005 
Starting Date       September 21, 2005         Signature       Signature         Lead Agency (Complete if applicable):         Consulting Firm:         Address:         City/State/Zip:	Date September	21, 2005 
Starting Date September 21, 2005 Signature  Lead Agency (Complete if applicable): Consulting Firm: Address: City/State/Zip: Contact:	Date September	21, 2005  y:
Starting Date       September 21, 2005         Signature       Signature         Lead Agency (Complete if applicable):         Consulting Firm:         Address:         City/State/Zip:	Date September	21, 2005  y:
Starting Date       September 21, 2005         Signature       Signature         Lead Agency (Complete if applicable):         Consulting Firm:         Address:         City/State/Zip:         Contact:         Phone:	Date September	21, 2005  y:
Starting Date September 21, 2005 Signature  Lead Agency (Complete if applicable): Consulting Firm: Address: City/State/Zip: Contact:	Date September For SCH Use Oni Date Received at SCH Date Review Starts Date to Agencies Date to SCH Clearance Date	21, 2005
Starting Date       September 21, 2005         Signature       Signature         Lead Agency (Complete if applicable):         Consulting Firm:         Address:         City/State/Zip:         Contact:         Phone:	Date September For SCH Use Oni Date Received at SCH Date Review Starts Date to Agencies Date to SCH Clearance Date	21, 2005  y:
Starting Date September 21, 2005   Signature Signature   Lead Agency (Complete if applicable):   Consulting Firm:   Address:   City/State/Zip:   Contact:   Phone:   Applicant:	Date September For SCH Use Oni Date Received at SCH Date Review Starts Date to Agencies Date to SCH Clearance Date	21, 2005  y:

. . . . . . . . . . .

#### Notice of Preparation for the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project

Specific Plan Amendment No. 13, Map 232 Specific Plan Amendment No. 2, Map 233 Alteration of Boundaries of Agricultural Preserve No. 24 – Inclusion

(By Western Development and Storage, LLC)

Kern County Planning Department 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301 Contact: Don Kohler 661/862-8787

Technical Assistance by:

Jones & Stokes 2600 V Street Sacramento, CA 95818-1914 Contact: Jim James 916/737-3000

## **Acronyms and Abbreviations**

af	acre-feet
AVAQMD	Antelope Valley Air Quality Management District
AVEK	Antelope Valley East Kern Water Agency
bgs	below ground surface
CEQA	California Environmental Quality Act
cfs	cubic feet per second
СО	carbon monoxide
DHS	California Department of Health Services
DWR	Department of Water Resources
FMMP	Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program
KCAPCD	Kern County Air Pollution Control District
LAA#2	Los Angeles Aqueduct #2
LADWP	Los Angeles Department of Water and Power
LOS	Level of Service
NOx	nitrogen oxides
NOP	Notice of Preparation
Planning Department	Kern County Planning Department
PM10	Particulate Matter
Project	Antelope Valley Water Bank Project
ROG	Reactive Organic Gases
RWQCB	Lahonton Regional Water Quality Control Board
SWP	State Water Project
TSS	total suspended sediments
WDS	Western Development and Storage, LLC
WSSP	Willow Springs Specific Plan

September 2005

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## Chapter 1 Project Description

## **1.1 Introduction**

The applicant, Western Development and Storage, LLC (WDS) is proposing to construct the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project (Project). The purpose of the Project is to develop a facility to recharge and store imported surface water beneath properties in the west end of the Antelope Valley, California (Figure 1-1). The area proposed for recharge and recovery facilities is zoned as A (Exclusive Agriculture), E (Estate), and FPS (Flood Plain Secondary) Districts but also includes approximately 640 acres of residential and industrial designations under the Willow Springs Specific Plan. Implementation of the project will require:

- amendment of the Willow Springs Specific Plan to change various map code designations;
- inclusion of approximately 640 acres into Agricultural Preserve No. 24;
- construction of wells and facilities and accessory structures needed for ongoing maintenance and operation necessary to transport water; and
- authorization and permits from various affected agencies.

Under the Project, water would be imported from the State Water Project (SWP) via the East Branch of the California Aqueduct (Figure 1-1). When needed, stored water would be recovered for delivery to various municipal water agencies, such as those in Kern, Los Angeles, and Orange Counties. A committee comprised of local and other interested representatives would be established to monitor the impacts of recharge, storage, and recovery operations.

This chapter describes the Project. Chapter 2 presents a completed Environmental Checklist Form for the Project. References cited in this document are listed in Chapter 3.

## 1.2 Project Objectives

The applicant has stated the primary purpose of the Project is to provide additional water storage to supply the needs of Antelope Valley and, potentially, other regions of southern California, through facilities that are of sufficient size and scope to be both cost-effective and environmentally sound. WDS conducted an assessment of water storage needs and constraints and identified western Antelope Valley as having suitable geographic and geologic features for such a project.

WDS intends to either transfer the Antelope Valley Water Bank to a public agency or agencies, or partner with such agencies and potentially other water suppliers, wholesalers, and retailers to develop and/or operate the Antelope Valley Water Bank. In general, imported SWP water would be recharged during wet years and recovered when needed.

The Project is designed to:

- enhance water supply reliability and flexibility in a cost effective and environmentally sound manner;
- reduce groundwater overdraft; and
- encourage conjunctive use, where appropriate.

Important characteristics of the Project are summarized in Table 1-1.

Table 1-1. Important Characteristics of the Project

Item	Project
Objectives	Enhance water supply reliability and flexibility through a facility that is of sufficient size and scope to be both cost effective and environmentally sound; reduce groundwater overdraft; and encourage conjunctive use, where appropriate
Source of recharge water	State Water Project
Recharge basin area	Approximately 1,200–1,500 acres
Total capacity	500,000 acre feet ("af") of total storage capacity
Annual capacity	100,000 af
Instantaneous recharge capacity	Approximately 350 cfs
Instantaneous recovery capacity	Approximately 250 cfs
Wells for recovery of stored surface water	Approximately 30 to 40 new wells Use of existing wells as appropriate
Project participants	Municipal water agencies, such as those in Kern, Los Angeles, and Orange Counties
Overdraft recovery	10% of recharged water left behind for overdraft recovery
Monitoring committee	Impacts on groundwater levels and water quality, would be monitored by a committee, which may include, among others, representatives from the owner/operator, neighboring land owners, Rosamond Community Service District, and Antelope Valley State Water Project Contractors Association (a joint powers authority including the Antelope Valley East Kern Water Agency, Palmdale Water District, and Littlerock Creek Irrigation District).
Notes:	
af = acre-feet.	
cfs = cubic feet per second.	

## **1.3 Project Location and Setting**

The Project area is located in an unincorporated area of southern Kern and northern Los Angeles County, about 10 miles west of the unincorporated community of Rosamond (Figure 1-1). Avenue A, the county line between Kern County and Los Angeles County, lies immediately south of the area proposed for the recharge and recovery facilities (Figure 1-2).

## 1.3.1 Regional Setting

Antelope Valley is situated near the western edge of the Mojave Desert and is defined by the Tehachapi Mountains to the northwest and the San Gabriel Mountains to the southwest (Figure 1-1). The valley floor sits at an elevation of

1-3

September 2005

approximately 2,600 feet above mean sea level and slopes gently from northwest to southeast. The climate is semiarid, and the area receives less than 10 inches of rainfall annually. There are no nearby perennial waters.

The basin of the valley is underlain by several thousand feet of alluvial deposits that eroded from adjacent mountain ranges. The recharge and recovery facilities would be located in the Neenach Subbasin, one of 12 subbasins in the valley (Figure 1-3). Near-surface soils are sand and gravel. Deeper deposits are sand with some gravel, silt, and clay. Several fault zones that define the Neenach Subbasin appear to restrict the movement of the groundwater between subbasins (Figure 1-3).

Development in Antelope Valley began in the 1870s when the Southern Pacific Railroad completed a rail line providing passage from Los Angeles to San Francisco. Edwards Air Force Base, located about 15 miles east of the Project site, was built in the 1930s and remains in use. Today, the defense and aerospace industries are major employers. The cities of Palmdale and Lancaster are located in Los Angeles County and are the largest cities in Antelope Valley (Figure 1-1). These two cities have grown dramatically since the 1980s, and their populations are estimated to exceed 150,000 each.

Historically, the groundwater table in Antelope Valley was 20–150 feet below ground surface (bgs). The advent of gasoline-powered groundwater pumps in the early 1900s allowed for the expansion of agriculture in the valley, with alfalfa being the principal crop. By the mid-1960s, the water table had dropped to more than 300 feet bgs. With the availability of SWP water in the 1970s, farmers began to rely on imported surface water as well as groundwater for irrigation, and the water table has since stabilized at about 340 feet bgs. The groundwater beneath the Project site is considered high quality, with no analytes exceeding either state or federal drinking water criteria.

#### **1.3.2 Local Setting**

The area proposed for recharge and recovery facilities is bounded by:

- Rosamond Avenue to the north,
- Avenue A to the south (Kern County–Los Angeles County line),
- 170<sup>th</sup> Street West to the west, and
- 100<sup>th</sup> Street West to the east (Figure 1-2).

Recharge and recovery facilities include a distribution pipeline, recharge basins, recovery wells, and recovery pipelines. The land in the recharge and recovery facilities area is made up of farmland and undeveloped land. The recharge and recovery facilities would be located within a 21-square-mile area (13,440 acres), with the recharge basins occupying 1,200–1,500 of these acres within the 1,920-acre recharge basin area. The remainder of the 21-square-mile area would not be disturbed, except for the pipeline alignments and wellhead areas. The parcels

within the areas proposed for recharge are zoned as A (Exclusive Agriculture) (Figure 1-4). The Kern County Zoning Ordinance states that the purpose of the Exclusive Agriculture Zoning District is to designate areas suitable for agricultural uses and to prevent the encroachment of incompatible uses onto agricultural lands and the premature conversion of such lands to nonagricultural uses. Uses in the Exclusive Agriculture Zoning District are limited primarily to agricultural uses and other activities compatible with agricultural uses.

The Kern County Zoning Ordinance also defines a set of combining zoning districts that can be applied to a parcel in conjunction with its base zoning district. For example, a parcel zoned as Exclusive Agriculture (A) can also be zoned as Flood Plain Secondary (FPS) if it is subject to relatively frequent, low-velocity flooding. A number of parcels in the Project area are zoned in this manner. The FPS combining zoning district allows all the uses permitted by the base zoning district but may apply additional prohibited uses in the interest of protecting public health and safety and minimizing property damage caused by flooding. The Project uses would be consistent with this zoning. The properties proposed for the recharge basins also are designated as Prime Farmland and have been farmed since at least the 1960s. Two of the properties are subject to existing Williamson Act contracts.

The area proposed for recharge and recovery facilities is located within the service area of the Antelope Valley East Kern Water Agency (AVEK). Irrigation water is provided by local groundwater wells and imported SWP water via the AVEK West Feeder (Figures 1-1 and 1-2).

If needed, WDS would construct a 7-mile-long pipeline to deliver water to and from the California Aqueduct. The new delivery pipeline would be aligned parallel to an existing pipeline (Los Angeles Aqueduct #2 [LAA#2]), which passes just west of the area proposed for recharge basins and runs through Los Angeles County (Figure 1-2). The optional proposed delivery pipeline would run south from the recharge and recovery facilities area, along 170<sup>th</sup> Street, until it intersects the California Aqueduct, a distance of approximately 7 miles (Figure 1-1). The land along the proposed pipeline alignment is predominately agricultural or not developed.

## **1.4 Proposed Discretionary Actions**

As part of the proposed project, the applicant is requesting approval of an amendment to the Willow Springs Specific Plan and an inclusion for the agricultural preserve. Each of these requests is described below.

#### **1.4.1** Specific Plan Amendment

Land uses allowed in the project site are established and guided by the Land Use Element of the Willow Springs Specific Plan. This document controls the type, intensity, and distribution of land uses in a 79-square mile area in the eastern area

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of the Kern County General Plan. The Willow Springs Specific Plan was adopted in 1992 and identified a mix of residential, industrial and resource management uses for the area combined with designations identifying constraints due to military flight corridors, flood and comprehensive planning requirements (Figure 1-4). This project will amend the Willow Springs Specific Plan as follows (Figure 1-5):

- Map Codes 8.5/2.85 (Resource Management—minimum 20 or 80-acre parcel size; Military Flight Operations (60 dB)) to 8.1/2.85 (Intensive Agriculture—minimum 20-acre parcel size; Military Flight Operations (60 dB)) on approximately 300 acres.
- Map Codes 8.5/2.85/2.6 (Resource Management--minimum 20 or 80-acre parcel size; Military Flight Operations (60 dB); Flood Hazard) to 8.1/2.85/2.6 (Intensive Agriculture--minimum 20-acre parcel size/Military Flight Operations (60 dB; Flood Hazard) on approximately 50 acres.
- Map Codes 5.3/4.4/2.85 (Residential—maximum 10 units per net acre; Comprehensive Plan Area; Military Flight Operations (60 dB)) to 8.1/4.4/2.85 (Intensive Agriculture—minimum 20-acre parcel size; Comprehensive Plan Area; Military Flight Operations (60 dB)) on approximately 320 acres.
- Map Codes 7.1/4.4 (Light Industrial; Comprehensive Plan Area) to 8.1/4.4 (Intensive Agriculture—minimum 20-acre parcel size; Comprehensive Plan Area) on approximately 320 acres.

The parcels proposed for recharge basins are currently zoned as A (Exclusive Agriculture) and A FPS (Flood Plain Secondary Combining) Districts which are consistent with the proposed designations. Although the broader recharge and recovery area includes parcels zoned Estate, WDS shall constrain development of recovery wells to parcels that are zoned A (Figure 1-6). The recharge and recovery components planned for the facility area are an allowable use in the A zone district.

### 1.4.2 Agricultural Preserve Inclusion

The proposed land use designation change from residential and industrial to A (Exclusive Agriculture) within the existing A zoning requires an alteration of the boundaries of Agricultural Preserve No. 24 to include approximately 640 acres. Agricultural Preserves have been established for the purpose of implementing the local Williamson Act Land Use Contract program and only property designated for conforming agricultural uses may qualify.

## **1.5 Project Facilities**

#### 1.5.1 **Project Phasing**

The Project is proposed to be to constructed in two phases. Phase 1 would involve construction of only the recharge and recovery facilities connecting to the AVEK West Feeder. This would allow WDS to operate the recharge and recovery facilities within the current capacity of the AVEK West Feeder.

Phase 2 would involve connecting the recharge and recovery facilities to the California Aqueduct to increase the total capacity of the Project. This could be accomplished by either connecting the recharge and recovery facilities to the LAA #2 (Option A), or by constructing the previously mentioned new pipeline, approximately 7 miles long, parallel to the existing LAA #2 alignment (Option B). Figure 1-2 shows both Phase 1 and Phase 2 components.

#### 1.5.2 Phase 1 Facilities

The facilities that would be constructed and operated during Phase 1 of the Project are described below and include:

- recharge basins on 1,200–1,500 acres (Figure 1-2);
- a 4-mile-long distribution pipeline to distribute water to and from the AVEK West Feeder (Figure 1-2);
- 30-40 new recovery wells and pumps, with use of existing wells as appropriate; and
- approximately 21 miles of recovery pipelines to convey water from the recovery wells back to the AVEK West Feeder.

#### 1.5.2.1 Recharge Basins

WDS would construct basins to recharge SWP water in currently dewatered portions of the underlying aquifer. Soils in the Project area would be redistributed to create depressions and berms encompassing these depressions. Between 400,000 and 700,000 cubic yards of soil would be disturbed, although much of this disturbance would be in a manner that is similar to current farming practices. This redistribution would require the use of heavy construction equipment. The recharge basins would be divided into subbasins ranging from 1 to 50 acres, with an average area of approximately 20 acres each. Collectively the subbasins would cover approximately 1,200–1,500 acres. Surface water delivered to the basins would percolate through the subsurface of the basins to be stored in the underlying aquifer.

#### **1.5.2.2** Distribution Pipeline

SWP water would be delivered to the recharge basins via the AVEK West Feeder. This pipeline currently connects to the California Aqueduct south of the Project area (Figure 1-1). The AVEK West Feeder pipeline is a 33- to 66-inchdiameter, underground steel pipeline with a capacity of 225 cubic feet per second (cfs). It also includes an existing diversion valve (Turnout 20A) near the intersection of Gaskell Road and 140<sup>th</sup> Street West, approximately 1 mile east of the proposed location of the recharge basins (Figure 1-2).

To connect the recharge basins to the AVEK West Feeder (and the California Aqueduct), an up to 84-inch-diameter pipeline (potentially sized to accommodate Phase 2), approximately 4 miles long, would be installed from the VanDam Turnout to the northwest corner of the recharge basin area, just east of LAA #2 (Figure 1-2). The distribution pipeline would be aligned along existing roadways. The connection between the AVEK West Feeder and the distribution pipeline would be buried and constructed of reinforced concrete pipe. The VanDam Turnout would be upgraded with a pump (known as a lift station) to allow delivery of water to the westernmost recharge basins. The upgraded turnout also would allow recovered water to be delivered back into the AVEK West Feeder. Although the new distribution pipeline would be buried, aboveground features, such as air vents, may be associated with the new pipeline.

#### 1.5.2.3 Recovery Wells

When needed, the stored water would be recovered using groundwater wells similar to those already in use in the area for agriculture. Both existing and new wells would be used to recover stored water. WDS estimates that approximately 10 existing wells would be used and that 30–40 new wells would need to be constructed. Approximately 10 new wells would be initially installed in the immediate vicinity of the recharge basins with additional wells added in later years as needed. This approach will enable collection of data from the initial well field so as to optimize the designs, numbers and locations of additional wells.

Some of the wells would be located in the immediate vicinity of the recharge basins, and others would be located to the east and northeast of the recharge basins (i.e., downgradient relative to the direction of groundwater flow) within the area defined for recharge and recovery facilities (Figure 1-2). The configuration of the wells and pipelines is in the preliminary design stage and contingent on final design and securing of required access agreements. WDS intends to construct pipelines and wells along existing roadways, and the construction of wells will be restricted to areas zoned for agriculture. Most new wells would be located on land owned by third parties, and easements or access agreements would be required for their construction.

#### **1.5.2.4** Recovery Pipelines

The recovered water would be collected via a system of buried pipelines (up to 21 miles of 14- to 38-inch-diameter pipe) for delivery back into the AVEK West Feeder. All recovery pipelines would be aligned beneath agricultural land or roadway shoulders. As noted above for new recovery wells, the configuration of the wells and pipelines is in the preliminary design stage. The pipelines would be located within the area defined for recharge and recovery facilities (Figure 1-2). Most recovery pipelines would be located on land owned by third parties, and easements or access agreements would be required for their construction.

#### 1.5.3 Phase 2 Facilities

Phase 2 of the Project is made up of two options, Option A and Option B, to increase the capacity of the recharge and recovery facilities beyond that available via the AVEK West Feeder. Both of the options would allow SWP water to be delivered from the California Aqueduct to recharge facilities for storage and would allow recovered water to be delivered back to the California Aqueduct.

#### 1.5.3.1 Option A: Use of the Los Angeles Aqueduct #2

Option A proposes to use LAA #2, which runs adjacent to the western border of the area proposed for the recharge basins, to convey water between the recharge and recovery facilities and the California Aqueduct. LAA #2 is a 120-inchdiameter, underground steel pipeline with a capacity of 290 cfs, which passes under the California Aqueduct approximately 7 miles south the recharge and recovery area (Figure 1-1). WDS would construct a connection between the LAA #2 and the California Aqueduct where the LAA #2 passes under the California Aqueduct. At that point, the California Aqueduct is a concrete-lined canal with a capacity of 2,010 cfs. A concrete vault that could accommodate a lift station already exists at this location.

WDS also would construct a connection between the LAA #2 and the western end of the new 4-mile-long distribution pipeline (constructed during Phase 1). Lift stations (pumps) would be installed at the connection between the LAA #2 and the California Aqueduct and at the connection between the LAA #2 and the new 4-mile-long distribution pipeline (Figure 1-2).

#### 1.5.3.2 Option B: Construction of a New Delivery Pipeline

If LAA #2 is not available to the Project, Option B would be implemented. This option would involve construction of a new 7-mile-long pipeline parallel to the

LAA #2 (Figure 1-2). Option B would connect the south end of the new delivery pipeline to the California Aqueduct and the north end of the new delivery pipeline to the 4-mile-long distribution pipeline installed during Phase 1. The connections to the new delivery pipeline would be constructed of reinforced concrete pipe. The new delivery pipeline would be buried; however, aboveground features, such as air vents, may be associated with the new pipeline. As proposed under Option A, lift stations (pumps) would be installed at each end of the new delivery pipeline.

#### **1.5.4** Construction Schedule

Phase 1 of the Project would begin within 6-months of EIR certification (to allow for finalization of permitting and Phase 1 design). It is estimated that construction could commence by the middle of 2006. Construction of the distribution pipeline and recharge basins is anticipated to require about 6 months. Following construction of those facilities, WDS could begin recharging imported water.

Following the recharge season of 2006-2007, WDS would install the first group of approximately 10 recovery wells and recovery pipelines between and adjacent to the recharge basins. In later years, as needed, depending on the availability of stored water for recovery and the performance of existing wells, WDS would install additional wells and recovery pipelines.

Phase 2 of the Project would not begin until after at least 1 full year of Phase 1 operations. Phase 2 construction may require approximately 6 months (Option A) to 12 months (Option B) to complete, depending on which option is implemented.

## **1.6 Project Operations**

As proposed, the Project would receive imported SWP water via the East Branch of the California Aqueduct. Project participants who have existing entitlements to available SWP water would provide the water. The Project would be designed to receive water at a rate of up to 350 cfs and to recharge up to 100,000 acre-feet (af) per year, contingent on wheeling capacity in the AVEK West Feeder and Phase 2 pipelines.

Surface water recharged in the basins would percolate through the subsurface for storage in dewatered portions of the underlying aquifer. The total storage capacity of the Project would be 500,000 af. Recharge activities would occur primarily during the winter. The recharge basins would be leased for organic farming when not required for recharge activities.

When needed, the stored water would be recovered using groundwater wells. The recovered water would be conveyed via either the new Project pipelines into the AVEK West Feeder or the California Aqueduct for delivery to water users.

The recovery of stored water would be limited to 90% of the amount recharged, thereby helping reduce the rate of overdraft of the underlying aquifer.

## **1.7 Monitoring Committee**

Recharge operations would cause the water table to rise above baseline conditions, and recovery operations would cause water levels to decline back to near baseline conditions. Over the long run, water levels would rise above baseline conditions because 10% of recharged water would be left behind to aid in overdraft recovery. The applicant has included a committee as a design feature of the project. The committee, as proposed, would be formed to monitor the impact of operations on groundwater levels and quality and to ensure that neighboring landowners are protected. Composition of the committee potentially includes the following representatives:

- the owner/operator,
- Rosamond Community Service District,
- Non-owner/operator participants, and
- the Antelope Valley State Water Project Contractors Association.

## 1.8 Additional Discretionary Actions/Required Approvals

Before the Project can be implemented, several agencies may be required to approve or authorize various elements of the Project. Additional requirements may be identified as project planning and agency consultations continue.

#### 1.8.1 Kern County

In addition to the discretionary actions described in Section 1.4, grading permits for construction of the basins and encroachment permits for any construction on county maintained roadways may be necessary.

The Kern County Board of Supervisors adopted Ordinance No G-6502 on June 11, 1998, to regulate the export or transfer of native groundwater outside of Kern County. The ordinance only applies to the transport or transfers of native groundwater from or taking place in unincorporated areas of Kern County. The term "native groundwater" does not include water that is both recharged through groundwater banking programs and that originates outside Kern County and its watershed areas. This Project is designed with the intent of this ordinance in mind, and will not export any native groundwater. Additionally, to account for

losses during both transport through and storage in Kern County, no more than 90% of the water delivered to the groundwater bank may be recovered.

## **1.8.2** Regional Actions or Approvals

The Project would require permits, approvals, or authorizations from several regional agencies, which are described below.

#### 1.8.2.1 Antelope Valley East Kern Water Agency

Approval would be required from AVEK for additional turnouts and for the connection between the Project and AVEK's Western Feeder.

#### **1.8.2.2** Kern County Air Pollution Control District

If propane-powered engines are used to drive the water pumps, permits may be required from the Kern County Air Pollution Control District (KCAPCD).

#### 1.8.2.3 Los Angeles Department of Water and Power

Approval would be required from the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP) for the connections between the LAA #2 and the Project and between LAA #2 and the California Aqueduct.

#### 1.8.2.4 Antelope Valley Air Quality Management District

If propane-powered engines are used to drive the water pumps, permits may be required from the Antelope Valley Air Quality Management District (AVAQMD).

## **1.8.3 State Agency Actions or Approvals**

The Project would require permits, approvals, or authorizations from several state agencies, including the:

- Department of Water Resources (DWR), which must approve of conveyances to and from the California Aqueduct;
- California Department of Health Services (DHS), which may require that a
  public water system permit be obtained because water recovered from the
  Project could be pumped into the Los Angeles Aqueduct for municipal and
  industrial use; and
- Lahonton Regional Water Quality Control Board (RWQCB), which must authorize proposed construction activities under the RWQCB's General Permit for Storm Water Discharges Associated with Construction Activity (General Construction Permit).

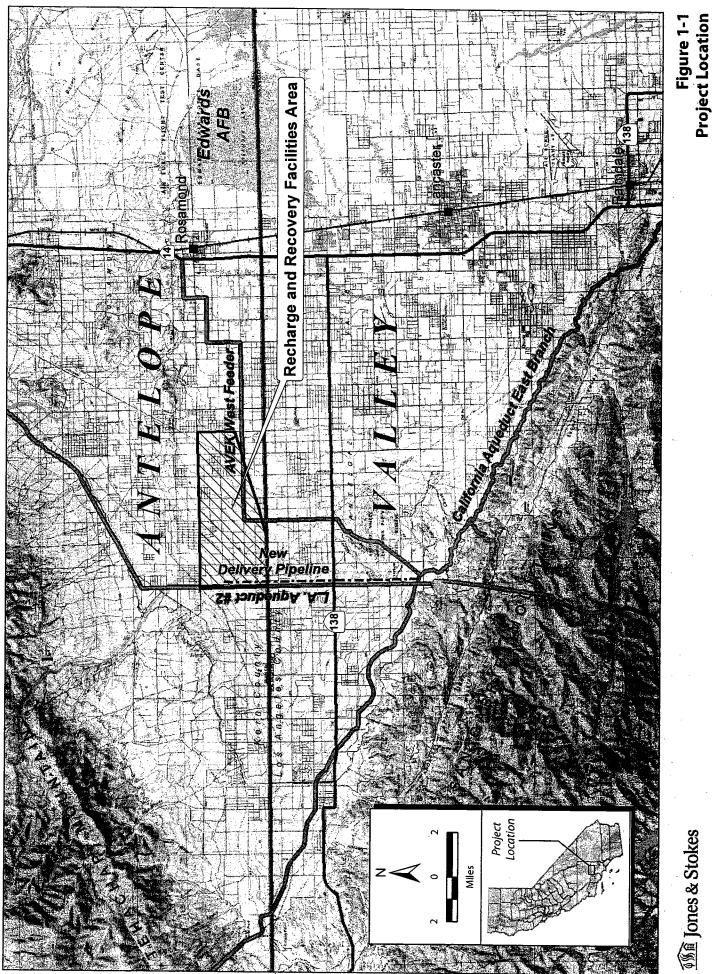
## **1.8.4** Federal Agency Actions or Approvals

To date, WDS has not identified specific activities that would require a permit, approval, or authorization from a federal agency. WDS is communicating with Edwards Air Force base to ensure that flyway impacts, if any, are considered.

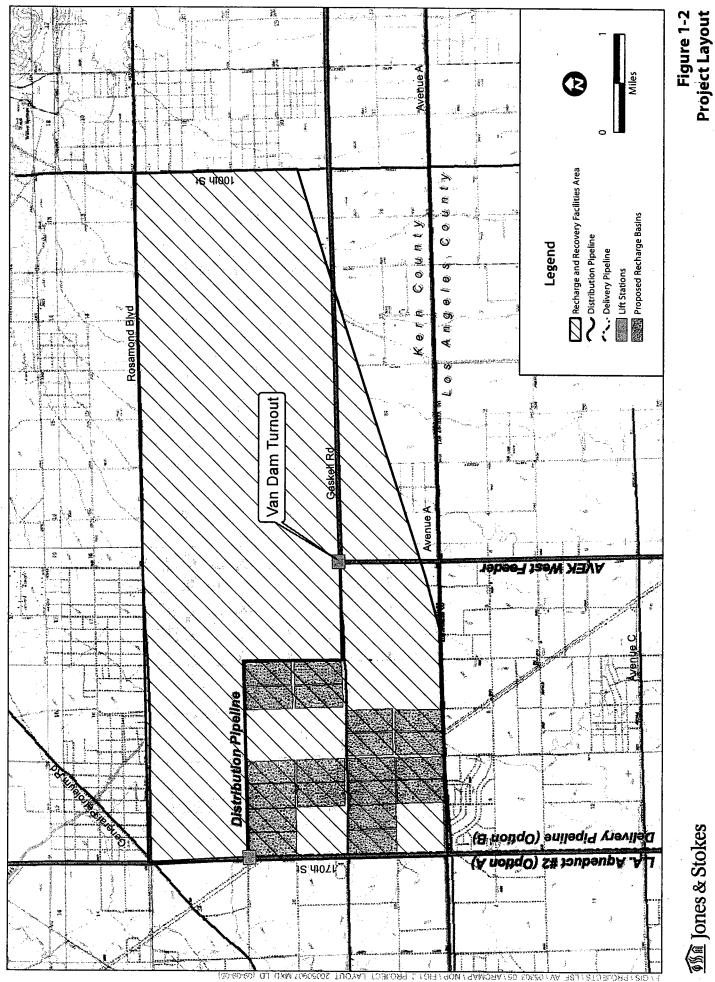
## **1.9 Alternatives to the Proposed Project**

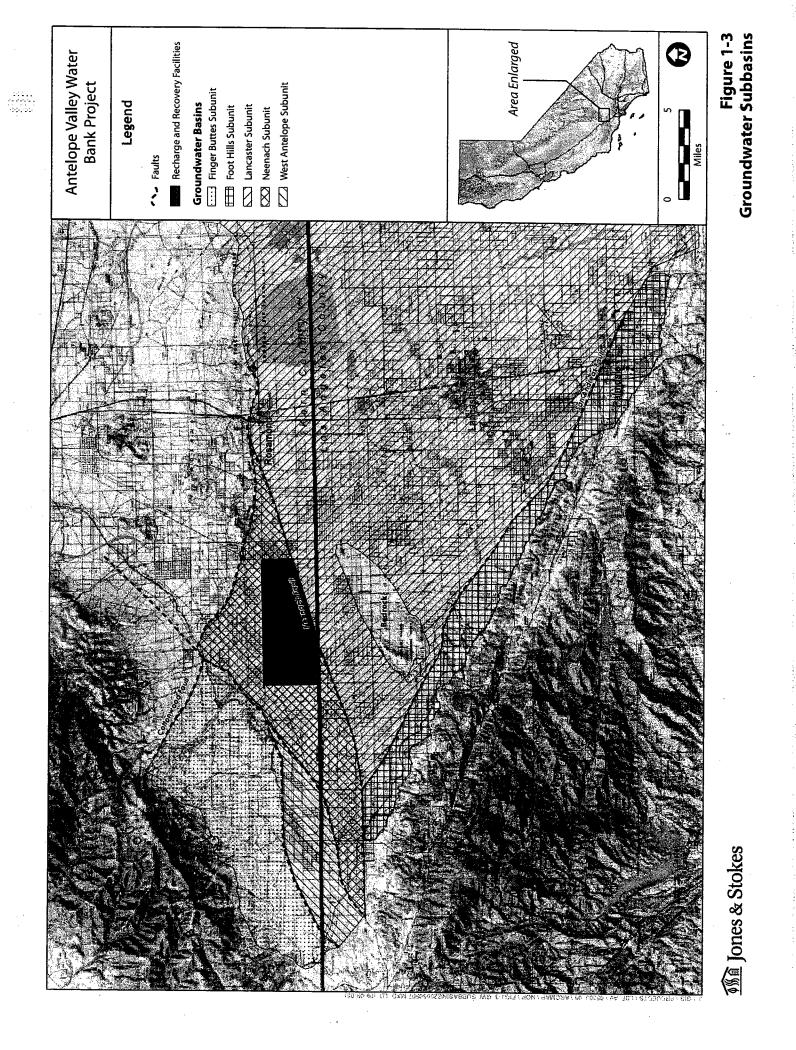
The environmental impact report (EIR) will consider a range of feasible alternatives that will be identified to avoid or substantially reduce significant environmental impacts. The types of alternatives considered may include:

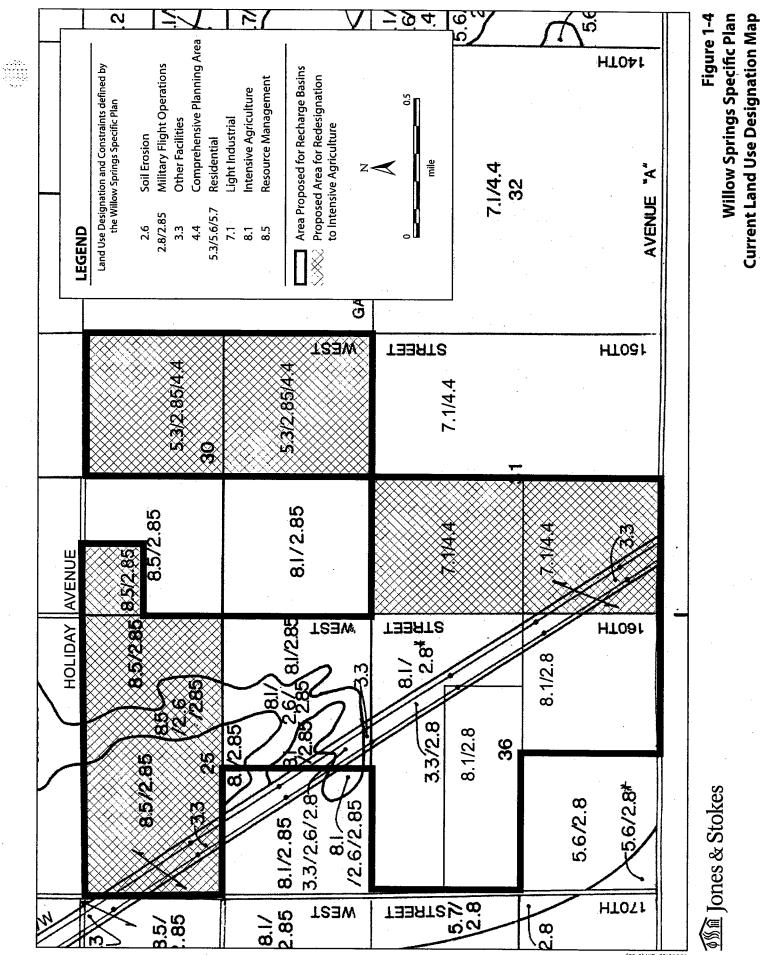
- other locations in or near Antelope Valley;
- use of injection wells to place imported surface water into the aquifer;
- traditional (surface) reservoirs to store imported surface water; and
- in-lieu recharge, where imported surface water would be supplied to farmers for irrigation, thus resulting in the accumulation of stored groundwater in an amount approximately equal to that which would otherwise be extracted by pumping for agricultural purposes.



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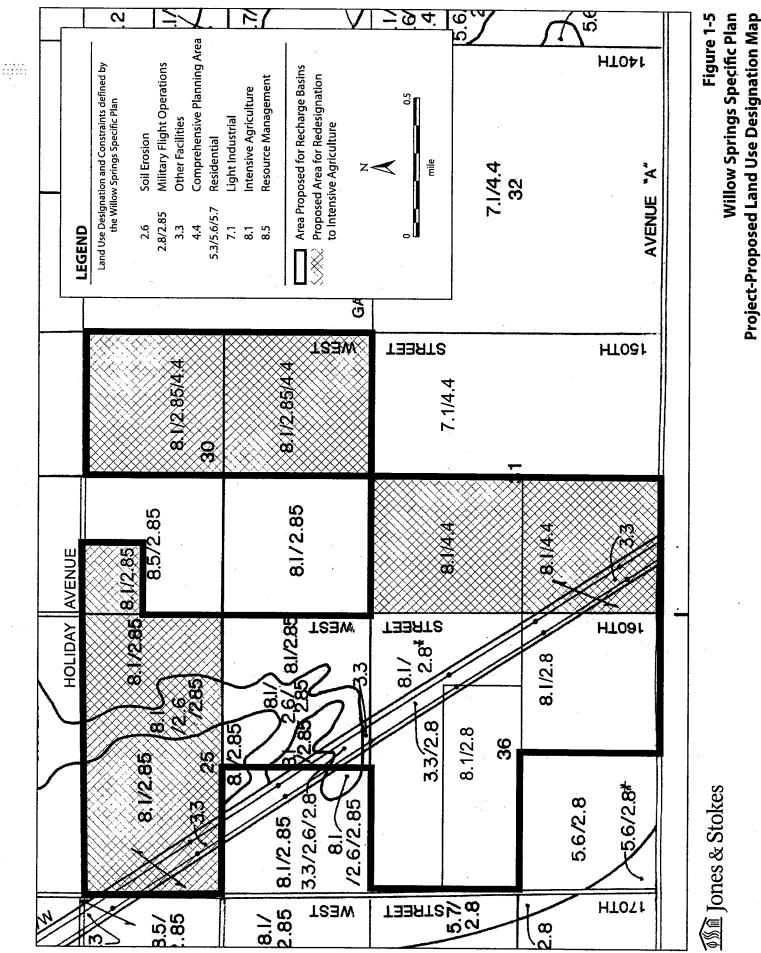




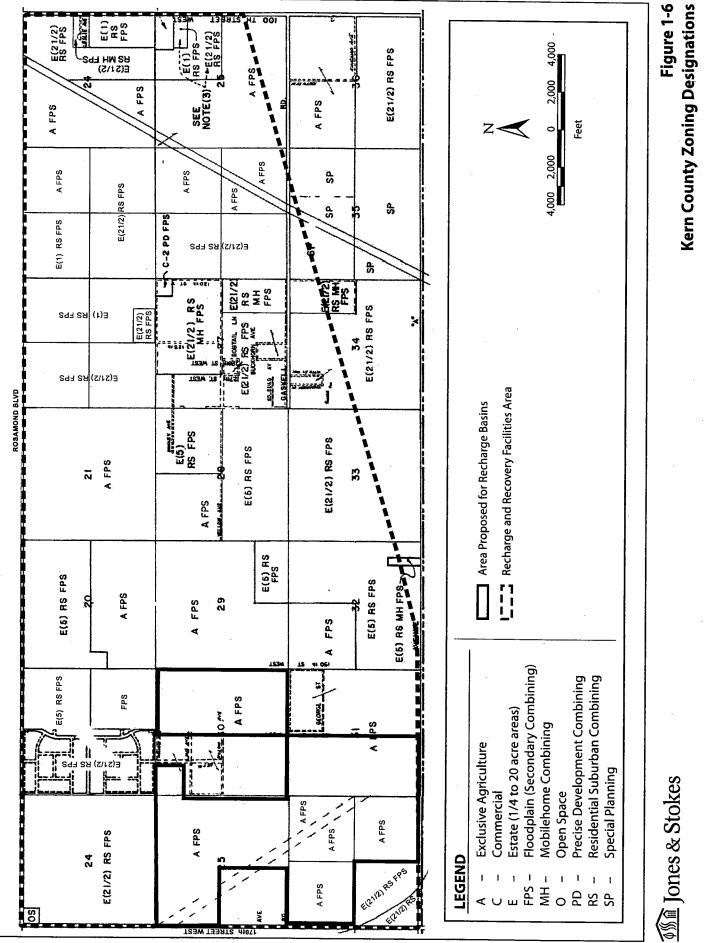


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### Chapter 2 Environmental Checklist Form

#### **Environmental Factors Potentially Affected:**

The environmental factors checked below would be potentially affected by this project, involving at least one impact that is a "Potentially Significant Impact" as indicated by the checklist on the following pages.

	Aesthetics	$\boxtimes$	Agriculture Resources	$\boxtimes$	Air Quality
$\boxtimes$	Biological Resources	$\boxtimes$	Cultural Resources		Geology and Soils
$\boxtimes$	Hazards / Hazardous Materials		Hydrology and Water Quality	X	Land Use and Planning
$\boxtimes$	Mineral Resources	$\boxtimes$	Noise	$\boxtimes$	Population and Housing
	Public Services		Recreation	$\boxtimes$	Transportation and Traffic
$\boxtimes$	Utilities and Services	$\boxtimes$	Mandatory Findings of Significance		

#### **DETERMINATION.** (To be completed by the Lead Agency)

On the basis of this initial evaluation:

 $\square$ 

I find that the proposed project COULD NOT have a significant effect on the environment, and a NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.

- I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, there will not be a significant effect in this case because revisions in the project have been made by or agreed to by the project proponent. A MITIGATED NEGATIVE DECLARATION will be prepared.
- I find that the proposed project MAY have a significant effect on the environment, and an ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT is required.
- I find that the proposed project MAY have a potentially significant impact or potentially significant unless mitigated impact on the environment, but at least one effect (a) has been adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and (b) has been addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis as described on attached sheets. An ENVIRONMENT IMPACT REPORT is required, but it must analyze only the effects that remain to be addressed.

I find that although the proposed project could have a significant effect on the environment, because all potentially significant effects (a) have been analyzed adequately in an earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION pursuant to applicable standards, and (b) have been avoided or mitigated pursuant to that earlier EIR or NEGATIVE DECLARATION, including revisions or mitigation measures that are imposed upon the proposed project, nothing further is required.

Signature / Don Kohler Printed Name

 $\Box$ 

September 21, 2005

Date Kern County Planning Department For

#### **Evaluation of Environmental Impacts:**

- (1) A brief explanation is required for all answers except "No Impact" answers that are adequately supported by the information sources a lead agency cites in the parentheses following each question. A "No Impact" answer is adequately supported if the referenced information sources show that the impact simply does not apply to projects like the one involved (e.g., the project falls outside a fault rupture zone). A No Impact answer should be explained where it is based on project-specific factors as well as general standards (e.g., the project will not expose sensitive receptors to pollutants, based on a project-specific screening analysis).
- (2) All answers must take account of the whole action involved, including off-site as well as on-site, cumulative as well as project-level, indirect as well as direct, and construction as well as operational impacts.
- (3) Once the lead agency has determined that a particular physical impact may occur, then the checklist answers must indicate whether the impact is potentially significant, less than significant with mitigation, or less than significant. "Potentially Significant Impact" is appropriate if there is substantial evidence that an effect may be significant. If there are one or more "Potentially Significant Impact" entries when the determination is made, an EIR is required.
- (4) "Negative Declaration: Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporated" applies where the incorporation of mitigation measures has reduced an effect from "Potentially Significant Impact" to a "Less Than Significant Impact." The lead agency must describe the mitigation measure and briefly explain how they reduce the effect to a less than significant level (mitigation measures from Section XVII, "Earlier Analyses", may be cross-referenced).
- (5) Earlier analyses may be used where, pursuant to the tiering, program EIR, or other CEQA process, an effect has been adequately analyzed in an earlier EIR or Negative Declaration, Section 15063(c)(3)(D). In this case, a brief discussion should identify the following:
  - (a) Earlier Analysis Used. Identify and state where they are available for review.
  - (b) Impacts Adequately Addressed. Identify which effects from the above checklist where within the scope of and adequately analyzed in an earlier document pursuant to applicable legal standards, and state whether such effects were addressed by mitigation measures based on the earlier analysis.
  - (c) Mitigation Measures. For effects that are "Less Than Significant With Mitigation Measures Incorporated", describe the mitigation measures which were incorporated or refined from the earlier document and the extent to which they address site-specific conditions for the project.
- (6) Lead agencies are encouraged to incorporate into the checklist references to information sources for potential impacts (e.g., general plans, zoning ordinances). Reference to a previously prepared or outside document should, where appropriate, include a reference to the page or pages where the statement is substantiated.
- (7) Supporting Information Sources: A source list should be attached, and other sources used or individuals contacted should be cited in the discussion.
- (8) This is only a suggested form, and lead agencies are free to use different formats; however, lead agencies should normally address the questions from this checklist that are relevant to a project's environmental effects in whatever format is selected.
- (9) The explanation of each issue should identify:
  - (a) The significance criteria or threshold, if any, used to evaluate each question.
  - (b) The mitigation measure identified, if any, to reduce the impact to less than significance.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
I.		THETICS. Would the project:			·	
	(a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				
	(b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, but not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?				$\boxtimes$
	(c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings				
	(d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare which would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?			$\boxtimes$	

(a) The Project is located within a basin in the west end of the Antelope Valley. The valley is bounded by the Tehachapi Mountains to the northwest and the San Gabriel Mountains to the southwest. As defined by the Kern County General Plan and Willow Springs Specific Plan, the recharge and recovery facilities would not be within a scenic vista. The Phase 2 underground delivery pipeline running through Los Angeles County parallel to the LAA #2 is not in a designated scenic vista. Therefore, the Project would not affect a scenic vista.

(b) The Project is not located near any designated scenic highways or near any highways that are currently eligible for such designation. No historical buildings, trees, or rock outcroppings would be affected as a result of the Project; therefore, there would be no impacts to scenic resources within a state scenic highway.

(c) The Project land cover types consist of active agricultural, grazing, and undeveloped land in a relatively flat and rural setting. Recharge basins would occupy 1,200–1,500 acres. The recharge basins would be constructed by creating berms and depressions in the land. Additional facilities would include subgrade piping, low earthen berms, and wells. The recharge basins would alter the visual character to some extent, and construction would temporarily degrade the visual character; however, current farming practices would remain in the area of recharge basins 8–10 months of the year, and much of the Project includes the belowground features. Therefore, there would be no significant change in the aesthetic character of the area as a result of the Project. This impact would be less than significant.

(d) The recharge basins within the recharge and recovery facilities may introduce a new source of glare to the Project area. When in use for recharge (2-4 months of the year), the basins would resemble flooded farm fields. At other times (8-10 months of the year), the basins are likely to have crops in production on the surface of the basin. These proposed conditions would be similar to current conditions. This impact would be less than significant.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impac
II.	deter resor lead Agri Mod Depa to us	RICULTURE RESOURCES. In rmining whether impacts to agricultural urces are significant environmental effects, agencies may refer to the California cultural Land Evaluation and Site Assessment lel (1997) prepared by the California artment of Conservation as an optional model se in assessing impacts on agriculture and land. Would the project:		· · ·		
	(a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farmland of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on the maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping and Monitoring Program of the California Resources Agency, to nonagricultural use?				· 🔲
	(b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use or a Williamson Act Contract?				$\boxtimes$
	(c)	Involve other changes in the existing environment which, due to their location or nature, could result in conversion of Farmland to nonagricultural use?				
	(d)	Result in the cancellation of an open space contract made pursuant to the California Land Conservation Act of 1965 or Farmland Security Zone Contract for any parcel of 100 or more acres (Section 15206(b)(3) Public Resources Code)?				

- (a) The proposed Project would have short-term impacts on lands identified as Prime Farmland because the proposed water banking project would temporarily (2–4 months of the year) convert Prime Farmland to a nonagricultural (i.e., a noncultivation) land use during active recharge operations. However, because the Proponent would continue to lease the recharge basins for organic farming during nonrecharge periods (approximately 8–10 months of the year), the Project would not result in a permanent conversion of any Prime, Unique, or Statewide Important Farmland. The Project's impacts related to the conversion of Prime, Unique, or Statewide Important Farmland will be discussed in the EIR.
- (b) As described above, although these parcels are not currently designated in the WSSP for agricultural uses, all of the parcels have been farmed since at least the 1960s. The proposed parcels for the recharge basins are currently zoned Exclusive Agriculture (A), and WDS shall constrain development of the recovery wells to parcels that are zoned Exclusive Agriculture (A) as well. Currently, only two

in.

of the properties proposed as locations for recharge basin are enrolled in an existing Williamson Act contract. As part of the Project, the Proponent would enroll all of the parcels proposed for recharge basins into new Williamson Act contracts. Further, because water banking is considered to be a compatible land use in the Exclusive Agriculture zoning districts and the Proponent would continue to lease portions of the site for agricultural purposes during nonrecharge periods, the Project would not result in a significant conflict with the current agricultural uses of the site, nor would the Project conflict with an existing Williamson Act contract. There would be no impact.

(c) The Project would result in minor changes in current agriculture practices at the site by limiting production to approximately 8–10 months of the year. Although the Project area is located in an area planned for industrial development under the WSSP, the site itself and much of the land surrounding the site has historically, and is currently, used for agricultural purposes. Because one of the Project's objectives is to increase water supply reliability for municipal and industrial users, there is a potential for the Project to accommodate conversion of farmland elsewhere. This impact is potentially significant.

(d) The Project does not propose to cancel contracts made pursuant to the California Land Conservation Act or Farmland Security Zone Contract. Existing contracts would continue, even though farming practices would be modified. There would be no impact.

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			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impac
<b>II.</b>	sign air q distr	<b>QUALITY.</b> Where available, the ificance criteria established by the applicable uality management or air pollution control ict may be relied upon to make the following minations. Would the project:		····.		
	(a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applicable air quality plan?	$\boxtimes$			
	(b)	Violate any air quality standard as adopted in (c)i, (c)ii, or as established by EPA or air district or contribute substantially to an existing or projected air quality violation?	$\boxtimes$			
	(c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of any criteria pollutant for which the project region is nonattainment under an applicable federal or state ambient air quality standard (including releasing emissions which exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)? Specifically, would implementation of the project exceed any of the following adopted thresholds:				
		i. San Joaquin Valley Unified Air Pollution Control District:				
		Operational and Area Sources Reactive Organic Gases (ROG) 10 tons per year.				$\boxtimes$
		Oxides of Nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> )				$\boxtimes$
		10 tons per year. Particulate Matter (PM <sub>10</sub> ) 10 tons per year.				$\boxtimes$
		Stationary Sources - as determined by District Rules	_			5-7
		Severe Nonattainment 25 tons per year.			L]	$\boxtimes$
		Extreme Nonattainment 10 tons per year.				$\boxtimes$
		ii. Kern County Air Pollution Control District.				

		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
	Operational and Area Sources	·			
	Reactive Organic Gases (ROG) 25 tons per year.	$\boxtimes$			
	Oxides of nitrogen (NO <sub>x</sub> ) 25 tons per year.	$\boxtimes$			
	Particulate Matter (PM <sub>10</sub> ) 15 tons per year.				
	Stationary Sources - determined by District Rules				
	25 tons per year.	$\boxtimes$			
(d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?	$\boxtimes$			
(e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				

- (a) The Project's recharge and recovery facilities are within the KCAPCD's boundaries. The new delivery pipeline would be within the AVAQMD's boundaries. Construction of the Project would result in temporary increased emissions in the Project area. Construction would involve excavation for the recharge basins and installation of pipelines, new wells, and lift stations. During construction of the recharge and recovery facilities, criteria air pollutant emissions may exceed adopted thresholds, which could affect attainment of adopted regional air quality goals. This impact is potentially significant.
- (b-c) The Project would result in short-term construction-related air pollutant emissions, particularly dust (PM10), reactive organic gases (ROG), nitrogen oxides (NOx), and carbon monoxide (CO). These emissions could temporarily exceed adopted standards. In addition, the Project could periodically result in extra pumping above what is currently occurring. This additional pumping could increase air pollutant emissions above the adopted KCAPCD or AVAQMD thresholds, which would be a potentially significant impact.
- (d) Residential areas, hospitals, daycare centers, schools and other land uses where people may congregate are considered sensitive receptors. The recharge and recovery facilities are surrounded by agricultural and grazing land cover types, and the nearest residential area is the community of Rosamond, approximately 10 miles east of the Project area. The land uses on the delivery pipeline alignment are generally agriculture or undeveloped. Impacts to the scattered residences will be assessed in the EIR.
- (e) The Project is not expected to create objectionable odors. There would be no impact.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
V.	BIO proje	LOGICAL RESOURCES. Would the ect:	<b>.</b>			
	(a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identified as a candidate, sensitive, or special status species in local or regional plans. policies, or regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
	(b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identified in local or regional plans, policies, regulations, or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service?				
	(c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protected wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Water Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrological interruption, or other means?				
	(d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife species, or with established native resident or migratory wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?				
	(e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?				
	(f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Community Conservation Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?				

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 (a) Wildlife species, such as burrowing owl Swainson's hawk, Le Conte's Thrasher, mountain plover, American badger, and coast horned lizard have been documented within 3 miles of areas proposed for construction. The Project could have an adverse effect on such sensitive wildlife and plant species. Surveys would be conducted to determine potential effects on biological resources. This impact is potentially significant.

(b) Most of the Project is within agriculture or undeveloped lands. No naturally occurring assemblage of plant species representing a natural vegetation/habitat type occurs in the area proposed for the recharge and recovery facilities. Habitat surveys will be conducted along the proposed alignment of the Phase 2 delivery pipeline. This impact is potentially significant.

- (c) No wetlands or other waters of the United States have been observed in the area proposed for the recharge and recovery facilities. Habitat surveys will be conducted along the proposed alignment of the Phase 2 delivery pipeline. This impact is potentially significant.
- (d) The agricultural fields in the Project area may provide suitable foraging habitat for migratory birds. Impacts related to migratory birds will be evaluated in the EIR.
- (e) The proposed Project pipeline may traverse a Significant Ecological Area (SEA) designated by Los Angeles County. Development or construction that occurs within an SEA should be designed in a manner that is consistent with overall intent of the SEA program and balances conservation of important natural resources with the Project. This impact is potentially significant.
- (f) The Project area lies in the California Desert Conservation Area (CDCA); however, there are no proximate BLM lands. The U.S. Bureau of Land Management developed a management plan for the CDCA in 1980, and Kern County, in conjunction with other counties and cities, is processing the West Mojave Plan, a Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP). The HCP has not been adopted yet. The EIR will identify potential conflicts between the Project, the CDCA management plan and the proposed HCP.

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			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
V.	CUI	LTURAL RESOURCES. Would the project:				
	(a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of a historical resource as defined in Section 15064.5?				
	(b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significance of an archaeological resource pursuant to Section 15064.5?	$\boxtimes$			
	(c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?	$\boxtimes$			
	(d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				

- (a) Although most of the Project area is actively farmed and the soil has been disturbed, the potential exists for buried historical resources to be disturbed or destroyed during construction. A records search and surveys will be conducted to determine the potential to affect cultural resources. The results will be discussed in the EIR. This impact is potentially significant.
- (b-d) The Project area may contain previously undiscovered archaeological, paleontological, or geological resources below the ground surface. These resources cannot be discovered by a surface survey but may be discovered during Project construction. This impact is potentially significant.

		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impac
VI.	GEO (a)	<b>OLOGY AND SOILS.</b> Would the project: Expose people or structures to potential substantial adverse effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or death involving:				
		i. Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist- Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on other substantial evidence of a known fault? Refer to Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.				
		ii. Strong seismic groundshaking?	$\boxtimes$			
		iii. Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?	$\boxtimes$			
		iv. Landslides?				$\boxtimes$
	(b)	Result in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?	$\boxtimes$			
	(c)	Be located on a geologic unit or soil that is unstable, or that would become unstable as a result of the project, and potentially result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral spreading, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?				
	(d)	Be located on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1-B of the Uniform Building Code (1994), creating substantial risks to life or property?				
	(e)	Have soils incapable of adequately supporting the use of septic tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems where sewers are not available for the disposal of wastewater?				

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- (ai- aii) The Project is not located in a Fault Zone Area, as determined by the California Geological Survey. However, the recharge and recovery facilities are located in the Neenach Subbasin. Three fault zones define the Neenach Subbasin: the Neenach fault to the south, the Willow Springs fault to the west, and the Randsburg-Mojave fault to the northwest. Seismicity in the Antelope Valley may have potentially significant impacts on the proposed pipelines in the Project area. This potentially significant impact will be evaluated in the EIR.
- (aiii) Soils susceptible to liquefaction occur in the Project area. The near-surface soils in the Project area are sands, silty sands, silty gravels, and poorly graded gravels. The deeper deposits (Older Quaternary Alluvium) are poorly sorted sand with some gravel, silt, and clay and extend to depths of 1,600–1,900 feet bgs. This potentially significant impact will be evaluated in the EIR. Specific impacts related to liquefaction will be analyzed in the EIR.
- (aiv) The Project area is located on relatively flat topography; therefore, a landslide from seismic activity is not likely to occur. No impacts would occur from landslides.
- (b) The grading and soil stockpiling activities in the Project area may cause a temporary increase in wind and water erosion rates. This potentially significant impact will be evaluated in the EIR.

- (d) The Project area is not located in an area that has been identified as having a high potential for soil expansion. There would be no impact.
- (e) The Project does not propose the construction of new septic tanks or alternative waste disposal systems. Continued use of existing septic tanks will be assessed in the EIR.

<sup>(</sup>c) See aiii, above.

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			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impac
VII.		<b>LARDS AND HAZARDOUS</b> <b>TERIALS.</b> Would the project:		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
	(a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				
	(b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset and accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				
	(c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste within 1/4 mile of an existing or proposed school?				
	(d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?				
	(e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
	(f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?				
	(g)	Impair implementation of, or physically interfere with, an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?				
	(h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands				$\boxtimes$

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		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
	are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?	<u> </u>			
(i)	Would implementation of the project generate vectors (flies, mosquitoes, rodents, etc.) or have a component that includes agricultural waste? Specifically, would the project exceed the following qualitative threshold:				
	i. Occur as immature stages and adults i numbers considerably in excess of those found in the surrounding environment; and	n 🖾			
	ii. Are associated with design, layout, an management of project operations; an				
	iii. Disseminate widely from the property and	; 🛛			
	iv. Cause detrimental effects on the publi health or well being of the majority of the surrounding population.				

- (a) Hazardous materials, such as diesel fuel and propane, would be used and transported during construction and operation of the Project and could present a significant hazard to the public or environment. This impact is potentially significant.
- (b) The use of oil, hydraulic fluid, diesel fuel, gasoline, and other liquid hazardous materials would be used during construction of the Project and could pose a risk to the environment and human health through reasonably foreseeable upset and accidental release or spill conditions. This impact is potentially significant.
- (c) The Project is not located within <sup>1</sup>/<sub>4</sub> mile of an existing or proposed school. There would be no impact.
- (d) The Project is not located on a site that is included on a list of hazardous materials sites pursuant to Government Section 65962.5. There would be no impact.
- (e) The Project's recharge and recovery facilities are approximately 15 miles west of Edward's Air Force Base and within an airspace corridor for flight operations and within 1 mile of a private airstrip. During months of recharge, the recharge basins may attract birds and, thereby, increase the potential for bird/aircraft strike hazard (BASH). This impact is potentially significant.

- (f) The nearest private airport, Skyotee Ranch Airport, is less than 1 mile northeast of the Project area. The Project may have a potentially significant impact on safety for people using and working at the airport.
- (g) The Project would not block or close down roads or impair implementation of any emergency response or evacuation plans. No impacts would occur.
- (h) Farmland and undeveloped and grazing land that do not contain substantial flammable brush surround the site. There would be no impact.
- (i) The Project recharge basins may support mosquitoes. All species of mosquitoes require standing water to complete their growth cycle; therefore, any standing body of water represents a potential mosquito-breeding habitat. This potentially significant impact will be evaluated in the EIR.

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			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
VIII.		DROLOGY AND WATER ALITY. Would the project:		· .		·
	(a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharge requirements?				
	(b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfere substantially with groundwater recharge such that there would be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering of the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a level which would not support existing land uses or planned uses for which permits have been granted)?				
	(c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, in a manner which would result in substantial erosion or siltation on site or off site?				
	(d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the course of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate or amount of surface runoff in a manner which would result in flooding on site or off site?				
	(e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed the capacity of existing or planned stormwater drainage systems or provide substantial additional sources of polluted runoff?				
	(f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				

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		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
(g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?				
(h)	Place within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?	$\boxtimes$			
(i)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury, or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?				
(j)	Inundation by seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?				$\boxtimes$

- (a) Construction of the recharge basins and installation of recovery wells and pipelines would require grading and excavation. Construction has the potential to expose bare soils during the winter rainfall period and to generate stormwater runoff. Stormwater runoff may cause soil erosion of disturbed sites and transport other construction-related contaminants to nearby receiving waters, thereby impairing water quality and aquatic organisms and their habitats. Increasing water levels may also increase the susceptibility of neighboring wells to contamination from land surface activities, such as waste disposal or agricultural drainage by reducing the effective depth of unsaturated soils, where most contaminant attenuation occurs. Potentially significant impacts on water quality will be evaluated in the EIR.
- (b) The Project proposes to recharge imported surface water in the depleted aquifer. Ten percent of the stored water would be left behind (never recovered by the Project), thereby reducing the rate of aquifer overdraft. An oversight committee would ensure that localized and temporary changes in the groundwater levels that may be attributable to the Project would not adversely affect existing or planned land uses. This impact would be less than significant.
- (c) The Project area is fairly level and not adjacent to any streams or rivers. Ground-disturbing activities that would occur during the construction of the Project could result in minor, temporary alterations to local drainage patterns. During construction, the removal of crops and excavation may temporarily alter erosion; however; the completed Project will maintain the existing drainage pattern of the area. Also, because the Project area is relatively flat, erosion and siltation caused by construction would be minimal. Siltation on site has the potential to occur, depending on the total suspended sediments (TSS) in the source water coming into the recharge basin. The California Aqueduct may have substantial TSS at certain times of the year. This impact is potentially significant.
- (d) The Project area is fairly level and not adjacent to any streams or rivers. Ground-disturbing activities that would occur during the construction of the Project could result in minor, temporary alterations to

local drainage patterns. However, these alterations would be minor and would not affect on- or off-site flooding. There would be no impact

- (e) Ground-disturbing activities that would occur during construction of the Project could result in minor, temporary alterations to local drainage patterns but would not substantially increase the amount of impervious surface area in the Project area. No additional sources of runoff would be created. There would be no impact.
- (f) The Project proposes to import water from the SWP (California Aqueduct). Potentially significant impacts to groundwater quality associated with the recharge of imported surface water will be analyzed in the EIR.
- (g) The Project does not propose residential housing. There would be no impact.
- (h) Portions of the Project are located in a 100-year flood hazard area. This potentially significant impact will be evaluated in the EIR.
- (i) The recharge basins may pose a potential public hazard, with the risk of berm failure causing flooding. These basins would be excavated, and some spoils would be used to form low berms to achieve an effective depth of approximately up to 3-5 feet to prevent wind-induced waves from overtopping the berms. Berm heights would vary, depending on topography, but would not exceed 5 feet. The methods used to construct the berms are designed to minimize the potential for berm failure. Therefore, this impact is less than significant. This impact will be described in the EIR.
- (j) The Project area is not located near any significantly sized enclosed body of water or coastal area and is, therefore, not susceptible to a seiche or tsunami. The site is not located at the foot of any significant topographical feature subject to a mudflow. There would be no impact.

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		· · ·	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
IX.	LAN proje	<b>D USE AND PLANNING.</b> Would the ct:				
	(a)	Physically divide an established community?				$\boxtimes$
	(b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the project (including, but not limited to, the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or mitigating an environmental effect?				
	(c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan or natural community conservation plan?	$\boxtimes$			

- (a) The recharge and recovery facilities and potential delivery pipeline are located in a rural area, surrounded by agricultural lands and rural homesteads in unincorporated areas of Kern County and Los Angeles County. The Project would not physically divide an established community near or in the Project area. Project construction and operation would not restrict movement through or around the area because the Project does not include construction of new roads, bridges, or other common physical barriers to movement through the area. The pipelines that would be constructed would be below ground and would not restrict movement across their alignment. The Project would not result in the division of an established community. There would be no impact.
- (b) The recharge and recovery facilities are proposed for areas that are subject to the WSSP (Kern County Department of Planning and Development Services 1992), a Specific Plan document to be an amplification of the goals and policies of the Kern County General Plan. One of the stated goals of the WSSP is to foster the development of industrial parks, though such development has not occurred at or near the recharge and recovery facilities. Of the 10 parcels planned for recharge basin construction, four are designated for Intensive Agricultural Uses. The other six parcels (approximately 988 acres) have the current land use designations of Resource Management, Residential, and Light Industrial. The Kern County Zoning Ordinance indicates a zoning designation for the entire recharge and recovery facilities area of A, Exclusive Agriculture (Kern County Department of Planning and Development Services 1969). The Project would not be consistent with the existing Specific Plan designations but would be consistent with the zoning designation for the area and current uses of the area. As part of this Project, the applicant is requesting a Specific Plan amendment to change the Specific Plan land use designations to Intensive Agriculture. The six parcels requested for redesignation are currently under cultivation or fallow. The Specific Plan amendment would be consistent with the current land use of the parcels, making this impact less than significant. Further, because the industrial land use designations were intended to promote economic growth and not to mitigate an environmental factor, the impact of amending the Specific Plan is considered less than significant. The impacts of the Specific Plan amendment and potential conflicts with County code and policies will be discussed in the EIR.

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(c) The Project area lies in the CDCA. The U.S. Bureau of Land Management developed a management plan for the CDCA in 1980 and has drafted a habitat conservation plan (HCP) for the Western Mojave Desert, including Antelope Valley. The HCP has not yet been adopted. The EIR will identify potential conflicts between the Project and the CDCA management plan.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
X.	MIN proje	ERAL RESOURCES. Would the ct:				
	(a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				
	(b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan?				

- (a) The recharge and recovery site is located in the Neenach Subbasin. The near-surface soils are sands, silty sands, silty gravels, and poorly graded gravels. It is unlikely that the Project area would contain sand and gravel that would be adequate for construction purposes. However, there is the potential for the existence of subgrade material that could be suitable for infill purposes. This impact is potentially significant.
- (b) The Project area is not designated as an important mineral resource recovery site in local plans. There would be no impact.

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			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impa
XI.	NO	SE. Would the project:				
	(a)	Exposure of persons to, or generation of, noise levels in excess of standards established in the local general plan or noise ordinance or applicable standards of other agencies?				
	(b)	Exposure of persons to, or generation of, excessive ground borne vibration or ground borne noise levels?				
	(c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?	$\boxtimes$			
	(d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambient noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				
	(e)	For a project located within the Kern County Airport Land Use Compatibility Plan, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?			. 🛛	
	(f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				

- (a) Potential sources of noise associated with the Project include grading and construction activities associated with construction of the maintenance building, pipelines, and recharge basins; drilling of the wells; operation of the well pumps; and operation of the engines at the lift stations. This impact is potentially significant.
- (b) The Project would not be expected to result in exposure of persons to or generation of excessive ground-borne vibration or ground-borne noise levels. Sources of ground-borne noise, such as pile driving, are not proposed as part of the Project. Standard construction activities, such as grading, excavation, and site preparation, are not expected to generate significant vibration or ground-borne noise. This impact is less than significant.

- (c) Noise levels in the Project area and along transportation routes to the Project area may increase as a result of the Project. This impact is potentially significant.
- (d) Temporary noise impacts could occur from construction of the Project as a result of the use of construction equipment. This impact is potentially significant.
- (e, f) The Project would not result in new residences or other sensitive receptors that could be exposed to airport noise. These impacts would be less than significant.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impac
XII.	POI	PULATION AND HOUSING. Would the project:				·
,	(a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, either directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extension of roads or other infrastructure)?				
	(b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				
	(c)	Displace substantial numbers of people, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?				$\boxtimes$

(a) The Project could indirectly induce growth because of increased water supply reliability. This impact is potentially significant.

(b) The Project does not propose the displacement of any existing housing. There would be no impact.

(c) The Project would not result in the displacement of any persons. There would be no impact.

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XIII.	PUE	<b>BLIC SERVICES.</b> Would the project:				
	(a)	Would the project result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with the provision of new or physically altered governmental facilities, need for new or physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain acceptable service ratios, response times, or to other performance objectives for any of the public services:				
		Fire Protection?				$\boxtimes$
		Police Protection?				$\bowtie$
		Schools?				$\boxtimes$
		Parks?				$\boxtimes$
		Other Public Facilities?				$\boxtimes$

(a) The Project would not result in substantial adverse physical impacts associated with any of the listed public services. There would be no impact.

			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
XIV.	REC	CREATION. Would the project:	· · · · ·			
	(a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreational facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				
	(b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				

(a) The Project would not directly increase population or demand for recreational facilities. This impact would be less than significant.

(b) The Project does not include recreational facilities or require the construction or expansion of recreational facilities. There would be no impact.

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			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less- than- Significant Impact	No Impact
XV.		ANSPORTATION AND TRAFFIC.				
	(a)	Cause an increase in traffic which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume to capacity ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?				
	(b)	Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a Level of Service standard established by the county congestion management agency or adopted County threshold for designated roads or highways? Specifically, would implementation of the project cause the Level of Service (LOS) for roadways and/or intersections to decline below the following thresholds or further degrade already degraded segment(s):				
		i. Metropolitan Bakersfield General Plan LOS "C"				$\boxtimes$
		ii. Kern County General Plan LOS "D"	$\boxtimes$			
	(c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including either an increase in traffic levels or a change in location that results in substantial safety risks?				
	(d)	Substantially increase hazards due to a design feature (e.g., sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompatible uses (e.g., farm equipment)?				

		Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less- than- Significant Impact	No Impact
(e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				$\boxtimes$
(f)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?				$\boxtimes$
(g)	Conflict with adopted policies, plans, or programs supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?				$\boxtimes$

(a-b) The Project would not result in any substantial long-term increase in traffic. However, constructionrelated activities would result in greater-than-normal truck traffic along local roadways. This impact is potentially significant.

(c) The Project does not propose any changes in air traffic patterns. There would be no impact.

- (d) The Project does not have any design features or incompatible uses that would result in hazardous traffic conditions. There would be no impact.
- (e) The Project would not introduce residents or reasons to provide increased emergency access. There would be no impact.
- (f) The Project would require parking for approximately six employees. Existing parking areas are adequate. There would be no impact.
- (g) The Project is neither a residential nor employment-generating land use, and there is no need for alternative transportation facilities. There would be no impact.

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			Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
XVI.		LITIES AND SERVICE SYSTEMS. Ild the project:				
	(a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				
	(b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
·	(c)	Require or result in the construction of new stormwater drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				
	(d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?				
	(e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
	(f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacity to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?				
	(g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				

- (a) The Project does not include or require wastewater treatment facilities. There would be no impact.
- (b) The Project consists of a new water storage facility. This impact is potentially significant.
- (c) The Project does not propose to expand or require new stormwater facilities. There would be no impact.
- (d) The Project would be served through existing entitlements to water and would not require any additional entitlements to be granted by the state. There would be no impact.
- (e) The Project would not create additional wastewater demand. There would be no impact.
- (f-g) The Project would comply with federal, state, and local solid waste standards and would generate a relatively small volume of solid waste but would not affect a landfill. This impact would be less than significant.

XVII.		NDATORY FINDINGS OF NIFICANCE. Would the project:	Potentially Significant Impact	Potentially Significant Unless Mitigation Incorporated	Less-than- Significant Impact	No Impact
	(a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the quality of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of a fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife population to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to eliminate a plant or animal community, substantially reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or animal, or eliminate important examples of the major periods of California history or prehistory?				
	(b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulatively considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are significant when viewed in connection with the effects of past projects, the effects of other current projects, and the effects of probable future projects.)				
	(c)	Does the project have environmental effects which will cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				

- (a) The Project could result in significant impacts to the environment. Specific impacts will be identified in the EIR.
- (b) The Project has the potential to contribute to cumulative impacts associated with water quality and supply, air quality, noise, and traffic. These impacts will be evaluated in the EIR to determine whether the effects are cumulatively considerable.
- (c) The Project could potentially result in environmental effects that have adverse impacts on human beings, either directly or indirectly. Potentially significant impacts associated with air and water quality and hazards could affect human populations. These impacts will be addressed in the EIR.

# Chapter 3 References Cited

- California Department of Conservation, Division of Land Resource Protection. 1999. Kern County Interim-Important Farmland 1998. Sacramento, CA.
- Kern County Planning Department. 1970. Kern County Zoning Map # 232. Amended 2004. Available: <a href="http://www.co.kern.ca.us/ess/zmapindx.asp">http://www.co.kern.ca.us/ess/zmapindx.asp</a>. Bakersfield, CA.
- Kern County Planning Department. 1970. Kern County Zoning Map # 233. Amended 1992. Available: <a href="http://www.co.kern.ca.us/ess/zmapindx.asp">http://www.co.kern.ca.us/ess/zmapindx.asp</a>. Bakersfield, CA.
- Kern County Planning Department. 1992. Willow Springs Specific Plan. Bakersfield, CA.

## <u>AGENDA</u>

### KERN COUNTY PLANNING DEPARTMENT Scoping Meeting Kern County Public Services Building 2700 "M" Street, Conference Room 1B, Bakersfield, California October 4, 2005 – 1:30 p.m.

Pursuant to revised Section 21083.9 of the Public Resources Code, California Environmental Quality Act, effective January 1, 2002, this scoping meeting is being held to receive agency comments on the preparation of Environmental Impact Reports (EIR) on certain projects. The process of determining the scope, focus and content of the EIR is known as "scoping." Scoping helps to identify the range of actions, alternatives, environmental effects, methods of assessment, and mitigation measures to be analyzed in depth, and eliminate from detailed study those issues that are not important to the decision at hand. This is not a public hearing, however the public may be present and offer comments. If you attend as a member of the public to address an item on the agenda, please let the chairperson know, when discussion begins on that item. Each project will be presented by staff followed by an opportunity for comments for the record.

A. INTRODUCTION: Staff, format of meeting

**B. NEW CASES:** 

Antelope Valley Water Bank Project EIR – Notice of Preparation Specific Plan Amendment No. 13, Map 232, Specific Plan Amendment No 2, Map 233; Agricultural Preserve No. 24 - Inclusion (Willow Springs Specific Plan) Antelope Valley Water Bank by WDS (wo # PP05283)

#### C. ADJOURNMENT:

### AMERICANS WITH DISABILITIES ACT (Government Code Section 54953.2)

Disabled individuals who need special assistance to attend or participate in the scoping meeting may request assistance at the Kern County Planning Department or by calling Patricia White at (661) 862-8637. Every effort will be made to reasonably accommodate individuals with disabilities by making meeting materials available in alternative formats. Requests for assistance should be made five (5) working days in advance whenever possible.

Posted: September 30, 2005 DBK

### SUMMARY OF PROCEEDINGS

#### KERN COUNTY AGENCY SCOPING MEETING

Kern County Planning Department 2700 "M" Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, California

**Conference Room** 

#### Date <u>October 4, 2005</u>

#### ATTENDENCE: Lorelei Oviatt, Senior Planner Don Kohler, Planner 1

The hearing convened at 1:30 p.m.

Ms. Oviatt explained the purpose of the scoping meeting, the legislation that requires it and the format of the meeting. She pointed out the agendas and sign in sheet at the back of the room. She introduced staff and noted that staff would present each item and ask for comments.

#### 1. Antelope Valley Water Bank Project EIR – Notice of Preparation

Specific Plan Amendment No. 13, Map 232, Specific Plan Amendment No 2, Map 233; Agricultural Preserve No. 24 - Inclusion (Willow Springs Specific Plan) Antelope Valley Water Bank by WDS (wo # PP05283)

Ms. Oviatt read the project name, location and description from the Notice of Preparation. She further explained that water banks are a by right use in the A zone, requiring no discretionary action by the county. However, an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) is required for the infrastructure, therefore the EIR will look at the whole of the project. Ms. Sherry Delano of the Rosamond Community Services District offered the following comments and asked the following questions:

- What is an Ag Preserve and how many acres of land would be included under a Williamson Act contract. Ms. Oviatt explained that an Ag Preserve is an administrative function that allows the county to administrate the Williamson Act Program. All property that is under contract falls within an Ag Preserve. 640 acres of land will be under contract for this project.
- Make clear what the 90% withdrawal rate encompasses. Does it take into account the water that evaporates?
- Will there be controls on the amount of water withdrawn when the property is farmed?
- Stated that she feels water banking is a good thing for the Antelope Valley.

Alvin Bautista representing LADWP said they would be providing written comments by October 20<sup>th</sup>. He then asked for further clarification on the zoning issues involved with the project and when a Draft of the EIR would be available. Ms. Oviatt explained that

Scoping Meeting — Summary of Proceedings October 4, 2005 the zoning required changing to allow for the infrastructure to be constructed for the water bank, and if all of the property were zoned A, that the project would not have required any action by the county. She also stated that Kern County has a water export ordinance that prohibits export of water out of the county. However, the ordinance specifically excludes water banks from this prohibition. Ms. Oviatt said a DEIR should be available prior to December 31, 2005. She further stated that the FEIR should go before the Board of Supervisors sometime in May.

Ms. Sherry Delano of the Rosamond Community Services District asked if any discretionary actions are required after approval of the SPA. Ms. Oviatt stated that once the Board approves the SPA, no other discretionary approvals would be required. Ms. Delano also asked when the Monitoring Committee would become active. Ms. Oviatt stated that the committee needs to be enforceable and that most likely the format and timing of the committee would become a mitigation measure. Mr. Andrew Werner of Western Development and Storage asked if he could further explain why the committee was being proposed. He stated that modeling of the entire water basin would be very complicated and that the committee was proposed to ensure that surrounding interests were able to participate in the operation of the water bank.

Ms. Oviatt stated that the impacts to the entire basin, including Los Angeles County would be included in the EIR. She also said that growth-inducing concerns would be addressed. There will also be questions that cannot be answered, however they will still be discussed in the EIR.

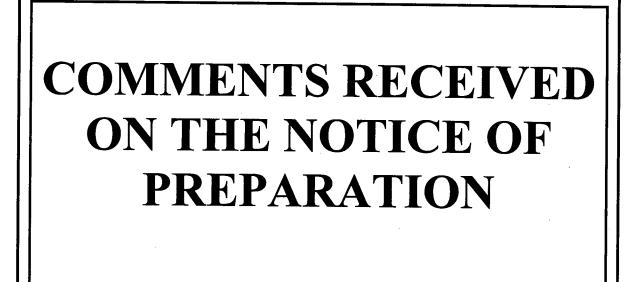
No other comments were received on the project.

Ms. Oviatt adjourned the meeting at 1:55 p.m.

Lorelei Oviatt, Supervising Planner

DBK

Scoping Meeting — Summary of Proceedings October 4, 2005





STATE OF CALIFORNIA Governor's Office of Planning and Research State Clearinghouse and Planning Unit



Sean Walsh Director

Arnold Schwarzenegger Governor

**Notice of Preparation** 

September 20, 2005

To: Reviewing Agencies

Re: Antelope Valley Water Bank Project by Western Development and Storage SCH# 2005091117

Attached for your review and comment is the Notice of Preparation (NOP) for the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project by Western Development and Storage draft Environmental Impact Report (EIR).

Responsible agencies must transmit their comments on the scope and content of the NOP, focusing on specific information related to their own statutory responsibility, <u>within 30 days of receipt of the NOP from the Lead Agency</u>. This is a courtesy notice provided by the State Clearinghouse with a reminder for you to comment in a timely manner. We encourage other agencies to also respond to this notice and express their concerns early in the environmental review process.

Please direct your comments to:

Don Kohler Kern County Planning Department 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301

with a copy to the State Clearinghouse in the Office of Planning and Research. Please refer to the SCH number noted above in all correspondence concerning this project.

If you have any questions about the environmental document review process, please call the State Clearinghouse at (916) 445-0613.

Sincerely,

odrigues for:

Scott Morgan Senior Planner, State Clearinghouse

Attachments cc: Lead Agency

> 1400 TENTH STREET P.O. BOX 3044 SACRAMENTO, CALIFORNIA 95812-3044 TEL (916) 445-0613 FAX (916) 323-3018 www.opr.ca.gov

### Document Details Report State Clearinghouse Data Base

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SCH# Project Title Lead Agency	2005091117 Antelope Valley Water Bank Project by Western Development and Storage Kern County Planning Department				
Туре	NOP Notice of Preparation				
Description	The applicant, Western Development and Storage, LLC (WDS) is proposing to construct the Antelope Valley Water Bank project. The purpose of the project is to develop a facility to recharge and store imported surface water beneath properties in the west end of the Antelope Valley, California.				
Lead Agenc	cy Contact				
Name Agency Phone	Don Kohler Kern County Planning Department (661) 862-8787 <b>Fax</b>				
email Address City	2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield State CA Zip 93301				
Project Loc	ation				
County City Region	Kern				
Cross Streets Parcel No. Township	Avenue "A" and 170th Street West 359-04-01,11,12,17,18 9N <b>Range</b> 15-14W <b>Section</b> 25/30, <b>Base</b> SBB&M				
Proximity to Highways Airports Railways Waterways Schools	):				
Land Use	Agricultural & Vacant Land/ A (Exclusive AG); E (Estate) & FPS (Flood Plain Secondary) 8-5 (Resource Mgmt); 7-1 (Light Industrial); 5-3 (Residential);4.4 (comprehensive plan area); 2.85 (Military Flight ops) 2-6 (Flood Hazard)				
Project Issues	Aesthetic/Visual; Agricultural Land; Air Quality; Archaeologic-Historic; Drainage/Absorption; Flood Plain/Flooding; Geologic/Seismic; Noise; Soil Erosion/Compaction/Grading; Traffic/Circulation; Vegetation; Water Quality; Growth Inducing; Landuse; Cumulative Effects				
Reviewing Agencies	Resources Agency; Department of Conservation; Office of Historic Preservation; Department of Parks and Recreation; Department of Water Resources; Department of Fish and Game, Region 4; Department of Health Services; Native American Heritage Commission; California Highway Patrol; Caltrans, District 9; State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Loans and Grants; State Water Resources Control Board, Division of Water Rights; Regional Water Quality Control Bd., Region 6 (Victorville)				
Date Received	09/20/2005 Start of Review 09/20/2005 End of Review 10/19/2005				

0005001117 0005001117	Regional Water Quality Control	Rwace 1         Cathleen Hudson         North Coast Region (1)         Rwace 2         Environmental Document         Coordinator         San Francisco Bay Region (2)         Rwace 3         Continator         San Francisco Bay Region (2)         Rwace 3         Contral Coast Region (3)         Rwace 4         Jonathan Bishop         Los Angeles Region (4)         Rwace 55         Central Valley Region (5)         Reading Branch Office         Rwace 55         Central Valley Region (5)         Reading Branch Office         Rwace 6         Lahontan Region (6)         Rwace 6         Lahontan Region (6)         Rwace 6         Lahontan Region (6)         Rwace 7         Contral Valley Region (6)         Rwace 8         Santa Ana Region (6)         Rwace 8         Santa Ana Region (9)         Rwace 8         Santa Ana Region (9)         Rwace 9         Santa Ana Region (9)         Santa Ana Region (9)         Santa Ana Region (9)         San Diego Region (9)         <	
SCH#		s Introl	
j	Caltrans, District 8 Dan Kopulsky	<ul> <li>Caltrans, District 9</li> <li>Gayle Rosander</li> <li>Caltrans, District 10</li> <li>Tom Dumas</li> <li>Caltrans, District 11</li> <li>Mario Orso</li> <li>Caltrans, District 12</li> <li>Bob Joseph</li> <li>Caltrans, District 12</li> <li>Board</li> <li>State Water Resources Control Board</li> <li>Student Intern, 401 Water Quality</li> <li>Certification Unit</li> <li>Division of Water Quality</li> <li>Certification Unit</li> <li>Division of Water Rights</li> <li>Dept. of Toxic Substances Control CEQA Tracking Center</li> <li>Dept. of Toxic Substances Control CEQA Tracking Center</li> </ul>	
County: KECN	Public Utilities Commission Ken Lewis	<ul> <li>State Lands Commission Jean Sarino</li> <li>Tahoe Regional Planning Agency (TRPA)</li> <li>Cherry Jacques</li> <li>Business, Trans &amp; Housing Sandy Hesnard</li> <li>Caltrans - Division of Sandy Hesnard</li> <li>Caltrans - Planning</li> <li>Terri Pencovic</li> <li>Caltrans - Planning</li> <li>Terri Pencovic</li> <li>Caltrans - Planning</li> <li>Dihn Olejnik</li> <li>Office of Special Projects</li> <li>Housing &amp; Community</li> <li>Development</li> <li>Lisa Nichols</li> <li>Housing Recondition</li> <li>Dept. of Transportation</li> <li>Caltrans, District 1</li> <li>Rex Jackman</li> <li>Caltrans, District 3</li> <li>Katherine Eastham</li> <li>Caltrans, District 5</li> <li>David Murray</li> <li>Caltrans, District 7</li> <li>Cheryl J. Powell</li> </ul>	
CS.	Fish & Game Region 3 Robert Floerke	<ul> <li>Fish &amp; Game Region 4</li> <li>Mike Mulligan</li> <li>Fish &amp; Game Region 5</li> <li>Don Chadwick</li> <li>Habitat Conservation Program</li> <li>Fish &amp; Game Region 6 t/M</li> <li>Fish &amp; Game Region 6 t/M</li> <li>Fish &amp; Game Region 6 t/M</li> <li>Tammy Allen</li> <li>Inyo/Mono, Habitat Conservation</li> <li>Program</li> <li>Dept. of Fish &amp; Game M</li> <li>George Isaac</li> <li>Marine Region</li> <li>Dept. of Fish &amp; Game M</li> <li>George Isaac</li> <li>Marine Region</li> <li>Dept. of Food and Agriculture</li> <li>Steve Shaffer</li> <li>Dept. of General Services</li> <li>Public School Construction</li> <li>Dept. of General Services Section</li> <li>Dept. of Health Services Section</li> <li>Dept. of General Services</li> <li>Commission: Boards</li> <li>Dept. of Health Services Section</li> <li>Dept. of Second Construction</li> <li>Dept. of General Services Section</li> <li>Dept. of General Services</li> <li>Steve Shaffer</li> <li>Dept. of General Services</li> <li>Dept. of General Services</li> <li>Dept. of General Services Section</li> <li>Dept. of Health Drinking Water</li> <li>Dept. of General Services Section</li> <li>Dept. of Health Services Section</li> <li>Bept. of Health Services Section</li> <li>Bept. of Section Commission</li> <li>Dept. of Health Services Section</li> <li>Bept. of Section Commission</li> <li>Bebts Eddy</li> <li>Bebts Eddy</li> <li>Bebts Eddy</li> <li>Bebts Eddy</li> <li>Bebts Eddy</li> <li>Beb</li></ul>	
<b>NOP Distribution List</b>	Resources Agency	Resources Agency Nadell Gayou Dept. of Boating & Waterways David Johnson California Coastal commission Elizabeth A. Fuchs Contrale Coastal Contrale Coastal Contrale Coastal Contrale Coastal Contrale Coastal Commission Researce Taylor Commission Researce Taylor Commission Researce Taylor Commission Researce Taylor Commission Researce Conservation Wayne Donaldson Maine Robertson Office of Historic Protection Wayne Donaldson Dept. of Forestry & Fire Protection Wayne Donaldson Dept. of Parks & Recreation Section Wayne Donaldson Conservation & Dept. of Parks & Recreation Section Dept. of Parks & Recreation Section Conservation & Dept. of Water Resources Resources Agency Nadell Gayou Depart. of Fish & Game Scott Flint Environmental Services Division Fish & Game Region 1 Donald Koch	Banky Curtis

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# PALMDALE WATER DISTRICT

2029 East Avenue Q • Palmdale, California 93550 • Telephone (661) 947-4111

Telephone (661) 947-4111 Fax (661) 947-8604 www.palmdalewater.org

LAGERLOF, SENECAL, BRADLEY, GOSNEY & KRUSE LLF Attorneys



JEFFERY A. STORM, SR. Division 1 RONALD D. CUNNINGHAM Division 2 SHERYL A. SARNA Division 3 RAUL FIGUEROA Division 4 NOLAN NEGAARD

ard of Directors

Division 5

October 20, 2005

County of Kern Planning Department Attn: Mr. Don Kohler 2700 "M" Street Bakersfield, CA 93301-2323

## RE: NOTICE OF PREPARATION OF THE ANTELOPE VALLEY WATER BANK PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

Dear Mr. Kohler:

Thank you for the opportunity to review and comment on the "Notice of Preparation of the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project EIR." It appears that the Notice of Preparation is complete and that the Environmental Impact Report prepared for this project will address any potential areas of concern for the Palmdale Water District.

Please contact me at (661) 947-4111, x146, if you have any questions or need any additional information.

Very truly yours,

CURTIS D. PAXTON, Assistant General Manager

CDP/cdp

# Office Memorandum KERN COUNTY

To: Planning Department Don Kohler

Date: November 9, 2005

Phone: 862-5094

From: Engineering & Survey Services Floodplain Management Section Aaron Leicht

Subject: NOP; Antelope Valley Water Bank

This Section has reviewed the subject project and recommends that a flood study be prepared in order to identify and mitigate the potential impacts to the floodplain. If a diversion of flood waters result from the proposed floodplain encroachment a Conditional Letter of Map Revision (CLOMR) will be required. If any flood waters are diverted south across Avenue A, a letter from Los Angeles County accepting those waters shall be required.

Department of Water and Power



the City of Los Angeles

ANTONIO R. VILLARAIGOSA Mayor

RONALD F. DEATON, General Manager

October 20, 2005

Mr. Don Kohler Kern County Planning Department Public Services Building 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, California 93301-2370

Dear Mr. Kohler:

### Subject: Notice of Preparation of the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project Environmental Impact Report

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the Notice of Preparation (NOP). The Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP) has reviewed the NOP, dated September 21, 2005, which indicates that Western Development and Storage, LLC will prepare an Environmental Impact Report for a proposed Antelope Valley Water Bank Project. Please consider the following comments when preparing the EIR, specifically in regards to Phase 2 Option A: Use of the Los Angeles Aqueduct (LAA).

- The proposed use of the LAA is inconsistent with operations of the aqueduct system. The proposed use contemplates water flowing in the LAA north through the Antelope Valley which is opposite to the normal direction of flow. We are concerned about impacts to operations of the LAA and the City's water supply by the proposed use of our facilities. The LAA is nearing 100 years in service, and requires increasing amounts of maintenance, restricting the periods when it can be in service.
- The proposed use would create water quality impacts to the City's water supply through commingling of our LAA supply with State Water Project water and potentially Antelope Valley groundwater. Without the implementation of additional treatment, the introduction of State Water Project supplies or Antelope Valley groundwater could degrade the quality of LAA supplies.
- LAA supplies from the Owen Valley represent very high quality water with low Total Dissolved Solids. On the other hand, State Water Project supplies are of far inferior quality, with significant levels of organic material that result in the formation of harmful disinfection by-products following

# Water and Power Conservation ... a way of life

111 North Hope Street, Los Angeles, California 90012-2607 Mailing address: Box 51111, Los Angeles 90051-5700 Telephone: (213) 367-4211 Cable address: DEWAPOLA Mr. Don Kohler Page 2 October 20, 2005

treatment. Without adequate water quality studies and associated bench scale testing, it may not be possible to obtain Department of Health Services permits allowing project water to be introduced into the LAA.

- The introduction of State Water Project transfer water into the LAA to enhance water supply reliability has been contemplated by the City. We are currently bench scale testing required by the Department of Health Services to temporarily modify the LAA Filtration Plant operating permit. This will allow full scale water quality testing to be conducted if State Water Project transfer water is introduced into the LAA: However, as proposed the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project could negatively impact LAA water quality and there appear to be no associated reliability benefits from the project accruing to the City.
- The use of the Los Angeles Aqueduct to convey water to the proposed recharge and recovery facilities would require connections to be constructed to the LAA. Such connections would require an agreement with LADWP. Construction would require the LAA to be shut down. We are therefore not supportive of connections to the Los Angeles Aqueduct.
- The proposed use of the LAA could put the structural integrity of the aqueduct at risk. Structural integrity could be impacted in a variety of ways including surge pressures caused by the proposed pump station, and changing the direction of flows.

For all of these reasons we recommend that Phase 2 Option A: Use of the Los Angeles Aqueduct be eliminated in your proposed EIR.

Sincerely, BI

James B. McDaniel Chief Operating Officer – Water System

DRP:mm

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# PALMDALE

a place to call home

October 19, 2005

The following summarizes the City of

Mr. Don Kohler Kern County Planning Department 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301

the above-named project.

Palmdale's comments:

# RE: Notice of Preparation of Environmental Impact Report (EIR) for the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on the Notice of Preparation for

Dear Mr. Kohler:

38300 Sierra Highway

JAMES C. LEDFORD, JR.

JAMES A. "JIM" ROOT

STEVEN D. HOFBAUER

Mayor

Мауот Рто Тет

Councilmember

Councilmember

**RICHARD J. LOA** 

MIKE DISPENZA Councilmember

P 1ale, CA 93550-4798

- Tel: 661/267-5100
- Fax: 661/267-5122

TDD: 661/267-5167

The potential significant impacts outlined in the notice of preparation for this project appear accurate regarding the proposed project. The City of Palmdale would urge the lead agency to consider any adverse impacts due to the proximity of Edwards Air Force Base and the potential for groundwater contamination. Potential impacts to the project based on the proposed re-zone of portions of the area to Exclusive Agriculture, which, according to the County Zoning Ordinance, would permit uses such as irrigated agriculture, dairy and beef cattle grazing and agricultural chemical storage and repackaging should also be considered. There is the potential that these uses, if approved in the vicinity in the future, could significantly affect this project and the environment through discharges from the aquifer or potential contamination to the groundwater. Therefore, the EIR for this project should take into consideration the change in land use and zoning as it specifically relates to the current project.

We are confident that our concerns will be adequately addressed in the proposed EIR. We also request copies of all future correspondence on this project. If you have any questions, please contact Amy Brislen at (661) 267-5200.

Auxiliary aids provided for

communication accessibility

upon 72 hours' notice and request.

Sincerely, Laurie Lile

Director of Planning

www.cityofpalmdale.org

# **City of Lancaster**

44933 Fern Avenue Lancaster, California 93534-2461 661-723-6000



Frank C. Roberts Mayor

Bishop Henry W. Hearns Vice Mayor

> Jim Jeffra Council Member

i.

Ed Sileo Council Member

Andrew D. Visokey Council Member

Robert S. LaSala City Manager

October 18, 2005

Kern County Planning Department Attn: Don Kohler 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, California 93301

## Subject: NOTICE OF PREPARATION OF THE ANTELOPE VALLEY WATER BANK PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

Dear Mr. Kohler:

Thank you for sending to the City of Lancaster a copy of the notice of preparation (NOP) for the proposed Antelope Valley Water Bank project and for taking lead agency responsibility for the project. The City of Lancaster is very much in support of the project and sees its implementation as an opportunity to help ensure the availability of water supplies throughout the Antelope Valley.

Generally speaking, the City of Lancaster interposes no objection to the NOP; however, and as listed below, there are four questions or concerns that we feel should be addressed by the Project Environmental Impact Report:

- 1. Under section 1.6 Project Operations, the leasing of recharge basins for organic farming when the land area is not required for recharge activities sounds like a good financial arrangement but seems to introduce another consumptive use for water. The PEIR should discuss in detail the source and quantity of water to be used for the proposed organic farming.
- 2. Section 1.8.1 Kern County discusses Ordinance No. G-6502 and specifies that water imported for banking is exempted from the restraints of the ordinance. However, the stipulation that only 90% of the water delivered to the groundwater bank may be recovered seems unscientific and appears to treat up to 10% of the recharged water as native Kern County water since that amount could not be recovered. This should be more scientifically developed and discussed in the PEIR so as not to penalize unnecessarily those who may purchase water for groundwater storage.
- 3. Section 1.8.3 State Agency Actions or Approvals does not address the probable regulatory oversight that can be expected as it pertains to changes to ambient groundwater quality that may result from the introduction of imported water. The City of

# **City of Lancaster**

Kern County Planning Department Attn: Don Kohler October 18, 2005 Page Two

Lancaster believes this to be a condition that could be mitigated, but it cannot be overlooked in the preparation of the PEIR.

4. Under section 1.9 Alternatives to the Proposed Project, we believe a fifth alternative should be considered. The investigation of constructing shallow, subsurface recharge chambers would be appropriate to minimize losses due to evaporation and to reduce bird strike threats that may result from surface impoundments of recharge water.

Should you need clarification on any of the above issues, please contact me at the City of Lancaster at (661) 723-6044.

Sincerely,

Dia

James R. Williams, PE Public Works Director

JRW/vp

rage u∠

# Rosamond Community Services District

BOARD OF DIRECTORS

Byron Glennan Daniel Landsgaard Robert C. Scherer, Ed.D. Kathleen S. Spoor Greg Wood OFFICERS

Sherry L. Delano General Manager Claud Seal Assistant General Manager Sharon L. Welker Secretary / Treasurer Dean Derleth Attorney

September 29, 2005

SENT VIA FAX

Don Kohler, Planner I Kern County Planning Department 2700 'M" Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301-2323

## Subject: Notice of Preparation of the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project Environmental Impact Report

Mr. Kohler:

The District appreciates the opportunity to comment on the proposed project and feel that projects like this one will benefit the Antelope Valley. There are some questions that we would like clarification on and that are attached for your review. Claud Seal and I will be at the Scoping Meeting next Tuesday.

Sherry L. Dellano General Manager

cc: Claud Seal, Assistant Manager RCSD

Attachment

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# emoran

Sherry DeLano, General Manager To:

Claud Seal, Assistant General Manager From:

#### 9/29/2005 Date:

KERN COUNTY NOTICE OF PREPARATION OF THE ANTELOPE VALLEY WATER BANK Re: PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

This memo is in response to Don Kohler's request for review and feedback on the above document. I would like to preface my comments and queries that follow with the statement that I feel this is a step forward in the right direction of water conservation and future wise water usage in the Antelope Valley.

Page 1-10, Section 1.6, paragragh 2: sentence 1 - "dewatered portions." Question: Where are the data proving that the basin had been dewatered? Sentence 2 - "500,000 af." Question: Again, where are the data to substantiate this value?

Page 1-11, Section 1.6, paragraph 2:sentence 3 - "limited to 90%." Question: That figure is based on what source? Is there a development and/or recovery curve?

Page 2-1, Chapter 2, Factors Potentially Affected. Question: Why is not the "Public Services" box not checked? Will new wells need electrical power? Will not access roads be needed? Will the access roads need covering or hard plating to prevent or reduce dust emissions?

Page 2-4, I (c), paragraph 5: "however, current farming practices would remain in the area of recharge basins 8 - 10 month of the year," Question: Will the farming operations include watering the crops using local agricultural wells that will be drawing from the same aquifers that the spreading and percolation water be entering? How will the surface water be accounted for if the farming uses more water than has been infiltrated by spreading?

Page 2-5, II (c), first paragraph: What about new wells being located in new locations on existing farmlands? Will they not need pipelines and roads? Will these new features interfere with the farming operations?

Page 2-12, VI (a), i: In paragraph in the report, the test basins were noted as being outside the fault zone yet in paragraph (ai-aii) the test area is defined by fault zones. Will not the Willow Springs fault allow some of the percolated surface water to flow east, toward Rosamond, or other areas, beyond the project recovery wells?

Page 2-18, VIII (b): First sentence: "depleted aquifer." and second sentence, "Ten percent," Question: Data? Proof?

Page 2-19, (f): Question: Who pays for the surface water for how long? Assuming Western is paying the source surface water bill for initial spreading, at what point is the operation deemed successful and outside water interests begin the commercial water banking process?

End of questions,





# DEPARTMENT OF CONSERVATION

#### **DIVISION OF OIL, GAS, AND GEOTHERMAL RESOURCES**

4800 STOCKDALE HWY. • STE. 417 • BAKERSFIELD, CALIFORNIA 93309 PHONE 661 / 322-4031 • FAX 661 / 861-0279 • WEB SITE conservation.ca.gov

September 22, 2005

Mr. Don Kohler Kern County Planning Department 2700 "M" Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301

### Subject: SPA 13, Map 232; SPA 2, Map 233 (Western Development & Storage, LLC [PPO5283]) Sec. 25 T9N R15W, Sec. 30 &31 T9N R14W SBB&M

Dear Mr. Kohler:

The Department of Conservation's Division of Oil, Gas, and Geothermal Resources (Division) has reviewed the above referenced project. The Division supervises the drilling, maintenance, and plugging and abandonment of oil, gas, and geothermal wells in California. The Division offers the following comments for your consideration.

The proposed project is located beyond the administrative boundaries of any oil or gas field. There are no oil, gas, or injection wells of record within the project boundaries. Regardless, if any abandoned or unrecorded wells are uncovered or damaged during excavation or grading, remedial plugging operations may be required. This office must be contacted to obtain information on the requirements for and approval to perform remedial operations.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment on this project. If you have any questions, please call Tom Giallonardo at the Bakersfield district office: 4800 Stockdale Highway, Suite 417, Bakersfield, CA 93309; phone (661) 334-3663.

Sincerely,

Daniel J. Tuttle Senior Oil and Gas Engineer

UCT-20-2005 15:10

From-KANGE MANAGEMENT UFFICE CODE 529000E

+805-989-1013



DEPARTMENT OF THE NAVY NAVAL AIR WARFARE CENTER WEAPONS DIVISION 1 ADMINISTRATION CIRCLE 575 I AVENUE SUITE 1 CHINA LAKE, CA 93655-6100 POINT MUGU, CA 93042-5049

IN REPLY REPER TO:

5090 Ser 52F000E/ 6645 20 Oct 05

Kern County Planning Department Attn: Don Kohler 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301

Dear Mr. Kohler:

#### Subj: ANTELOPE VALLEY WATER BANK PROJECT ENVIRONMENTAL IMPACT REPORT

Thank you for the opportunity to provide comments on the Notice of Preparation of the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project Environmental Impact Report.

The proposed includes water recharge basins, which have the potential to attract birds. These basins are located underneath several low-level flight corridors and an increase in the number of birds in the area could create a hazard for the military aircraft using those corridors. We request that the potential for increased bird strike hazard to military aircraft be analyzed in the Environmental Impact Report.

If you have any questions or need any additional information, please contact me at (805) 989-9209 or email: <u>Anthony Parisi@navy.mil</u>.

Sincerely,

Á. M. PARISI Head, Sustainability Office By direction of the Commander

Copy to: AFFTC (Dwight Deakin) NAWS, China Lake (John O'Gara)

# Quartz Hill Water District

P.O. Box 3218, Quartz Hill, CA 93586 42141 N. 50th St. West, Quartz Hill, CA 93536

Office: 661-943-3170 • Fax: 661-943-0457

Website: www.qhwd.org



#### **BOARD OF DIRECTORS**

Michael Martin President

Tom Stevenson Vice

**Ben Harrison Jr.** Director

**Bill Meyer** Director

October 20, 2005

Frank Tymon Director

Dear Ms. Oviatt and Mr. Kohler,

#### Dave Meraz General Manager

Quartz Hill Water District has received the Notice of Preparation for the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project Environmental Impact Report. Our District appreciates the opportunity to review the documents and has no comments at this time.

Sincerely,

Dave Meraz General Manager Quartz Hill Water District

# ENVIRONMENTAL HEALTH SERVICES DEPARTMENT

# **KERN COUNTY**

## **Office Memorandum**

Date: October 20, 2005

To:Ted James, Director<br/>Planning Department<br/>Attention: Don KohlerFromSteve McCalley, Director<br/>Environmental Health Services Department<br/>By: Thomas Hardy, Environmental Health Specialist III

**Re:** Notice of Preparation for the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project

The Kern County Environmental Health Services Department has reviewed the subject project. This Department has the local regulatory authority to enforce state regulations and local codes as they relate to waste discharge, water supply requirements, noise, and other items that may affect the health and safety of the public or that may be detrimental to the environment.

The Environmental Health Services Department recommends that the following items be addressed in the EIR for the subject project:

- 1. All of the water wells which will be drilled for this project must be drilled under permit with the Environmental Health Services Department.
- 2. Potential impacts to groundwater must be addressed.
- 3. Noise impacts resultant from this project must be addressed.

TH:

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Californic Regional Water Quality Cor rol Board Lahontan Region



Alan C. Lloyd Ph.D. Agency Secretary

Victorville Office 14440 Civic Drive, Suite 200, Victorville, California 92392-2306 (760) 241-6583 • Fax (760) 241-7308 http://www.waterboards.ca.gov/lahontan Arnold Schwarzenegger Governor

October 19, 2005

File: Kern County General - EIR

Don Kohler Kern County Planning Department 2700 "M" Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301

### EVALUATION OF A NOTICE OF PREPARATION FOR THE ANTELOPE VALLEY WATER BANK PROJECT BY WESTERN DEVELOPMENT AND STORAGE, SCH # 2005091117, ANTELOPE VALLEY, KERN COUNTY

#### Introduction

The Regional Water Quality Control Board staff (Board staff) has reviewed the Notice of Preparation (NOP) for the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project by Western Development and Storage, SCH # 2005091117. The submittal consisted of a Notice of Preparation Letter, Notice of Preparation Distribution List, and Notice of Preparation - Environmental Impact Report (EIR).

#### **Project Background**

The proposed project is to construct the Antelope Valley Water Bank project. The purpose of the project is to develop a facility to recharge and store imported surface water beneath properties in the west end of the Antelope Valley, which can later be extracted when needed.

The NOP indicated that the project is designed to:

- 1. Enhance water supply reliability and flexibility in a cost effective and environmentally sound manner;
- 2. Reduce groundwater overdraft; and
- 3. Encourage conjunctive use, where appropriate.

The project is proposed to be constructed in two phases. Phase I would consist of construction of the recharge and recovery facilities, connecting to the Antelope Valley East Kern (AVEK) West Feeder line. Phase II would involve connecting the recharge and recovery facilities to the California Aqueduct, to increase total capacity of the project.

The proposed project will consist of recharge basins on 1,200 - 1,500 acres; with individual recharge basins ranging from 1 - 50 acres each. The surface water from AVEK will be allowed to percolate through the subsurface to be stored in the underlying aquifer. Approximately ten new extraction wells will be combined with the existing 30-40 extraction wells to extract the stored groundwater.

California Environmental Protection Agency



The NOP estimated that construction could commence by the middle of 2006, with extraction of the groundwater occurring approximately one year later. The text indicates that the EIR will consider a wide range of alternatives, including: 1) other locations in or near Antelope Valley; 2) use of injection wells instead of recharge basins; 3) use of surface reservoirs to store imported surface water; and 4) supplying surface water (from aqueducts) to farmers for irrigation, thus resulting in the accumulation of stored groundwater equal to that which would be extracted by pumping for agricultural purposes.

## **Board staff Comments**

The following comments should be incorporated into the preparation of the EIR for Antelope Valley Water Bank project.

- Section 1.8.3 State Agency Actions or Approvals The text indicates that the Regional Board will authorize proposed construction activities under the Regional Board's General Permit for Storm Water Discharges associated with Construction Activity. Since there is no surface water in Lancaster, there is no Storm Water permit required. There is no reference to any other permits/waivers that are required by the Regional Board. Additional permits (i.e. Waste Discharge Requirements) may be required by the Regional Board for the recharge of aqueduct water by injection into the subsurface, due to the disinfection products or other constituents that might be present in the aqueduct water, and not in groundwater.
- 2. The environmental checklists lists the following as potential significant impacts occurring from the project, that will be addressed in the EIR:
  - a. Violation of water quality standards or waste discharge requirements;
  - b. Substantially altering the existing drainage patterns of the site or area including that alteration of stream or rivers courses;
  - c. Substantially degrade water quality; and
  - d. Placement within a 100-year flood hazard area, which could impede or redirect flood flows.

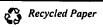
## Specific Board staff Requests

The following items should be discussed when the EIR is prepared for the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project:

3. Injection of aqueduct water that has been disinfected may contain trihalomethanes (THMs), which would unreasonably affect a water of the State for beneficial use, and constitute a pollution as defined in Section 13050 of the State Water Code. The EIR should provide sufficient information or analysis to determine whether the project will comply with State Board Resolution No. 68-16. State Water Resources Control Board Resolution No. 68-16 "Statement of Policy With Respect to Maintaining High Quality of Waters in California requires:

"Any activity which produces or may produce a waste or increased volume

California Environmental Protection Agency



or concentration of waste and which discharges or proposes to discharge to existing high quality waters will be required to meet waste discharge requirements which will result in the best practicable treatment or control of the discharge necessary to assure that (a) a pollution or nuisance will not occur and (b) the highest water quality consistent with maximum benefit to the people of the State will be maintained."

- 3 -

- 4. The EIR should present sufficient data so that Board staff can independently determine if the groundwater quality will be degraded due to the Recharge Project, and may require an anti-degradation analysis.
- 5. The EIR should estimate the water quality resulting from the injected water with the native groundwater. A complete characterization of the native groundwater vs. the injected water quality should be presented.
- 6. The proponent for the project will have to prove that this project will: (1) not cause a pollution or nuisance, (2) not unreasonably affect present and anticipated beneficial use of the groundwater, and (3) maintain the highest water quality consistent with the maximum benefit to the people of the State.
- 7. The EIR should evaluate all significant impacts that are identified and propose appropriate mitigation measures. If these impacts are unavoidable, a Finding of Overriding Consideration needs to be made by the Lead Agency.
- 8. The EIR should provide information on hydrogeology, groundwater quality and groundwater hydrology. Such information is needed to evaluate the feasibility and potential impacts of the aquifer recharge project. Information needed includes, but is not limited to information on:
  - a. Depth to groundwater,
  - b. Depth to bedrock,
  - c. Direction of groundwater flow,
  - d. Existing groundwater quality,
  - e. Locations of existing water supply wells (both active and inactive),
  - f. Use of wells (agricultural, domestic, stock watering, etc.),
  - g. Geologic lithology to depths in excess of 50 feet,
  - h. Results of pump tests, and
  - i. Soil and aquifer hydraulic conductivity.
- 9. Waste Discharge Requirements (WDRs) may be required for the discharge of disinfected water by the proposed reinjection to groundwater. As the State agency responsible for regulating the discharge of waste and protecting water quality, the California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Lahontan Region (Regional Board), must ensure that waste discharges do not result in a pollution or nuisance. The project proponent may be required to file a Report of Waste Discharge (RWD) with the Regional Board pursuant to Section 13260 of the California Water Code. Following submittal of a complete RWD, Board staff will prepare tentative WDRs for the project. Board staff will present WDRs

California Environmental Protection Agency



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to the Regional Board for adoption within 120 days of receiving a complete RWD. Kern County is the Lead Agency under the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA). The Regional Board, as Responsible Agency, will rely on the CEQA document prepared by the county.

- 10. The Discharger and its contractor(s) will be responsible for implementing site-specific temporary soil stabilization, site controls, and re-vegetation construction stability measures. These measures include, but are not limited to:
  - Control of fuel, lubricants, and any hazardous materials stored or used in the project area;
  - Control of wash down discharges from the project site; and
  - Sediment Tracking Control.

#### Conclusion

Board staff accepts the Notice of Preparation as submitted, and looks forward to reviewing the EIR for the Antelope Valley Water Bank project.

If you have any questions regarding this matter, please telephone me at (760) 241-7366 or Hisam A. Baqai, Supervising Engineer at (760) 241-7325.

Sincerely,

In Con

Greg Cash Engineering Geologist South Basin Regulatory Unit

GC\rc\U:\NOP, Antelope Valley Water Bank Project.doc

California Environmental Protection Agency

Recycled Paper



OCT 2 0 2005

Mr. Don Kohler Kern County Planning Department 2700 M Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, California 93301

Dear Mr. Kohler:

My office has received your agency's *Notice of Preparation of the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project Environmental Impact Report* dated September 21, 2005. In reviewing this Notice of Preparation (NOP), we have the following comments. Prudent groundwater management involves the monitoring and management of groundwater levels, groundwater quality, and inelastic land surface subsidence (e.g., DWR Bulletin 118-2003, Chapter 3). The NOP includes some of these issues within its general scope, however, the explanatory remarks do not specify that all aspects of these issues will be addressed. In addition, there appears to be no provision in the NOP to address water rights in the basin.

Section VIII(b) of the NOP indicates that depletion of "groundwater supplies" and a "lowering of the local groundwater table level" are seen as a less-than-significant impact. The accompanying explanation says that ten percent of the water would be left in the aquifer by the project. However, infiltration of large amounts of water (as much as 100,000 acre feet per year is proposed) will likely raise the water table and change the local groundwater flow pattern. It is possible that the recharged water will flow out from beneath the project area. Subsequent planned extraction of groundwater may result in a lowering of groundwater levels beneath the project area which may produce deleterious effects. We suggest that the EIR address groundwater flow under the planned operating conditions and the effectiveness of extracting the stored water from the project area. Incorporating into the project an array of monitoring wells would help with tracking and evaluating water level changes.

Sections VIII(a) and VIII(f) indicate that the EIR will address water quality issues. Because the explanatory notes mention potential water quality issues only in broad terms, we do not know all of the specific issues that will be addressed. The NOP says that the land involved in this project has historically been under agricultural production. Because California agricultural practices often involve application of fertilizers, herbicides, and pesticides, there is a potential that these contaminants may reside in the zone of aeration beneath the agricultural land. Infiltration of water through recharge Mr. Don Kohler OCT 2 0 2005 Page 2

basins and the subsequent rise in the local groundwater surface may leach contaminants into the groundwater.

The water that is infiltrated is likely not to have the same water quality character as the native groundwater in the basin. In addition to potential contamination because of percolation through the zone of aeration, the mixed groundwater is likely to be of different character than either the native groundwater or the State Water Project water. The EIR should address impacts of the project on the quality of the water to be exported as well as on the quality of the groundwater down gradient in the basin.

Land surface subsidence resulting from groundwater extraction has been a problem in parts of the Antelope Valley (e.g. USGS WRI 03-4016). Because this project proposes to extract a significant amount of groundwater from the basin, this project may contribute to further land subsidence in the valley. We suggest that the EIR evaluate the potential for local drawdown of the water table and land subsidence under the proposed operating conditions.

In California, the legal right to bank, extract, and use groundwater is also an important issue. This particular project has important aspects that necessitate a discussion of water rights. This project proposes to extract groundwater potentially for export from the groundwater basin. At present, an adjudication of groundwater extraction rights is in process for portions of the Antelope Valley. The right to extract or bank and extract water for export from the Antelope Valley may be in question now and may be in question as the adjudication process progresses. We suggest that the EIR address groundwater rights in general, the right to export groundwater from the basin, and how an adjudication of groundwater rights might impact the project.

We hope that these comments are helpful in planning for your EIR. If you have any questions about these comments, please contact Tim Ross at (818) 543-4663 or tross@water.ca.gov.

Sincerely,

N. Au

Mark Stuart, Chief Southern District

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#### ANTELOPE ACRES TOWN COUNCIL 8812 West Avenue E-8 Antelope Acres, CA 93536

October 20, 2005

Kern County Planning Department Ted James, AICP, Director 2700 M Street Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301

#### RE: Antelope Valley Water Bank EIR Project

Dear Mr. James:

This letter is in response to your Notice of Preparation dated September 21, 2005 concerning the above project regarding the applicant Western Development and Storage LLC (WDS). The antelope Acres Town Council (AA) has jurisdiction within a close proximity and has some concerns regarding this project. The AA will state our concerns and would appreciate a reply on each of these issues.

Our first issue is how will you make this project safe from children who might wander onto the grounds? What kind of security will you provide to safeguard against injury to children?

Next, how will the effects of this project have on our water table? How will you deal with the over or under draft of the water table in our area?

How will WDS pay for the all damages if their settling ponds break through accident or natural causes resulting in damage to residential and commercial structures?

What about the effect of standing water will have on additional mosquitoes that will likely increase with this project? How will you handle a possible breakout of West Nile Virus due to your project?

What effects will your system have on desert plant life currently growing in the area? What provisions have you made to protect the vegetation?

How will you protect the ground water supply from the aqueduct water that you will be delivering? Will you treat the water prior to its entry into the ground?

Will you have offices at the location and how many employees will be on handle the project? Will you maintain the roads in the area?

Please explain what precautions you have taken in the exposure of this water to dogs, cats, and especially horses? Will you pay for any direct costs that are caused by your company when residents have to go in for treatment of their animals?

Will your water only be sold and delivered in the Antelope Valley? How can we be assured that the majority of water is not sent down to Los Angeles?

What kind of delivery system will be maintained at the site? Will you use storage and pressure tanks? How far, in miles, will your water be pumped to?

How have you prepared for a major earthquake? How will you prevent your system from flooding the local area?

Sincerely,

Vickie L. Nelson Secretary – Antelope Acres Town Council

VLN:pc

2.



Post Office Box 551, Lancaster, CA 93584 Phone: (661) 942-2198 Fax: (661) 256-2620

October 19, 2005

Kern County Planning Department Ted James, AICP, Director 2700 M Street Suite 100 Bakersfield, CA 93301

> RE: Antelope Valley Water Bank • EIR Project

Dear Mr. James:

This letter is in response to your Notice of Preparation dated September 21, 2005 concerning the above project regarding the applicant Western Development and Storage LLC (WDS). Sundale Mutual Water Company (Sundale) operates a water company within a close proximity and has some concerns regarding this project and the potential impact it will have on delivery of water. I will state our concerns and would appreciate a reply on each of these issues.

Our first issue is the effects this project will have on our water table. If the water table drops from our current level and we can prove that WDS is the main cause, will they pay Sundale for this usage? Will they charge us for water if the water table rises and can prove the water came from their system?

Next, will they pay for the all damages if their settling ponds break through accident or natural causes resulting in damage to residential and commercial structures?

How will you make this project safe from children who might wander onto the grounds? What kind of security will you provide to safeguard against injury to children?

What effects will your system have on desert plant life currently growing in the area? What provisions have you made to protect the vegetation?

How will you protect the ground water supply from the aqueduct water that you will be delivering? Will you treat the water prior to its entry into the ground?

What about the effect of standing water will have on additional mosquitoes that will likely increase with this project? How will you handle a possible breakout of West Nile Virus due to your project?

Please explain what precautions you have taken in the exposure of this water to dogs, cats, and especially horses? Will you pay for any direct costs that are caused by your company when residents have to go in for treatment of their animals?

What kind of delivery system will be maintained at the site? Will you use storage and pressure tanks? How far, in miles, will your water be pumped to?

How have you prepared for a major earthquake? How will you prevent your system from flooding the local area?

Will you have offices at the location and how many employees will be on handle the project? Will you maintain the roads in the area?

Will your water only be sold and delivered in the Antelope Valley? How can we be assured that the majority of water is not sent down to Los Angeles?

Sincerely,

Bruce E. Nelson – President Sundale Mutual Water Company -----Original Message----- **From:** Arthur D Unger [mailto:alunger@juno.com] **Sent:** Tuesday, October 04, 2005 3:23 PM **To:** KohlerD@co.kern.ca.us **Subject:** Antelope Valley Water Bank Notice of Preparation

Dear Mr. Kohler,

The DEIR should answer all below questions.

California now has a water shortage and will never again have enough water. Farmers already complain of their water bill and it will be a long time before California's population decreases.

The DEIR should consider the value of taking water from northern California to be used in the Antelope Valley. How much water will be evaporated from the canals between the place the water originates and the water bank? What is the dollar value of the crops to be raised in the Antelope Valley, compared to the dollar value of crops that could be raised if the water was used closer to its origin? Are there crops that have significant non-monetary value and can best be raised in the Antelope Valley? Would people living in more compact northern California communities use less water than people in the Antelope Valley?

I assume all the water that flows off the nearby mountains already contributes to the ground water and that catching that water in a water bank is useless.

Semi-Tropic WSD uses solar electricity to pump water and so should this water bank. The price of solar panels should decrease as more solar is installed on roofs in Bakersfield and throughout California and the world. Please note the agreements between the Sierra Club and developers in metropolitan Bakersfield which call for solar panels to be installed on the first model home of sixteen projects. The price of propane and other fossil fuels will increase.

Thank you for the opportunity to comment, Arthur Unger 2815 La Cresta Drive Bakersfield, CA 93305-1719 (661) 323 5569 alunger@juno.com preferred

### SUMMARY OF PROCEEDINGS

#### KERN COUNTY AGENCY SCOPING MEETING

*Kern County Planning Department* 2700 "M" Street, Suite 100 Bakersfield, California

**Conference Room** 

#### Date October 4, 2005

#### ATTENDENCE: Lorelei Oviatt, Senior Planner Don Kohler, Planner 1

The hearing convened at 1:30 p.m.

Ms. Oviatt explained the purpose of the scoping meeting, the legislation that requires it and the format of the meeting. She pointed out the agendas and sign in sheet at the back of the room. She introduced staff and noted that staff would present each item and ask for comments.

#### 1. Antelope Valley Water Bank Project EIR – Notice of Preparation

Specific Plan Amendment No. 13, Map 232, Specific Plan Amendment No 2, Map 233; Agricultural Preserve No. 24 - Inclusion (Willow Springs Specific Plan) Antelope Valley Water Bank by WDS (wo # PP05283)

Ms. Oviatt read the project name, location and description from the Notice of Preparation. She further explained that water banks are a by right use in the A zone, requiring no discretionary action by the county. However, an Environmental Impact Report (EIR) is required for the infrastructure, therefore the EIR will look at the whole of the project. Ms. Sherry Delano of the Rosamond Community Services District offered the following comments and asked the following questions:

- What is an Ag Preserve and how many acres of land would be included under a Williamson Act contract. Ms. Oviatt explained that an Ag Preserve is an administrative function that allows the county to administrate the Williamson Act Program. All property that is under contract falls within an Ag Preserve. 640 acres of land will be under contract for this project.
- Make clear what the 90% withdrawal rate encompasses. Does it take into account the water that evaporates?
- Will there be controls on the amount of water withdrawn when the property is farmed?
- Stated that she feels water banking is a good thing for the Antelope Valley.

Alvin Bautista representing LADWP said they would be providing written comments by October 20<sup>th</sup>. He then asked for further clarification on the zoning issues involved with the project and when a Draft of the EIR would be available. Ms. Oviatt explained that

the zoning required changing to allow for the infrastructure to be constructed for the water bank, and if all of the property were zoned A, that the project would not have required any action by the county. She also stated that Kern County has a water export ordinance that prohibits export of water out of the county. However, the ordinance specifically excludes water banks from this prohibition. Ms. Oviatt said a DEIR should be available prior to December 31, 2005. She further stated that the FEIR should go before the Board of Supervisors sometime in May.

Ms. Sherry Delano of the Rosamond Community Services District asked if any discretionary actions are required after approval of the SPA. Ms. Oviatt stated that once the Board approves the SPA, no other discretionary approvals would be required. Ms. Delano also asked when the Monitoring Committee would become active. Ms. Oviatt stated that the committee needs to be enforceable and that most likely the format and timing of the committee would become a mitigation measure. Mr. Andrew Werner of Western Development and Storage asked if he could further explain why the committee was being proposed. He stated that modeling of the entire water basin would be very complicated and that the committee was proposed to ensure that surrounding interests were able to participate in the operation of the water bank.

Ms. Oviatt stated that the impacts to the entire basin, including Los Angeles County would be included in the EIR. She also said that growth-inducing concerns would be addressed. There will also be questions that cannot be answered, however they will still be discussed in the EIR.

No other comments were received on the project.

Ms. Oviatt adjourned the meeting at 1:55 p.m.

Lorelei Oviatt, Supervising Planner

DBK

# Appendix B Feasibility Evaluation

westerndev.com

# **Water Banking Feasibility Evaluation**

# **Antelope Valley Water Bank**

January 2005

5700 Wilshire Blvd., Ste 330 Los Angeles, CA 90036 Phone: 323.936.9303 Fax: 323.930.9114



This report is being furnished to a limited number of parties who have expressed an interest in the Antelope Valley Water Bank (the Project). Western Development and Storage (WDS) has assembled this report for the sole purpose of assisting the recipient thereof (Recipient) in deciding whether to participate in the Project. This report, and any other documents or materials provided by WDS, may not be distributed, reproduced, or used by Recipient without the express consent of WDS, for any purpose other than the evaluation of the Project by Recipient.

Although WDS has endeavored to assure that this report includes information and estimates that WDS believes are accurate and reliable, WDS makes no representations or warranties, express or implied, as to the accuracy or completeness of such information and estimates.

Nothing contained within this report is or should be relied upon as a promise or representation as to the future. The financial projections included in this report are based on assumptions as to future expenses, and related matters developed by WDS. These projections, which WDS believes to be reasonable, merely represent a prediction of future events based upon assumptions which may or may not occur. Their accuracy depends upon the occurrence of a complex series of future events or transactions, some of which are not within the control of management. Actual operating results will likely vary from those which have been projected and the projections should not be relied on to indicate actual results which may be obtained. While these projections reflect WDS's current views with respect to future events, they are subject to certain risks, uncertainties and assumptions. Should one or more of these risks or uncertainties materialize, or should underlying assumptions prove incorrect, actual operating results may vary materially from those projected. WDS does not intend to update these forward looking statements and information.

REVIEWERS ARE CAUTIONED NOT TO PLACE UNDUE RELIANCE ON ANY ESTIMATES, FINANCIAL PROJECTIONS OR FORWARD LOOKING INFORMATION CONTAINED IN THIS REPORT. REVIEWERS SHOULD CONDUCT THEIR OWN INVESTIGATION AND ANALYSIS OF THE INFORMATION, DATA AND STATEMENTS CONTAINED HEREIN.

W D S

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# **Executive Summary**

This report presents methods, conclusions and recommendations regarding the feasibility of developing a groundwater recharge, storage and recovery facility ("water bank") in the Neenach Sub-Basin of the west end of the Antelope Valley in Kern County, California. This report and underlying work have been prepared by Western Development and Storage, LLC (WDS, Los Angeles, CA) to help water agencies determine if the Project deserves further consideration.

In late 2001 WDS set out to identify the optimum location for a water bank to serve the needs of Antelope Valley and Southern California. WDS performed the search through a geographic information system (GIS) based process that included over 30 criteria. By early 2002, WDS had identified a 400 square mile area in the west end of the Antelope Valley as optimum from a conveyance and operational cost perspective. WDS compiled existing work and quickly realized that while water banking appeared feasible from a regional perspective, there was actually very little site specific data to validate the concept. Therefore, WDS contacted land owners and began field work in 2002. The WDS investigation has included trenching, percolation tests, soil analyses, groundwater analyses, deep borings and geophysical logging followed by hydrogeologic and financial modeling.

Using new and existing data, WDS selected 1,629 acres of farm land that could support pond-based recharge rates of at least 100,000 acre-feet per year (AF/year). The underlying dewatered aquifer has more than 500,000 AF of available storage space and is hydrogeologically isolated from large pumping centers to the east. Groundwater quality is excellent and there are no known sources of contamination.

WDS has spoken with surrounding land owners and no opposition to the concept has been voiced. As part of the screening process WDS selected farmland that has been irrigated with a combination of groundwater and imported surface water from the Antelope Valley East Kern Water Agency (AVEK) as provided through the State Water Project (SWP). As a consequence, WDS anticipates that requirements to comply with the California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) would be relatively straightforward, with few (if any) issues relating to protection of habitats or wildlife. While it might be possible to entitle the Project through a CEQA Initial Study and Negative Declaration, WDS has conservatively assumed that a full CEQA Environmental Impact Report (EIR) would be required to ensure that all stakeholders have had an opportunity to participate in conceptualization of the Project. WDS has not identified any federal actions or permissions that would necessitate a National Environmental Protection Act (NEPA) Environmental Impact Study (EIS).

The water bank could be configured in a variety of ways, potentially including in-lieu systems and existing wells to reduce pond areas and number of new wells. However, in order to conservatively evaluate economic viability, the most expensive configuration was assumed. WDS estimates that up to \$44.1 million would be required to construct the facilities with recharge costs averaging \$4/AF and recovery costs averaging \$37/AF (not including debt service). The Project was compared to other recent water banking efforts on a present value basis (30-years, 6% cost of capital) with the following results.

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Project	CAPEX and Land Acquisition (\$)	Total Storage (AF)	Capacity (AF/yr)	CAPEX Per AF of Annual Capacity (\$/AF)	Put OPEX (\$/AF)	Take OPEX (\$/AF)	Inactive OPEX (\$/AF)	PV (\$/AF)
Antelope Valley	\$58,829,333	500,000	100,000	\$588	\$4	\$37	\$8	\$811
Chino Basin - MWD	\$28,200,000	100,000	33,000	\$855	\$20	\$50	\$2	\$1,185
Semitropic New Unit	\$150,000,000	450,000	150,000	\$1,000	\$25	\$25	\$2	\$1,239
Cawelo proposed to Castaic Lake WA	\$15,000,000	120,000	20,000	\$750	\$0	\$200	\$0	\$1,668
Fresno ID Walden Pond for City of Fresno (marketable capacity)	\$12,230,144	NA	8,100	\$1,510	\$4	\$41	\$2	\$1,726
MID: Phase 1 (marketable)	\$63,980,618	117,000	39,000	\$1,641	\$4	\$41	\$2	\$1,856
Semitropic Existing Unit (firm capacities cited)	\$135,000,000	1,000,000	90,000	\$1,500	\$44	\$44	\$2	\$1,917
Kern Delta - MWD		250,000	50,000	NA	\$145	\$185	\$105	\$1,996
Friant: Alternate cost of water purchases absent storage	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$2,320
West Coast and Central Basin Pumping Rights	\$58,583,350	16,643	16,643	\$3,520	\$0	\$25	\$0	\$3,635
Terminus Dam	\$37,000,000		8,000	\$4,625	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,625
Kaweah Delta	\$1,201,336	246	246	\$4,883	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,883
Fine Gold Creek Offstream Storage	\$503,000,000		42,000	\$11,976	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,976

Table 1: Present Value Comparison of Water Banking Projects

Notes

1. Assumes no grants

2. Assumes a 6% cost of capital over 30-years for debt service

3. Does not include permitting (to ensure a valid comparison)

4. Values in red are not known and were assumed low or zero to ensure that the comparison is conservative

5. Assumes recharge 33% of the years, recovery 33% of the years and inactive 33% of the years.

As indicated above, WDS estimates that the Antelope Valley water bank would be the most economical of all projects reviewed. This is not a surprise as WDS included economic criteria in the original site selection process.

In summary, WDS has not identified any fatal flaws and has concluded that the Antelope Valley Water Bank would be an economically viable project. No federal permitting requirements have been identified and CEQA compliance would likely be straightforward. However, water banks by their nature require close coordination between the operating agency, nearby agencies and surrounding land owners to ensure that rights and water uses are protected. There are numerous proven templates for how this coordination can take place.



# Table 2: Summary of Findings

lacua	Findings
Issue	Findings
Fatal flaw summary	WDS has not identified any fatal flaws.
Outstanding issues	A lead agency is required.
Recharge, storage and recovery capabilities	The target area could support over 100,000 AF per year of recharge, over 500,000 AF storage and 100,000 AF per year of recovery through a recharge pond and recovery well based water bank. WDS estimates are consistent with those by others.
Project costs	Permitting costs: \$3.2 to \$7.1 million (conservative) Capital costs (not including land): \$44.1 million (conservative) Note: WDS has secured the required land.
Comparables analysis	40% to 240% less expensive than comparable projects on a per acre-foot basis.
Permitting and contracting time frame	2- to 5-years depending on the drive and consensus of the lead agency and stakeholders.
Permitting requirements	Likely an EIR, wheeling agreements with AVEK, LADWP and DWR, various secondary County and Water Quality Control Board permissions relating to construction. No Federal requirements or Department of Fish & Game permits.
Potential facility configurations	A variety of configurations are possible. WDS evaluated a facility with connections to the Los Angeles Aqueduct, the California Aqueduct and the AVEK West Feeder. Through this configuration the facility could serve any State Water Project contractor either directly or through exchange.
Conveyance capacity	There is sufficient conveyance capacity in the Los Angeles Aqueduct and the AVEK West Feeder to support this project assuming that wheeling agreements can be reached.
Groundwater quality	Groundwater quality is excellent. No contaminants or Title 22 parameter exceedances were detected. Locals drink water directly from irrigation wells.
Hydrogeology	Sand and gravel from the surface to the water table with minor, discontinuous silts and clays. Target area bounded by 3 faults that would prevent stored water migration into the intense pumping areas of the Lancaster Sub-Basin.
Land uses and environmental liabilities	The target parcels and surrounding land are rural and have been farmed since at least 1960. There are no nearby industrial facilities or other known sources of contamination. There are no known past or current underground tanks at the target parcels and, with the exception of one household trash pit, there are no known environmental conditions that would impact groundwater beyond normal farming practices.
Jurisdictional boundaries and zoning	The target parcels are in an unincorporated area of Kern County within the AVEK service area. The target parcels are Zone A Exclusive Agriculture. Water banking is permitted within this zone.
Leases and contracts	The land is currently leased to Peter Rabbit Farms. 640-acres are encumbered with Williamson Act contracts. The County may consider alternation of water banking and farming to be compatible with the Act – thus avoiding cancellation fees and higher taxes.
Existing facilities	The target properties are served by 10-wells and 4.5-miles of irrigation piping connected to the AVEK West Feeder.
Biological resources	The target parcels have been in agricultural use since at least 1960. A review of the California Natural Diversity Database indicated that there are no Federal or California endangered or threatened species in the target area. There are no wetlands or perennial streams on or near the target parcels.
Storage rights	A detailed review of case history and regulations indicates that the Project would have the right to storage space as long as it owns the overlying land. Case law clearly indicates that available storage space would not be limited to that immediately beneath the property.



## Introduction

This report presents methods, conclusions and recommendations regarding the feasibility of developing a groundwater recharge, storage and recovery facility ("water bank") in the Neenach Sub-Basin near the west end of the Antelope Valley in Kern County, California. This report and underlying work have been prepared by Western Development and Storage, LLC (WDS, Los Angeles, CA) to help water agencies determine if the Project deserves further consideration.

The term water banking is applied to a wide variety of projects that include the following:

- Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR): These projects typically entail recharge of surface water through ponds or injection wells for recovery at a later date. The Projects are also called groundwater banking projects;
- Conjunctive Use and In-lieu Banking: The Projects include a wide variety of configurations, but typically entail use of surface water in wet years in-lieu of groundwater pumpage – thus banking an equivalent amount of groundwater in the aquifer for use in dry years. Conjunctive use and ASR projects are commonly integrated;
- Groundwater Pumpage Deferral: These are short-term programs in which the owner of groundwater rights in an adjudicated basin defers extraction and builds up a "credit" volume that can be sold to other parties. Carry-over credits usually expire within 1 to 5 years;
- Dry Year Option Programs: These projects do not physically store water; rather the owner of water rights accepts annual payments for the right to divert water to a buyer in dry years in-lieu of local use (typically for irrigation, such as the 2003 rice fallowing programs);
- Subsidized Water Conservation: In many cases farmers are not able to financially justify installation of water conservation systems (i.e. drip irrigation) solely for agricultural reasons. Therefore an entity seeking water can finance the conservation projects to improve agricultural operations and make water available for transfer; and
- Carry-Over Storage in Reservoirs: The majority of reservoirs are controlled by public agencies such as the Bureau of Reclamation, the Corp of Engineers, the California Department of Water Resources and a select list of large water utilities such as the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD). These agencies manipulate storage capacity for their own purposes and rarely make carry-over storage available to 3rd parties. However other water banking efforts that can work in conjunction with surface water reservoirs are highly sought after.

This evaluation was performed to determine the feasibility of a recharge pond based ASR project in the west end of the Antelope Valley in Kern County, California. Within this report, the term "water bank" refers to this type of configuration unless otherwise indicated.



#### **Regional Need**

The need for additional water storage south of the Delta is widely recognized by all stakeholders in California water. The California Department of Water Resources (DWR) estimates that California's population will increase by 17 million by 2030 and be accompanied by increased water demand of 3.5 to 6.0 million acre-feet/year (AF/year) in normal years. In total, the DWR estimates that \$75 billion would needed to secure the required water supplies. In order to prioritize projects, DWR has developed a near-term list of project types that need to be accomplished by 2010.

Regarding storage, under current conditions, the DWR has found the state extracts 5.8 million AF from storage in normal years and 14.4 million AF in dry years. These extractions are only partially offset by an addition of 5.4 million AF/year of water back into storage in wet years. Conservatively assuming 40%, 40% and 20% frequencies of wet, normal and dry years, the state has an average annual storage deficit of 3 million AF/year. It is WDS's belief that there is really a need for 9-12 million AF/year of storage capacity because wet year water is usually only available during a 3-4 month window from February through May.

The DWR has performed an inventory of groundwater and surface water storage projects and performed an assessment of their likelihood for implementation (along with a variety of other water projects). The DRAFT results of this inventory indicate the following:

- The DWR has been able to identify 500,000 AF/year of groundwater storage projects that could be implemented by 2010 (Antelope Valley is not included because it has not yet been officially sponsored by an agency) for an estimated capital cost of \$1.3 billion (\$2,600/AF of annual capacity);
- The DWR did not identify any surface water storage projects that could be reasonably completed by 2010;
- The DWR identified another 1 million AF/year of groundwater storage projects that could be implemented by 2030; and
- The DWR identified 400,000 to 1 million AF/year of surface water storage projects that could be completed by 2030 for \$2.9 to \$5.7 billion (\$7,250/AF to \$5,700/AF of annual capacity).

Taken together, DWR has only been able to identify sufficient projects to meet 4% to 17% of the current storage deficit by 2010 (500,000 AF/year divided by 3-12 million AF/year) and sufficient projects to meet to 16% to 83% of the current storage deficit by 2030 (1.9 to 2.5 million AF/year divided by 3-12 million AF/year). The State has specified a preference for groundwater storage over surface water reservoirs. This is because groundwater storage is considered more economical with a reduced environmental impact. In order to "jump start" groundwater storage projects, the State allocated \$200 MM to the Proposition 13 grant fund. That fund was used by public entities to study and build groundwater storage facilities. In addition, the State has allocated \$500 MM to the Proposition 50 grant fund for similar projects. Examples of regional entities that are actively seeking additional storage include the following:



- State Water Project (SWP) Contractors;
  - Metropolitan Water District of Southern California (MWD);
  - Castaic Lake Water Agency (CLWA);
- Water Retailers;
  - Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP);
  - Irvine Ranch Water District (IRWD);
  - Santa Margarita Water District (SMWD);
  - American States Water Company (ASW);
  - Southwest Water Company (SWWC);
- Southern California Real Estate Developers;
  - o Irvine Ranch;
  - Tejon Ranch;
  - Rancho Mission Viejo ;
- The California Department of Water Resources and CALFED Environmental Water Account (EWA);
- Environmental Organizations such as The Nature Conservancy (TNC); and
- The State of Nevada.

#### CALFED and DWR

The CALFED Bay-Delta Program EWA requires that Central Valley Project contractors purchase water to increase Delta flows for ecosystem restoration in accordance with Section 3406(d) of the Central Valley Project Improvement Act (CVPIA). CALFED has called for between 500,000 and 1,000,000 AF of new annual yield through groundwater storage projects. To date, CALFED has made investments that may create 110,000 AF of new annual yield leaving a substantial deficit.

#### Metropolitan Water District Member Agencies

MWD is the regional wholesaler that provides water to over 17 million people in Southern California. Several of MWD's member agencies have expressed a concern that the MWD supply is not completely reliable and are seeking their own backup water supplies through groundwater storage opportunities. One of these agencies, LADWP, receives water supplies from MWD, but also has its own imported sources that are delivered via the Los Angeles Aqueduct (LAA – 2 barrels). The Project is strategically located near LAA barrel #2 (LAA#2). LADWP has expressed interest in the Project and currently requires mitigation water which could be exchanged to the Owens Valley.

#### SWP Contractors

Because the Project is located near the East Branch of the SWP California Aqueduct (California Aqueduct), there is an opportunity for any of the 28 State Water Contractors to use the Project to firm up their interruptible, drought susceptible supplies.

#### Real Estate Developers

Residential, commercial and industrial real estate developers must demonstrate back-up water supplies before they are granted development permits. The Costa (SB 610) and Kuehl (SB 221) Bills, which became California Law on January 1, 2002, require that any development over 500 homes (or using an equivalent amount of water) must have a firm verified supply for a minimum of 20 years at the Specific Plan and Tentative Map phase of

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development. Several large housing projects including Newhall Ranch in Santa Clarita, the Orcutt Project in Santa Maria, and Gateway Village in Madera had stalled because there was insufficient storage capacity to "bank" their back-up water. These projects turned to a combination of surface water supplies and groundwater banking to solve this problem.

#### Environmental Organizations

Organizations, such as TNC, could use the water bank to provide water for in-stream uses for fisheries and riparian habitats (through exchange).

#### Local Need

As with all water storage systems, the main purpose of groundwater banking is to convert fluctuating water availability into a steady supply which is available when needed. Water is stored when there is excess and then recovered when demand outstrips supply. Local entities that have indicated a need for this regulating ability include the following:

- SWP Contractors;
  - Antelope Valley East Kern Water Agency (AVEK);
  - Palmdale Water District (PWD);
  - Littlerock Creek Irrigation District (LCID);
- Retail Water Purveyors;
  - o Los Angeles Department of Public Works (LADPW);
  - Rosamond Community Services District (RCSD);
  - Quartz Hill Water District (QHWD);
- Real Estate Developers and Builders;
  - SunCal Companies;
  - Empire Capital;
  - KB Home;
  - Pulte Home;
- Farmers;
  - o Diamond Farming Company; and
  - o Bolthouse Farms.

Antelope Valley's population, housing demand and water consumption are growing at a rapid pace and there are disputes between farmers and retail water purveyors over the availability of groundwater. After numerous meetings with various entities, WDS believes that the responsibility for water supply reliability would be shared by the following stakeholders.

#### <u>AVEK</u>

AVEK holds an entitlement to 141,000 AF of SWP surface water supplies. AVEK acts purely as a water wholesaler in that it imports and resells water to local purveyors. AVEK has turned away 30,000 to 45,000 AF/yr for the past three years. This water could have been stored in a water bank.

#### PWD and LCID

Both of these entities are State Water Contractors and also water purveyors (retailers) that deliver to municipal and agricultural end users. These agencies also pump groundwater.



#### Farming Community

Farmers in the Antelope Valley use primarily groundwater but also purchase some surface water for irrigation. Some farmers feel that their groundwater pumping costs have increased (or would increase) due to growing groundwater usage by urban water agencies. In 1999 W.M. Bolthouse Farms, Inc. (Bolthouse) and Diamond Farming Company (Diamond) initiated lawsuits against various municipal groundwater pumpers within the Antelope Valley claiming that their ability to pump groundwater in a cost effective manner was being impaired due to increased pumping by municipal users (which was lowering the groundwater table). The lawsuit has continued without resolution.

#### LADPW, RCSD, QHWD and other Retailers which receive AVEK water

These agencies are purely water retailers which receive surface supplies from AVEK and also pump groundwater to meet the needs of their customers. In July 2004 LADPW, the largest water retailer in the Antelope Valley, indicated that it could no longer issue will-serve letters for new development and also rescinded certain previously issued will-serve letters. These actions immediately halted various real estate development initiatives.

The lack of will-serve letters was a catalyst to raise the real estate development community's interest in a reliable water supply for the Antelope Valley. Furthermore, LADPW has hastened its drive to resolve the water supply reliability problem. This is also true for other local water purveyors and real estate developers that operate within the Antelope Valley. These entities recognize the need for local water banking and understand how it can enhance the water supply portfolio to meet the needs of new growth in the area.

In September 2004 LADPW filed a cross-complaint against the Bolthouse/Diamond lawsuit seeking to quantify the rights to groundwater in the Antelope Valley, which is essentially a call for adjudication. Adjudication is the legal process that allocates the right to produce water from the available natural groundwater supply. All groundwater pumpers within the basin are named in the lawsuit. These actions indicate that there is a finite amount of groundwater within the Antelope Valley which is already being overextended. A partial answer to this issue is the optimization of surface water supplies through storage to reduce groundwater pumpage.

#### Real Estate Developers

The real estate development community requires will-serve letters from their water retailers in order to permit new housing developments and their efforts have been stalled due to the various issues summarized in previous sections.

#### WDS Analysis of the Situation

WDS has held numerous meetings with the various stakeholders within the Antelope Valley and believes that all parties understand the responsibilities and benefits of developing a local water banking facility. Because PWD and LCID are independent entities responsible for both the wholesale and retail aspect of their operations, they are solely responsible for their water supply reliability and are interested in participating in the development of such a facility. The situation is more complicated for AVEK and its wholesale water customers.



AVEK is the only pure water wholesaler within the Antelope Valley. The purpose of this organization is to import SWP water and deliver it to its wholesaler customers. Tension exists between AVEK and its wholesale customers regarding how the responsibility of assuring water supply reliability is allocated between AVEK and the retailers. This tension has been aggravated by LADPW's current inability to issue will-serve letters. While both parties recognize water banking as a means to reestablish LADPW's reliability, they are unclear as to how to share the responsibilities moving forward. This issue has caused AVEK and LADPW to sit down together and work towards expediting an agreeable solution. The outcome would likely establish how AVEK's other customers would work with AVEK regarding this same issue. Ultimately, a water bank could be used to store water supplies which AVEK cannot currently take due to the fact that the timing of delivery does not match the timing of demand. WDS believes that the Project could be developed in parallel with any adjudication process because the Project would store surface water only and therefore would not be subject to any limitations on groundwater supplies imposed by adjudication.

#### **Objectives and Limitations**

WDS' objectives for this evaluation were as follows:

- Based on existing information and technical/regulatory/economic criteria, select the area best suited for a water bank to serve the Antelope Valley and Southern California;
- Using screening investigations, select parcels that best meet selection criteria;
- Provide preliminary estimates of recharge, storage and recovery capacities;
- Provide preliminary estimates of permitting requirements;
- Provide preliminary estimates of capital costs (CAPEX) and operating costs (OPEX);
- Perform a comparables analysis to other existing and planned water banks;
- Identify fatal flaws, if any; and
- Assuming no fatal flaws, recommend the scope of further work.

It is important to note that while WDS has performed a significant amount of work to determine feasibility; additional investigations would be required to adequately fulfill the needs of permitting and engineering design. Therefore, all WDS estimates presented in this report should be considered preliminary, subject to change upon additional investigation.

#### Team

WDS is a water resource development firm that identifies, finances and develops water banking and water transfer projects – typically in coordination with public agencies such as Semitropic Water Storage District (Semitropic), IRWD, Madera Irrigation District and Butte Water District. Details of other WDS projects are provided in Appendix A.

The WDS team for this project is summarized on the following table.



#### Table 3: WDS Team

Team Member	Duties	Education	Years
David Freeman Noted "Power C: LADWP, Former	Political/Regulatory zar". Former Chair of the CA Con Chairman of the Board at the Ter	Georgia Tech, U. of TN Law School sumer Power and Conservation Financing Autho nnessee Valley Authority, Former GM of SMUD.	50 rity. Former GM of
D. Cole Frates Has negotiated r Argentina, Cypru	Development/Transfers numerous water contracts with dev is, Los Angeles and other municip	elopers, power companies and governments inc	10 Iuding Reliant, Enron,
Ari Swiller	Political/Financial	Cornell	12
Has vast experie and raising capit		ategy as well as an investment background perfor	ming financial analysis
Has performed h	Technical/Management undreds of groundwater, aqueduc nited States and South America.	Colorado School of Mines, U. of Arizona ct, permitting, water rights, design, construction, a	22 and projects throughout
Andrew Werner A hydrogeologisi firm specializing	······································	Virginia Polytechnic & State U. lobal Resource Investments and co-founder of G ments.	10 roup Triton; an advisory
Charlie M. Stringer Natural resource	Legal/Policy/Regulatory s and environmental attorney form	Harvard, U. of MN, Gustavus Adolphus nerly with the EPA & various tribes.	15
Douglas Boxer Various Federal large corporatior	Government Affairs and State level positions in cabine is including The Walt Disney Com	U. of CA Berkley, U of San Francisco et level departments followed by political consulta pany, Ralph's Grocery Company and Chambers,	20 ncy for a variety of Dunhill & Rubin.
election to office	Jim Costa is a former California	Im in October 2005 after two years of service and Senator and Assemblyman with 24 years of serv griculture, transportation, housing and the unique	ice. He was a leader in

Field investigations were performed by Layne Christensen Company (Layne, Fontana, CA).

#### Methods and Chronology

WDS methods and work are summarized in the following sub-sections.

#### Site Selection Criteria

Joaquin Valley.

The locations of most water banks are defined by the geography of agencies and the land available to them. WDS approached this project by defining the criteria that are associated with successful water banks and setting out to find the region where all of these criteria could be fulfilled. The major criteria used by WDS are summarized on the following table.

Criterion	Target Area				
Hydrogeologic Criteria					
Sandy near surface soils (0-15 feet below ground surface, bgs) with an average vertical saturated hydraulic conductivity of at least 0.5 feet/day.	WDS estimates an average of >1 foot/day				
No significant, laterally continuous hardpan, silts or clays between the surface and the current water table	Three continuously logged borings to 400+ feet, bgs and 17 trenches did not encounter significant low permeability layers above the water table.				
Current water table at least 200 feet, bgs. At least 100 feet	Prior to commencement of farming in the early				

#### Table 4: Site Selection Criteria



Criterion	Target Area
of dewatered aquifer space for water storage. Depth to groundwater stable or increasing over time.	1900's the water table was less than 150 feet, bgs. Water levels dropped to 325 feet, bgs by the early 1970s and have since stabilized at 340 feet, bgs due to farmer use of AVEK surface water commencing in the mid-1970s. Seasonal water table fluctuations are currently less than 10 feet/year.
At least 300,000 AF of available storage space	WDS estimates an availability of at least 500,000 AF of storage space
The portion of the aquifer in which water is to be stored should be isolated hydrogeologically from large urban pumping centers	The target area is within the Neenach Sub-Basin, which is bounded on 3-sides by faults, 10-miles west of Rosamond, 17-miles northwest of Lancaster and 23-miles northwest of Palmdale.
Average well yields of at least 1,000 gpm	Farmers indicate that wells have yields ranging from 1,000 to 2,000 gpm with an average of 1,500 gpm. Higher yields are likely with efficient wells tapping shallow banked water.
No California Title 22 water quality criteria or USEPA Maximum Contaminant Level exceedances in groundwater	Six groundwater samples indicate no water quality criteria exceedances and no detected organic contaminants.
No significant leachable salts remaining in soils (ie long term irrigation has already leached most salts)	The target parcels have been irrigated since at least 1960 and Soil Conservation Service (SCS) data indicate extremely low leachable salt content in soils.
Water Availability	
At least 2 available water sources	The target area can receive SWP water from the California Aqueduct or Owens Valley water from LAA#2.
No California Title 22 water quality criteria or USEPA Maximum Contaminant Level exceedances in source water	SWP water meets quality criteria. Owens Valley water has historically contained arsenic, but levels are now less than 10 ug/l, commonly less than 5 ug/l.
A history of having used the source surface water locally for irrigation purposes with no adverse impact to native groundwater.	SWP water has been used to irrigate the target parcels (and surrounding farms) since 1974 with no degradation of groundwater quality.
Water available over at least 4-months in wet years	Water is available year-round.
Location and Convey	
South of the Bay-Delta Within the service area of a water agency with responsibility for delivering surface water supplies Uphill of the Edmonston Pumping Plant to take advantage	The target parcels are south of the Delta The target parcels are within the service area of AVEK. The target parcels are uphill of Edmonston
of off-peak pumping costs when available Topographically lower than conveyances used to deliver water into the facility to minimize storage costs.	pumping plant. The target parcels are 200 feet topographically lower than the California Aqueduct and 105 feet lower than hydraulic head in LAA#2.
Topographically higher than client agencies that would use the storage to minimize delivery costs.	The target parcels are topographically higher than all of Southern California, Rosamond, Palmdale and Lancaster
Less than 2-miles to at least 2 regional conveyances	The target parcels are immediately adjacent to LAA#2 and within 1-mile of the AVEK West Feeder.
Electrical and gas utility lines available within 1-mile of target properties	The target parcels have electric service and are adjacent to gas service.
Existing wells and piping that could be incorporated into the facility	The target parcels have 10 existing wells that were rehabilitated in 1998 and 4.5-miles of



Criterion	Target Area
	irrigation piping connected to the AVEK West Feeder
At least 200 cfs of wheeling capacity in regional conveyances	LAA#2 has a conveyance capacity of 290 cfs – reverse flow is possible. The AVEK West Feeder has a conveyance capacity of 225 cfs.
Economic Cr	iteria
A CAPEX of no more than \$1,500/AF of annual capacity.	WDS estimates a CAPEX of \$588/AF of capacity.
A present value of CAPEX and OPEX of no more than \$1,500/AF of annual capacity.	WDS estimates a PV of \$811/AF of capacity.
An ability to continue obtaining agricultural revenues from the land through organic farming during non-recharge periods (up to 70% of the time).	The target parcels are currently farmed in carrots and could be converted to organic certification within 3-years.
Environmental and Per	
Well documented historical land use and crop types	The target parcels have well documented use.
No historical land uses that could have left behind leachable concentrations of contaminants that could significantly degrade groundwater when mobilized by recharge operations	WDS has found no evidence of past land uses that would degrade groundwater quality other than typical irrigated farming. Groundwater samples from the most heavily used area show no degradation.
No current or past surrounding land uses that would degrade groundwater quality (1-mile radius)	<ul> <li>WDS has reviewed agency databases and performed drive-through inspections. WDS has <u>not</u> found evidence of: CERCLA sites, Superfund sites, RCRA sites (generators, treatment, storage or disposal), Federally reported spill sites, corrective action sites, leaking underground tank sites, underground tank sites, Department of Defense sites, water or wastewater treatment plants, NPDES discharge points, landfills, Indian reservations, pipeline incidents, toxic pits, cattle dip sites, crop duster runways, mines, PCB sites, TSCA spill sites, permitted air emission sites, manufactured coal gas sites, brownfield sites within 1-mile of the target parcels. Bio-Gro (a biosolids facility) was located ½ mile to the east, but the facility ceased operations in 1996 and was located in the Lancaster Sub-Basin. Groundwater from that area does not flow beneath the target properties.</li> <li>The target parcels are in Kern county which already has several operating water banks. The</li> </ul>
In a county that is familiar with water banks and accepts water banks as compatible with Williamson Act contracts	Kern County assessor has indicated a willingness to consider water banking as compatible with Williamson Act contracts.
No wetlands, or other waters of the US on the target properties	WDS has not found evidence of natural wetlands or other waters of the US on the target parcels.
No federal nexus for a NEPA EIS	WDS has not identified any Federal nexus for NEPA compliance.
On land with no protected habitats or species (i.e. farmland)	The California Natural Diversity Database does not identify any endangered or threatened species in the vicinity of the target parcels.
Political and Land L	Jse Criteria
A local water agency that is willing to be the lead for CEQA, owner and operator	WDS has identified several agencies that believe the Project is needed and feasible.
Local need that is sufficient to entitle the Project within 2- years	The local need is acute. Will-serve letters are no longer being issued to developers.



Criterion	Target Area
No known historical or current opposition to water banking	WDS is not aware of any historical opposition to a
No known historical of current opposition to water banking	project of this type.
	WDS has spoken with surrounding land owners.
Surrounding landowners open to the idea	None have voiced opposition and several are
	vocally in favor of the Project.
Available percels pet significantly sub divided	The subject parcels have not been significantly
Available parcels not significantly sub-divided	sub-divided.

#### Chronology of Work

Date	Activity
	•
Nov 2001	WDS began screening potential project locations through use of GIS.
Jan 2001	WDS selected a 400 square mile area in the west end of the Antelope Valley and compiled information from previous investigations.
Feb 2001	WDS performed site reconnaissance and prepared preliminary cost estimates for 3 alternate locations. WDS met with several land owners.
Mar 2001	WDS selected a target area for field investigation.
Apr 2001	WDS contacted additional land owners, negotiated access agreements, and finalized scope of field work.
May 2001	Layne lithologically logged 17 backhoe trenches that were 11 to 15 feet deep (12.4 feet average), performed sieve analyses on 51 soil samples (3, 6 and 9 feet, bgs), and performed 16 infiltration tests that ranged from 1.5 to 23 hours (14.6 hour average).
June 2002	WDS interpreted soils data using US Salinity Laboratory software Rosetta and used GIS to correlate results to Soil Conservation Service (now Natural Resource Conservation Service) soil types.
May 2002	WDS reviewed assessor parcel data, soil types, land uses, habitat data and selected a short list of potential target parcels. WDS contacted land owners.
June 2002 through May 2003	WDS performed preliminary cost estimation, financial analysis, comparables analysis, fatal flaw analysis and negotiations with various land owners.
June 2003	Layne sampled 2 irrigation wells on the target parcels and analyzed samples for Title 22 parameters and major ions.
July 2003	WDS made presentation to AVEK board.
July-August 2003	Layne advanced 3 borings to 398, 438 and 478 feet, bgs; E-logged each boring, collected formation samples at 5-foot intervals, collected 24 soil samples for sieve analyses and collected 4 borehole water samples (2 filtered and 2 unfiltered) for Title 22 and major ion analyses.
August 2003	WDS completed the fatal flaw analysis and prepared a development plan.
November 2003	WDS made presentation to the Antelope Valley State Water Contractors Association (AVSWCA).
December 2003	WDS continued to refine comparables analysis and the development plan.
January 2004	WDS made presentations to Palmdale Water District and Littlerock Creek Irrigation District. WDS submitted a detailed document in response to AVSWCA questions.
February through April 2004	WDS performed revised cost and wheeling capacity analyses under slightly different parcel configurations.
May 2004	WDS met with the general managers of AVEK, Palmdale WD and Littlerock Creek ID.
June 2004	WDS submitted a draft letter of intent to the AVSWCA.
July 2004	WDS held individual discussions with AVEK, Palmdale WD and Littlerock Creek ID regarding the draft LOI.
August 2004	WDS made a presentation to Rosamond Community Service District and met with Palmdale WD and Littlerock Creek ID.
September 2004	WDS met with the AVSWCA. During that meeting a committee was assigned to review the Project.

## Table 5: Chronology of Work



Date	Activity
October 2004	WDS met with the AVSWCA water bank committee and with the Los Angeles Department of Public Works (LADPW).
November 2004	WDS met with the LADPW, the Farm Bureau, the Builders Industry Association and Kern County Board of Supervisors.

The remainder of this report presents the findings and WDS interpretations from the work listed above.





## Location, Jurisdictional Boundaries and Zoning

The target area includes 1,629 acres of farm land that are irrigated by both groundwater and AVEK surface water. The target parcels are in an entirely agricultural area. There are no known past or current adjacent land uses that would have significantly degraded groundwater quality aside from normal farm operations. Bio-Grow (a bio-solids facility) was located ½ mile to the south-east. However, that facility ceased operations in 1996 and was in the Lancaster Sub-Basin. USGS and DWR studies indicate that groundwater from that area does not flow beneath the target parcels. On-site sampling has confirmed that there has not been groundwater quality degradation.

#### **Location and Setting**

The target area includes 10 parcels totaling 1,629 acres (2.5 square miles). Figures 1 through 3 depict the locations of the target parcels in the Neenach Sub-Basin of the west end of the Antelope Valley of Kern County, California. The parcels are located in the surface water service area of AVEK and include two 18 inch turnouts from the AVEK West Feeder. The target parcels are approximately 10-miles west of Rosamond, 23-miles northwest of Palmdale and 17-miles northwest of Lancaster. The land is currently farmed in carrots, onions and grain. The land is bordered by the following features:

- To the west: 170<sup>th</sup> Street West (underlain by LAA#2);
- To the north: an unpaved farm road;
- To the east: 150<sup>th</sup> Street West (unpaved); and
- To the south: Avenue A (the Los Angeles Kern County Line).

The area is bounded by the Tehachapi Mountains to the north and the San Andreas Rift Zone to the south. The valley floor slopes from northwest to southeast with an elevation drop of 95 feet from 2,690 feet above mean sea level (feet, msl) at the northwest corner to 2,595 feet, msl at the southeast corner. Antelope Valley is arid, averaging <10 inches of rain per year. Natural aquifer recharge is insignificant and this area is considered the western extreme of the Mojave Desert. The target parcels are located in the following administrative areas:

- Not incorporated;
- AVEK surface water service area;
- South Lahontan basin of the Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board;
- The Antelope Valley Groundwater Basin (USGS Basin1699);
- DWR basin 6-44 (9626.400004), Antelope Hydrologic Unit 626;
- DWR Detail Analysis Unit (DAU) 305;
- Fairmont Butte Quadrangle;
- Zoning and Case Maps 233, 232; and
- Assessor Map Books 261 and 359.

#### Nearby Land Uses

The target parcels are in an unincorporated rural area with the surrounding land uses:



- Immediately west: active row crop farm land with a homestead;
- Immediately north: active row crop land and historically farmed, but currently fallow land;
- Immediately east: active row crop land, a homestead and historically farmed, but currently fallow land; and
- Immediately south: historically farmed, but currently fallow land.

Other nearby land uses within a 10-mile radius are as follows:

- Bio-Gro (a bio-solids facility) was located ½ mile to the southeast within the Lancaster Sub-Basin. That facility ceased operations in 1996 and as detailed in a following section, numerous USGS and DWR studies indicate that groundwater does not flow from that area towards the target parcels due to the intervening Neenach Fault and significant groundwater pumping centers further to the east;
- The target parcels are transacted southeast to northwest by a Southern California Edison transmission line;
- The Skyotee Ranch Airport (private, dirt runway) is 1-mile to the northeast;
- Willow Springs is 6-miles to the northeast;
- Willow Springs Butte and Willow Springs Raceway are 7-miles to the northeast
- Rosamond is 10-miles to the east;
- Antelope Acres is 8-miles to the southeast;
- The Antelope Valley State Poppy Preserve (Antelope Buttes) is 4-miles to the south;
- Fairmont is 6-miles to the south; and
- Neenach is 10-miles to the southwest.

All other land within a 10-mile radius is farmland, rural homesteads or native desert land. WDS performed a review of regulatory agency databases and did not find any documentation of the following types of sites within a 1-mile radius of the target parcels:

- No locations with earthquake epicenters exceeding a magnitude of 6 on the Richter Scale;
- No perennial water (1-mile radius);
- No CERCLA or Superfund sites (NPL or non-NPL);
- No RCRA large or small quantity generators of hazardous waste;
- No RCRA treatment, storage or disposal sites;
- No RCRA sites undergoing corrective action;
- No federally reported spill sites;
- No Department of Defense or Department of Energy managed sites;
- No Indian reservations;
- No State reported underground storage tank or leaking underground storage tank sites;
- No State reported hazardous waste, toxic spill, toxic pit, solid waste, voluntary cleanup or hazardous substance container sites;
- No mines;
- No federally reported PCB sites;
- No TSCA spill sites;
- No state or federally permitted air emission sites;
- No manufactured coal gas sites; and
- No brown field sites.



#### **Nearby Water Features**

As indicated above, there are no perennial water bodies within a 1-mile radius of the target parcels. The parcels have been levelled and do not include any natural drainages. However, the following natural and man-made water features are located within a 10-mile radius of the target parcels (Figures 1 through 4):

- LAA#2 is immediately adjacent to the west side of the target parcels beneath 170<sup>th</sup> Street West. LAA#2 is a 120- inch diameter, underground, steel pipeline installed in 1970 by the LADWP to convey water from the Owens Valley to Los Angeles. The pipeline typically operates under 52 psi of pressure and has a conveyance capacity of 290 cfs;
- LAA#1 is 3.9 miles north, 8.8 miles west and 7.4 miles south. LAA#1 is a 132 inch diameter, partially underground, steel pipeline installed in 1913 by the LADWP to convey water from the Owens Valley to Los Angeles. The pipeline has a conveyance capacity of 485 cfs;
- The AVEK West Feeder is 1-mile east. The West Feeder is a 33" to 60" inch diameter, underground, steel pipeline installed by AVEK to convey SWP water from the California Aqueduct (Turnout 20A) to Rosamond and farmers. The pipeline has a conveyance capacity of 225 cfs;
- The East Branch of the California Aqueduct is 7-miles south. The Aqueduct is a concrete lined canal that was constructed (in this area) by the DWR to carry surface water from the Bay-Delta to contractors of the SWP. In this area the aqueduct has a capacity of 2,010 cfs;
- WDS is aware of 24 wells within a 1-mile radius of the target parcels. Of this total, 10 wells are located on the target parcels. The wells are used for irrigation;
- WDS is aware of 60 wells near or down-gradient of the target parcels within the Neenach Sub-Basin. Of this total, 10 wells are located on the target parcels. An additional 12 wells are known within the Sub-Basin, but they are up-gradient and more than 9-miles to the west of the target parcels;
- WDS is aware of 238 wells in the Lancaster Sub-Basin within 10-miles of the target parcels (to the east and south); 25 wells in the Willow Spring Sub-Basin within 10-miles of the target parcels (to the northeast);
- Kings Canyon Percolation Basins are 6.5-miles to the southwest;
- Fairmont Reservoir (general dry) is 7.9-miles to the south;
- Holiday Lake is 8.3-miles to the west (man-made);
- Bean Spring is 5.3-miles to the northeast;
- Mud Spring is 7.4-miles to the south;
- Indian Spring is 8.7-miles to the southeast;
- The terminus of the distributary channel of ephemeral Cottonwood Creek is 1-mile north; and
- Several unnamed ephemeral drainages are 1-3 miles northwest and southwest.

As indicated on Figure 5 (which is a Landsat 7 image), the target parcels are located within the historical distributary fan of Cottonwood Creek.



#### **Regulatory Jurisdiction**

Agencies that control land and water use in the target area include the following (Figure 3):

- AVEK (delivery of surface water and use of the West Feeder);
- LADWP (use of LAA#1 and LAA#2);
- California Superior Court for Riverside County (to rule on the Diamond and Bolthouse lawsuits);
- California Superior Court for Riverside County (to rule on the LADPW adjudication filing);
- Kern County Assessor Office (land use zoning and Williamson Act);
- Kern County Department of Roads (right of way);
- Kern County Board of Supervisors (exportation of groundwater);
- Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board (South Lahontan Basin);
- DWR (wheeling in the California Aqueduct); and
- California Department of Fish & Game (habitat and wildlife protection).

The target parcels are zoned Zone A FPS - Exclusive Agriculture (floodplain secondary combining). Uses in this A district are limited to agriculture and other compatible activities, including water storage and ground water recharge facilities. Two of the parcels (totalling 640 acres) are enrolled in the Williamson Act as agricultural preserves.



## **Property Description**

The target parcels have been farmed since at least 1960 and are currently leased to Peter Rabbit Farms to cultivate onions, carrots and grain. The parcels include 10 wells, 4.5-miles of irrigation piping connected to the AVEK feeder, four work shops and two residences. Two parcels totaling 640-acres are encumbered with Williamson Act contracts. WDS believes that there would be legal, contractual and economic factors ensuring that the Project has a right to storage space and would be protected from "theft" of stored water – as long as the Project owns the overlying property. WDS did not identify any regulatory issues that would be fatal to use of the target parcels for water banking and it is likely that permitting requirements would be minimal. WDS did not identify any fatal flaw environmental conditions that would prevent use of the target parcels for recharge, storage or recovery of water. One typical domestic trash pit was found. Underlying soils should be sampled and the trash removed prior to use of the site for recharge. No contaminants were detected in groundwater.

#### **Current and Historic Land Uses**

The following summarizes acreages, improvements and current uses of the target parcels.

APN TRS	Acres	Prime Farmland?	Improvements	2004 Use
26119609 T9NR15WS25	318	Yes	Deep ripped to 35" in 2000, leveled with soil amendments, 1 well (sampled by WDS), transected by power line, AVEK service	Onions
35904101 T9NR14WS30	40	Yes	Deep ripped to 35" in 2004	Fallow
35904112 T9NR14WS30	160	Yes	Farmed since at least 1960, deep ripped to 35", leveled with soil amendments, 2 wells (1 sampled by WDS), old above ground fuel distribution structure, storm water collection pond, buried 18" steel irrigation piping, AVEK service, electric service	Carrots
26119611 T9NR15WS25	160	Yes	Farmed since at least 1960, deep ripped to 35", leveled with soil amendments, 1 well, 1 tailwater pond, transected by power line, equipment storage area, 1 worker residence, 1 work shed, buried 12" irrigation piping, AVEK service, electric service, telephone service	Carrots
35904111 T9NR14WS30	160	Yes	Farmed since at least 1960, deep ripped to 35", leveled with soil amendments, met station, 1 tailwater pond, buried 12" PVC irrigation piping, AVEK service, electric service	Carrots
35904117 T9NR14WS31	157	Yes	Farmed since at least 1960, deep ripped to 35", leveled with soil amendments, 1 well, 1 tailwater pond, buried 12" to 18" steel irrigation piping, AVEK service, electric service	Grain
35904118 T9NR14WS31	153	Yes	Farmed since at least 1960, deep ripped to 35", leveled with soil amendments, 2 wells, 2 tail water ponds, transected by power line, 2 work shops, 12" steel irrigation piping, AVEK service, electric service, telephone service.	Grain
26119604	160	Yes	Farmed since at least 1960, deep ripped to 35",	Carrots

 Table 6: Current Use Summary



APN TRS	Acres	Prime Farmland?	Improvements	2004 Use
T9NR15WS36			transected by power line, 1 tail water pond, 1 well, AVEK service, electric service.	
26119602 T9NR15WS36	202	Yes	Farmed since at least 1960, deep ripped to 35", leveled with soil amendments, transected by power line, 1 well, 1 residence, buried 12" steel irrigation piping, AVEK service, electric service, telephone service	Grain
26119603 T9NR15WS36	120	Yes	Farmed since at least 1960, deep ripped to 35", leveled with soil amendments, equipment storage area, 1 well, 1 work shop. Household refuse pit next to shop, electric service, AVEK service	Grain
Total	1,629	Yes	10 wells, 4 work shops, 2 residences	Onions, grain, carrots

TRS: Township/Range/Section

Prime Farmland: Defined in 2002 by the Ca Department of Conservation, Division Of Land Resource Protection

WDS reviewed aerial photographs from 1961, 1965, 1968, 1994, 2000 and 2003 (Landsat 7). That review confirmed that, with the exception of 1 parcel (APN 26119609), the land has been in agricultural use since at least 1960. Figure 4 depicts current target parcel conditions.

#### **Leases and Contracts**

As previously indicated, 2 parcels totalling 640-acreas are encumbered with Williamson Act contracts which afford the property owner lower taxes, but require that the land remain in agricultural use (or fallow). Cancellation of Williamson Act contracts would increase property taxes by up to 75% and would include a Kern County fee equal to 12.5% of the property value. However, the County may consider alternation of water banking and farming within basins to be compatible with the Williamson Act – thus avoiding cancellation fees and higher taxes. If this approach were pursued, organic farming techniques would be preferred to ensure that agrichemicals are not mobilized during recharge events. The property is Zoned A. Kern County includes water banking as an acceptable land use in this zone.

The target parcels are currently leased to Peter Rabbit Farms, with the exception of parcel 35904101.

#### Water Facilities

The target parcels include 10 irrigation wells (with 2 historically abandoned wells) and two 12" to 18" diameter, buried steel and PVC pipelines which deliver surface water from the AVEK West Feeder (Figure 4). Well details are summarized on the following table and the locations of the wells and farmer owned pipelines are depicted on Figure 4.



		Table 7: W	/ell Details		
USGS Well Number	Installation Date	Depth (feet) Diameter (in)	Yield	Water Levels (ft, bgs)	Driller Log
T9NR15W-25D (Destroyed)	1946	148'(?) 8" Perf: 153-344'		227' in 1948 264' in 1956 Dry in 1957 Dry in 1962	70': sand 100': sand & gravel 130': sand and boulders 160': gravel 290': sand & gravel 220': boulders & gravel 245': sand & gravel 275': gravel & clay 300': clay 344': gravel & clay Log by F Rottman Drilling
"Field Well" T9NR15W-25F Sampled 06/03	1977 Rehabilitated in 1998	850' 14"	94' drawdown @ 800 gpm 112' drawdown @ 1,000 gpm	358' in 1977	10': clay w/ silt 60': sand w/ gravel 95': sand 250': sand w/ clay
T9NR15W-25R	1965 Rehabilitated in 1998	780' 14"	28' drawdown @ 1,500 gpm 35' drawdown @ 1,700 gpm 37' drawdown @ 1,850 gpm 45' drawdown @ 2,150 gpm	280' in 1965	Not available
T9NR14W-31D May be tracked as T9N14W- 30N in DWR database	Unknown, rehabilitated in 1998	14"	At least 1,000 gpm	342' in 1986	Not available
T9NR14W-31M	1963 Rehabilitated in 1998	713' 14" Perf: 347-713'	50' drawdown @ 1,200 gpm	204' in 1963 240' in 1968	20': sand & silty clay 95': sand & gravel 218': sand, gravel & streaks of clay 225': sand 518': sand w/ clay streaks 580': sand w/ clay streaks 694': sand w/ clay streaks 713': clay Log by Evans Brothers Drilling
T9NR14W-31L	Unknown, rehabilitated in 1998	Unknown	At least 1,100 gpm	Unknown	Not available
"Station Well" T9NR14W-30K Sampled 06/03	1891, replaced in 1960, rehabilitated in 1998	255' deepened to 703' 7" increased to 14" Perf: 340-703'	56' drawdown at 1,170 gpm	180' in 1908 267' in 1961	10': soil 15: sand & gravel 29:sand & gravel 35': sand & gravel w/ streaks of clay 68': sand & boulders 109': sand, gravel, clay, rocks 182': sand & gravel w/ streaks of clay 190: sand 204': sand with thin streaks of sandy



USGS Well Number	Installation Date	Depth (feet) Diameter (in)	Yield	Water Levels (ft, bgs)	Driller Log
					clay 230': gravel & sand 247': clay 300': sand & clay 352': Clay w/ sand 356': sand 440': clay w/ sand 445': sand w/ streaks of clay 550': clay w/ sand 590': clay w/ sand 590': clay, sandy 600': boulders 610': clay, sandy 703': clay w/ sand streaks Log by Evans Brothers Drilling
T9NR14W-30R	Unknown, rehabilitated in 1998	Unknown	At least 1,100 gpm	Unknown	Not available
T9NR15W-36C	Unknown, rehabilitated in 1998	Unknown	At least 1,300 gpm	Unknown	Not available
T9NR15W-36E	Unknown, rehabilitated in 1998	811'	8' drawdown at 2,000 gpm	224' in 1969	Not available
T9NR15W-36K	Unknown, rehabilitated in 1998	850'	5' drawdown at 1,800 gpm	290' in 1974	Not available
T9NR14W-30H No longer present	Unknown, was observed in 1962	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown	Unknown

#### Storage Rights

#### **Background**

In the early 1900's the water table beneath the Project area was 100 to 200 feet below ground surface. However, agricultural pumpage lowered the water table until AVEK began importing SWP surface water in 1974 (causing a decrease in groundwater pumpage). Water levels stabilized in the mid-1980s as depicted on Figure 8.

The water table now averages 341 feet below ground surface, with seasonal irrigation season declines of 5 to 20 feet. The Project would store imported surface water in dewatered space above the current water table. Some of the recharged water would migrate laterally from beneath project owned land to beneath surrounding properties owned by others, raising the water table beneath those properties. Two issues of concern are as follows:

- Would the Project have the right to storage space beneath adjacent properties?
- What would prevent others from recovering stored water in advance of the Project?



The following sections analyze the legal, contractual and economic factors surrounding these issues. It should be noted that this analysis is predicated on the assumption that the Project would only proceed if it is developed with the knowledge, consent and cooperation of surrounding agencies and landowners and that the rights of each party would be contractually defined in advance of construction (based on templates from other successful Kern County water banks).

#### Legal Issues

Rights to underground storage space and stored water are not defined in California statutes or local ordinances. However, legal precedents have been used to establish the following rights for other successful water banks:

- Storage space in an aquifer is a shared asset that all overlying landowners have a right to use. Courts have ruled that a land owner may not exclude a second land owner from using aquifer storage space as long as the use of this space is not to the detriment of the first land owner;
- Public agencies have a right to import water, store it underground and recover a similar amount (less reasonable losses);
- Recharge, underground storage and recovery operations can be performed by water agencies that otherwise have no statutory authority to manage groundwater; and
- Adjacent landowners are not restricted from reasonable beneficial use of groundwater and are not required to stay within historical usage. Consistent with correlative groundwater rights, the rule is avoidance of mutual harm, typically defined as maintaining withdrawals below the basin's safe yield (absent water banking operations).

Regarding the last item, the water level record (Figure 8) demonstrates that the Neenach Sub-basin was in overdraft until SWP water was imported, decreasing groundwater pumpage. If an adjacent landowner were to significantly increase groundwater pumpage to take advantage of water stored by the Project, the adjacent landowner could be sued for adversely affecting the Project. The basis of the suit would be three-fold:

- The adjacent landowner has caused project recovery costs to increase (by lowering the water table);
- The adjacent landowner has taken surface water owned and stored by the Project. Water stored for the Project would have an identified end user. While the timing of recovery for use by that end user may not be defined, the stored water is effectively allocated and cannot be included within the basin water balance; and
- The adjacent landowner has exceeded the safe yield of the basin (absent the Project). It should be noted that this last basis has little weight in an un-adjudicated basin where there is no specific requirement that overdraft be prevented.

The following is a synopsis of the case history.

*City of Los Angeles v. City of Glendale (23 Cal. 2d 68, 76-77, 132 P.2d 573, 1943)* California Water Code Section 7075 states, "...water which has been appropriated may be turned into the channel of another stream, mingled with its water, and then reclaimed; but in reclaiming it the water already appropriated by another shall not be diminished." The Court



extended provisions of Section 7075 to include addition and withdrawal of water to/from an underground basin. However, the Court did not distinguish between the rights to storage space and the rights to recover water.

#### The City of Los Angeles v. City of San Fernando (14 Cal. 3d 199, 1975)

The California Supreme Court upheld the1943 ruling, but clarified various issues as follows. The City of Los Angeles claimed rights to groundwater it had imported and recharged into the basin. The Court upheld the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (DWP) right to import and store water underground despite the DWP's lack of any statutory authority to manage groundwater, stating, "...an undivided right to a quantity of water in the ground reservoir equal to the net amount by which the reservoir is augmented by [imported water]." The court did not require compensation for use of storage space subject only to the limitation that storage and withdrawals do not harm other legal users.

# Niles Sand and Gravel Company, Inc. v. Alameda County Water District (37 Cal. App. 3d 924, 112 Cal. Rptr., 1975, cert. Denied 419 U.S. 869, 1975)

The water district had recharged imported water, raising the water table in the vicinity of the gravel company's excavations. The gravel company had historically established a right to pump groundwater and commenced to dewater their pits. The Court held that the water district had the right to store water in the natural underground storage space without compensation to the gravel company and to prevent the gravel company from taking the stored water. Several analysts have concluded that water district storage rights allowed by this case are limited to those that can be used without detriment to reasonable beneficial uses of the overlying land.

Chapter 268 of the California Statutes of 1985 (authored by Senator Ruben Ayala, signed by the governor in July 1985) now California Water Code Section 11258 This Section expressly authorizes the DWR to use groundwater storage space south of the Sacramento-San Joaquin Delta to provide yield for the SWP. The Project would likely store SWP water and would likely be owned/operated by a SWP contractor(s). Therefore, while this section of California Water Code is not directly applicable to the Project, it is evidence of consistency with DWR objectives.

#### Katz v. Walkinshaw (141 Cal. 116, 1903)

The California Supreme Court established the Doctrine of Correlative Rights. Each overlying landowner was entitled to make reasonable beneficial use of groundwater with a priority equal to all other overlying users. These rights are not quantified or prioritized by historic use. The only limitations are "reasonable beneficial use" and mutual avoidance of harm. Mutual avoidance of harm is usually defined as not exceeding the safe-yield of the basin. The beneficial use provision is defined in Article X, 2 of the California Constitution.

#### Economic Issues

As detailed in the previous section, the operator of the Project would have the right to store water underground and could sue others who might "steal" the stored water to the detriment of the Project. In reality, legal action has not been required on other recent projects because there are overriding benefits to farmers that cooperate with water banks in managing groundwater levels. This section details these very real economic benefits and provides examples from other water banks in Kern County.



Before entering into a discussion of project benefits to surrounding farmers, it is important to note that the Project would (as with other projects of this kind), enter into an operating agreement with surrounding entities (other agencies and/or land owners) that would dictate the following:

- A percentage of imported water that would be left in the aquifer (i.e. may not be recovered by the Project) to help restore water levels and benefit local pumpers. This percentage, based on local hydrogeologic conditions, usually ranges from 5% to 10% of all imported water;
- A requirement that the Project may not "take out loans" in anticipation of future recharge. In other words, the Project may only recover volumes that have already been recharged (less loss to the aquifer);
- Monitoring of recharge water quality, with criteria for shut-down if quality is unacceptable;
- Water level monitoring in perimeter wells, with criteria for shut-down if levels rise above or decline below "red-line" levels;
- Pre-specified conditions under which farmers would be compensated if their pumping costs increase as a consequence of bank operations; and
- Agreement that farmers would not mine water recharged and stored for the Project.

These agreements ensure that project and farm operations are adjusted before damage occurs. Layered on top of these protections, adjacent pumpers are afforded access to shallower groundwater levels which, if managed wisely, significantly reduce long-term operating costs. While there would appear to be a temptation for pumpers to not enter into these agreements and increase their irrigated acreages to take advantage of this low-cost water, pumpers do not act on this temptation for the following economic reason. The Project has a legal right to and would eventually recover a volume of water equal to that which was recharged (less aguifer losses) - regardless of the fate of the originally recharged water. If the originally recharged water has been extracted by others (and water table levels have dropped back to pre-project levels), the Project would pump its allowed volume and cause the water table to drop even further – below pre-project levels (and increasing pumping costs for both the Project and farmers). While recovery would be more expensive for the Project than would be the case if the surrounding farmers cooperate, the costs are still easily affordable to the Project. Whereas farmer profit margins are narrower and generally cannot absorb the long term pumping cost increase – causing the new irrigated acreage to fall back out of use. This scenario is depicted on Figures 9 and 10 (please note, these figures are presented for illustrative purposes only and are not based on rigorous modeling of actual operations).

The green line on Figure 9 depicts the depth to water under the current level of agricultural activity (absent the Project). As indicated on Figure 10, groundwater pumping costs average \$81/AF under these conditions. The blue line on Figure 9 depicts how the depth to water would vary if agricultural activity stays relatively consistent with current conditions and the Project is implemented. As indicated, the water table would rise during recharge years and decline during recovery years, but would stay above current conditions due to the percentage of water left behind for aquifer recovery. As depicted on Figure 10, under this scenario pumping costs would range from \$41/AF to \$78/AF with a long term average of \$55/AF. The

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red line on Figure 9 depicts how the depth to water would vary if irrigated acreages were increased to take advantage of cheap water caused by project recharge. As indicated, there would be an initial rise in the water table, but it would be offset by increased agricultural pumpage and the basin would go into overdraft when combined with project recovery operations. As indicated on Figure 10, there would be a short-term decrease in pumping costs, but within a few years, costs would rise above \$81/AF, eventually rising as high as \$133/AF.

Scenario	Range of Pumping Costs (\$/AF)	Long-Term Average Pumping Cost (\$/AF)
Current agriculture	\$79 - \$84	\$81
Current agriculture and Project	\$41 - \$78	\$55
Expanded agriculture and Project	\$53 - \$133	\$94

Table 8: Summary of Pumping Costs Under Various Scenarios	
(For illustrative purposes only)	

The clear lesson from this analysis is that it would not pay for an adjacent farmer to bring more land into production. Conversely, if adjacent farmers work in conjunction with the Project, recognizing that the imported water is owned by others, they would benefit from an average 32% decrease in pumping costs. Farmers surrounding other water banks have understood this issue, cooperated with the water banks and benefited accordingly as depicted on Figures 8 through 10.

#### Contractual Issues

As indicated in the previous section, operating agreements protect rights of the Project participants and adjacent entities. To elaborate, the water bank authority enters into a contract with surrounding agencies that defines baseline conditions, how the aquifer would be monitored, circumstances under which operations would be altered and conditions under which damage would be reimbursed. The Kern Water Bank Authority (KWBA) Memorandum of Understanding (MOU) with numerous surrounding agencies is the prime template upon which most of these agreements are based. A key element of the MOU structure is to provide flexibility for adjustment - but only through consensus amongst members of a Monitoring Committee that includes the adjacent agencies and landowners. The "golden rule" for participation in these MOUs is to abstain from actions that would make conditions worse, absent the Project. Dramatic increases in groundwater pumpage by an adjacent farmer would certainly lower the water table below current levels absent the Project and therefore, these operating agreement form the basis for prohibiting unchecked expansion of irrigation, including monitoring, decision making, dispute resolution and compensation in the event the "golden rule" is broken. These agreements in no way limit a farmer's right to use his land in any fashion that would have occurred absent the Project and, as detailed above and below, there are significant benefits for those farmers that participate in these agreements.

In addition to operating agreements, water banks commonly enter into specific contracts with individual farmers in which 2-way piping is installed from the water bank to the farmer's well(s). In wet years the water bank makes inexpensive water available to the farmer at a

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price that is less than that of groundwater pumpage. This in-lieu delivery causes a like amount of water to be banked in the aquifer (less loss). In dry years, the water bank would have the right to use the farmer's well to recover banked water, but only if the farmer does not need the well during that same period. Benefits for the Project and the farmer are as follows:

#### Benefits to the Farmer

- The Project pays for all new piping and contributes to the cost of maintaining the well;
- The Project periodically makes water available at prices below the pumping costs of groundwater;
- The farmer maintains ownership and a first right to use the well;
- The Project typically pays a fee to the farmer when the well is used for recovery;
- The agreement does not in any way change or diminish the farmer's right to pump groundwater (and under adjudication the surface water delivery is tracked as equal to groundwater pumpage);

#### Benefits to the Project

- Reduction of capital costs associated with drilling new wells and extending the power grid; and
- Expansion of banking capacity through in-lieu deliveries to farmers (conjunctive use).

In summary, there are significant legal, economic and contractual reasons why adjacent farmers would not dramatically increase irrigation and "steal" water being stored for the Project. The key factors, proven valid at 12 other water banks in Kern County, are:

- The Project would have a legal right to store water in the aquifer beneath adjacent properties. Adjacent landowners may not hinder the Project's efforts if they do not damage those landowners;
- The Project would retain legal ownership of water stored in the subsurface and could sue to maintain that water in storage;
- Expansion of irrigation to take advantage of shallow water levels would take the basin into overdraft and ultimately increase pumping costs by more than 50%. Conversely, landowners continuing to farm at levels that have been proven sustainable would experience a 32% average reduction in pumping costs;
- Farmers that cooperate with the Project and enter into operating agreements would periodically receive surface water at costs below that of groundwater pumpage; would receive payments for periodic use of their wells (when not needed by the farmers); and would receive payments to help maintain the wells.

#### Groundwater Entitlements, Water Balance, Law Suits and Adjudication

The Antelope Valley and its Sub-Basins are not currently adjudicated. As a consequence the owner of the property has the right, by California law, to pump groundwater as desired for reasonable overlying use. Reasonable uses include agriculture, industrial, and municipal (residential) use. Unreasonable uses would include pumping excess water purely to establish a higher record of consumptive use. The historical record of groundwater pumpage can be important in several situations as follows:



- In the event that the basin is adjudicated, the historical record of pumpage would likely form the basis for the land owner's water right; and
- If new land owner wished to convert the land to a non-agricultural use (e.g. a housing development), the CEQA process would likely be used by Kern County to limit the amount of consumptive use of groundwater to historical levels or the estimated safe yield of the basin if the land has been fallow.

The Kern County Groundwater Management Ordinance (enacted 1998) requires a conditional use permit for export of native groundwater (with the exception of bottled water) and cannot exceed natural recharge. To-date, no permits have been issued to transfer native groundwater out of the county. Therefore, it is common practice to assume that Kern County groundwater cannot be transferred off the overlying land except for use in the immediate vicinity for similar uses.

The target parcels are served by 10 irrigation wells and two turnouts from the AVEK West Feeder. Table 9 summarizes AVEK surface water deliveries since 1998. The wells are not metered, therefore, Table 9 summarizes estimated groundwater pumpage (applied water), consumptive use (evapotranspiration of applied water, ETAW) and deep percolation based on the recent crop history. As indicated, WDS estimates that an average of 5,076 AF/year of water is applied to the target parcels, of which 28% (1,440 AF) is imported SWP water (although significant deliveries have not been made since 2001) with the remaining 3,636 AF being supplied by groundwater pumpage. WDS estimates that on-average this operation results in a gain of 434 AF to the aquifer through deep percolation of SWP water. The estimates presented on Table 9 are based on DWR draft estimates of applied water and evapotranspiration for specific crop types in DAU 305 with an underlying assumption that precipitation contributes negligible available water to crops during the growing season.



## Table 9: Estimated Target Parcel Water Balance Net Farmable Acres

Hot I alline							
Year	Alfalfa	Carrots	Grain	Onions	Potatoes	Fallow	Total
1998	0	152	1,056	0	0	340	1,549
1999	453	755	0	0	0	340	1,549
2000	453	905	0	0	152	38	1,549
2001	605	302	0	603	0	38	1,549
2002	605	306	297	302	0	38	1,549
2003	453	0	599	458	0	38	1,549
2004	0	608	600	302	0	38	1,549

#### Estimated Evapotranspiration (AF/yr), approx. Evapotranspiration of Applied Water

Year	Alfalfa	Carrots	Grain	Onions	Potatoes	Fallow	Total
1998	0	228	1,479	0	0	0	1,707
1999	2,651	1,397	0	0	0	0	4,048
2000	2,855	1,992	0	0	502	0	5,348
2001	3,540	559	0	905	0	0	5,004
2002	3,540	566	491	453	0	0	5,050
2003	2,651	0	989	687	0	0	4,327
2004	0	1,125	991	453	0	0	2,569

#### Estimated Applied Water (AF/yr)

Lotinutea	Applica H		,				
Year	Alfalfa	Carrots	Grain	Onions	Potatoes	Fallow	Total
1998	0	220	1,479	0	0	0	1,699
1999	3,285	1,828	0	0	0	0	5,113
2000	3,693	3,069	0	0	772	0	7,534
2001	4,387	731	0	1,119	0	0	6,237
2002	4,387	740	614	560	0	0	6,302
2003	3,285	0	1,238	849	0	0	5,373
2004	0	1,471	1,240	560	0	0	3,272

#### Estimated Deep Percolation (AF/yr)

Year	Alfalfa	Carrots	Grain	Onions	Potatoes	Fallow	Total
1998	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	634	430	0	0	0	0	1,065
2000	838	1,077	0	0	271	0	2,186
2001	847	172	0	214	0	0	1,234
2002	847	174	123	107	0	0	1,252
2003	634	0	249	163	0	0	1,046
2004	0	347	249	107	0	0	703

#### AVEK Deliveries (AF/yr)

Year	Alfalfa	Carrots	Grain	Onions	Potatoes	Fallow	Total
1998	0	253	1,696	0	0	0	1,949
1999	1,847	1,028	0	0	0	0	2,875
2000	1,267	1,053	0	0	265	0	2,584
2001	1,600	267	0	408	0	0	2,274
2002	125	21	17	16	0	0	179
2003	287	0	108	74	0	0	470
2004	0	0	0	0	0	0	0

#### Estimated Groundwater Pumpage (AF/yr)

Year	Alfalfa	Carrots	Grain	Onions	Potatoes	Fallow	Total
1998	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
1999	1,438	800	0	0	0	0	2,238
2000	2,427	2,017	0	0	507	0	4,950
2001	2,788	465	0	711	0	0	3,963
2002	4,263	719	597	544	0	0	6,123
2003	2,998	0	1,130	775	0	0	4,903
2004	0	1,471	1,240	560	0	0	3,272

Average applied water	5,076
Average consumptive use:	4,008
Average groundwater pumpage	3,636
Average deep percolation	1,069
Average % AVEK	41%
Average imported recharge	434



#### **Regulatory Compliance and Limitations on Future Use**

#### Waste, Underground Tanks and Other Potential Environmental Liabilities

WDS did not identify any fatal flaw environmental conditions that would prevent use of the target parcels for recharge, storage or recovery of water. One typical domestic trash pit was found. Underlying soils should be sampled and the trash removed prior to use of the site for recharge.

WDS performed several drive-through visual inspections of the target parcels, collected 6 groundwater samples for Title 22 analyses (2 from irrigation wells and 4 from undeveloped boreholes), advanced 17 exploratory trenches, performed an agency database review and submitted a detailed environmental questionnaire to the current property owner. Findings were as follows:

- No contaminants detected in irrigation wells: Wells T9NR15W-25F and T9NR14W-30K were sampled on June 10, 2003 by Layne. The unfiltered samples were analyzed for Title 22 parameters plus major ions. As detailed on Table 16, results were as follows:
  - o Nitrate: 2.3-2.5 mg/l (CA MCL: 10-45 mg/l);
  - Total dissolved solids (TDS): 180-210 mg/l (CA SMCL: 500-1,000);
  - Total organic carbon: <0.7 mg/l;
  - Arsenic: <2.0 ug/l;</li>
  - Chromium: 9.7-16 ug/l (CA MCL: 50 ug/l);
  - Lead: <5 ug/l;</li>
  - Selenium: <5 ug/l;</li>
  - Volatile organic compounds: non-detect;
  - Semi-volatile organic compounds: non-detect;
  - PCBs: non-detect;
  - o Herbicides: non-detect;
  - Pesticides: non-detect;
  - Gross alpha: 3.1-6.56 pCi/l (CA MCL: 15 pCi/l);
  - o Diquat: non-detect; and
  - Asbestos: non-detect.
- No contaminants detected in groundwater samples from undeveloped boreholes: Borings B-3 and B-4 (Figure 4) were sampled on July 25 and August 1, 2003, respectively, by Layne. Each sample was divided into an unfiltered and a filtered aliquot. The unfiltered aliquot was analyzed for inorganic Title 22 parameters and major ions. The filtered aliquot was analyzed for a select sub-set of parameters. As summarized below (and detailed in Table 16) slightly elevated concentrations of arsenic, chromium and lead were detected in the unfiltered aliquots. However, these analytes were not detected in the filtered analytes which removed significant levels of suspended formation material and drilling mud (see turbidity and suspended solids results from unfiltered aliquots). Based on these results and those from the irrigation wells, WDS has concluded that arsenic, chromium and lead would not be detected at significant concentrations in properly installed and developed recovery wells.
  - Unfiltered nitrate: 9-11 mg/l (CA MCL: 10-45 mg/l);
  - o Unfiltered TDS: 200-240 mg/l (CA SMCL: 500-1,000);
  - Unfiltered Total suspended solids: 460-3,600 mg/l;

- Total organic carbon: 2.1-3.9 mg/l;
- o Unfiltered turbidity: 990-2600 NTUs;
- Unfiltered arsenic: 5.4-8.5 ug/l;
- Filtered arsenic: <1 ug/l;
- Unfiltered chromium: 57-82 ug/l (CA MCL: 50 ug/l);
- Filtered chromium: <5 ug/l (CA MCL: 50 ug/l);</li>
- Unfiltered lead: 9.3-13 ug/l;
- Filtered lead: <5 ug/l;</li>
- Unfiltered selenium: <5 ug/l;
- No underground tanks: The target properties were not identified on local, state or federal agency lists as a known hazardous substance site or as historically including underground tanks. A structure resembling a gas station is located at the center of T9NR14WS30 (APN 35904112). However, the current owner indicates that the structure was only used as a location to dispense fuel from above ground tanks which have been removed. As indicated above, a well immediately adjacent to this structure was sampled and no contaminants were detected. WDS found no evidence of underground fuel tanks or waste oil tanks. The owner indicated that no underground tanks are or have been present at the target parcels;
- *Minor aboveground tanks*: WDS only found mobile above ground fuel tanks used for farm equipment. The owner indicated that there were historically above ground fuel tanks at the center of Section 30, but that those tanks were removed several years ago by a previous owner. WDS did not see any evidence of significant soil staining. There are several propane tanks at worker residences;
- *Likely typical domestic septic systems*: There are 2 worker residences that are likely served by septic systems;
- Normal farm workshops: There are 4 farm workshops that are used to store and work on equipment. WDS did not see any evidence of significant soil staining, waste oil storage or bulk solvent usage;
- One domestic trash pit: One domestic trash pit is located behind the shop of Section 36. While the pit is unlikely to prevent use of the site for recharge, a Phase II investigaton should include sampling of underlying soils and removal of waste;
- *De-minimus equipment and agricultural chemical storage*: WDS did not observe and the owner indicates that there are not any agrichemical washout areas, dips or container disposal sites on the target parcels. Several mobile tanks used for application of agrichemicals were observed;
- *Normal tail water ponds*: WDS observed tailwater ponds that are typical of the thousands of such ponds present throughout the valley.

Based on the findings presented above, WDS did not identify any known condition that would limit use of the properties for the Project. However, detailed due diligence should include the following work:

- Detailed inspection and potential soil sampling at the workshops;
- Soil sampling beneath the domestic trash pit; and
- Soil sampling at 2-3 representative tailwater ponds.



Regarding sampling at tailwater ponds, it should be noted that these features are on average less than 50 feet long and 20 feet wide. If agrichemical residues were detected in pond sediments, the affected sediment could be easily removed or excluded from the Project recharge pond areas. Therefore, even if impact were detected, WDS would not view this as fatal to the Project. WDS has recently sampled sediments from similar tailwater ponds on similar carrot fields operated by Bolthouse Farms in another part of Kern County. Agrichemical residues were not detected in any of the collected samples.

The property owner questionnaire is presented in Appendix B.

#### Williamson Act

See earlier section on this topic.

#### **Biological Resources**

This evaluation did not include inspection of the target parcels by a biologist qualified to provide opinions on the potential presence of various species or habitats. However, WDS reviewed the California Natural Diversity Database and visually inspected the properties. Results of these efforts were as follows. The target parcels are used entirely for agricultural (and supporting) purposes. Therefore, WDS does not expect that development of recharge facilities on the target parcels would entail destruction of native habitat. The possible exception might be wetland issues associated tailwater ponds. However, these ponds are intermittently dry and do not support any vegetation. Therefore, based on past experience with the Natural Resources Conservation Service and the US Corp of Engineers, WDS does not anticipate significant permitting issues with these features.

WDS performed a query of the California Natural Diversity Database on May 5, 2004 for the Fairmont Butte Quadrangle (which includes the target parcels) and 9 surrounding quadrangles. Results of this query were as follows:

- No Federal or California endangered or threatened species had been identified in the Fairmont Butte quadrangle;
- The nearest endangered species identified was the Spineflower, located south and uphill at least 7 miles from the target parcels; and
- The nearest threatened species was the Swanson's Hawk located at least 1 mile to the east of the target parcels. It should be noted that the Kern Water Bank has been found to enhance the hawk's habitat.

As a result of the findings above, WDS does not anticipate that the Project would require any permissions or permits relating to wetlands, habitat or wildlife. However, this finding should be confirmed through consultation with the California Department of Fish & Game, the US Fish & Wildlife Service and the US Corp of Engineers.

#### Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board (South Lahontan Basin)

WDS reviewed the Water Quality Control Plan for the Lahontan Region (October 1994) and the 2003 Triennial Review for issues or objectives that would impact the Project. According to the plan, surface water can be beneficially used to recharge groundwater and also for



delivery to the California Aqueduct and the Los Angeles Aqueduct. It should be noted that these approved beneficial uses apply to water originating within the basin and therefore do not apply to imported SWP water. Groundwater can be used for agricultural, municipal and industrial use. Both waters can also be used for fresh water replenishment. There are no special water quality objectives that apply to the Project area. The region wide objectives are applicable.





## Water Bank Entitlement

Permitting requirements for a water bank would be minimal, potentially performed through a California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) Initial Study and Negative Declaration. However, WDS has conservatively assumed that a CEQA Environmental Impact Report (EIR) would be performed by the lead agency. WDS estimates that a 2- to 5- year process will be required to prepare the EIR, consult with responsible agencies and negotiate contracts with various stakeholders.

WDS believes that the Project facilities must ultimately be owned and operated by a public water agency. While private entities may hold contractual rights to storage capacity, it is politically difficult for them to own or control the physical facilities. While there are no laws or regulations requiring public agency control, this is a political reality that has been amply evidenced by recent failures to develop private water projects in California (e.g. Azurix Madera Ranch, Cadiz, US Filter Salton Sea restoration). Conversely, there are several successful examples of private entities facilitating agency storage projects in exchange for rights to capacity (e.g. Paramount Farms/Kern Water Bank, Vidler Water Company/Semitropic, Newhall/Semitropic, Pastoria Power Plant/Kern Water Bank). Based on these beliefs, the Project would require a lead agency to ensure CEQA Compliance.

#### **Initial Study and Negative Declaration**

WDS believes that the Project would be classified as a "project" as defined by CEQA for the following reasons:

- It will require discretionary approval from AVEK, the LADWP and the DWR to construct interconnections and deliver water to/from the AVEK West Feeder, the LAA#2 and the California Aqueduct;
- It will require public works construction; and
- It may entail acquisition of grant monies, contributions or loans from other public agencies.

WDS does not believe that the Project would be statutorily exempted or categorically exempted from CEQA. Therefore, at a minimum, WDS believes that the lead agency would perform an Initial Study. As indicated on the following Initial Study check-list, it is conceivable that the Initial Study could conclude that the Project would cause no significant impacts on the environment or that potential impacts could be mitigated. Based on this finding, it is therefore possible that the lead agency could choose to issue a Negative Declaration or Mitigated Negative Declaration for the Project. There is precedent for this approach. In 1996, the Kern County Water Agency approved the Pioneer Groundwater Recharge and Recovery Project through a Negative Declaration and in 1996 Arvin Edison Water Storage District approved their water banking project with the Metropolitan Water district of Southern California through a Negative Declaration. In addition, the LADWP is currently in the process of implementing an interconnection between LAA#1 and the California Aqueduct in a similar fashion to that which is contemplated for this project. That project is being arranged entirely through inter-agency contracts.



#### **Aesthetics**

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation <u>Incorporation</u>	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>	
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect on a scenic vista?				$\boxtimes$	
b)	Substantially damage scenic resources, including, bu not limited to, trees, rock outcroppings, and historic buildings within a state scenic highway?	it			$\boxtimes$	
c)	Substantially degrade the existing visual character or quality of the site and its surroundings?				$\boxtimes$	
d)	Create a new source of substantial light or glare whic would adversely affect day or nighttime views in the area?	h			$\boxtimes$	

Comments: The project would be located on current agricultural land in a sparsely populated area. The project facilities will sub-grade piping, low earthen berms and wells with very little visual difference from current uses.

#### Agricultural Resources

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Convert Prime Farmland, Unique Farmland, or Farml of Statewide Importance (Farmland), as shown on th maps prepared pursuant to the Farmland Mapping an Monitoring Program of the California Resources Age	e nd			
	to non-agricultural use?				$\square$
b)	Conflict with existing zoning for agricultural use, or a Williamson Act contract?				$\boxtimes$
c)	Involve other changes in the existing environment whe due to their location or nature, could result in converse of Farmland to non-agricultural use?				$\boxtimes$

Comments: The target parcels are encumbered with Williamson Act contracts and defined as Prime Farmland. However, the Kern County Assessor has indicated a willingness to consider water banking are compatible with these uses and in addition, the lead agency could continue to lease the recharge ponds for organic farming purposes during non-recharge periods (typically 8-10 months of the year).



#### Air Quality

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Conflict with or obstruct implementation of the applica Air Quality Attainment Plan?	able			$\boxtimes$
b)	Violate any air quality standard or contribute to an existing or projected air quality violation?				$\boxtimes$
c)	Result in a cumulatively considerable net increase of criteria pollutant for which the project region is non- attainment under an applicable federal or state ambie air quality standard (including releasing emissions, whe exceed quantitative thresholds for ozone precursors)	ent hich			$\boxtimes$
d)	Expose sensitive receptors to substantial pollutant concentrations?				$\boxtimes$
e)	Create objectionable odors affecting a substantial number of people?				$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would require dust control during construction. Otherwise, project wells would be operated in the same manner as irrigation wells, but significantly less frequently. If required, the recovery well motors could be equipped with electric motors or fueled with propane and equipped with catalytic converters.

#### **Biological Resources**

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation <u>Incorporation</u>	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Have a substantial adverse effect, either directly or through habitat modifications, on any species identif as a candidate, sensitive, or special-status species i local or regional plans, policies, or regulations, or by California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fis	n the	_		
	and Wildlife Service?				$\bowtie$
b)	Have a substantial adverse effect on any riparian habitat or other sensitive natural community identifie local or regional plans, policies, regulations or by the California Department of Fish and Game or U.S. Fis and Wildlife Service?	9			$\boxtimes$
c)	Have a substantial adverse effect on federally protect wetlands as defined by Section 404 of the Clean Wa Act (including, but not limited to, marsh, vernal pool, coastal, etc.) through direct removal, filling, hydrolog interruption, or other means?	ater			$\boxtimes$

d)	Interfere substantially with the movement of any native resident or migratory fish or wildlife corridors, or impede the use of native wildlife nursery sites?		$\bowtie$
e)	Conflict with any local policies or ordinances protecting biological resources, such as a tree preservation policy or ordinance?		$\boxtimes$
f)	Conflict with the provisions of an adopted Habitat Conservation Plan, Natural Conservation Community Plan, or other approved local, regional, or state habitat conservation plan?		$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would be located on current agricultural land with no known surrounding sensitive or special status species. There are no known riparian habitats, wetlands, HCPs or migration corridors. In fact, facilities of this type have been found to enhance habitats and attract native species.

#### Cultural Resources

		Less Than Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
a)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significan of a historical resource as defined in §15064.5?	ce			$\boxtimes$
b)	Cause a substantial adverse change in the significan of a unique archaeological resource pursuant to §15064.5?	ce			$\boxtimes$
c)	Directly or indirectly destroy a unique paleontological resource or site or unique geologic feature?				$\boxtimes$
d)	Disturb any human remains, including those interred outside of formal cemeteries?				$\boxtimes$

Comments: There are no known cemeteries, historical, archaeological, or paleontological resources in the vicinity of the target parcels.

#### **Geology and Soils**

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			Less Than Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>	
a)	•	e people or structures to potential substantial e effects, including the risk of loss, injury, or one ng:	death			$\boxtimes$	
	i)	Rupture of a known earthquake fault, as delineated on the most recent Alquist-Priolo Earthquake Fault Zoning Map issued by the State Geologist for the area or based on oth substantial evidence of a known fault? Refe Division of Mines and Geology Special Publication 42.	ier			$\boxtimes$	
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	ii)	Strong seismic ground shaking?			$\square$
	iii)	Seismic-related ground failure, including liquefaction?			$\boxtimes$
	iv)	Landslides?			$\square$
b)	Result	in substantial soil erosion or the loss of topsoil?			$\square$
c)	becom	ated on strata or soil that is unstable, or that wou e unstable as a result of the project, and ally result in on- or off-site landslide, lateral	ld		
	•	ing, subsidence, liquefaction, or collapse?			$\boxtimes$
d)		ated on expansive soil, as defined in Table 18-1- Jniform Building Code, creating substantial risks			
	to life c	or property?			$\boxtimes$
e)	septic t	oils incapable of adequately supporting the use tanks or alternative wastewater disposal systems sewers are not available for the disposal of			
	wastev				$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would not entail construction of structure other than earthen berms. The project would require a soil erosion control plan both during construction and operation, but would not be located in an area with slope instability, expansive soils or wastewater systems.

#### Hazards and Hazardous Materials

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation <u>Incorporation</u>	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact	
a)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through the routine transport, use, or disposal of hazardous materials?				$\boxtimes$	
b)	Create a significant hazard to the public or the environment through reasonably foreseeable upset ar accident conditions involving the release of hazardous materials into the environment?				$\boxtimes$	
c)	Emit hazardous emissions or handle hazardous or acutely hazardous materials, substances, or waste wi one-quarter mile of an existing or proposed school?	thin			$\boxtimes$	
d)	Be located on a site which is included on a list of hazardous materials sites compiled pursuant to Government Code Section 65962.5 and, as a result, would it create a significant hazard to the public or the environment?	e 			$\boxtimes$	
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport or public use airport, would th					
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	project result in a safety hazard for people residing or working in the project area?		$\boxtimes$
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, woul the project result in a safety hazard for people residing working in the project area?		$\bowtie$
g)	Impair implementation of or physically interfere with an adopted emergency response plan or emergency evacuation plan?		$\square$
h)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving wildland fires, including where wildlands are adjacent to urbanized areas or where residences are intermixed with wildlands?		$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would not entail the handling or use of hazardous materials with the exception of potential fuel for recovery wells. The target parcels are not within 2-miles of a public airport and because of the low lying nature of the facilities, would not provide a hazard to private runways.

#### Hydrology and Water Quality

2)		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
a)	Violate any water quality standards or waste discharg requirements?				$\boxtimes$
b)	Substantially deplete groundwater supplies or interfe substantially with groundwater recharge such that the should be a net deficit in aquifer volume or a lowering the local groundwater table level (e.g., the production rate of pre-existing nearby wells would drop to a leve which would not support existing land uses or planne uses for which permits have been granted)?	ere g of I			$\boxtimes$
c)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the co of a stream or river, in a manner which would result is substantial erosion or siltation on- or off-site?	urse			$\boxtimes$
d)	Substantially alter the existing drainage pattern of the site or area, including through the alteration of the co of a stream or river, or substantially increase the rate amount of surface runoff in a manner which would re in flooding on- or off-site?	urse or			$\boxtimes$
e)	Create or contribute runoff water which would exceed capacity of existing or planned storm water drainage systems?	d the			$\boxtimes$
f)	Otherwise substantially degrade water quality?				$\boxtimes$
g)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area as mapped on a federal Flood Hazard Boundary or Flood				



	Insurance Rate Map or other flood hazard delineation map?		$\boxtimes$
h)	Place housing within a 100-year flood hazard area structures which would impede or redirect flood flows?		$\boxtimes$
i)	Expose people or structures to a significant risk of loss, injury or death involving flooding, including flooding as a result of the failure of a levee or dam?		$\boxtimes$
j)	Inundation of seiche, tsunami, or mudflow?		$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would be compliant with water quality standards and by design, will not deplete groundwater supplies. In fact, a portion of all imported surface water would be left behind to help offset historical overdraft. The project would not alter drainages because current agricultural practices are designed to prevent run-off. The project will not entail housing or other structures that would place people in danger of flood or other hydrology related hazards.

#### Land Use and Planning

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Physically divide an established community?				$\boxtimes$
b)	Conflict with any applicable land use plan, policy, or regulation of an agency with jurisdiction over the projec (including, but not limited to the general plan, specific plan, local coastal program, or zoning ordinance) adopted for the purpose of avoiding or	ct	_	_	
	mitigating an environmental effect?				$\boxtimes$
c)	Conflict with any applicable habitat conservation plan on natural communities' conservation plan?	or			$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would not be in the vicinity of an established community or conflict with any zoning ordinances or HCPs.

#### Mineral Resources

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Result in the loss of availability of a known mineral resource that would be of value to the region and the residents of the state?				$\boxtimes$
b)	Result in the loss of availability of a locally-important mineral resource recovery site delineated on a local general plan, specific plan, or other land use plan?				$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would not deplete or affect any mineral resources.

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Noise

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Exposure of persons to or generation of noise levels is excess of standards established in the local general p or noise ordinance, or applicable standards of other agencies?				$\boxtimes$
b)	Exposure of persons to or generation of excessive groundborne vibration or groundborne noise levels?				$\boxtimes$
c)	A substantial permanent increase in ambient noise le in the project vicinity above levels existing without the project?				$\boxtimes$
d)	A substantial temporary or periodic increase in ambie noise levels in the project vicinity above levels existin without the project?				$\boxtimes$
e)	For a project located within an airport land use plan or, where such a plan has not been adopted, within two miles of a public airport of public use airport, would the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?				
f)	For a project within the vicinity of a private airstrip, we the project expose people residing or working in the project area to excessive noise levels?	buld			$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would be in a sparsely populated rural area. Noise during construction would be comparable to that associated with current agricultural operations and noise levels would be less than current conditions after construction is complete.



### Population and Housing

Julat		Potentially	Less Than Significant With	Less Than	
		Significant	Mitigation Incorporation	Significant Impact	No <u>Impact</u>
a)	Induce substantial population growth in an area, eithe directly (for example, by proposing new homes and businesses) or indirectly (for example, through extens				
	of roads or other infrastructure)?				
b)	Displace substantial numbers of existing housing, necessitating the construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	g			$\boxtimes$
c)	Displace substantial numbers of people necessitating construction of replacement housing elsewhere?	the			$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would not displace existing housing. Depending on the intent and uses by the lead agency, population growth inducement may be a significant potential impact.

#### Public Services

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Would the project result in substantial adverse impacts associated with the provision of new of physically altered governmental facilities, need physically altered governmental facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental impacts, in order to maintain ad service ratios, response times, or other perform objectives for any of the public services:	or d for new or cceptable			
	Fire protection?				$\square$
	Police protection?				$\boxtimes$
	Schools?				$\boxtimes$
	Parks?				$\boxtimes$
	Other public facilities?				$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would not directly require increased coverage for the services listed above.





#### **Recreation**

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Would the project increase the use of existing neighborhood and regional parks or other recreationa facilities such that substantial physical deterioration of the facility would occur or be accelerated?				$\boxtimes$
b)	Does the project include recreational facilities or required the construction or expansion of recreational facilities which might have an adverse physical effect on the environment?				$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would not directly cause an increase in the use of recreational facilities.

#### Transportation and Traffic

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Cause an increase in traffic, which is substantial in relation to the existing traffic load and capacity of the street system (i.e., result in a substantial increase in either the number of vehicle trips, the volume-to-capa ratio on roads, or congestion at intersections)?				
b)	Exceed, either individually or cumulatively, a level of service standard established by the county congestio management agency for designated roads or highwa				$\boxtimes$
c)	Result in a change in air traffic patterns, including eith an increase in traffic levels or a change in location the results in substantial safety risks?				$\boxtimes$
d)	Substantially increase hazards to a design feature (e sharp curves or dangerous intersections) or incompa uses (e.g., farm equipment)?	-			$\boxtimes$
e)	Result in inadequate emergency access?				$\boxtimes$
f)	Result in inadequate parking capacity?				$\boxtimes$
g)	Conflict with adopted policies supporting alternative transportation (e.g., bus turnouts, bicycle racks)?				$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would cause a short-term increase in traffic during construction, but this impact could be mitigated through a standard construction management plan. After construction is complete, traffic would be reduced below pre-project levels due to the reduction in agricultural activities.



## Utilities and Service Systems

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Exceed wastewater treatment requirements of the applicable Regional Water Quality Control Board?				$\boxtimes$
b)	Require or result in the construction of new water or wastewater treatment facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				$\boxtimes$
c)	Require or result in the construction of new storm wate drainage facilities or expansion of existing facilities, the construction of which could cause significant environmental effects?				$\boxtimes$
d)	Have sufficient water supplies available to serve the project from existing entitlements and resources, or are new or expanded entitlements needed?	e			$\boxtimes$
e)	Result in a determination by the wastewater treatment provider, which serves or may serve the project that it has adequate capacity to serve the project's projected demand in addition to the provider's existing commitments?				
f)	Be served by a landfill with sufficient permitted capacit to accommodate the project's solid waste disposal needs?	у			$\boxtimes$
g)	Comply with federal, state, and local statutes and regulations related to solid waste?				$\boxtimes$

Comments: The project would not require wastewater treatment or changes to existing storm drainage facilities or landfills.



## Mandatory Findings of Significance

		Potentially Significant Impact	Less Than Significant With Mitigation Incorporation	Less Than Significant Impact	No Impact
a)	Does the project have the potential to degrade the qu of the environment, substantially reduce the habitat of fish or wildlife species, cause a fish or wildlife popula to drop below self-sustaining levels, threaten to elimi a plant or animal community, reduce the number or restrict the range of a rare or endangered plant or an or eliminate important examples of the major periods California history or prehistory?	of a ation a			$\boxtimes$
b)	Does the project have impacts that are individually limited, but cumulatively considerable? ("Cumulative considerable" means that the incremental effects of a project are considerable when viewed in connection the effects of past projects, the effects of other curren projects, and the effects of probable future projects)	a with			$\boxtimes$
c)	Does the project have environmental effects which w cause substantial adverse effects on human beings, either directly or indirectly?				$\boxtimes$

Taken together, there is a logic and precedent to potentially achieving CEQA compliance through a Negative Declaration. However, given the regional and operational effects of this project, the lead agency may in their discretion decide to prepare an Environmental Impact Report. The following sections detail how that process might proceed.



## **Environmental Impact Report Overview and Critical Path**

The Project would be located in the AVEK service area. The Project would use AVEK conveyances (along with LADWP conveyances) to deliver water to and recover water from the facility. A previously detailed, AVEK has concluded that storage is required in the Antelope Valley and that this project is technically feasible, but it is currently unclear which agency(ies) would lead this project. However the "permitting" path is similar under almost all scenarios. It should be noted that the term "permitting" is a misnomer. There are no water bank permitting requirements in Kern County or within the AVEK service area although certain local and state permissions would be required where project facilities would pass through and under roads and utility corridors. Permitting requirements for this project are relatively uncomplicated for the following reasons:

- The Project does not include use of any Federal systems and, therefore, a Federal Environmental Impact Study would most likely not be required;
- Kern County does not have a groundwater banking ordinance requiring county permits;
- The Project would not export native groundwater or surface water;
- The Project would be designed to be in compliance with the Kern County groundwater exportation ordinance;
- The Project would be on current agricultural lands (and thus would not require various biological permits);
- The Project is in a sparsely populated rural area; and
- The Project does not have any political "baggage" or bad press to-date.

The following table summarizes the estimated local, state and federal regulatory requirements.



## Table 10: Applicable Rules and Regulations

Item Conclusions				
	Federal Regulations			
National Environmental Policy Act (NEPA) EIS	No Federal actions that would trigger this act have been identified.			
Endangered Species Act (16 USC 1531) Fish and Wildlife Coordination Act(16 USC 661) US Fish and Wildlife Service	The ponds would be built on agricultural land and it is hoped that piping and wells can be placed in existing road and transmission line right of ways. Therefore, it is anticipated that the Service would issue a No Jeopardy Opinion. However, this preliminary conclusion must be screened by a qualified environmental professional in Phase 1.			
Clean Water Act Section 404, Section 401, River and Harbors Act Section 10, Federal Executive Order 11990, Army Corps of Engineers	Assuming the layout avoids ephemeral drainages, the Project would not include impact to waters of the United States (including wetlands). It is expected that the Corps would rule that no action or permit is required.			
Clean Water Act Section 402 Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board	General Construction Activity Storm Water Permit may be required and the Board would review potential groundwater quality impacts in the EIR.			
Clean Air Act, Air Pollution Control District	If diesel or natural gas powered pumps are used, the CAA may require a permit for emission of pollutants to the atmosphere.			
	State Regulations			
California Environmental Quality Act (CEQA) DWR, LADWP, AVEK	EIR is required because project requires DWR, DWP and AVEK approval of turnouts and pump-ins to conveyances controlled by each agency.			
California Endangered Species Action California Department of Fish and Game	The ponds would be built on agricultural land and piping/ wells would be placed in road and transmission line right of ways. It is anticipated that the Department would issue a No Jeopardy Opinion. This preliminary conclusion must be screened by a qualified professional. The Los Angeles County Department of Regional Planning issued a report in 2000 recommending that nearby areas be designated as Significant Ecological Areas. The impact of that recommendation must be carefully evaluated.			
California Water Code Sections 1700-1746 California State Water Resources Control Board (Division of Water Rights) - DWR	Facility would be permitted independent of specific water rights. 3 <sup>rd</sup> parties contracting to use the facility would be required to perform their own separate analyses of issues relating to place and manner of use.			
California Streets and Highways Code Sections 660-734, California Department of Transportation County Road Departments	Encroachment permits would be required for any piping that would pass under State or County roads.			
California Health and Safety Code Sections 116275- 116750, CA Dept. of Health Services	Aqueduct pump-in systems may require public water system permits since they would be operated to supply M&I uses.			
Power grid CEC, CPUC and others	The Project would require installation of new substations from an existing transmission line. Coordination with state agencies is required.			
Re	gional and Local Regulations			
Groundwater exportation, Kern County	Project must comply with groundwater exportation ordinance.			
Local rules and regulations	No fatal flaws.			
District Regulations, Terms and Conditions for Water Service - AVEK	If the Project includes a pump-in to the West AVEK feeder, agency approval of operations and evaluation of impacts would be required (included in the EIR).			
Utility Line Coordination General Orders California Public Utilities Commission (CPUC)	Commission orders would control the placement, construction, maintenance of utility facilities.			
DWR Bulletin 74-81, Kern County	Well construction and abandonment			
Construction permits and tax assessment	All of the contemplated land is either zoned for agricultural use or is not zoned. While a potential zoning change may be required, this is not anticipated to be a critical issue.			
	Contracts and Agreements			
Operating Agreements	The lead agency would enter into operating agreements with LADWP, AVEK and DWR for wheeling of water through their systems.			
Monitoring Agreement	The lead agency would enter into an agreement with surrounding pumpers. These agreements typically establish a monitoring committee with criteria for shut-down and/or reimbursement of pumpers for increased pumping costs (if any).			
In-lieu Agreements	Projects of this type commonly enter into agreements with pumpers to periodically deliver surface water in-lieu of groundwater pumpage, thereby banking and equivalent amount of groundwater. These arrangement reduce farmer costs and CAPEX.			
Easement Agreements	The lead agency would enter into agreements with adjacent land owners to allow wells and piping to be installed in and through their properties.			
Storage Lease Agreements	The lead agency would enter into long term agreements with 3 <sup>rd</sup> parties to lease storage capacity in the system.			

The following tables summarize the Expected, Worst and Best Case critical paths for entitlement and monetization of the Antelope Valley project. The length of this process is a function of the following:



- The drive, desire and clarity of vision of the lead agency;
- The support (or opposition) of surrounding property owners and agencies;
- The ability of the lead agency and WDS to make the Project a "top priority" with other agencies that must provide various permissions and reviews; and
- The ability of the Project to attract grants.

It has been our hard earned experience that upfront consultations and consensus building with key agencies and landowners are <u>essential</u> to success in a reasonable time frame.

<b>E</b> 1- 1	
Elapsed Months	Item
1-6	An agency(ies) would step forward as the lead. WDS would share information developed to- date so that the agency can complete due diligence. Lead agency staff/consultants would review WDS data to verify that there are no fatal flaws.
3-8	The current draft LOI, defining contributions, duties and benefits for the lead agency and WDS would be finalized.
3-8	WDS would work with the lead agency to finalize the scope of the proposed "Project" (as defined by CEQA).
On-going	Work to obtain grant monies (cannot start until project has been formally defined).
3-8	WDS would work with the lead agency to begin negotiations with potentially impacted landowners and agencies regarding monitoring and operating agreements that would protect and benefit their interests.
3-10	WDS would work with the lead agency to identify and begin negotiations with potential non- local tenants that would provide pre-payments to help finance construction.
4-12	<ul> <li>Working with lead agency staff/consultants, WDS would help prepare an Initial Study, likely concluding that a CEQA EIR would be required for the following key reasons:</li> <li>Permissions would be required from LADWP to construct a turnout/pump-in point to Los Angeles Aqueduct Barrel 2 (LAA2) and to alter the manner in which flows are managed in LAA2 and LAA1 at certain times;</li> <li>Permission would be required from the DWR to construct an interconnection/pump-in point between LAA2 and the California Aqueduct (although WDS believes the LADWP may have plans to build this interconnection themselves);</li> <li>Permission would be required from the AVEK to construct an interconnection/pump-in point between the Project well field and the AVEK feeder;</li> <li>Right of way would be required from the County DOT;</li> <li>There may be conversion of prime farmland (although the Kern County assessor has indicated that periodic organic carrot leases in recharge basins can be used to mitigate this issue) and, as defined by the Assessor's office, water banking is an allowed land use within Zone A areas;</li> <li>The Project may be perceived as providing growth inducing impacts;</li> <li>The lead agency would likely be required to add additional equipment and employees to operate the facility – potentially requiring evaluation of public service impacts.</li> </ul> Note: WDS has purposefully chosen land that is entirely in agriculture as part of a screening process to prevent significant impact to biological resources. WDS anticipates that an Habitat Conservation Plan (HCP) would not be required, although a qualified biological opinion should be obtained. Costs of the Initial Study not covered by grants (if any) would be carried by WDS. Note: The lead agency may chose to bypass the Initial Study and proceed directly to an EIR.
4-13	WDS would work with lead agency staff to undergo a competitive bidding process for selection of a consultant (contracted to the lead agency) to prepare the EIR.
12-18	Consultant would prepare and the lead agency would circulate the DRAFT EIR, including required hydrogeologic, engineering, cultural, biological and economic evaluations.

Table 11: Expected and Worst Case Critical Path



Elapsed Months	Item
12-30	WDS would work with the lead agency to finalize operating and monitoring agreements with surrounding agencies and landowners. This process should be started as early as possible.
31-42	Public review, supplemental work, revisions and certification of the final EIR
33-48	WDS would work with the lead agency to finalize contracts with non-local "tenant" agencies that would make pre-payments on leases to help finance construction.
36-60	WDS would help the lead agency obtain financing for balance of construction funds not covered by pre-payments and grants, if any.
36-60	Lead agency would purchase the required land from WDS.

#### Table 12: Best Case Critical Path

Elapsed Months	Item
2	An agency(ies) would step forward to participate in the bank. WDS would share information developed to-date so that the agency can complete due diligence. Lead agency staff/consultants would review WDS data to verify that there are no obvious fatal flaws.
3	The current draft LOI, defining contributions, duties and benefits for the lead agency and WDS.
3	WDS would work with the lead agency to finalize the scope of the proposed "Project" (as defined by CEQA).
On-going	Work to obtain grant monies.
3	WDS would work with the lead agency to begin negotiations with potentially impacted landowners and agencies regarding monitoring and operating agreements that would protect and benefit their interests.
3	WDS would work with the lead agency to identify and begin negotiations with potential non- local tenants that would provide pre-payments to help finance construction.
6	Working with lead agency staff/consultants, WDS would help prepare an Initial Study, concluding that there are no significant environmental impacts and resulting in a DRAFT Negative Declaration or Mitigated Negative Declaration. This was the case with the Pioneer and Arvin Edison water banks – both in Kern County.
9	WDS would work with agency consultants to perform supplemental investigations required for preliminary engineering design and financing.
12	WDS would work with the lead agency to finalize operating and monitoring agreements with surrounding agencies and landowners. This process should be started as early as possible.
19	Certification of the Negative Declaration and issuance of affiliated permits.
20	WDS would work with the lead agency to finalize contracts with non-local "tenant" agencies that would make pre-payments on leases to help finance construction.
24	WDS would help the lead agency obtain financing for balance of construction funds not covered by pre-payments and grants, if any.

It should be noted that the Best Case scenario assumes that there are no protests, the various agencies and pumpers place aside current disagreements and that they work together with a sense of urgency. Based on recent developments, this scenario currently seems unlikely.

### **Entitlement Phases**

The development process would includes 5 phases. The first 3 phases conclude at milestones at which expenditures and progress would be assessed to determine if it is appropriate to continue with water bank permitting efforts.



*Phase 1: Engage with a Lead Agency:* The objectives of this phase would be to have an agency step forward as a willing lead for the Project and secure a contract with that agency for development of the Project.

*Phase 2: Initiate Permitting Process and Pursuit of Grants*: The objective of this phase would be to establish the Project on agency agendas and verify that it can be permitted in an acceptable time frame. Work would include:

- Developing agreements with agencies such as LADWP, AVEK, AVSWC, and/or DWR for use of existing conveyances;
- Working with the selected lead agency, performing required investigations, preparing a draft EIR and submitting for non-lead agency and public comment; and
- Filing for grant monies on behalf of the local agency.

During this phase, WDS expects that significant comments would be received from the following entities:

- AVEK regarding wheeling in conveyances;
- LADWP regarding wheeling in conveyances;
- Surrounding pumpers, particularly those that have filed lawsuits;
- Kern County Water Agency regarding the groundwater exportation ordinance;
- MWD regarding wheeling capacity and water quality impacts to State Water Project (SWP) water;
- DWR regarding interconnection to the East Branch of the California Aqueduct;

*Phase 3: Supplemental Investigations*: Assuming that the team proceeds with water bank efforts, the objective of this phase would be to collect supplemental data required by non-lead agency and public comments.

*Phase 4: Obtain Permits and Certified EIR*: The objective of this phase would be to obtain a certified EIR and finalized Operational MOU and Right-of-Way (ROW) agreements.

*Phase 5: Financing, Sale of Property to Lead Agency and Leasing of Capacity:* Following certification of the EIR, the lead agency would take ownership of land and begin leasing excess storage capacity to finance construction.

### Entitlement Tasks

The development budget presented in a following section divides expenditures into the following tasks:

- Public relations and lobbying;
- Creation of legal documents;
- On-going water level monitoring;
- Land surveys and mapping;
- Preliminary engineering;
- Hydrogeologic investigations;
- Modeling;

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- Biological surveys;
- Environmental Impact Report; and
- Local permitting.

The following sections provide details regarding these tasks.

Public Relations and Lobbying: This task would entail the following work:

- Regular attendance and record keeping at a variety of meetings throughout the state;
- Upfront efforts to align local agencies in favor of the Project;
- Efforts to introduce the local agencies to non-local banking participants and educate the parties;
- Efforts to gain high priority ranking in grant applications;
- Efforts to align surrounding land owners in favor of the Project;
- Efforts to align the DWR and LAWDP in favor of the Project; and
- Efforts to align various environmental groups in favor of the Project.

These efforts would occur at irregular intervals throughout the entitlement process, with the majority of work in the early months and following completion of the draft EIR.

Creation of Legal Documents: This task would entail the following work:

- Preparation of an agreement between WDS and the lead agency;
- Preparation of agreements between the lead agency, LADWP and AVEK;
- Preparation of agreements with surrounding landowners, potentially including easements;
- Preparation of storage lease agreements with banking participants;
- Preparation of various consultant contracts; and
- Periodic legal evaluations/opinions regarding water, land and permitting issues.

These efforts would occur at irregular intervals, with the majority of work in the beginning, immediately preceding draft EIR issuance and immediately following final EIR issuance. The lead agency agreement would define contributions and responsibilities, and compensation as previously summarized. In order for the lead agency to enter into an agreement, it would likely undergo a process that includes:

- A board resolution that it is willing to contemplate being the lead agency for the Project;
- Initial discussions on general structure;
- Submission of a non-binding letter of intent including a term sheet with dollar figures and percentages left blank;
- Negotiation of the dollar figures and percentages;
- Due diligence to verify that the Project is technically, financially and politically viable;
- Development of a CEQA project description that may be an attachment to the WDS agreement;
- 5-10 iterations of review and revision; and
- Approval of agreement by the Board, potentially including a validation process.



As indicated above, the lead agency would need to undergo due diligence to confirm that the Project would be technically, financially and politically viable. In addition, the agency would need to confirm that there is adequate "desire" for the Project to justify agency expenditures and energy. To a large degree this would be an educational process and for budgeting purposes, WDS has assumed that the majority of 3<sup>rd</sup> party due diligence costs would be carried by WDS (to facilitate the process). In addition, WDS has assumed that due diligence would be led by an assigned committee that would report back to the board with recommendations.

Ongoing Water Level Monitoring: This task would define the baseline groundwater levels prior to project implementation. This baseline is required to gage the degree of impact on surrounding landowners after the facility is brought into operation. Work entails obtaining access to private wells, driving to those wells on a pre-arranged schedule to make measurements, and entry of measurements into a project database. The number of wells and frequency of measurement would be largely dictated by the number of interested surrounding landowners during a semi-public process that the lead agency would enter into soon after it is announced that they are pursuing the Project.

Land Surveys and Mapping: The purpose of this task would be to provide the engineers, hydrogeologists and agencies with a detailed base map that would be used in modeling, planning, habitat evaluation and engineering efforts. This task would likely include aerial photography, a ground-truth survey to tie-in elevations, GPS location of all wells within about 5-miles (including inspection of condition) and incorporation into a geographic information system (GIS).

Preliminary Engineering: This task entails 2 parts:

- A feasibility study to confirm the technical and economic viability of the Project (essentially a repeat of this report by an objective consultant); and
- Preliminary (20%) engineering design/cost estimation to be used in EIR, financing and contracting (again, an extension of the work already performed by WDS).

*Hydrogeologic Investigations*: This task would be an extension of WDS fatal flaw investigations to allow more precise prediction of performance and impact. This work varies from project to project, but typically includes the following:

- additional trenching with soil analyses;
- additional borings with geophysical logging;
- installation of monitoring wells;
- water analyses;
- a 3-6 month pilot recharge test (with intensive water level and quality monitoring; and
- aquifer/well tests to evaluate the variability of well performance.



*Modeling*: The purpose of this task is to provide technically defensible estimates of the following:

- recharge and recovery efficiencies and schedules;
- the rise in water table as a consequence of recharge;
- the fall in the water table as a consequence of extraction;
- the amounts of "unrecoverable" water;
- the speed at which the mound migrates away from recharge basins;
- the degree to which the mound would be "mined" by surrounding agricultural pumpage; and
- the change in groundwater quality over time as recharged water mixes with native groundwater.

*Biological Surveys*: WDS has carefully chosen this project location to minimize impact on native habitats – commonly a significant impediment to the permitting process. While WDS anticipates that California Fish & Game (F&G) involvement would be minimal, a certain amount of work by a qualified biological consulting firm would be required to verify that endangered, protected or special status species would not be harmed by this project.

*Environmental Impact Report (EIR):* EIR's include analysis of direct impacts, indirect impacts, short and long-term impacts, irreversible environmental change, growth inducing impacts, cumulative impacts, economic and social effects, agricultural impacts, historical resources, archeological resources, and a variety of other issues associated with the burden on the community. The analysis must include review of alternatives to the proposed project – a complicated and somewhat political process. Finally, the EIR must determine the methods that would be used to mitigate impacts that are found to be significant. Taken together, the EIR process usually entails the following elements:

- 6-9 months of draft EIR preparation by a consultant;
- 3-6 months of agency and public review commonly resulting in the need to perform supplemental investigations, modeling and analysis; and
- Numerous meetings, negotiations consultations and presentations (attended by the consultant) following by an expensive publication process.

Local Permitting: Aside from the EIR, the Project would likely require permits/permissions from the Regional Water Quality Control Board, Kern County DOT and various utility companies. All of these permits/permissions would be subordinate to the EIR and can hopefully be deferred until the detailed design-construction stage (thereby deferring these costs to the financing that would be performed by the lead agency). However, WDS felt it prudent to assume that a certain amount of coordination would be required to ensure that these entities are informed and do not raise potentially fatal objections. Therefore, WDS has included costs for consultants to review easements, agency files, prepare summary documents, fill out various County forms, and attend key meetings with WDS.



# Soils and Hydrogeology

The west end of the Antelope Valley basin is bounded by the Tehachapi Mountains on the north and the San Gabriel Mountains on the south – with these two features converging to form a triangular shaped western terminus at the Sierra Pelona Range. The Antelope Valley is a graben, or an area that has dropped downward due to movement on the San Andreas and Gerlock faults that bound it. Over time the basin has filled with several thousand feet of alluvial materials that have eroded from the bounding mountain ranges. The aquifer which is the primary source of water for irrigators and within which the Project would store water is within these alluvial sands and gravels.

The basin is sub-divided into 12 sub-basins that are defined by faults that generally have no surface expression (Figure 12). The locations of these faults have been estimated largely through discontinuity of water levels caused by relatively low permeabilities of the fault zones. While these fault zones are not impermeable, they apparently cause some restriction of water flow between the sub-basins. The Neenach Sub-Basin is a 78 square mile triangular area defined by the Neenach, Rosamond and Randsburg-Mojave faults (Figure 12). Prior to commencement of significant pumpage for irrigation in the early 1900's, the water table was 150 to 20 feet, bgs. By the mid-1970's the water table had dropped to approximately 350 feet, bgs. Since that time water levels have stabilized as delivery of SWP water by AVEK has partially replaced groundwater pumpage. DWR data and recent modeling by the USGS indicate that the target area has reached an equilibrium, with water table levels varying little from year to year. The Project would store water in the 150 to 200 foot thickness of aguifer above the current water table that was dewatered by historic overpumpage. WDS and others estimate that there is at least 500,000 AF of storage space available. The Neenach Sub-Basin is highly transmissive, wells consistently yield more than 1,000 gpm and the water quality is excellent. WDS estimates that the target parcels could support at least 0.5 feet/day (likely greater than 1.0 feet/day) of recharge totaling at least 100,000 AF/year. Evaporative and aquifer losses would likely vary from 5% to 15%. These estimates are consistent with earlier estimates by Psomas (1998) and Hydroscience (1998).

SWP water has been applied to the target areas for 30-years and would not pose a problems from a technical or regulatory view point. Owens Valley water from LAA#2 has historically contained arsenic but since 1996 concentrations have been below 10 ug/l and commonly below 5 ug/l - careful monitoring would be required.

#### **Previous Work**

Previous investigations into recharge and water banking in the west end of the Antelope Valley have included the following:

- US Soil Conservation Service (USCS), which pilot tested a recharge basin in 1946-47;
- US Geological Survey (USGS,1967);
- DWR (1976-1979);
- USGS (1984)
- AVEK-Mojave Water Agency through Kennedy & Jenks (1997-1998);
- Western Water-Psomas (1998);

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- Integrated Water and Hydroscience (1998);
- Tejon Ranch through Boyle Engineering (1999); and
- USGS (2003).

Some of the efforts cited above included modeling and compilation of data from irrigation wells. However, none of these efforts included field investigations (with the exception of the USCS). However, all of these previous efforts (except the 1946 pilot test) ended before fieldwork could be performed. Additional hydrogeologic studies that provide useful information on the target area are listed in the bibliography at the end of this report.

## **Climate, Surface Water and Recharge**

The USGS (1967, 1978 and 1987) indicates that the target area receives an average of less than 10 inches/year (0.83 feet/year) of precipitation with an average annual potential evapotranspiration (Pan A) of 114 inches/year (9.5 feet/year). A review of monthly records indicates that monthly evapotranspiration always exceeds precipitation. This finding comfirms the general concept that there is little or no recharge from direct precipitation in the target area.

As indicated in previous sections, there are no perennial streams in the target area, but it does lie within the distributary fan of ephemeral Cottonwood Creek which drains from the Tehachapi Mountains and has an average discharge into the basin of about 10 AF/year (USGS 1987). Parts of the target property have been bermed to capture these waters when they periodically occur.

A portion of irrigation water has been assumed by various parties to deep percolate into the aquifer. The USGS (2003) estimated that up to 30% of the applied irrigation water (either pumped groundwater or AVEK surface water) is ultimately recharged back into the aquifer. At an average applied water rate of 2.6 AF/year (USGS 2003), this would translate to 0.8 feet/year of recharge from irrigation. WDS calculations using draft applied water estimates by the DWR for the State Water Plan Update indicate deep percolation ranging from 0.5 to 1.3 feet/year. USGS (1978) estimated that the combined recharge from runoff and deep percolation was less than 0.8 feet/year.

### **Near Surface Soils**

For the purposes of this evaluation, WDS classified near surface soils as the materials within 16 feet of the ground surface (the reach of a backhoe). The following table summarizes soil information from the document, "Soil Survey of Antelope Valley Area published by the U. S. Department of Agriculture, Soil Conservation Service (SCS, 1970) and from sieve analyses performed on soils collected from trenches and borings performed for WDS by Layne.



	Tubic	10. AVC	rage rai	gerran	cel Solis	<u>upper</u>	10100				
Soil	Cajon Loamy Sand	Hesperia Loamy Fine Sand		Sandy	Hesperia Fine Sandy Loam				Fine d	Rosamond Fine Sandy Loam	Rosamond Loam
Map Symbol	CaC (556)	HgA (469)	HgA2 (526)	HkA (521)	HkB (484)	Rm (587)	Rm2 (631)	Ro (496)	Rp (498)		
Acres	1	182	81	274	103	272	33	437	254		
% of total acreage	<1%	11%	5%	17%	6%	17%	2%	27%	15%		
Unified	SW-SP	SM-GM	SM	SM-GM	SM-GM- GP	SM	SM	SM-GM	SM		
Passing #4	97%	98%	97%	99%	96%	100%	97%	97%	95%		
Passing #10/12	95%	92%	97%	94%	90%	97%	93%	90%	89%		
Passing #40	45%	59%	70%	63%	65%	80%	63%	63%	62%		
Passing #200	5%	10%	20%	15%	20%	34%	22%	15%	17%		
Plasticity Index	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	NP	0-5	0-5		
Avg. % Clay	1%	3%	3%	3%	3%	<16%	<16 %	<16%	<16%		
SCS K (ft/day)	13-40	13-40	13-40	4-13	4-13	4-13	4-13	1-4	1-4		
Rosetta K (ft/day)	NA	13-25	13-25	4-20	1-16	2-4	2-4	3-17	7		
Rosetta Specific Yield	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%	33%		
Salinity (mmhos/cm)	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2	0-2		
Notes											
Minimum percolation test rate	NA	21.1 ft/day at 171 minutes	NA	2.3 ft/dy at 361 minutes	5.9 ft/dy at 415 minutes	5.3 ft/dy at 361 minutes	NA	9.2 ft/day at 108 minutes	3.7 ft/dy at 1,323 minutes		

Table 13: Average Target Parcel Soils (upper 16 feet, bgs)

NP: non plastic NA: not available

SW: well graded sands and gravelly sands

SM: well graded sam

SP: poorly graded sands and gravelly sands

GM: silty gravels

GP: poorly graded gravels

SCS K (ft/day): Soil Conservation Service average saturated hydraulic conductivity in feet/day – regional values

Rosetta K (ft/day): Saturated vertical hydraulic conductivity estimated by WDS from sieve analyses using the US Salinity Laboratory software Rosetta

Rosetta Specific Yield: Specific yield estimated by WDS using the software Rosetta.

Figure 14 depicts the distributions of soil types. Appendix C includes trench logs, percolation test results and sieve analyses.

### Hydrogeologic Units and Aquifer Characteristics

As indicated on Figure 13, surface geologic materials in the Neenach Sub-Basin generally consists of Quaternary Alluvium (Qyd) comprised of unconsolidated sand, gravel and boulders containing small quantities of clay. The USGS (1967) indicates that Qyd averages 100 feet thick and unconformably overlies an older Quaternary Alluvium (Qoa) consisting of poorly sorted sand with some gravel, silt and clay. In general, the water table resides in Qoa



forming the uppermost, unconfined aquifer and supporting relatively prolific wells (see following section). Bloyd (1967) indicated that surface materials in the target area may in fact be Qoa.

In other parts of the basin Qoa is underlain by lacustrine clays that separate the uppermost aquifer from a deeper, confined aquifer. However, all references agree that this clay is absent in the Neenach Sub-Basin although there is an increase of clay content with depth. Geologic materials encountered by Layne in the three boreholes advanced for this project (398, 438 and 478 feet deep) were consistent with these literature descriptions. In general, the borings encountered interbedded sands, gravels, silts, and to a lesser degree, clays. The upper 200-225 ft of each test hole was coarser-grained than the lower portions, although the overall textural classification of the samples from each test hole was predominately sand. Layne did not encounter any substantial, laterally continuous clay or silt layers above the water table that would impede downward percolation of recharge water. Layne boring logs are presented in Appendix D. The following table summarizes aquifer characteristics cited in various references and as estimated by WDS.

Source	Transmissivity (ft <sup>2</sup> /day)	Saturated Thickness (ft)	Horizontal Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	Vertical Hydraulic Conductivity (ft/day)	Specific Yield (%)
DWR (1977)	NE	1,150			20%
USGS (1978)	14,000		N	E	20%
USGS (1987)	NE	1,250-1,700			NE
Psomas (1998)	>10,400	1,500	10-24 24 most likely	5-12 12 most likely	20%
Hydroscience (1998)			NE	1-3	NE
USGS (2003)			30	0.3	14%
WDS Rosetta (2003) above the water table	NE		23	NE	34%
WDS Rosetta (2003) below the water table			20		33%
Range	10,400 – 14,000 Likely: 14,000	1,150 – 1,700 Likely: 1,500	10-30 Likely: 25	0.3 - 3.0 Likely: 2.5	14% - 33% Likely: 20%

#### **Table 14: Aquifer Parameter Estimates**

Estimates are for the target area unless otherwise stated NE: not estimated

USGS (1987) estimated that the Qoa extends downward 1,600 to 1,900 feet, bgs to pre-Tertiary plutonic granite and volcanic basement rocks, providing a saturated thickness of 1,250 to 1,700 feet (1987, conditions have not changed significantly since that time). In contrast, the depth to bedrock immediately east, on the up thrown side of the Neenach Fault (within the Lancaster Sub-Basion) was estimated to be only 700 to 750 feet, bgs with a saturated thickness of less than 500 feet. Likewise, the depth to bedrock immediately west, on the up thrown side of the Randsburg-Mojave Fault (within the Finger Buttes Sub-Basin) was estimated to be less than 1,200 feet with a saturated thickness of less than 750 feet. Varies studies consistently indicate that the Neenach Sub-Basin has higher transmissivities than the adjacent sub-basins, largely because of the greater saturated thickness.



Recent modelling by the USGS (2003) suggests that the hydraulic conductivities of the Neenach and Randsburg-Mojave Faults may range as follows:

- Estimated Neenach Fault hydraulic conductivity: 0.008 to 0.04 feet/day; and
- Estimated Randsburg-Mojave Fault hydraulic conductivity: 0.0002 to 0.0007 feet/day.

## Depth to Groundwater, Subsidence and Directions of Groundwater Flow

In the early 1900's the water table beneath the target area was 150 to 200 feet below ground surface. Agricultural pumpage lowered the water table until AVEK began importing SWP surface water in 1974 (causing a decrease in groundwater pumpage). As a result, water levels stabilized in the mid-1980s. Figure 8 depicts this water level trend in well 09N14W20B001S, located approximately 1-mile north of the target area. The water table now averages 341 feet below ground surface, with seasonal variations of 5 to 20 feet. The Project would store imported surface water in the 150 to 200 feet of dewatered space above the current water table. Additional water might be stored in shallower materials that were not historically below the water table (potentially doubling storage space), although geochemical investigations would be required to determine suitability of these shallower materials.

The USGS (2003) estimates that if groundwater pumpage did not increase over 1995 levels, the water table would recover about 10 feet in the target area over the next 20-years. Other model runs in that same study estimate that the water table would remain fairly static at current levels if irrigation pumpage grew at a rate of 3% per year over the next 20-years. This combination of currently stable water levels plus likely continued future stable water levels would provide an excellent baseline condition for tracking water bank impacts.

Figure 17 depicts the estimated thicknesses of dewatered aquifer in which water would be stored. Figures 15 and 16 are water table contour maps from 1915 and spring 1996. As indicated, while the water table dropped during the intervening 81-years, the direction of groundwater flow in the target area has remained fairly consistent from the southwest to the northeast.

The USGS (2003) indicated that there was no measurable subsidence in the target area between 1930 and 1992 – supporting the concept that the lacustrine clays are absent and the aquifer is unconfined.

## Well Production Rates

Wells within the target area are usually perforated from 250 to 1,000 feet, bgs and support flows of 1,000 to 2,000 gpm with an average of 1,500 gpm (based on review of records from 19 wells). Well specific capacities range from 20 to 60 gpm/foot of drawdown, with values of 50 gpm/foot being typical for the target area (USGS, 1987). These specific capacities (from relatively inefficient irrigation wells) indicate that flows of over 3,000 gpm could be achieved in area where recharge has substantially raised the water table.

## **Groundwater Quality**

All reports reviewed by WDS consistently indicated that groundwater quality in the Neenach Sub-Basin is good, with TDS concentrations less than 400 mg/l. However, WDS was unable to find any study that had analyzed groundwater samples for a complete suite of drinking

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water and ionic parameters. Therefore, Layne collected and analyzed the six groundwater samples summarized on Table 15 (locations indicated on Figure 4). Key findings of those analyses were as follows:

- No contaminants detected in irrigation wells: Wells T9NR15W-25F and T9NR15W-30K were sampled on June 10, 2003 by Layne. The unfiltered samples were analyzed for Title 22 parameters plus major ions. As detailed on Table 15, results were as follows:
  - o Nitrate: 2.3-2.5 mg/l (CA MCL: 10-45 mg/l);
  - Total dissolved solids (TDS): 180-210 mg/l (CA SMCL: 500-1,000);
  - Total organic carbon: <0.7 mg/l;
  - Arsenic: <2.0 ug/l;
  - Chromium: 9.7-16 ug/l (CA MCL: 50 ug/l);
  - Lead: <5 ug/l;</li>
  - Selenium: <5 ug/l;</li>
  - Volatile organic compounds: non-detect;
  - Semi-volatile organic compounds: non-detect;
  - o PCBs: non-detect;
  - Herbicides: non-detect;
  - Pesticides: non-detect;
  - Gross alpha: 3.1-6.56 pCi/l (CA MCL: 15 pCi/l);
  - o Diquat: non-detect; and
  - Asbestos: non-detect.
- No contaminants detected in groundwater samples from undeveloped boreholes: Borings B-3 and B-4 (Figure 4) were sampled on July 25 and August 1, 2003 respectively by Layne. Each sample was divided into an unfiltered and a filtered aliquot. The unfiltered aliquot was analyzed for inorganic Title 22 parameters and major ions. The filtered aliquot was analyzed for a select sub-set of parameters. As summarized below (and detailed in Table 15) slightly elevated concentrations of arsenic, chromium and lead were detected in the unfiltered aliquots. However, these analytes were not detected in the filtered analytes which removed significant levels of suspended formation material and drilling mud (see turbidity and suspended solids results from unfiltered aliquots). Based on these results and those from the irrigation wells, WDS has concluded that arsenic, chromium and lead would not be detected at significant concentrations in properly installed and developed recovery wells.
  - Unfiltered nitrate: 9-11 mg/l (CA MCL: 10-45 mg/l);
  - o Unfiltered TDS: 200-240 mg/l (CA SMCL: 500-1,000);
  - Unfiltered Total suspended solids: 460-3,600 mg/l;
  - Total organic carbon: 2.1-3.9 mg/l;
  - Unfiltered turbidity: 990-2600 NTUs;
  - Unfiltered arsenic: 5.4-8.5 ug/l;
  - Filtered arsenic: <1 ug/l;
  - Unfiltered chromium: 57-82 ug/l (CA MCL: 50 ug/l);
  - Filtered chromium: <5 ug/l (CA MCL: 50 ug/l);</li>
  - Unfiltered lead: 9.3-13 ug/l;
  - Filtered lead: <5 ug/l; and
  - Unfiltered selenium: <5 ug/l.



### Table 15: Water Quality Data

			able 15.	mater	Quunt	y Dulu		-			
Parameter	Units	Station Well	Field Well	Boring Van Dam #3	Boring Van Dam #3	Boring Van Dam #4	Boring Van Dam #4	USEPA MCL	CA MCL	CA DHS PHG	USEPA Secondary MCL
Lab ID		A3F0436-01	A3F0436-02	CMG0155-01	CMG0155-01	CMH0004-01	CMH0004-01				-
Latitude		N34deg50.441'	N34deg50.460'								
Longitude		W118deg24.264'	W118deg25.398'								
Filtered?		NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES				
Total Hardness	mg/l	52	85	130		180					
Calcium	mg/l	17	28	31	19	35	18				
Magnesium	mg/l	2	3.6	13	2.3	22	2.1				
Sodium	mg/l	36	30	36	34	36	33				
Potassium	mg/l	1.8	1.9	5.1	2.2	6.6	2.3				
Total Alkalinity	mg/l	98	120	110		130					
Hydroxide	mg/l	<3	<3.0	<2 8		<2 <2					
Carbonate Bicarbonate	mg/l	<3 120	<3.0 150	100		130					
Sulfate	mg/l mg/l	120	13	14		24					250
Chloride	mg/l	8.9	8.9	8.2		11					250
Nitrate	mg/l	2.3	2.5	9		11		10	10-45	10-45	200
Fluoride	mg/l	0.3	0.2	<0.5		<0.5		4	2	10-45	2
pH	units	8.1	7.9	8.05		7.84		6.8-8.5	2	1	2
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	280	320	260		320		0.0-0.5			
Total dissolved solids	mg/l	180	210	200		240					500
Total suspended solids	mg/l	<5	<5	460		3600					000
Total organic carbon	mg/l	<0.7	<0.7	2.1		3.9					
Color	Units	3	3	19		19					15
Odor	TON	<1	<1	<1		<1					3
Turbidity	NTUs	1.5	1.9	990		2600					0
MBAS (foaming agents)	mg/l	<0.05	<0.05	<0.4		<0.1					0.5
Cyanide	mg/l	<0.1	<0.0	<0.025		<0.025		0.2	0.15	0.15	0.0
Nitrite as N	mg/l	<0.1	<0.1	<0.15		0.17		1	1	1	
Total phosphorous	mg/l	<0.05	<0.05	0.15		1.1					
Aluminum	ug/l	<50	<50	240	<50	39000	<50	50 to 2000	1000	600	50-200
Antimony	ug/l	<6	<6.0	<2	<2	<2	<2	6	6	20	
Arsenic	ug/l	<2	<2.0	5.4		8.5	1.4	10	Pending	0.004	
Arsenic (filtered)	ug/l	2	<2.0		<1						
Barium	ug/l	<100	<100	180	36	250	30	2000	1000	700	
Berylium	ug/l	<1	<1	0.67	< 0.5	0.92	<0.5	4	4	1	
Boron	ug/l	<100	<100	<50	<50	<50	<50				
Cadmium	ug/l	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	5	5	0.07	
Total chromium	ug/l	16	9.7	57	<5	82	<5	100	50		
Hexavalent chromium	ug/l	16	9.7	<1		<10		100	50		
Copper	ug/l	21	<10	44	<10	56	<10	1300	1300	170	1000
Iron	ug/l	110	42	35000	<40	56000	<40				300
Lead	ug/l	<5	<5.0	9.3	<5	13	<5	15 (90%)	15 (90%)	2	
Manganese	ug/l	<5	<10	620	57	1100	25				50
Mercury	ug/l	<1	<1.0	1.3	<0.2	1.9	<0.2	2	2	1.2	
Nickel	ug/l	<10	<10	43	<10	65	<10		100	12	
Selenium	ug/l	<5	<5.0	<5	<5	<5	<5	50	50		
Total silica	ug/l	18	23	60000	8700	50000	5000				
Silver	ug/l	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10	<10				100
Thallium	ug/l	<1	<1.0	<1	<1	<1	<1	2	2	0.1	
Zinc	ug/l	<10	<10	67	<20	120	24				5000
Organics	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Ethylene dibromide	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Dibromochloropropane	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Aldicarb	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Aldicarb sulfone	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Aldicarb sulfoxide	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Carbaryl	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Carbofuran	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Methomyl	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Oxamyl	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Glyphosphate Endethal	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Endothal Nitrogen-phosphorous based	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	<u> </u>			
pesticides via EPA Method 507 (13		ND	ND	NIA							
compounds) Organochlorine based pesticides and DCBa via EDA Mathed 509 (44	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA	1			
PCBs via EPA Method 508 (14 compounds)	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Chlorinated herbicides via EPA Method 515.3 (8 compounds)	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA				
Volatile organic compunds via EPA Method 524.2 (68 compounds)	ug/l	ND	ND	NA Dra <i>limi</i>	NA	NA	NA				

CA DHS PHG: California Department of Health Services Preliminary Health Goal

USEPA MCL: United States Environmental Protection Agency Maximum Contaminant Level for public water supplies CA MCL: California Maximum Contaminant Level for public water supplies

ND: not detected

NA: not analyzed

#### Estimated Recharge Rates

Recharge rate is controlled by the vertical hydraulic conductivity of unsaturated soils above the water table and depth to water. Most banks can tolerate the presence of discontinuous silt and clay layers at depth because recharged water can move around these features as long

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as they are not laterally extensive. However, near surface soils (e.g. the upper 15 feet) should be reasonably permeable because the cost to excavate large areas is usually cost-prohibitive. As a result, WDS analyzed recharge rates as follows:

- WDS estimated vertical hydraulic conductivities of near surface soils using results from sieve analyses and the US Salinity Laboratory software program Rosetta. These results were compared to estimates by others;
- During the early stages of recharge, water percolates under a unit gradient (assuming 100% saturation) and thus (using Darcy's equation) the maximum theoretical percolation rate (not seepage velocity) is equivalent to the saturated vertical hydraulic conductivity. The values derived in Step 1 were then set as the upper limits to recharge;
- 3) Percolation rates decrease exponentially over time due to three factors:
  - Percolating water can encounter various lower permeability materials which impede flow, cause localized perching and resulting in a reduction of the vertical hydraulic gradient as water moves laterally around the perching layer;
  - The water table rises resulting in a reduction in the vertical hydraulic gradient as percolating water is forced to move laterally. At some distance from the center of the pond the change in gradient is so low that the spread of the mound effectively stops and the water table backs up to the surface, halting recharge operations; and
  - Over time, soil pore spaces can become occluded by fine sediments, air bubbles and algae/bacterial growth, reducing hydraulic conductivities.
- 4) Glover (1960) developed an analytical method for estimating the evolution of a recharge mound. The Glover method was validated at various recharge sites in the Central Valley and by WDS at the Madera Ranch site. Therefore, the Glover method (as further detailed in ARD 41-161) was used by WDS to provide screening estimates of mound height and time to cessation of recharge operations. These estimates should be considered a first approximation only, subject to more detailed hydrogeologic investigations and modelling.

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#### Maximum Percolation Rate Estimates

The following table summarizes estimated maximum percolation rates derived from a variety of sources.

Source	Cajon Loamy Sand		Fine Sand Sandy Loam				Sandy Loam		Sandy Loam		Sandy Loam		Sandy Loam		Sandy Loam		Sandy Loam		, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,			Rosam ond Fine Sandy Loam	Rosam ond Loam
Map Symbol	CaC	HgA	HgA2	HkA	HkB	Rm	Rm2	Ro	Rp														
	(556)	(469)	(526)	(521)	(484)	(587)	(631)	(496)	(498)														
SCS	13-40	13-40	13-40	4-13	4-13	4-13	4-13	1-4	1-4														
WDS Rosetta	NA	13-25	13-25	4-20	1-16	2-4	2-4	3-17	7														
WDS percolation test	NA	21.1	NA	2.3	5.9	5.3	NA	9.2	3.7														
USGS	0.2 to 15, mid-range of 3																						
Range	0.2 to 40, geometric mean of 7																						

Table 16: Estimated Maximum Percolation Rates (feet/day)

K: hydraulic conductivity NA: not available USGS: 2003 SCS: 1981 Rosetta US Salinity Laboratory software Rosetta

As indicated above, estimated maximum percolation rates vary over a wide range depending on the near surface soil type and the precision of the method used. It has been the experience of WDS and others that the maximum percolation rate should be at least 0.5 feet/day to support long term (lower) percolation rates that are still economically viable. As indicated above, the geometric mean of estimated maximum percolation rates is 7 feet/day with only one (very regional, not based on target area data) estimate of less than 0.5 feet/day. Based on this finding, WDS concluded that near surface soils in the target area are suitable for long term recharge.

## Long Term Recharge Estimates

As indicated above, percolation rates decline over time due to perching on lower hydraulic conductivity layers, evolution of the recharge mound and clogging of soil pore spaces. A review of the Layne boring logs in Appendix D indicates that no significant low permeability layers were encountered between the surface and the water table – eliminating significant perching as a potential limiting factor for recharge operations in the target area.

WDS estimated how mound evolution would limit recharge operations by implementing the Glover method using the following key assumptions.



Parameter	Conservative	Realistic	Liberal	Maximum	
Farameter	Conservative	Key Assumptions	LIDEIAI	WidXIIIIUIII	
Active pond area					
(acres)		1,4	26		
Width of recharge					
basin (ft)		8,0	000		
Typical recharge			_		
season (months)		Ę	Ď		
Aquifer operation		t permitted to rise abov er table (150 to 200 ft, t		Recharge mound permitted to rise within 20 ft, bgs	
Average long term infiltration rate (ft/day)	0.24 (3% of starting rate)	0.5 (7% of starting rate)	1 (14% of sta	.0 arting rate)	
Aquifer horizontal K (ft/day)	10	25	3	0	
Pre-project saturated thickness of aquifer (ft)	1,150	1,500 1,700			
Specific yield (%)	14%	20%	33	8%	
Thickness of dewatered aquifer in which water would be stored (ft)	141	166	191	330	
Depth to static water table (ft, bgs)	331	341	35	50	
Seasonal water table variation absent the Project (ft)	10	12.5	2	0	
		Results			
Volume recharged (AF)	51,336	106,950	213,900	256,680	
Does water table rise to the historically shallowest water table?	Yes, within 4 months	No	Yes, within 5- months	No	
Months of additional operations that could have occurred if water was available (months)	0	1	0	12	
Radial distance of water table impact (miles)	1.1	1.7	1.3	1.5	

## Table 17: Key Assumptions and Results of Screening Mounding Analysis

Key findings summarized in Table 17 were as follows:

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- Water banks typically perform recharge operations within a 4-6 month window (commonly 5-months from November through March). There was no simulation in which the mound rose sufficiently to limit recharge operations within this time-frame;
- Simulations conservatively assuming that water levels are not allowed to rise above the historical water level indicate that recharge could be performed over a 4 to 6-month period before the mound rose to historical water table levels;
- Simulations that more realistically allow the water level to rise above the historical water table level indicate that recharge could be performed for up to 17 months before shallow mound conditions would limit operations;
- The most conservative simulation indicated a minimum recharge capacity of 51,336 AF over 4-months. All other simulations indicate more than 100,000 AF of recharge capacity over 5-months; and
- All simulations indicate that there would be a measurable rise in the water table for distances of 1 to 2 miles from the recharge ponds during the first year of operation.

Hydroscience modelled potential recharge and recovery operations in the target area in 1998 using the USGS groundwater flow model MODFLOW (Appendix E). While that work has not been published or validated by WDS, it is useful to note that their conclusions were similar to those of WDS as follows:

- Annual recharge operations of at least 6-months would be feasible. WDS found that at least 4-months would be feasible (with 6-months likely); and
- In year 1 the water table would rise approximately 137 feet. WDS estimated a water table rise of 136 feet (likely case).

Taken together, screening calculations indicate that the target area is likely able to support recharge operations of at least 50,000 AF/year, but likely greater than 100,000 AF/year, assuming a 5-month recharge window. Within this time frame, recharge operations would likely not be limited by evolution of a shallow water table. By the end of the first recharge season the water table mound would likely extend 1 to 2 miles from the recharge ponds.

### Estimated Storage Space

Figure 18 depicts the estimated extent of the recharge mound under various long-term scenarios. The depicted extents are based on a qualitative melding of results from the Glover method analysis (see previous section), review of USGS potentiometric surfaces, pumping center locations, topography and known bounding faults. Table 18 combines the recharge mound configurations depicted on Figure 18 with assumed aquifer parameters to provide estimates of available storage space.



Scenario	Area over 100 ft of dewatered aquifer (acres)	Area over 150 ft of dewatered aquifer (acres)	Area over 200 ft of dewatered aquifer (acres)	Specific Yield (%)	Storage Space (AF)	% of Available Basin Storage (%)		
		WDS Es	timates		_			
Conservative	0	10,172	0	14%	213,612	15%		
Likely	0	14,528	5,156		642,080	45%		
Liberal	0	19,450	8,301		915,540	64%		
Maximum	1	23,162	8,577	20%	1,037,960	72%		
Entire Neenach Sub-Basin	14,128	26,787	8,855		1,440,370	100%		
	Estimates by Others							
Psomas (1998)	Approxi	Approximately the target area of Neenach Sub-Basin: 550,000 AF						

#### **Table 18: Storage Space Estimates**

As indicated above, WDS estimates a likely available storage space of 642,080 AF. This estimate compares well with a Psomas (1998) estimate of 550,000 AF.

## **Evaporative and Other Losses**

A portion of water applied to recharge ponds would be lost to evaporation and an additional portion of the recharged water would be non-recoverable due to retention in the currently unsaturated aquifer materials and lateral migration away from the Project well field. This section provides a preliminary analysis of these issues.

### Evaporative Losses

Recharge basins are operated with fairly shallow water levels of only a few feet. The water in these basins heats up and a portion is lost to evaporation. NOAA (1982) estimated the average annual free water body evaporation for the target area to be 85 inches, with 60 inches of this total occurring from May to October (averaging 0.03 feet/day) and the remaining 25 inches of evaporation occurring from November through April (averaging 0.01 feet/day) – which spans the typical recharge season. Assuming that an average of 0.5 feet/day of water is applied to the recharge ponds and that shallow water evaporation is typically 12% higher than the deep water estimates published by NOAA (DWR, 2003), WDS estimates that 2-3% of recharge pond water would be lost to evaporation during the November through April time frame and that 6-7% would be lost during the May through October time frame.

### Irrecoverable water bound to the aquifer matrix

During the first year of recharge there is an initial loss of recharged water that is bound to aquifer materials by a surface tension that prevents gravity drainage (commonly known as specific retention). This is typically a first year impact that is not experienced in subsequent years. WDS used the software program Rosetta to estimate specific retention from 24 soil samples collected by Layne. That work indicates that first year specific retention losses may be approximately 5%. This estimate is likely high because there is still likely some interstitial water remaining in the dewatered aquifer matrix (evaporative losses are negligible below the top 10 feet of soils).

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### Losses due to mound migration

There is typically a lag of 1-3 years between recharge and recovery. Recovery events usually do not recover the entire banked amount (reserving stored water for infrequent, severe droughts). The banked water (or the mound) migrates laterally during these lag times with a portion flowing beyond the reach of project recovery wells. As discussed in a previous section, the Project would have a right to recover a volume equal to the amount that was originally recharged (less evaporative losses and specific retention) – regardless of the fate of the original water. However, in practice, water banks usually enter into monitoring and operating agreements with surrounding pumpers to ensure that the Project only recovers water residing on top of the water table that would have existed absent the Project (or compensate the adjacent pumpers if they are impacted). Therefore, as a practical matter, it can be expected that a portion of the recharged water would migrate beyond the reach of the Project recovery well field and become inaccessible due to contractual controls imposed by monitoring agreements. The amount of this loss is dependent on the following factors:

- The numbers and locations of project recovery wells;
- The numbers and locations of existing irrigation wells that can be used by the Project through in-lieu agreements with their owners;
- The degree of basin overdraft (likely negligible at present);
- The degree to which adjacent pumpers are willing to allow short-term deviations in water levels from the baseline condition in recognition of the long term benefit of the Project.

None of these factors can be estimated at present. However, other Kern County water banks typically lump all evaporative, specific retention and mound migration losses together as a specified percent of recharge water that would not be recovered. The imposed percentages range from 5% to 15%.

In summary, the Project can be expected to lose 7% to 12% of recharged water during the first year due to evaporative and aquifer retention losses. Operationally over time, evaporative and mound migration losses may vary from 5% to 15% per year assuming that adjacent pumper cooperation is similar to that of other Kern County water banks.

## Compatibility of Recharge Water and Groundwater

Detailed geochemical analyses would be required to evaluate the long term water quality impacts of recharge. However, the following observations can be made:

- Recharged water would either be from the SWP or from the Owens Valley (LADWP via LAA#2). SWP water has been applied to the target area for 30-years with no apparent degradation in water quality;
- The Lahontan Regional Water Quality Control Board has approved SWP water for recharge; and
- While Owens Valley water in LAA#2 is generally of high quality, it has had a historical average arsenic concentration of 22 ug/l although concentrations have been less than 10 ug/l and commonly less than 5 ug/l since 1996. Arsenic has not been detected in target area groundwater, the USEPA has set a new MCL of 10 ug/l and the California Department of Health Services will promulgate a new state MCL by January 2006. The California arsenic MCL is expected to be less than 10 ug/l.



As indicated above, WDS does not anticipate any water quality problems related to recharge of SWP water. However, WDS believes that careful monitoring of the Owens Valley water would be required to ensure that concentrations in recharge water do not exceed the Federal MCL or the anticipated lower State MCL. Some additional mechanisms for handling this issue are as follows:

- Owens Valley water would be available for recharge in high-flow (wet) years which occur approximately 3-4 times every 10-years. As detailed in the in the 1993 EIR for the review of Mono Basin water rights (Jones & Stokes, 1993), arsenic concentrations in the LAA aqueduct decline to less than 2 ug/l in these high flow years;
- As detailed in a following section, WDS has assumed that the Project would include a new 4-mile pipeline running from LAA#2 through the recharge pond area and to the AVEK West Feeder. This configuration would permit both SWP and Owens Valley water to be received at the same time and mixed in project ponds to dilute arsenic concentrations (SWP water typically does not contain detectable concentrations of arsenic);
- The Project pipeline would enable LAA#2 water to be delivered directly into the West Feeder which serves Rosamond through the 14 mgd (22 cfs) Rosamond water treatment plant. It might be possible for LADWP to enter into an exchange agreement with AVEK to receive the LAA#2 water at the Rosamond plant in-lieu of SWP deliveries (with payments for incremental increased in treatment costs). LADWP has entered into agreements of this type with other water agencies;
- Owens Valley water could potentially be delivered into the California Aqueduct in exchange for delivery of SWP water to the facility through the AVEK West Feeder. However, current DWR policies include a Tier 1 water quality policy that prohibits degradation of California Aqueduct water quality. Therefore a Tier 2 exemption would be required. This issue is currently being evaluated in detail by the Pump-In Facilitation Group – a consortium of SWP contractors and water banking entities that are encountering similar problems with arsenic (and other constituents) in water they wish to deliver into the aqueduct; and
- Owens Valley water could be delivered to Los Angeles, treated (as is currently done) and then delivered to other MWD customers in-lieu of SWP deliveries. An equal volume of MWD SWP entitlement would then be diverted into the East Branch of the California Aqueduct and delivered into the facility through reverse flow in LAA#2 or through the AVEK West Feeder.

Taken together, it appears that a combination monitoring, use of high flows, coordinated dilution and institutional exchanges would likely permit Owens Valley water to be accepted by the Project. This is an issue that is central to several other current projects and represents one of the most acute policy issues facing the SWP at this time. Detailed evaluations are required.

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# **Potential Water Banking Configurations**

WDS conservatively estimates that water bank entitlement costs (to be borne by WDS) could range from \$3.2 to \$7.1 million. For the sake of conservatism in economic evaluations WDS assumed the most flexible and highest capacity facility with an estimated capital cost of \$44.1 million. The facility could process up to 100,000 AF/year with recharge costs of \$4/AF, recovery costs of \$37/AF and carrying costs of \$8/AF per year. A present value analysis (assuming a cost of capital of 6% over 30-years) indicates a total cost of \$811/AF of annual capacity – which is 40% to 240% lower than comparable projects.

An endless range of water bank configurations are possible for the target area depending on the needs of the lead agency and degree of adjacent pumper participation. For the purposes evaluating economic viability WDS has conservatively chosen to estimate the costs associated with the most flexible, highest capacity (and therefore most expensive) system. In addition, WDS has conservatively assumed that there would be no in-lieu agreements with adjacent pumpers which would reduce capital and operating costs.

#### **Facilities Layout Alternatives**

Based on a review of nearby conveyances and water sources, WDS considered the following potential water bank configurations:

Alternative 1, Local Conveyances Only: As indicated on Figure 4, the target parcels are served by two turnouts from the AVEK West Feeder which delivers SWP water to farmers and the Rosamond area at up to 225 cfs (13,388 AF/month). The piping of this turnout would be enlarged and recharge ponds sized to accept up to 13,388 AF/month and sufficient wells would be installed (or contracted with pumpers) to deliver an equivalent flow back to the West Feeder. This alternative could directly serve all AVEK customers on the West Feeder and could serve SWP contractors through exchange (banked water would be delivered to West Feeder customers in-lieu of SWP deliveries, making an equivalent volume available in the East Branch of the California Aqueduct for delivery to others). Taking into account required AVEK deliveries that could not be interrupted, this alternative would likely use less than 50% of the target area water banking capacity, but would likely be the least expensive alternative. The layout could be supplemented by in-lieu connections to surrounding pumpers.

Alternative 2, Regional Conveyances Only: As indicated on Figure 2, the target parcels are immediately adjacent to LAA#2 which delivers Owens Valley water to Los Angeles at up to 290 cfs (17,256 AF/month). A new turnout would be constructed from LAA#2, recharge ponds would be sized to accept up to 17,256 AF/month and sufficient wells would be installed (or contracted with pumpers) to deliver an equivalent flow back to LAA#2. LA DWP indicates that LAA#2 operates under an average pressure of 52 psi in the area of the target parcels, requiring addition of a booster station to deliver recovered water back into LAA#2. There is currently not an interconnection between LAA#2 and the East Branch of the California Aqueduct (although there is a concrete vault ready for installation of the interconnection). Under this scenario that interconnection would be installed to permit recovered water to be delivered either to Los Angeles or into the California Aqueduct. LADWP has significant operational flexibility with LAA#2 because they are able to divert flows into LAA#1. Therefore, the LAA#2-California Aqueduct interconnection would also be equipped with a

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low-head, high flow lift station to permit diversion of SWP water into LAA#2 for delivery to the recharge facility (by reversing flow in LAA #2). This alternative could directly serve Los Angeles and SWP contractors. Taking into account required LADWP deliveries, this alternative would likely use less than 70% of the target area water banking capacity. The layout could be supplemented by in-lieu connections to surrounding pumpers.

Alternative 3, Local and Regional Conveyances (Evaluated Alternative): Alternative 3 would combine all elements of the previous 2 alternatives to provide the most flexible, highest capacity and highest cost operation. As previously noted, less expensive alternatives are likely, but this, most expensive alternative was chosen for the purposes of evaluating economic viability (if this alternative is economically viable, all other alternatives would be even more viable). Figure 19 and 20 depict the assumed layout. Assuming a capacity of 100,000 AF/year, a 5-month recharge season and a 7-month recovery season, the facility would require 336 cfs of conveyance capacity for recharge (65% of the combined capacity of LAA#2 and the West Feeder) and 240 cfs of conveyance capacity for recovery (47% of the combined capacity of LAA#2 and the West Feeder). The following sections provide preliminary cost estimates for this alternative.

### **Alternative 3 Preliminary Cost Estimates**

Tables 19 through 22 present key assumptions, preliminary capital cost (CAPEX), permitting cost and operating cost (OPEX) estimates for Alternative 3. As detailed on Table 20, WDS conservatively estimates that project facilities would require a CAPEX of \$44.1 million. This estimate does not include permitting costs or land acquisition because, as currently contemplated, these costs would be incurred by WDS. Table 21 presents the permitting costs that WDS is expected to incur – totalling anywhere from \$3.3 to \$7.1 million (mid-range of \$4.9 million). While lower permitting costs might be possible, given the current concerns, law-suits and adjudication proceedings, WDS believes that the presented numbers are conservatively realistic.

Assumption	Notes
20% contingency	Applied to all CAPEX components
336 cfs recharge capacity	Based on a typical 5-month recharge season
240 cfs recovery capacity	Based on a typical 7-month recovery season.
Cut and fill of 380,000 cubic yards	Includes pipeline outlet structures, soil management areas, routing berms
to create 1,467 acres of active	to provide 80-acre sub-basins, distribution canal turnout structures,
recharge ponds on 1,467 total	perimeter fencing, reseeding, and 15% soil moving "fluff" factor. This is
acres (90%) with earthen	conservatively based on an average recharge rate of 0.5 feet/day. WDS
distribution canals and internal	investigations indicate that only 1,147 acres would be required. Psomas
berms to control sedimentation.	(1998) estimated that 1,100 acres would be required.
54 acres of right-of-way obtained	The off-site acreage would be required for downgradient recovery wells. If
from adjacent land owners with	existing wells are used through cooperative agreements, this acreage
218 acres of temporary	would be reduced. The Project has been designed to place major sub-
construction easements	surface piping in county road right-of-ways.
	This interconnection would enable water to be lifted from the California
	Aqueduct and sent down LAA#2 to the recharge facility. Conversely the
A new interconnection between	interconnection would permit recovered water to be discharged into the
LAA#2 and California Aqueduct	California Aqueduct. The concrete vault for this interconnection already
	exists and a lift station would only be required to prime a siphon. This is
	because once water has been lifted out of the California Aqueduct there is
	a 230-foot topographic drop from the aqueduct down to the target parcels

Table 19: Key CAPEX and OPEX Assumption	S
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Assumption	Notes
·	along the route of LAA #2 (with estimated frictional head losses of less than 70 feet).
A new turnout from LAA#2 to the Project including a return flow booster pump	This turnout would enable water to be gravity fed from LAA#2 into the recharge system. In fact, with an average 52 psi of head, the turnout would require significant pressure regulation. Likewise, the turnout would be used to return recovered water to LAA#2, requiring a booster pump to supplement heads from individual wells.
A new lift pump on Turnout 20A from the West Feeder	This component would be an enlargement of an existing turnout with a lift pump to enable delivery of SWP water to the uppermost recharge ponds. Likewise, the turnout would enable return for recovered water into the West Feeder.
<ul> <li>4-mile, 84 inch diameter, buried reinforced concrete pipeline.</li> <li>21-miles of 14 to 38 inch diameter buried PVC and steel piping from wells to conveyances</li> </ul>	Includes road crossings, pressure relief structures, air vents, pipeline connections,
Well specific capacity of 27 gpm/ft	<ul> <li>Based on measurements from 11 nearby irrigation wells. This assumption is highly conservative for the following reasons:</li> <li>The average of most wells in the target area was 39 gpm/ft, but 4 outliers (likely due to poor well conditions) were included anyway;</li> <li>The USGS indicates an average of 50 gpm/ft for the target area (assuming properly installed wells); and</li> <li>WDS has budgeted for installation of high efficiency wells that would have significantly higher specific capacities than existing irrigation wells.</li> </ul>
Installation of 34 new wells and use of 5 existing wells	<ul> <li>This assumption is conservative for the following reasons:</li> <li>See notes on specific capacity above; and</li> <li>There are more than 37 existing wells in the target area that might be used.</li> </ul>
Use of high efficiency, wire wrapped screen in wells	This assumption is highly conservative, given the coarse grained nature of the aquifer, this expense is likely not warranted, increasing well costs by 20% to 30%.
Well costs ranging from \$450,000 to \$550,000 per well	This cost includes installation, pump, electric motor, gears, power drop, piping to manifold, development, housing, controls and contingency. It would likely be more cost effective to run the wells on diesel or propane given their infrequent use. A present value analysis should be performed.
Flow, water level, pressure and on/off telemetry installed on all wells and pump stations	This is conservative. In practice most projects only install telemetry on pump stations.
Construction of a new maintenance and project support building.	This may be conservative depending on existing facilities of the lead agency
Pond sediment cleanout approximately every 3-years	This work would be performed to ensure that desired recharge rates are maintained.
OPEX includes higher maintenance costs as facilities age	This calculation ensures that facilities are slowly replaced over time.
Hiring of 6 employees to manage the Project	Assumed staffing includes a project manager, 2 operators, 1 administrative assistant and 2 laborers.
\$0.06/kW-hr power tariff 15% engineering, administration and legal as a percentage of CAPEX	This is the assumed rate for a public agency. This is conservative. Most recent water banking projects have averaged 10%.



Item	Estimate
	(including 20% contingency)
Easements and right-of-way	\$1,239,340
Detailed engineering design and construction oversight	\$4,763,621
Conveyances <sup>1</sup>	\$19,342,845
Recharge ponds <sup>2</sup>	\$1,064,146
Well field <sup>3</sup>	\$16,006,136
O&M infrastructure and telemetry	\$1,695,840
CAPEX (not including land or permitting)	\$44,111,928

### **Table 20: Preliminary CAPEX Estimate**

1) Includes LAA#2-California Aqueduct interconnection, new turnout from LAA#2 with booster station, enlarged West Feeder turnout with lift station, connections to well piping/connections and 4-mile pipeline

2) Includes earthwork, reseeding and fencing

3) Includes installation, pump, electric motor, gears, power drop, piping to manifold, development, housing and controls

Item	Low	Mid	High		
Public Relations, Political Lobbying	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000		
Creation of legal documents	\$250,000	\$375,000	\$500,000		
On-going water level monitoring	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000		
Land surveys, mapping for env. & eng. purposes	\$100,000	\$150,000	\$200,000		
Preliminary engineering - recharge pond construction	\$100,000	\$150,000	\$200,000		
Hydrogeologic investigations	\$400,000	\$525,000	\$650,000		
Modeling of groundwater characteristics	\$150,000	\$225,000	\$300,000		
Biological surveys for environmental compliance	\$50,000	\$75,000	\$100,000		
EIR, permitting, general and administrative	\$1,582,000	\$2,445,000	\$3,800,000		
TOTAL	\$2,732,000	\$4,095,000	\$5,950,000		
Total with 20% contingency	\$3,278,400	\$4,914,000	\$7,140,000		

#### Table 21: Anticipated Permitting Costs (to be incurred by WDS)



Table 22: Preliminary OPEX Estimate at Full Capacity								
Item/Year	1 2		3	4	5	6		
Recharge (AF)	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000		
Recovery (AF)	0	28,485	100,000	100,000	100,000	100,000		
Put electrical costs (\$)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Take electrical costs (\$)	0	926,694	3,253,276	3,253,276	3,253,276	3,253,276		
Labor (\$)	297,490	372,040	372,040	372,040	372,040	372,040		
Chemicals (\$)	0	0	0	0	0	0		
Fuel (\$)	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600	2,600		
Analytical (\$)	17,600	17,600	17,600	17,600	17,600	17,600		
Consulting (\$)	40,000	40,000	40,000	40,000	20,000	20,000		
Basin sediment cleanout (\$)	0	0	113,321	0	0	113,321		
Maintenance/repair of conveyance assets (\$)	48,357	67,700	94,780	132,692	185,769	260,076		
Maintenance/repair of recharge basins (\$)	2,660	3,725	5,214	7,300	10,220	14,308		
Maintenance/repair of wells (\$)	0	40,015	56,021	78,430	109,802	153,723		
Maintenance/repair of O&M infrastructure (\$)	4,240	5,935	8,310	11,633	16,287	22,802		
G&A (including replacement of tools, computers etc, \$)	109,800	109,800	109,800	109,800	109,800	109,800		
Miscellaneous fees (\$)	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000	60,000		
Total OPEX (\$)	582,747	1,646,109	4,132,962	4,085,372	4,157,394	4,399,546		
Fixed costs (\$)	582,747	719,415	766,365	832,095	904,118	1,032,949		

Table 22: Preliminary OPEX Estimate at Full Capacity

Does not include depreciation, taxes or debt service

## Alternative 3 Comparables Analysis

In preceding sections WDS has concluded that the Project is technically feasible. This section evaluates feasibility from an economic perspective by comparing estimated project costs to those that have been or would be incurred by comparable projects. Table 23, Figure 21 and Figure 22 summarize this analysis.





Project	CAPEX and Land Acquisition (\$)	Total Storage (AF)	Capacity (AF/yr)	CAPEX Per AF of Annual Capacity (\$/AF)	Put OPEX (\$/AF)	Take OPEX (\$/AF)	Inactive OPEX (\$/AF)	PV (\$/AF)
Antelope Valley	\$58,829,333	500,000	100,000	\$588	\$4	\$37	\$8	\$811
Chino Basin - MWD	\$28,200,000	100,000	33,000	\$855	\$20	\$50	\$2	\$1,185
Semitropic New Unit	\$150,000,000	450,000	150,000	\$1,000	\$25	\$25	\$2	\$1,239
Cawelo proposed to Castaic Lake WA	\$15,000,000	120,000	20,000	\$750	\$0	\$200	\$0	\$1,668
Fresno ID Walden Pond for City of Fresno (marketable capacity)	\$12,230,144	NA	8,100	\$1,510	\$4	\$41	\$2	\$1,726
MID: Phase 1 (marketable)	\$63,980,618	117,000	39,000	\$1,641	\$4	\$41	\$2	\$1,856
Semitropic Existing Unit (firm capacities cited)	\$135,000,000	1,000,000	90,000	\$1,500	\$44	\$44	\$2	\$1,917
Kern Delta - MWD		250,000	50,000	NA	\$145	\$185	\$105	\$1,996
Friant: Alternate cost of water purchases absent storage	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	NA	\$2,320
West Coast and Central Basin Pumping Rights	\$58,583,350	16,643	16,643	\$3,520	\$0	\$25	\$0	\$3,635
Terminus Dam	\$37,000,000		8,000	\$4,625	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,625
Kaweah Delta	\$1,201,336	246	246	\$4,883	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$4,883
Fine Gold Creek Offstream Storage	\$503,000,000		42,000	\$11,976	\$0	\$0	\$0	\$11,976

Table 23: Economic Comparison to Other Storage Projects

Notes

Assumes no grants
 Assumes a 6% cost of capital over 30-years for debt service
 Does not include permitting (to ensure a valid comparison)
 Values in red are not known and were assumed low or zero to ensure that the comparison is conservative
 Assumes recharge 33% of the years, recovery 33% of the years and inactive 33% of the years

The comparison presented above incorporates conservative WDS estimates of land acquisition (\$9,000/acre - more than 4 times the current agricultural value) to ensure that the comparables analysis is conservatively valid. Permitting costs were not included because other projects have not reported this expenditure. Some of the required inputs were not available for some of the cited projects. In these instances (indicated in red), WDS conservatively chose values at or near zero. As indicated in the table and figures, this project would be highly cost effective with an estimated present value cost that is lower than all comparable projects. Based on this finding, WDS has concluded that the Project is economically feasible.



# References

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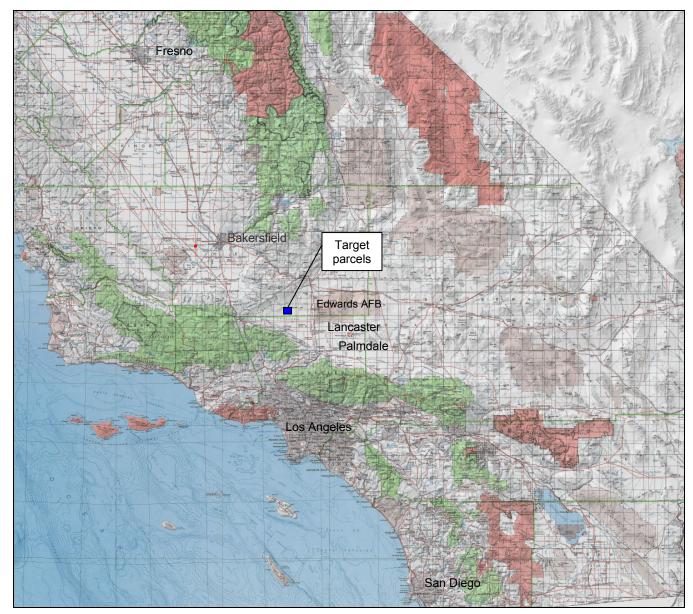


Figure 1: Regional Location Map

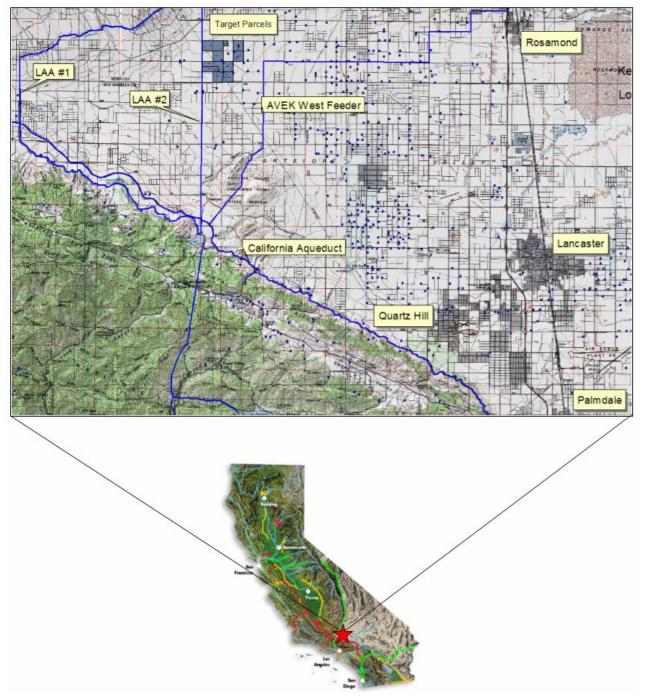


Figure 2: Target Parcel Location Map

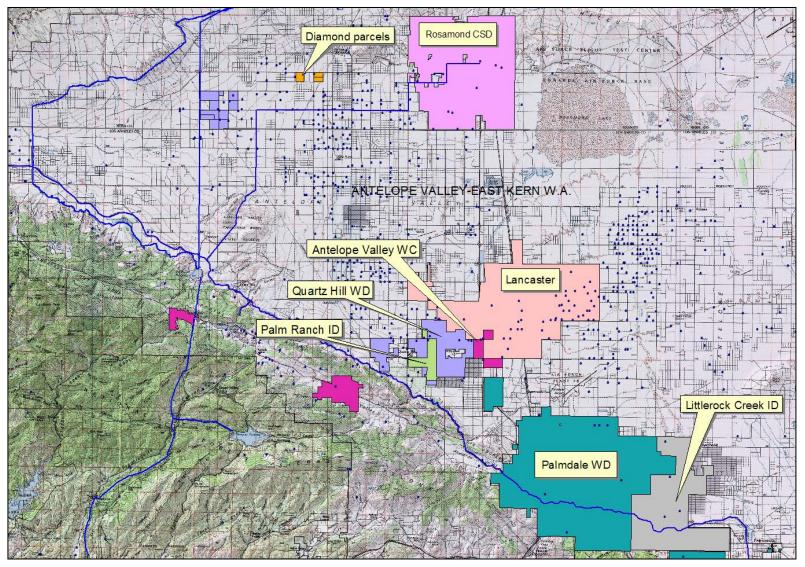
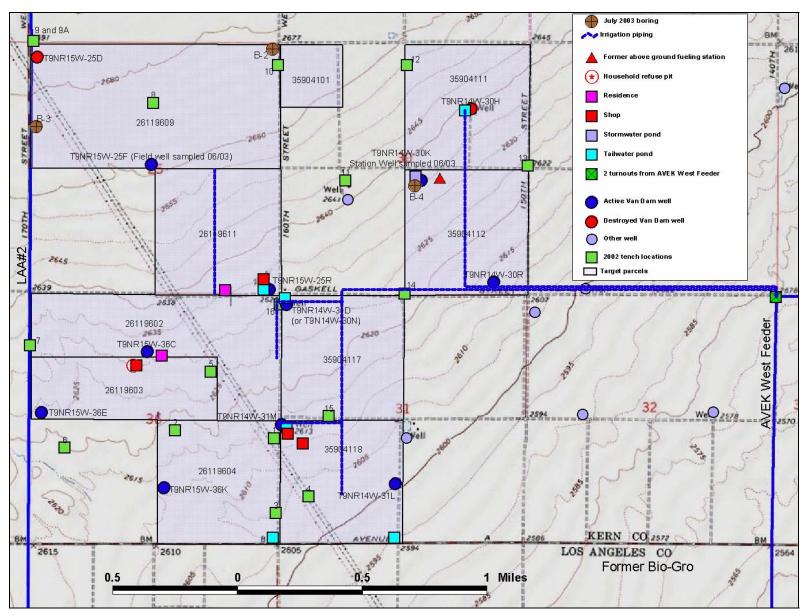


Figure 3: Regulatory Jurisdictions



**Figure 4: Target Parcel Features** 

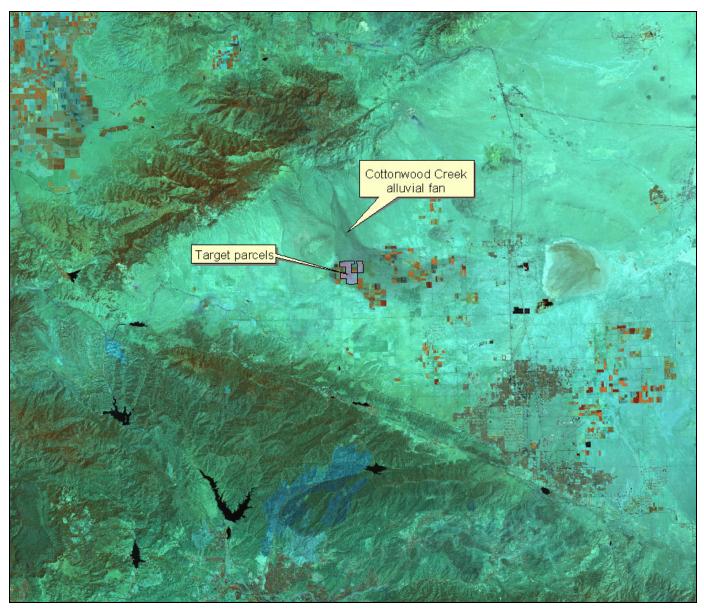


Figure 5: July 26, 2002 Landsat 7 Image (Bands 4,5,7)

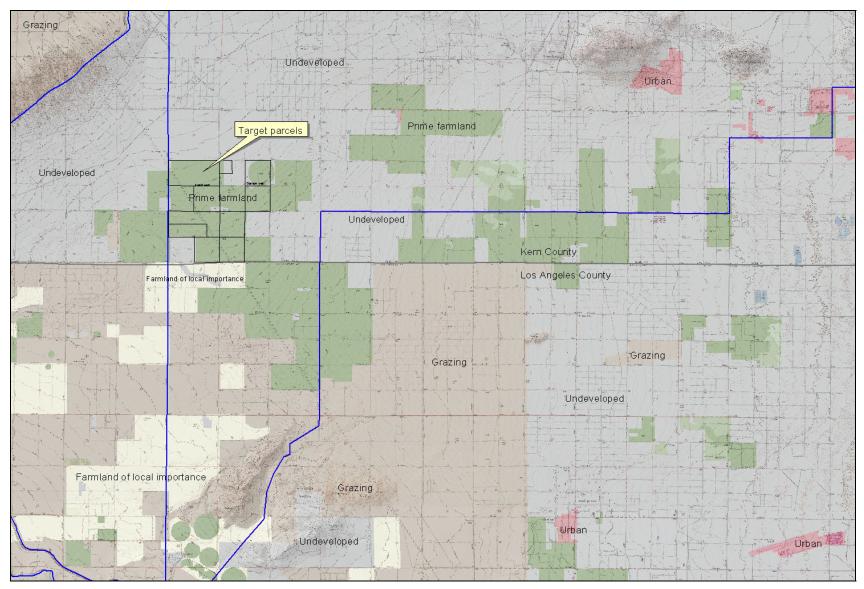


Figure 6: 2002 Land Use

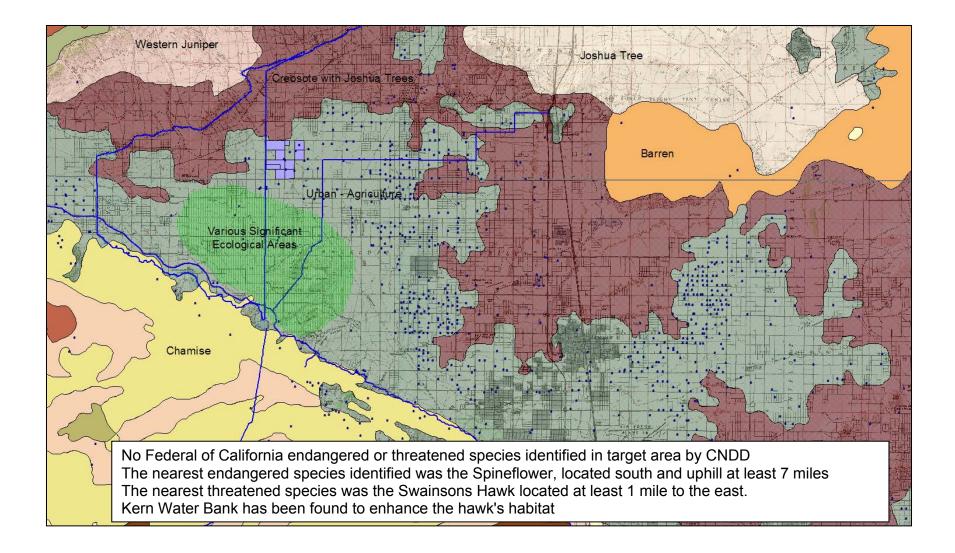
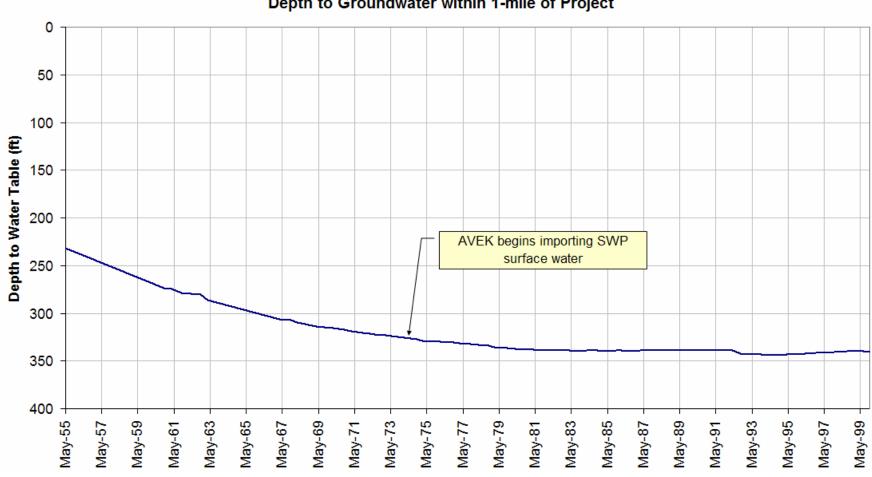


Figure 7: Vegetation and Habitat



## Depth to Groundwater within 1-mile of Project

Figure 8: Water levels in a representative well

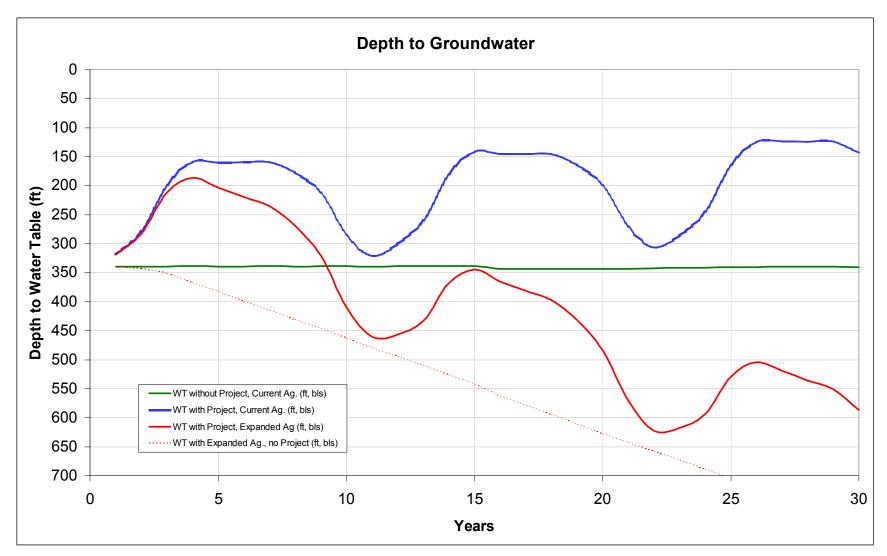


Figure 9: Illustrative Example of Water Bank Impact on Groundwater Levels

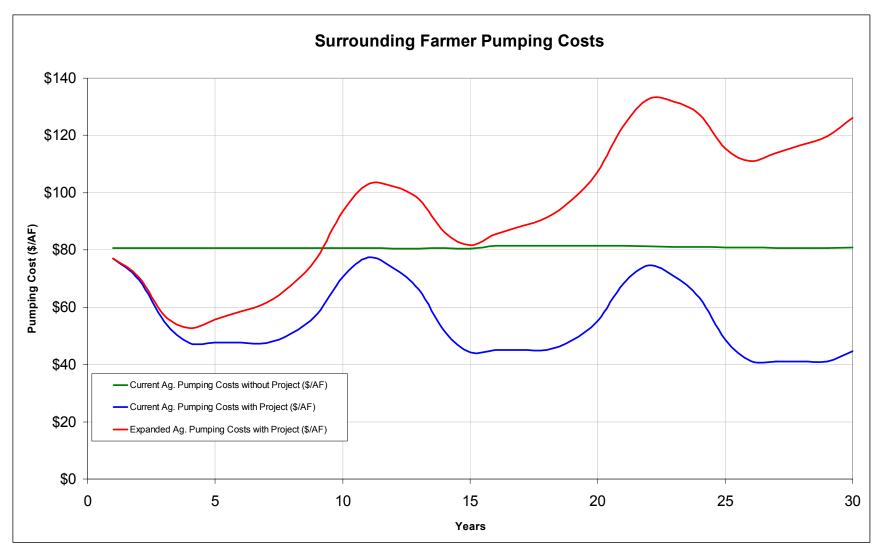


Figure 10: Illustrative Example of Water Bank Impact on Pumping Costs

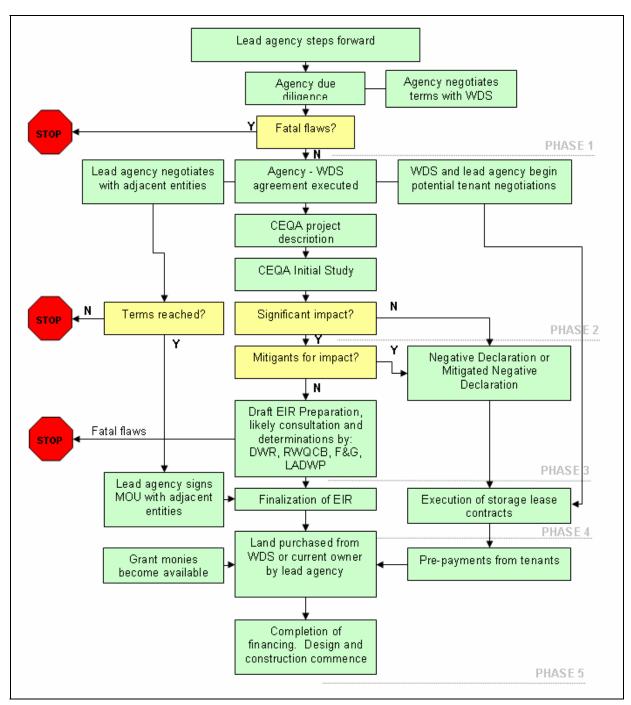


Figure 11: Water Bank Entitlement Critical Path

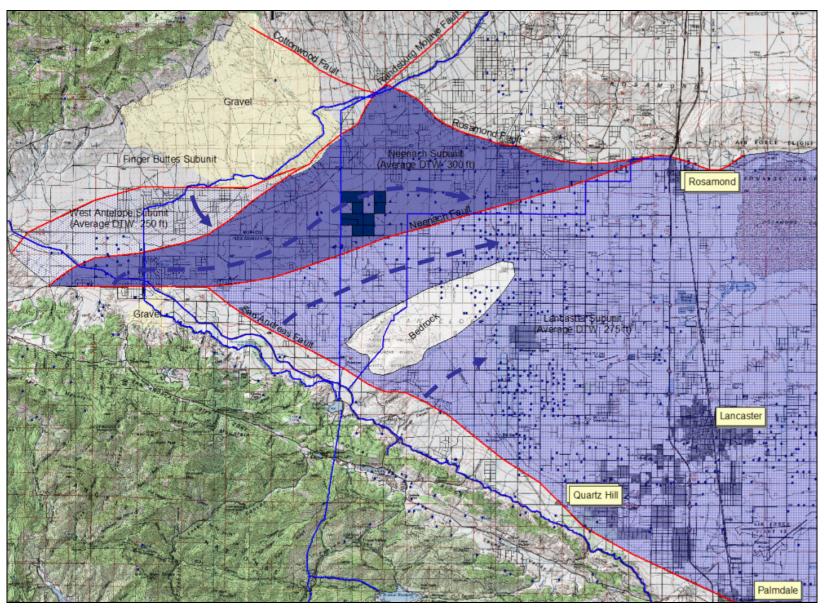


Figure 12: Hydrogeologic Map

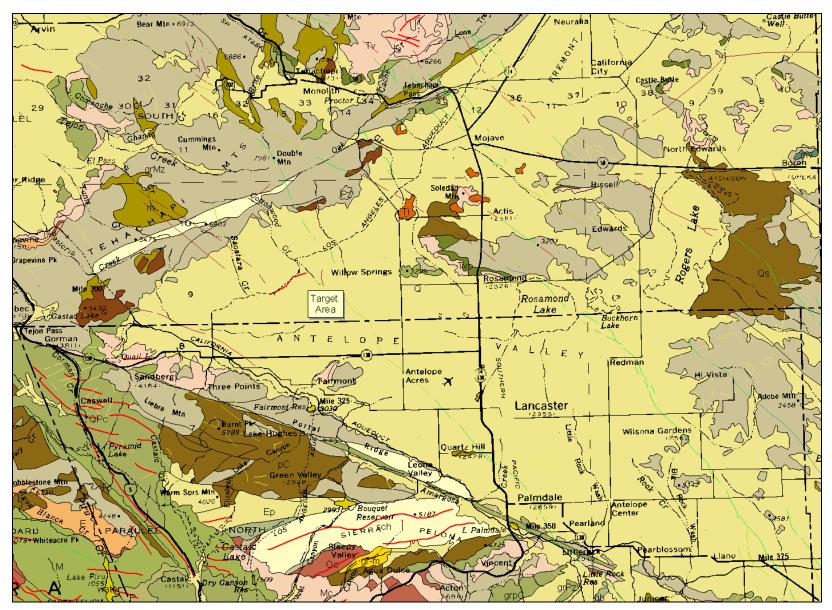


Figure 13: Geologic Map

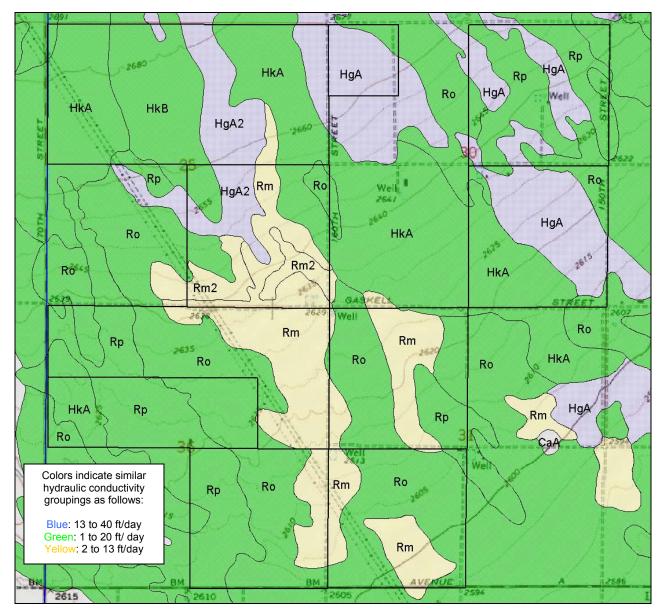


Figure 14: Target Parcel Soil Types

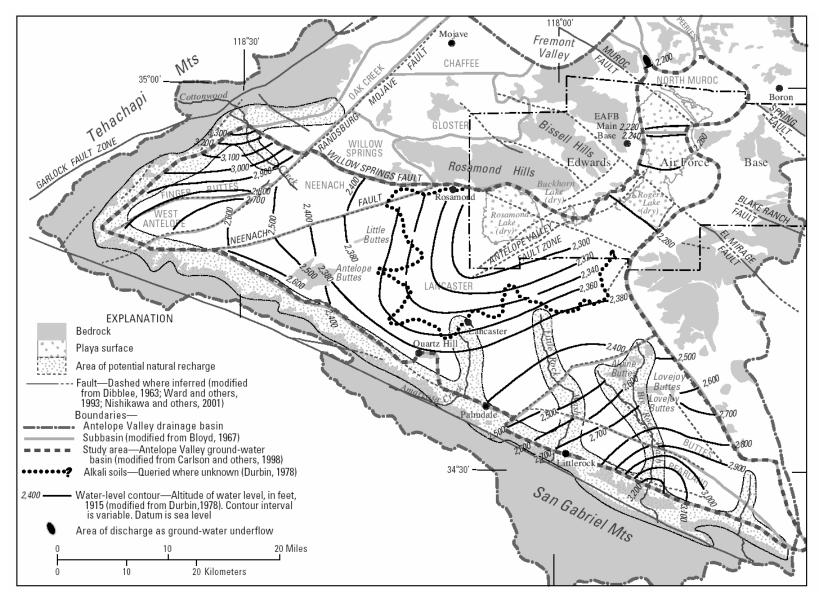


Figure 15: 1915 Water Table Contours (USGS 2003)

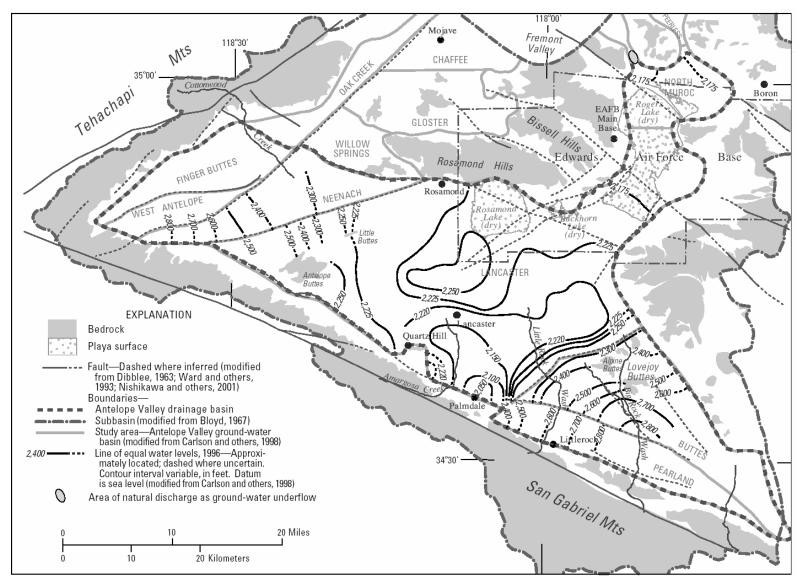


Figure 16: Spring 1996 Water Table Contours (USGS 2003)

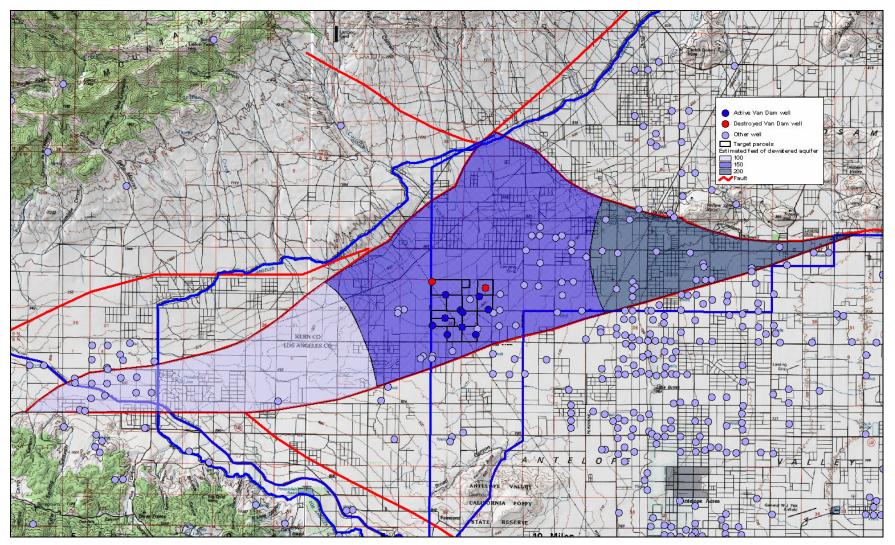


Figure 17: Estimated Feet of Dewatered Aquifer

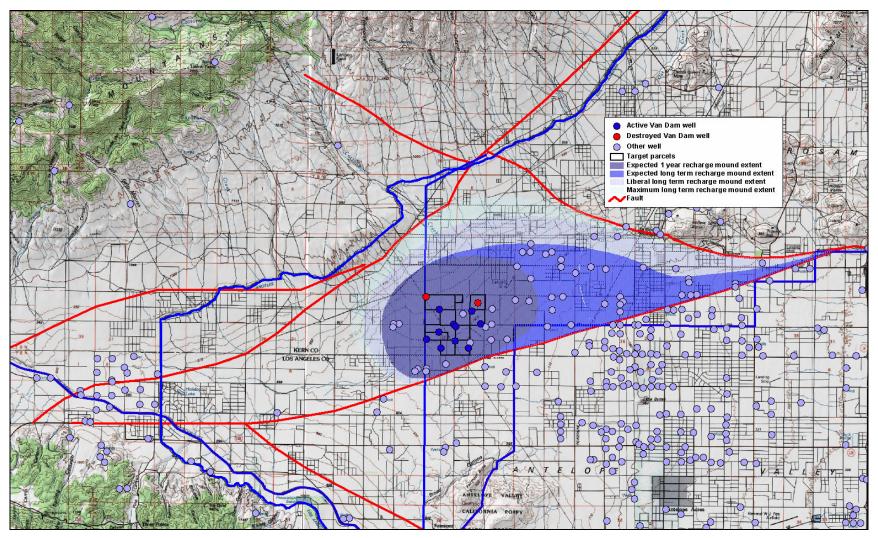


Figure 18: Preliminary Estimates of Recharge Mound Extents (does not account for periodic recovery)

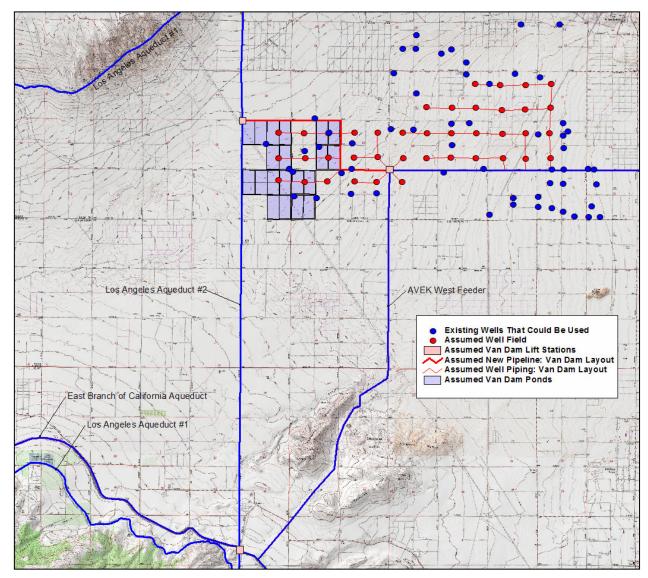


Figure 19: Alternative 3 Preliminary Layout Overview

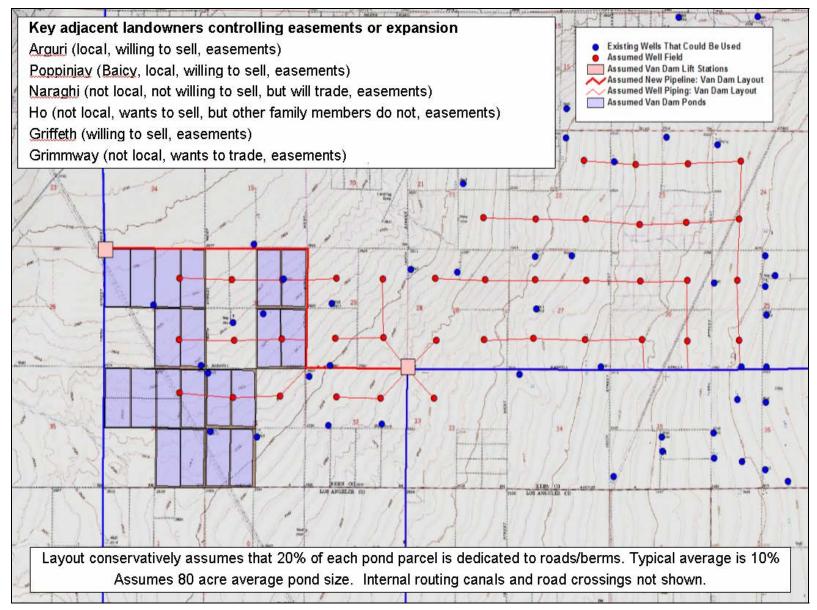


Figure 20: Alternative 3 Preliminary Layout Detail

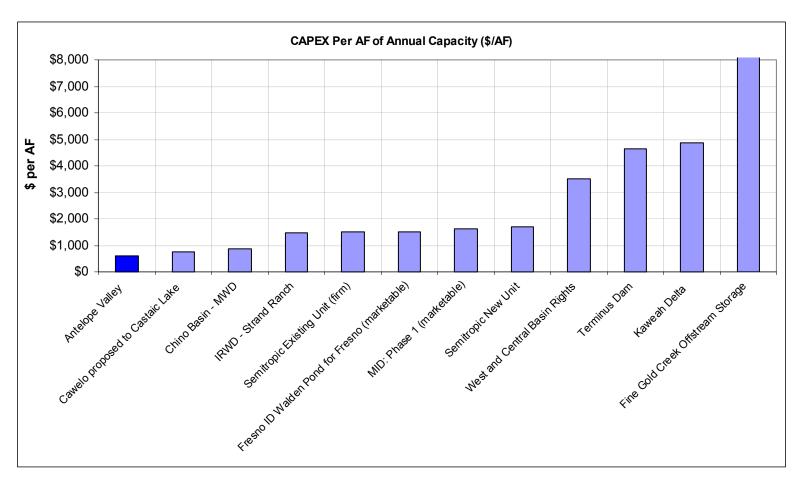


Figure 21: CAPEX Based Comparables Analysis

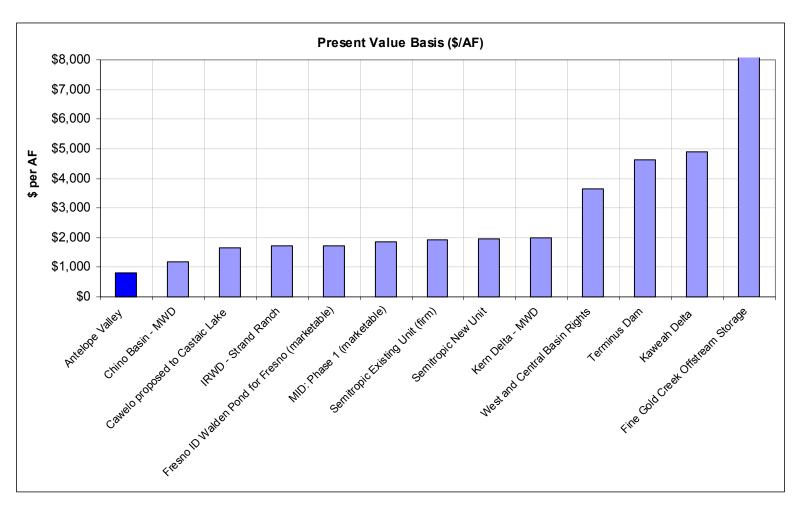


Figure 22: Present Value Based Comparables Analysis

# **Appendix A** WDS Statement of Qualifications



Water Conservation, Transfers, and Banking

# **Statement of Qualifications**

5700 Wilshire Boulevard, Suite 330 Los Angeles, CA 90036 (323) 936 - 9303

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# Introduction

Western Development and Storage, LLC (WDS) analyzes and develops water conservation, banking, and transfer projects as an investor, partner and consultant to private equity funds and public agencies. Because we manage our own assets, we bring clients a unique perspective on opportunities, risks, political factors, legal structures, permitting, technical issues, schedules and costs. Current projects include:

- Developing more than 1,550,000 acre-feet of storage (430,000 acre-feet/year of extraction);
- Managing and marketing more than 600 water rights in AZ, CA, CO, MT, NM, OR, TX, WA and UT totaling more than 120,000 AF;
- Managing more than 13,000 acres of Central Valley farmland (grapes, row crops and grazing);
- Expanding our successful crop-idling program;
- Permitting four dairies totaling 21,919 animal units; and
- Partnering with farmers, agricultural districts, urban water utilities, power utilities, private equity funds, large agribusinesses, real estate developers and the nation's largest railroad.

We have analyzed or been involved in every recent, significant California water-banking effort. Our unique protocols for evaluating opportunities, refined over many years, combine technical, regulatory, political and financial factors into succinct, quantitative recommendations and reports clients can use to obtain financing.

WDS is not an engineering company. We are developers who understand the issues, processes, players, opportunities and risks. We analyze and manage projects in house and outsource detailed engineering work to consultants such as Bookman-Edmonston, Boyle Engineering, Jones & Stokes, Geomatrix, Layne Christensen, Quad Knopf, URS Corporation and others. Accessing detailed expertise only where and when it is needed keeps operations lean, allowing us to remain financially efficient.

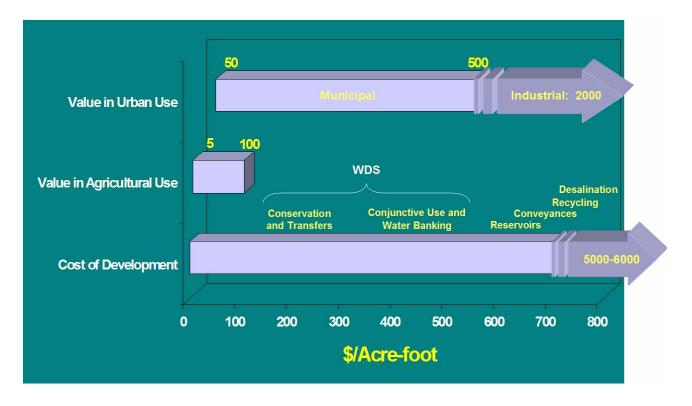
WDS applies highly selective, discerning criteria to the projects we evaluate. Of more than 235 opportunities screened in the past three years, we moved only 54 into detailed technical and financial analysis and recommended only 20 for implementation.

# **The WDS Vision**

The California Department of Water Resources (DWR) estimates that a projected population increase of approximately 12 million people will increase water demand by four to eight million acre feet (MAF) per year by 2030 (Draft B160, June 2004). In certain years, water deficits already reach two to five MAF. The DWR intends to meet these current and future water needs through urban conservation, agricultural conservation (and transfer to urban use), conveyance improvements, conjunctive use, groundwater banking, desalination, recycling and new reservoirs. Arizona, Colorado, New Mexico, Nevada, Texas and Utah are experiencing similar conditions and making similar plans.



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As indicated above, conservation, transfers, conjunctive use and water banking offer the most costeffective "new" water sources. These projects are technically straightforward, simply involving water reallocation from one location to another (typically agricultural to urban) or from the wet to dry season. However, while capital costs are relatively low, the regulatory, legal and political issues are complex — commonly requiring cooperation of private, local, county, state and federal agencies. The complexity often causes good, cost-effective reallocation projects to languish due to lack of coordination and motivation alignment.

# The WDS Vision

To enable good water conservation, transfer, conjunctive use and banking projects by providing a central point of coordination for regulatory, legal, financial, political and technical issues.



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Guided by our corporate vision, we analyze, invest in and facilitate the following project types:

#### Aquifer Storage and Recovery (ASR)

These projects recharge excess surface water through ponds or injection wells for recovery at a later date. We are currently working on projects totaling more than 1,550,000 acre feet (AF) of storage (430,000 AF/year of extraction).

#### **Conjunctive Use**

The projects include wide variations, but typically entail using surface water in wet years instead of pumping groundwater – thus banking an equivalent amount of groundwater in the aquifer for use in dry years. It is common to integrate conjunctive use and ASR projects. Our efforts currently include more than 675,000 acre feet (125,000 AF/year) of conjunctive use.

#### **Groundwater Pumpage Deferral**

These short-term programs allow the owner of groundwater rights in an adjudicated basin to defer extraction and build up a "credit" volume the owner can sell to other parties. Carryover credits usually expire within one to five years. We are currently involved in pumpage deferral projects in AZ, CA, CO, MT, NM and WA.

#### **Dry-Year Option Programs**

Rather than physically storing water, these projects enable a water rights owner to accept annual payments for the right to divert water to a buyer in dry years. We designed and permitted a 2003 riceidling program that was copied by the majority of Sacramento Valley irrigation districts and resulted in more than 200,000 acre feet of option contracts. The WDS-managed program was the only project that successfully delivered water to customers south of the Delta. Based on this success, we are now implementing a long-term program that ties the price of transferred water to the price of rice.

#### **Subsidized Water Conservation**

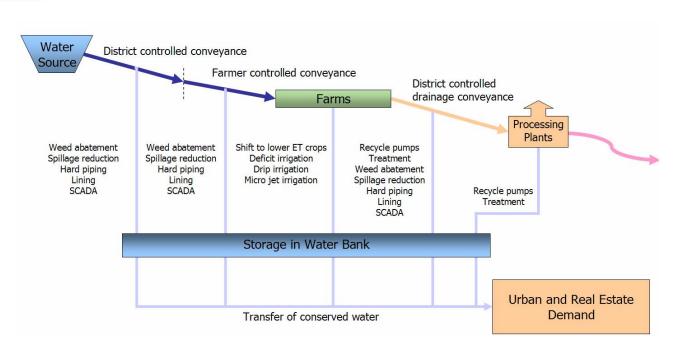
In many cases, farmers cannot financially justify installing water conservation systems (i.e. drip irrigation) solely for agricultural reasons. Therefore, an entity seeking water can finance the conservation projects to improve agricultural operations for the farmer and make water available for transfer. We are completing a groundbreaking, two-year project to make Northern California agricultural water available for environmental uses. We also played an integral role in investor efforts to implement a 42,000-acre conservation project in the Imperial Irrigation District near the Colorado River.

#### **Carryover Storage in Reservoirs**

The majority of reservoirs are controlled by public agencies such as the Bureau of Reclamation, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, California Department of Water Resources and a select list of large water utilities such as the Metropolitan Water District of Southern California. These agencies manipulate storage capacity for their own purposes and rarely make carryover storage available to third parties. However, other water banking efforts that can work in conjunction with surface water reservoirs are highly sought after. Almost all our projects have been specifically chosen to help optimize reservoir operations. In addition, we are marketing several high-desert reservoirs no longer needed by a railroad.



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Over the years, a number of technically viable projects have failed because project architects did not address political and financial issues adequately. Conversely, political momentum has caused several flawed projects to linger for years. Accurate assessment of an opportunity requires a detailed understanding of past mistakes. Comprehensive assessment requires technical, regulatory, political and financial analysts who work in the market every day and know the projects, pitfalls and players.

# Key Entities WDS Interacts With

Private Entities, Consultants and Attorneys Public Agencies		<u>iencies</u>	
Allen Matkins Lock Gamble & Malley LLP Akin Gump Strauss Hauer & Feld LLP Baker, Mancock & Jensen Bambauer Ag. Appraisal Bookman-Edmonston (GEI) Boyle Engineering Cadiz, Inc. Correia - Xavier Inc. De Cuir & Somach Geomatrix Hatch & Parent Hollister & Brace Jones & Stokes McCutchen, Doyle, Brown & Enersen, LLP McMurtrey & Hartsock Minasian, Spruance, Baber, Meith, Soares & Sexton Navigant Consulting Progressive Dairy Design Psomas Quad Knopf Selzer, Ealy, Hemphill & Blasdel, LLP Snell & Wilmer TRC Environmental Stoel Rives URS Corporation West Water Research Water Resources Information Management Engineering Young and Wooldridge	Bellemont Water Company Bolthouse Farms Calpine Cibola Resources Farallon Capital Ford Motor Company Grimmway Farms Jasman Development KB Homes Madera Agricultural Services Milk Time Dairies Newhall Land and Farming Co. Paramount Farms River West Investments San Juan Southern Paiute Tribe Staubach Property Management Tejon Ranch Tri-lest Dairies The Nature Conservancy US Filter Corporation Urrutia Ranch Livestock & Farming Wildlands, Inc.	Alameda County WD Arizona DWR, DEQ and Corporation Commission California DWR, Water Transfers Office California DWR Dry Year Water Account California Department of Fish & Game CALFED Environmental Water Account California PUC Castaic Lake WA City of Stockton, CA City of Stockton, CA City of Tracy, CA Central Coast WA Colorado River Indian Tribes Contra Costa WD Colorado River Indian Tribes Contra Costa WD East Bay MUD Feather River Joint Districts Fresno ID Friant WA Friant WUA Kern Water Bank Authority Kern County WA Kings River CD Gravelly Ford WD Los Angeles Department of Water and Power Lost Hills WD Madera County	Metropolitan Water District of Southern California Mojave Water Agency Montana DNRC Palo Verde ID Phoenix Active Management Area Root Creek WD Rosedale Rio-Bravo WSD Santa Margarita WD San Luis WD San Luis WD San Joaquin Exchange Contractors (Firebaugh, CCID, San Luis CC, Colombia CC) Santa Nella County WD Santa Clara Valley WD Shafter-Wasco ID Southern Nevada WA San Francisco PUC US Bureau of Reclamation (USBR) USBR Central Valley Project, Friant Unit US Corp of Engineers US Fish & Widlife Service Washington Department of Ecology Westlands WD Wheeler Ridge Maricopa WSD Zone 7 WA



# **WDS Partners, Clients and References**

As indicated below, we work with a unique combination of farmers, agricultural districts, urban water utilities, power utilities, private equity funds, large agribusinesses, real estate developers and the nation's largest railroad.

AKT American States Water Calpine Castle & Cooke CIM Group Jane Capital JG Boswell Company Hudson Advisors Hydrogen Car Company Layne Christensen Company Lonestar Fund The Burlington Northern & Santa Fe Railway Company
Calpine Castle & Cooke CIM Group Jane Capital JG Boswell Company Hudson Advisors Hydrogen Car Company Layne Christensen Company Lonestar Fund
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Hydrogen Car Company Layne Christensen Company Lonestar Fund
Layne Christensen Company Lonestar Fund
Lonestar Fund
The Burlington Northern & Santa Fe Railway Company
Van Dam Farms
Woodridge Capital

Agencies and Public Entities Butte WD California State University Irvine Ranch WD Madera ID Semitropic WSD

*In negotiation* Antelope Valley East Kern WA Littlerock Creek ID Palmdale WD San <u>Gorgonio</u> Pass WA

### Semitropic Water Storage District (Kern County, CA)

Will Boschman, General Manager: (661) 758-5113 Regarding water banking and transfers

#### Butte Water District (Butte and Sutter Counties, CA)

Mark Orme, General Manager: (530) 846-3100 Regarding conserved water and fallowing programs

#### Madera Irrigation District (Madera County, CA)

Ron Pistoresi, Board President: (559) 907-4080 Regarding water banking and transfers

Irvine Ranch Water District (Irvine, CA)

Dick Diamond, Water Resources Manager: (949) 453-5594 Regarding property evaluation, water banking and transfers

#### Hudson Advisors (Lonestar Fund: Dallas, TX)

Joe Jernigan, Executive Vice President: (214) 754-8476 Regarding property management, dairy entitlement, water banking and the Cadiz project

#### The Burlington Northern and Santa Fe Railway Company (Dallas, TX)

Blaine Bilderback, Director Development and Acquisitions: (817) 352-6461 Regarding water rights management and marketing



# Sample Recent Projects and Accomplishments

Project	Summary
Madera Ranch	WDS acquired a 13,646 acre ranch with Lonestar Fund and is:
Madera, CA	<ul> <li>Improving agricultural operations (revenues exceed plan by \$1 million);</li> </ul>
	• Redesigning a politically damaged water bank project in partnership with MID;
	<ul> <li>Permitting four dairies (21,919 animal units); and</li> </ul>
	<ul> <li>Increasing property value by 2.3x (forecasted to be 4x within 12 months)</li> </ul>
Cadiz, Inc.	WDS advised a financial institution on their investment in the Cadiz water bank
Cadiz, CA	project. Upon WDS' advice, the client sold their stake in Cadiz prior to collapse of
	the stock, saving the client approximately \$20 million.
Butte 2003 WD Rice	WDS designed and permitted a rice-idling program that was imitated by the MWD.
Idling Program	WDS designed and permitted a rice-duing program that was initiated by the MWD. WDS successfully transferred water to customers south of the Delta and generated
Gridley, CA	\$1.2 million of revenue for an initial investment of approximately \$25,000. In
Gridley, CA	
Butto 2005 2000 Bios	contrast, all water managed by the MWD program was lost.
Butte 2005-2009 Rice	Based on the success of the 2003 program, WDS has designed and is marketing a
Idling Program	five-year rice-idling program that will tie the water price to that of rice – providing
Gridley, CA	security to farmers and savings opportunities to buyers.
Butte WD Conserved	WDS contributed two years of technical, regulatory and political work to monetize
Water Program	8,500 to 20,000 AF of unused water rights. WDS coordinated with the DWR to
Gridley, CA	prepare a groundbreaking analysis of historical uses and savings. Negotiations with
	several potential buyers, including the DWR, are ongoing.
The Burlington Northern	WDS is partnering with BNSF to catalogue, prioritize and market 124 years of water
& Santa Fe Railway Co.	rights, land and equipment at more than 800 locations throughout the West. WDS
Nationwide	is currently managing more than 40 transactions and is working almost daily with
	water agencies in AZ, CA, CO, MT, NM, OR, TX, WA regarding more than 100,000
	AF of surface water, groundwater and storage rights.
Irvine Ranch WD	WDS successfully introduced IRWD into the Kern County water-banking community
Irvine, CA	and analyzed three alternate opportunities, resulting in the successful purchase of
	a ranch that will be incorporated into surrounding water banks. WDS is now
	evaluating alternate water supplies and helping to design an innovative partnership
	between IRWD and Semitropic WSD to expand existing banking operations.
Semitropic WSD	WDS is marketing expansion to an existing water bank. The new unit will include
Wasco, CA	600,000 AF of storage, 150,000 AF/yr of extraction and 50,000 AF/yr of recharge
	capacity. WDS is interacting with most major CA municipal water agencies.
Antelope Valley Water	WDS invested three years and more than \$600,000 to find the optimum location for
Bank	a water bank to serve the needs of Southern California. WDS is now in partnering
Kern County, CA	negotiations with three Kern County water agencies that would own the facility.
Hovey Trough	WDS analyzed and conceptually designed a project to export up to 75,000 AF/year
Fort Stockton, TX	of perennial yield from a previously unmapped aquifer to various cities in West
	Texas. WDS brought the project to the attention of prospective buyers, prepared
	business plans, and obtained approval from key surrounding ranchers.
Pastoria Power Plant	Permitting of a 750 MW power plant had been stalled due to lack of a reliable water
Kern County, CA	supply. WDS team members secured a unique supply including irrigation district
	turn-back water and water stored in the Kern Water Bank. The CEC called this a
	"first of its kind" portfolio and approved the project soon thereafter.
Carrizo-Wilcox	WDS advised three investor groups regarding a project to export groundwater to
Burleson County, TX	various cities. Each time, WDS did <u>not</u> recommend the investors participate based
	on economics and a participant's reputation. WDS advice was validated in June
	2004 when the lead developer was convicted for misappropriation of funds.
Friant Unit of the CVP	WDS has identified and facilitated several transfers including the Exchange
	Contractors, Fresno ID, Madera ID, Semitropic WSD and Shafter-Wasco ID.



# **Services**

We work with developers, farming companies and agencies to maximize the value of their water or procure reliable supplies through the following services:

- Identifying opportunities to monetize excess water, storage and land
- Evaluating potential water sources, storage projects and properties
- Managing, permitting and financing water transfers and banking projects
- Attending and reporting on agency meetings

#### Identifying Opportunities to Monetize Water, Storage and Properties

The water community perpetually struggles against two common ailments:

- Agencies and individuals that are "water rich but cash poor;" and
- Agencies and individuals that have abundant water at the wrong time of year.

We help clients identify opportunities to generate revenue from their excess water or to store wet season water for use at a later date. Water and storage capacity can be sold, leased or optioned to a variety of buyers. We help clients:

- Quantify water amounts that are excess and transferable
- Determine the financial structure and appropriate pricing
- Prepare offering memoranda and CEQA/NEPA project descriptions
- Identify and market to qualified buyers
- Negotiate terms and prepare contracts
- Identify and, if desired, subcontract with key experts to support the process
- Help obtain approvals from agencies such as the DWR, the State Water Resources Control Board (SWRCB), the Bureau of Reclamation and others
- Help prepare CEQA/NEPA documentation
- Help implement contractual obligations

The process described above is complicated and can take several years. Rather than acting in a broker's role, we facilitate the process by efficiently bringing together the key players and ensuring continuing progress, while minimizing cost and clients' distraction from their day-to-day affairs. We offer three types of commercial terms:

**Consultant**: WDS is compensated on a time-and-materials or fixed-fee basis.

**Retainer and Success Fee**: WDS receives a reasonable retainer and a moderate percentage of proceeds from the successful project.

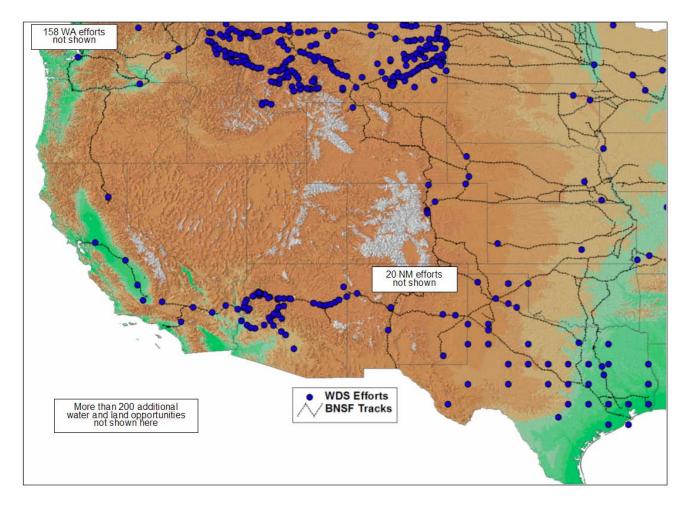
**Partnership**: WDS contributes expertise and expenses for a percentage of proceeds from the successful project.



# Examples of WDS-Aided Monetization of Water and Storage

Project	Description
Butte Water District 2003 Rice Idling	WDS transferred 11,699 AF and generated \$1.2 million in
Program	revenue
Gridley, CA	
Butte Water District 2005-2010 Rice Idling	WDS has designed a program to transfer up to 12,404 AF/year
Program	with revenues averaging \$1.9 million/year.
Gridley, CA	
Butte Water District Conserved Water	WDS has quantified and is working to transfer 8,500 to 20,000
Program	AF/year of conserved water with anticipated revenues of at least
Gridley, CA	\$500,000 per year.
Lonestar Fund Sale of Utah Water Rights	WDS identified buyers, negotiated and contracted the sale of
Saratoga, UT	276 AF of water rights for \$469,000, providing a profit of approximately \$365,000.
BNSF Arizona	WDS has researched, valued and marketed more than 40 water
BNOT AIIZOIId	rights and several reservoirs including the Phoenix Active
	Management Area. Buyers have included investors, Indian
	tribes, utilities, agencies, industry and municipalities. Work has
	included sales, leases, a rate case and regulatory compliance.
BNSF California	WDS has researched, valued and marketed more than 20 water
	rights throughout the state including several adjudicated basins.
	Work has included sales, leases and regulatory compliance.
BNSF Colorado	WDS has researched, valued and marketed more than 10 water
	rights including 760 AF of Denver Basin rights in six aquifers.
	Work has included sales, partnering agreements, regulatory
BNSF Montana	compliance and closures.           WDS is researching and marketing 359 water rights totalling
BINSE MOLITAILA	21,612 AF in the 42 basins.
BNSF New Mexico	WDS has researched and marketed more than 100 water rights
	throughout the state. Work includes leases, terminations, sales
	and regulatory compliance.
BNSF Texas	WDS has researched and marketed water rights, reservoirs and
	wells throughout the state. Work has included sales, leases
	and regulatory compliance.
BNSF Washington	WDS is researching and marketing 159 water rights totalling
	79,987 AF. Work includes terminations, sales and regulatory
	compliance.
McAllister Ranch	WDS evaluated options for the owner to perform water or
Kern County, CA	storage transactions on a property entitled for real estate development. Work included regulatory, political, financial and
	technical analysis of five opportunities.
American States Water	WDS is working to change PUC policies regarding acquisition
California	and monetization of water resources.
California State University	WDS (with Layne) evaluated water assets associated with a
Palm Desert, CA	university-owned property.
Upper Feather River Basin	WDS, working with farmers, designed a 20,000 AF forbearance
California	project to make water available for hydroelectric and
	environmental purposes.





# WDS Efforts on Behalf of BNSF

### **Evaluating Potential Water Sources, Storage Projects and Properties**

WDS helps investors and agencies identify and evaluate projects and opportunities. For example, Irvine Ranch Water District had identified a need for approximately 60,000 AF of storage and inexpensive sources of water to store. We identified and screened three alternate storage opportunities and are evaluating more than 10 water sources, providing a prioritized list of recommendations. Likewise, we helped Castle & Cooke identify and evaluate five backup supplies for a real estate development near Fresno, CA.

WDS evaluates water supply and banking opportunities through integrating environmental, financial, regulatory, political, legal and technical issues. We first identify fatal flaws, if any. If there are no fatal flaws, we perform a life-cycle analysis using the following step-wise process.



#### Phase I: Technical, Political, Regulatory, and Financial Analyses

We typically complete Phase I in one month, culminating our analysis in a succinct Screening Due-Diligence Memorandum summarizing our findings and recommendations on the advisability of continuing to the next level of due diligence. If we have not identified any fatal flaws, we also provide a detailed scope, schedule and budget for Final Due Diligence. Our evaluations typically include:

- 1. Identify client requirements relating to:
  - Maximum allowable time to bring online
  - Minimum annual yield (AF/yr)
  - Maximum allowable capital cost (CAPEX) and annual operating cost (OPEX)
- 2. Identify any potential fatal flaws.
  - Soils: percolation rate too low (e.g. <0.2 feet/day)
  - Low aquifer transmissivity (e.g. <500 gpm per well)
  - Leachable soil salinity or residual agrichemicals
  - Water table too shallow (e.g. <50 feet)
  - Water quality: groundwater requires treatment upon extraction (e.g. arsenic)
  - Distance to regional conveyances (e.g. >5 miles to California aqueduct)
  - Distance to power grid or natural gas pipelines (for pumps)
  - Lack of wheeling capacity in regional conveyances
  - Pumping costs (depth to water and topography)
  - Past land use that has left behind contamination (e.g. improper oilfield closure)
  - Special status water bodies, habitats or species (CWA, NEPA, ESA, CEQA)
  - District/county ordinances limiting pumpage or recharge of lower quality water
  - Interference with other banking or groundwater pumpage activities
  - Inability to obtain right-of-way for new conveyances from project to aqueduct
  - Known and vocal local opposition
  - CAPEX or OPEX that exceed client limit
  - Annual yield less than client minimum
- 3. Using existing sources, determine if any of the fatal flaws are present.
  - AB3030 plans and county records reviews
  - DWR databases for groundwater levels and quality
  - Layne Christensen records of wells and projects in the vicinity
  - EPA databases (RCRA, CERCLA, USTs, FERC, etc.)
  - Soil Conservation Service surveys and USGS reports
  - Physical inspection and mapping of features with a GPS unit
  - County and farm bureau records on herbicide/pesticide application
  - GIS analysis of proximity to water, gas and electricity transmission systems
  - Statistical analysis of wheeling capacities in wet, dry and critical years
  - Review of various agency reports and plans
  - Review of historical aerial photographs for past land use
  - Review of district and county rules and ordinances
  - Comparables analysis with other transactions and facilities
  - Screening CAPEX and OPEX estimates



- 4. Evaluate water supply.
  - Description, location, type, perfection and seniority
  - Availability in wet, normal and dry years
  - Months of availability
  - Controlling entities (both at source and in conveyances)
  - Methods for delivery into storage
  - Quality and acceptability in conveyances
  - Pricing and comparable transactions
  - Likely contract structures
  - Ability to market excess water
- 5. Identify regulatory and political issues.
  - Unincorporated areas and the pros and cons of being in one
  - Review of district and county rules and ordinances
  - Quiet discussions with key agencies
  - Quiet discussions with trusted brokers, farmers and district managers
  - Review of partnership opportunities with adjacent districts
  - Review of appropriate regulatory vehicles
  - Review of local politics and those who might be for and against the project
- 6. Assess financial outlook.
  - Comparable land sales in the area
  - Lease income and cash flow models
  - Water acquisition models and additional costs
  - Farming plan
  - Debt and equity analysis and the ability to lay off any risks

#### Phase II: Final Due-Diligence Evaluations

The scope of Final Due-Diligence Evaluations varies from project to project, but typically includes the following:

- Sampling of existing wells to verify groundwater quality
- Inexpensive backhoe trenching or direct push testing with simple percolation tests to verify soil suitability
- A limited number of boreholes
- Step-drawdown testing of existing wells to confirm production rates
- Screening biological inspections to estimate the need for habitat mitigation
- Detailed discussions with adjacent districts, local, state and federal agencies
- Preliminary discussions with adjacent landowners and right-of-way holders
- Conceptual specification of system layout with cost estimates (plus or minus 20%)
- Analysis of financing mechanisms, including grants or low interest loans
- Property transfer environmental due diligence compliant with ASTM standards
- Political analysis of permitting pathways, local benefits that can be accrued and methods to mitigate potential local impacts



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In the Final Due-Diligence Report, usually completed within 60 days, we make final recommendations regarding the advisability of continuing with the project. If we recommend pursuing the project, we also provide a detailed implementation plan and cost estimate suitable for use in financing efforts. The plan typically includes:

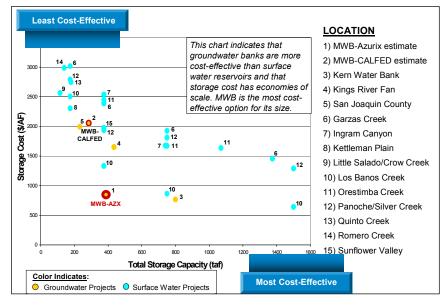
- Overview of the project and its capacity
- Critical path schedule for permitting, construction and operation
- Optimal structure for financing, ownership and operation
- Local partnerships (if any) required to facilitate permitting, access to grants and long-term success of the project
- Preliminary footprint of facilities and mitigation lands
- Water acquisition plan
- Farming plan
- Detailed time-phased breakout of design, construction, operation, right-of-way and mitigation costs
- If appropriate, a levered financial model taking into account revenue, debt service, inflation, depreciation, amortization, taxes and payouts to equity stakeholders
- Detailed regulatory compliance and permitting plan
- Property transfer environmental liability assessment that is compliant with ASTM and California real estate transaction standards
- Exit strategy plans and financial results in the event that banking efforts fail.

We perform the type of work summarized above under several contract types:

**Consultant:** WDS is compensated on a time & materials or fixed fee basis.

**Deferred Payment**: WDS contributes expertise and expenses in exchange for a management contract if the project proceeds.

Partnership: WDS performs all due diligence as an equity contribution to the project if it proceeds.





# Examples of WDS Evaluation Projects

Project	Description
Castle & Cooke: Gateway Village	WDS evaluated backup supplies for a real estate
Fresno, CA	development in Madera County.
IID Transfers	WDS evaluated potential purchase of 42,000 acres to
Imperial Irrigation District, CA	be followed by transfer of senior Colorado River water
	rights to urban use.
Delta Wetlands Project	WDS performed financial, technical and regulatory
San Joaquin – Sacramento Delta, CA	evaluations of the Delta Wetlands Project for two
	potential investor groups.
Schofield and Twisselman Ranches	WDS evaluated potential purchase of 22,000 acres
Lost Hills, CA	accompanied by 16,000 AF of state water project
	entitlement.
Palo Verde ID	WDS evaluated potential purchase of 16,344 acres
Palo Verde, CA	followed by transfer of 37,469 AF of senior Colorado
	River water rights.
Rudnick Land	WDS evaluated potential purchase of 67,000 acres
Kern County, CA	and associated water rights.
Adjudicated Mojave Groundwater Basins	WDS evaluated potential purchase/sale of
San Bernardino to Barstow, CA	groundwater rights for several investment groups.
Baca Ranch	WDS team members evaluated a project to export
San Luis Valley, CO	150,000 AF/year of groundwater to the Front Range.
Enron/Azurix	WDS evaluated and guided the purchase of Azurix
Nationwide	water and land assets.
Carrizo-Wilcox	WDS evaluated a project to export rural groundwater
Central, TX	to Austin and San Antonio.
Mesa Water	WDS evaluated a project to export Ogallala
TX Panhandle	groundwater to Dallas.
Fanucchi Ranch	WDS evaluated 320 acres for potential incorporation
Kern County, CA	into adjacent water banks.
Strand Ranch	WDS evaluated 640 acres for potential incorporation
Kern County, CA	into adjacent water banks
Semitropic lands	WDS is evaluating 2,500 acres for potential
Kern County, CA	incorporation into the Semitropic water bank.
Supplemental water supplies	WDS is evaluating 10 alternate sources of wet-year
CA Central Valley	water for placement into storage.
Texas Pacific Land Trust	WDS evaluated a portfolio of more than one million
Texas	acres for potential water and wind-power opportunities.
Cadiz, Inc.	WDS evaluated and provided advice regarding
Cadiz, CA	investment in a water banking project.
Vidler Water Company	WDS evaluated and provided advice on potential
Southwest	acquisition of the company by several investors.
Broadview WD	WDS evaluated potential purchase, water transfer and
CA Central Valley	habitat banking opportunities.
Edwards Aquifer	WDS evaluated a project to export groundwater to San
Kinney County, TX	Antonio.
Hidden Valley	WDS team members evaluated a project to prospect
Las Vegas, NV	groundwater for a power plant.
Coppins Meadows, Quinto Ranch, Ritter Ranch,	WDS evaluated these and other properties for
	acquisition followed by water transfer or storage
Desert Center, Casy Ranch, Conway Ranch, River	
Desert Center, Casy Ranch, Conway Ranch, River Ranch, various Washoe Valley properties, and	
Desert Center, Casy Ranch, Conway Ranch, River Ranch, various Washoe Valley properties, and McCallister Ranch, Newhall Ranch	projects.



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#### **Contracting, Permitting and Managing Water Projects and Properties**

Water projects typically entail acquiring real property and water entitlements followed by permitting, contracting, design and construction. WDS is retained to perform the following functions:

- 1. Property Management
  - File local, county, state and federal property transfer documentation
  - Identify, negotiate and manage agricultural leases
  - Collect and distribute revenue
  - Perform county, state and federal enterprise record keeping and paying taxes
  - Negotiate, order and make payments on water contract
  - Manage agricultural run-off waivers
  - Maintain subsurface assets (wells and piping)
  - Inspect above-surface assets being maintained by tenants
  - Develop and negotiate long-term agricultural business plans
- 2. Permitting
  - Carefully develop a project description that is not too broad or narrow
  - Identify, prioritize and outline a critical path for required permits
  - Develop detailed scope of work and RFPs for consultants
  - Select, negotiate and contract with consultants
  - Perform day-to-day consultant management
  - Handle day-to-day agency interactions
  - Manage budgets and schedules
  - Negotiate with agencies
- 3. Grants, Loans and Financing
  - Identify, apply for and lobby for grants and low-interest government loans
  - If desired, prepare offering documents for private financing
  - Present to and negotiate with private financing sources
  - Generate documentation to support bond and other public finance efforts
  - Develop structures, contracts, proformas and documents to project finance through leasing of capacity to third parties
  - Market excess capacity to raise capital
  - Negotiate and contract with project tenants
- 4. Transition Management
  - Following entitlement and financing, prepare detailed RFPs for design-build contracts
  - Aid in contractor selection
  - Transfer day-to-day management to the operating entity including helping to define additional staffing and administrative needs to operate the new facility.



From beginning to end, our involvement in the process defined above can span two to five years. Contracts typically include incentives that encourage us to minimize costs and complete permitting/financing as quickly as possible. Key elements of our contracts are:

- A moderate retainer to cover WDS time and expenses at cost;
- Direct payment to third parties with no mark-up to WDS;
- A deferred fee paid at upon successful project permitting or financing; and
- A decrease in the WDS fee as the time to permit or finance increases.

Examples of WDS projects to manage water transfer and banking projects are summarized in the following table.

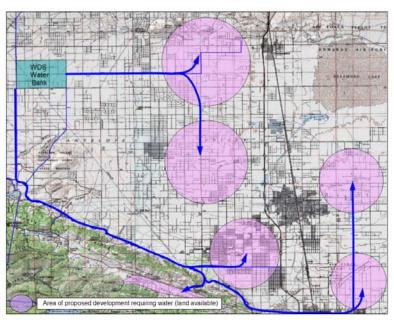
Project	Description
Madera Ranch	WDS has:
Madera, CA	<ul> <li>Improved agricultural operations with revenues exceeding plan by \$1 million;</li> <li>Negotiated a partnership with Madera ID to meet local needs through careful redesign of a politically damaged water bank;</li> <li>Designed and is permitting four dairies;</li> <li>Demonstrated exemption from agricultural run-off monitoring requirements;</li> <li>Contracted with and managing six consultants;</li> <li>Leading CEQA and NEPA compliance efforts with Madera County, U.S. Fish &amp; Wildlife Service, CA Department of Fish &amp; Game, U. S. Army Corps of Engineers, Regional Water Quality Control Board;</li> <li>Leading efforts to obtain grants and project financing;</li> <li>Marketing excess habitat to the Nature Conservancy and others; and</li> <li>Obtained several offers for the ranch at a significant premium above the original investment.</li> </ul>
Pastoria Power Plant <i>Kern County, CA</i>	Permitting of a 750 MW power plant had been stalled due to lack of a reliable water supply. WDS team members secured a unique supply including irrigation district turn- back water and water stored in the Kern Water Bank. The CEC called this a "first of its kind" portfolio and approved the project soon thereafter. WDS work included negotiation and contracting with Wheeler-Ridge Maricopa WSD, the Kern County Water Agency, several other Kern County water districts, the CEC and a variety of other entities.
Hovey Trough Fort Stockton, TX	WDS analyzed and conceptually designed a project to export up to 75,000 AF/year of perennial yield from a previously un-mapped aquifer to various cities in West Texas. WDS brought the project to the attention of prospective buyers, prepared business plans, and obtained approval from key surrounding ranchers.
Antelope Valley Water Bank <i>Kern County, CA</i>	WDS has invested three years and more than \$600,000 to find the optimum location for a water bank to serve the needs of Southern California. WDS is now in partnering negotiations with three Kern County water agencies that would own the facility. WDS work has included a sophisticated, GIS-based screening of more than 400 square miles, hydrogeologic investigations, modelling, discussions with more than 40 landowners, land optioning, formulating consensus among key water agencies and structuring contracts that benefit the community, the county, the environment and Southern California municipalities.

#### **Examples of WDS Management Projects**



# Attending and Reporting on Agency Meetings

As a part of our day-to-day business, we routinely attend numerous water agency meetings. The content, tone and attendance of these meetings are not adequately summarized in the formal minutes typically issued 30 days later. In addition, we frequently find that the undocumented sidebar discussions before, during and after these meetings are of significant interest. Therefore, we make available, at a nominal monthly fee of \$500, our notes from the following monthly meetings:



- Antelope Valley East Kern Water Agency;
- Antelope Valley State Water Project Contractor Association;
- Chowchilla WD (twice a month, periodic conflicts with Fresno ID);
- Exchange Contractors (once a month);
- Fresno ID (1-2 times per month);
- Friant Water Authority (once a month);
- Friant Water Users Authority (once a month);
- James ID (once a month);
- Kern Water Bank Authority (once a month);
- Kern County Water Agency (once a month);
- Madera ID (twice a month);
- San Joaquin River Task Force (once a month);
- Consolidated ID;
- Kings River Conservation District;
- Kings River Water Association;
- Littlerock Creek ID;
- Madera County Board of Supervisors (And Water Oversight Committee);
- Palmdale WD;
- San Joaquin River Resource Management Coalition (once a month); and
- Westlands WD (once a month).

We can attend additional agency meetings, not listed above, upon request (assuming no conflicts) at a cost of \$200 per meeting per month.



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#### Excerpt from a Recent WDS Meeting Report

#### Friant Water Users Authority/FWA May 27, 2004 By Don A. Wright

The Friant Water Users Authority/Friant Water Authority met in Visalia, California in joint session. Much of the first part of the meeting was immersed in discussions of how the minutes should reflect past controversy. Once again it's Madera Irrigation District against the world. As usual, frustrations are running high and in my opinion, the truth is suffering. Selective inclusions and exclusions of the revised content have been very biased. I'm not taking sides on this, but I was at the meetings in question and have seen first hand that what happened is not what was reflected in the minutes. It's a simple as that.

Another issue pointed out to me in regards to closed sessions and the Brown Act continues to peck away at the proceedings. When the new authority met in closed session it discussed filing a CEQA lawsuit and hiring an attorney to represent it in suing Central Green. The question posed was; if the FWA only has O&M functions, as it has attested to many times, how can it meet in closed session to discuss a CEQA lawsuit which is a general member function? Supposedly FWA has no general member authority. One attorney said this is clearly a secrete meeting and thus violates the Brown Act. Another attorney I spoke with said the new authority can enter into this lawsuit if it chooses to. He felt there was no limitation in this particular matter.

Additions to the agenda included changing the order of items to accommodate several of the lawyers in attendance. Item 3 is minutes development, an effort to reach consensus of how much detail should be included in the minutes. Ron Jacobsma said staff has tried to cover as much as possible but staff needs to know the boards' desire. Previous minutes have been tabled. One member said the minutes have been adequate and Steve Collup of Arvin-Edison agreed. Ron Pistoresi of Madera ID said for the past few meetings the minutes have been good because there have been controversies. Collup said he meant the past few years and Thewis Atsma of Pixley ID agreed. This raised the issue of what is the truth. Jacobsma said staff will continue on its present course and not turn the minutes into transcriptions.

Next, tabled minutes of March, 25<sup>th</sup>. Tom Runyon of Stone Corral ID moved to approve minutes until he found out they'd been corrected. Pistoresi moved to accept minutes as altered and Lucille Demetriff of Saucelito ID seconded. The corrections included portions of a letter from MID. Jacobsma outlined the changes. Collup asked if anyone addressed the points MID raised. The discussion turned to when does corrections become a point of clarification of position and not just adding more detail.

Collup asked when a jurisdictional matter arises can the new authority discuss the issue if it affects the old authority. Nothing that the new authority does can bind the old authority was the point taken from special counsel Robbin's opinion. It was suggested the opinion be attached to the minutes and Tim Swickard, counsel to MID said that would be fine with MID but that's going into more detail. Sean Geivet of Terra Bella ID said the minutes should capture the flavor of the board and except some changes but not a negotiation of the words. Pistoresi said the idea is for corrections, he's bringing additions to clarify the issue not ignore the truth. Kole Upton said he'd like to get things going on this item and staff has done a good job, "... there's a motion, vote yes or no." The vote had to be taken roll call and failed.

There was a motion to accept the minutes as originally written and with all changes except for what MID added. Steve Ottemoeller said the intent of MID's changes was to characterize the changes accurately and MID doesn't want Swickard's opinion misrepresented. Pistoresi said Dan Vink's, Lower Tule River ID, statement to be changed is no different than MID's and should not be changed. Then it broke down to semantics. No one actually understood the motion. Jacobsma said the motion is to accept additions except for MID's additional language that was underlined. Pistoresi wants it clarified in this meetings minutes that MID's response to this issue be included and these actions were disrespectful to MID.

Attorneys Ernest Conant and Tim Swickard were asked to not speak anymore on this matter. The vote was passed and Upton invited anyone who didn't agree with the minutes to write a letter to be included in the files. Item 4 and 5 were passed without comment.

Item 7 was the Unanimous consent provision of the JPA and Brown Act issues. This item was held off until later in the meeting.

Item 8, it was passed to pay the bills. There were no questions about cash activity and the general fund has been borrowing from the O&M fund. A call for funds is needed; NRDC litigation costs are running high. The call for funds is for \$210,000 and was so moved. Pistoresi asked why the funds have gotten much higher. Jacobsma said the attorneys have had to compress their work to be ready for the accelerated court date and hire more help which has raised costs. This is a cash crunch but should ease up. The vote passed.

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# WDS Team

WDS is a diverse team with overlapping skills that ensure a project's critical path is adequately covered. The following sections provide background on each team member.

Team Member	Years Experience	Financing	Economics	Legal	Regulatory	Technical	Political
David Freeman	50+			•	•	•	•
Cole Frates	10	•	•		•		•
Dave Dorrance	20		•		•	•	
Andrew Werner	10		•		•	•	
Ari Swiller	10	•					•
			Affilia	ates			
Charlie Stringer	15			•	•		•
Douglas Boxer	21			•	•		•
Don Wright	17						•
Total Years	153+	20	40	86+	136+	80+	123+

#### **WDS Experience Matrix**

#### S. DAVID FREEMAN

S. David Freeman's career spans more than five decades in both the electric and water utility industries. He has served in various high-level federal government posts, including energy advisor to President Jimmy Carter, energy consultant to the U.S. Senate Commerce Committee, and executive assistant to the chairman of the Federal Power Commission. Mr. Freeman's experience includes chairing the California Consumer Power and Conservation Financing Authority and serving as the California governor's senior energy advisor. He has also held top positions at the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power (LADWP), New York Power Authority (NYPA), Sacramento Municipal Utility District (SMUD), Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA), and the Lower Colorado River Authority.

Mr. Freeman is an engineer, lawyer, and author. His book, Energy: The New Era, outlined the impending crisis of a fossil-fuel-based economy before it became fashionable to discuss automobile fuel standards. He earned a bachelor of science degree in civil engineering from Georgia Tech and a law degree from the University of Tennessee Law School.

### D. COLE FRATES

D. Cole Frates has identified, financed and managed numerous water and power projects across the western United States. Mr. Frates served as president of Samda Inc. from 1995 to 1999 where he was responsible for development water projects throughout California and the western United States as well as Argentina, Cyprus, and Saudi Arabia. In 1999, Mr. Frates sold Samda Inc. to Azurix Corporation, where he worked as vice president until 2001. Mr. Frates was responsible for investing tens of millions of dollars in projects throughout the West. He has evaluated hundreds of projects and



negotiated millions of dollars in long-term water-purchase and storage contracts with land developers, municipalities, and governments, including California municipalities such as the Los Angeles Department of Water and Power.

Mr. Frates began his professional career with U.S. Senator David L. Boren. He graduated Phi Beta

Kappa from the University of Tulsa with a bachelor of arts degree in classics, holds a master of arts degree in European studies and international economics from the Johns Hopkins School of Advanced International Studies, and attended Cambridge University, England.

#### DAVE DORRANCE

Dave Dorrance is a hydrogeological engineer with 20 years of experience in aquifer storage, groundwater supply, hydrology, agricultural conservation, permitting, water rights, design, construction, O&M, remediation and management. Mr. Dorrance has performed numerous water rights transactions and groundwater projects in every western state. He has performed a variety of municipal, industrial, *WDS* is highly connected within the water transfer and banking community. WDS provides quiet access to the players, templates and lessons from a variety of past efforts. This access saves time, money and ensures that good projects are not damaged by political, regulatory, financial or technical missteps.

and power projects throughout the United States and South America, where he managed several thousand wells, reservoirs and more than 400 miles of aqueducts in a region the size of Massachusetts.

Mr. Dorrance earned a bachelor of science degree in geological engineering from the Colorado School of Mines and a master of science degree in hydrology and water resources from the University of Arizona.

#### **CHARLES STRINGER**

Charles Stringer is a licensed attorney with 15 years' experience in commercial, environmental, natural resources, and American Indian law and policy. Mr. Stringer joined the Environmental Protection Agency in 1991, where he assumed responsibility for multimillion dollar hazardous waste and natural resource damages cases. He helped spearhead the development of the agency's emerging regulations and policies on the relationship between American Indian treaty rights and environmental laws, including new laws affecting tribal water resources. Mr. Stringer followed his interest in the nexus between sustainable resource development and state, federal and tribal prerogatives to the 1.6 million acre White Mountain Apache reservation, where he served as the tribe's senior attorney on environmental and natural resource matters. He then served the Northwest Indian Fisheries Commission as a senior policy advisor to twenty tribes surrounding the Puget Sound. Mr. Stringer brings extensive experience in water resources, endangered species, energy development, and cultural resources, as well as commercial transactions and bond financing.

Mr. Stringer's honors and awards are many, including appointment by EPA Administrator Carol Browner to the Federal Advisory Committee on Environmental Justice, and the prestigious Certificate of Commendation from the U.S. Department of Justice. He has a law degree from the University of Minnesota, where he graduated with honors, and a master's degree in public administration from Harvard University.



#### ANDREW WERNER

Mr. Werner has more than ten years' experience in water resource investments and management. In 1994, he began his water industry career in Tacoma, WA, as a hydrogeologist at Robinson & Noble, Inc., where he developed a scientific understanding of ground and surface water dynamics. Mr. Werner went on to become chief water analyst at Global Resource Investments, a brokerage firm specializing in natural resource investments. In 1999, he cofounded the company Group Triton, an advisory firm specializing in water investments.

Mr. Werner has a bachelor of science degree in geology and a master of science degree in geochemistry from Virginia Polytechnic Institute and State University. Previous to his career in water, Mr. Werner conducted research at Los Alamos National Laboratory where he studied the mechanisms for asbestos induced-diseases. His findings are published in *American Mineralogist*.

#### **ARI SWILLER**

Before joining WDS, Ari Swiller was a principal in The Yucaipa Companies, a private equity firm based in Los Angeles with more than one billion dollars under management. Mr. Swiller's responsibilities included raising Yucaipa's private equity funds, strategic investment planning, public relations, community affairs, and philanthropy. In addition, Mr. Swiller managed the firm's board of advisors, which includes former President Bill Clinton and former HUD Secretary Henry Cisneros.

Mr. Swiller is a board member of D.A.R.E. America, the Chrysalis Foundation, the Los Angeles Conservation Corps., and the L.A. Urban League Capital Campaign. Mr. Swiller received a bachelor's degree from Cornell University.

#### **DOUGLAS BOXER, ESQ.**

Mr. Boxer has more than 20 years' experience in politics and government. Mr. Boxer, a lawyer, began his career with the San Francisco firm of Hanson, Bridgett, Marcus, Vlahos and Rudy. He left the law firm to work in government, serving for three years in Washington, D.C. at two cabinet-level departments of the executive branch. He continued his government service in the Los Angeles Mayor's office as director of intergovernmental affairs for the City of Los Angeles.

On leaving government service, Mr. Boxer successfully founded and launched his own political consultancy firm focused on government relations, communications and public affairs. Clients included Samda Water Development, Inc., The Walt Disney Company, Ralph's Grocery Company, and financial services firm Chambers, Dunhill and Rubin. Mr. Boxer also produced the official site for Senator Barbara Boxer's re-election campaign, which received the George Washington Graduate School of Political Management's Golden Dot Award's Grand Prize for the 1998 best overall political Web site.

Mr. Boxer received his bachelor of arts degree in international political economy from University of California, Berkeley and his law degree from the University of San Francisco School of Law, where he graduated cum laude.

#### **DON A. WRIGHT**

Don Wright brings seventeen years of journalism experience to his position with WDS. Reporting on a wide range of topics and beats, Mr Wright's award winning articles and photographs have appeared in local and national publications such as *Range Magazine*, and the *Los Angeles Times*. His diverse



stories include coverage of the Peterson murder trial, interviews with California Secretary of State Bill Jones, comedians/author Ben Stein, musicians Wayland Jennings and Nick Fleetwood, and in-depth looks at the economic impacts to agriculture of the Klamath Basin water cutoff and closing the San Luis drain on the San Joaquin Valley's West Side.

Mr. Wright was Assistant to the Fresno County Board of Supervisors, Housing Commissioner of the Fresno County Housing Authority, and past Secretary of the Central Valley Chapter of California Women for Agriculture. He has been involved in numerous city, county and state political campaigns and was publisher/editor of his own newspaper for three years.

A graduate of California State University, Fresno, with a BA in Speech Communication, Mr. Wright is currently working as a freelance journalist and as consultant to WDS for the past two years. He covers various meetings and seminars to keep WDS clients current on water conditions in California's \$30 Billion agricultural economy.

#### JAMES COSTA – Ex-Officio

James Costa was a California State Senator from 1994-2001 and an Assembly member from 1978-1994 representing central California. He served as President of the National Conference of State Legislatures from 2000-2001. During his tenure in the Assembly and Senate, Mr. Costa served as Chair of the Water, Parks, and Wildlife Committee and the Ways and Means Subcommittee on Resources. From the time of his election to the Senate in 1994, he chaired the Agriculture and Water Resources Committee and served as a member of the Banking, Commerce and International Trade Committee, the Housing and Community Development Committee, and the Transportation Committee.

Mr. Costa's major legislative accomplishments include forging the historic agreements that became Proposition 204, The Safe, Clean, Reliable Water Supply Act of 1996; writing the 1998 and 1999

agricultural land conservation laws; authoring a major reform of the Endangered Species Act; creating the San Joaquin River Parkway Conservancy; and leading the effort to save and improve Amtrak passenger rail service in California and to create the California High Speed Rail Commission.

Mr. Costa has been the recipient of numerous awards, including the Kenneth L. Maddy Central Valley Leadership Award. *WDS* is highly connected within the water transfer and banking community. WDS provides quiet access to the players, templates and lessons from a variety of past efforts. This access saves time, money and ensures that good projects are not damaged by political, regulatory, financial or technical missteps.

# **Contact Information**

Western Development and Storage, LLC 5700 Wilshire Blvd, Suite 330 Los Angeles, CA 90036 (323) 936-9303

#### **Please contact Andrew Werner**



Page 23 of 24

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## **WDS Transaction Database**

- Inl		
WIIIIS Search	D	
Projects Library Directory Transacti	on DB 👂 System	Saturday, February 22nd
Transaction Administration		Add New
Search Criteria		
Seller	Water Rights	After: mm/dd/yyyy
ALL	ALL	02/21/2001
ALL	ALL	Before: mm/dd/yyyy GO
Order by:	Adjudicated groundwater Adjudicated surface water	
Date 💽 💽 Asc 🔿 Desc	Central Valley Project	
Transaction Location	Federal non-CVP Groundwater	*
ALL	Post-1914 appropriative	
	Pre-1914 appropriative Riparian	
	State Water Project	
2/26/2001 \$ AG> AG more St> California	Stored groundwater	Right - Central Valley Project
Seller 📵 Panoche Water District	Price - \$	Type - Transfer
Buyer 🚺 Westlands Water District	[ Term - yr	Source - CVP water
2/27/2004 C AC > AC more . St > Colifernia	Amount 600 AF	L Dight Control Volloy Project
2/27/2001 \$ AG> AG more St> California Seller (1) Banta-Carbona Irrigation District	Amount - 600 AF	Right - Central Valley Project   Type - Transfer
Buyer (1) Westlands Water District	Term - yr	Source - CVP water
3/3/2001 \$267,800 M&I> M&I more St> California	Amount - 650 AF	Right - Riparian
Seller 📵 <u>Western Water Company</u>	Price - \$412/AF	Type - Transfer
Buyer 🚺 Santa Margarita Water District	Term - 1 yr	Source - Sacramento River water
<u>3/29/2001</u> \$ AG> AG more St> California	Amount - 4,600 AF	Right - Central Valley Project
Seller (1) Patterson Irrigation District	Price - \$	Type - Transfer
Buyer 🚺 Westlands Water District	Term - yr	Source - CVP water
	the in the second	A THE AVERAGE IN AND AND AND A
4/5/2001 \$ AG> AG more St> California	Amount - 2,000 AF	Right - Central Valley Project
Seller (1) Patterson Irrigation District Buyer (1) Westlands Water District	Price - \$   Term - yr	Type - Transfer   Source - CVP water
Buyer T Westianus water District	T tenn - yr	Source - CVF water
<u>4/5/2001</u> \$10,000,000 AG> M&I <u>more</u> St> California	Amount - 50,000 AF	Right - Riparian
Seller ݬ Olcese Water District	Price - \$200/AF	Type - Transfer
Buyer 📵 Kern County Water Agency	Term - yr	Source - Kern River
4/12/2001 <b>\$</b> AG> AG more St> California	Amount - 50 AF	Right - Central Valley Project
Seller 1 Del Puerto Water District	Price - \$	Type - Transfer
Buyer (1) Westlands Water District	Term - yr	Source - CVP water
4/19/2001 \$ AG> AG more St> California	Amount - 2,000 AF	Right - Central Valley Project



# Appendix B Property Owner Questionnaire

# ENVIRONMENTAL SITE ASSESSMENT QUESTIONNAIRE

**Introduction:** The following questionnaire has been prepared in accordance with "Standard E 1528-00, Standard Practice for Environmental Site Assessments: Transaction Screen Process," adopted by the American Society for Testing and Materials (ASTM, 2000) as part of the Phase 1 Environmental Site Assessment standard process.

#### Questionnaire:

Yes

Yes

Is the property used for an industrial use? 1a.

No Unknown Comments

1b. Is any adjoining property used for an industrial use?

No Unknown Comments

- 2a. Do you have any knowledge that the property has been used for an industrial use in the past?
  Yes No Unknown Comments
  2b. Do you have any knowledge that any adjoining property has been used for an industrial with the past?
  Yes No Unknown Comments
  3a. Is the property used as a gasoline station, motor repair facility, commercial printing
- 3a. Is the property used as a gasoline station, motor repair facility, confinercial printing facility, dry cleaners, photo developing laboratory, junkyard or landfill, or as a waste treatment, storage, disposal, processing, or recycling facility (if applicable, identify which)?

3b. Is any adjoining property used as a gasoline station, motor repair facility, commercial printing facility, dry cleaners, photo developing laboratory, junkyard or landfill, or as a waste treatment, storage, disposal, processing, or recycling facility (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes  $\langle \hat{No} \rangle$  Unknown Comments

4a.

Do you have any knowledge that the property has been used as a gasoline station, motor repair facility, commercial printing facility, dry cleaners, photo developing laboratory, junkyard or landfill, or as a waste treatment, storage, disposal, processing, or recycling facility (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes to

Yes

Unknown Comments

4b. Do you have any knowledge that any adjoining property has been used as a gasoline station, motor repair facility, commercial printing facility, dry cleaners, photo developing laboratory, junkyard or landfill, or as a waste treatment, storage, disposal, processing, or recycling facility (if applicable, identify which)?

5a. Are there currently any damaged or discarded automotive or industrial batteries, pesticides, paints, or other chemicals in individual containers of >5 gallons (gal.) (19 liters [L]) in volume or 50 gal. (190 L) in the aggregate, stored on or used at the property or at the facility (if applicable, identify which)?

No) Unknown Comments

2

5b. Do you have any knowledge that there have been previously any damaged or discarded automotive or industrial batteries, pesticides, paints, or other chemicals in individual containers of >5 gal. (19 L) in volume or 50 gal. (190 L) in the aggregate, stored on or used at the property or at the facility (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes (No, Unknown Comments

6a. Are there currently any industrial drums (typically 55 gal. [208 L]) or sacks of chemicals located on the property or at the facility (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes No

Unknown Comments

6b. Do you have any knowledge that there have been previously any industrial drums (typically 55 gal. [208 L]) or sacks of chemicals located on the property or at the facility (if applicable, identify which)?

Comments Unknown Yes

7a. Do you have any knowledge that fill dirt that originated from a contaminated site has been brought onto the property?

Unknown Yes No

nown Comments

7b. Do you have any knowledge that fill dirt of an unknown origin has been brought onto the property?

Comments Unknown Yes

8a. Are there currently any pits, ponds, or lagoons in connection with waste treatment or waste disposal located on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes

Unknown Comments

8b. Do you have any knowledge that there have been previously any pits, ponds, or lagoons in connection with waste treatment or waste disposal located on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

9a. Is there currently any stained soil on the property?

Yes No Unknown Comments

9b. Do you have any knowledge that there has been previously any stained soil on the property?

10a. Are there currently any registered or unregistered storage tanks (above or underground) located on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

10b. Do you have any knowledge that there have been previously any registered or unregistered storage tanks (above or underground) located on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

11a. Are there currently any vent pipes, fill pipes, or access ways indicating a fill pipe protruding from the ground on the property or adjacent to any structure located on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

11b. Do you have any knowledge that there have been previously any vent pipes, fill pipes, or access ways indicating a fill pipe protruding from the ground on the property or adjacent to any structure located on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes 'No Unknown Comments

12a. Is there currently evidence of leaks, spills, or staining by substances other than water, or foul odors associated with any flooring, drains, walls, ceilings, or exposed grounds on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes No Unknown Comments

12b. Do you have any knowledge that there have been previously any leaks, spills, or staining by substances other than water, or foul odors associated with any flooring, drains, walls, ceilings, or exposed grounds on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes No Unknown Comments

13a. If the property is served by a private well or non-public water system, is there evidence or do you have knowledge that contaminants have been identified in the well or system that exceed guidelines applicable to the water system?

Yes ίNo.

Unknown Comments

13b. If the property is served by a private well or non-public water system, is there evidence or do you have knowledge that the well has been designated by any government environmental/health agency as being contaminated?

Unknown Comments

14. Do you have any knowledge of environmental liens or government notification relating to past or recurrent violations of environmental laws with respect to the property or any facility located on the property?

15a. Have you been informed of the past existence of hazardous substances or petroleum

Comments

products with respect to the property or any facility located on the property?

Unknown Yes No

nown Comments

15b. Have you been informed of the current existence of hazardous substances or petroleum products with respect to the property or any facility located on the property?

Yes No

Unknown Comments

15c. Have you been informed of the past existence of environmental violations with respect to the property or any facility located on the property?

Unknown Comments

15d. Have you been informed of the current existence of environmental violations with respect to the property or any facility located on the property?

Unknown Comments

16. Do you have any knowledge of any environmental assessment of the property or facility that indicated the presence of hazardous substances or petroleum products on, or contamination of, the property or recommended further assessment of the property?

Yes No

Unknown Comments

Do you know of any past, threatened, or pending lawsuits or administrative proceedings 17. concerning a release or threatened release of any hazardous substance or petroleum products involving the property by any owner or occupant of the property?

Unknown Yes (No.

Comments

Does the property discharge wastewater (not including sanitary waste or storm water) 18a. onto or adjacent to the property and/or into a storm water system?

Yes (XI)o

Comments Unknown

Does the property discharge wastewater (not including sanitary waste or storm water) 18b. onto or adjacent to the property and/or into a sanitary sewer system?

Na Unknown Yes

Comments

Do you have any knowledge that any hazardous substances or petroleum products, 19. unidentified waste materials, tires, automotive or industrial batteries, or any other waste materials have been dumped above grade, buried and/or burned on the property (if applicable, identify which)?

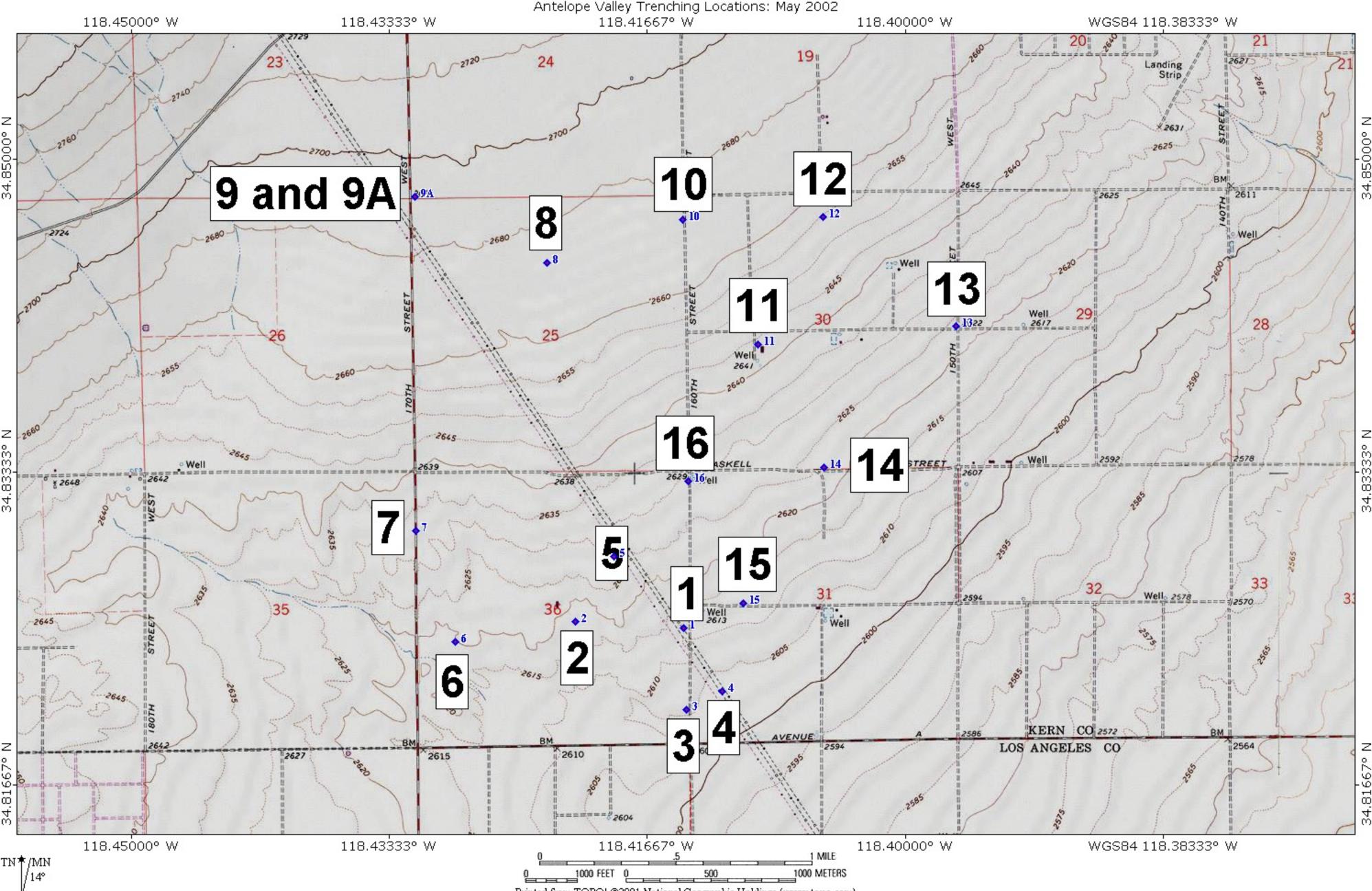
Comments Unknown Yes No

Is there a transformer, capacitor, or any hydraulic equipment for which there are any 20. records indicating the presence of PCBs (if applicable, identify which)?

Yes CNo Comments Unknown

This Questionnaire Was Completed by:
Name (Print) trang a la
Signature
Title
Representing Van Dan Forms
Address 9753 East Ave, F-8
City, State, Zip Lancaster CA 95535

# **Appendix C** Trench Investigation Results



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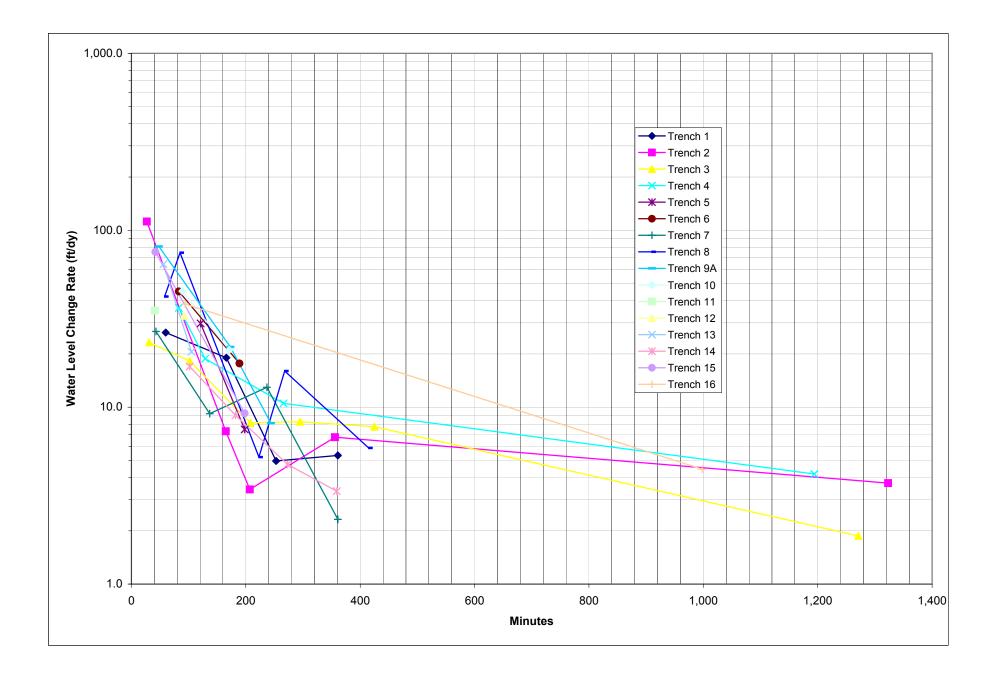


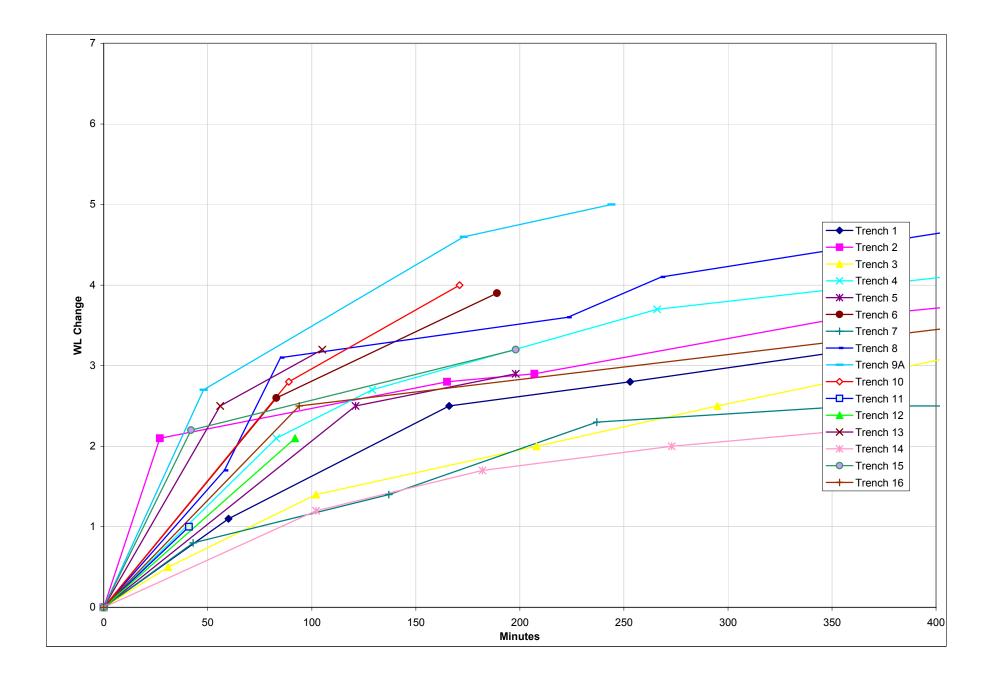
Trench	Soil Typ	e Name	Unified	Max Dry Density (lb/ft3)	Bulk Density	Passing No. 4	Passing No. 10	Passing No. 40		Passing 0.002 mm	Liquid Limit	Plasticity Index	K (inches/hr)	Salinity (mmhos/cm)	Corrosivity	Sanitary Absorption (ft2/1000-gal)	Hydrologic Group	Suitability For Berms	Low inches/h	High r inches/hr	Avg ft/dy	Min ft/dy	Max ft/dy
1	Rm	Rosamond loamy fine sand	SM	118	1.5	95-100%	90-95%	50-75%	15-30%	16%		Non-plastic	2-6.3	0-2	Moderate	25	Slow infiltration	Moderate to low stability	2	6.3	8.3	4	12.6
2	Rp	Rosamond loam	SM	118	1.5	95-100%	95-100%	60-85%	25-40%	16%	0-5	0-5	0.63-2	0-2	Low	40	Slow infiltration	Moderate to low stability	0.63	2	2.63	1.26	4
3	Rm-Ro	Rosamond loamy fine sand/Rosamond fine sandy loam	SM	118	1.5	95-100%	90-100%	50-85%	15-40%	16%	0-5	0-5	0.63-6.3	0-2	Low-Mod	25-40	Slow infiltration	Moderate to low stability	0.63	6.3	6.93	1.26	12.6
4	Ro-Rm	Rosamond fine sandy loam/Rosamond loamy fine sand	SM	118	1.5	95-100%	90-100%	50-85%	15-40%	16%	0-5	0-5	0.63-6.3	0-2	Low-Mod	25-40	Slow infiltration	Moderate to low stability	0.63	6.3	6.93	1.26	12.6
5	Ro-Rm	Rosamond fine sandy loam/Rosamond loamy fine sand	SM	118	1.5	95-100%	90-100%	50-85%	15-40%	16%	0-5	0-5	0.63-6.3	0-2	Low-Mod	25-40	Slow infiltration	Moderate to low stability	0.63	6.3	6.93	1.26	12.6
6	HkA	Hesperia fine sandy loam	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	75-85%	25-35%	3%		Non-plastic	2-6.3	0-2	Low	40	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	2	6.3	8.3	4	12.6
7	HkA	Hesperia fine sandy loam	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	75-85%	25-35%	3%		Non-plastic	2-6.3	0-2	Low	40	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	2	6.3	8.3	4	12.6
8	HkB	Hesperia fine sandy loam	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	75-85%	25-35%	3%		Non-plastic	2-6.3	0-2	Low	40	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	2	6.3	8.3	4	12.6
9	HkB	Hesperia fine sandy loam	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	75-85%	25-35%	3%		Non-plastic	2-6.3	0-2	Low	40	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	2	6.3	8.3	4	12.6
9A	HkB	Hesperia fine sandy loam	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	75-85%	25-35%	3%		Non-plastic	2-6.3	0-2	Low	40	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	2	6.3	8.3	4	12.6
10	HgA	Hesperia loamy fine sand	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	60-80%	15-25%	3%		Non-plastic	6.3-20	0-2	Low	25	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	6.3	20	26.3	12.6	40
11	HkA	Hesperia fine sandy loam	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	75-85%	25-35%	3%		Non-plastic	2-6.3	0-2	Low	40	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	2	6.3	8.3	4	12.6
12	HgA	Hesperia loamy fine sand	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	60-80%	15-25%	3%		Non-plastic	6.3-20	0-2	Low	25	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	6.3	20	26.3	12.6	40
13	Ro	Rosamond fine sandy loam	SM	118	1.5	95-100%	95-100%	60-85%	25-40%	16%	0-5	0-5	0.63-2	0-2	Low	40	Slow infiltration	Moderate to low stability	0.63	2	2.63	1.26	4
14	HkA	Hesperia fine sandy loam	SM	123		95-100%	95-100%	75-85%	25-35%	3%		Non-plastic	2-6.3	0-2	Low	40	Moderate infiltration	Moderate stability	2	6.3	8.3	4	12.6
15	Ro	Rosamond fine sandy loam	SM	118	1.5	95-100%	95-100%		25-40%	16%	0-5	0-5	0.63-2	0-2	Low	40	Slow infiltration	Moderate to low stability	0.63	2	2.63	1.26	4
16	Rm-Ro	Rosamond loamy fine sand/Rosamond fine sandy loam	SM	118	1.5	95-100%	90-100%	50-85%	15-40%	16%	0-5	0-5	0.63-6.3	0-2	Low-Mod	25-40	Slow infiltration	Moderate to low stability	0.63	6.3	6.93	1.26	12.6

	Infiltration	Soil Survey	Saturated K	Average Coarse/Fine Ratio	e Dorrance Unified Interpretation Total	Dorrance Unified Interpretation <6ft	Conclusion
Best	9A	10,12	10	10	11	11	10,11
	13		11	11	12	1,4,10,14,16	12,13
	10		13	13	10	7,9,12	9,9A
	6	1,6,7,8,9A,11,14	9	9	9	2,5,9A	1,2,3,4,5,6,7,8,14,15,16
	8		12	12	9A	13	
	4,15		9A	9A	13	6,15	
	2,5,16	2,3,4,5,13,15,16	2	2	15	3	
	1		7	7	14	8	
	3		4	6	16		
	7		6	4	4		
	14		14	14	6		
			5	5	7		
			15	15	3		
			3	3	2		
			1	16	1		
Worst			16	8	5		
			8	1	8		
Indeterminate	11,12						
Priority in Conclusions	1	6	2	4	3	5	

Unified Visua Depth (ft) 0 1	al-Manual C 1 SM	lassificatio 2 SM	ns 3 ML	<b>4</b> SM	<b>5</b> SM	6 SC	<b>7</b> GM	<b>8</b> SC	<b>9</b> GM	<b>9A</b> GM	<b>10</b> SM	<b>11</b> SP	<b>12</b> SW	<b>13</b> SM	<b>14</b> SM	<b>15</b> ML	<b>16</b> ML
2 3 4	SM	SM	SM-SC	SM	SM	SM	SM	SC	SM	SM-SC	SP	SW	SC GM	SM	SM	SM	ML
5 6 7	SM	SM-SC	SM	SM	SP	SM	SM	SM	SC	SM	SP	SW	SM	SM	SM	SM	SM
8 9 10	SM ML	SW	SM	SM	SP	SM GM	SM	SM	GP	GP	SP	SW	SW	GM	SW	ML	GM
11 12 13	SM	ML	SP	SC	SP	GM	SC	SC	GP	GP	SP	SM	SW	GM	GC ML	GW GW	SM
13 14 15 16	GM	ML	SM												IVIL		
Dorrance Cla							ntains clay										
<b>Depth (ft)</b> 0 1	1 2	2 2	3 <mark>3</mark>	4 2	5 2	6 3	7 1	8 3	9 1	9A 2	10 2	11 1	12 2	13 2	14 2	15 3	16 2
2 3	2	2	3	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	3	3	2	2	2
4 5 6	2	3	2	2	3	3	3	3	3	3	2	1	2	2	2	3	2
7 8 9	3 3	1		2	3	2	2	3	1	1	2	1	1	2	1	1	2
10 11 12	3	3	2 2	3	3	1 1	3	3	1	1	2	2	1	1	3	1 1	3
13 14 15	2	3	2	Ĭ	Ť		č	Ŭ				-			3		
16 Average	2	2	2	2	3	2	2	3	2	2	2	1	2	2	2	2	2

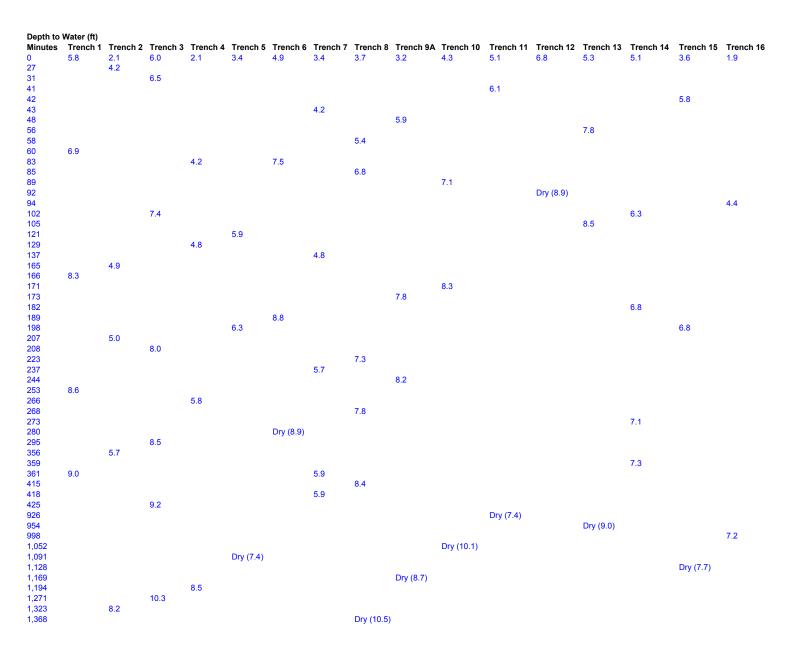
Estimatio		other para Input	Input	n seive da Input		e US Salin Input	ity Laborate Input	ory Softwa Input	are: Rose Input	tta		Residual Water content	Saturated Water Content	Curve match	Curve match	Saturated K	van Genuchten- Mualem match point at saturation	Tortuosity connectivity	Specific Yield							
		Code	Comment	Sand%	Silt%	Clay%	gm/cm3	Theta33	Theta1	500 Code	Description	Theta_r	Theta_s	Alpha	N	Ks	Ko	L	Specific Yield							
Trench	Depth (ft)	Code			Measured			NA	NA				cm3/cm3				L(cm/day)		Sy	K (ft/dy)	Kmin(ft/dy)	Trench				1/10 Average K (ft/dy)
1	3	1 2	1-3ft 2-3ft	71 80	15 10	15	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	1		0.0516 0.04878	0.38212		1.39998	34.23799		-1.26369 -0.97698	33%	1.1	0.5 0.7	10	33%	24.7	0.9 0.8	2.5
2	3	2	2-3ft 3-3ft	80 84	10	10 3	-9.9	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9	2		0.04878	0.37858 0.38737		1.61671 1.98001	77.6804 155.6361		-0.97698	33% 35%	2.5 5.1	1.3	11 13	33% 33%	20.0 17.4	1.0	2.0 1.7
3	3	3	3-311 4-3ft	82	0	0	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	3		0.03937	0.37829	0.04272	1.7156	97.72842		-0.92302	33%	3.2	0.7	9	33%	17.4	0.7	1.6
5	3	5	5-3ft	80	10	10	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	5		0.04878	0.37858	0.03448	1.61671			-0.97698	33%	2.5	0.7	12	33%	12.5	0.9	1.2
6	3	6	6-3ft	86	11	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	6		0.04175	0.38554	0.04088	2.15346	196.8554		-0.8298	34%	6.5	1.2	9A	33%	7.7	0.7	0.8
7	3	7	7-3ft	91	6	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	7	7-3ft	0.04831	0.38028	0.03587	2.73924	402.7625	26.17327	-0.86959	33%	13.2	0.9	2	33%	7.4	0.7	0.7
8	3	8	8-3ft	69	16	16	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	8		0.05281		0.03171		30.20041		-1.30223	33%	1.0	0.5	7	33%	5.8	0.7	0.6
9	3	9	9-3ft	93	4	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	9		0.05097	0.37787	0.03399	3.02593	544.5021		-0.89794	33%	17.9	0.8	4	33%	4.1	0.8	0.4
9A		10	9A-3ft	79	11	11	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	10		0.04909	0.38035	0.03484	1.5609	64.98079		-1.02524	33%	2.1	0.7	6	33%	3.9	0.9	0.4
10		11	10-3ft	94	3	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	11		0.05227	0.37659	0.0331	3.17691	629.2412		-0.90963	32%	20.6	0.7	14 5	34%	3.5	0.9 0.8	0.3
11 12		12 13	11-3ft 12-3ft	93 78	4	3 11	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	12 13		0.05097	0.37787	0.03399 0.03437	3.02593 1.54286	544.5021 63.28647		-0.89794 -1.03781	33% 33%	17.9 2.1	0.8	5 15	34% 33%	3.2 3.0	0.8	0.3 0.3
13		13	12-3ft	83	8	8	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	13		0.04884	0.37665	0.03437	1.80919	120.7559		-0.88693	33%	4.0	0.8	3	34%	2.5	0.8	0.3
14		15	14-3ft	70	15	15	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	15		0.05172	0.38057	0.03186	1.3957	33.77414		-1.2641	33%	1.1	0.5	1	33%	1.6	0.5	0.2
15	3	16	15-3ft	75	12	12	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	16		0.04912	0.3777	0.03341	1.47736			-1.11006	33%	1.7	0.6	16	33%	1.5	0.5	0.1
16	3	17	16-3ft	67	16	16	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	17		0.05324	0.37996	0.02993	1.37867	29.4818	13.07316	-1.28794	33%	1.0	0.4	8	33%	1.2	0.5	0.1
1	5	18	1-5ft	83	9	9	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	18		0.04945	0.37971	0.03469	1.7484	101.6421	22.78308	-0.91336	33%	3.3	0.7					
2		19	2-6ft	75	12	12	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	19		0.04912	0.3777	0.03341	1.47736	51.70694		-1.11006	33%	1.7	0.6					
3		20	3-6ft	64	18	18	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	20		0.05599	0.38369	0.02851	1.36192			-1.32359	33%	0.8	0.4					
4		21	4-6ft	77	12	12	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9	21 22		0.04932		0.03462	1.50108	53.86363		-1.08964	33%	1.8 5.7	0.6					
5		22 23	5-6ft 6-6ft	85 82	12	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9 -9.9	22		0.04053	0.38647	0.04183	2.06239	174.2599 97.72842		-0.83191 -0.92302	35% 33%	5.7 3.2	1.3 0.7					
7		23	7-6ft	oz 76	12	12	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	23		0.049	0.37829		1.48799	52.71264		-0.92302	33%	3.2 1.7	0.6					
8		25	8-6ft	63	18	18	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	25		0.05633	0.38233	0.02758	1.36257	23.31044		-1.30459	33%	0.8	0.4					
9		26	9-6ft	70	15	15	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	26		0.05172	0.38057	0.03186	1.3957	33.77414		-1.2641	33%	1.1	0.5					
9A		27	9A-6ft	82	9	9	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	27	9A-6ft	0.049	0.37829	0.0344	1.7156	97.72842		-0.92302	33%	3.2	0.7					
10		28	10-6ft	97	3	0	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	28		0.04812	0.38115		3.88789	996.7562		-0.87944	33%	32.7	1.2					
11		29	11-6ft	93	4	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	29		0.05097		0.03399	3.02593	544.5021		-0.89794	33%	17.9	0.8					
12		30	12-6ft	81	10	10	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	30		0.04913	0.38004	0.03486	1.64121	80.23166		-0.96505	33%	2.6	0.7					
13 14		31	13-6ft 14-6ft	90 84	7	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	31		0.04697	0.38141		2.60568	345.8523		-0.85584	33%	11.3	0.9					
14 15		32 33	14-6ft 15-6ft	84 85	13 12	3	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	32 33		0.03937	0.38737	0.04272 0.04183	1.98001 2.06239	155.6361 174.2599		-0.83709 -0.83191	35% 35%	5.1 5.7	1.3 1.3					
16		34	16-5ft	80	12	3 10	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	34		0.04055	0.37858	0.04183	1.61671			-0.97698	33%	2.5	0.7					
1		35	1-9ft	45	27	27	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	35		0.07239	0.40629		1.37282			-0.99755	33%	0.3	0.2					
2		36	2-9ft	93	4	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	36		0.05097	0.37787	0.03399	3.02593	544.5021		-0.89794	33%	17.9	0.8					
3	9	37	3-9ft	77	12	12	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	37	3-9ft	0.04932	0.38067	0.03462	1.50108	53.86363		-1.08964	33%	1.8	0.6					
4		38	4-9ft	87	10	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	38		0.04301	0.38456	0.03989	2.2534	224.2842		-0.83108	34%	7.4	1.1					
5		39	5-9ft	73	14	14	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	39		0.0506	0.38151	0.03352	1.42396	39.22465		-1.21321	33%	1.3	0.5					
6		40	6-9ft	78	11	11	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	40		0.04884	0.37885	0.03437	1.54286	63.28647		-1.03781	33%	2.1	0.6					
7		41 42	7-9ft 8-9ft	80	10	10	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	41		0.04878	0.37858	0.03448	1.61671			-0.97698	33%	2.5	0.7					
ö		42	8-9ft 9-9ft	76 96	12 3	12	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9 -9.9	42 43		0.04917	0.37914 0.37944	0.03404	1.48799 3.64278	52.71264 865.4548		-1.10128 -0.89585	33% 33%	1.7 28.4	0.6 1.0					
9		43	9-9ft 9A-9ft	90	4	3	-9.9 -9.9	-9.9	-9.9	43 44		0.0496	0.37944	0.03535	3.04278	544.5021		-0.89585	33%	28.4 17.9	0.8					
10	•	45	10-9ft	94	3	3	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	45		0.05227	0.37659	0.03335	3.17691	629.2412		-0.90963	32%	20.6	0.7					
11		46	11-9ft	95	3	2	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	46		0.05099	0.37793	0.03417		742.6774		-0.90622	33%	24.4	0.8					
12	9	47	12-9ft	97	3	0	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	47		0.04812	0.38115	0.03665	3.88789	996.7562		-0.87944	33%	32.7	1.2					
13	9	48	13-9ft	98	2	0	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	48		0.04907	0.3797	0.03589	4.06206	1128.921	37.32853	-0.87618	33%	37.0	1.2					
14	-	49	14-9ft	84	8	8	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	49		0.04947	0.37797	0.03417	1.84679			-0.88042	33%	4.1	0.8					
15		50	15-9ft	76	12	12	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	50			0.37914		1.48799	52.71264		-1.10128	33%	1.7	0.6					
16		51	16-8ft	68	16	16	-9.9	-9.9	-9.9	51	16-8ft	0.05299	0.38138	0 02002	1 20007	29.80934		-1.29731	33%	1.0	0.5					





Water L	evel Chang	je (ft)																													
Minutes	Trench 1	1 Minutes	Trench 2	Minutes	Trench 3	Minutes	Trench 4	Minutes	Trench 5	Minutes	Trench 6	Minutes	Trench 7	Minutes	Trench 8	Minutes	Trench 9A	Minutes	Trench 10	Minutes	Trench 11	Minutes	Trench 12	Minutes	Trench 13	Minutes	Trench 14	Minutes	Trench 15	Minutes	Trench 16
0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
60	1.1	27	2.1	31	0.5	83	2.1	121	2.5	83	2.6	43	0.8	58	1.7	48	2.7	89	2.8	41	1	92	2.1	56	2.5	102	1.2	42	2.2	94	2.5
166	2.5	165	2.8	102	1.4	129	2.7	198	2.9	189	3.9	137	1.4	85	3.1	173	4.6	171	4					105	3.2	182	1.7	198	3.2	998	5.3
253	2.8	207	2.9	208	2	266	3.7					237	2.3	223	3.6	244	5									273	2				
361	3.2	356	3.6	295	2.5	1,194	6.4					361	2.5	268	4.1											359	2.2				
		1,323	6.1	425	3.2							418	2.5	415	4.7																
				1,271	4.3																										

linutes	Trench 1	Minutes	Trench 2	2 Minutes	Trench 3	Minutes	Trench 4	Minutes	Trench 5	Minutes	Trench 6	Minutes	Trench 7	' Minutes	Trench 8	Minutes	Trench 9A	Minutes	Trench 10	Minutes	Trench 11	Minutes	Trench 12	Minutes	Trench 13	Minutes	Trench 14	Minutes	Trench 15	Minutes	Trench 2
	26.4	27	112.0	31	23.2	83	36.4	121	29.8	83	45.1	43	26.8	58	42.2	48	81.0	89	45.3	41	35.1	92	32.9	56	64.3	102	16.9	42	75.4	94	38.3
6	19.0	165	7.3	102	18.3	129	18.8	198	7.5	189	17.7	137	9.2	85	74.7	173	21.9	171	21.1					105	20.6	182	9.0	198	9.2	998	4.5
3	5.0	207	3.4	208	8.2	266	10.5					237	13.0	223	5.2	244	8.1									273	4.7				
	5.3	356	6.8	295	8.3	1,194	4.2					361	2.3	268	16.0											359	3.3				
		1.323	3.7	425	7.8							418		415	5.9																
				1.271	1.9																										



% Passing Se		4	40	20	40	50	100	440	470	200	Den	Cooree/Fine	1	<del></del>
Trench	Depth (Ft)	<b>4</b> 100%	12 97%	<b>30</b> 87%	40 78%	50 70%	100 49%	140 39%	170 33%	200 29%	Pan 0%	Coarse/Fine 2.4		+
2	3	99%	98%	77%	66%	58%	37%	28%	24%	20%	0%	4.0		
3	3	99%	94%	72%	61%	52%	31%	23%	19%	16%	0%	5.4		
4	3	100%	98%	86%	74%	64%	41%	29%	24%	18%	0%	4.4		
5	3	100%	97%	85%	72%	63%	39%	31%	26%	20%	1%	4.0		
6	3	100% 99%	95% 93%	74% 74%	59% 58%	48% 47%	26% 24%	19% 16%	16% 12%	14% 9%	0% 0%	6.2 9.7		
8	3	100%	100%	95%	88%	47% 80%	24% 56%	43%	36%	9% 31%	0%	9.7 2.2		-
9	3	94%	84%	60%	47%	38%	18%	11%	9%	7%	0%	12.8		
9A	3	98%	93%	78%	68%	59%	37%	28%	25%	21%	0%	3.7		
10	3	95%	87%	66%	54%	43%	19%	11%	9%	6%	0%	16.1		
11	3	99%	93%	72%	62%	52%	26%	15%	11%	7%	0%	13.9		
12	3	100%	98%	86%	76%	68%	43%	32% 29%	27%	22%	0%	3.6 4.9		
13 14	3	100% 99%	97% 97%	87% 86%	81% 77%	74% 71%	44% 54%	43%	24% 36%	17% 30%	0% 0%	4.9 2.4		+
15	3	99%	96%	83%	76%	69%	47%	36%	31%	25%	0%	3.1		-
16	3	100%	98%	90%	84%	77%	57%	43%	37%	33%	0%	2.1		1
1	5	100%	97%	78%	67%	58%	35%	27%	22%	17%	0%	4.8		
2	6	98%	94%	77%	68%	60%	41%	33%	29%	25%	0%	3.0		
3	6	100%	99%	90%	83%	76%	56%	46%	41%	36%	0%	1.8		
4	6 6	99%	98% 94%	85%	76%	69% 55%	46% 33%	34% 24%	29%	23%	0%	3.3 5.7		+
5 6	6	<u>99%</u> 100%	94% 94%	76% 75%	64% 61%	55% 50%	33% 29%	24%	19% 20%	15% 18%	0% 0%	5.7 4.7		+
7	6	95%	94%	75%	65%	50% 57%	39%	31%	20%	24%	0%	3.1		+
8	6	100%	99%	92%	87%	80%	62%	51%	44%	37%	0%	1.7		1
9	6	98%	96%	84%	77%	73%	54%	40%	34%	30%	0%	2.3		
9A	6	99%	94%	81%	72%	63%	39%	27%	23%	18%	0%	4.4		
10	6	98%	88%	60%	45%	33%	11%	6%	4%	3%	0%	32.3		
11	6	99% 99%	91% 94%	68% 77%	55% 68%	45% 59%	22% 38%	14% 27%	11% 24%	7%	0% 0%	12.7 4.2		
12 13	6	100%	94% 95%	74%	61%	59% 51%	26%	17%	14%	19% 10%	0%	4.2 8.8		+
14	6	99%	94%	76%	65%	57%	34%	23%	20%	16%	0%	5.4		
15	6	97%	91%	74%	65%	56%	33%	22%	19%	15%	0%	5.7		
16	5	98%	93%	76%	67%	59%	38%	27%	22%	20%	0%	4.0		
1	9	100%	98%	96%	94%	88%	74%	67%	63%	55%	1%	0.8		
2	9	86%	76%	61%	51%	42%	18%	12%	9%	7%	0%	14.0		_
3 4	9	99% 97%	95% 90%	76% 73%	66% 64%	57% 55%	38% 34%	31% 22%	27% 17%	23% 13%	1% 0%	3.3 6.7		
5	9	100%	90% 97%	84%	75%	67%	47%	39%	32%	27%	0%	2.7		
6	9	99%	94%	77%	68%	61%	42%	32%	27%	22%	0%	3.5		
7	9	98%	95%	75%	62%	54%	34%	27%	24%	20%	0%	4.1		
8	9	97%	96%	82%	73%	65%	44%	33%	29%	24%	0%	3.2		
9	9	88%	75%	47%	33%	24%	10%	6%	5%	4%	0%	24.0		
9A 10	9	87% 99%	73% 96%	51% 81%	42% 69%	35% 57%	19% 26%	13% 13%	10% 10%	7% 6%	0% 0%	12.7 14.4		-
10	9	99%	90%	65%	51%	41%	18%	9%	7%	5%	0%	14.4		+
12	9	98%	88%	58%	42%	31%	10%	6%	4%	3%	0%	37.6		+
13	9	85%	67%	38%	26%	18%	6%	4%	3%	2%	0%	51.3		
14	9	99%	96%	81%	71%	64%	40%	27%	21%	16%	0%	5.2		
15	9	100%	98%	78%	67%	60%	43%	34%	29%	24%	0%	3.2		
16 Turn a	8	98%	95% Danad	86%	81%	76%	60%	47%	41%	32%	0%	2.2		
Туре		Gravel	Sand	Sand	Sand	Sand	Sand	Sand	Sand	Fines	-			+
1	Average	100%	97%	87%	80%	72%	53%	44%	39%	34%	1%	2.0	1	Rm
2	Average	95%	89%	72%	62%	53%	32%	24%	20%	17%	0%	4.8	2	Rp
3	Average	99%	96%	80%	70%	61%	41%	33%	29%	25%	0%	3.0	3	Rm-Ro
4	Average	99%	95%	81%	71%	63%	40%	29%	23%	18%	0%	4.5	4	Ro-Rm
5	Average	99%	96%	82%	70%	62%	40%	31%	26%	21%	0%	3.8	5	Ro-Rm
6 7	Average	99%	95%	75%	63%	53%	32%	24%	21%	18%	0%	4.6	6 7	HkA
7 8	Average Average	98% 99%	93% 98%	74% 90%	62% 82%	53% 75%	32% 54%	25% 42%	21% 36%	18% 31%	0% 0%	4.6 2.3	7 8	HkA HkB
o 9	Average	93%	90 <i>%</i> 85%	90% 64%	53%	45%	28%	42 <i>%</i> 19%	16%	14%	0%	6.3	o 9	HkB
9A	Average	95%	87%	70%	61%	52%	32%	23%	19%	16%	0%	5.4	9A	HkB
10	Average	97%	90%	69%	56%	44%	18%	10%	7%	5%	0%	18.5	10	HgA
11	Average	98%	91%	68%	56%	46%	22%	13%	9%	<b>6%</b>	0%	14.4	11	HkA
12	Average	99%	94%	74%	62%	53%	30%	22%	18%	15%	0%	5.9	12	HgA
13	Average	95%	86% 96%	66% 81%	56% 71%	48%	25%	17% 31%	13% 26%	10% 20%	0% 0%	9.4 3.9	13	Ro
14 15	Average Average	99% 99%	96% 95%	81% 79%	69%	64% 62%	43% 41%	31% 31%	26% 26%	20% 21%	0% 0%	3.9 3.7	14 15	HkA Ro
16	Average	99%	95% 95%	84%	77%	71%	52%	39%	33%	21%	0%	2.6	16	Rm-Ro
								5070	2070		- / •	1=.*	I · 🗸	1

Trench #:		16	Location:	VAN DAM FARM		
Date Started:		20-May-02	Total Depth:	11.5' BGS		6
Date Completed:		23-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GROUND SURFAC		FACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 49' 58.3		3.3
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W 118 24' 50.6"		
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:	NATIVE		
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~200	0 GALLO	ONS
Depth	Pepth Lithologic FORMATION DESCRIPTION			Infiltration Test*		
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time	Level	Trench Depth
GL	ML	Silty fine sand.		1425	bgs	
1				1559	4.4' bgs	10.5' td
2						
3	ML	Silty fine sand.	Moderate effervescence. 10 YR 6/3	5/22		
4				703	7.2' bgs	7.8' td
5	SM	Silty fine sand.	Oxidized layer.Slight effervescence 10 YR 5/3			
6						
7						
8	GM	Silty gravelly fine sand.	Still oxidized.No effervescence 10 YR5/3			
9						
10						
11	SM	Silty fine sand with trace clay.	Moderate effervescence. Less Oxidation than above.10 YR			
12			6/2			
13						
14						
15 16						
17						
18						
19						
20			*Start of filling was at 1404, which starts infiltration.			

Trench #: 15		15	Location: VAN DAM FARM				
Date Started: 23-May-02			Total Depth: 12' BGS			S	
Date Completed:		24-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GROUND SURFACE			
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 49' 35.0"			
Project Number:		27-6830	Longitude:	W 118 24' 37.8"			
Geologist:		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:	NATIVE			
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS	
Depth	Lithologic	thologic FORMATION DESCRIPTION			Infiltration Test*		
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth	
GL	ML	Clayey fine sand.	Highly cemented.	1214	3.6' bgs	11.1' td	
1				1256	5.8' bgs	9.7' td	
2				1532	6.8' bgs	8.9' td	
3	SM	Silty fine sand with trace coarse sand.	Slight-Moderate effervescence. 10 YR 6/3	5/24			
4				702	DRY	7.7' td	
5							
6	SM	Silty fine sand with trace gravel and clay.	Slight-Moderate effervescence. 10 YR 5/3				
7							
8							
9 10	ML	Fine sand with trace coarse sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2				
11	GW	Gravelly coarse sand at 11.5'	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/2				
12	GW	Material coarsing down.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/2				
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20			*Start of filling was at 1158, which starts infiltration.				

		14	Location: VAN DAM FARM				
Date Started:		21-May-02	Total Depth:	14' BGS		S	
Date Completed:		22-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GROUND SURFAC		RFACE	
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 50' 00.9"			
Project	roject Number: 27-6830 Longitude:			W118 24' 19.0"			
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:	NATIVE			
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS	
Depth	Lithologic FORMATION DESCRIPTION			Infiltration Test*			
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth	
GL	SM	Silty fine sand		816	5.1' bgs	13.0' td	
1				958	6.3' bgs	12.2' td	
2				1118	6.8' bgs	12.2' td	
3	SM	Silty fine sand with trace coarse sand.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/2	1249	7.1' bgs	11.8' td	
4				1415	7.3' bgs	11.8' td	
5							
6	SM	Silty fine sand with trace coarse sand.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 6/2				
7							
8							
9	SW	Medium sand with trace gravel.	No effervescence. 10 YR 4/2				
10							
11			Slight effervescence. 10 YR				
12	GC	Clayey gravelly sand.	6/2				
13							
14	ML	Clayey silty fine sand.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 7/2				
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20			*Start of filling was at 0800, which starts infiltration.				

Trench	#:	13	Location:	VAI	N DAM I	FARM
Date Sta	arted:	22-May-02	Total Depth:		12' BG	S
Date Co	ompleted:	24-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	UND SL	JRFACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N	34 50' 2	28.1"
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W 118 23' 48.2"		
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	E
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth
GL	SM	Silty fine sand.		1446	5.3' bgs	10.6' td
1				1542	7.8' bgs	9.9' td
2				1631	8.5' bgs	9.4' td
3	SM	Silty clayey fine sand with trace coarse sand.	Moderate effervescence. 10 YR 6/2	640	DRY	9.0' td
4						
5		Medium grain sand with trace	Slight effervescence. 10 YR			
6	SM	silt and gravel.	5/3			
7						
8						
9	GM	Gravelly sand with trace fines.	No effervescence. 10 YR 4/3			
10						
11						
12	GM	Gravelly sand with trace cobble.	No effervescence. 10 YR 4/3			
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19			*Start of filling was at 1427,			
20			which starts infiltration.			

Trench	#:	12	Location:	VAI	N DAM F	ARM
Date Sta	arted:	21-May-02	Total Depth:		12.5' BG	S
Date Co	mpleted:	23-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	UND SU	RFACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 50' 48.9"		
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 24'	19.3
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	Ξ
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	~2000 GALLONS	
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	Test*
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth
GL	SW	Silty medium grain sand.		1113	6.8' bgs	8.9' td
1				1245	DRY	6.5' td
2				Cave- in		
3	SC	Silty fine sand with trace clay.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 6/3			
4	GM	Cobbly sandy lense ~1 foot thick.	Very slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
5						
6	SM	Silty fine sand with trace coarse sand.	Slight-moderate effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
7						
8						
9	SW	Medium grain sand with trace gravel.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 6/2			
10						
11						
12	SW	Medium grain sand with trace gravel.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2			
13						
14		Note: Cave-in started during	filling of trench with water.			
15						
16						
17						
18						
19			*Diant of filling was at 4070			
20			*Start of filling was at 1058, which starts infiltration.			

Trench	#:	11	Location:	VAI	N DAM	FARM
Date Sta	arted:	21-May-02	Total Depth:		12' BG	S
Date Co	mpleted:	23-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	JND SL	JRFACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	Ν	34 50' 2	24.5"
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 24'	34.4"
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	E
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	Test*
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth
GL	SP	Fine sand		1548	5.1' bgs	10.2' td
1				1629	6.1' bgs	8.4' td
2						
3	SW	Medium grain sand with trace gravel.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/3	5/22		
4				714	DRY	7.4' td
5						
6	SW	Gravelly medium grain sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
7						
8						
9	SW	Medium grain sand with trace gravel.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
10						
11						
12	SM	Silty medium grain sand with trace clay and gravel.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
13						
14			Note: Two Steven's – Kangaroo Rats found and			
15			released from trench.			
16						
17						
18						
19			*Start of filling was at 1531,			
20			which starts infiltration.			

Trench	#:	10	Location:	VAI	N DAM I	FARM
Date Sta	arted:	21-May-02	Total Depth:	12.5' BGS		
Date Co	mpleted:	23-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	JND SU	IRFACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 50' 48.5"		
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W 118 24' 51.9"		
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth
GL	SM	Silty medium grain sand with trace gravel.		1329	4.3' bgs	11.6' td
1				1458	7.1' bgs	11.1' td
2				1620	8.3' bgs	10.5' td
3	SP	Silty medium grain sand with trace gravel.	Moderate effervescence. 10 YR 6/2			
4				701	DRY	10.1' td
5			Interheddod group Large of			
6	SP	Silty medium grain sand with trace gravel.	Interbedded gravel lense at 6.5'. No effervescence			
7						
8						
9 10	SP	Silty fine grain sand with trace gravel.	Slight -moderate effervescence.10 YR 6/2			
10						
12	SP	Silty fine grain sand with trace	-			
13		gravel.	6/2			
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20			* Start of filling was at 1311, which starts infiltration.			

Trench a	#:	9A	Location:	VAI	N DAM	FARM	
Date Sta	arted:	22-May-02	Total Depth:	12' BGS			
Date Co	mpleted:	23-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GROUND SURFACE			
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 50' 52.8"			
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 25'	54.2"	
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIVE		
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS	
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration		
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth	
GL	GM	Silty gravelly fine sand.		1211	3.2' bgs	11.0' td	
1				1259	5.9' bgs	9.1' td	
2				1504	7.8' bgs	8.9' td	
3	GM	Silty gravelly fine sand.	Moderate effervescence. 10 YR 5/2	1615	8.2' bgs	8.9' td	
4				5/23			
5				740	DRY	8.7' td	
6	SM	Silty fine sand with trace clay and gravel.	Moderate to intense effervescence. 10 YR 6/3				
7							
8							
9	GP	Gravelly sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2				
10							
11							
12	GP	Gravelly sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2	· ·			
13				_			
14				<u> </u>			
15							
16							
17							
18							
19							
20			*Start of filling was at 1151, which starts infiltration.				

Trench	#:	9	Location:	VAI	N DAM FARM
Date Sta	arted:	22-May-02	Total Depth:		11.0' BGS
Date Co	mpleted:	22-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	JND SURFACE
Client:	-	LWDS	Latitude:	70'S'	W of trench 9A
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:		
Geologi	st:	LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIVE
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GALLONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	tration Test*
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time	Water Trench Level Depth
GL	GM	Gravelly medium grain sand.		du	Hole collapsed Iring filling. Backfilled .
1					
2					
3	SM	Silty gravelly medium grain sand.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 6/2		
4					
5					
6	SC	Silty fine sand with trace clay and gravel.	Slight to moderate effervescence. 10 YR 6/3		
7					
8					
9	GP	Gravelly coarse grain sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2		
10					
11	GP	Gravelly coarse grain sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2		
12					
13					
14					
15					
16					
17					
18					
19					
20					

Trench	#:	8	Location:	VA	N DAM I	FARM	
Date Sta	arted:	23-May-02	Total Depth:		12' BG	S	
Date Co	mpleted:	24-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GROUND SURFACE			
Client:	•	LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 50' 40.2"			
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W 118 25' 23.5"			
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	E	
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS	
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	Test*	
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth	
GL	SC	Silty clayey sand.	Hard Pack	847	3.7' bgs	11.5' td	
1				945	5.4' bgs	11.5' td	
2				1012	6.8' bgs	11.4' td	
3	SC	Silty clayey fine sand.	Secondary leaching,Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/2	1230	7.3' bgs	11.4' td	
4				1315	7.8' bgs	11.3' td	
5				1542	8.4' bgs	11.2' td	
6	SM	Silty fine sand with trace clay content.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 6/2	5/24			
7				735	DRY	10.5' td	
8							
9	SM	Silty fine sand with trace clay and trace gravel.	No effervescence.10 YR 6/2				
10							
11							
12	SC	Silty clayey fine sand with trace coarse sand and gravel.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2				
13							
14							
15							
16							
17							
18							
19			* Otout of filling was at 0000				
20			* Start of filling was at 0828,				
			which starts infiltration.				

Trench	#:	7	Location:	VA	N DAM I	FARM
Date Sta	arted:	22-May-02	Total Depth:	11.8' BGS		
Date Co	mpleted:	22-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	JND SL	JRFACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N	34 49' 4	18.9"
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 25'	53.9"
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	E
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth
GL	GM	Gravelly sand		906	3.4' bgs	11.6' td
1				949	4.2' bgs	10.5' td
2				1123	4.8' bgs	8.5' td
3	SM	Silty fine sand with trace gravel.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/2	1303	5.7' bgs	8.3' td
4				1507	5.9' bgs	6.4' td
5				1604	5.9' bgs	6.1' td
6	SM	Silty medium grain sand with trace clay.	Slight to moderate effervescence. 7.5 YR 6/3			
7						
8						
9	SM	Medium grain sand with trace silt and gravel.	Slight effervescence.7.5 YR 5/3			
10						
11						
12	SC	Silty clayey fine sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 7/1			
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19			*Start of filling was at 0940			
20			*Start of filling was at 0846, which starts infiltration.			
				L	L	

Trench	#:	6	Location:	VA	N DAM F	FARM
Date Sta	arted:	20-May-02	Total Depth:	12' BGS		
	mpleted:	22-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:		UND SU	
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 49' 27.6"		
	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 25'	
Geologi			Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time	Level	Trench Depth
GL	SC	Silty clayey fine sand.		1132	4.9' bgs	11.2' td
1				1255	7.5' bgs	9.8' td
2				1441	8.8' bgs	9.8' td
			Slight			
3	SM	Silty gravelly fine sand.	effervescence.Secondary leaching present. 10 YR 5/2	1612	DRY	8.9' td
4						
5						
6	SM	Silty gravelly fine sand with trace clay.	Moderate effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
7						
8						
9	SM	Silty gravelly fine sand.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
10	GM	Gravelly sand at 10.5'.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2			
11	GM	Material coarsing down at 11.5'.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2	•		
12						
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19						
20			*Start of filling was at 1110, which starts infiltration.			

Trench	#:	5	Location:	IAV	N DAM I	FARM
Date Sta	arted:	20-May-02	Total Depth:		12.5' BC	SS
Date Co	mpleted:	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		GROUND SURFAC		
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 49' 44.0"		
	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 25'	
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	
Backhoe Operator: GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT) Qty Water Used::		Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS	
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time	Level	Trench Depth
GL	SM	Silty fine sand.		1247	3.4' bgs 5.9'	12.0' td
1				1448	bgs 6.3'	7.5' td
2				1605	bgs	7.5' td
3	SM	Silty fine sand with trace gravel.	Slight effervescence. Secondary leaching.10 YR 6/2			
4				5/22		
5				658	DRY	7.4' td
6	SP	Gravelly fine sand with trace clay	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
7						
8						
9	SP	Gravelly fine sand with trace clay and silt.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
10						
11						
12	SP	Gravelly fine sand with trace clay and silt.	No effervescence.10 YR 5/2	•		
13						
14						
15 16						
17						
18						
19						
20			*Start of filling was at 1230, which starts infiltration.			

Trench	#:	4	Location:	VA	N DAM	FARM
Date Sta		23-May-02	Total Depth:		12' BG	
	mpleted:	24-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:			IRFACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	N 34 49' 18.1"		
	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 24'	
Geologi Baakha	st: e Operator:	LOU KOHN GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Trench Backfill Materials: Qty Water Used::	- 20	NATIV 00 GAL	
Backiiu						
Depth			FORMATION DESCRIPTION			Test*
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time	Level	Depth
GL 1	SM	Silty fi	ne sand.	1056 1219	2.1' bgs 4.2'	11.2' td 10.5' td
					bgs 4.8'	
2				1305	bgs	10.5' td
3	SM	Silty clayey fine sand.	Slight effervescence.Cemented with leaching. 10 YR 5/2	1522	5.8' bgs	10.1' td
4				5/24		
5				650	8.5' bgs	9.8' td
6	SM	Silty fine sand with trace coarse sand.	Moderate effervescence.10 YR 5/2			
7						
8						
9	SM	Silty fine sand with trace gravel.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 6/2			
10						
11						
12	SC	Silty clayey fine sand	Slight effervescence. Trace secondary leaching.10 YR 4/2			
13						
14						
15						
16						
17						
18						
19			*Start of filling was at 1040,			
20			which starts infiltration.			

Trench	#:	3	Location:	VAI	N DAM I	FARM
Date Sta	arted:	20-May-02	Total Depth:	14' BGS		
Date Co	mpleted:	22-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	UND SU	IRFACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:	Ν	34 49' 1	4.5"
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 24'	50.9"
Geologi		LOU KOHN	Trench Backfill Materials:		NATIV	
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	ltration	
(ft)	Symbol	and C	omments	Time		Trench Depth
GL	ML	Silty clayey sand.		934	6.0' bgs	13.4' td
1				1005	6.5' bgs	13.2' td
2				1116	7.4' bgs	13.2' td
3	ML	Silty clayey fine sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/3	1302	8.0' bgs 8.5'	13.1' td
4				1429	8.5 bgs 9.2'	13.1' td
5		Silty fine sand with trace		1639	9.2 bgs	12.7' td
6	SM	gravel.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/4	5/22	10.3'	
7				645	bgs	12.2' td
8						
9						
10	SM	Silty fine sand.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/4			
11						
12	SP	Silty gravelly sand.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
13						
14	SM	Silty fine sand	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 6/2			
15						
16						
17						
18						
19			*Ctout of filling was at 0000			
20			*Start of filling was at 0923, which starts infiltration.			

Trench	#:	2	Location:	VA	N DAM I	FARM
Date Sta	arted:	23-May-02	Total Depth:		12' BG	S
Date Co	mpleted:	24-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	UND SU	IRFACE
Client:	_	LWDS	Latitude:	N	34 49' 3	81.6"
Project	Number:	27-6830	Longitude:	W	118 25'	16.8"
Geologi						E
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	Itration	Test*
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth
GL	SM	Silty fine sand.	10 YR 5/3	939	2.1' bgs	11.7' td
1				1006	4.2' bgs	11.0' td
2				1224	4.9' bgs	10.5' td
3	SM	Silty fine sand	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3	1306	5.0' bgs	10.2' td
4				1535	5.7' bgs	10.1' td
5				5/24		
6	ML	Silty clayey fine sand with trace coarse sand and gravel.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3	742	8.2' bgs	10.0' td
7						
8						
9	SW	Medium grain sand with trace gravel.	No effervescence. 10 YR 6/2			
10						
11						
12	ML	Silty clayey medium grain sand with trace gravel.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
13						
14	ML	Clayey silty fine sand.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 6/2			
15						
16						
17						
18						
19			*04			
20			*Start of filling was at 0922, which starts infiltration.			

Trench	#:	1	Location:	VA	N DAM F	ARM
Date Sta	arted:	20-May-02	Total Depth:		15' BG	S
Date Co	mpleted:	22-May-02	Zero Pt. For Logging:	GRO	UND SU	RFACE
Client:		LWDS	Latitude:		34 49' 3	
	roject Number: 27-6830 Longitude:					51.6"
	eologist: LOU KOHN Trench Backfill Materials:					E
Backho	e Operator:	GLENN (AAA EQUIPMENT)	Qty Water Used::	~20	00 GAL	LONS
Depth	Lithologic	FORMATION	DESCRIPTION	Infi	ltration	
(ft)	Symbol	and Co	omments	Time		Trench Depth
GL	SM	Silty gravelly fine sand.		1020	5.8' bgs	13.8' td
1				1120	6.9' bgs	13.7' td
2				1306	8.3' bgs	13.4' td
3	SM	Silty fine sand.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/4	1433	8.6' bgs	13.2' td
4				1621	9.0' bgs	12.2' td
5	SM	Silty fine sand with trace clay and gravel.	Slight effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
6						
7						
8	SM	Clayey silty fine sand with trace clay.	No effervescence. 10 YR 5/3			
9	ML	Clayey silt.	Moderate effervescence. 10 YR 6/1			
10						
11	SM	Fine sand with trace silt/clay.	Slight effervescence. 2.5 YR 5/2			
12						
13						
14						
15	GM	Silty gravelly sand.	Slight effervescence. 2.5 YR 5/2			
16						
17						
18						
19						
20			*Start of filling was at 1002, which starts infiltration.			

grams

grams

675 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #9
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 4.7500 83 87.7% 12.3% 83 12 1.7000 0.0661 166 75.4% 24.6% 83 0.6000 0.0234 360 46.7% 53.3% 194 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 453 32.9% 67.1% 93 50 0.3000 0.0117 516 23.6% 76.4% 63 100 0.1500 0.0059 607 10.1% 89.9% 91 140 93.6% 0.1060 0.0041 632 6.4% 25 170 0.0900 0.0035 639 5.3% 94.7% 7 200 0.0750 0.0029 648 4.0% 96.0% 9 674 Pan 0.1% 99.9% 26

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 674 675 0.1%

Summary	
Gravel	12%
Sand	84%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	96%
Silt + Clay (fines)	4%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	24.92

grams

grams

593 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #16
Depth:	8 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	05-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	13	97.8%	2.2%	13
12	1.7000	0.0661	29	95.1%	4.9%	16
30	0.6000	0.0234	82	86.2%	13.8%	53
40	0.4250	0.0165	112	81.1%	18.9%	30
50	0.3000	0.0117	140	76.4%	23.6%	28
100	0.1500	0.0059	240	59.5%	40.5%	100
140	0.1060	0.0041	312	47.4%	52.6%	72
170	0.0900	0.0035	352	40.6%	59.4%	40
200	0.0750	0.0029	405	31.7%	68.3%	53
Pan			593	0.0%	100.0%	188

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 593 593 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	2.2%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	68.3%
Sand	66.1%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	31.7%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	2.15

grams

grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #16
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	05-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

528 grams Cumul % Cumul wt retained Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 4.7500 12 97.7% 2.3% 12 12 1.7000 0.0661 38 92.8% 7.2% 26 0.6000 0.0234 127 75.9% 24.1% 89 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 176 66.7% 33.3% 49 40.7% 39 50 0.3000 0.0117 215 59.3% 100 0.1500 0.0059 325 110 38.4% 61.6% 140 383 72.5% 0.1060 0.0041 27.5% 58 170 0.0900 0.0035 411 22.2% 77.8% 28 200 0.0750 0.0029 422 20.1% 79.9% 11

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

Pan

529 528 -0.2%

529

529

107

100.2%

-0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	2.3%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	79.9%
Sand	77.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	20.3%

grams

grams

491 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #16
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	05-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	0	100.0%	0.0%	0
12	1.7000	0.0661	10	98.0%	2.0%	10
30	0.6000	0.0234	50	89.8%	10.2%	40
40	0.4250	0.0165	79	83.9%	16.1%	29
50	0.3000	0.0117	111	77.4%	22.6%	32
100	0.1500	0.0059	210	57.2%	42.8%	99
140	0.1060	0.0041	282	42.6%	57.4%	72
170	0.0900	0.0035	311	36.7%	63.3%	29
200	0.0750	0.0029	331	32.6%	67.4%	20
Pan			490	0.2%	99.8%	159

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 490 491 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.0%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	67.4%
Sand	67.4%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	32.4%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	2.08

grams

grams

24.0%

0.0%

76.0%

100.0%

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #15				
Depth:	9 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	05-Jun-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

200

Pan

363 grams Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 4.7500 1 99.7% 0.3% 1 12 1.7000 0.0661 9 97.5% 2.5% 8 0.6000 0.0234 79 78.2% 70 30 21.8% 40 0.4250 0.0165 119 67.2% 32.8% 40 27 50 0.3000 0.0117 146 59.8% 40.2% 100 0.1500 0.0059 208 62 42.7% 57.3% 140 0.1060 240 32 0.0041 33.9% 66.1% 170 0.0900 0.0035 257 29.2% 70.8% 17

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

0.0750

0.0029

363 363 0.0%

276

363

363

19

Summary	
Gravel	0.3%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	76.0%
Sand	75.8%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	24.0%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.17

grams

grams

668 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #15				
Depth:	6 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	05-Jun-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	22	96.7%	3.3%	22
12	1.7000	0.0661	60	91.0%	9.0%	38
30	0.6000	0.0234	172	74.3%	25.7%	112
40	0.4250	0.0165	235	64.8%	35.2%	63
50	0.3000	0.0117	292	56.3%	43.7%	57
100	0.1500	0.0059	448	32.9%	67.1%	156
140	0.1060	0.0041	520	22.2%	77.8%	72
170	0.0900	0.0035	543	18.7%	81.3%	23
200	0.0750	0.0029	569	14.8%	85.2%	26
Pan			667	0.1%	99.9%	98

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 667 668 0.1%

Summary	
Gravel	3.3%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	85.2%
Sand	81.9%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	14.7%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	5.81

grams

grams

431 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #15				
Depth:	3 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	05-Jun-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 0.7% 3 4.7500 3 99.3% 12 1.7000 0.0661 19 95.6% 4.4% 16 73 0.6000 0.0234 83.1% 16.9% 54 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 104 75.9% 24.1% 31 28 50 0.3000 0.0117 132 69.4% 30.6% 100 0.1500 0.0059 228 47.1% 52.9% 96 140 0.1060 47 0.0041 275 36.2% 63.8% 170 0.0900 0.0035 296 31.3% 68.7% 21 200 0.0750 0.0029 325 24.6% 75.4% 29 106 Pan 431 0.0% 100.0%

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 431 431 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	0.7%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	75.4%
Sand	74.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	24.6%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.07

grams grams

406 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #14
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	05-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	5	98.8%	1.2%	5
12	1.7000	0.0661	18	95.6%	4.4%	13
30	0.6000	0.0234	79	80.5%	19.5%	61
40	0.4250	0.0165	117	71.2%	28.8%	38
50	0.3000	0.0117	147	63.8%	36.2%	30
100	0.1500	0.0059	245	39.7%	60.3%	98
140	0.1060	0.0041	296	27.1%	72.9%	51
170	0.0900	0.0035	319	21.4%	78.6%	23
200	0.0750	0.0029	340	16.3%	83.7%	21
Pan			407	-0.2%	100.2%	67

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 407 406 -0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	1.2%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	83.7%
Sand	82.5%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	16.5%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	5.07

grams

grams

417 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #14
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	05-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	3	99.3%	0.7%	3
12	1.7000	0.0661	24	94.2%	5.8%	21
30	0.6000	0.0234	100	76.0%	24.0%	76
40	0.4250	0.0165	145	65.2%	34.8%	45
50	0.3000	0.0117	181	56.6%	43.4%	36
100	0.1500	0.0059	275	34.1%	65.9%	94
140	0.1060	0.0041	320	23.3%	76.7%	45
170	0.0900	0.0035	335	19.7%	80.3%	15
200	0.0750	0.0029	352	15.6%	84.4%	17
Pan			417	0.0%	100.0%	65

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 417 417 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	0.7%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	84.4%
Sand	83.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	15.6%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	5.42

grams

grams

491 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #14
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm) I	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	4	99.2%	0.8%	4
12	1.7000	0.0661	14	97.1%	2.9%	10
30	0.6000	0.0234	71	85.5%	14.5%	57
40	0.4250	0.0165	113	77.0%	23.0%	42
50	0.3000	0.0117	142	71.1%	28.9%	29
100	0.1500	0.0059	225	54.2%	45.8%	83
140	0.1060	0.0041	281	42.8%	57.2%	56
170	0.0900	0.0035	315	35.8%	64.2%	34
200	0.0750	0.0029	346	29.5%	70.5%	31
Pan			490	0.2%	99.8%	144

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 490 491 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.8%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	70.5%
Sand	69.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	29.3%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	2.40

grams

grams

627 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #13
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 4.7500 96 84.7% 15.3% 96 12 1.7000 0.0661 206 67.1% 32.9% 110 0.6000 0.0234 386 38.4% 61.6% 180 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 464 26.0% 74.0% 78 50 50 0.3000 0.0117 514 18.0% 82.0% 100 0.1500 0.0059 589 6.1% 93.9% 75 96.3% 140 0.1060 0.0041 604 3.7% 15 170 0.0900 0.0035 610 2.7% 97.3% 6 200 0.0750 0.0029 615 1.9% 98.1% 5 627 Pan 0.0% 100.0% 12

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 627 627 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	15.3%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	98.1%
Sand	82.8%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	1.9%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	51.25

grams

grams

511 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #13
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	03-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.6%	0.4%	2
12	1.7000	0.0661	28	94.5%	5.5%	26
30	0.6000	0.0234	134	73.8%	26.2%	106
40	0.4250	0.0165	197	61.4%	38.6%	63
50	0.3000	0.0117	248	51.5%	48.5%	51
100	0.1500	0.0059	379	25.8%	74.2%	131
140	0.1060	0.0041	425	16.8%	83.2%	46
170	0.0900	0.0035	441	13.7%	86.3%	16
200	0.0750	0.0029	459	10.2%	89.8%	18
Pan			510	0.2%	99.8%	51

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 510 511 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.4%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	89.8%
Sand	89.4%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	10.0%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	9.00

grams

grams

515 grams

Project Name:	Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley				
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #13				
Depth:	3 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	03-Jun-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.6%	0.4%	2
12	1.7000	0.0661	16	96.9%	3.1%	14
30	0.6000	0.0234	66	87.2%	12.8%	50
40	0.4250	0.0165	100	80.6%	19.4%	34
50	0.3000	0.0117	136	73.6%	26.4%	36
100	0.1500	0.0059	288	44.1%	55.9%	152
140	0.1060	0.0041	365	29.1%	70.9%	77
170	0.0900	0.0035	393	23.7%	76.3%	28
200	0.0750	0.0029	428	16.9%	83.1%	35
Pan			516	-0.2%	100.2%	88

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 516 515 -0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.4%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	83.1%
Sand	82.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	17.1%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	4.86

grams

grams

617 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #12				
Depth:	9 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	03lun-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 2.4% 4.7500 15 97.6% 15 12 1.7000 0.0661 73 88.2% 11.8% 58 0.6000 0.0234 259 58.0% 42.0% 186 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 357 42.1% 57.9% 98 428 71 50 0.3000 0.0117 30.6% 69.4% 100 0.1500 0.0059 555 10.0% 90.0% 127 140 0.1060 0.0041 94.3% 582 5.7% 27 170 0.0900 0.0035 591 4.2% 95.8% 9 200 0.0750 0.0029 601 2.6% 97.4% 10 Pan 617 0.0% 100.0% 16

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 617 617 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	2.4%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	97.4%
Sand	95.0%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	2.6%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	37.56

grams

grams

463 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley				
Job No.:	27-6830			
Sample ID:	Test Pit #12			
Depth:	6 ft			
Tested By:	LK			
Test Date:	03-Jun-02			

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	5	98.9%	1.1%	5
12	1.7000	0.0661	26	94.4%	5.6%	21
30	0.6000	0.0234	105	77.3%	22.7%	79
40	0.4250	0.0165	150	67.6%	32.4%	45
50	0.3000	0.0117	189	59.2%	40.8%	39
100	0.1500	0.0059	288	37.8%	62.2%	99
140	0.1060	0.0041	337	27.2%	72.8%	49
170	0.0900	0.0035	354	23.5%	76.5%	17
200	0.0750	0.0029	374	19.2%	80.8%	20
Pan			464	-0.2%	100.2%	90

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 464 463 -0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	1.1%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	80.8%
Sand	79.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	19.4%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	4.16

grams

grams

511 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #12				
Depth:	3 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	03-Jun-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm) I	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	1	99.8%	0.2%	1
12	1.7000	0.0661	10	98.0%	2.0%	9
30	0.6000	0.0234	71	86.1%	13.9%	61
40	0.4250	0.0165	121	76.3%	23.7%	50
50	0.3000	0.0117	165	67.7%	32.3%	44
100	0.1500	0.0059	290	43.2%	56.8%	125
140	0.1060	0.0041	347	32.1%	67.9%	57
170	0.0900	0.0035	371	27.4%	72.6%	24
200	0.0750	0.0029	400	21.7%	78.3%	29
Pan			510	0.2%	99.8%	110

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 510 511 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.2%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	78.3%
Sand	78.1%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	21.5%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.64

grams

grams

847 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #11				
Depth:	9 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	03-Jun-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 3.0% 4.7500 25 97.0% 25 12 1.7000 0.0661 85 90.0% 10.0% 60 0.6000 0.0234 295 65.2% 34.8% 210 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 412 51.4% 48.6% 117 91 50 0.3000 0.0117 503 40.6% 59.4% 100 0.1500 0.0059 697 17.7% 82.3% 194 140 0.1060 0.0041 9.4% 90.6% 70 767 170 0.0900 0.0035 786 7.2% 92.8% 19 200 0.0750 0.0029 801 5.4% 94.6% 15 847 Pan 0.0% 100.0% 46

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 847 847 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	3.0%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	94.6%
Sand	91.6%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	5.4%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	17.41

grams

grams

780 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #11				
Depth:	6 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	03-Jun-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	10	98.7%	1.3%	10
12	1.7000	0.0661	70	91.0%	9.0%	60
30	0.6000	0.0234	253	67.6%	32.4%	183
40	0.4250	0.0165	351	55.0%	45.0%	98
50	0.3000	0.0117	426	45.4%	54.6%	75
100	0.1500	0.0059	607	22.2%	77.8%	181
140	0.1060	0.0041	673	13.7%	86.3%	66
170	0.0900	0.0035	698	10.5%	89.5%	25
200	0.0750	0.0029	723	7.3%	92.7%	25
Pan			778	0.3%	99.7%	55

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 778 780 0.3%

Summary	
Gravel	1.3%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	92.7%
Sand	91.4%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	7.1%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	13.15

grams

grams

672 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #11
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	ΓK
reeted by:	

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	7	99.0%	1.0%	7
12	1.7000	0.0661	49	92.7%	7.3%	42
30	0.6000	0.0234	186	72.3%	27.7%	137
40	0.4250	0.0165	258	61.6%	38.4%	72
50	0.3000	0.0117	321	52.2%	47.8%	63
100	0.1500	0.0059	499	25.7%	74.3%	178
140	0.1060	0.0041	574	14.6%	85.4%	75
170	0.0900	0.0035	601	10.6%	89.4%	27
200	0.0750	0.0029	627	6.7%	93.3%	26
Pan			672	0.0%	100.0%	45

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 672 672 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	1.0%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	93.3%
Sand	92.3%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	6.7%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	13.93

grams

grams

631 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #10
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	03-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	5	99.2%	0.8%	5
12	1.7000	0.0661	27	95.7%	4.3%	22
30	0.6000	0.0234	118	81.3%	18.7%	91
40	0.4250	0.0165	194	69.3%	30.7%	76
50	0.3000	0.0117	271	57.1%	42.9%	77
100	0.1500	0.0059	470	25.5%	74.5%	199
140	0.1060	0.0041	548	13.2%	86.8%	78
170	0.0900	0.0035	571	9.5%	90.5%	23
200	0.0750	0.0029	590	6.5%	93.5%	19
Pan			632	-0.2%	100.2%	42

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 632 631 -0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.8%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	93.5%
Sand	92.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	6.7%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	14.05

grams

grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #10
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	03-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

665 grams Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 2.0% 4.7500 13 98.0% 12 1.7000 0.0661 77 88.4% 11.6% 30 0.6000 0.0234 265 60.2% 39.8% 40 0.4250 0.0165 366 45.0% 55.0% 0.3000 448 50 0.0117 32.6% 67.4% 100 0.1500 0.0059 595 10.5% 89.5%

140	0.1060	0.0041	626	5.9%	94.1%	31
170	0.0900	0.0035	637	4.2%	95.8%	11
200	0.0750		645	3.0%	97.0%	8
Pan			665	0.0%	100.0%	20

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

665 665 0.0%

665

13

64

188

101

82

Summary	
Gravel	2.0%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	97.0%
Sand	95.0%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	3.0%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	32.25

grams

grams

700 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #10
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	03-Jun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 4.7500 36 94.9% 5.1% 36 12 1.7000 0.0661 89 87.3% 12.7% 53 0.6000 0.0234 238 66.0% 34.0% 149 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 322 54.0% 46.0% 84 76 50 0.3000 0.0117 398 43.1% 56.9% 100 0.1500 0.0059 569 171 18.7% 81.3% 140 0.1060 0.0041 621 11.3% 88.7% 52 170 0.0900 0.0035 640 8.6% 91.4% 19 200 0.0750 0.0029 659 5.9% 94.1% 19 40 Pan 699 0.1% 99.9%

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 699 700 0.1%

Summary	
Gravel	5.1%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	94.1%
Sand	89.0%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	5.7%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	16.48

grams

grams

766 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #9A
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 4.7500 101 86.8% 13.2% 101 12 1.7000 0.0661 207 73.0% 27.0% 106 0.6000 0.0234 372 51.4% 48.6% 165 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 446 41.8% 58.2% 74 54 50 0.3000 0.0117 500 34.7% 65.3% 100 0.1500 0.0059 618 80.7% 118 19.3% 140 87.1% 49 0.1060 0.0041 667 12.9% 170 0.0900 0.0035 686 10.4% 89.6% 19 200 0.0750 0.0029 710 7.3% 92.7% 24 766 Pan 0.0% 100.0% 56

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 766 766 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	13.2%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	92.7%
Sand	79.5%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	7.3%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	12.68

grams

grams

521 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #9A
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	01lun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 1.0% 5 4.7500 5 99.0% 12 1.7000 0.0661 31 94.0% 6.0% 26 0.6000 0.0234 100 80.8% 19.2% 69 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 147 71.8% 28.2% 47 44 50 0.3000 0.0117 191 63.3% 36.7% 100 0.1500 0.0059 320 129 38.6% 61.4% 140 379 72.7% 0.1060 0.0041 27.3% 59 170 0.0900 0.0035 403 22.6% 77.4% 24 200 0.0750 0.0029 425 18.4% 81.6% 22

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

Pan

522
521
0.00/

522

-0.2%

522

97

100.2%

-0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	1%
Sand	81%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	82%
Silt + Clay (fines)	19%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	4.38

grams

grams

472 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #9A
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	01lun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	8	98.3%	1.7%	8
12	1.7000	0.0661	33	93.0%	7.0%	25
30	0.6000	0.0234	104	78.0%	22.0%	71
40	0.4250	0.0165	150	68.2%	31.8%	46
50	0.3000	0.0117	194	58.9%	41.1%	44
100	0.1500	0.0059	297	37.1%	62.9%	103
140	0.1060	0.0041	339	28.2%	71.8%	42
170	0.0900	0.0035	355	24.8%	75.2%	16
200	0.0750	0.0029	371	21.4%	78.6%	16
Pan			471	0.2%	99.8%	100

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 471 472 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	2%
Sand	77%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	79%
Silt + Clay (fines)	21%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.71

grams

grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #9
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

386 grams Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 4.7500 0.1870 2.1% 8 97.9% 12 1.7000 0.0661 17 95.6% 4.4% 30 0.6000 0.0234 60 84.5% 15.5% 40 0.4250 0.0165 87 77.5% 22.5% 50 0.3000 0.0117 106 72.5% 27.5%

50	0.3000	0.0117	106	72.5%	27.5%	19
100	0.1500	0.0059	177	54.1%	45.9%	71
140	0.1060	0.0041	232	39.9%	60.1%	55
170	0.0900	0.0035	255	33.9%	66.1%	23
200	0.0750	0.0029	270	30.1%	69.9%	15
Pan			385	0.3%	99.7%	115

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

385 386 0.3%

385

8

9

43

Summary	
Gravel	2%
Sand	68%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	70%
Silt + Clay (fines)	30%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	2.35

grams

grams

592 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #9
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 6.1% 4.7500 36 93.9% 36 12 1.7000 0.0661 94 84.1% 15.9% 58 0.6000 0.0234 237 60.0% 40.0% 143 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 311 47.5% 52.5% 74 54 50 0.3000 0.0117 365 38.3% 61.7% 100 0.1500 0.0059 483 118 18.4% 81.6% 140 524 88.5% 41 0.1060 0.0041 11.5% 170 0.0900 0.0035 537 9.3% 90.7% 13 200 0.0750 0.0029 549 7.3% 92.7% 12 593 44 Pan -0.2% 100.2%

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 593 592 -0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	6%
Sand	87%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	93%
Silt + Clay (fines)	7%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	12.48

grams

grams

428 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #8
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	11	97.4%	2.6%	11
12	1.7000	0.0661	18	95.8%	4.2%	7
30	0.6000	0.0234	79	81.5%	18.5%	61
40	0.4250	0.0165	117	72.7%	27.3%	38
50	0.3000	0.0117	148	65.4%	34.6%	31
100	0.1500	0.0059	240	43.9%	56.1%	92
140	0.1060	0.0041	285	33.4%	66.6%	45
170	0.0900	0.0035	306	28.5%	71.5%	21
200	0.0750	0.0029	326	23.8%	76.2%	20
Pan			429	-0.2%	100.2%	103

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

429
428
0.00/

428 -0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	3%
Sand	74%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	76%
Silt + Clay (fines)	24%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.17

grams

grams

492 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #8
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.6%	0.4%	2
12	1.7000	0.0661	4	99.2%	0.8%	2
30	0.6000	0.0234	37	92.5%	7.5%	33
40	0.4250	0.0165	66	86.6%	13.4%	29
50	0.3000	0.0117	97	80.3%	19.7%	31
100	0.1500	0.0059	188	61.8%	38.2%	91
140	0.1060	0.0041	240	51.2%	48.8%	52
170	0.0900	0.0035	276	43.9%	56.1%	36
200	0.0750	0.0029	312	36.6%	63.4%	36
Pan			491	0.2%	99.8%	179

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 491 492 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0%
Sand	63%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	63%
Silt + Clay (fines)	36%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	1.74

grams

grams

434 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #8
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	01lun-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	0	100.0%	0.0%	0
12	1.7000	0.0661	1	99.8%	0.2%	1
30	0.6000	0.0234	23	94.7%	5.3%	22
40	0.4250	0.0165	53	87.8%	12.2%	30
50	0.3000	0.0117	88	79.7%	20.3%	35
100	0.1500	0.0059	191	56.0%	44.0%	103
140	0.1060	0.0041	249	42.6%	57.4%	58
170	0.0900	0.0035	276	36.4%	63.6%	27
200	0.0750	0.0029	299	31.1%	68.9%	23
Pan			434	0.0%	100.0%	135

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 434 434 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	0%
Sand	69%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	69%
Silt + Clay (fines)	31%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	2.21

grams

grams

553 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #7
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 9 4.7500 9 98.4% 1.6% 12 1.7000 0.0661 25 95.5% 4.5% 16 25.1% 0.6000 0.0234 139 74.9% 114 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 208 62.4% 37.6% 69 49 50 0.3000 0.0117 257 53.5% 46.5% 100 0.1500 0.0059 363 34.4% 106 65.6% 140 403 72.9% 40 0.1060 0.0041 27.1% 170 0.0900 0.0035 423 23.5% 76.5% 20 200 0.0750 0.0029 444 19.7% 80.3% 21 552 0.2% 108 Pan 99.8%

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

552	
553	
0.2%	

0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	2%
Sand	79%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	80%
Silt + Clay (fines)	20%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	4.11

grams

grams

418 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #7
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	19	95.5%	4.5%	19
12	1.7000	0.0661	38	90.9%	9.1%	19
30	0.6000	0.0234	107	74.4%	25.6%	69
40	0.4250	0.0165	148	64.6%	35.4%	41
50	0.3000	0.0117	179	57.2%	42.8%	31
100	0.1500	0.0059	257	38.5%	61.5%	78
140	0.1060	0.0041	287	31.3%	68.7%	30
170	0.0900	0.0035	300	28.2%	71.8%	13
200	0.0750	0.0029	317	24.2%	75.8%	17
Pan			419	-0.2%	100.2%	102

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

419
418
0.00/

-0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	5%
Sand	71%
Sand + Gravel (coarse)	76%
Silt + Clay (fines)	24%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.11

grams

grams

426 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #7
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 0.9% 4 4.7500 4 99.1% 12 1.7000 0.0661 31 92.7% 7.3% 27 30 0.6000 0.0234 112 73.7% 26.3% 81 40 0.4250 0.0165 179 58.0% 42.0% 67 224 45 50 0.3000 0.0117 47.4% 52.6% 100 0.1500 0.0059 324 76.1% 100 23.9% 140 0.1060 0.0041 359 84.3% 15.7% 35 170 0.0900 0.0035 373 12.4% 87.6% 14 200 0.0750 0.0029 386 9.4% 90.6% 13 426 40 Pan 0.0% 100.0%

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 426 426 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	0.9%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	90.6%
Sand	89.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	9.4%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	9.65

grams

grams

863 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #6
Depth:	11.5 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 4.7500 238 72.4% 27.6% 238 12 1.7000 0.0661 346 59.9% 40.1% 108 0.6000 0.0234 564 34.6% 65.4% 218 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 654 24.2% 75.8% 90 54 50 0.3000 0.0117 708 18.0% 82.0% 100 0.1500 0.0059 783 9.3% 90.7% 75 140 0.1060 801 92.8% 0.0041 7.2% 18 170 0.0900 0.0035 810 6.1% 93.9% 9 200 0.0750 0.0029 819 5.1% 94.9% 9 Pan 863 0.0% 100.0% 44

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 863 863 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	27.6%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	94.9%
Sand	67.3%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	5.1%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	18.61

grams

grams

484 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #6
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	31-May-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	4	99.2%	0.8%	4
12	1.7000	0.0661	27	94.4%	5.6%	23
30	0.6000	0.0234	110	77.3%	22.7%	83
40	0.4250	0.0165	154	68.2%	31.8%	44
50	0.3000	0.0117	188	61.2%	38.8%	34
100	0.1500	0.0059	281	41.9%	58.1%	93
140	0.1060	0.0041	329	32.0%	68.0%	48
170	0.0900	0.0035	351	27.5%	72.5%	22
200	0.0750	0.0029	376	22.3%	77.7%	25
Pan			483	0.2%	99.8%	107

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 483 484 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.8%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	77.7%
Sand	76.9%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	22.1%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.51

grams

grams

487 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #6
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.6%	0.4%	2
12	1.7000	0.0661	28	94.3%	5.7%	26
30	0.6000	0.0234	124	74.5%	25.5%	96
40	0.4250	0.0165	190	61.0%	39.0%	66
50	0.3000	0.0117	242	50.3%	49.7%	52
100	0.1500	0.0059	345	29.2%	70.8%	103
140	0.1060	0.0041	377	22.6%	77.4%	32
170	0.0900	0.0035	389	20.1%	79.9%	12
200	0.0750	0.0029	401	17.7%	82.3%	12
Pan			485	0.4%	99.6%	84

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 485 487 0.4%

Summary	
Gravel	0.4%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	82.3%
Sand	81.9%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	17.2%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	4.77

grams

grams

516 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #6				
Depth:	3 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	31-May-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.6%	0.4%	2
12	1.7000	0.0661	26	95.0%	5.0%	24
30	0.6000	0.0234	135	73.8%	26.2%	109
40	0.4250	0.0165	209	59.5%	40.5%	74
50	0.3000	0.0117	268	48.1%	51.9%	59
100	0.1500	0.0059	381	26.2%	73.8%	113
140	0.1060	0.0041	419	18.8%	81.2%	38
170	0.0900	0.0035	432	16.3%	83.7%	13
200	0.0750	0.0029	444	14.0%	86.0%	12
Pan			517	-0.2%	100.2%	73

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 517 516 -0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.4%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	86.0%
Sand	85.7%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	14.1%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	6.08

grams

grams

590 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #5				
Depth:	9 ft				
Tested By:	LK				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.7%	0.3%	2
12	1.7000	0.0661	19	96.8%	3.2%	17
30	0.6000	0.0234	94	84.1%	15.9%	75
40	0.4250	0.0165	147	75.1%	24.9%	53
50	0.3000	0.0117	193	67.3%	32.7%	46
100	0.1500	0.0059	313	46.9%	53.1%	120
140	0.1060	0.0041	360	39.0%	61.0%	47
170	0.0900	0.0035	400	32.2%	67.8%	40
200	0.0750	0.0029	430	27.1%	72.9%	30
Pan			590	0.0%	100.0%	160

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 590 590 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	0.3%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	72.9%
Sand	72.5%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	27.1%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	2.69

grams

grams

485 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #5				
Depth:	6 ft				
Tested By:	LK				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	5	99.0%	1.0%	5
12	1.7000	0.0661	30	93.8%	6.2%	25
30	0.6000	0.0234	116	76.1%	23.9%	86
40	0.4250	0.0165	173	64.3%	35.7%	57
50	0.3000	0.0117	217	55.3%	44.7%	44
100	0.1500	0.0059	323	33.4%	66.6%	106
140	0.1060	0.0041	369	23.9%	76.1%	46
170	0.0900	0.0035	392	19.2%	80.8%	23
200	0.0750	0.0029	413	14.8%	85.2%	21
Pan			485	0.0%	100.0%	72

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 485 485 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	1.0%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	85.2%
Sand	84.1%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	14.8%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	5.74

grams

grams

462 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #5				
Depth:	3 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
Test Date:	31-May-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm) I	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	1	99.8%	0.2%	1
12	1.7000	0.0661	12	97.4%	2.6%	11
30	0.6000	0.0234	67	85.5%	14.5%	55
40	0.4250	0.0165	131	71.6%	28.4%	64
50	0.3000	0.0117	169	63.4%	36.6%	38
100	0.1500	0.0059	282	39.0%	61.0%	113
140	0.1060	0.0041	320	30.7%	69.3%	38
170	0.0900	0.0035	344	25.5%	74.5%	24
200	0.0750	0.0029	370	19.9%	80.1%	26
Pan			457	1.1%	98.9%	87

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 457 462 1.1%

Summary	
Gravel	13.20%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	92.70%
Sand	79.50%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	7.30%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	12.68

grams

grams

523 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley					
Job No.:	27-6830				
Sample ID:	Test Pit #4				
Depth:	9 ft				
Tested By:	LK				
	31-May-02				

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	15	97.1%	2.9%	15
12	1.7000	0.0661	50	90.4%	9.6%	35
30	0.6000	0.0234	139	73.4%	26.6%	89
40	0.4250	0.0165	190	63.7%	36.3%	51
50	0.3000	0.0117	234	55.3%	44.7%	44
100	0.1500	0.0059	345	34.0%	66.0%	111
140	0.1060	0.0041	406	22.4%	77.6%	61
170	0.0900	0.0035	433	17.2%	82.8%	27
200	0.0750	0.0029	455	13.0%	87.0%	22
Pan			522	0.2%	99.8%	67

522

523

0.2%

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

Summary	
Gravel	13.20%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	92.70%
Sand	79.50%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	7.30%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	12.68

grams

grams

469 grams

LWDS Antelope Valley
27-6830
Test Pit #4
6 ft
LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	3	99.4%	0.6%	3
12	1.7000	0.0661	11	97.7%	2.3%	8
30	0.6000	0.0234	69	85.3%	14.7%	58
40	0.4250	0.0165	111	76.3%	23.7%	42
50	0.3000	0.0117	146	68.9%	31.1%	35
100	0.1500	0.0059	251	46.5%	53.5%	105
140	0.1060	0.0041	308	34.3%	65.7%	57
170	0.0900	0.0035	335	28.6%	71.4%	27
200	0.0750	0.0029	361	23.0%	77.0%	26
Pan			468	0.2%	99.8%	107

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 468 469 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.6%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	77.0%
Sand	76.3%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	22.8%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.37

grams grams

408 grams

Project Name: LWDS Antelope Valley				
Job No.:	27-6830			
Sample ID:	Test Pit #4			
Depth:	3 ft			
Tested By:	LK			

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	1	99.8%	0.2%	1
12	1.7000	0.0661	10	97.5%	2.5%	9
30	0.6000	0.0234	59	85.5%	14.5%	49
40	0.4250	0.0165	105	74.3%	25.7%	46
50	0.3000	0.0117	146	64.2%	35.8%	41
100	0.1500	0.0059	242	40.7%	59.3%	96
140	0.1060	0.0041	288	29.4%	70.6%	46
170	0.0900	0.0035	312	23.5%	76.5%	24
200	0.0750	0.0029	333	18.4%	81.6%	21
Pan			407	0.2%	99.8%	74

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 407 408 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.2%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	81.6%
Sand	81.4%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	18.1%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	4.50

grams

grams

504 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #3
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	3	99.4%	0.6%	3
12	1.7000	0.0661	27	94.6%	5.4%	24
30	0.6000	0.0234	119	76.4%	23.6%	92
40	0.4250	0.0165	171	66.1%	33.9%	52
50	0.3000	0.0117	217	56.9%	43.1%	46
100	0.1500	0.0059	314	37.7%	62.3%	97
140	0.1060	0.0041	350	30.6%	69.4%	36
170	0.0900	0.0035	370	26.6%	73.4%	20
200	0.0750	0.0029	387	23.2%	76.8%	17
Pan			501	0.6%	99.4%	114

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 501 504 0.6%

Summary	
Gravel	0.6%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	76.8%
Sand	76.2%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	22.6%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.39

grams

grams

434 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #3
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	1	99.8%	0.2%	1
12	1.7000	0.0661	5	98.8%	1.2%	4
30	0.6000	0.0234	42	90.3%	9.7%	37
40	0.4250	0.0165	74	82.9%	17.1%	32
50	0.3000	0.0117	106	75.6%	24.4%	32
100	0.1500	0.0059	193	55.5%	44.5%	87
140	0.1060	0.0041	236	45.6%	54.4%	43
170	0.0900	0.0035	258	40.6%	59.4%	22
200	0.0750	0.0029	279	35.7%	64.3%	21
Pan			433	0.2%	99.8%	154

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 433 434 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.2%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	64.3%
Sand	64.1%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	35.5%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	1.81

grams

grams

554 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #3
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 0.7% 4 4.7500 4 99.3% 12 1.7000 0.0661 34 93.9% 6.1% 30 0.6000 0.0234 153 72.4% 27.6% 119 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 218 60.6% 39.4% 65 49 50 0.3000 0.0117 267 51.8% 48.2% 100 0.1500 0.0059 383 30.9% 69.1% 116 140 0.1060 0.0041 429 77.4% 46 22.6% 170 0.0900 0.0035 450 18.8% 81.2% 21 200 0.0750 0.0029 468 15.5% 84.5% 18 552 Pan 0.4% 99.6% 84

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 552 554 0.4%

Summary	
Gravel	0.7%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	84.5%
Sand	83.8%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	15.2%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	5.57

grams

grams

677 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #2
Depth:	9 ft
Tested By:	IK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

Cumul wt retained Cumul % Cumul % Wt. retained US Sieve No. Diam (mm) Diam (in) (grams) passing retained (grams) 4 0.1870 14.0% 4.7500 95 86.0% 95 12 1.7000 0.0661 160 76.4% 23.6% 65 0.6000 0.0234 263 61.2% 38.8% 103 30 40 0.4250 0.0165 330 51.3% 48.7% 67 394 64 50 0.3000 0.0117 41.8% 58.2% 100 0.1500 0.0059 555 82.0% 161 18.0% 88.3% 140 43 0.1060 0.0041 598 11.7% 170 0.0900 0.0035 619 8.6% 91.4% 21 200 0.0750 0.0029 632 6.6% 93.4% 13 677 45 Pan 0.0% 100.0%

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 677 677 0.0%

Summary	
Gravel	14.0%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	93.4%
Sand	79.3%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	6.6%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	14.04

grams

grams

423 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #2
Depth:	6 ft
Tested By:	IK
-	

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm) I	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	7	98.3%	1.7%	7
12	1.7000	0.0661	25	94.1%	5.9%	18
30	0.6000	0.0234	99	76.6%	23.4%	74
40	0.4250	0.0165	137	67.6%	32.4%	38
50	0.3000	0.0117	168	60.3%	39.7%	31
100	0.1500	0.0059	248	41.4%	58.6%	80
140	0.1060	0.0041	282	33.3%	66.7%	34
170	0.0900	0.0035	301	28.8%	71.2%	19
200	0.0750	0.0029	318	24.8%	75.2%	17
Pan			422	0.2%	99.8%	104

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 422 423 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	1.7%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	75.2%
Sand	73.5%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	24.6%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	3.06

grams

grams

605 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #2
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	4	99.3%	0.7%	4
12	1.7000	0.0661	15	97.5%	2.5%	11
30	0.6000	0.0234	137	77.4%	22.6%	122
40	0.4250	0.0165	206	66.0%	34.0%	69
50	0.3000	0.0117	256	57.7%	42.3%	50
100	0.1500	0.0059	379	37.4%	62.6%	123
140	0.1060	0.0041	436	27.9%	72.1%	57
170	0.0900	0.0035	460	24.0%	76.0%	24
200	0.0750	0.0029	485	19.8%	80.2%	25
Pan			603	0.3%	99.7%	118

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 603 605 0.3%

Summary	
Gravel	0.7%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	80.2%
Sand	79.5%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	19.5%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	4.11

grams

grams

460 grams

LWDS Antelope Valley
27-6830
Test Pit #1
9 ft
LK

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	0	100.0%	0.0%	0
12	1.7000	0.0661	8	98.3%	1.7%	8
30	0.6000	0.0234	17	96.3%	3.7%	9
40	0.4250	0.0165	29	93.7%	6.3%	12
50	0.3000	0.0117	54	88.3%	11.7%	25
100	0.1500	0.0059	119	74.1%	25.9%	65
140	0.1060	0.0041	150	67.4%	32.6%	31
170	0.0900	0.0035	171	62.8%	37.2%	21
200	0.0750	0.0029	208	54.8%	45.2%	37
Pan			455	1.1%	98.9%	247

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 455 460 1.1%

Summary	
Gravel	0.0%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	45.2%
Sand	45.2%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	53.7%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	0.84

grams

grams

622 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #1
Depth:	5 ft
Tested By:	LK
,	

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm) I	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.7%	0.3%	2
12	1.7000	0.0661	20	96.8%	3.2%	18
30	0.6000	0.0234	137	78.0%	22.0%	117
40	0.4250	0.0165	205	67.0%	33.0%	68
50	0.3000	0.0117	262	57.9%	42.1%	57
100	0.1500	0.0059	406	34.7%	65.3%	144
140	0.1060	0.0041	457	26.5%	73.5%	51
170	0.0900	0.0035	488	21.5%	78.5%	31
200	0.0750	0.0029	514	17.4%	82.6%	26
Pan			621	0.2%	99.8%	107

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 621 622 0.2%

Summary	
Gravel	0.3%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	82.6%
Sand	82.3%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	17.2%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	4.80

grams

grams

482 grams

Project Name:	LWDS Antelope Valley
Job No.:	27-6830
Sample ID:	Test Pit #1
Depth:	3 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	30-May-02

Wt. of dry sample + container Wt. of container

Wt. of dry sample

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.6%	0.4%	2
12	1.7000	0.0661	13	97.3%	2.7%	11
30	0.6000	0.0234	63	86.9%	13.1%	50
40	0.4250	0.0165	105	78.2%	21.8%	42
50	0.3000	0.0117	144	70.1%	29.9%	39
100	0.1500	0.0059	247	48.8%	51.2%	103
140	0.1060	0.0041	295	38.8%	61.2%	48
170	0.0900	0.0035	322	33.2%	66.8%	27
200	0.0750	0.0029	342	29.0%	71.0%	20
Pan			480	0.4%	99.6%	138

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error 480 482 0.4%

Summary	
Gravel	0.4%
Sand + Gravel (Coarse)	71.0%
Sand	70.5%
Silt + Clay (Fines)	28.6%
Coarse/Fine Ratio	2.48

# **Appendix D** Boring Investigation Results

		Expected K (ft/dy)	Expected K (ft/dy)	Expected K (ft/dy)	
Start	End	<b>T</b> U 0	<b>T</b> U 0	<b>T</b> 11 4	
( <b>ft,bgs)</b> 0	<b>(ft,bgs)</b> 10	TH-2	TH-3	TH-4	
10	20				
20	30				
30	40				
40	50		13		
50 60	60 70				
70	80	15			
80	90	10			
90	100	29			
100	110				
110	120			32	
120	130				
130 140	140 150	27	9		
150	160	21	0		
160	170		20		
170	180	39		31	
180	190				
190	200		00	26	
200 210	210 220		23	34	
210	220			54	
230	240				
240	250		8		
250	260				
260	270	31		26	
270	280				
280 290	290 300			32	
300	310				
310	320		26		
320	330				
330	340				Below water table
340	350				
350 360	360 370	17		13	
370	380	17	31	15	
380	390		• •		
390	400				
400	410	31			
410	420		•		
420 430	430 440		9		
430 440	440 450				
450	460				
460	470				
470	480	32		23	
480	490				
490	500				
500	510				
		TH-2	TH-3	TH-4	All
Min		15	8	13	8
Average		27	17	27	24
Geomean		26	15	26	22
Max Std. Dev.		39 8	31 9	34 7	39 9
Std. Dev. N		8	9 8	8	9 24
		-	-	-	

Grouped	Above WT	Below WT
Min	8	9
Average	25	22
Geomean	23	20
Max	39	32
Std. Dev.	9	9
Ν	17	7

#### Expected

											Theta_s							
				Sand	Silt	Clay	Log Ks	Log Ks_u	Theta_r (residual	Theta_r_u	(saturated water	Theta_s_u						Specific
Code	Boring	Description	Depth (ft, bgs)	(%)	(%)	(%)	(cm/dy)	(uncertainty)	water content)	(uncertainty)	content)	(uncertainty)	Alpha	Alpha_u	Npar	Npar_u	K (ft/dy)	Yield
7	TH-2	TH-2 75-80 FT	78	91.2	8.6	0.2	2.649519	0.118824204	0.04214858	0.004589015	0.387504875	0.009270145	-1.383857	0.059527	0.464897	0.02133	15	35%
6	TH-2	TH-2 95-100 FT	98	95.94	4.06		2.939255	0.089525254	0.047038759	0.004596492		0.008123809		0.045054	0.568769	0.019976	29	34%
5	TH-2	TH-2 140-145	143	95.71	4.28			0.090220818	0.046951702	0.004497754		0.007892012			0.562526		27	34%
4	TH-2	TH-2 175-180 FT	178	98.49	1.51		3.078463	0.088082367	0.049515701	0.004990997		0.008569761			0.617872		39	33%
3	TH-2	TH-2 260-265 ft	263	96.62	3.38		2.977554	0.085890412	0.047738296	0.004648631	0.381666325	0.008040147			0.582302		31	33%
2	TH-2	TH-2 365-370 FT	368	92.04	7.97		2.704312	0.119633212	0.042675825	0.004701102		0.009484575			0.485163		17	34%
1	TH-2	TH-2 400-405 FT	403	96.47	3.52		2.969458	0.086349457	0.04759618	0.004633613		0.008057261		0.044884		0.020547	31	33%
8	TH-2	TH-2 470-475 FT	473	96.72	3.27		2.983396	0.085311141	0.047849225	0.00465774		0.008040113					32	33%
15	TH-3	TH-3 45-50 FT	48	90.39	9.61		2.600731	0.131389753	0.040746808	0.004903753		0.010299727			0.448145		13	35%
14	TH-3	TH-3 140-145 FT	143	87.26	12.74		2.413512	0.151917606	0.037090345	0.005501922		0.012027735			0.378869		9	36%
13	TH-3	TH-3 165-170 FT	168	93.44	6.55		2.79172	0.108614956	0.044310602	0.004593443		0.008888954			0.516283		20	34%
12	TH-3	TH-3 205-210 FT	208	94.37	5.63		2.847675	0.1014234	0.045344909	0.004565695		0.008538824				0.019783	23	34%
11	TH-3	TH-3 237-245 FT	241	87.18	12.8	0.2	2.402254	0.149666799	0.037228262	0.005420461	0.392284436	0.011513082			0.374396		8	36%
10	TH-3	TH-3 315-320 FT	318	95.37	4.63	0	2.90651	0.093518999	0.046435403	0.004572255		0.008244749					26	34%
9	TH-3	TH-3 370-375 FT	373	96.7	3.3		2.982004	0.085576483	0.047818998	0.004656662		0.008035759			0.583872		31	33%
16	TH-3	TH-3 425-430 FT	428	87.38	12.62		2.420203	0.151252779	0.037227545	0.005475181	0.392157439	0.011957596	-1.34018	0.075067	0.381441		9	35%
22	TH-4	TH-4 110-115 FT	113	96.77	3.24		2.985607	0.085522218	0.047879229	0.004665143		0.008028787				0.020985	32	33%
21	TH-4	TH-4 175-180 FT	178	96.76	3.24	0.1	2.98209	0.084753071	0.048029771	0.004577835		0.007793672			0.583382		31	33%
20	TH-4	TH-4 190-195 FT	193	95.11	4.89		2.891381	0.095508882	0.046155567	0.004566381	0.38360162	0.008312186					26	34%
19	TH-4	TH-4 210-215 FT	213	97.32	2.68	0	3.016097	0.084207621	0.048431756	0.004735021	0.380700163	0.008054975			0.595876		34	33%
18	TH-4	TH-4 260-265 FT	263	95.34	4.66	0	2.90477	0.093744547	0.046403256	0.004571419		0.008252168	-1.42059	0.046209		0.019676	26	34%
17	TH-4	TH-4 285-290 FT	288	96.86	3.12	0.2	2.984908	0.08415284	0.048302677	0.004508877		0.007643213		0.045455		0.020509	32	33%
24	TH-4	TH-4 360-365 FT	363	90.58	9.43	0	2.61241	0.130224998	0.0409608	0.004878475		0.010198865			0.452339		13	35%
23	TH-4	TH-4 75-80 FT	478	94.57	5.41	0.2	2.85334	0.098689066	0.045863871	0.004399643	0.384159391	0.00795765	-1.415072	0.047722	0.537287	0.019469	23	34%



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## EXPLORATORY TEST HOLE DATA VAN DAM FARM TEST HOLES 2, 3, AND 4 ANTELOPE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

#### PREPARED FOR:

### WESTERN DEVELOPMENT AND STORAGE 5700 WILSHIRE BLVD., STE. 330 LOS ANGELES, CA 90036

### LGS PROJ. NO. 27-7897 24 OCTOBER 2003

Prepared by:

Reviewed by:

Lou Kohn Geologic Technician **Tony Morgan, CA RG#4178, CA CHG#159** Senior Hydrogeologist Manager, West Coast Operations





### EXPLORATORY TEST HOLE DATA VAN DAM FARM TEST HOLES 2, 3, AND 4 ANTELOPE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

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### EXPLORATORY TEST HOLE DATA VAN DAM FARM TEST HOLES 2, 3, AND 4 ANTELOPE VALLEY, CALIFORNIA

*Layne GeoSciences (LGS)*, a division of Layne Christensen Company, is pleased to provide *Western Development and Storage (WDS)* with soil boring logs, water quality analysis results, borehole geophysical logs, as well as sieve analyses for the recently completed exploratory test holes drilled at Van Dam Farm, Antelope Valley, California. The purpose of the test holes was to gather information about the geologic and hydrogeologic conditions underlying the proposed project area.

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### 1. INTRODUCTION

Three exploratory test holes (Figure 1), labeled Test Holes 2-4, were drilled in the proposed project area using an IR 60 dual wall reverse air rig using a 5.25 inch diameter bit. Test hole 1, located further to the east, was not drilled due to land access restrictions. Test hole permits (Appendix) were obtained from Kern County prior to the initiation of drilling activity. Formation samples were collected at five-foot (ft) intervals and described by the field geologist. Groundwater samples were collected from the regional aquifer for water quality analysis by a laboratory certified by the State of California. The water samples were analyzed for general mineral and physical characteristics.

Upon completion of lithologic and water quality sampling activities at each test hole, the borehole was filled with a bentonite mixture to stabilize the formations in preparation for performing borehole geophysical logging. The suite of geophysical logs recorded for each test hole included: Short and Long Normal Resistivities, Guard Resistivity, Single Point Resistance, Spontaneous Potential, and Natural Gamma.

Soil cuttings and water produced during the drilling process were spread on the ground near each test hole location.

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### 2. SUMMARY

The following sections include summaries of the subsurface conditions encountered at each of the test hole locations. Lithologic details, borehole geophysical logs, water quality analytical data, and mechanical sieve analyses results are contained in the appendix of this report.

### 2.1 **TEST HOLE 2**

This test hole was drilled on 28-30 July 2003 to a total depth of 478 feet near the intersection of 160<sup>th</sup> Street and Holiday Avenue.

### 2.1.1. LITHOLOGY

The general stratigraphy consisted of possible fill deposits (0-5 feet) with alluvium to the total depth of the hole. The alluvium is predominately a fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded gravels to depths of about 250 feet below ground surface (bgs). Underlying this is a finer silty, sand formation with interbedded thin clay lenses to the total depth of the borehole.

Borehole geophysical data were collected to a depth of 370 ft BGS with data from the deeper formations unobtainable due to borehole collapse.

Sieve analyses indicate that upper, coarser-grained formations can be texturally classified as gravelly sands with the deeper formations (i.e., greater than about 250 ft BGS) are generally classified as silty sands.

#### 2.1.2. **GROUNDWATER**

Groundwater was encountered at an approximate depth of 358 ft. below ground surface (BGS) with minimal production after circulation of each drill rod. Static groundwater level in the test hole could not be determined with any accuracy due to plugging of the drill bit by the fine-grained formation material.

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#### 2.1.3. WATER QUALITY

Previous groundwater sampling from the Field Well<sup>1</sup> south of the borehole indicates good water quality as well as good production from saturated portions of the alluvium. Copies of the laboratory data sheets are included as an appendix to this report.

### 2.2 **TEST HOLE 3**

This test hole was drilled on 24-25 August 2003 to a total depth of 438 feet near the intersection of 170<sup>th</sup> Street between Willow Avenue and Holiday Avenue.

### 2.2.1. LITHOLOGY

The general stratigraphy (Reference: Soil Boring Log and E-log) consists of possible fill deposits (0-5 feet) with alluvium to the total depth of the hole. The alluvium is predominantly a fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded gravels to depths of about 220 feet below ground surface (bgs). Underlying this is a silty fine to medium-grained sand formation with interbedded thin clay lenses to the total depth of the borehole.

Borehole geophysical data were collected to a depth of 388 ft BGS with data from the deeper formation unobtainable due to borehole collapse.

Sieve analyses indicate that upper, coarser-grained formations can be texturally classified as gravelly sands with the deeper formations (i.e., greater than about 250 ft BGS) are generally classified as silty sands.

#### 2.2.2. GROUNDWATER

Groundwater was encountered at an approximate depth of 338 ft. BGS with minimal production after circulation after each drill rod. Static groundwater level in the test hole was sounded through the inner barrel of the drill tube and measured at 352 feet bgs. Previous measurements throughout drilling did not indicate water until a suspected confining system was penetrated.

### 2.2.3. WATER QUALITY

Groundwater sampling from the test hole indicates good water quality as well as good production from saturated alluvium. Copies of the laboratory data sheets are included as an appendix to this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>1</sup> Layne GeoSciences, June 2003, unpublished water quality analyses.

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### 2.3 **TEST HOLE 4**

This test hole was drilled on 31 July - 1 August 2003 to a total depth of 398 feet near the intersection of 155<sup>th</sup> Street and Willow Avenue.

### 2.3.1. LITHOLOGY

The general stratigraphy (Reference: Soil Boring Log, Sieve Analysis, and E-log) consists of possible fill deposits (0-10 feet) with alluvium to the total depth of the hole. The alluvium is predominately a fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded gravels to depths of about 220 feet below ground surface (bgs). Underlying this is a finer silty, sand formation with interbedded thin clay lenses to the total depth of the borehole.

Borehole geophysical data were collected to a depth of 372 ft BGS with data from the deeper formation unobtainable due to borehole collapse.

Sieve analyses indicate that upper, coarser-grained formations can be texturally classified as gravelly sands with the deeper formations (i.e., greater than about 250 ft BGS) are generally classified as silty sands.

#### 2.3.2. GROUNDWATER

Groundwater was encountered at an approximate depth of 300 ft. below ground surface (BGS) with minimal production after circulation of each drill rod. Static groundwater level in the test hole was sounded through the inner barrel of the drill tube at 331 feet bgs. The Station Well (about 300 feet north of test hole) has reportedly produced irrigation water at a significant, consistent rate in the recent past.

### 2.3.3. WATER QUALITY

Groundwater sampled from the test hole was delivered to an analytical laboratory; the analytical results are pending. Previous sampling<sup>2</sup> from the Station Well (about 300 feet north of test hole) showed good water quality. Copies of the laboratory data sheets are included in the appendix to this report.

<sup>&</sup>lt;sup>2</sup> Layne GeoSciences, June 2003, unpublished water quality analyses.

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### 3. **DISCUSSION**

The purpose of the test holes was to gather information about the geologic and hydrogeologic conditions underlying the proposed project area. The following sections provide discussions of these conditions based on the data from the exploratory boreholes.

### 3.1 GEOLOGY

The geologic materials encountered in the exploratory test holes were consistent with the regional alluvial depositional environment. In general, the geologic sequences consist of interbedded sands, gravels, silts, and to a lesser degree, clays. The upper 200-225 ft of each test hole was coarser-grained than the lower portions, although the overall textural classification of the samples from each test hole can be classified as predominately sand (Figure 2). The clay content of the sediments is not perceived to be great enough to pose significant impedence to the percolation of water. This conclusion should be verified with long-term infiltration tests conducted at an instrumented (e.g., sonic/neutron access holes, pressure transducers/data loggers on nearby wells) test location to document the downward movement of water.

### 3.2 **GROUNDWATER**

The regional groundwater aquifer was encountered at depths of 376 - 390 ft BGS and is considered to be confined, or at least semi-confined, with the piezometric surface being up to about 24 ft higher than the top of the aquifer when confined.

### 3.3 WATER QUALITY

The overall quality of the groundwater encountered in the test holes is excellent. A summary of the common analytes from agricultural areas is presented below. Complete laboratory data sheets are contained in the appendix.

Analyte	Van Dam #3-438 ft	Van Dam #4-358 ft
Arsenic (dissolved), ug/L	ND	1.4
Boron (dissolved), ug/L	ND	ND
Iron (dissolved), ug/L	ND	ND
Manganese (dissolved), ug/L	ND	25



Analyte	Van Dam #3-438 ft	Van Dam #4-358 ft
Nitrate –NO3, mg/L	9.0	11
Hardness (as CaCO3), mg/L	130	180
Total Dissolved Solids, mg/L	200	240
рН	8.05	7.84
Langlier Index	0.37	0.16



### 4. **RECOMMENDATIONS**

The geologic and hydrogeologic data gained from the test holes did not identify subsurface conditions detrimental to the development of a groundwater water storage facility. Based on these preliminary investigations, *LGS* would suggest that the following activities be performed to further confirm the suitability of the site for its intended use:

- Perform a long-term infiltration test. The test could be designed to use one of the existing "tailwater collection" ponds or irrigation water ponds on the property. Water for the test could be supplied from an existing irrigation well. Nearby wells should be monitored for changes in groundwater levels during pumping and infiltration events. The movement of the wetting front downward from the base of the infiltration pond could be monitored via the installation of sonic or neutron access tubes adjacent to the pond. These tubes would allow a borehole sonic tool or neutron tool to make successive surveys of the formations beneath the pond. Changes in the sonic or neutron response would be the result of changes in the moisture content of the surrounding sediments.
- Determine the aquifer characteristics beneath the project site. Existing irrigation wells should be characterized with respect to well construction (e.g., total depth, perforated interval), well hydraulics (e.g., specific capacity v. pumping rate curves, well efficiencies), aquifer hydraulic properties (e.g., transmissivity, storativity). If well construction diagrams are not available, then the total depths and perforated intervals could be determined from video surveys. Small diameter sounding tubes could be installed to permit the installation of pressure transducers with data loggers to record water level fluctuations during pumping and recovery periods. These data are used to determine the specific capacity of a well. Aquifer transmissivity and storativity values could be calculated from the drawdown and recovery data, as well. The installation of the sounding tube also permits spinner flowmeter surveys to be performed. Flowmeter surveys are useful in determining the response of an aquifer to varying levels of stress (i.e., pumping rates). These data assist in selecting the depth at which a pump should be set to maximize flow.



### 5. LIMITATIONS OF INVESTIGATION

This investigation was performed using the degree of care and skill ordinarily exercised, under similar circumstances, by experienced professionals practicing in this or similar locations. No warranty, expressed or implied, is made as to the conclusions and professional advice included in the referenced reports.

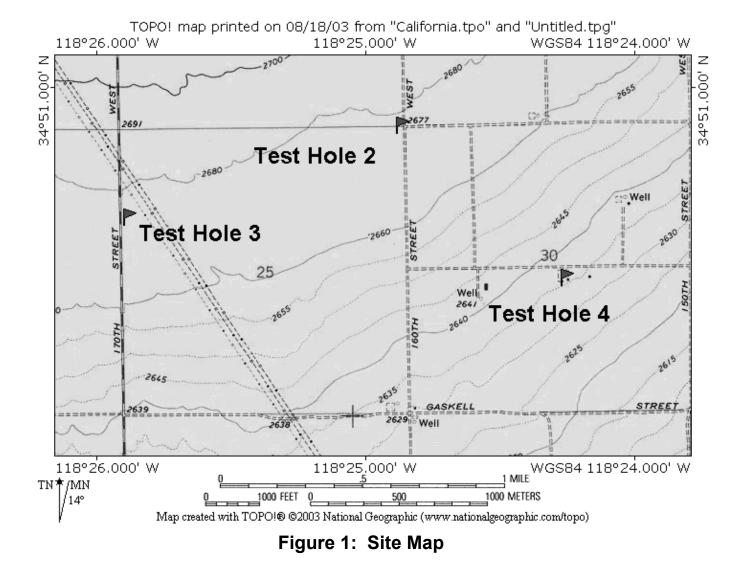
The samples taken and used for testing and the observations made are believed representative of the entire project area; however, environmental, soil, geologic, and hydrogeologic conditions can vary significantly between borings, test points, and surface outcrops. The interpretations and conclusions contained in the referenced reports are based on the results of laboratory tests and analyses intended to detect the presence and concentration of certain chemical constituents in samples collected from the subject property. Such testing and analysis have been conducted by an independent laboratory which is certified by the State of California to conduct such test analysis and which uses methodologies mandated by the Environmental Protection Agency in the performance of such testing and analysis. LGS has no involvement in, or control over, such testing and analysis and has no nonlaboratory means of confirming the accuracy of such laboratory results.

The interpretations and conclusions contained in the referenced reports are based on our review of the referenced materials and our field investigations described therein. As in most projects, conditions revealed by additional subsurface investigations may be at variance with preliminary findings. If this occurs, experienced hydrogeological professionals must evaluate the changed conditions and designs adjusted as required or alternate design and plans recommended.

The findings of this report are valid as of the present date. However, changes in the conditions of a property can and do occur with the passage of time, whether they be due to natural processes or the work of people on this or adjacent properties. In addition, changes in applicable or appropriate standards may occur, whether they result from legislation or the broadening of knowledge. Accordingly, the findings of the referenced reports may be invalidated wholly or partially by changes outside of our control. Therefore, the referenced reports are subject to review and revision as changed conditions are identified.

12-Nov-03





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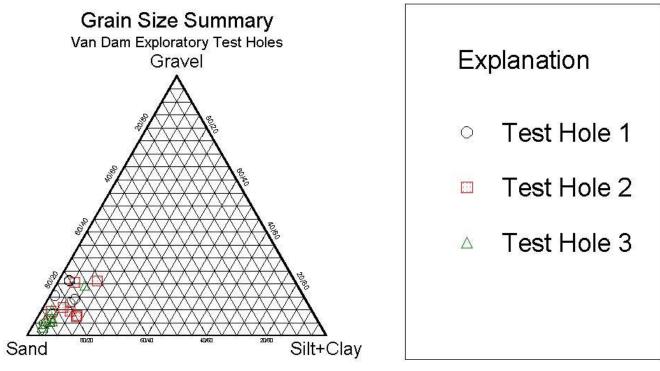


Figure 2: Mechanical Sieve Analyses

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WELL PERMITS

12-Nov-03



SOIL BORING LOGS

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm

BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 1 of 9

<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with trace clay content.	
10-			No cuttings, blowing around annulus.	
10		2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	Medium to coarse-grained sand with 10% fine gravel content.	
20-			No cuttings. Blowing up around annulus.	
25		00000 0000 00000 00000 00000 00000 00000	Medium to coarse-grained sand with 10% gravel content.	
30-			Medium to coarse-grained sand with5% gravel content and trace clay content.	
		2000 0000 00000	Medium to coarse-grained sand with 15% gravel content.	-
35- - - - - 40-			Fine to medium-grained sand with trace gravel and trace clay content.	
45-			Medium to coarse-grained sand with moderate gravel and clay content.	
		2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	Fine to coarse-grained sand with 15% gravel content.	

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm

BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 2 of 9

(FT)				
DEPTH (FT)	TIME	uscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
-			Silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
55-			Fire to ecore arrived cond	
-			Fine to coarse-grained sand.	
60-			Silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
-				
65			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with interbedded fine gravel lenses.	
70-				
-		<u>-</u> Oc 		
75-			Silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
80			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with trace coarse sand and gravel content.	
85-			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with trace gravel	
-			content.	
90-				
95-				
		20202 0000 00000	Medium-grained sand with 20% gravel content.	
100-		SOSSC NHHIHH		

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 3 of 9

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	uscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 105-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
100 -			Medium to coarse-grained sand.	
110			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
130-			Silty fine-grained sand with trace clay and trace gravel content	
130			Silty fine-grained sand.	
140 - - - - 145 -			Silty fine-grained sand with trace clay and trace gravel content.	
145- - - - 150-			Silty fine-grained sand with interbedded clay.	

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 4 of 9

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 155- - - -				
160			Clayey silty fine-grained sand.	
165- - - - 170-			Silty fine-grained sand.	
170			Medium to coarse-grained sand with trace clay content.	
180-			Fine to medium-grained sand with trace silty gravel.	
- - - 185-			Fine-grained sand with trace silty gravel.	
190-			Silty fine-grained sand with trace clay content.	
200-				

### **PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley**

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm

BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 5 of 9

[]				1
DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
205-			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace fine gravel content.	
210-				
210			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with 20% gravel content.	
220			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand.	
225			Clayey silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded gravel lenses.	
235-				
- - - 240- -			Sandy silty clay.	
245-			Silty fine-grained sand.	-
- 250-				

### **PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley**

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm

BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 6 of 9

	1	1 1		
<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
265-			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content and interbedded clay laminae.	
205			Silty fine to medium-grained sand interbedded clay lenses.	
270	-		Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
-			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand. Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel	- 07/25/2003
280			content.	Sounded borehole through inner tube with bit at 258' bgs no water encountered.
205			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand.	
290			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay lenses.	
-	-		Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	No water after circulation.
300-				

### **PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley**

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm

BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 7 of 9

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	USCS	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - - 305-			Silty medium-coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content and interbedded clay lenses.	
310-			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interdedded clay lenses.	
315				No water after circulation.
320-				
325		2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	Medium to coarse-grained sand with 10% gravel content.	
330-		2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	Medium to coarse-grained sand with trace silt and trace gravel.	
335		00000 0000 0000 00000 00000 00000		Slight water after circulation
340-		0000 2002 000 2002	Medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel with interbedded clay lenses.	<1/2gpm.
345				
350-		000		

PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 8 of 9

<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
355-		65 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0	Medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	Slight water after circulation
360-		00000	Medium to coarse-grained sand with 10% gravel content.	<1/2gpm.
370-			Medium to coarse-grained sand with intebedded clay	
375-			lenses.	Little to no water after
380-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	circulation.
390-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel and 40% clay content.	_
- - - 395-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content. Medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel and	-
400-		<u>2008</u>	trace silt content.	No water after circulation.

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 170th St. Van Dam Farm

BORING NUMBER : TH-3 SHEET 9 of 9

<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
405- - - 410- - -			Coarse-grained sand and gravel. Fine to coarse-grained sand and gravel with trace silt content.	
415			Clay.	Slight water after circulation < 1/4gpm
425-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay.	
430- - - 435- -			Silty sandy clay.	SWL at 352' after ~1 hr. measured thru inner drill tube with bit at 438' bgs.
440-				Water Sample taken Temp.: 28.5 Celcius, pH: 8.7, Cond.: 310 ms
445-				TD at 438ft. bgs with increase in water content at last 1-2ft. E-log and abandon as per insructions.

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 1 of 10

				1
<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
			Fine-grained sand with trace silt content.	07/28/2003
			Fine to medium-grained sand.Collected through annulus blow out.	
			Fine to coarse-grained sand. Collected through annulus blow out.	
15			Fine to medium-grained sand.Collected through annulus blow out.	
20			Fine to medium-grained sand with trace gravel content. Collected through annulus blow out.	
25- 			Silty fine to medium-grained sand. Collected through annulus blow out.	
		200 000 200 200 200 200	Gravelly silty fine to medium-grained sand.Interbedded clay lenses.	
40			Silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
40-		2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	Sandy gravel.Predominantly gravel.	

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 2 of 10

[]				
DEPTH (FT)	TIME	NSCS	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
-			Fine to coarse-grained sand.	
-				
55-				
-				
60-				
-				
65-		ಸಂಸ್ಥೆನ	Fine to coarse-grained sand with 15% gravel content.	
-		کور ۵۵ و		
		2000 2000 2000		
70-		300 034	Fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay	
			lenses.	
-				
75-				
-			Silty fine-grained sand with trace coarse material.	
80-				
			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel	
		HHHHH	content.	
-				
85-		RRHAR		
-				
90-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
			Sity line to coarse-grained sand.	
-				
95-				
-				
-				
100-		2000		

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 3 of 10

<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	USCS	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
105- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			Medium to coarse-grained sand with 10-15% gravel content.	
115			Coarse-grained sand and gravel30-40% with trace silt content.	
120		0.000 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.00 0.	Coarse-grained sand and gravel with trace clay at 124ft. Fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
130-				
135				
140- - - - 145-				
150			Silty clayey fine to coarse-grained sand.	

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897

DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 4 of 10

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 155-			Fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
160-			Silty clayey fine to medium-grained sand.	
165-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
170			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
173			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
185-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace clay content.	
185			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel.	
190			Silty coarse grained-sand and gravel.	
200-		2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 2002 200	Silty coarse-grained sand and gravel.	

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897

DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 5 of 10

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 205-		20000 20000 20000 20000 20000 20000	Fine to coarse-grained sand and trace gravel.	
200			Silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
			DRILL MUD, No Cuttings.Stop adding mud around annulus.	
215			Silty sandy clay.	
220- 				
235-		20292 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020	Fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
233		2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	Medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
240		2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 200	Coarse-grained sand and gravel.	
250-		Nocoo Ooso Ooso NHHHHH	Medium to coarse-grained sand and gravel.	

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 6 of 10

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	USCS	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 255-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded gravel lenses.	
-			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with trace clay content.	
260			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with interbedded gravels.	
265			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand.	
270				
275 - - -			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay.	07/29/2003
280- - - -			Fine to coarse-grained sand coarsing down.	Sounded well at 0718, no water.
285			Alternating fine to coarse sand with interbedded gravel.	
290- - - -			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
295- - - -			Fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay.	
300-		HHHHH		

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 7 of 10

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
	-		Silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
305			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with 10-15% gravel content.	
310-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
315	- - - -		Silty fine to medium-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
320-	-	2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 202	Medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
325-	-		Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel and trace clay content.	
330-	-		Silty gravelly medium to coarse-grained sand.	
335	-		Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
340-			Silty fine-grained sandy clay.	
345			Fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded silty clay.	
350-		2		

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 8 of 10

		1 1		
DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			Medium to coarse-grained sand with 15% gravel content.	Producing minimal water after circulation.<1/2 gpm
360-			Clay with interbedded fine to medium-grained sand.	
365- - - - - 370-			Medium-grained sand with interbedded clay.	
370			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
380-			Fine to medium-grained sand with interbedded clay lenses.	Dry after circulation.
385- - - - - 390-		2000 000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	Fine to coarse-grained sand with 10% gravel content.	
395-			Fine to medium-grained sand with interbedded silty gravel lenses.	
400-		202		

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 9 of 10

ОЕРТН (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
	Ŧ	SN SC C SC C SC C SC C SC C SC C SC C SC	Fine to coarse-grained sand and trace gravel with interbedded silty clay.	
405		<u>.00;</u>     	Fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded silty clay.	
410		2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000	Fine to coarse-grained sand with 15% gravel content and interbedded silty clay.	
415				
420			Silty gravelly fine to coarse-grained sand.	
425			Silty fine-grained sand.	
430			Silty fine-grained sand with interbedded gravel lenses.	
435			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	Making slight water after circulation. 07/30/2003
440			Medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel and trace clay content.	Tagged SWL at 390ft.bgs 7/31/03 at 0712 through inner drill tube. Driller believes bit is plugged with fines making uncertain the actual static
445			Fine to coarse-grained sand with trace clay and trace gravel.	water level.
450-		•		

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co. LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 160th St. and Holiday Ave.

BORING NUMBER : TH-2 SHEET 10 of 10

<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 455-		0 0 0 0	Fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
400		20290 0020 2020 2020 2020 2020 2020 202	Gravelly fine to coarse-grained sand.	
			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
465			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded gravel lenses.	
470				
475				TD at 478' bgs. E-log and abandon hole as per
480				instructions.
485				
490				
495				
500-				

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co.

LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 155th St. and Willow Ave. Behind abandoned gas station.

BORING NUMBER : TH-4 SHEET 1 of 8

<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
			Silty fine-grained sand hard packed with secondary leaching present.	07/31/2003
10-			Silty fine-grained sand with interbedded fine gravel.	
10			Silty fine grained sand.	
25			Fine-grained sand with 20% gravel content.	
35- 			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with 10% gravel content.	
43-			Silty fine-grained sand with trace clay and trace gravel content.	

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co.

LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 155th St. and Willow Ave. Behind abandoned gas station.

BORING NUMBER : TH-4 SHEET 2 of 8

<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
			Silty very fine-grained sand with trace clay content.	
60			Clayey silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
65- - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
75			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace clay content.	
80			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
90-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace clay content.	
100-			Fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay lenses.	

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co.

LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 155th St. and Willow Ave. Behind abandoned gas station.

BORING NUMBER : TH-4 SHEET 3 of 8

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 105-			Silty fine-grained sand.	
			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
110-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
115-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel and trace clay content.	
120-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
125-		20202 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 2000 20	Fine to coarse-grained sand with 15% gravel content.	
130-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
135-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded gravel lenses.	
140			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
- - 150-				

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co.

LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 155th St. and Willow Ave. Behind abandoned gas station.

BORING NUMBER : TH-4 SHEET 4 of 8

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 155-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay lenses.	
- - - - 160-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
- - - 165-				
- - - 170-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay.	
- - - 175-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with trace clay content.	
			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
190			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay	
195			lenses.	
200-				

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co.

LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 155th St. and Willow Ave. Behind abandoned gas station.

BORING NUMBER : TH-4 SHEET 5 of 8

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 205-			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
203-			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with trace clay content.	
215			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
220-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with clay laminae at	
- - 225-			223ft. Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace clay content.	
230-			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace clay content.	
235-			content.	
240-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay lenses.	
245			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
250-				

### Layne GeoSciences Boring Log

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co.

LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 155th St. and Willow Ave. Behind abandoned gas station.

BORING NUMBER : TH-4 SHEET 6 of 8

DATE: 7/31/2003 thru 8/1/2003 LAT: N 34\* 50. 404' LONG: W 118\* 24. 273' GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION (ft msl) : NA

<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
255			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clayey gravel lenses.	
265			Clay with interbedded silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
270-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
			Silty medium to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel	
			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content. Silty clay with fine-grained sand content.	
		1 0 1 0 1 1 0 1 0 1 0 1 0	Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel	
290-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
- - - 295-			Fine to medium-grained sand fining down.	
300-			Fine to medium-grained sand infing down.	

### Layne GeoSciences Boring Log

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co.

LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 155th St. and Willow Ave. Behind abandoned gas station.

BORING NUMBER : TH-4 SHEET 7 of 8

DATE: 7/31/2003 thru 8/1/2003 LAT: N 34\* 50. 404' LONG: W 118\* 24. 273' GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION (ft msl) : NA

DEPTH (FT)	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
- - - 305-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand.	
-			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay.	
310				
315			Clay with interbedded sands.	
320				
325			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace clay content.	
330			Silty fine to medium-grained sand with interbedded clay.	SWL tagged at 331ft. bgs through inner tube 720am on 8/1/2003.
335				
340			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay.	
345				
350-				

### Layne GeoSciences Boring Log

**PROJECT : LWDS Antelope Valley** 

PROJECT NUMBER: 27-7897 DRILLING METHOD : Reverse Dual Wall Air DRILLING CONTRACTOR : Layne Christensen Co.

LOGGER : LK

LOCATION : 155th St. and Willow Ave. Behind abandoned gas station.

BORING NUMBER : TH-4 SHEET 8 of 8

DATE: 7/31/2003 thru 8/1/2003 LAT: N 34\* 50. 404' LONG: W 118\* 24. 273' GROUND SURFACE ELEVATION (ft msl) : NA

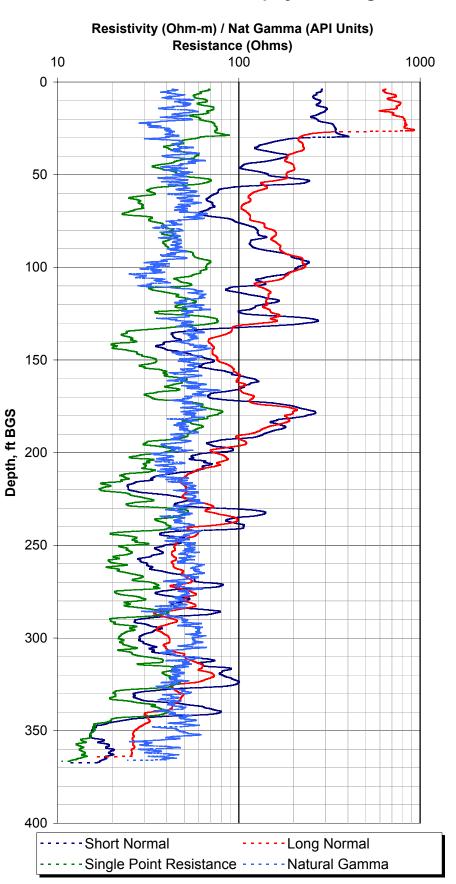
<b>DEPTH (FT)</b>	TIME	nscs	SAMPLE DESCRIPTION	COMMENTS
			Silty fine to coarse-grained sand with trace gravel content.	
355			Silty sandy clay.	Water Sample taken at 358ft. bgs Temp.: 22.7 Celcius, pH
360-			Clay with interbedded fine to medium-grained sand.	8.1, Cond.: 270 ms.
365			Fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay lenses.	
370-			Silty clayey fine grained-sand.	
375			Clay with interbedded sands.	08/01/2003
380-		20222 00000 20022 20022 00000	Gravelly fine to coarse-grained sand.	
385			Fine to coarse-grained sand with interbedded clay lenses.	
390			Clay with interbedded silty fine to medium-grained sand.	
400-				TD at 398ft. bgs. E-log and abandon as per instructions.

Van Dam Property, Antelope Valley, CA Test Hole Results Proj. No. 27-7897

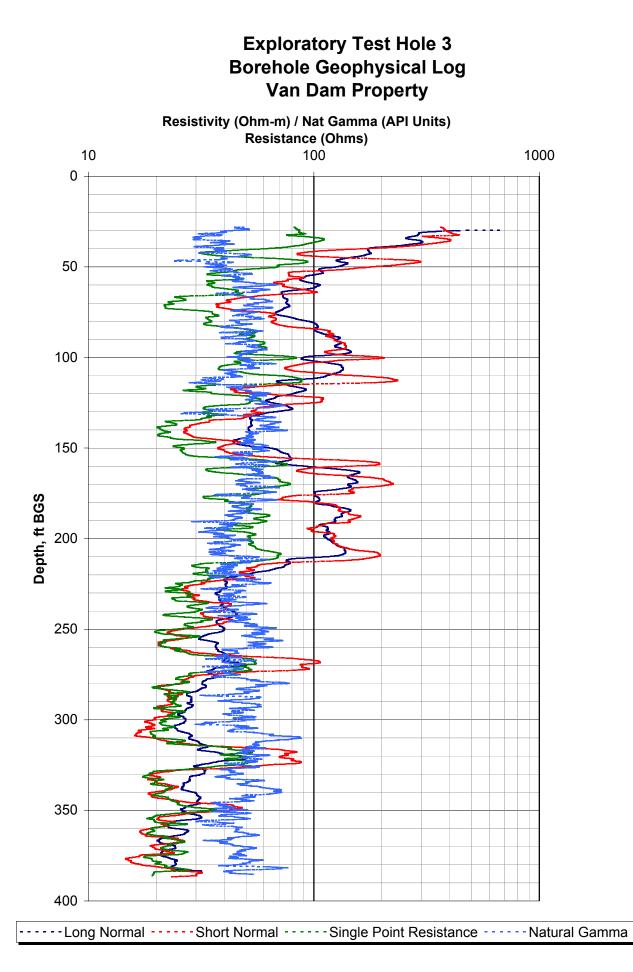
12-Nov-03

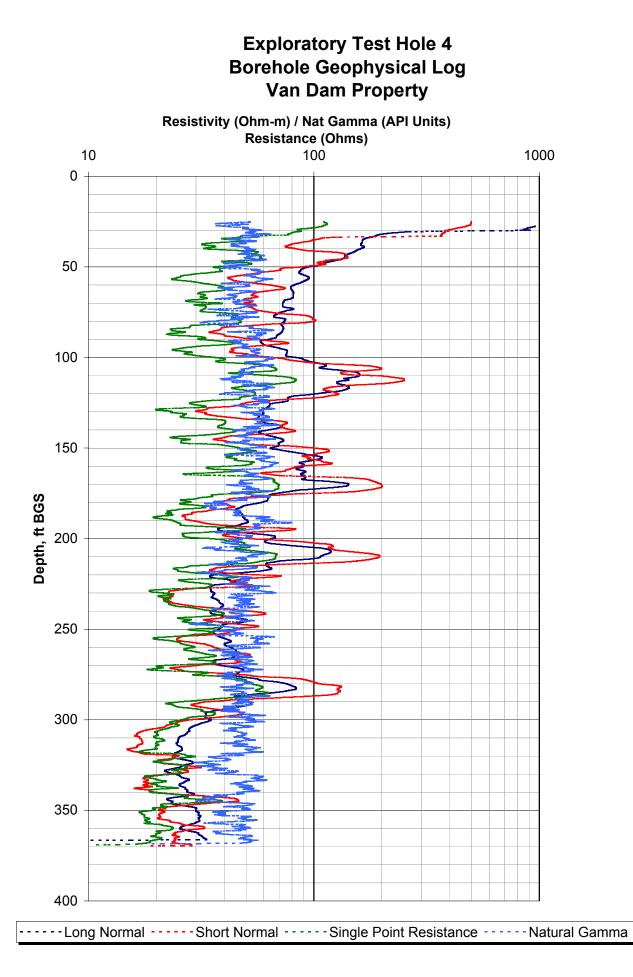


BOREHOLE GEOPHYSICAL LOGS



#### Exploratory Test Hole 2 Borehole Geophysical Logs





Van Dam Property, Antelope Valley, CA Test Hole Results Proj. No. 27-7897

12-Nov-03



SIEVE ANALYSES

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-2
Depth:	400-405 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	11-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	738 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	738 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	81	89.0%	11.0%	81
8	2.3600	0.0937	155	79.0%	21.0%	74
16	1.1800	0.0469	287	61.1%	38.9%	132
30	0.6000	0.0234	453	38.6%	61.4%	166
50	0.3000	0.0117	598	19.0%	81.0%	145
100	0.1500	0.0059	667	9.6%	90.4%	69
140	0.1060	0.0041	701	5.0%	95.0%	34
170	0.0900	0.0035	705	4.5%	95.5%	4
200	0.0750	0.0029	712	3.5%	96.5%	7
Pan			738	0.0%	100.0%	26
Total Wt of Sa	mple, grams		738			738

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

738

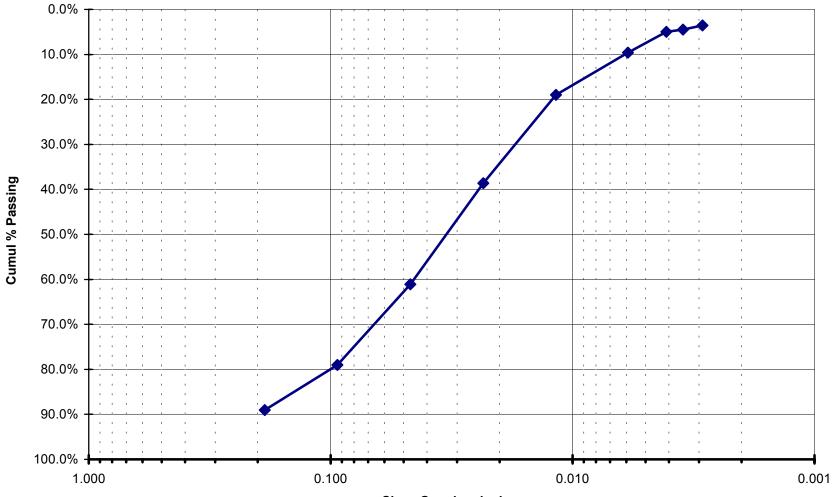
0.0%

27.4

 Gravel %
 21.00%

 Sand %
 75.47%

 Silts+Clays
 3.52%



Sieve Opening, inches

# TH2 400-405.xls

640

Project Name: LWDS VAN DAM				
Job No.:	27-7897			
Sample ID:	TH-2			
Depth:	365-370 ft			
Tested By:	LK			
Test Date:	11-Aug-03			

Wt. of dry sample + container	640 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	640 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	30	95.3%	4.7%	30
8	2.3600	0.0937	81	87.3%	12.7%	51
16	1.1800	0.0469	157	75.5%	24.5%	76
30	0.6000	0.0234	279	56.4%	43.6%	122
50	0.3000	0.0117	446	30.3%	69.7%	167
100	0.1500	0.0059	542	15.3%	84.7%	96
140	0.1060	0.0041	567	11.4%	88.6%	25
170	0.0900	0.0035	579	9.5%	90.5%	12
200	0.0750	0.0029	589	8.0%	92.0%	10
Pan			640	0.0%	100.0%	51

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

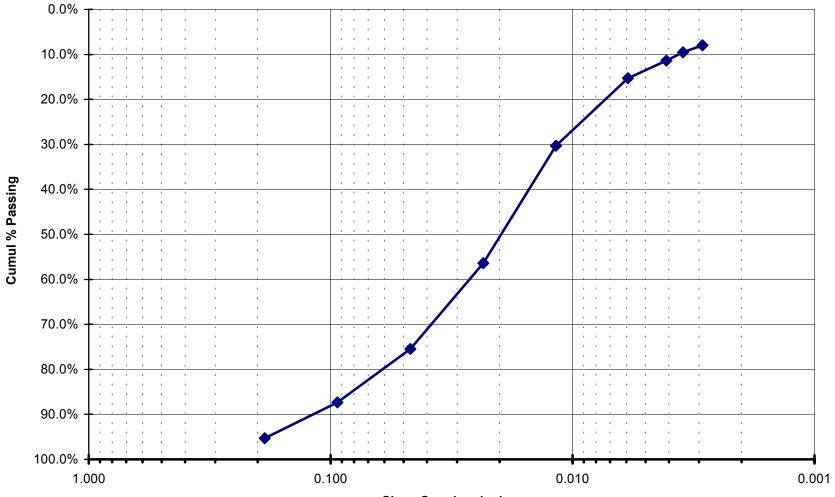
640 640 0.0%

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

11.5

Gravel % Sand % Silts+Clays 7.97%

12.66% 79.38%



Sieve Opening, inches

TH2 365-370.xls

681

Project Name: LWDS VAN DAM				
Job No.:	27-7897			
Sample ID:	TH-2			
Depth:	260-265 ft			
Tested By:	LK			
Test Date:	11-Aug-03			

Wt. of dry sample + container	681 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	681 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	4	99.4%	0.6%	4
8	2.3600	0.0937	32	95.3%	4.7%	28
16	1.1800	0.0469	130	80.9%	19.1%	98
30	0.6000	0.0234	280	58.9%	41.1%	150
50	0.3000	0.0117	469	31.1%	68.9%	189
100	0.1500	0.0059	610	10.4%	89.6%	141
140	0.1060	0.0041	640	6.0%	94.0%	30
170	0.0900	0.0035	648	4.8%	95.2%	8
200	0.0750	0.0029	658	3.4%	96.6%	10
Pan			681	0.0%	100.0%	23

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

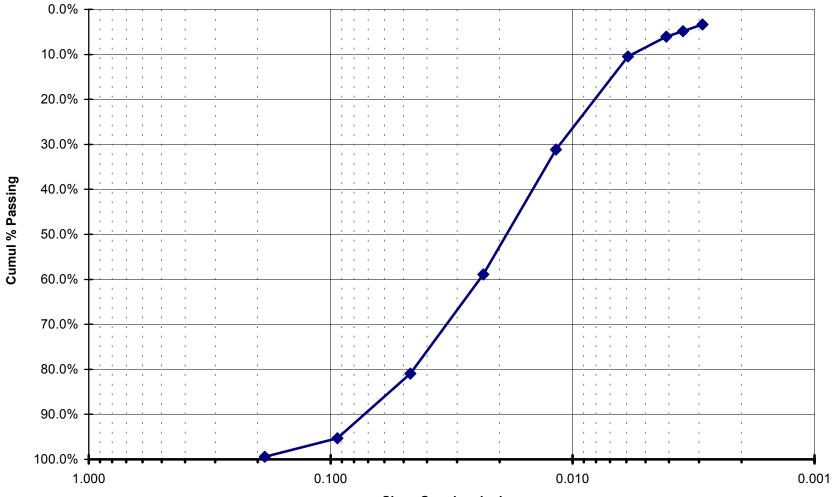
681 681 0.0%

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

28.6

Gravel % Sand % Silts+Clays 3.38%

4.70% 91.92%



Sieve Opening, inches

TH2 260-265.xls

598

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-2
Depth:	175-180 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	12-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	598 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	598 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	14	97.7%	2.3%	14
8	2.3600	0.0937	92	84.6%	15.4%	78
16	1.1800	0.0469	259	56.7%	43.3%	167
30	0.6000	0.0234	408	31.8%	68.2%	149
50	0.3000	0.0117	525	12.2%	87.8%	117
100	0.1500	0.0059	574	4.0%	96.0%	49
140	0.1060	0.0041	584	2.3%	97.7%	10
170	0.0900	0.0035	586	2.0%	98.0%	2
200	0.0750	0.0029	589	1.5%	98.5%	3
Pan			598	0.0%	100.0%	9

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

598 598 0.0%

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

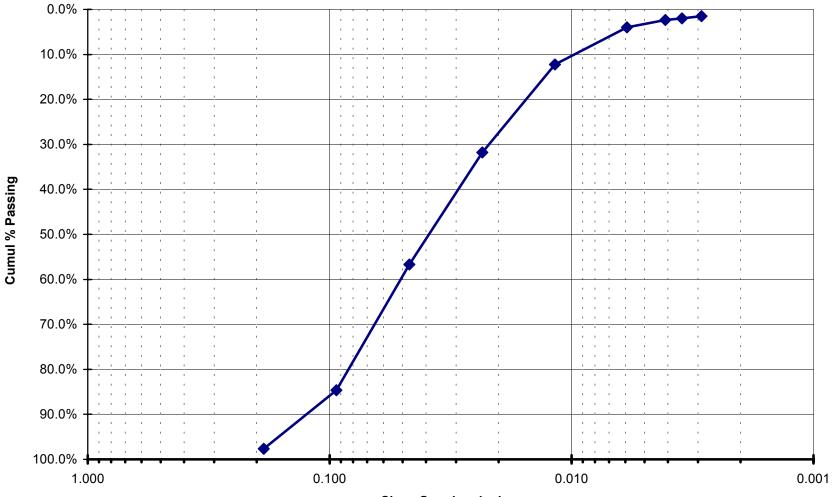
65.4

 Gravel %
 15.38%

 Sand %
 83.11%

 Silts+Clays
 1.51%

.38% .11%



Sieve Opening, inches

TH2 175-180.xls

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM	

Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-2
Depth:	140-145 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	11-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	770 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	770 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	15	98.1%	1.9%	15
8	2.3600	0.0937	65	91.6%	8.4%	50
16	1.1800	0.0469	203	73.6%	26.4%	138
30	0.6000	0.0234	403	47.7%	52.3%	200
50	0.3000	0.0117	595	22.7%	77.3%	192
100	0.1500	0.0059	702	8.8%	91.2%	107
140	0.1060	0.0041	722	6.2%	93.8%	20
170	0.0900	0.0035	730	5.2%	94.8%	8
200	0.0750	0.0029	737	4.3%	95.7%	7
Pan			769	0.1%	99.9%	32
Total Wt of Sa	mple, grams		769			769

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

770

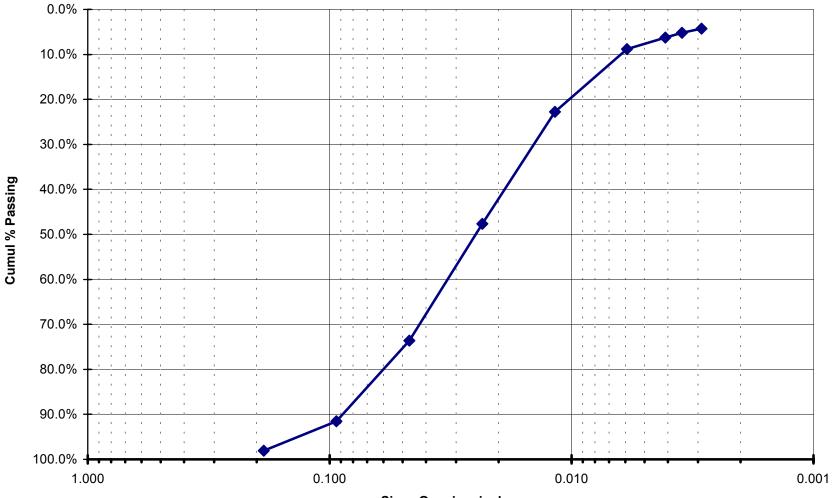
0.1%

22.3

 Gravel %
 8.44%

 Sand %
 87.27%

 Silts+Clays
 4.29%



Sieve Opening, inches

TH2 140-145.xls

542

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-2
Depth:	95-100 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	12-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	542 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	542 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	1	99.8%	0.2%	1
8	2.3600	0.0937	11	98.0%	2.0%	10
16	1.1800	0.0469	88	83.8%	16.2%	77
30	0.6000	0.0234	245	54.8%	45.2%	157
50	0.3000	0.0117	406	25.1%	74.9%	161
100	0.1500	0.0059	490	9.6%	90.4%	84
140	0.1060	0.0041	508	6.3%	93.7%	18
170	0.0900	0.0035	513	5.4%	94.6%	5
200	0.0750	0.0029	520	4.1%	95.9%	7
Pan			542	0.0%	100.0%	22

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

542

542

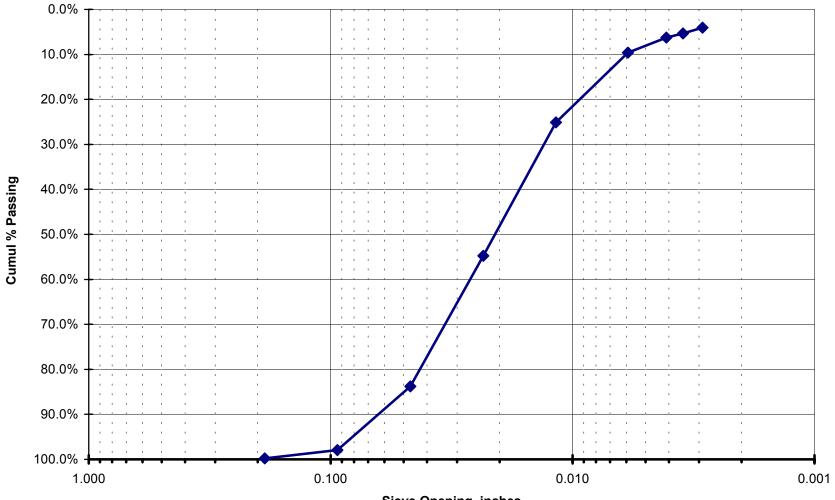
0.0%

23.6

 Gravel %
 2.03%

 Sand %
 93.91%

 Silts+Clays
 4.06%



Sieve Opening, inches

TH2 95-100.xls

579

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-2
Depth:	75-80 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	12-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	580 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	580 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	16	97.2%	2.8%	16
8	2.3600	0.0937	82	85.9%	14.1%	66
16	1.1800	0.0469	211	63.6%	36.4%	129
30	0.6000	0.0234	295	49.1%	50.9%	84
50	0.3000	0.0117	385	33.6%	66.4%	90
100	0.1500	0.0059	467	19.5%	80.5%	82
140	0.1060	0.0041	502	13.4%	86.6%	35
170	0.0900	0.0035	513	11.6%	88.4%	11
200	0.0750	0.0029	529	8.8%	91.2%	16
Pan			579	0.2%	99.8%	50

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

580 0.2%

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

579

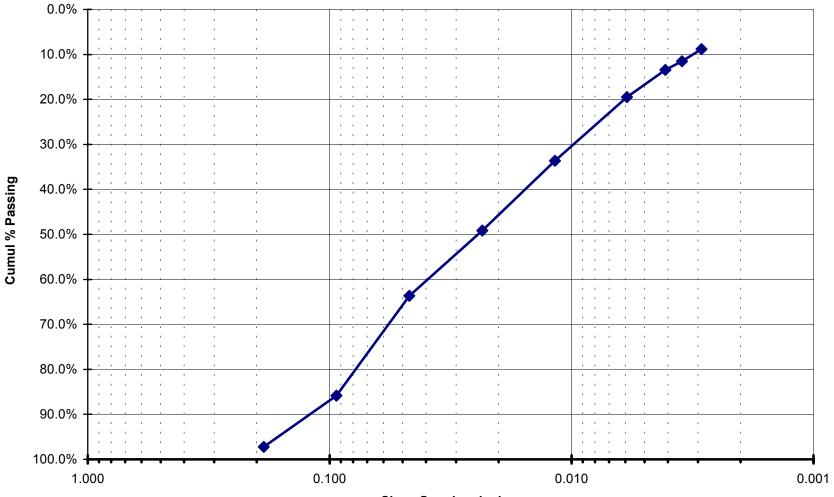
10.4

 Gravel %
 14.1%

 Sand %
 77.1%

 Silts+Clays
 8.8%

14.1% 77.1%



Sieve Opening, inches

TH2 75-80 ft.xls

550

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-2
Depth:	470-475 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	11-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	550 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	550 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	56	89.8%	10.2%	56
8	2.3600	0.0937	118	78.5%	21.5%	62
16	1.1800	0.0469	222	59.6%	40.4%	104
30	0.6000	0.0234	326	40.7%	59.3%	104
50	0.3000	0.0117	450	18.2%	81.8%	124
100	0.1500	0.0059	511	7.1%	92.9%	61
140	0.1060	0.0041	524	4.7%	95.3%	13
170	0.0900	0.0035	528	4.0%	96.0%	4
200	0.0750	0.0029	532	3.3%	96.7%	4
Pan			550	0.0%	100.0%	18

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

550 550 0.0%

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

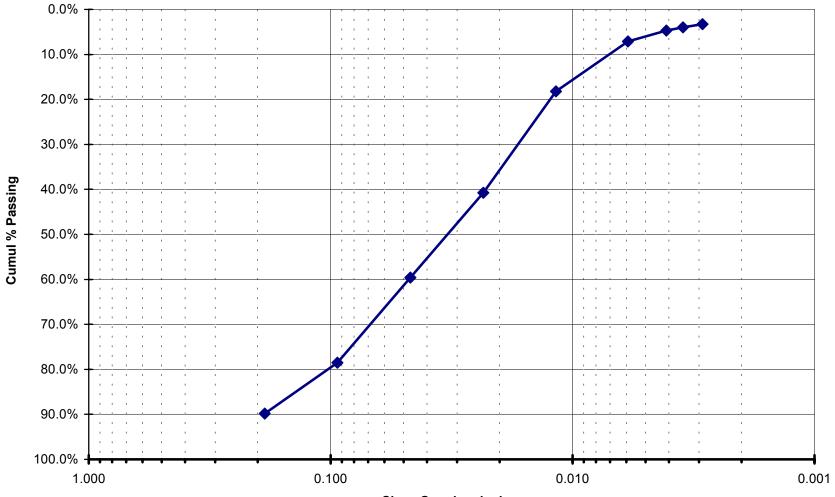
29.6

 Gravel %
 21.45%

 Sand %
 75.27%

 Silts+Clays
 3.27%

45% 27%



Sieve Opening, inches

TH2 470-475.xls

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-3</u>
Depth:	370-375 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	757 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	757 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	23	97.0%	3.0%	23
8	2.3600	0.0937	71	90.6%	9.4%	48
16	1.1800	0.0469	180	76.2%	23.8%	109
30	0.6000	0.0234	349	53.9%	46.1%	169
50	0.3000	0.0117	524	30.8%	69.2%	175
100	0.1500	0.0059	671	11.4%	88.6%	147
140	0.1060	0.0041	710	6.2%	93.8%	39
170	0.0900	0.0035	720	4.9%	95.1%	10
200	0.0750	0.0029	732	3.3%	96.7%	12
Pan			758	-0.1%	100.1%	26
Total Wt of Sample, grams		758			758	
Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams			757			
% Error			-0.1%			

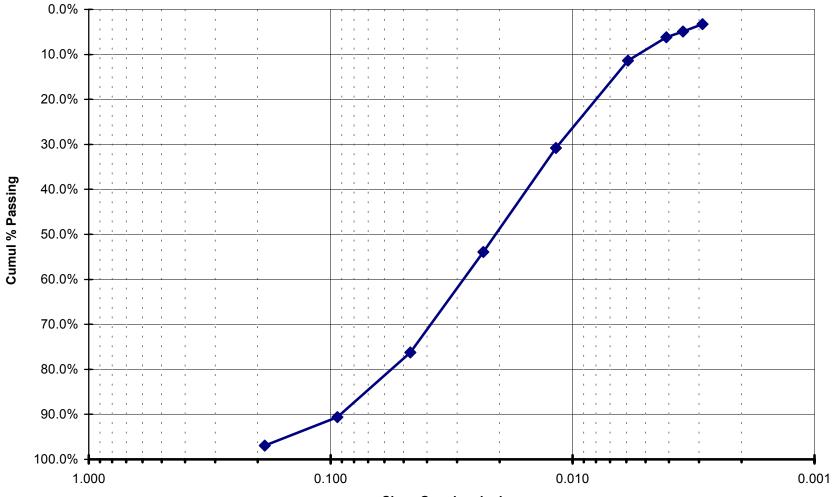
 Gravel %
 9.38%

 Sand %
 87.32%

 Silts+Clays
 3.30%

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

29.3



Sieve Opening, inches

TH3 370-375.xls

Sand %

Silts+Clays

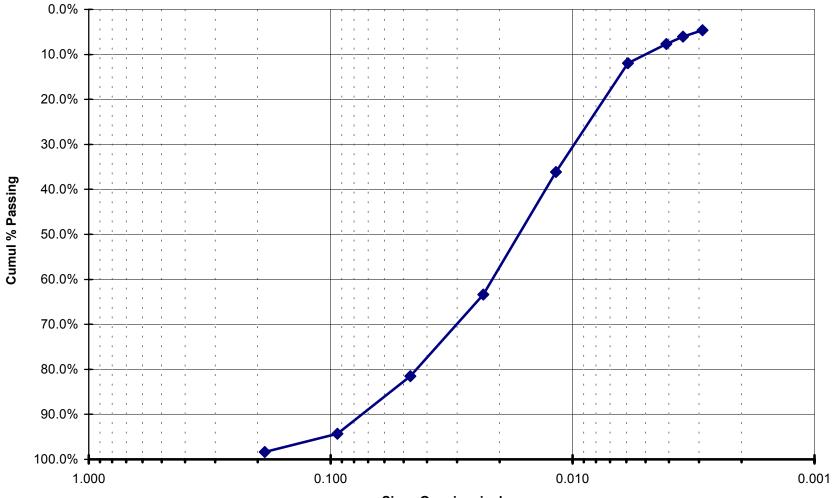
89.68%

4.63%

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-3</u>
Depth:	315-320 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	11-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	562 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	562 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	9	98.4%	1.6%	9
8	2.3600	0.0937	32	94.3%	5.7%	23
16	1.1800	0.0469	104	81.5%	18.5%	72
30	0.6000	0.0234	206	63.3%	36.7%	102
50	0.3000	0.0117	359	36.1%	63.9%	153
100	0.1500	0.0059	495	11.9%	88.1%	136
140	0.1060	0.0041	519	7.7%	92.3%	24
170	0.0900	0.0035	528	6.0%	94.0%	9
200	0.0750	0.0029	536	4.6%	95.4%	8
Pan			562	0.0%	100.0%	26
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		grams	562 562 0.0%			562
Gravel %	5.69%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	20.6		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH3 315-320.xls

65.97%

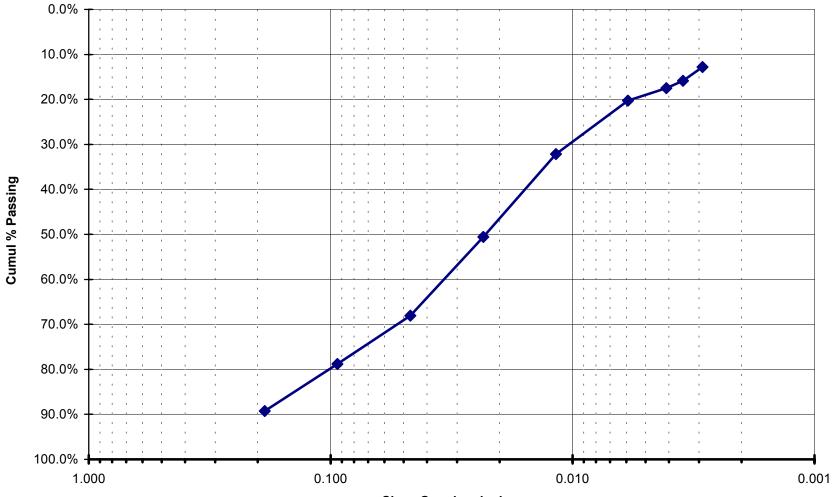
12.82%

Sand % Silts+Clays

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-3</u>
Depth:	237-245 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	11-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	429 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	429 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	46	89.3%	10.7%	46
8	2.3600	0.0937	91	78.8%	21.2%	45
16	1.1800	0.0469	137	68.1%	31.9%	46
30	0.6000	0.0234	212	50.6%	49.4%	75
50	0.3000	0.0117	291	32.2%	67.8%	79
100	0.1500	0.0059	342	20.3%	79.7%	51
140	0.1060	0.0041	354	17.5%	82.5%	12
170	0.0900	0.0035	361	15.9%	84.1%	7
200	0.0750	0.0029	374	12.8%	87.2%	13
Pan			428	0.2%	99.8%	54
Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error		428 429 0.2%			428	
Gravel %	21.21%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	6.8		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH3 237-245.xls

Sand %

Silts+Clays

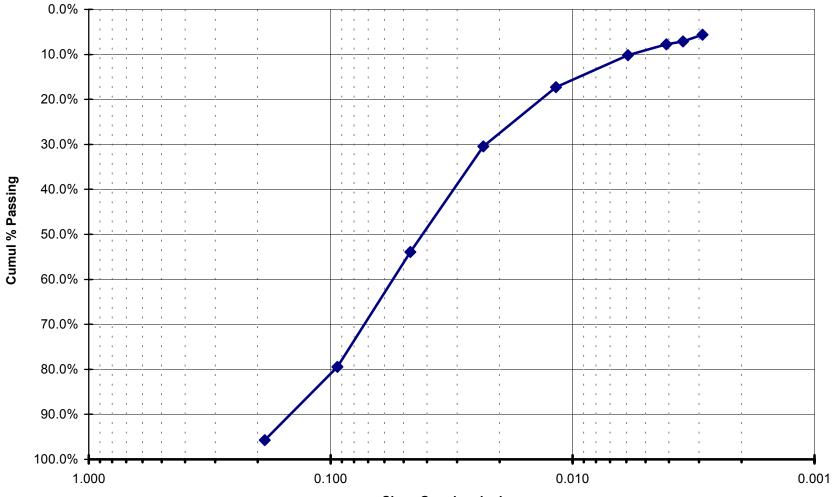
73.84%

5.63%

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-3</u>
Depth:	205-210 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	799 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	799 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	34	95.7%	4.3%	34
8	2.3600	0.0937	164	79.5%	20.5%	130
16	1.1800	0.0469	368	53.9%	46.1%	204
30	0.6000	0.0234	556	30.4%	69.6%	188
50	0.3000	0.0117	661	17.3%	82.7%	105
100	0.1500	0.0059	718	10.1%	89.9%	57
140	0.1060	0.0041	737	7.8%	92.2%	19
170	0.0900	0.0035	742	7.1%	92.9%	5
200	0.0750	0.0029	754	5.6%	94.4%	12
Pan			799	0.0%	100.0%	45
Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error		799 799 0.0%			799	
Gravel %	20.53%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	16.8		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH3 205-210.xls

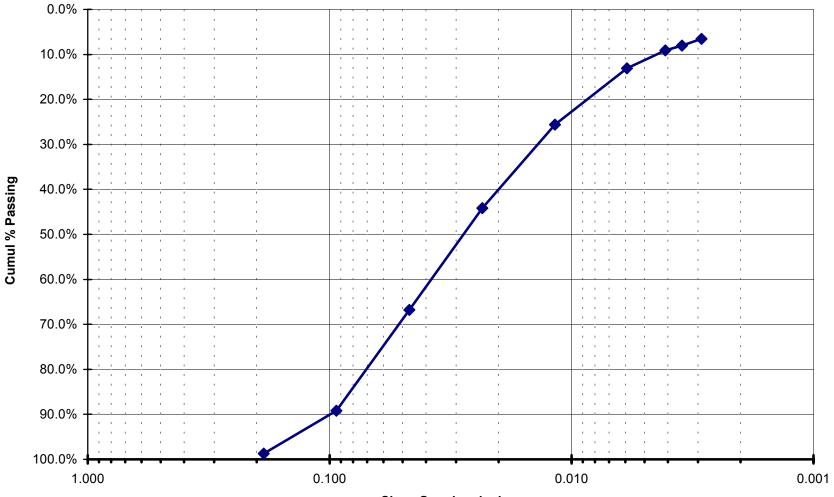
Silts+Clays

6.55%

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-3</u>
Depth:	<u>165-170 ft</u>
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	11-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	473 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	473 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	6	98.7%	1.3%	6
8	2.3600	0.0937	51	89.2%	10.8%	45
16	1.1800	0.0469	157	66.8%	33.2%	106
30	0.6000	0.0234	264	44.2%	55.8%	107
50	0.3000	0.0117	352	25.6%	74.4%	88
100	0.1500	0.0059	411	13.1%	86.9%	59
140	0.1060	0.0041	430	9.1%	90.9%	19
170	0.0900	0.0035	435	8.0%	92.0%	5
200	0.0750	0.0029	442	6.6%	93.4%	7
Pan			473	0.0%	100.0%	31
Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error		473 473 0.0%			473	
Gravel % Sand %	10.78% 82.66%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	14.3		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH3 165-170.xls

424

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-3
Depth:	140-145 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	11-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	424 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	424 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	3	99.3%	0.7%	3
8	2.3600	0.0937	33	92.2%	7.8%	30
16	1.1800	0.0469	114	73.1%	26.9%	81
30	0.6000	0.0234	173	59.2%	40.8%	59
50	0.3000	0.0117	239	43.6%	56.4%	66
100	0.1500	0.0059	310	26.9%	73.1%	71
140	0.1060	0.0041	340	19.8%	80.2%	30
170	0.0900	0.0035	351	17.2%	82.8%	11
200	0.0750	0.0029	370	12.7%	87.3%	19
Pan			424	0.0%	100.0%	54

Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error

424 424 0.0%

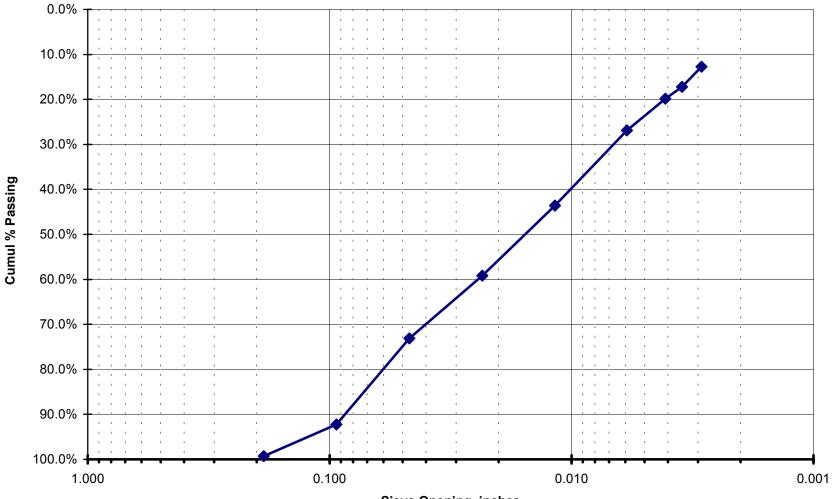
Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

6.9

 Gravel %
 7.78%

 Sand %
 79.48%

 Silts+Clays
 12.74%



Sieve Opening, inches

TH3 140-145.xls

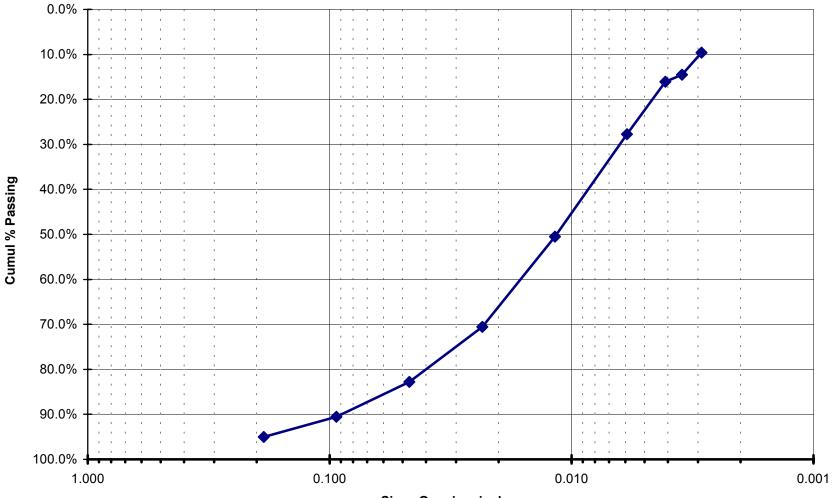
Silts+Clays

9.61%

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-3</u>
Depth:	45-50 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	760 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	760 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	38	95.0%	5.0%	38
8	2.3600	0.0937	72	90.5%	9.5%	34
16	1.1800	0.0469	131	82.8%	17.2%	59
30	0.6000	0.0234	224	70.5%	29.5%	93
50	0.3000	0.0117	376	50.5%	49.5%	152
100	0.1500	0.0059	549	27.8%	72.2%	173
140	0.1060	0.0041	638	16.1%	83.9%	89
170	0.0900	0.0035	650	14.5%	85.5%	12
200	0.0750	0.0029	687	9.6%	90.4%	37
Pan			760	0.0%	100.0%	73
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		grams	760 760 0.0%			760
Gravel % Sand %	9.47% 80.92%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	9.4		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH3 45-50.xls

Sand %

Silts+Clays

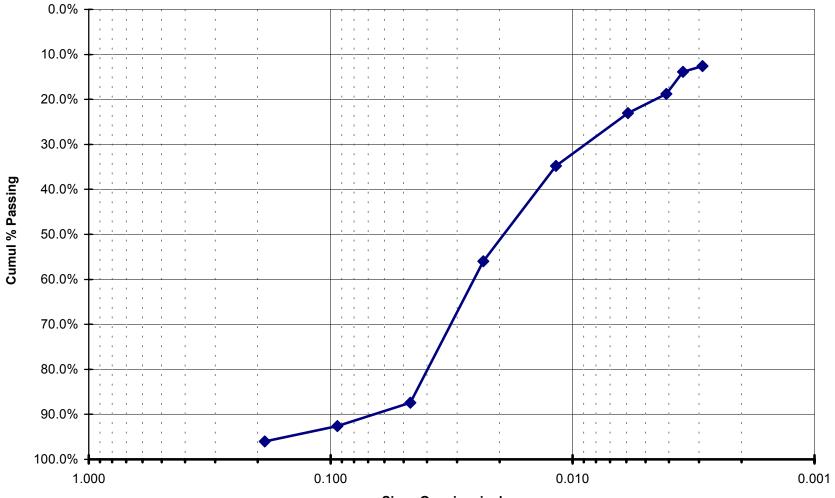
80.00%

12.62%

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-3</u>
Depth:	425-430 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	325 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	325 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	13	96.0%	4.0%	13
8	2.3600	0.0937	24	92.6%	7.4%	11
16	1.1800	0.0469	41	87.4%	12.6%	17
30	0.6000	0.0234	143	56.0%	44.0%	102
50	0.3000	0.0117	212	34.8%	65.2%	69
100	0.1500	0.0059	250	23.1%	76.9%	38
140	0.1060	0.0041	264	18.8%	81.2%	14
170	0.0900	0.0035	280	13.8%	86.2%	16
200	0.0750	0.0029	284	12.6%	87.4%	4
Pan			325	0.0%	100.0%	41
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		grams	325 325 0.0%			325
Gravel %	7.38%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	6.9		



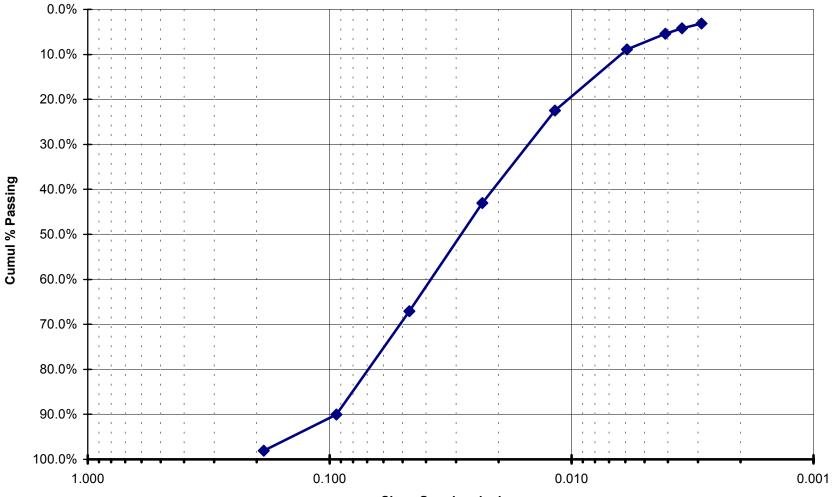
Sieve Opening, inches

TH3 425-430.xls

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-4
Depth:	<u>285-290 ft</u>
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	574 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	574 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	11	98.1%	1.9%	11
8	2.3600	0.0937	57	90.1%	9.9%	46
16	1.1800	0.0469	189	67.1%	32.9%	132
30	0.6000	0.0234	327	43.0%	57.0%	138
50	0.3000	0.0117	445	22.5%	77.5%	118
100	0.1500	0.0059	523	8.9%	91.1%	78
140	0.1060	0.0041	543	5.4%	94.6%	20
170	0.0900	0.0035	550	4.2%	95.8%	7
200	0.0750	0.0029	556	3.1%	96.9%	6
Pan			573	0.2%	99.8%	17
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		grams	573 574 0.2%			573
Gravel % Sand % Silts+Clays	9.93% 86.93% 3.14%	(	Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	30.9		



Sieve Opening, inches

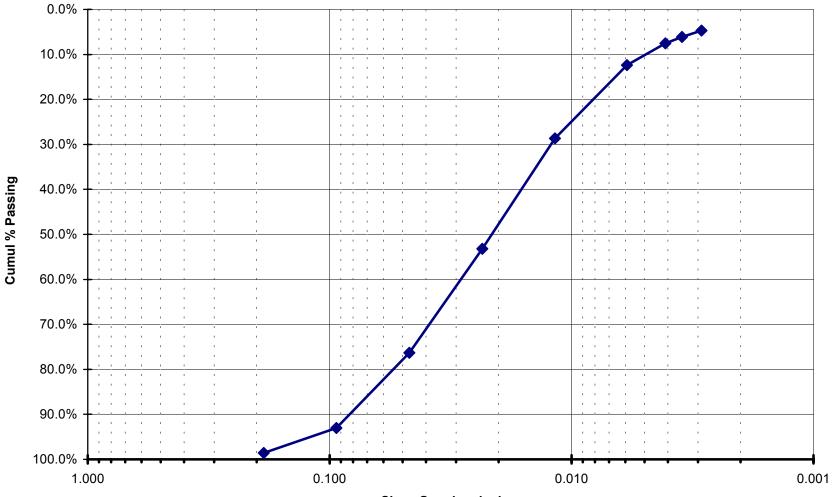
TH4 285-290.xls

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-4</u>
Depth:	<u>260-265 ft</u>
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	558 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	558 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	8	98.6%	1.4%	8
8	2.3600	0.0937	39	93.0%	7.0%	31
16	1.1800	0.0469	132	76.3%	23.7%	93
30	0.6000	0.0234	261	53.2%	46.8%	129
50	0.3000	0.0117	398	28.7%	71.3%	137
100	0.1500	0.0059	489	12.4%	87.6%	91
140	0.1060	0.0041	516	7.5%	92.5%	27
170	0.0900	0.0035	524	6.1%	93.9%	8
200	0.0750	0.0029	532	4.7%	95.3%	8
Pan			558	0.0%	100.0%	26
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		grams	558 558 0.0%			558
Gravel %	6.99%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	20.5		

Sand % 88.35% Silts+Clays 4.66%



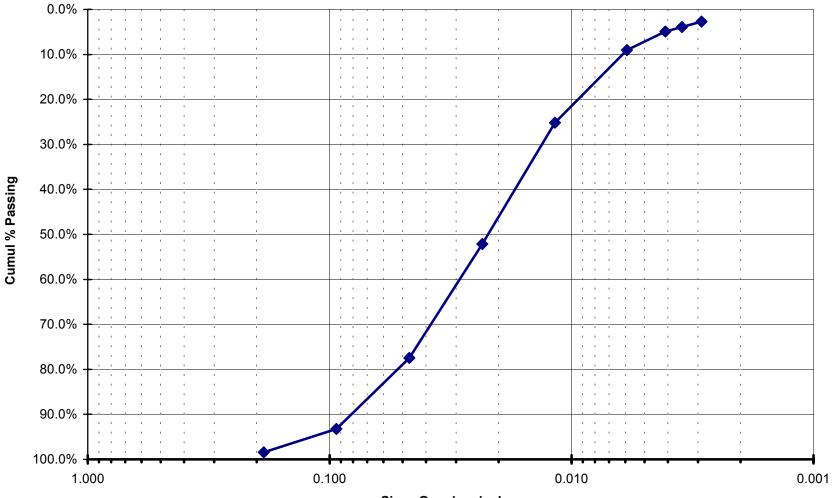
Sieve Opening, inches

TH4 260-265.xls

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-4
Depth:	210-215 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	710 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	710 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	11	98.5%	1.5%	11
8	2.3600	0.0937	48	93.2%	6.8%	37
16	1.1800	0.0469	160	77.5%	22.5%	112
30	0.6000	0.0234	340	52.1%	47.9%	180
50	0.3000	0.0117	531	25.2%	74.8%	191
100	0.1500	0.0059	646	9.0%	91.0%	115
140	0.1060	0.0041	675	4.9%	95.1%	29
170	0.0900	0.0035	682	3.9%	96.1%	7
200	0.0750	0.0029	691	2.7%	97.3%	9
Pan			710	0.0%	100.0%	19
Total Wt of Sample, grams Total Wt of Sample (initial), grams % Error		Jrams	710 710 0.0%			710
Gravel % Sand % Silts+Clays	6.76% 90.56% 2.68%	(	Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	36.4		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH4 210-215.xls

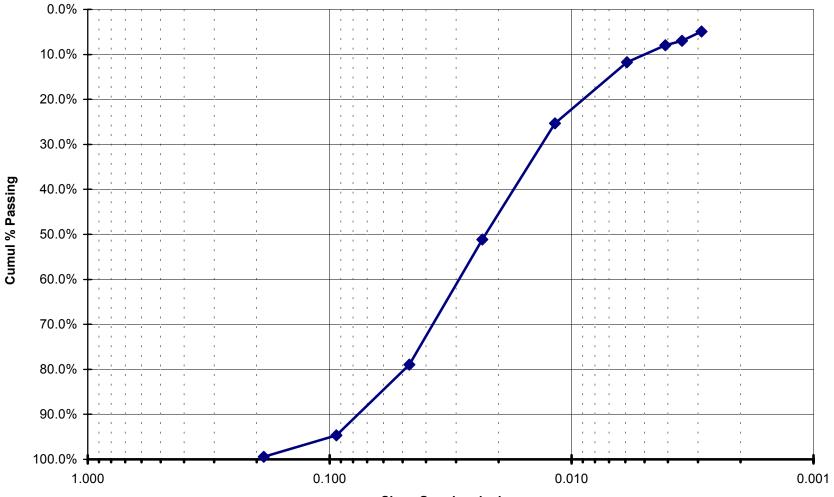
Silts+Clays

4.89%

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-4</u>
Depth:	<u>190-195 ft</u>
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	675 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	675 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	4	99.4%	0.6%	4
8	2.3600	0.0937	36	94.7%	5.3%	32
16	1.1800	0.0469	142	79.0%	21.0%	106
30	0.6000	0.0234	330	51.1%	48.9%	188
50	0.3000	0.0117	504	25.3%	74.7%	174
100	0.1500	0.0059	596	11.7%	88.3%	92
140	0.1060	0.0041	621	8.0%	92.0%	25
170	0.0900	0.0035	628	7.0%	93.0%	7
200	0.0750	0.0029	642	4.9%	95.1%	14
Pan			675	0.0%	100.0%	33
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		jrams	675 675 0.0%			675
Gravel % Sand %	5.33% 89.78%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	19.5		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH4 190-195.xls

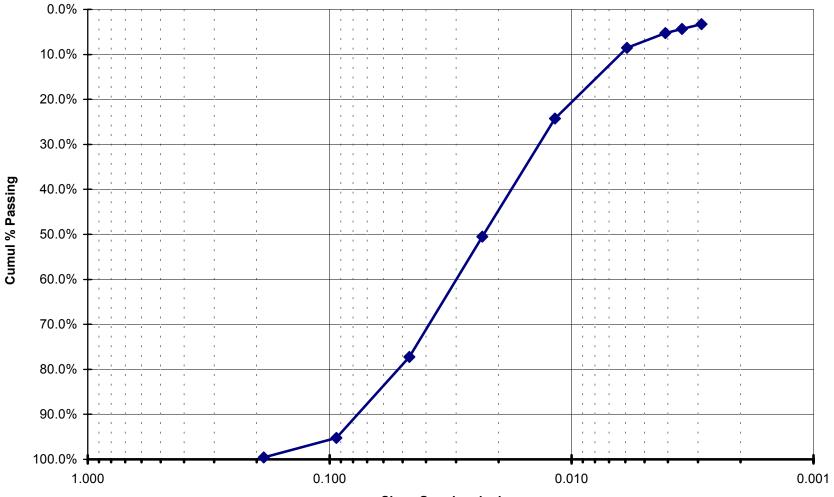
3.25%

Silts+Clays

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-4
Depth:	175-180 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	739 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	739 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	3	99.6%	0.4%	3
8	2.3600	0.0937	35	95.3%	4.7%	32
16	1.1800	0.0469	168	77.3%	22.7%	133
30	0.6000	0.0234	366	50.5%	49.5%	198
50	0.3000	0.0117	560	24.2%	75.8%	194
100	0.1500	0.0059	676	8.5%	91.5%	116
140	0.1060	0.0041	700	5.3%	94.7%	24
170	0.0900	0.0035	707	4.3%	95.7%	7
200	0.0750	0.0029	715	3.2%	96.8%	8
Pan			738	0.1%	99.9%	23
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		grams	738 739 0.1%			738
Gravel % Sand %	4.74% 92.02%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	29.8		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH4 175-180.xls

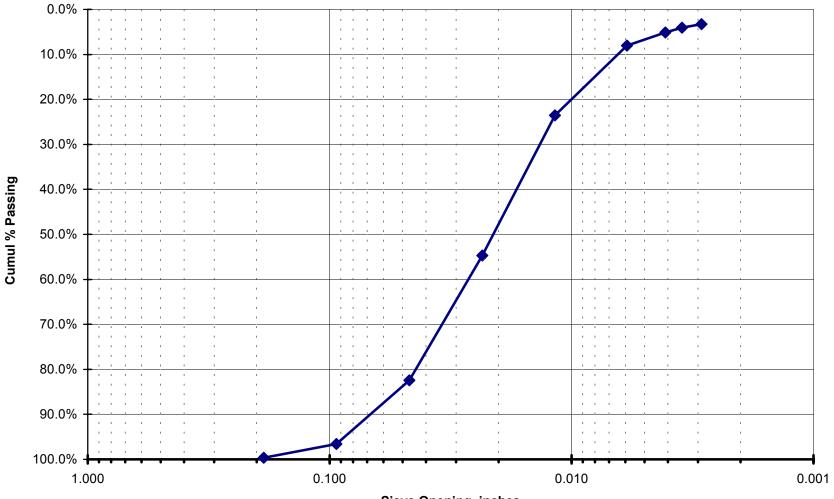
Silts+Clays

3.24%

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-4</u>
Depth:	<u>110-115 ft</u>
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	587 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	587 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.7%	0.3%	2
8	2.3600	0.0937	20	96.6%	3.4%	18
16	1.1800	0.0469	103	82.5%	17.5%	83
30	0.6000	0.0234	266	54.7%	45.3%	163
50	0.3000	0.0117	449	23.5%	76.5%	183
100	0.1500	0.0059	540	8.0%	92.0%	91
140	0.1060	0.0041	557	5.1%	94.9%	17
170	0.0900	0.0035	563	4.1%	95.9%	6
200	0.0750	0.0029	568	3.2%	96.8%	5
Pan			587	0.0%	100.0%	19
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		grams	587 587 0.0%			587
Gravel % Sand %	3.41% 93.36%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	29.9		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH4 110-115.xls

Sand %

Silts+Clays

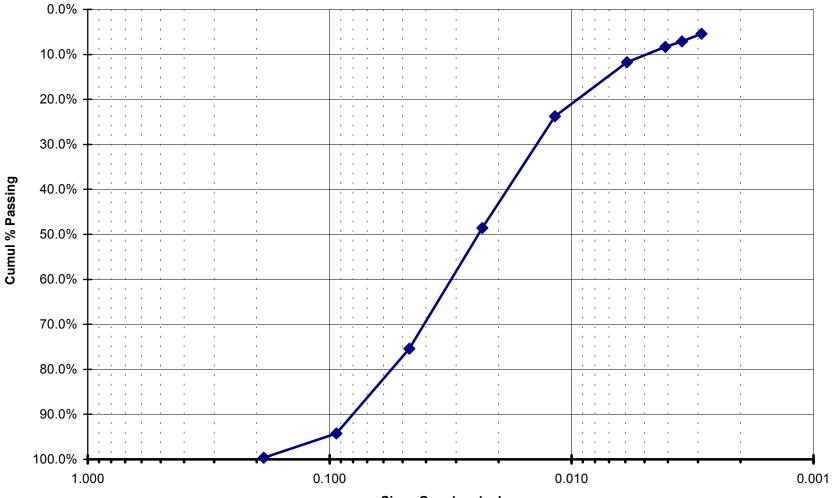
88.79%

5.43%

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	<u>TH-4</u>
Depth:	75-80 ft
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

Wt. of dry sample + container	589 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	589 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	2	99.7%	0.3%	2
8	2.3600	0.0937	34	94.2%	5.8%	32
16	1.1800	0.0469	145	75.4%	24.6%	111
30	0.6000	0.0234	303	48.6%	51.4%	158
50	0.3000	0.0117	449	23.8%	76.2%	146
100	0.1500	0.0059	520	11.7%	88.3%	71
140	0.1060	0.0041	540	8.3%	91.7%	20
170	0.0900	0.0035	547	7.1%	92.9%	7
200	0.0750	0.0029	557	5.4%	94.6%	10
Pan			588	0.2%	99.8%	31
Total Wt of Sar Total Wt of Sar % Error		grams	588 589 0.2%			588
Gravel %	5.77%		Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio	17.4		



Sieve Opening, inches

TH4 75-80.xls

Project Name:	LWDS VAN DAM
Job No.:	27-7897
Sample ID:	TH-4
Depth:	<u>360-365 ft</u>
Tested By:	LK
Test Date:	10-Aug-03

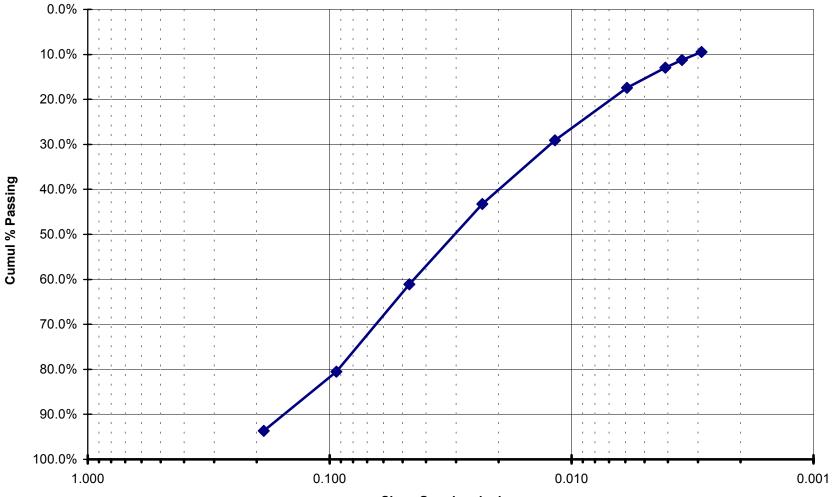
Wt. of dry sample + container	488 grams
Wt. of container	0 grams
Wt. of dry sample	488 grams

US Sieve No.	Diam (mm)	Diam (in)	Cumul wt retained (grams)	Cumul % passing	Cumul % retained	Wt. retained (grams)
4	4.7500	0.1870	31	93.6%	6.4%	31
8	2.3600	0.0937	95	80.5%	19.5%	64
16	1.1800	0.0469	190	61.1%	38.9%	95
30	0.6000	0.0234	277	43.2%	56.8%	87
50	0.3000	0.0117	346	29.1%	70.9%	69
100	0.1500	0.0059	403	17.4%	82.6%	57
140	0.1060	0.0041	425	12.9%	87.1%	22
170	0.0900	0.0035	433	11.3%	88.7%	8
200	0.0750	0.0029	442	9.4%	90.6%	9
Pan			488	0.0%	100.0%	46
Total Wt of San			488			488
Total Wt of San % Error	nple (initial), ູ	grams	488 0.0%			

Gravel %	19.47%
Sand %	71.11%
Silts+Clays	9.43%

Gr+Sa/Si+Cl ratio

9.6



Sieve Opening, inches

TH4 360-365.xls

Van Dam Property, Antelope Valley, CA Test Hole Results Proj. No. 27-7897

12-Nov-03



LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA SHEETS



LABORATORY REPORT									
Prepared For:	Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337	Project: Antelope Valley							
	Attention: Tony Morgan	Sampled: 07/25/03							
		Received: 07/25/03 Issued: 08/18/03							
		CA ELAP #1169							
weigh	t basis unless otherwise noted in th lytical and its client. This report sh	poort pertain only to the samples tested in the laboratory. All soil samples are reported on a wet be report. This Laboratory Report is confidential and is intended for the sole use of Del Mar ball not be reproduced, except in full, without written permission from Del Mar Analytical. s entire report was reviewed and approved for release.							
	111	s entire report was reviewed and approved for release.							

### SAMPLE CROSS REFERENCE

SUBCONTRACTED: Refer to the last page for specific subcontract laboratory information included in this report.

CMG0155-01

**CLIENT ID** Van Dam #3 438' MATRIX Water

Jeanne Adade

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

		ME	TALS					
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dan	n #3 438' - Water)			Samp	led: 07/25/	03		
Reporting Units: ug/l								
Aluminum	EPA 200.7	3G28059	50	24000	1	7/28/2003	8/4/2003	
Antimony	EPA 200.8	3H11042	2.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Arsenic	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	5.4	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Barium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	10	180	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Beryllium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	0.50	0.67	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Boron	EPA 200.7	3G28059	50	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Cadmium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Calcium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	100	31000	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Chromium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	5.0	57	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Copper	EPA 200.7	3G28059	10	44	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Iron	EPA 200.7	3G28059	40	35000	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Lead	EPA 200.7	3G28059	5.0	9.3	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Magnesium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	20	13000	1	7/28/2003	8/1/2003	
Manganese	EPA 200.7	3G28059	20	620	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Mercury	EPA 245.1	3G30061	0.20	1.3	1	7/30/2003	7/30/2003	
Nickel	EPA 200.7	3G28059	10	43	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Potassium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	500	5100	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Selenium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	5.0	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Silicon	EPA 200.7	3G28059	51	60000	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Silver	EPA 200.7	3G28059	10	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Sodium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	500	36000	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Thallium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Zinc	EPA 200.7	3G28059	20	67	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**DISSOLVED METALS** 

			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438'	- Water)			Samp	led: 07/25/	03		
Reporting Units: ug/l								
Aluminum	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	50	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Antimony	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	2.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Arsenic	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Barium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	10	36	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Beryllium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	0.50	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Boron	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	50	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Cadmium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Calcium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	100	19000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Chromium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Copper	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Iron	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	40	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Lead	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Magnesium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	20	2300	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Manganese	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	20	57	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Mercury	EPA 245.1-Diss	3H13076	0.20	ND	1	8/13/2003	8/13/2003	
Nickel	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Potassium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	500	2200	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Selenium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Silicon	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	51	8700	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Silver	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Sodium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	500	34000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Thallium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Zinc	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	20	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

		INOR	GANICS					
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: °C	' - Water)		Sampled: 07/25/03					
Temperature	EPA 170.1	3H06051	NA	28	1	7/24/2003	7/24/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: Color Units	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Color	SM2120B	3G26035	1.0	19	1	7/26/2003	7/26/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: mg/l	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3G31105	2.0	110	1	7/31/2003	7/31/2003	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3G31105	2.0	100	1	7/31/2003	7/31/2003	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3G31105	2.0	8.0	1	7/31/2003	7/31/2003	
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3G31105	2.0	ND	1	7/31/2003	7/31/2003	
Ammonia-N	EPA 350.3	3G28048	0.50	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Bromide	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.50	ND	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Chloride	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.50	8.2	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Chromium VI	EPA 218.6	3G25073	0.0010	ND	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Total Cyanide	SM4500-CN-C,E	3G28061	0.025	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Fluoride	EPA 300.0	3G28039	0.50	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Hardness (as CaCO3)	SM2340B	3G28059	1.0	130	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Nitrate-NO3	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.50	9.0	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Nitrite-N	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.15	ND	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.15	2.0	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Phosphorus	EPA 365.3	3G30049	0.050	0.15	1	7/30/2003	7/30/2003	
Sulfate	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.50	14	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Surfactants (MBAS)	SM5540-C	3G25064	0.40	ND	4	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	M2, RL-1
Total Dissolved Solids	EPA 160.1	3G28080	10	200	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Total Organic Carbon	EPA 415.1	3G30056	1.0	2.1	1	7/30/2003	7/30/2003	
Total Suspended Solids	EPA 160.2	3G28060	10	460	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: NTU	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Turbidity	EPA 180.1	3G26036	50	990	50	7/26/2003	7/26/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: pH Units	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
рН	EPA 150.1	3G25077	NA	8.05	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: T.O.N.	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Odor	SM2150B	3G25079	1.0	ND	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	Н3

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



Attention: Tony Morgan	IN	ORGANICS		
Fontana, CA 92337	Report Number:	CMG0155	Received: 07/25/03	
Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue	Project ID:	Antelope Valley	Sampled: 07/25/03	

Analyte	Method	Batch	Reporting Limit	Sample Result	Dilution Factor	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Data Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438' -			Sampl	ed: 07/25/	03			
Reporting Units: umhos/cm								
Specific Conductance	EPA 120.1	3G28079	1.0	260	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	Antelope Valley		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	07/25/03
Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Report Number:	CMG0155	Received:	07/25/03

			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data				
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers				
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438' -	· Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/0	)3						
<b>Reporting Units: SI Units</b>												
Langlier Index	SM 2330B	3H06052	0.010	0.37	1	8/6/2003	8/6/2003					

LANCI IER SATURATION INDEX



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

### SHORT HOLD TIME DETAIL REPORT

	Hold Time (in days)	Date/Time Sampled	Date/Time Received	Date/Time Extracted	Date/Time Analyzed
Sample ID: Van Dam #3 438' (CMG0155-01	l) - Water				
EPA 150.1	1	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 20:15	07/25/2003 21:20
EPA 170.1	1	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/24/2003 13:25	07/24/2003 13:25
EPA 180.1	2	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/26/2003 12:00	07/26/2003 13:00
EPA 218.6	1	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 18:40	07/25/2003 19:25
EPA 300.0	2	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 20:00	07/25/2003 20:51
SM2120B	2	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/26/2003 12:00	07/26/2003 13:00
SM2150B	1	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 20:00	07/25/2003 20:30
SM5540-C	2	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 20:00	07/25/2003 21:00



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **METALS**

Batch: 3G28059 Extracted: 07/28/03	
Blank Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3G28059-BLK1)	
Aluminum ND 50 ug/l	
Barium ND 10 ug/l	
Boron ND 50 ug/l	
Calcium ND 100 ug/l	
Chromium ND 5.0 ug/l	
Copper ND 10 ug/l	
Iron ND 40 ug/l	
Lead ND 5.0 ug/l	
Magnesium ND 20 ug/l	
Manganese ND 20 ug/l	
Nickel ND 10 ug/l	
Potassium ND 500 ug/l	
Selenium ND 5.0 ug/l	
Silicon ND 51 ug/l	
Silver ND 10 ug/l	
Sodium ND 500 ug/l	
Zinc ND 20 ug/l	
LCS Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3G28059-BS1)	
Aluminum 540 50 ug/l 500 108 85-115	
Barium 524 10 ug/l 500 105 85-115	
Boron 513 50 ug/l 500 103 85-115	
Calcium 2820 100 ug/l 2500 113 85-115	
Chromium 524 5.0 ug/l 500 105 85-115	
Copper 486 10 ug/l 500 97 85-115	
Iron 526 40 ug/l 500 105 85-115	
Lead 521 5.0 ug/l 500 104 85-115	
Magnesium 2840 20 ug/l 2500 114 85-115	
Manganese 513 20 ug/l 500 103 85-115	
Nickel 508 10 ug/l 500 102 85-115	
Potassium 5160 500 ug/l 5000 103 85-115	
Selenium 509 5.0 ug/l 500 102 85-115	
Silicon 2570 51 ug/l 2500 103 85-115	
Silver 258 10 ug/l 250 103 85-115	
Sodium 2580 500 ug/l 2500 103 85-115	

#### Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3G28059 Extracted: 07/28/03_										
LCS Analyzed: 07/29/03 (3G28059-BS)										
Zinc	504	20	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3G2	8059-MS1)				Source: I	MG1369-0	01			
Aluminum	593	50	ug/l	500	ND	119	70-130			
Barium	527	10	ug/l	500	26	100	70-130			
Boron	674	50	ug/l	500	160	103	70-130			
Calcium	46600	100	ug/l	2500	44000	104	70-130			
Chromium	509	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130			
Copper	486	10	ug/l	500	4.6	96	70-130			
Iron	527	40	ug/l	500	18	102	70-130			
Lead	505	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130			
Magnesium	13400	20	ug/l	2500	10000	136	70-130			M1
Manganese	497	20	ug/l	500	ND	99	70-130			
Nickel	473	10	ug/l	500	ND	95	70-130			
Potassium	8600	500	ug/l	5000	3200	108	70-130			
Selenium	506	5.0	ug/l	500	4.8	100	70-130			
Silicon	16000	51	ug/l	2500	14000	80	70-130			
Silver	249	10	ug/l	250	ND	100	70-130			
Sodium	47400	500	ug/l	2500	44000	136	70-130			M-HA
Zinc	505	20	ug/l	500	9.4	99	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/04/03	(3G28059-M8	SD1)			Source: I	MG1369-0	01			
Aluminum	582	50	ug/l	500	ND	116	70-130	2	20	
Barium	531	10	ug/l	500	26	101	70-130	1	20	
Boron	682	50	ug/l	500	160	104	70-130	1	20	
Calcium	46700	100	ug/l	2500	44000	108	70-130	0	20	
Chromium	513	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	1	20	
Copper	490	10	ug/l	500	4.6	97	70-130	1	20	
Iron	531	40	ug/l	500	18	103	70-130	1	20	
Lead	510	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130	1	20	
Magnesium	13300	20	ug/l	2500	10000	132	70-130	1	20	M1
Manganese	503	20	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130	1	20	
Nickel	477	10	ug/l	500	ND	95	70-130	1	20	
Potassium	8720	500	ug/l	5000	3200	110	70-130	1	20	
Selenium	519	5.0	ug/l	500	4.8	103	70-130	3	20	
Silicon	16100	51	ug/l	2500	14000	84	70-130	1	20	

Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Oualifiers
Analyte	Kesuit	Linnt	Units	Level	Result	70KEU	Linnts	KFD	Linnt	Quaimers
Batch: 3G28059 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/29/03	3G28059-M8	SD1)			Source: I	MG1369-0	01			
Silver	250	10	ug/l	250	ND	100	70-130	0	20	
Sodium	47600	500	ug/l	2500	44000	144	70-130	0	20	M-HA
Zinc	510	20	ug/l	500	9.4	100	70-130	1	20	
Batch: 3G30061 Extracted: 07/30/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30061-BL	<b>K</b> 1)									
Mercury	ND	0.20	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30061-BS1	)									
Mercury	8.55	0.20	ug/l	8.00		107	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30	061-MS1)				Source: I	MG1501-(	02			
Mercury	7.39	0.20	ug/l	8.00	ND	92	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/30/03 (	3G30061-M8	SD1)			Source: I	MG1501-0	02			
Mercury	7.28	0.20	ug/l	8.00	ND	91	70-130	1	20	
Batch: 3H11042 Extracted: 08/11/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-BL	.K1)									
Antimony	ND	2.0	ug/l							
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Beryllium	ND	0.50	ug/l							
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/l							



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

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## METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

### **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H11042 Extracted: 08/11/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-BS1	)									
Antimony	90.5	2.0	ug/l	80.0		113	85-115			
Arsenic	88.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0		111	85-115			
Beryllium	83.0	0.50	ug/l	80.0		104	85-115			
Cadmium	85.1	1.0	ug/l	80.0		106	85-115			
Thallium	84.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0		105	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-MS1)				Source: IMH0411-01						
Antimony	82.3	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.49	102	70-130			
Arsenic	119	1.0	ug/l	80.0	34	106	70-130			
Beryllium	74.8	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	94	70-130			
Cadmium	71.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.092	89	70-130			
Thallium	79.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	99	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/11/03(	3H11042-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MH0411-(	01			
Antimony	82.2	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.49	102	70-130	0	20	
Arsenic	119	1.0	ug/l	80.0	34	106	70-130	0	20	
Beryllium	76.2	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	95	70-130	2	20	
Cadmium	71.4	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.092	89	70-130	0	20	
Thallium	79.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	99	70-130	0	20	



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**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H11045 Extracted: 08/11/03										
Datch, 5111045 Extracticu, 00/11/05										
Blank Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11045-BL	K1)									
Antimony	ND	2.0	ug/l							
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Beryllium	ND	0.50	ug/l							
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11045-BS1)	)									
Antimony	88.9	2.0	ug/l	80.0		111	85-115			
Arsenic	85.3	1.0	ug/l	80.0		107	85-115			
Beryllium	88.1	0.50	ug/l	80.0		110	85-115			
Cadmium	84.7	1.0	ug/l	80.0		106	85-115			
Thallium	75.6	1.0	ug/l	80.0		94	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11	045-MS1)				Source: C	CMG0155-	-01			
Antimony	88.4	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.22	110	70-130			
Arsenic	87.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.77	108	70-130			
Beryllium	87.0	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	109	70-130			
Cadmium	81.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	102	70-130			
Thallium	80.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	100	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3	3H11045-MS	SD1)			Source: C	CMG0155-	-01			
Antimony	87.8	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.22	109	70-130	1	20	
Arsenic	86.7	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.77	107	70-130	0	20	
Beryllium	86.6	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	108	70-130	1	20	
Cadmium	81.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	101	70-130	0	20	
Thallium	81.1	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	101	70-130	1	20	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

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METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H13076 Extracted: 08/13/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13076-BL Mercury	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.20	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13076-BS1 Mercury	) 8.25	0.20	ug/l	8.00		103	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13 Mercury	<b>076-MS1</b> ) 7.75	0.20	ug/l	8.00	Source: I ND	<b>MH0074-</b> 97	<b>01</b> 70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/13/03 ( Mercury	<b>3H13076-MS</b> 7.80	<b>D1)</b> 0.20	ug/l	8.00	Source: I ND	<b>MH0074-</b> 98	<b>01</b> 70-130	1	20	
Batch: 3H14053 Extracted: 08/14/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14053-BI	.K1)									
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/l							
Barium	ND	10	ug/l							
Boron	ND	50	ug/l							
Calcium	ND	100	ug/l							
Chromium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Copper	ND	10	ug/l							
Iron	ND	40	ug/l							
Lead	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Magnesium	ND	20	ug/l							
Manganese	ND	20	ug/l							
Nickel	ND	10	ug/l							
Potassium	ND	500	ug/l							
Selenium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Silicon	ND	51	ug/l							
Silver	ND	10	ug/l							
Sodium	ND	500	ug/l							
Zinc	ND	20	ug/l							



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

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**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H14053 Extracted: 08/14/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14053-BS1										
Aluminum	498	50	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Barium	533	10	ug/l	500		107	85-115			
Boron	490	50	ug/l	500		98	85-115			
Calcium	2500	100	ug/l	2500		100	85-115			
Chromium	502	5.0	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Copper	500	10	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Iron	510	40	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Lead	499	5.0	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Magnesium	2520	20	ug/l	2500		101	85-115			
Manganese	534	20	ug/l	500		107	85-115			
Nickel	511	10	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Potassium	5150	500	ug/l	5000		103	85-115			
Selenium	505	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Silicon	2710	51	ug/l	2500		108	85-115			
Silver	254	10	ug/l	250		102	85-115			
Sodium	2590	500	ug/l	2500		104	85-115			
Zinc	494	20	ug/l	500		99	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14	1053-MS1)				Source: C	CMG0155-	-01			
Aluminum	538	50	ug/l	500	ND	108	70-130			
Barium	568	10	ug/l	500	36	106	70-130			
Boron	525	50	ug/l	500	27	100	70-130			
Calcium	21100	100	ug/l	2500	19000	84	70-130			
Chromium	504	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130			
Copper	536	10	ug/l	500	4.0	106	70-130			
Iron	512	40	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130			
Lead	509	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130			
Magnesium	4740	20	ug/l	2500	2300	98	70-130			
Manganese	593	20	ug/l	500	57	107	70-130			
Nickel	516	10	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130			
Potassium	7590	500	ug/l	5000	2200	108	70-130			
Selenium	511	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130			
Silicon	11200	51	ug/l	2500	8700	100	70-130			
Silver	258	10	ug/l	250	ND	103	70-130			
Sodium	36100	500	ug/l	2500	34000	84	70-130			

Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

### **DISSOLVED METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H14053 Extracted: 08/14/03										
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14053-MS1)				Source: CMG0155-01						
Zinc	507	20	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14053-MSD1)				Source: CMG0155-01						
Aluminum	517	50	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	4	20	
Barium	566	10	ug/l	500	36	106	70-130	0	20	
Boron	522	50	ug/l	500	27	99	70-130	1	20	
Calcium	21100	100	ug/l	2500	19000	84	70-130	0	20	
Chromium	501	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	100	70-130	1	20	
Copper	540	10	ug/l	500	4.0	107	70-130	1	20	
Iron	513	40	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	0	20	
Lead	507	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130	0	20	
Magnesium	4730	20	ug/l	2500	2300	97	70-130	0	20	
Manganese	574	20	ug/l	500	57	103	70-130	3	20	
Nickel	515	10	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	0	20	
Potassium	7600	500	ug/l	5000	2200	108	70-130	0	20	
Selenium	516	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	1	20	
Silicon	11100	51	ug/l	2500	8700	96	70-130	1	20	
Silver	256	10	ug/l	250	ND	102	70-130	1	20	
Sodium	36000	500	ug/l	2500	34000	80	70-130	0	20	
Zinc	505	20	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130	0	20	



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# **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G25037 Extracted: 07/25/03										-
Blank Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25037-BL	<b>K</b> 1)									
Bromide	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Chloride	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrate-NO3	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrite-N	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	ND	0.15	mg/l							
Sulfate	ND	0.19	mg/l							
Sunac	ND	0.50	1115/1							
LCS Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25037-BS1	)									
Bromide	5.00	0.50	mg/l	5.00		100	90-110			
Chloride	4.84	0.50	mg/l	5.00		97	90-110			M3
Nitrate-NO3	5.00	0.50	mg/l	5.00		100	90-110			
Nitrite-N	1.54	0.15	mg/l	1.52		101	90-110			
Sulfate	9.52	0.50	mg/l	10.0		95	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25	037-MS1)				Source: I	MG1324-1	12			
Bromide	6.35	0.50	mg/l	5.00	1.2	103	80-120			
Nitrate-NO3	5.01	0.50	mg/l	5.00	ND	100	80-120			
Nitrite-N	2.01	0.15	mg/l	1.52	ND	132	80-120			M1
Sulfate	10.6	0.50	mg/l	10.0	1.5	91	80-120			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/25/03 (	3G25037-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: I	MG1324-1	12			
Bromide	6.37	0.50	mg/l	5.00	1.2	103	80-120	0	20	
Nitrate-NO3	5.19	0.50	mg/l	5.00	ND	104	80-120	4	20	
Nitrite-N	2.01	0.15	mg/l	1.52	ND	132	80-120	0	20	M1
Sulfate	10.8	0.50	mg/l	10.0	1.5	93	80-120	2	20	
Batch: 3G25064 Extracted: 07/25/03										

Blank Analyzed: 07/25/03	(3G25064-BLK1)	
Surfactants (MBAS)	ND	0.10

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager mg/l



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G25064 Extracted: 07/25/03										
LCS Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25064-BS1) Surfactants (MBAS)	0.230	0.10	mg/l	0.250		92	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25 Surfactants (MBAS)	<b>064-MS1)</b> 0.195	0.40	mg/l	1.00	<b>Source: (</b> 0.11	C <b>MG0155</b> - 8	- <b>01</b> 50-125			М2
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/25/03 (A Surfactants (MBAS)	<b>3G25064-MS</b> 0.203	<b>5D1</b> ) 0.40	mg/l	1.00	<b>Source: (</b> 0.11	C <b>MG0155</b> 9	- <b>01</b> 50-125	4	20	М2
Batch: 3G25073 Extracted: 07/25/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25073-BL	K1)									
Chromium VI	ND	0.0010	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25073-BS1) Chromium VI	) 0.0525	0.0010	mg/l	0.0500		105	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25 Chromium VI	073-MS1) 0.0532	0.0010	mg/l	0.0500	Source: ( ND	C <b>MG0155</b> 106	<b>-01</b> 70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/25/03 (. Chromium VI	<b>3G25073-MS</b> 0.0534	<b>5D1</b> ) 0.0010	mg/l	0.0500	Source: ( ND	C <b>MG0155</b> - 107	- <b>01</b> 70-130	0	15	
Batch: 3G25077 Extracted: 07/25/03										
<b>Duplicate Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25077</b> pH	- <b>DUP1</b> ) 7.75	NA	pH Units		<b>Source: I</b> 7.76	MG1309-	04	0	5	
1.			1							



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

# **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G25079 Extracted: 07/25/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25079-BL Odor	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	1.0	T.O.N.							
Batch: 3G26035 Extracted: 07/26/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/26/03 (3G26035 Color	- <b>DUP1</b> ) 19.0	1.0	Color Units		<b>Source: (</b> 19	CMG0155-	-01	0	20	
Batch: 3G26036 Extracted: 07/26/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/26/03 (3G26036-BL	,									
Turbidity	ND	1.0	NTU							
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/26/03 (3G26036 Turbidity	- <b>DUP1</b> ) 1000	50	NTU		<b>Source: C</b> 990	CMG0155-	-01	1	20	
Batch: 3G28039 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28039-BL Fluoride	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.50	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28039-BS1 Fluoride	) 4.70	0.50	mg/l	5.00		94	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28 Fluoride	<b>039-MS1</b> ) 5.25	2.5	mg/l	5.00	<b>Source: I</b> 1.4	<b>MG1251-</b> ( 77	<b>01</b> 80-120			М2



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Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

# **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G28039 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/28/03 ( Fluoride	<b>3G28039-M</b> 4.60	SD1) 2.5	mg/l	5.00	<b>Source: I</b> 1.4	MG1251-( 64	<b>01</b> 80-120	13	20	М2
Batch: 3G28048 Extracted: 07/28/03			6							
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28048-Bl	LK1)									
Ammonia-N	ND	0.50	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28048-BS1 Ammonia-N	.) 1.06	0.50	mg/l	1.00		106	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G2	3048-MS1)				Source: I	MG1139-(	01			
Ammonia-N	2.00	0.50	mg/l	2.00	0.11	94	75-125			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/28/03 (	3G28048-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MG1139-(	01			
Ammonia-N	2.08	0.50	mg/l	2.00	0.11	98	75-125	4	15	
Batch: 3G28059 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/29/03 (3G28059-Bl										
Hardness (as CaCO3)	ND	1.0	mg/l							
Batch: 3G28060 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28060-Bl	LK1)									
Total Suspended Solids	ND	10	mg/l							



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Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G28060 Extracted: 07/28/03										
LCS Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28060-BS1)	)									
Total Suspended Solids	1000	10	mg/l	1000		100	85-115			
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28060	-DUP1)				Source: IN	MG1245-0	01			
Total Suspended Solids	1340	10	mg/l		1300			3	5	
Batch: 3G28061 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28061-BL	K1)									
Total Cyanide	ND	0.025	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28061-BS1)	)									
Total Cyanide	0.204	0.025	mg/l	0.200		102	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28	061-MS1)				Source: IN	MG1253-0	01			
Total Cyanide	0.194	0.025	mg/l	0.200	ND	97	70-115			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3	3G28061-MS	D1)			Source: IN	MG1253-0	01			
Total Cyanide	0.192	0.025	mg/l	0.200	ND	96	70-115	1	15	
Batch: 3G28079 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28079	-DUP1)				Source: IN	MG1345-0	01			
Specific Conductance	880	1.0	umhos/cm		890			1	5	
Batch: 3G28080 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28080-BL										
Total Dissolved Solids	ND	10	mg/l							



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Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

# METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G28080 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28080	,				Source: I	MG1248-	01			
Total Dissolved Solids	4400	10	mg/l		4400			0	20	
Reference Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28080 Total Dissolved Solids	<b>)-SRM1</b> ) 1020	10	mg/l	1000		102	90-110			
Batch: 3G30049 Extracted: 07/30/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30049-BL	.K1)									
Phosphorus	ND	0.050	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30049-BS1)										
Phosphorus	0.991	0.050	mg/l	1.00		99	80-120			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30	,				Source: I					
Phosphorus	1.07	0.050	mg/l	1.00	0.11	96	65-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3	3G30049-M\$	SD1)			Source: I	MG1448-	02			
Phosphorus	1.11	0.050	mg/l	1.00	0.11	100	65-130	4	15	
Batch: 3G30056 Extracted: 07/30/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30056-BL	.K1)									
Total Organic Carbon	ND	1.0	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30056-BS1)	)									
Total Organic Carbon	10.3	1.0	mg/l	10.0		103	90-110			



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Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

# **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3G30056 Extracted: 07/30/03										
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30	056-MS1)				Source: I	MG1194-0	02			
Total Organic Carbon	11.0	1.0	mg/l	5.00	5.8	104	80-120			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/30/03 (	3G30056-MSI	D1)			Source: I	MG1194-(	02			
Total Organic Carbon	10.8	1.0	mg/l	5.00	5.8	100	80-120	2	20	
Batch: 3G31105 Extracted: 07/31/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/31/03 (3G31105	-DUP1)				Source: I	MG1565-0	01			
Alkalinity as CaCO3	176	2.0	mg/l		180			2	20	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	176	2.0	mg/l		180			2	20	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND	2.0	mg/l		ND				20	
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND	2.0	mg/l		ND				20	
Reference Analyzed: 07/31/03 (3G31105	5-SRM1)									
Alkalinity as CaCO3	308	2.0	mg/l	311		99	94-105			



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

Report Humber. Civico195

# DATA QUALIFIERS AND DEFINITIONS

- C Calibration Verification recovery was above the method control limit for this analyte. Analyte not detected, data not impacted.
- H3 Sample was received and analyzed past holding time.
- M1 The MS and/or MSD were above the acceptance limits due to sample matrix interference. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- M2 The MS and/or MSD were below the acceptance limits due to sample matrix interference. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- M3 Results exceeded the linear range in the MS/MSD and therefore are not available for reporting. The batch was accepted based on acceptable recovery in the Blank Spike (LCS).
- **M-HA** Due to high levels of analyte in the sample, the MS/MSD calculation does not provide useful spike recovery information. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- **RL-1** Reporting limit raised due to sample matrix effects.
- ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit or MDL, if MDL is specified.
- **RPD** Relative Percent Difference
- **T.O.N.** Threshhold Odor Number
- SI Units Saturation Index Units



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	Antelope Valley		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	07/25/03
Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Report Number:	CMG0155	Received:	07/25/03

# **Certification Summary**

#### **Subcontracted Laboratories**

Del Mar Analytical - Irvine NELAP Accreditation #01108CA, CA ELAP Cert #1197, AZ DHS Licence #AZ0428 and NV Cert #CA-72

2852 Alton Ave. - Irvine, CA 92606 Method Performed: EPA 120.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 150.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 160.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 160.2 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 170.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 180.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.7 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.7-Diss Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.8 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.8-Diss Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 218.6 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 245.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 245.1-Diss Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 300.0 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 350.3 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 365.3 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 415.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM 2330B Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM2120B Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM2150B Samples: CMG0155-01



Layne Geosciences	Project ID: Antelope Valley		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue		Sampled:	07/25/03
	Report Number: CMG0155	Received:	07/25/03
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Del Mar Analytical - Irvine NELAP Accreditation #01108CA, CA ELAP Cert #1197, AZ DHS Licence #AZ0428 and NV Cert #CA-72

2852 Alton Ave. - Irvine, CA 92606 Method Performed: SM2320B Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM2340B Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM4500-CN-C,E Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM5540-C Samples: CMG0155-01

CM/CONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONCONC	Page of		/ Tang make au	POE #:	:#CI SMd	1	+9-7 706 9:5	XX				Date/Time: Tumaround Time*: (check one) Normal 7 day	<u>اً</u> چ	es may hold tin	
CMC 2852 Alton Avenue, Irvine, CA 92606 1014 East Cooley Drive, Suite A, Colton, CA 92324 9484 Chesapeake Dr., Ste. 805, San Diego, CA 92123 9830 South 51st, Suite B-120, Phoenix, AZ 85044 2520 East Sunset, #3, Las Vegas, NV 89120	ATER CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM	P.O./Project Name: Vau Dum	≁	ole: Yes	Yes (PWS ID required)	r dechlor	Endothall 548.1 Diquat / Paraquat 549.2 Coliform, Total [] Fecal [] Metals (Specify) General Minerals (see fee schedule) General Minerals (see fee schedule) Torganic Chemicals (see fee schedule)					Received by:	Received by:	Received in Lab by:	
Del MarAnalytical Providing Quality Environmental Laboratory Services	DRINKING WATER CHAIN		da Are	State: <i>CH</i> Zip: 92337	Fax $(909)$ 350-6097 Data to state's database?	Sen AU	Date Sampled Time Number of Containers Votatiles Reg. □ UnReg. □ 524.2 Trihalomethanes Only 524.2 EDB / DBCP / TCP 504.1 Pesticides and PCBs 505 □ 508.1 □ Chlorinated Acids 515.3 Carbamates 531.1 Carbamates 531.1	1/2×1/3×5/9	_			Relinquished by: Lou Roth Jun HU I Bate Time:	Relinquished by: Date/Time:	Relinquished by: Date/Time:	TW - Treated Water (Point of Entry) Remarks:
Del Ma Providing Qual		Client Name: A XVC	Address: 11001 Etucanda	city: Foutawa	ຍ	ature	S B - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - - -	HOK!				Matrix Types DW - Drinking Water	SW - Surface Water RW - Raw Water (Source)	GW - Groundwater RW - Recreational Water	TW - Treated Water (Point of Entry)



	L	ABORATORY REPORT						
Prepared For:	Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337	Project:WDS Van Dam						
	Attention: Tony Morgan	Sampled: 08/01/03						
		Received: 08/01/03						
		Issued: 08/18/03						
		CA ELAP #1169						
weigh	t basis unless otherwise noted in the re lytical and its client. This report shall	t pertain only to the samples tested in the laboratory. All soil samples are reported on a wet eport. This Laboratory Report is confidential and is intended for the sole use of Del Mar not be reproduced, except in full, without written permission from Del Mar Analytical. ttire report was reviewed and approved for release.						

# SAMPLE CROSS REFERENCE

SUBCONTRACTED: Refer to the last page for specific subcontract laboratory information included in this report.

LABORATORY ID

CMH0004-01

**CLIENT ID** Van Dam #4 358' MATRIX Water

Jeanne Adade

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	WDS Van Dam		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Report Number:	CMH0004	Received:	08/01/03

		ME	TALS					
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 35	8' - Water)							
Reporting Units: ug/l								
Aluminum	EPA 200.7	3H06080	50	39000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Antimony	EPA 200.8	3H11042	2.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Arsenic	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	8.5	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Barium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	10	250	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Beryllium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	0.50	0.92	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Boron	EPA 200.7	3H06080	50	ND	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Cadmium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Calcium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	100	35000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Chromium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	5.0	82	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Copper	EPA 200.7	3H06080	10	56	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Iron	EPA 200.7	3H06080	40	56000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Lead	EPA 200.7	3H06080	5.0	13	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Magnesium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	20	22000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Manganese	EPA 200.7	3H06080	20	1100	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Mercury	EPA 245.1	3H04054	0.20	1.9	1	8/4/2003	8/4/2003	
Nickel	EPA 200.7	3H06080	10	65	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Potassium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	500	6600	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Selenium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	5.0	ND	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Silicon	EPA 200.7	3H06080	51	50000	1	8/6/2003	8/8/2003	
Silver	EPA 200.7	3H06080	10	ND	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Sodium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	500	36000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Thallium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Zinc	EPA 200.7	3H06080	20	120	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	



Layne Geosciences	Project ID: WDS Van Dam	
11001 Etiwanda Avenue		Sampled: 08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337	Report Number: CMH0004	Received: 08/01/03
Attention: Tony Morgan		

DISSOLVED METALS										
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data		
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers		
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam	#4 358' - Water)									
<b>Reporting Units: ug/l</b>										
Aluminum	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	50	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Antimony	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	2.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003			
Arsenic	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	1.0	1.4	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003			
Barium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	10	30	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Beryllium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	0.50	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	С		
Boron	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	50	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Cadmium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003			
Calcium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	100	18000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Chromium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Copper	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Iron	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	40	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Lead	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Magnesium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	20	2100	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Manganese	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	20	25	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Mercury	EPA 245.1-Diss	3H13076	0.20	ND	1	8/13/2003	8/13/2003			
Nickel	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Potassium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	500	2300	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Selenium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Silicon	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	51	5000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Silver	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Sodium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	500	33000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			
Thallium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003			
Zinc	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	20	24	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003			



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	WDS Van Dam		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337	Report Number:	CMH0004	Received:	08/01/03
Attention: Tony Morgan				

		INOR	GANICS					
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: °C	- Water)							
Temperature	EPA 170.1	3H06051	NA	23	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: Color Units	- Water)							
Color	SM2120B	3H02041	1.0	19	1	8/2/2003	8/2/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: mg/l	- Water)							
Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3H08061	2.0	130	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	
<b>Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3</b>	SM2320B	3H08061	2.0	130	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3H08061	2.0	ND	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3H08061	2.0	ND	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	
Ammonia-N	EPA 350.3	3H04032	0.50	ND	1	8/4/2003	8/4/2003	
Bromide	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Chloride	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	11	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Chromium VI	EPA 7196A	3H01087	0.010	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Total Cyanide	SM4500-CN-C,E	3H05061	0.025	ND	1	8/5/2003	8/5/2003	
Fluoride	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Hardness (as CaCO3)	SM2340B	3H06080	1.0	180	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Nitrate-NO3	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	11	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Nitrite-N	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.15	0.17	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.15	2.7	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Phosphorus	EPA 365.3	3H05050	0.050	1.1	1	8/5/2003	8/5/2003	
Sulfate	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	24	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Surfactants (MBAS)	SM5540-C	3H01091	0.10	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Total Dissolved Solids	EPA 160.1	3H06060	10	240	1	8/6/2003	8/6/2003	
Total Organic Carbon	EPA 415.1	3H07088	1.0	3.9	1	8/7/2003	8/7/2003	
Total Suspended Solids	EPA 160.2	3H05089	10	3600	1	8/5/2003	8/5/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: NTU	- Water)							
Turbidity	EPA 180.1	3H02040	100	2600	100	8/2/2003	8/2/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: pH Units	- Water)							
рН	EPA 150.1	3H01090	NA	7.84	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: T.O.N.	- Water)							
Odor	SM2150B	3H01089	1.0	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Project ID: WD		Sampled: 08/0 Received: 08/0							
INORGANICS										

			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' - '	Water)							
<b>Reporting Units: umhos/cm</b>								
Specific Conductance	EPA 120.1	3H06062	1.0	320	1	8/6/2003	8/6/2003	



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	WDS Van Dam		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337	Report Number:	CMH0004	Received:	08/01/03
Attention: Tony Morgan				

LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX											
Analyte Method I			Reporting Limit	Sample Result	Dilution Factor	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Data Oualifiers			
·	Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' - Water)										
Reporting Units: SI Units											
Langlier Index	SM 2330B	3H08066	0.010	0.16	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003				



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# SHORT HOLD TIME DETAIL REPORT

Same I. ID. Van Dans #4.2501 (CMI10004.01	Hold Time (in days)	Date/Time Sampled	Date/Time Received	Date/Time Extracted	Date/Time Analyzed
Sample ID: Van Dam #4 358' (CMH0004-01	) - water				
EPA 150.1	1	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 19:30	08/01/2003 20:45
EPA 170.1	1	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 07:30
EPA 180.1	2	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/02/2003 14:00	08/02/2003 15:00
EPA 300.0	2	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 19:15	08/01/2003 19:29
EPA 7196A	1	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 20:00	08/01/2003 20:02
SM2120B	2	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/02/2003 13:00	08/02/2003 14:00
SM2150B	1	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 20:30	08/01/2003 21:15
SM5540-C	2	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 20:43	08/01/2003 21:00



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

# **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H04054 Extracted: 08/04/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04054-BL	LK1)									
Mercury	ND	0.20	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04054-BS1	)									
Mercury	7.82	0.20	ug/l	8.00		98	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04	054-MS1)				Source: I	MH0056-(	01			
Mercury	7.69	0.20	ug/l	8.00	ND	96	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/04/03(	3H04054-MS	D1)			Source: I	MH0056-(	01			
Mercury	7.56	0.20	ug/l	8.00	ND	94	70-130	2	20	
Batch: 3H06080 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H06080-BL	<b>K</b> 1)									
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/l							
Barium	ND	10	ug/l							
Boron	ND	50	ug/l							
Calcium	ND	100	ug/l							
Chromium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Copper	ND	10	ug/l							
Iron	ND	40	ug/l							
Lead	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Magnesium	ND	20	ug/l							
Manganese	ND	20	ug/l							
Nickel	ND	10	ug/l							
Potassium	ND	500	ug/l							
Selenium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Silicon	ND	51	ug/l							
Silver	ND	10	ug/l							
Sodium	ND	500	ug/l							
Zinc	ND	20	ug/l							



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H06080 Extracted: 08/06/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H06080-BS)	l)									
Aluminum	458	50	ug/l	500		92	85-115			
Barium	517	10	ug/l	500		103	85-115			
Boron	515	50	ug/l	500		103	85-115			
Calcium	2580	100	ug/l	2500		103	85-115			
Chromium	510	5.0	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Copper	491	10	ug/l	500		98	85-115			
Iron	521	40	ug/l	500		104	85-115			
Lead	519	5.0	ug/l	500		104	85-115			
Magnesium	2620	20	ug/l	2500		105	85-115			
Manganese	510	20	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Nickel	496	10	ug/l	500		99	85-115			
Potassium	4790	500	ug/l	5000		96	85-115			
Selenium	503	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Silicon	2340	51	ug/l	2500		94	85-115			
Silver	254	10	ug/l	250		102	85-115			
Sodium	2570	500	ug/l	2500		103	85-115			
Zinc	503	20	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H0	6080-MS1)				Source: I	MH0140-(	01			
Aluminum	4220	50	ug/l	500	2600	324	70-130			M-HA
Barium	571	10	ug/l	500	62	102	70-130			
Boron	1550	50	ug/l	500	990	112	70-130			
Calcium	222000	100	ug/l	2500	220000	80	70-130			M-HA
Chromium	511	5.0	ug/l	500	4.2	101	70-130			
Copper	517	10	ug/l	500	11	101	70-130			
Iron	4410	40	ug/l	500	3500	182	70-130			M-HA
Lead	501	5.0	ug/l	500	3.8	99	70-130			
Magnesium	59600	20	ug/l	2500	56000	144	70-130			M-HA
Manganese	654	20	ug/l	500	150	101	70-130			
Nickel	466	10	ug/l	500	6.2	92	70-130			
Potassium	9830	500	ug/l	5000	4800	101	70-130			
Selenium	530	5.0	ug/l	500	16	103	70-130			
Silicon	25000	51	ug/l	2500	21000	160	70-130			M-HA
Silver	258	10	ug/l	250	ND	103	70-130			
Sodium	96700	500	ug/l	2500	92000	188	70-130			M-HA

Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

# **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H06080 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H0	6080-MS1)				Source: I	MH0140-(	01			
Zinc	558	20	ug/l	500	52	101	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/07/03	(3H06080-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MH0140-0	01			
Aluminum	4250	50	ug/l	500	2600	330	70-130	1	20	M-HA
Barium	572	10	ug/l	500	62	102	70-130	0	20	
Boron	1550	50	ug/l	500	990	112	70-130	0	20	
Calcium	221000	100	ug/l	2500	220000	40	70-130	1	20	M-HA
Chromium	515	5.0	ug/l	500	4.2	102	70-130	1	20	
Copper	517	10	ug/l	500	11	101	70-130	0	20	
Iron	4460	40	ug/l	500	3500	192	70-130	1	20	M-HA
Lead	505	5.0	ug/l	500	3.8	100	70-130	1	20	
Magnesium	59500	20	ug/l	2500	56000	140	70-130	0	20	M-HA
Manganese	654	20	ug/l	500	150	101	70-130	0	20	
Nickel	469	10	ug/l	500	6.2	93	70-130	1	20	
Potassium	9690	500	ug/l	5000	4800	98	70-130	1	20	
Selenium	540	5.0	ug/l	500	16	105	70-130	2	20	
Silicon	25000	51	ug/l	2500	21000	160	70-130	0	20	M-HA
Silver	258	10	ug/l	250	ND	103	70-130	0	20	
Sodium	95000	500	ug/l	2500	92000	120	70-130	2	20	M-HA
Zinc	558	20	ug/l	500	52	101	70-130	0	20	
Batch: 3H11042 Extracted: 08/11/03										

Blank Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-BLK1)										
Antimony	ND	2.0	ug/l							
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Beryllium	ND	0.50	ug/l							
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/l							



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

# **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H11042 Extracted: 08/11/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-BS1	)									
Antimony	90.5	2.0	ug/l	80.0		113	85-115			
Arsenic	88.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0		111	85-115			
Beryllium	83.0	0.50	ug/l	80.0		104	85-115			
Cadmium	85.1	1.0	ug/l	80.0		106	85-115			
Thallium	84.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0		105	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11	042-MS1)				Source: I	MH0411-(	01			
Antimony	82.3	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.49	102	70-130			
Arsenic	119	1.0	ug/l	80.0	34	106	70-130			
Beryllium	74.8	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	94	70-130			
Cadmium	71.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.092	89	70-130			
Thallium	79.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	99	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/11/03 (	3H11042-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MH0411-(	01			
Antimony	82.2	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.49	102	70-130	0	20	
Arsenic	119	1.0	ug/l	80.0	34	106	70-130	0	20	
Beryllium	76.2	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	95	70-130	2	20	
Cadmium	71.4	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.092	89	70-130	0	20	
Thallium	79.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	99	70-130	0	20	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H11039 Extracted: 08/11/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11039-BL	K1)									
Antimony	ND	2.0	ug/l							
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Beryllium	ND	0.50	ug/l							
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11039-BS1)	)									
Antimony	86.1	2.0	ug/l	80.0		108	85-115			
Arsenic	87.1	1.0	ug/l	80.0		109	85-115			
Beryllium	90.8	0.50	ug/l	80.0		114	85-115			
Cadmium	82.7	1.0	ug/l	80.0		103	85-115			
Thallium	82.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0		102	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11	039-MS1)				Source: C	CMH0004-	-01			
Antimony	87.3	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.78	108	70-130			
Arsenic	89.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0	1.4	110	70-130			
Beryllium	90.3	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	113	70-130			
Cadmium	82.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.047	103	70-130			
Thallium	82.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	103	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3	3H11039-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: C	CMH0004-	-01			
Antimony	87.9	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.78	109	70-130	1	20	
Arsenic	89.8	1.0	ug/l	80.0	1.4	110	70-130	0	20	
Beryllium	92.5	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	116	70-130	2	20	
Cadmium	82.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.047	103	70-130	0	20	
Thallium	82.9	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	104	70-130	1	20	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

# **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H13076 Extracted: 08/13/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13076-BL Mercury	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.20	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13076-BS1 Mercury	) 8.25	0.20	ug/l	8.00		103	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13 Mercury	<b>076-MS1</b> ) 7.75	0.20	ug/l	8.00	Source: C	C <b>MH0004</b> 97	<b>-01</b> 70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/13/03 ( Mercury	<b>3H13076-MS</b> 7.80	<b>D1</b> ) 0.20	ug/l	8.00	Source: C	C <b>MH0004</b> 98	<b>-01</b> 70-130	1	20	
Batch: 3H14051 Extracted: 08/14/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14051-BI	.K1)									
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/l							
Barium	ND	10	ug/l							
Boron	ND	50	ug/l							
Calcium	ND	100	ug/l							
Chromium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Copper	ND	10	ug/l							
Iron	ND	40	ug/l							
Lead	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Magnesium	ND	20	ug/l							
Manganese	ND	20	ug/l							
Nickel	ND	10	ug/l							
Potassium	ND	500	ug/l							
Selenium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Silicon	ND	51	ug/l							
Silver	ND	10	ug/l							
Sodium	ND	500	ug/l							
Zinc	ND	20	ug/l							



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

# **DISSOLVED METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H14051 Extracted: 08/14/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14051-BS1										M-NR1
Aluminum	498	50	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Barium	539	10	ug/l	500		108	85-115			
Boron	492	50	ug/l	500		98	85-115			
Calcium	2570	100	ug/l	2500		103	85-115			
Chromium	510	5.0	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Copper	515	10	ug/l	500		103	85-115			
Iron	518	40	ug/l	500		104	85-115			
Lead	506	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Magnesium	2560	20	ug/l	2500		102	85-115			
Manganese	524	20	ug/l	500		105	85-115			
Nickel	517	10	ug/l	500		103	85-115			
Potassium	5200	500	ug/l	5000		104	85-115			
Selenium	511	5.0	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Silicon	2700	51	ug/l	2500		108	85-115			
Silver	255	10	ug/l	250		102	85-115			
Sodium	2600	500	ug/l	2500		104	85-115			
Zinc	500	20	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
LCS Dup Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H1405)	l-BSD1)									
Aluminum	486	50	ug/l	500		97	85-115	2	20	
Barium	525	10	ug/l	500		105	85-115	3	20	
Boron	480	50	ug/l	500		96	85-115	2	20	
Calcium	2570	100	ug/l	2500		103	85-115	0	20	
Chromium	504	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115	1	20	
Copper	508	10	ug/l	500		102	85-115	1	20	
Iron	512	40	ug/l	500		102	85-115	1	20	
Lead	504	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115	0	20	
Magnesium	2530	20	ug/l	2500		101	85-115	1	20	
Manganese	525	20	ug/l	500		105	85-115	0	20	
Nickel	511	10	ug/l	500		102	85-115	1	20	
Potassium	5140	500	ug/l	5000		103	85-115	1	20	
Selenium	511	5.0	ug/l	500		102	85-115	0	20	
Silicon	2630	51	ug/l	2500		105	85-115	3	20	
Silver	248	10	ug/l	250		99	85-115	3	20	
Sodium	2590	500	ug/l	2500		104	85-115	0	20	
			-							

#### Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H14051 Extracted: 08/14/03										
LCS Dup Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H1405) Zinc	- <b>BSD1</b> ) 495	20	ug/l	500		99	85-115	1	20	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H01037 Extracted: 08/01/03										
	171)									
Blank Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01037-BI		0.50								
Bromide	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Chloride	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Fluoride	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrate-NO3	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrite-N	ND	0.15	mg/l							
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	ND	0.15	mg/l							
Sulfate	ND	0.50	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01037-BS1	)									
Bromide	4.74	0.50	mg/l	5.00		95	90-110			
Chloride	4.64	0.50	mg/l	5.00		93	90-110			М3
Fluoride	4.78	0.50	mg/l	5.00		96	90-110			
Nitrate-NO3	4.91	0.50	mg/l	5.00		98	90-110			
Nitrite-N	1.43	0.15	mg/l	1.52		94	90-110			
Sulfate	9.70	0.50	mg/l	10.0		97	90-110			М3
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01	037-MS1)				Source: I	MH0049-	02			
Bromide	6.07	2.5	mg/l	5.00	2.0	81	80-120			
Fluoride	6.00	2.5	mg/l	5.00	1.2	96	80-120			
Nitrate-NO3	5.99	2.5	mg/l	5.00	ND	120	80-120			
Nitrite-N	4.23	0.75	mg/l	1.52	ND	278	80-120			M1
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/01/03(	3H01037-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MH0049-	02			
Bromide	6.62	2.5	mg/l	5.00	2.0	92	80-120	9	20	
Fluoride	6.15	2.5	mg/l	5.00	1.2	99	80-120	2	20	
Nitrate-NO3	5.52	2.5	mg/l	5.00	ND	110	80-120	8	20	
Nitrite-N	5.02	0.75	mg/l	1.52	ND	330	80-120	17	20	M1



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H01087 Extracted: 08/01/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01087-BL Chromium VI	J <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.010	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01087-BS1 Chromium VI	) 0.0975	0.010	mg/l	0.100		97	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01 Chromium VI	087-MS1) 0.311	0.010	mg/l	0.300	Source: ( ND	C <b>MH0004</b> 104	- <b>01</b> 85-115			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/01/03 ( Chromium VI	<b>3H01087-MSE</b> 0.301	<b>01</b> ) 0.010	mg/l	0.300	Source: ( ND	C <b>MH0004</b> 100	<b>-01</b> 85-115	3	20	
Batch: 3H01089 Extracted: 08/01/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01089-BL Odor	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	1.0	T.O.N.							
Batch: 3H01090 Extracted: 08/01/03										
<b>Duplicate Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01090</b> pH	- <b>DUP1</b> ) 8.87	NA	pH Units		<b>Source: I</b> 8.85	MH0056-	01	0	5	
Batch: 3H01091 Extracted: 08/01/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01091-BL Surfactants (MBAS)	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.10	mg/l							



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Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H01091 Extracted: 08/01/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01091-BS1) Surfactants (MBAS)	0.230	0.10	mg/l	0.250		92	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01	091-MS1)				Source: (	СМН0004-	-01			
Surfactants (MBAS)	0.235	0.10	mg/l	0.250	ND	94	50-125			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3	3H01091-MSE	<b>D1</b> )			Source: (	CMH0004-	·01			
Surfactants (MBAS)	0.237	0.10	mg/l	0.250	ND	95	50-125	1	20	
Batch: 3H02040 Extracted: 08/02/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/02/03 (3H02040-BL	K1)									
Turbidity	ND	1.0	NTU							
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/02/03 (3H02040	-DUP1)				Source: I	MH0089-0	01			
Turbidity	2.13	1.0	NTU		2.1			1	20	
Batch: 3H02041 Extracted: 08/02/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/02/03 (3H02041	-DUP1)				Source: (	смнооо4-	·01			
Color	19.0	1.0	Color Units		19			0	20	
Batch: 3H04032 Extracted: 08/04/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04032-BL	K1)									
Ammonia-N	ND	0.50	mg/l							



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Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

# **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H04032 Extracted: 08/04/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04032-BS1 Ammonia-N	) 1.14	0.50	mg/l	1.00		114	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04	032-MS1)				Source: I	MH0056-	01			
Ammonia-N	2.08	0.50	mg/l	2.00	ND	104	75-125			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/04/03 (	3H04032-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: I	MH0056-	01			
Ammonia-N	2.03	0.50	mg/l	2.00	ND	102	75-125	2	15	
Batch: 3H05050 Extracted: 08/05/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05050-BL Phosphorus	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.050	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05050-BS1	)									
Phosphorus	0.963	0.050	mg/l	1.00		96	80-120			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05	050-MS1)				Source: I	MH0081-	01			
Phosphorus	1.05	0.050	mg/l	1.00	0.034	102	65-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/05/03 (	3H05050-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: I	MH0081-	01			
Phosphorus	1.04	0.050	mg/l	1.00	0.034	101	65-130	1	15	
Batch: 3H05061 Extracted: 08/05/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05061-BL	.K1)									
Total Cyanide	ND	0.025	mg/l							



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# **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

# **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H05061 Extracted: 08/05/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05061-BS1) Total Cyanide	) 0.189	0.025	mg/l	0.200		94	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05	,					MG1569-(				
Total Cyanide	0.190	0.025	mg/l	0.200	ND	95	70-115			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3	3H05061-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: I	MG1569-0	01			
Total Cyanide	0.192	0.025	mg/l	0.200	ND	96	70-115	1	15	
Batch: 3H05089 Extracted: 08/05/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05089-BL	K1)									
Total Suspended Solids	ND	10	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05089-BS1)	)									
Total Suspended Solids	1010	10	mg/l	1000		101	85-115			
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05089	-DUP1)				Source: I	MH0139-0	01			
Total Suspended Solids	ND	10	mg/l		ND				5	
Batch: 3H06060 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/06/03 (3H06060-BL	K1)									
Total Dissolved Solids	ND	10	mg/l							
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/06/03 (3H06060	-DUP1)				Source: I	MH0125-0	01			
Total Dissolved Solids	371	10	mg/l		370			0	20	



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METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H06060 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Reference Analyzed: 08/06/03 (3H06060 Total Dissolved Solids	<b>)-SRM1</b> ) 986	10	mg/l	1000		99	90-110			
Batch: 3H06062 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/06/03 (3H06062	<i>,</i>	1.0				MH0125-0	01		_	
Specific Conductance	578	1.0	umhos/cm		570			1	5	
Batch: 3H06080 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H06080-BI Hardness (as CaCO3)	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	1.0	mg/l							
Batch: 3H07088 Extracted: 08/07/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H07088-BI	,	1.0	(1							
Total Organic Carbon	ND	1.0	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H07088-BS1 Total Organic Carbon	) 9.60	1.0	mg/l	10.0		96	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H07	(088-MS1)				Source: I	MH0056-(	01			
Total Organic Carbon	7.99	1.0	mg/l	5.00	2.9	102	80-120			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/07/03 ( Total Organic Carbon	<b>3H07088-M</b> 7.47	<b>SD1</b> ) 1.0	mg/l	5.00	<b>Source: I</b> 2.9	<b>MH0056-</b> 0 91	<b>01</b> 80-120	7	20	



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**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H08061 Extracted: 08/08/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/08/03 (3H0806	1-DUP1)				Source: C	MH0004-	01			
Alkalinity as CaCO3	128	2.0	mg/l		130			2	20	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	128	2.0	mg/l		130			2	20	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND	2.0	mg/l		ND				20	
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND	2.0	mg/l		ND				20	
Reference Analyzed: 08/08/03 (3H0806		2.0		211		07	04 105			
Alkalinity as CaCO3	302	2.0	mg/l	311		97	94-105			



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

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Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# **DATA QUALIFIERS AND DEFINITIONS**

- С Calibration Verification recovery was above the method control limit for this analyte. Analyte not detected, data not impacted.
- M1The MS and/or MSD were above the acceptance limits due to sample matrix interference. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- M3 Results exceeded the linear range in the MS/MSD and therefore are not available for reporting. The batch was accepted based on acceptable recovery in the Blank Spike (LCS).
- М-НА Due to high levels of analyte in the sample, the MS/MSD calculation does not provide useful spike recovery information. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- M-NR1 There was no MS/MSD analyzed with this batch due to insufficient sample volume. See Blank Spike/Blank Spike Duplicate.
- ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit or MDL, if MDL is specified.
- RPD **Relative Percent Difference**
- T.O.N. Threshhold Odor Number
- SI Units Saturation Index Units



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	WDS Van Dam		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Report Number:	CMH0004	Received:	08/01/03

# **Certification Summary**

#### **Subcontracted Laboratories**

Del Mar Analytical - Irvine NELAP Accreditation #01108CA, CA ELAP Cert #1197, AZ DHS Licence #AZ0428 and NV Cert #CA-72

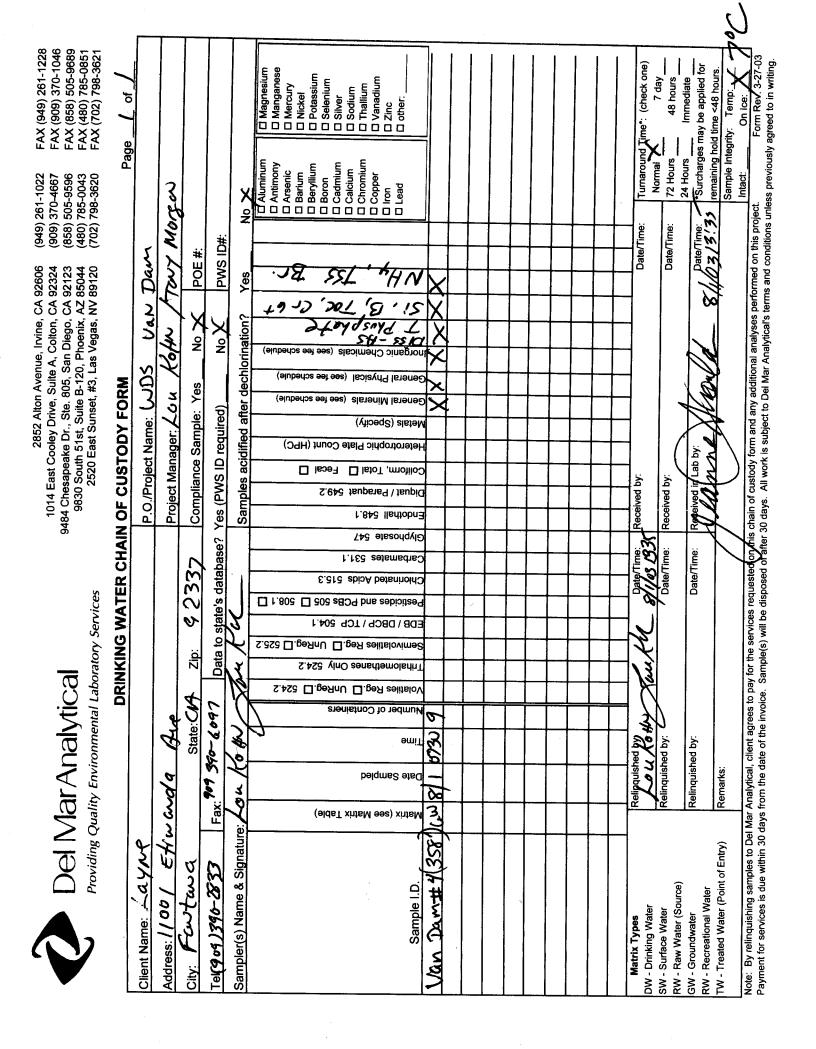
2852 Alton Ave. - Irvine, CA 92606 Method Performed: EPA 120.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 150.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 160.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 160.2 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 170.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 180.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.7 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.7-Diss Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.8 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.8-Diss Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 245.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 245.1-Diss Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 300.0 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 350.3 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 365.3 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 415.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 7196A Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM 2330B Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM2120B Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM2150B Samples: CMH0004-01



Project ID: WDS Van Dam	
	Sampled: 08/01/03
Report Number: CMH0004	Received: 08/01/03
	,

Del Mar Analytical - Irvine NELAP Accreditation #01108CA, CA ELAP Cert #1197, AZ DHS Licence #AZ0428 and NV Cert #CA-72

2852 Alton Ave. - Irvine, CA 92606 Method Performed: SM2320B Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM2340B Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM4500-CN-C,E Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM5540-C Samples: CMH0004-01



## **Appendix E** Hydroscience Modeling Results

### Fax Memorandum

PSOMAS

To: Ralph Phraner From: Kathy Hughes Date: August 18, 1998 Subject: Current USGS Model for Antelope Valley Pages: 1

To assist us in our modeling of the western Antelope Valley, I have had a few discussions with USGS personnel in Sacramento, who are at the final stages of three groundwater models of the Antelope Valley. Because of their familiarity with the area, it would be valuable to be aware of what parameters they use, and apply their expertise where appropriate.

I talked yesterday with David Leighton, who is spearheading the modeling. He knows we are doing an investigation of some sort in the western Antelope Valley. Here's what he relayed about the USGS model:

- The Antelope Valley as a whole is modeled in three layers. This is especially
  appropriate in eastern areas, where a thick blue clay is present. The thickness of the
  layers is based on information from e-logs in the Lancaster and Edwards areas. The
  lower layer is not present at the edges of the valley. The layers are modeled as being
  flat.
- The layers are defined in terms of elevation: The bottom of the top layer is from the water table to 1950 msl; the second is from 1950 ft msl to 1550 msl; and the third layer is from 1550 ft msl to 1000 ft msl.
- The hydraulic conductivity (K) is modeled as being 2 ft/day in the westernmost part
  of the valley. Towards the eastern end of the area we are considering, the K has
  pockets with values as high as 24 ft/day. The pockets were located by looking at
  areas of high specific capacities. The K values were calculated by back-calculating
  from Durbin's (1978) transmissivity values.
- Transmissivity (T) varies in layer 1 with specific capacities. T in layer 2 is modeled at 4,000 ft<sup>2</sup>/day. T in layer 3 is modeled at 1,000 ft<sup>2</sup>/day.
- The USGS considers 1000 ft msl as the base of the productive aquifer. They've found that the model is not sensitive to varying this. Water in the Lancaster area has been found to have high levels of arsenic.
- The USGS model is using a ratio of horizontal to vertical K of 10:1, based on experience in the Mojave Desert and other nearby areas, although a sensitivity analysis has not been performed on this ratio.

HydroScience

# Summary of Simulation Results USGS Modflow Model Neenach Subbasin, West Antelope Valley

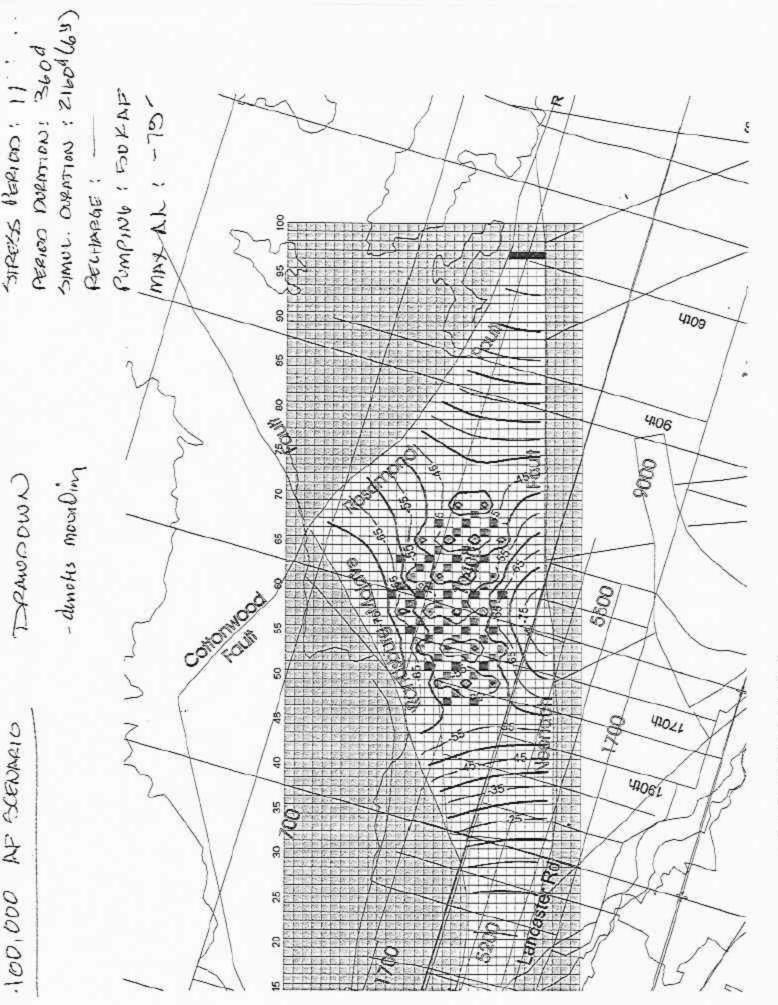
			Period	Cumulative	Iative	SCILESS	Stress Period	Cumulanve	MUMIXEM
		Stress	Duration	Simulation Duration	Duration	Recharge	Pumping	Storage	Head Change
	Simulation	Period	(days)	(days)	(years)	(KAF)	(KAF)	(KAF)	(ft)*
100,001	100,000 AF Scenario								
Year 1	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	5 <del>-</del> 2	180	180 360	0.5	100	0000	100 50	-637
Year 2	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	04	180 180	540 720	1.5 2.0	100	0 50	150	-162 -63
Year 3	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	6.5	180 180	900 1080	2.5 3.0	100	50	200 150	-182 -83
Year 4	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	~ 8	180	1260	3.5	100	50	250 200	-200
Year 5	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	60	180	1620	4.5 5.0	100	50	300 250	-216 -118
Year 6	Pumping (50 KAF)	1	360	2160	6.0	0	50	200	-62
Year 7	Year 7 Pumping (50 KAF)	12	360	2520	7.0	o	50	150	62-
Year 8	Pumping (50 KAF)	13	360	2880	8.0	0	50	100	-49
nobile 1.	mobile 1: Nd: becomes landelope ls/mulations ummary_100 x/s 9/8/98 rwp	#1. 100.xls 9/8/98	dwp.				<ul> <li>Computed from starting w</li> </ul>	Computed from starting water lavels;	lavels

HydroScience

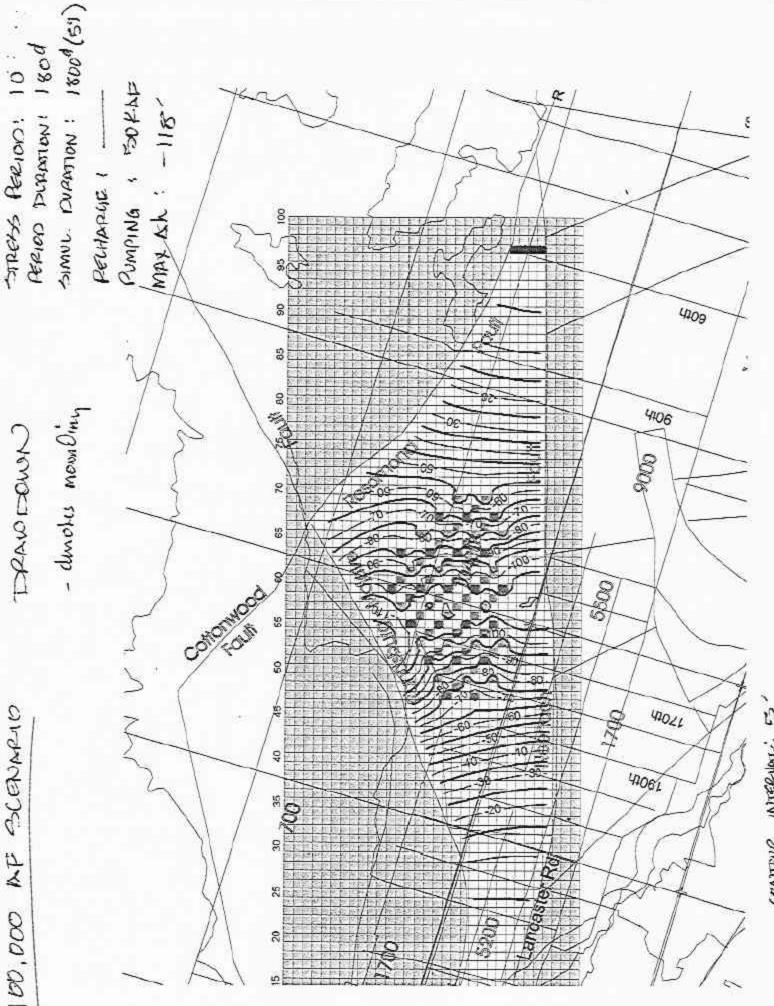
# Summary of Simulation Results USGS Modflow Model Neenach Subbasin, West Antelope Valley

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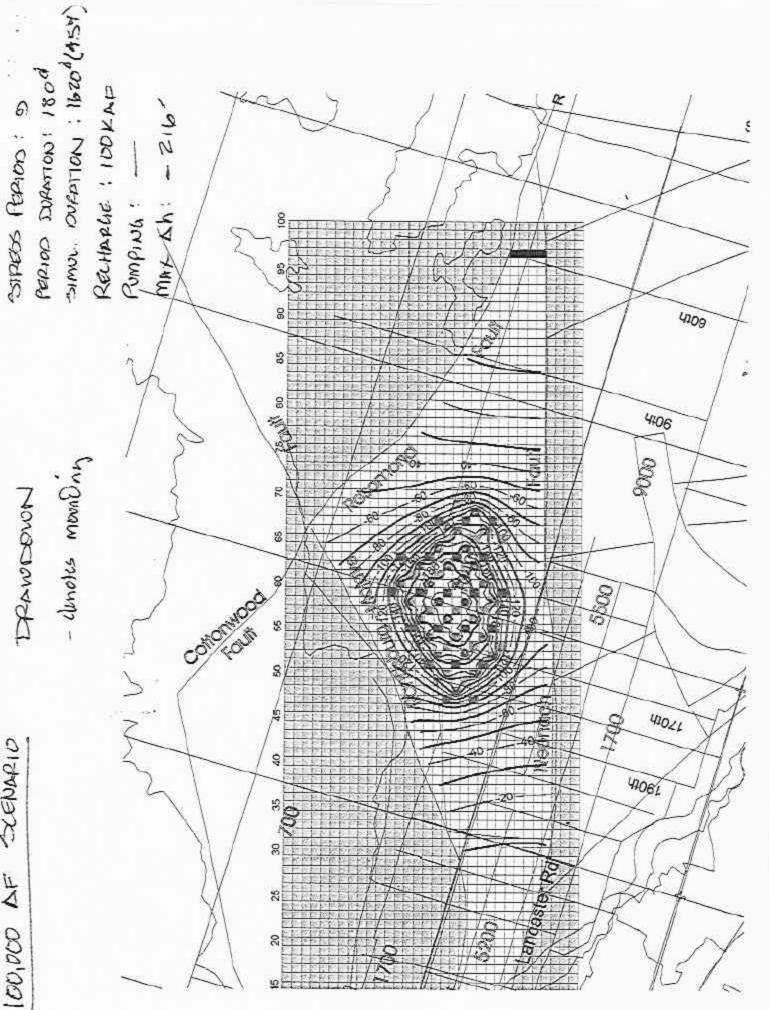
			Period	Cumulative	lative	Stress Period	Period	Cumulative	Maximum
	Simulation	Stress Period	(days)	Simulation Duration (days) (vears)	(vears)	Recharge (KAF)	Pumping	Storage	Head Change
50,000	50,000 AF Scenario								0
Year 1	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	- N	180	180 360	0.5	50 0	0 25	100	-70
Year 2	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	ω <b>4</b>	180 180	540 720	1.5 2.0	50 0	0 25	125	-82
Year 3	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	ى م	180 180	900 1080	2.5 3.0	0 20	0 25	150	-93 -41
Year 4	Recharge (100)KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	200	188	1260	3.5	50 0	0 25	175	-102 -51
Year 5	Recharge (100 KAF) Pumping (50 KAF)	9 <del>0</del>	180 180	1620 1800	4.5 5.0	50 0	0 25	200	-110 -59
Year 6	Year 6 Pumping (50 KAF)	11	360	2160	6.0	0	25	150	69-
Year 7	Pumping (50 KAF)	12	360	2520	7.0	0	25	125	-34
Year 8	Year 8 Pumping (50 KAF)	13	360	2880	8.0	•	25	100	-28



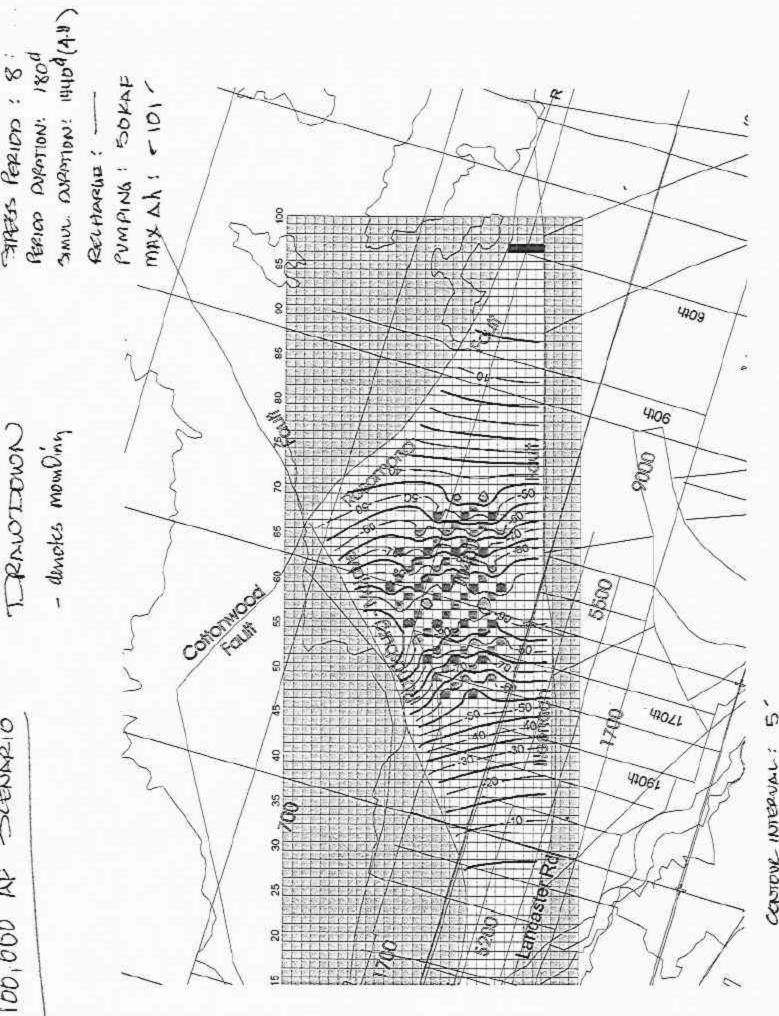
CRUTCHE INTERVAL ! 5'



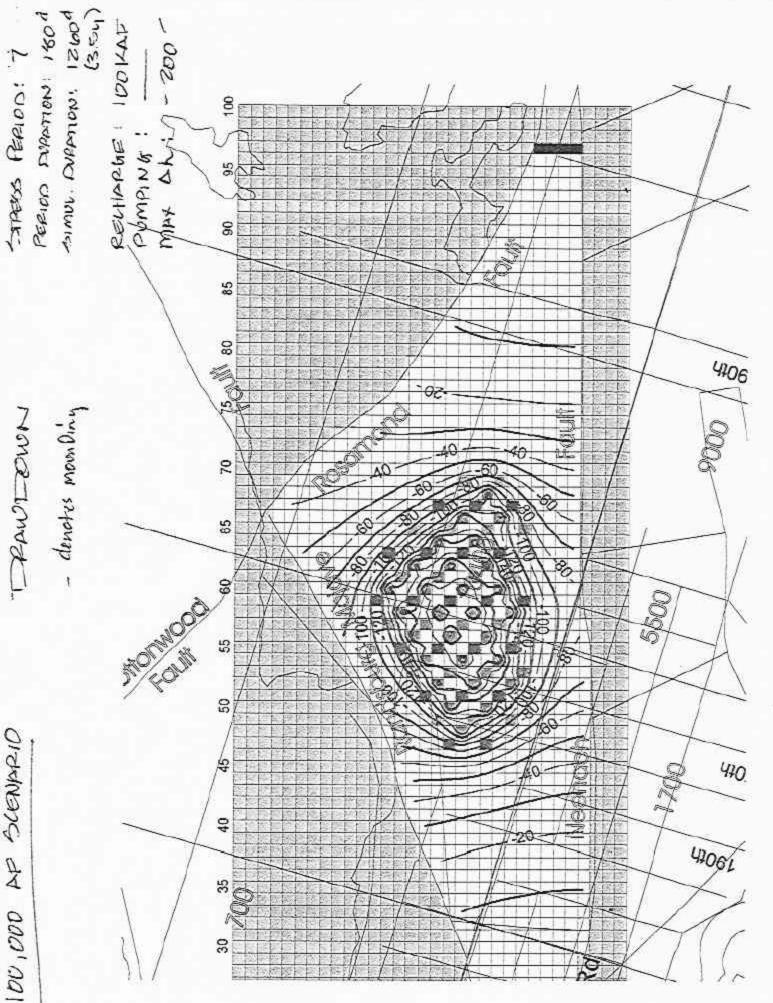
CANTOUR INTERVAL! 55'



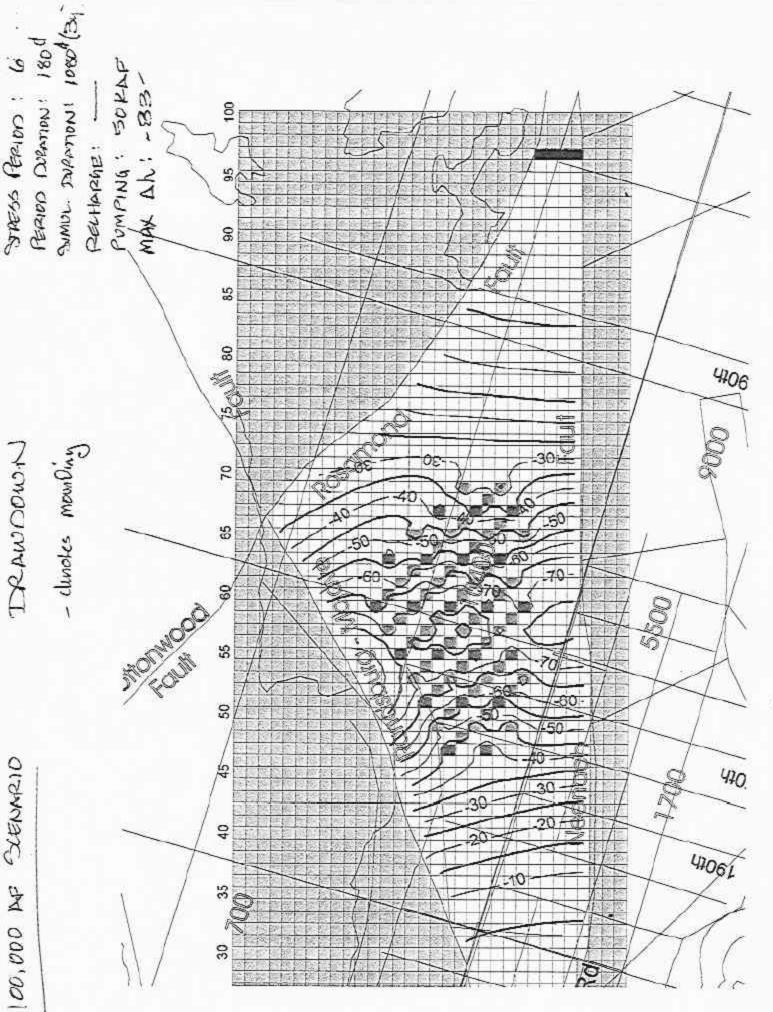
COLOROW INTERNAL : 10'



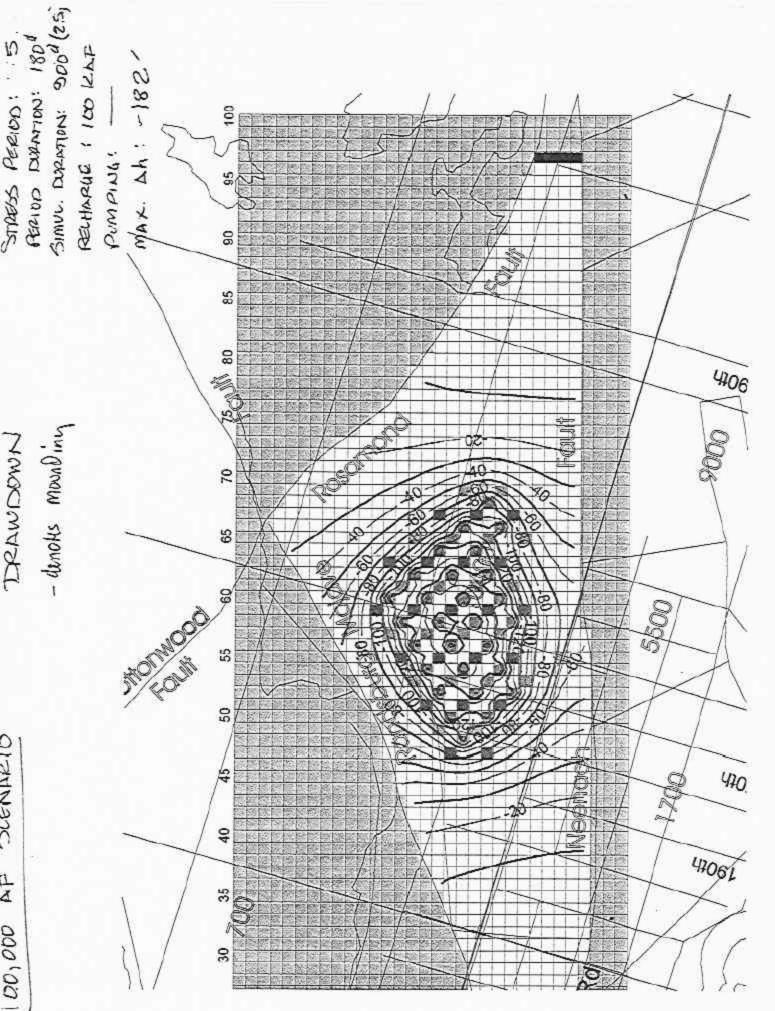
: INVITATION JUDIONO



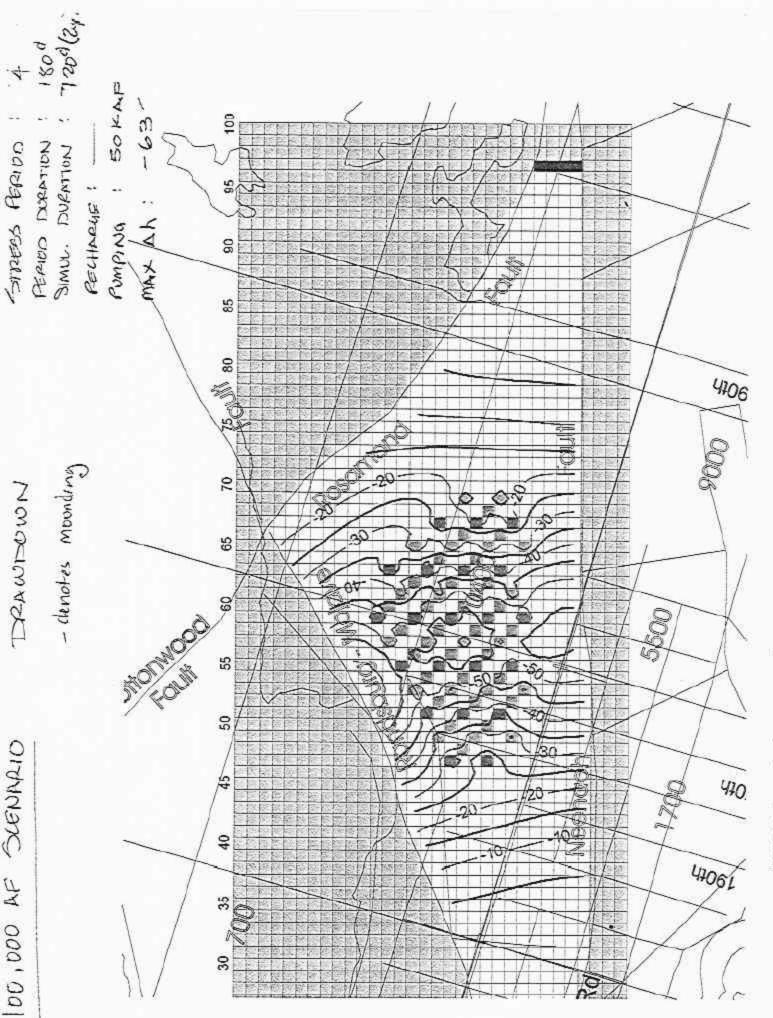
CONTOUR INTERVAL : 10'



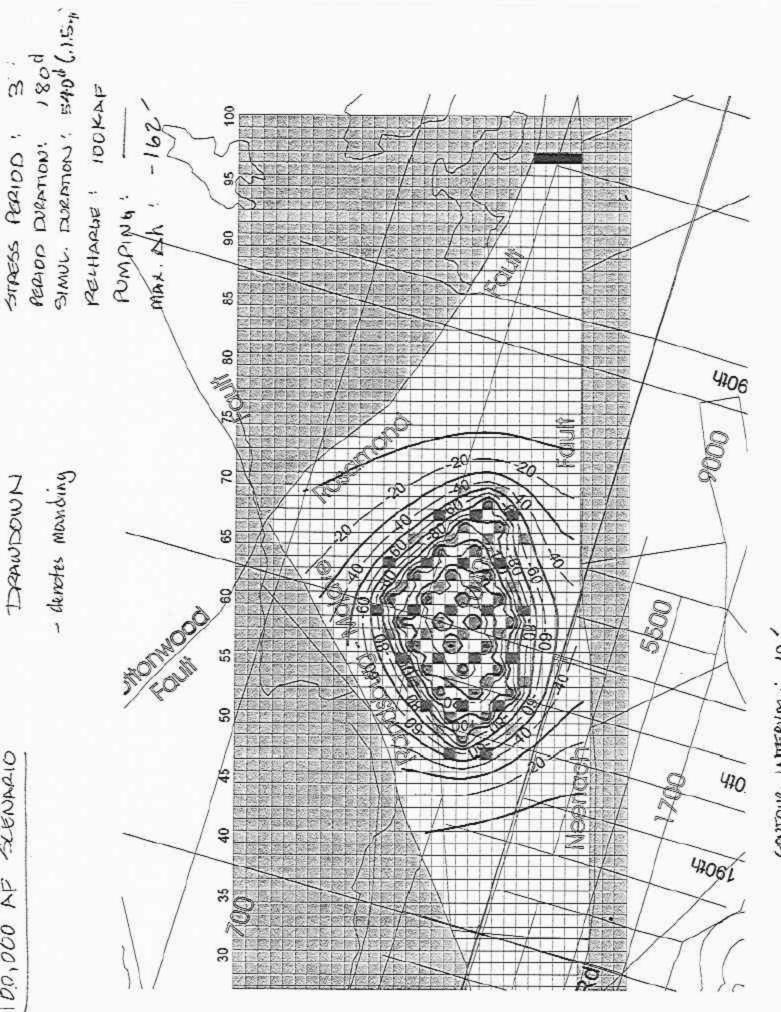
LONTONE INTERAR! 5'



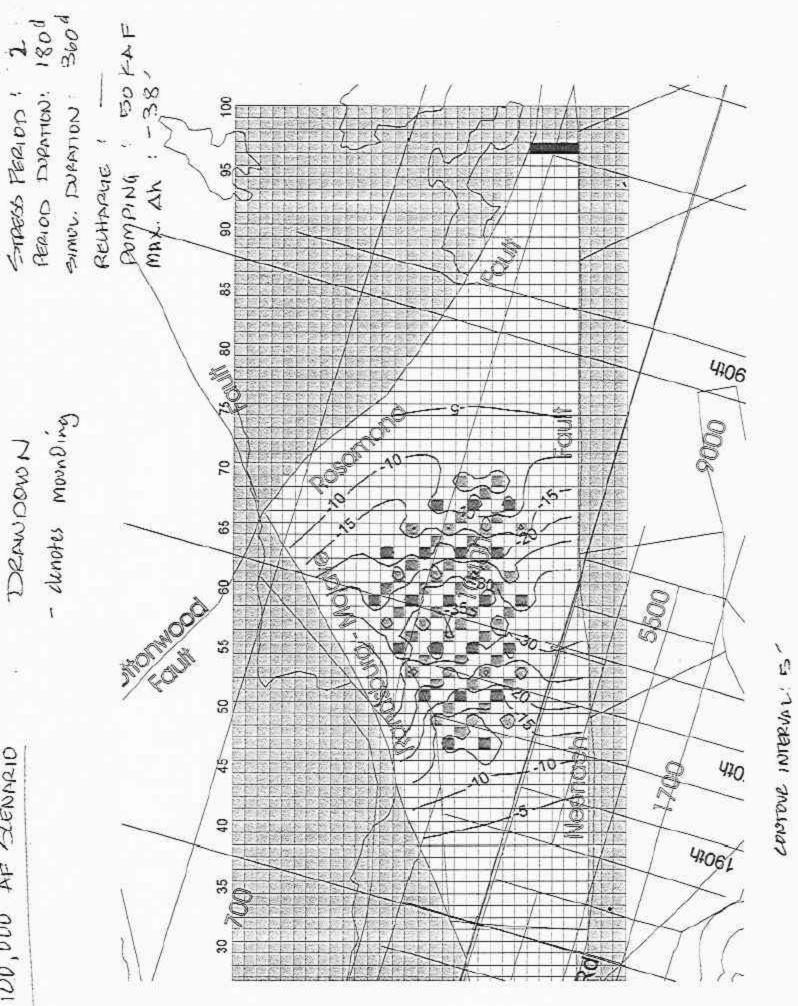
CONTOUR INTERNAL: 10'

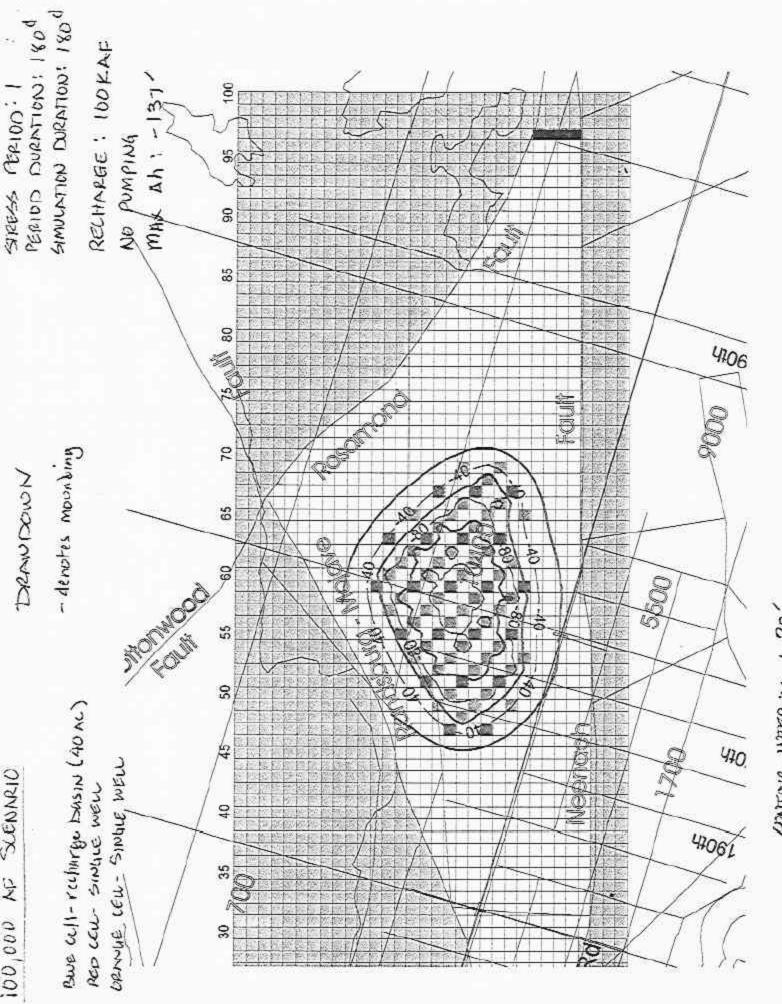


CONTRUE INTERVAL: 5'

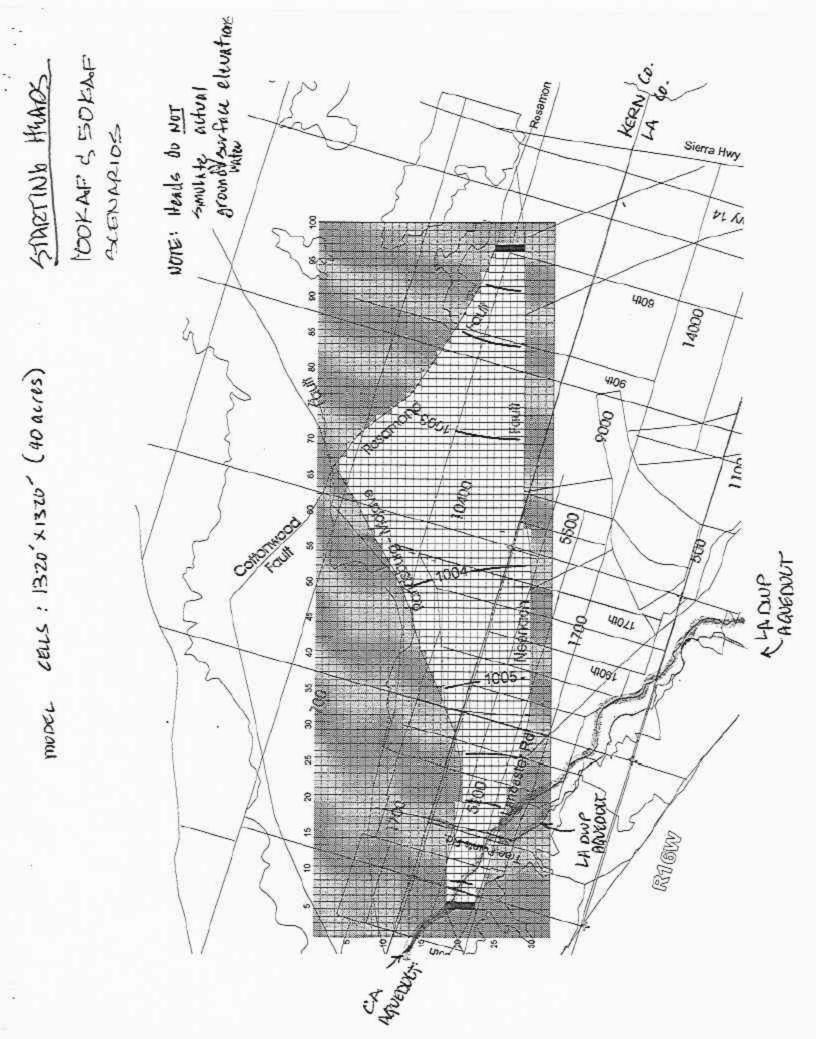


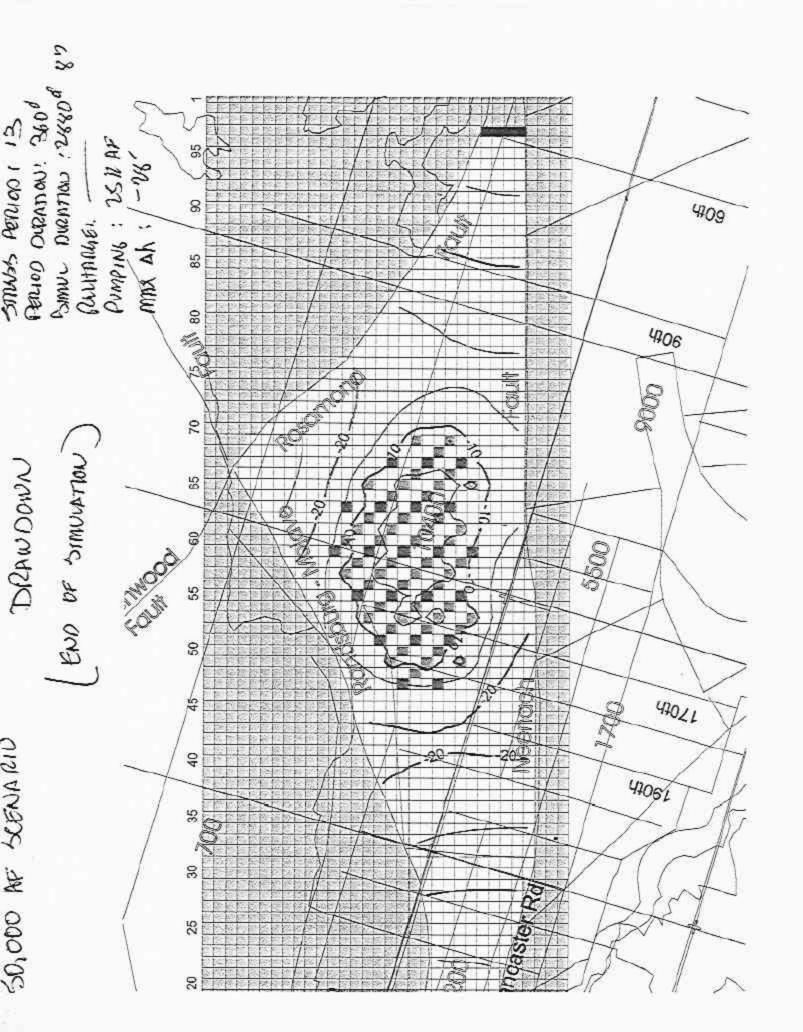
CONTOUR INTERVAN: 10'

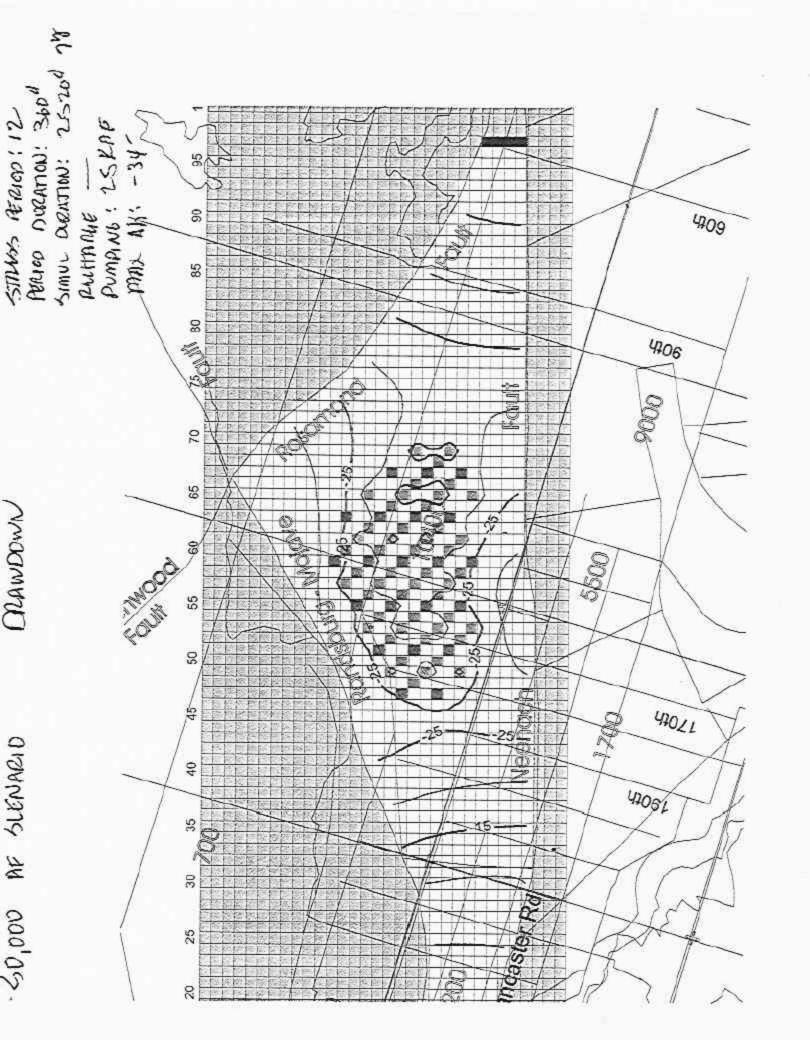


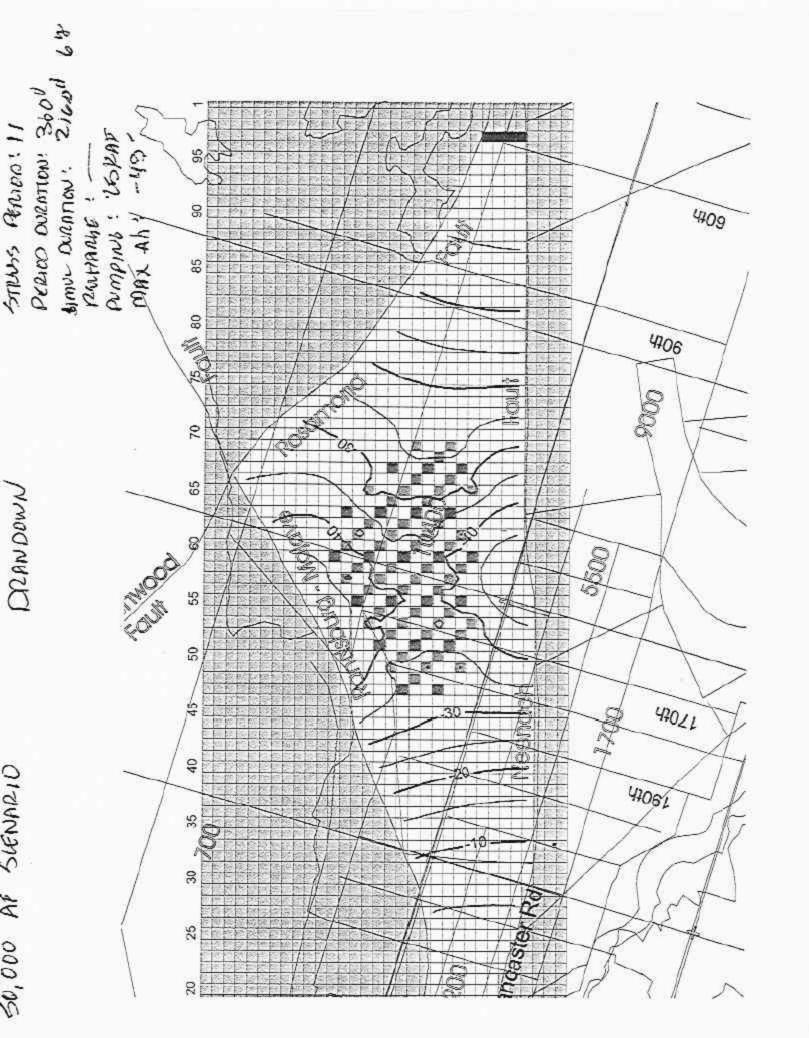


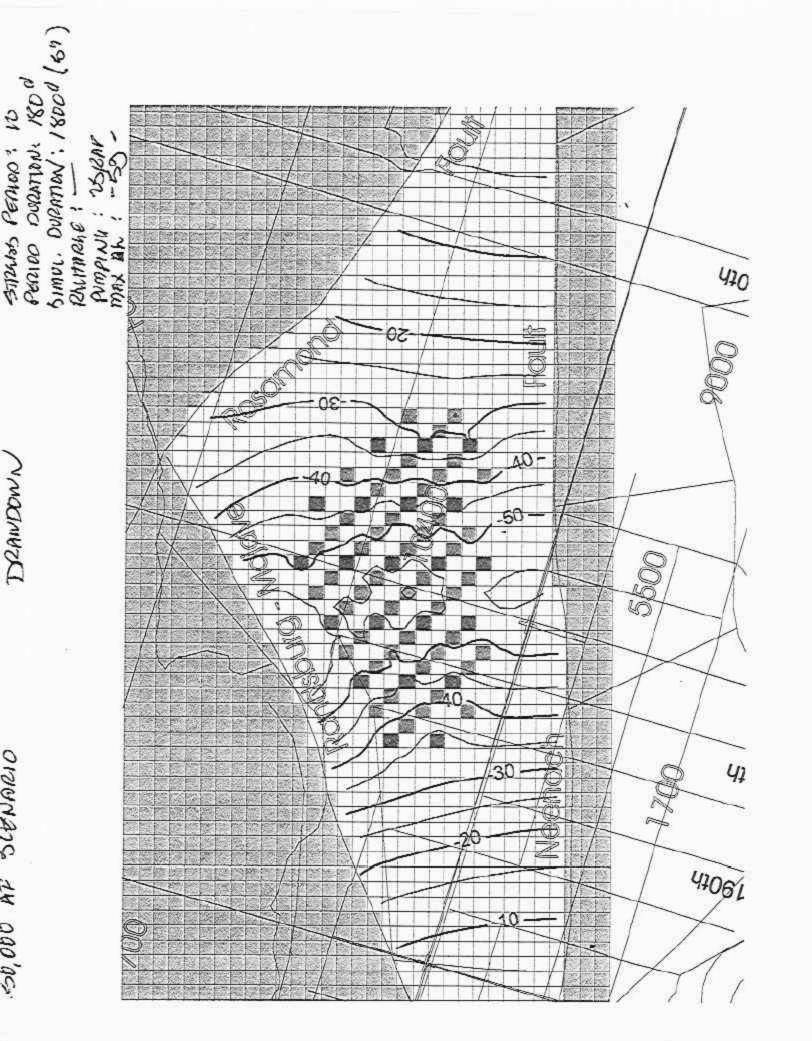
CONTOUR INTERVIAL ! 20'

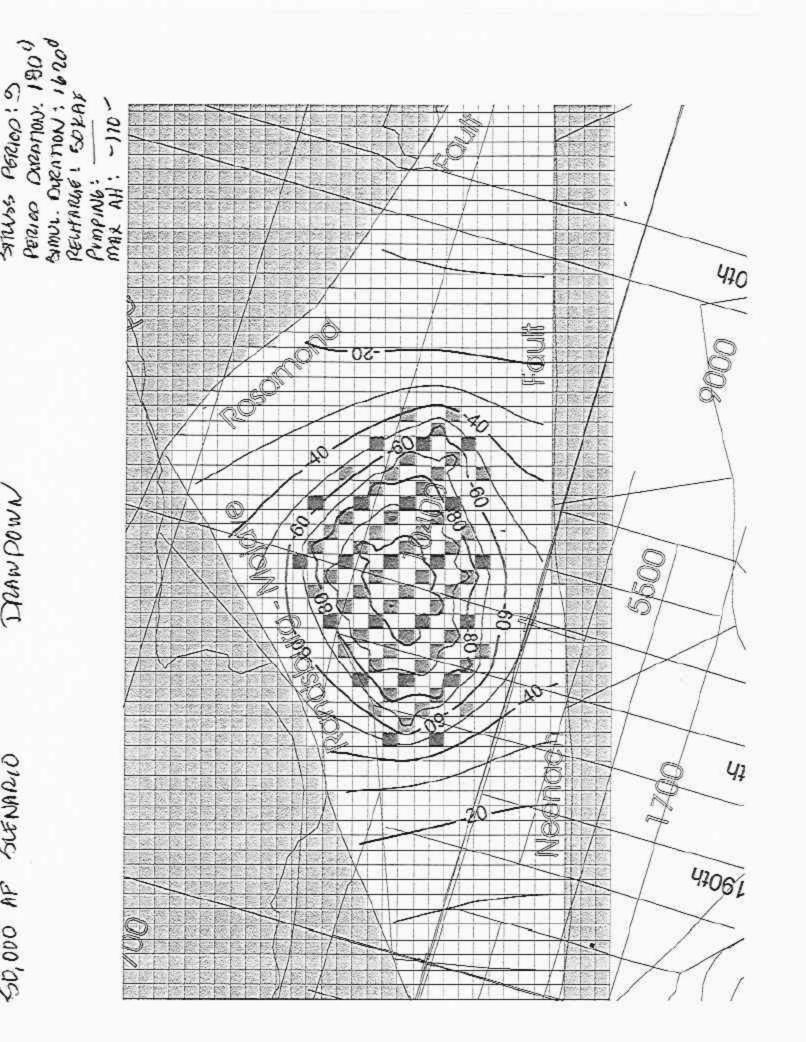


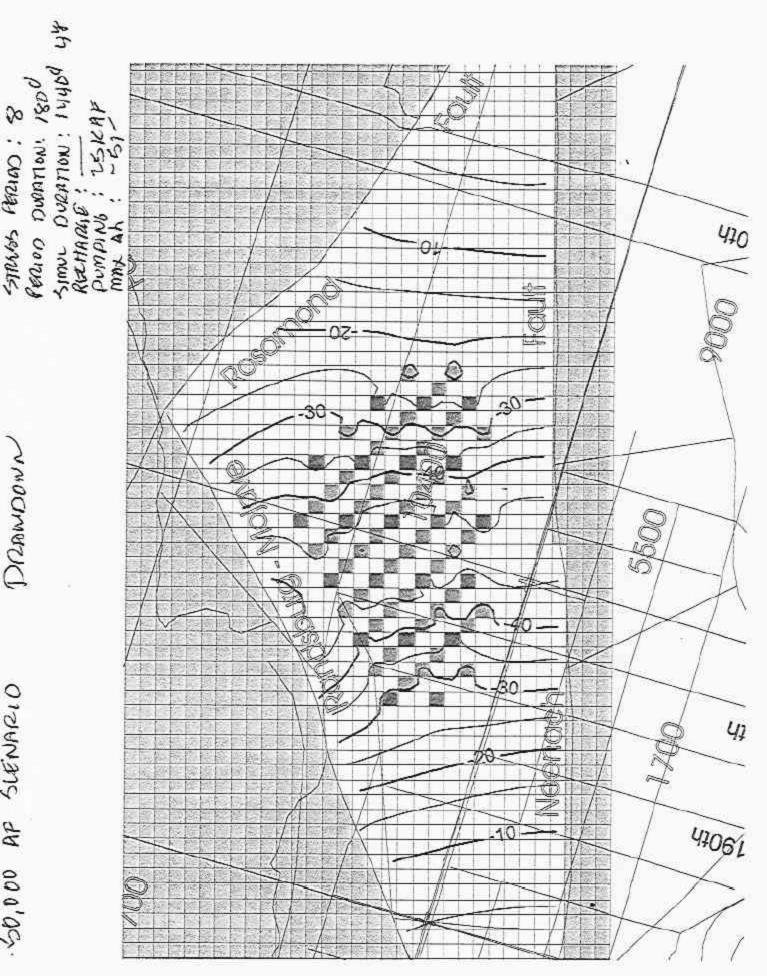


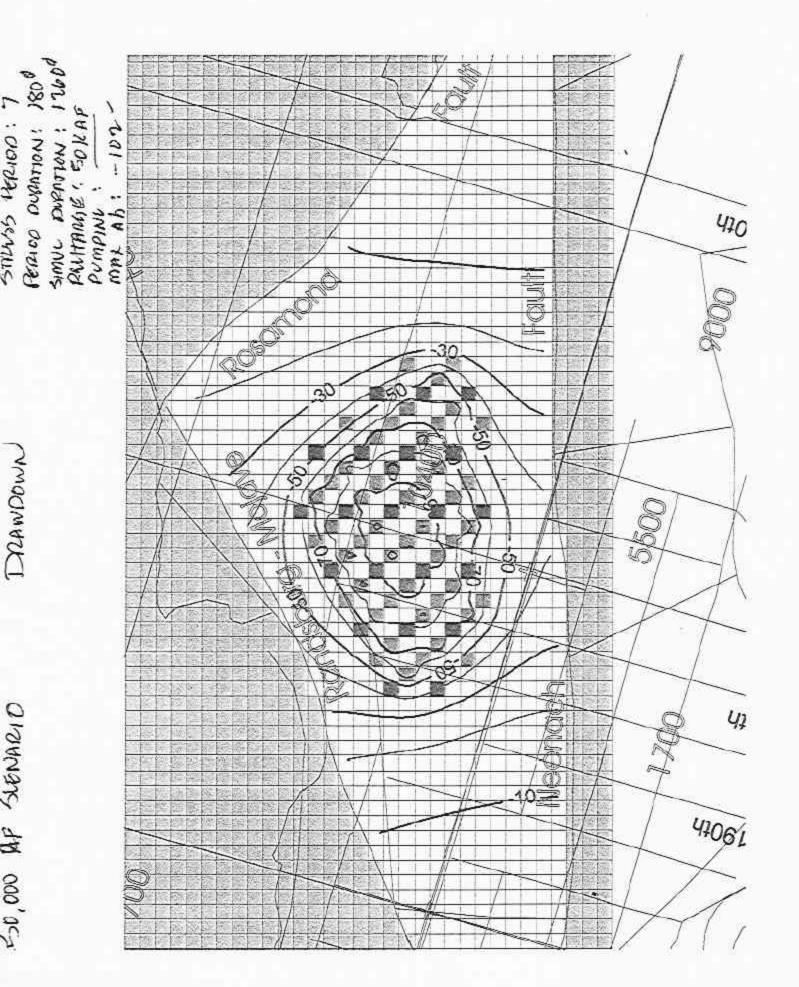


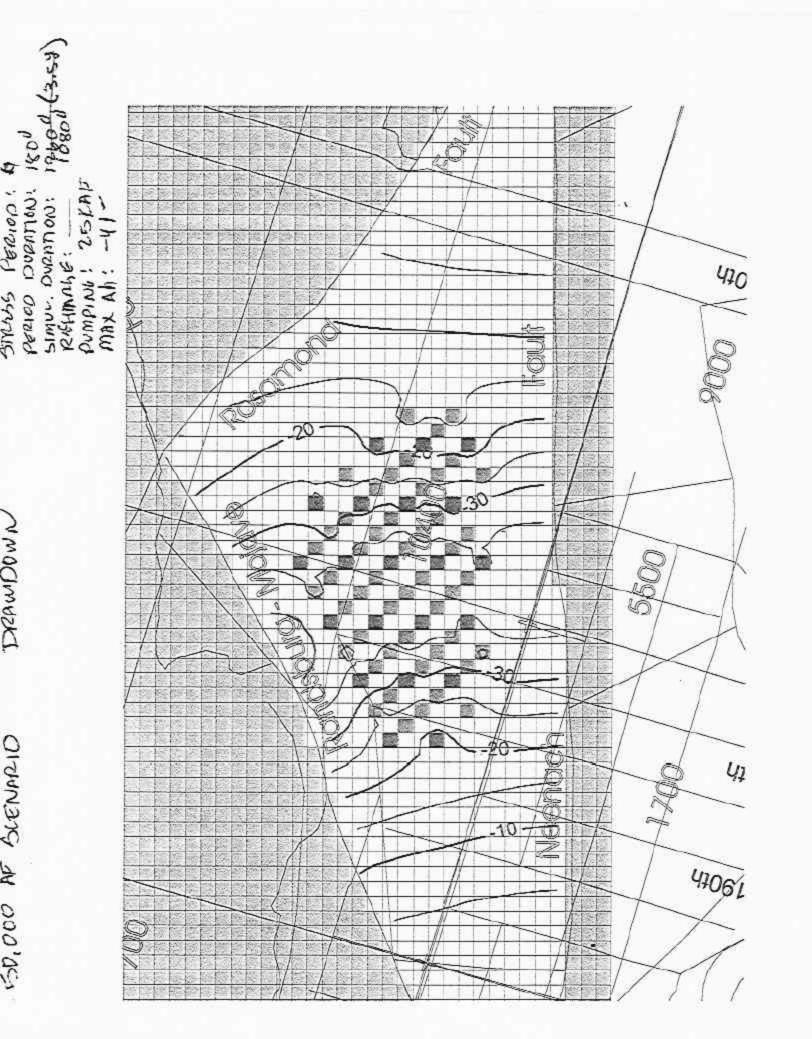


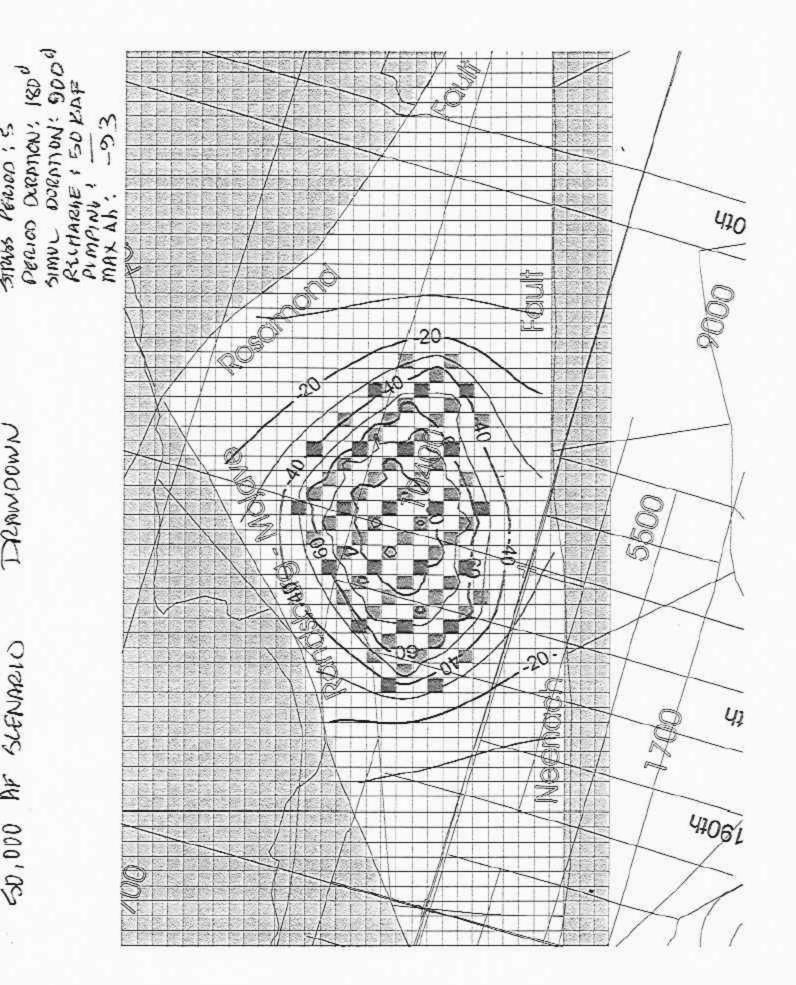


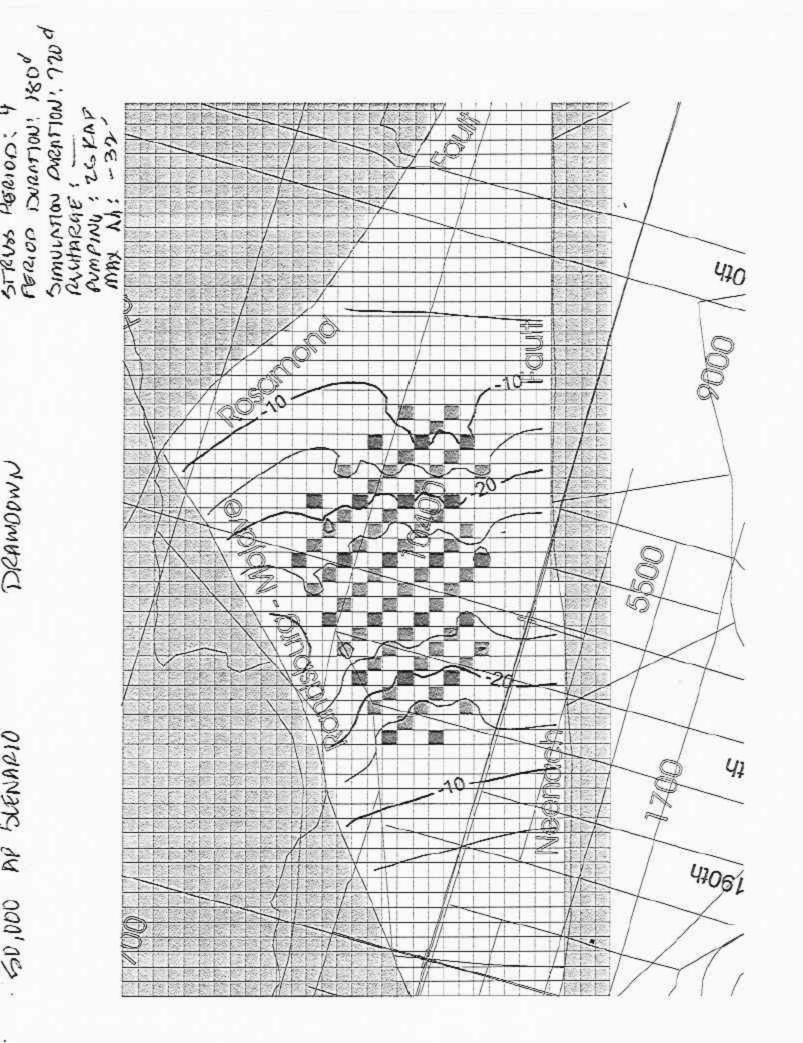


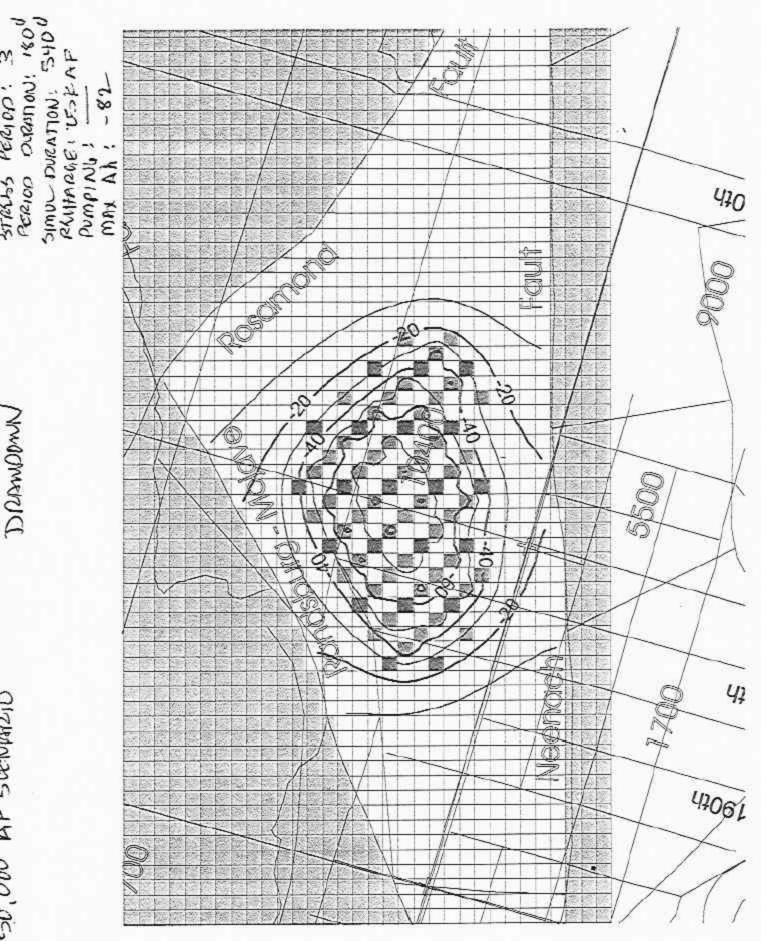


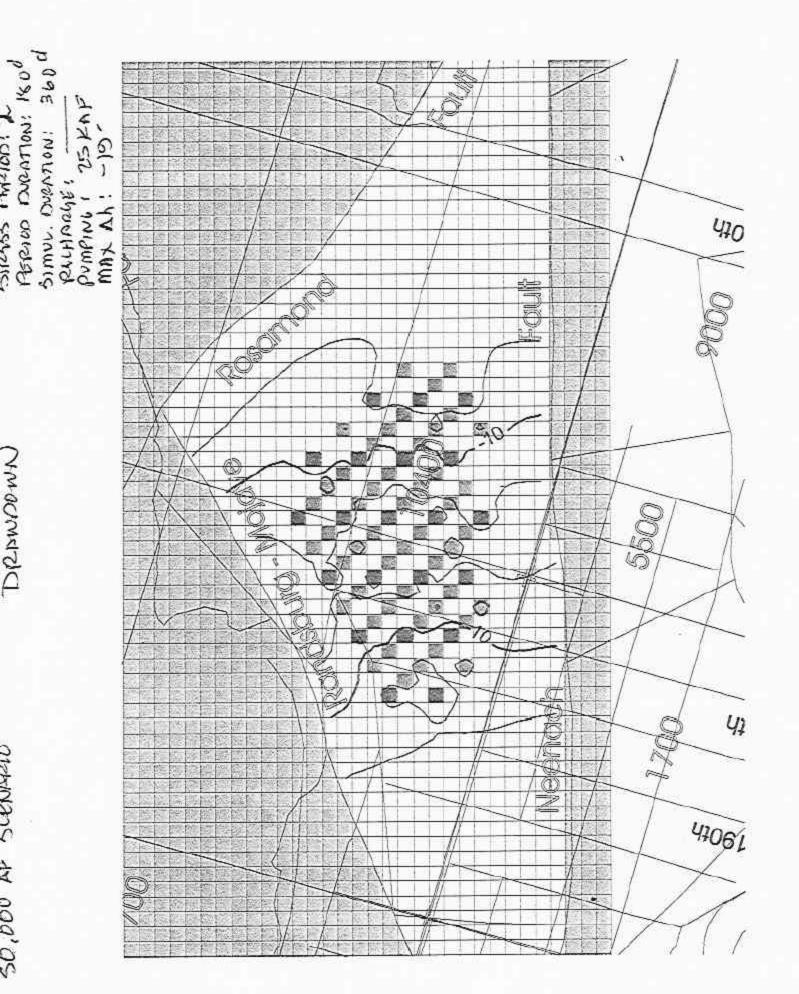


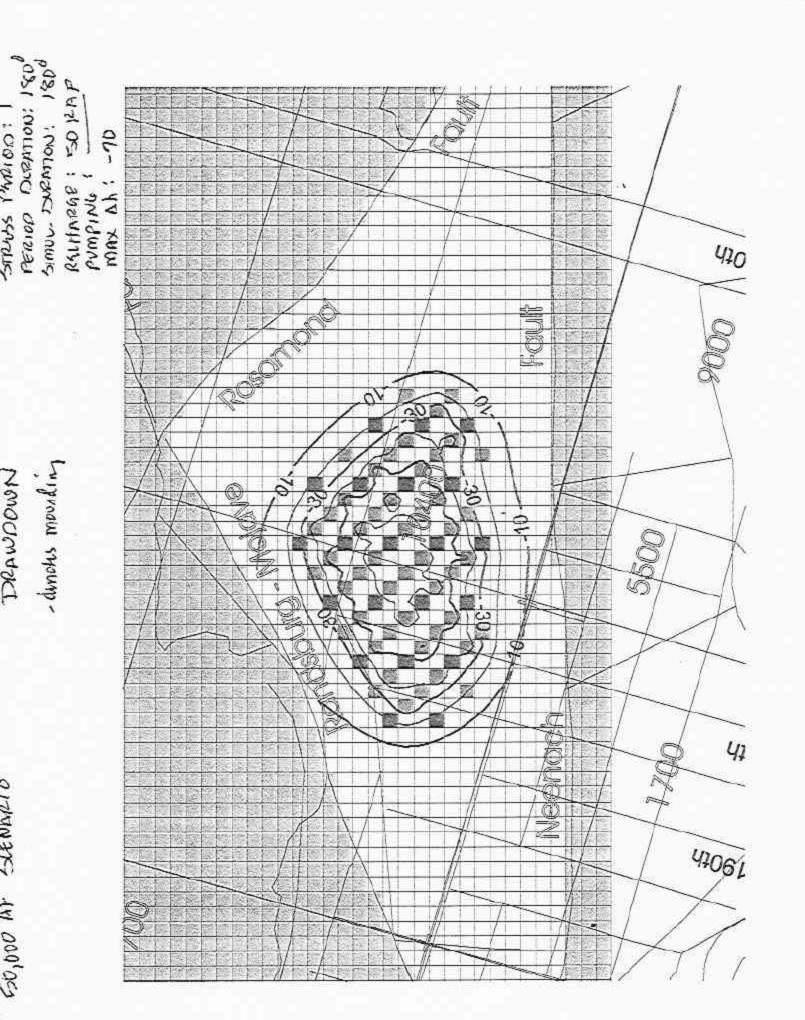


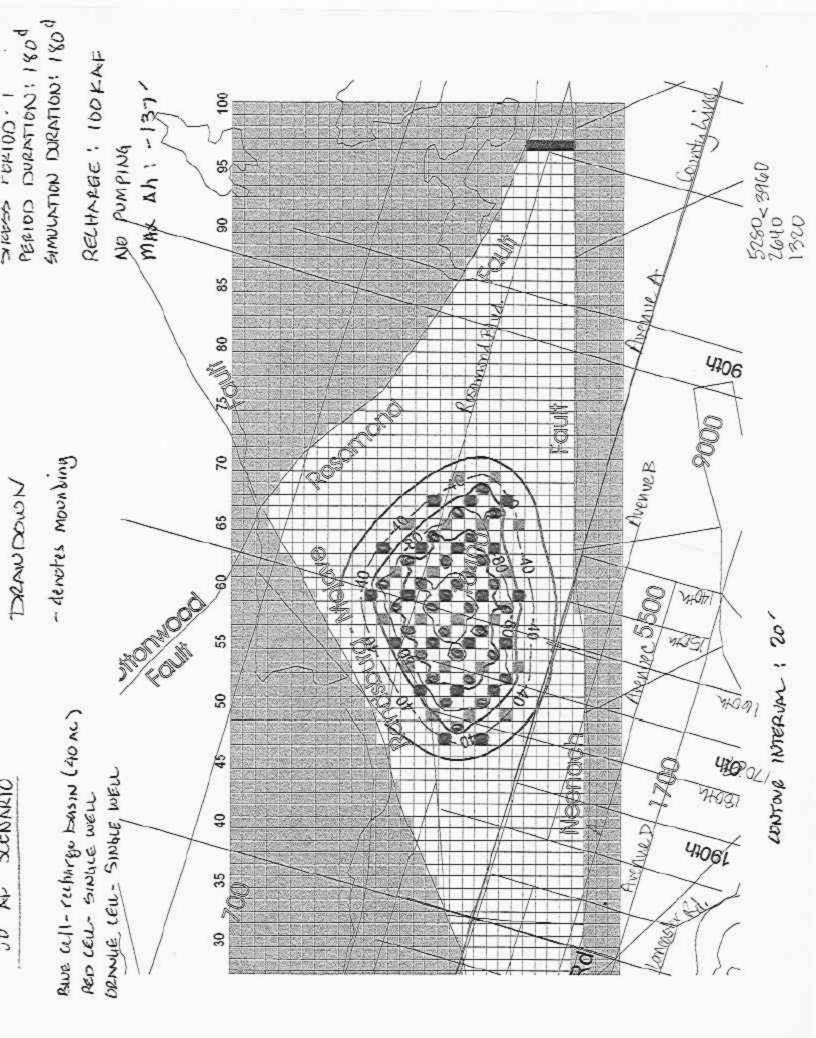


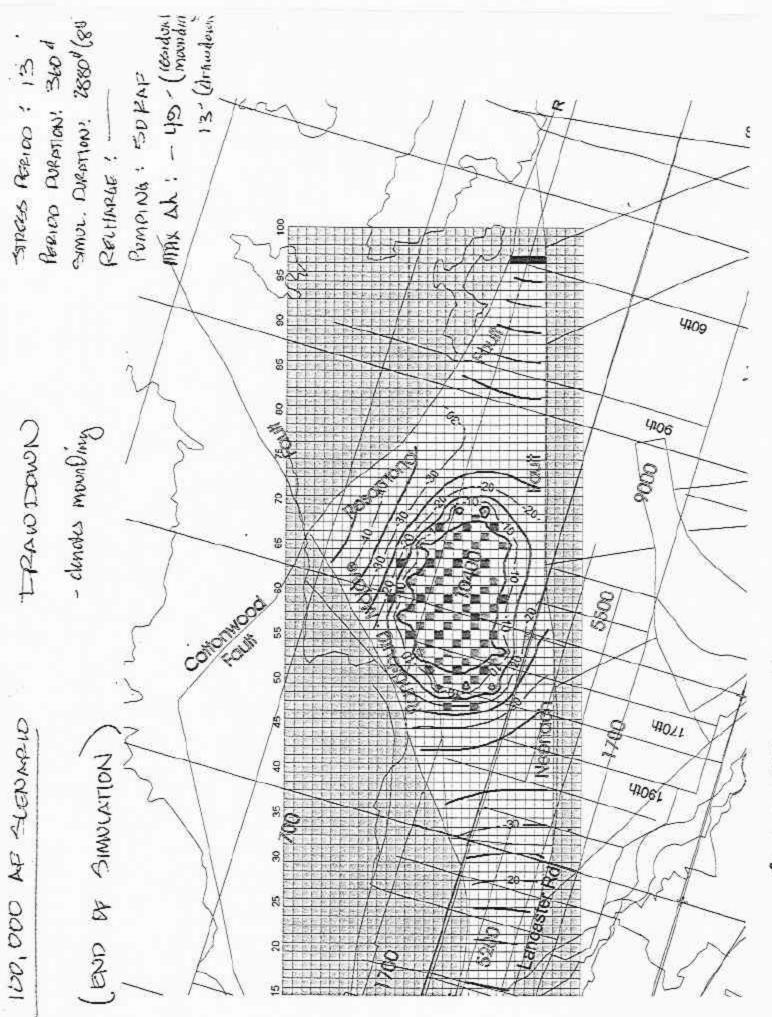






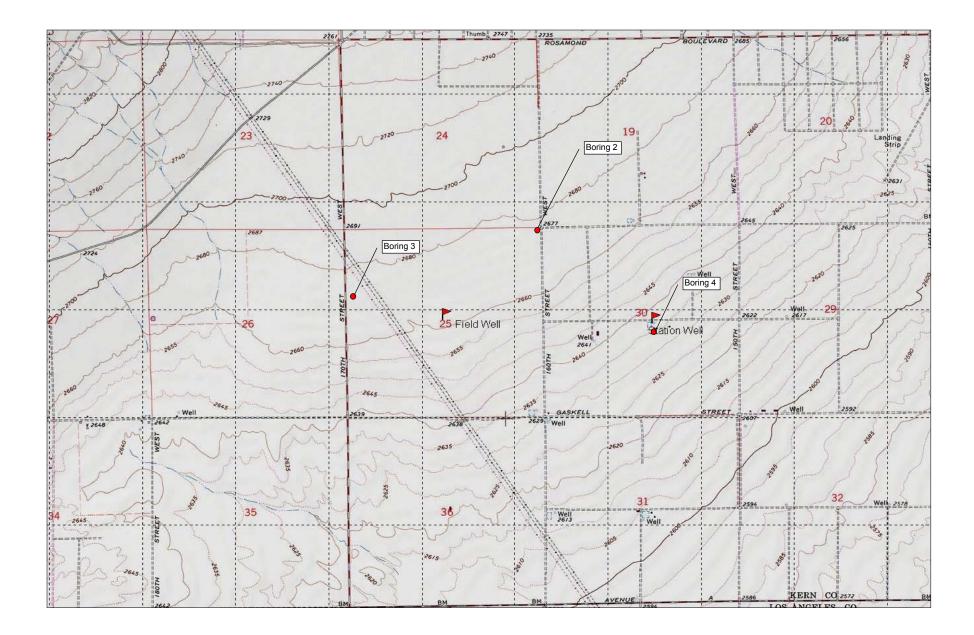






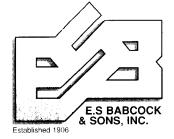
CONTRUE INTERIAL: 15'

## **Appendix F** Analytical Results



Parameter	Units	Station Well	Field Well	Boring Van Dam #3	Boring Van Dam #3	Boring Van Dam #4	Boring Van Dam #4	USEPA MCL	CA MCL	CA DHS PHG	USEPA Secondary MCL	CA DHS Secondary MCL
Lab ID Latitude		A3F0436-01 N34deg50.441'	A3F0436-02 N34deg50.460'	CMG0155-01	CMG0155-01	CMH0004-01	CMH0004-01		-			
Longitude		W118deg24.264'	W118deg25.398'									
Filtered?		NO	NO	NO	YES	NO	YES					
Total Hardness	mg/l	52	85	130		180						
Calcium	mg/l	17 2	28	31 13	19 2.3	35	18 2.1					
Magnesium Sodium	mg/l mg/l	36	3.6 30	36	2.3	22 36	33					
Potassium	mg/l	1.8	1.9	5.1	2.2	6.6	2.3					
Total Alkalinity	mg/l	98	120	110		130						
Hydroxide	mg/l	<3	<3.0	<2		<2						
Carbonate	mg/l	<3	<3.0	8		<2						
Bicarbonate Sulfate	mg/l mg/l	120 12	150 13	100 14		130 24					250	250-500
Chloride	mg/l	8.9	8.9	8.2		11					250	250-500
Nitrate	mg/l	2.3	2.5	9		11		10	10-45	10-45	200	200 000
Fluoride	mg/l	0.3	0.2	<0.5		<0.5		4	2	1	2	
pH	units	8.1	7.9	8.05		7.84		6.8-8.5				
Specific Conductance	umhos/cm	280 180	320	260 200		320					500	900-1600 500-1000
Total dissolved solids Total suspended solids	mg/l mg/l	<5	210 <5	460		240 3600			<u> </u>		500	500-1000
Total organic carbon	mg/l	<0.7	<0.7	2.1		3.9			1			
Color	Units	3	3	19		19					15	15
Odor	TON	<1	<1	<1		<1					3	3
Turbidity	NTUs	1.5	1.9	990		2600						5
MBAS (foaming agents)	mg/l	< 0.05	<0.05 <0.1	<0.4 <0.025		<0.1 <0.025		0.2	0.15	0.15	0.5	0.5
Cyanide Nitrite as N	mg/l mg/l	<0.1 <0.1	<0.1	<0.025		<0.025		0.2	0.15	0.15		
Total phosphorous	mg/l	<0.05	<0.05	0.15		1.1			<u> </u>			
Aluminum	ug/l	<50	<50	240	<50	39000	<50	50 to 2000	1000	600	50-200	200
Antimony	ug/l	<6	<6.0	<2	<2	<2	<2	6	6	20		
Arsenic	ug/l	<2	<2.0	5.4		8.5	1.4	10	Pending	0.004		
Arsenic (filtered)	ug/l	2 <100	<2.0 <100	190	<1 36	250	30	2000	1000	700		
Barium Berylium	ug/l ug/l	<100	<100	180 0.67	<0.5	0.92	<0.5	2000	4	700		
Boron	ug/l	<100	<100	<50	<50	<50	<50	-	-			
Cadmium	ug/l	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	<1	5	5	0.07		
Total chromium	ug/l	16	9.7	57	<5	82	<5	100	50			
Hexavalent chromium	ug/l	16	9.7	<1	10	<10	10	100	50	(=0	1000	1000
Copper Iron	ug/l	21 110	<10 42	44 35000	<10 <40	56 56000	<10 <40	1300	1300	170	1000 300	1000 300
Lead	ug/l ug/l	<5	<5.0	9.3	<5	13	<5	15 (90%)	15 (90%)	2	300	300
Manganese	ug/l	<5	<10	620	57	1100	25	10 (0070)	10 (00 /0	-	50	50
Mercury	ug/l	<1	<1.0	1.3	<0.2	1.9	<0.2	2	2	1.2		
Nickel	ug/l	<10	<10	43	<10	65	<10		100	12		
Selenium	ug/l	<5	<5.0	<5	<5	<5	<5	50	50			
Total silica Silver	ug/l ug/l	18 <10	23 <10	60000 <10	8700 <10	50000 <10	5000 <10				100	100
Thallium	ug/l	<1	<1.0	<1	<10	<10	<10	2	2	0.1	100	100
Zinc	ug/l	<10	<10	67	<20	120	24				5000	5000
Organics	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Ethylene dibromide	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Dibromochloropropane	ug/l	ND ND	ND ND	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					
Aldicarb Aldicarb sulfone	ug/l ug/l	ND ND	ND ND	NA	NA	NA	NA		<u> </u>			┼────┤
Aldicarb sulfoxide	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA		1			
Carbaryl	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Carbofuran	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Methomyl	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Oxamyl Glyphosphate	ug/l ug/l	ND ND	ND ND	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA	NA NA					
Endothal	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA		<u> </u>			
Nitrogen-phosphorous based	- 3''								1			
pesticides via EPA Method 507 (13 compounds)	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Organochlorine based pesticides and PCBs via EPA Method 508 (14 compounds)	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Chlorinated herbicides via EPA									1			
Method 515.3 (8 compounds) Volatile organic compunds via EPA	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Method 524.2 (68 compounds)	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Semi-volatile organic compounds via EPA Method 525.2 (3 compounds)	ug/l	ND	ND	NA	NA	NA	NA					
Gross alpha	pCi/l	3.1	6.56					15	15			
Diquat		ND	ND									
Asbestos		ND	ND					l	I	l		

CA DHS PHG: California Department of Health Services Preliminary Health Goal USEPA MCL: United States Environmental Protection Agency Maximum Contaminant Level for public water supplies CA MCL: California Maximum Contaminant Level for public water supplies ND: not detected NA: not analyzed



NELAP #02101CA ELAP#1156 6100 Quail Valley Court Riverside, CA 92507-0704 P.O. Box 432 Riverside, CA 92502-0432 PH (909) 653-3351 FAX (909) 653-1662 e-mail: esbsales@aol.com www.babcocklabs.com

Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 11 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

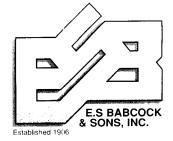
Sample Description Van Dam Field Well Matrix Water 
 Sampled Date/Time
 Received Date/Time

 06/10/03 11:15
 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date A	Analyst	Flag
Cations			· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Total Hardness	85	3.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Calcium	28	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Magnesium	3.6	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	lmt	
Sodium	30	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Potassium	1.9	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Total Cations	3.05	0.05	me/L	Calculation	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Anions							
Total Alkalinity	120	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Hydroxide	ND	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Carbonate	ND	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Bicarbonate	150	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Sulfate	13	0.50	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:11	KOS	
Chloride	8.9	1.0	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:11	KOS	
Nitrate as N	2.5	0.20	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:11	KOS	
Fluoride	0.2	0.1	mg/L	SM 4500F C	06/12/03 21:59	imm	
Total Anions	3.11	0.05	me/L	Calculation	06/16/03 06:48	saf	
Aggregate Properties							
рН	7.9	1.0	pH Units	SM 4500H+ B	06/10/03 19:51	imm	
Specific Conductance	320	1.0	umhos/cm	SM 2510 B	06/10/03 19:51	imm	
Solids							
Total Dissolved Solids	210	20	mg/L	SM 2540C	06/13/03 13:50	tf	
Total Suspended Solids	ND	5	mg/L	SM 2540D	06/16/03 15:55	aeh	

\*Reportable Detection Limit





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337

Analytical Report: Page 12 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

Sample Description Van Dam Field Well Matrix Water

Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15

**Received Date/Time** 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date	Analyst	Flag
Aggregate Organic Compounds							
Total Organic Carbon	ND	0.70	mg/L	SM 5310B	06/19/03 13:26	la	
General Physical							
Color	3.0		Color Units		06/11/03 20:41	era	
Odor	ND		T.O.N.	SM 2150	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Turbidity	1.9	0.20	NTU	SM 2130 B	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Surfactants							
MBAS	ND	0.05	mg/L	SM 5540C	06/12/03 10:00	rrh	
General Inorganics							
Cyanide	ND	0.1	mg/L	SM 4500CN F	06/17/03 17:37	jb	NQChi
Nutrients							
Nitrite as N	ND	0.10	mg/L		3 06/11/03 12:19	aeh	
Total Phosphorus	ND	0.05	mg/L	SM 4500P B E	06/11/03 17:15	jme	
Metals and Metalloids							
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Antimony	ND	6.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Arsenic	ND	2.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Barium	ND	100	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Beryllium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Boron	ND	100	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:16	Imt	
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Total Chromium	9.7	1.0	-	EPA 200.8	06/13/03 15:43	IEO	
Hexavalent Chromium	9.7		ug/L	EPA 218.6	06/10/03 23:28	kos	
Copper	ND		ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
P.P							





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 13 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

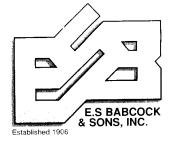
### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

Sample Description

Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Received Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15 06/10/03 15:25

Flag **Analysis Date Analyst** \*RDL Units Method Result Analyte(s) Metals and Metalloids Imt 06/12/03 15:16 20 ug/L EPA 200.7 42 Iron ieo 06/12/03 17:56 EPA 200.8 ND 5.0 ug/L Lead ieo 06/12/03 17:56 EPA 200.8 10 ug/L ND Manganese 06/12/03 17:56 ieo EPA 200.8 1.0 ug/L ND Mercury 06/12/03 17:56 ieo 10 ug/L EPA 200.8 ND Nickel ieo 06/12/03 17:56 EPA 200.8 ND 5.0 ug/L Selenium Imt EPA 200.7 06/12/03 15:15 0.50 mg/L 23 **Total Silica** ieo 06/12/03 17:56 EPA 200.8 10 ug/L ND Silver 06/12/03 17:56 ieo EPA 200.8 1.0 ug/L ND Thallium 06/12/03 17:56 ieo EPA 200.8 10 ug/L ND Zinc EDB and DBCP by EPA 504 nmm 06/14/03 03:11 EPA 504.1 0.020 ug/L ND Ethylene dibromide nmm 06/14/03 03:11 0.010 ug/L EPA 504.1 ND Dibromochloropropane Nitrogen-Phosphorus Pesticides by EPA 507 df EPA 507 06/13/03 23:39 ND 1.0 ug/L Alachlor 06/13/03 23:39 df EPA 507 0.50 ug/L ND Atrazine 06/13/03 23:39 df EPA 507 ND 10 ug/L Bromacil df 06/13/03 23:39 0.38 ug/L EPA 507 ND Butachlor df 06/13/03 23:39 EPA 507 ND 0.25 ug/L Diazinon df EPA 507 06/13/03 23:39 10 ug/L ND Dimethoate df 06/13/03 23:39 EPA 507 1.0 ug/L ND Diuron 06/13/03 23:39 df EPA 507 ND 1.0 ug/L Metolachlor 06/13/03 23:39 df EPA 507 ND 1.0 ug/L Metribuzin





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337

Analytical Report: Page 14 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

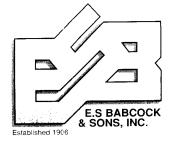
Sample Description Van Dam Field Well Matrix Water

Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15

**Received Date/Time** 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date A	nalyst	Flag
Nitrogen-Phosphorus Pesticides by El	PA 507						
Molinate	ND	0.90	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Prometryn	ND	2.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Simazine	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Thiobencarb	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Surrogate: 1,3-Dimethyl-2-Nitrobenzene	134 %	70-130		EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	NShi
Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs	by EPA 508						
Aldrin	ND	0.075	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Chlordane	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Chlorothalonil	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Dieldrin	ND	0.020	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Endrin	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Heptachlor	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Heptachlor Epoxide	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Lindane	ND	0.20	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Methoxychlor	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
PCB'S (as DCB)	ND	1.0	-	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
	ND	0.50	-	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Propachlor	ND	1.0	-	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Toxaphene	101 %	70-130	•	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Surrogate: BZ-198	101 /0	10-100					
Chlorinated Herbicides by EPA 515.3 2,4,5-TP Silvex	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 15 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

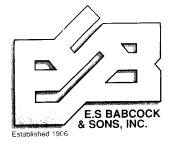
### A3F0436-02

Sample Description Van Dam Field Well  $\frac{\text{Matrix}}{\text{Water}}$ 

Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15 Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date A	nalyst	Flag
Chlorinated Herbicides by EPA 51	5.3					
2,4-D	ND	10 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Bentazon	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Dalapon	ND	10 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Dicamba	ND	1.5 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Dinoseb	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Pentachlorophenol	ND	0.20 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Pichloram	ND	1.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Surrogate: DCAA	107 %	70-130	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Volatile Organic Compounds by E						
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1.Dichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2.3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2.4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2,4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2-Dichloropropane		0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L				





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 16 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

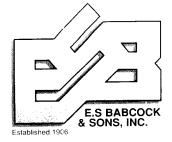
## A3F0436-02

Sample Description Van Dam Field Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Received 06/10/03 11:15

Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date An	alyst	Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP.	A 524.2	<u> </u>				
1.3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1.3-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1.4-Dioxane	ND	35 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND	5.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	ND	1.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
	ND	5.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone(MIBK)	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
	ND	5.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromochloromethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromoform	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromomethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Carbon Tetrachloride		0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Chlorobenzene	ND	-	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Chloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Chloroform	ND	0.50 ug/L		06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Chloromethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	00/11/03 19.24	10	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 17 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

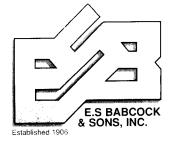
A3F0436-02

Sample Description Van Dam Field Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Rev 06/10/03 11:15

Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date A	Analyst	Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by E	PA 524.2	······					
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Dibromomethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Di-isopropyl ether	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Isopropylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Methyl tert butyl Ether	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Methylene Chloride	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
n-Butylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
n-Propylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Naphthalene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
p-isopropyltoluene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
sec-Butylbenzene	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
-	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Styrene tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	3.0	-	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
tert-Butyl alcohol	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
tert-Butylbenzene Tetrachloroethene	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Toluene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337

Analytical Report: Page 18 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

### A3F0436-02

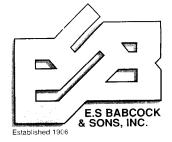
Sample Description Van Dam Field Well Matrix Water

Received Date/Time Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15

06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL U	Units	Method	Analysis Date A	nalyst	Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP	A 524.2						
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50 u	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Trichloroethene	ND	0.50 u	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0 u	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	10 i	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	0.50 (	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Xylenes (m+p)	ND	0.50 (	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Xylenes (ortho)	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Xylenes (Total)	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	91.4 %	50-150		EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Surrogate: Bromofluorobenzene	111 %	50-150		EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	109 %	50-150		EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Semivolatile Organic Compounds b	y EPA 525.2						
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 01:09	DF	
DEH-Adipate	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 01:09	DF	
DEH-Phthalate	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 01:09	DF	
Surrogate: Perylene-d12	103 %	70-130		EPA 525.2	06/17/03 01:09	DF	
Carbamates by EPA 531.1							
3-Hydroxycarbofuran	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02	DTI	
Aldicarb	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02	DTI	
Aldicarb sulfone	ND	4.0	-	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02	DTI	
	ND	3.0	-	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02	DTI	
Aldicarb sulfoxide	ND	5.0	-	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02	DTI	
Carbaryl	ND	5.0	•	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02	DTI	
Carbofuran		0.0	~ 3, -				





Sampled Date/Time

06/10/03 11:15

Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 19 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

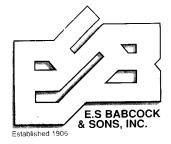
### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

Sample Description
Van Dam Field Well

<u>Matrix</u> Water Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Analys	t Flag
Carbamates by EPA 531.1					
Methomyl	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 DTI	
Oxamyl	ND	20 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 DTI	
Glyphosate by EPA 547		05	EPA 547	06/18/03 22:19 DTI	
Glyphosate	ND	25 ug/L	EFA 347	00/10/03 22:10	
Endothall by EPA 548.1 Endothall	ND	45 ug/L	EPA 548.1	06/12/03 00:33 DF	





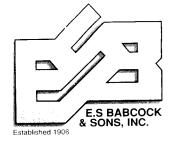
Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 20 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

# Laboratory Reference Number

Sample Description	Matrix	Sampled Date/Time	Received Date/Time
Van Dam Station Well (Dissolved)	Water	06/10/03 12:15	06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Analyst	Flag
Metals and Metalloids Arsenic	2.0	2.0 ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 15:17 ieo	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 21 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

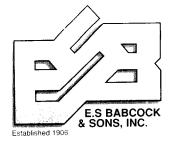
### Laboratory Reference Number

### A3F0436-04

Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>	Sampled Date/Time	Received Date/Time
Van Dam Field Well (Dissolved)	Water	06/10/03 11:15	06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Analyst	Flag
Metals and Metalloids Arsenic	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 15:19 ieo	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 22 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### **Notes and Definitions**

- NQChi QC was biased high, however analyte was not detected in sample.
- NShi The surrogate recovery for this sample was above laboratory acceptance limits.
- DET Analyte DETECTED
- ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit (RDL)
- NR Not Reported
- dry Sample results reported on a dry weight basis
- RPD Relative Percent Difference

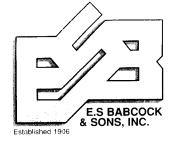


E.S. Babcock & Sons, Inc. 6100 Quail Valley Court Riverside, CA 92507

# Chain of Custody & Sample Information Record

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Chain of Custody & Sample Information Record	Phone No. (9cg) 390-2833 322-2407	(Rushes 24 Hours Require Approval, Additional Charges May Apply)	Matrix Notes	Ww = Wastewater Ww = Wastewater GW = Groundwater S = Soil SG = Sludge L = Liquid M = Miscellaneous M = Miscellaneous	Print Name / Company Kar Vau (Company LUN 102003	Pageof
Chain of Custody &	Contact: Lou Koth~ Phone No.	Turn Around Time: Routine 3-5 Days 48 Hours		→ × × 01000 × × 0000 × × × 00000 × × × 00000 × × × 0000 × × × 0000 × × × 0000 × × × 0000	NUDON Receipt	° A
E.S. Babcock & Sons, Inc. 6100 Quail Valley Court Riverside, CA 92507 Establocck (909) 653-3351 • FAX (909) 653-1662	J. C	Name: LUDS Location: Van Dam Farm	at	Name: Lou Ko HN Employer: Lou Ko HN Signature: Lou Ko Geo Science Signature: Lou KU Signature: Lou KU Signature: Lou KU Jan Dam Startiw well 6/10 12!IT	Relinquished By (sign) Relinquished By (sign) Print Name / Company Row W. Company	Samplers) Intact



Client Name	Layne-Christensen	Analytical Report:	Page 1 of 22
	Cris Hepburn	Project Name:	Layne Christensen-State Title
	11001 Etiwanda Ave.	Project Number:	PO #43641
	Fontana, CA 92337	Work Order Number:	A3F0436
		Report Date:	27-Jun-2003

### **Sample Identification**

Lab Sample #	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Date Sampled	Ву	Date Submitted	Ву
A3F0436-01	Van Dam Station Well	Water	06/10/03 12:15	Lou Kohn	06/10/03 15:25	Lou Kohn
A3F0436-02	Van Dam Field Well	Water	06/10/03 11:15	Lou Kohn	06/10/03 15:25	Lou Kohn
A3F0436-03	Van Dam Station Well (Dissolved)	Water	06/10/03 12:15	Lou Kohn	06/10/03 15:25	Lou Kohn
A3F0436-04	Van Dam Field Well (Dissolved)	Water	06/10/03 11:15	Lou Kohn	06/10/03 15:25	Lou Kohn

### Approval

Enclosed are the analytical results for the submitted sample(s). Babcock Laboratories certify the data presented as part of this report meet the minimum quality standards in the referenced analytical methods. Any exceptions have been noted. Babcock Laboratories and its officers and employees assume no responsibility and make no warranty, express or implied, for uses or interpretations made by any recipients, intended or unintended, of this report.

Gateer

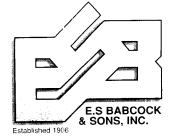
James K. Babcock President

Allison Mackenzie Lab Manager

Lawrence J. Chrystal Lab Director







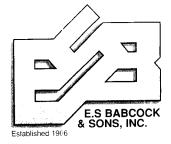
Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 2 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-01

Sample DescriptionMatrixSampled Date/TimeReceived Date/TimeVan Dam Station WellWater06/10/03 12:1506/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date	Analyst	Flag
Cations					00/40/00 45:44	lmt	
Total Hardness	52		mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14		
Calcium	17	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	lmt	
Magnesium	2.0	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Sodium	36	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	imt	
Potassium	1.8	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Total Cations	2.63	0.05	me/L	Calculation	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Anions					06/12/03 15:47	era	
Total Alkalinity	98		mg/L	SM 2320B		era	
Hydroxide	ND		mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Carbonate	ND		mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47		
Bicarbonate	120	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Sulfate	12	0.50	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:04	KOS	
Chloride	8.9	1.0	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:04	KOS	
Nitrate as N	2.3	0.20	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:04	KOS	
Fluoride	0.3	0.1	mg/L	SM 4500F C	06/12/03 21:59	imm	
Total Anions	2.64	0.05	me/L	Calculation	06/16/03 06:48	saf	
Aggregate Properties						·	
рН	8.1	1.0	pH Units	SM 4500H+ B	06/10/03 19:51	imm	
Specific Conductance	280	1.0	umhos/cm	SM 2510 B	06/10/03 19:51	imm	
Solids							
Total Dissolved Solids	180	10	mg/L	SM 2540C	06/13/03 13:50	tf	
Total Suspended Solids	ND	5	mg/L	SM 2540D	06/16/03 15:55	aeh	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337

Analytical Report: Page 3 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

A3F0436-01

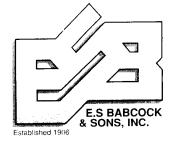
Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water

Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 12:15

**Received Date/Time** 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date	Analyst	Flag
Aggregate Organic Compounds				014 50400	06/19/03 13:16	la	
Total Organic Carbon	ND	0.70	mg/L	SM 5310B	06/19/03 13.10	ia	
General Physical					00/44/02 20:44	010	
Color	3.0		Color Units		06/11/03 20:41	era	
Odor	ND		T.O.N.	SM 2150	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Turbidity	1.5	0.20	NTU	SM 2130 B	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Surfactants						uula	
MBAS	ND	0.05	mg/L	SM 5540C	06/12/03 10:00	rrh	
General Inorganics							NQChi
Cyanide	ND	0.1	mg/L	SM 4500CN F	06/17/03 17:37	jb	NQCH
Nutrients						- 1-	
Nitrite as N	ND	0.10	mg/L		3 06/11/03 12:19	aeh	
Total Phosphorus	ND	0.05	mg/L	SM 4500P B E	06/11/03 17:15	jme	
Metals and Metalloids						1	
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Antimony	ND	6.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Arsenic	ND	2.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Barium	ND	100	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Beryllium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Boron	ND	100	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Total Chromium	16	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/13/03 15:41	IEO	
Hexavalent Chromium	16	1.0	ug/L	EPA 218.6	06/10/03 23:28	kos	
Copper	21	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	





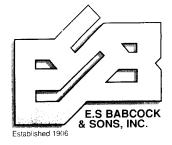
Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 4 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-01

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Received Date/Time 06/10/03 12:15 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date /	Analyst	Flag
Metals and Metalloids							
Iron	110	20	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Lead	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Manganese	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Mercury	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Nickel	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Selenium	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Total Silica	18	0.50	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Silver	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Zinc	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
EDB and DBCP by EPA 504			-				
Ethylene dibromide	ND	0.020	ug/L	EPA 504.1	06/14/03 02:45	nmm	
Dibromochloropropane	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 504.1	06/14/03 02:45	nmm	
Nitrogen-Phosphorus Pesticides by EF	PA 507		Ū				
Alachlor	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Atrazine	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Bromacil	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Butachlor	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Diazinon	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Dimethoate	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Diuron				EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Metolachlor	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Metribuzin	ND	1.0	ug/L	EFA 307		ų,	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 5 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

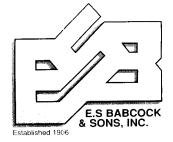
### Laboratory Reference Number

A3F0436-01

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 12:15 Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date A	Analyst	Flag
Nitrogen-Phosphorus Pesticides by El	PA 507						
Molinate	ND	0.90	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Prometryn	ND	2.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Simazine	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Thiobencarb	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Surrogate: 1,3-Dimethyl-2-Nitrobenzene	135 %	70-130		EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	NShi
Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs	by EPA 508						
Aldrin	ND	0.075	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Chlordane	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Chlorothalonil	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Dieldrin	ND	0.020	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Endrin	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Heptachlor	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Heptachlor Epoxide	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Hexachlorobenzene	ND		ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND		ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Lindane	ND	0.20	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Methoxychlor	ND	10		EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
•	ND	1.0		EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
PCB'S (as DCB)	ND		ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Propachlor	ND		ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Toxaphene	104 %	70-130	-	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Surrogate: BZ-198		,0-100					
Chlorinated Herbicides by EPA 515.3 2,4,5-TP Silvex	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:10	DTI	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 6 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

### A3F0436-01

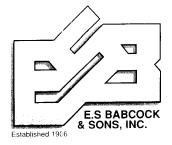
Sample Description Van Dam Station Well  $\frac{\text{Matrix}}{\text{Water}}$ 

Sampled Date/Time Receiv 06/10/03 12:15 06/10

Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Result	*RDL Unit	s Method	Analysis Date An	alyst	Flag
ND	10 ug/L				
ND	2.0 ug/L				
ND	10 ug/L	EPA 515.3			
ND	1.5 ug/L	EPA 515.3			
ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3			
ND	0.20 ug/L	EPA 515.3			
ND	1.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:10		
103 %	70-130	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:10	DTI	
24.2					
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53		
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2			
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53		
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53		
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
ND	-		06/11/03 18:53	HG	
	-		06/11/03 18:53	HG	
		_	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
ND	-		06/11/03 18:53	HG	
	ND ND ND ND ND 103 % 24.2 ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND ND	ND         10         ug/L           ND         2.0         ug/L           ND         10         ug/L           ND         1.5         ug/L           ND         2.0         ug/L           ND         1.5         ug/L           ND         2.0         ug/L           ND         2.0         ug/L           ND         0.20         ug/L           ND         0.20         ug/L           ND         0.20         ug/L           ND         0.20         ug/L           ND         0.50         ug/L           ND         0.50 <td< td=""><td>ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3           103 %         70-130         EPA 515.3           24.2         ND         0.50         ug/L           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2<!--</td--><td>ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           103 %         70-130         EPA 524.2         06/11/03 18:53           ND         0.50         ug/L         <t< td=""><td>ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           103 %         70-130         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2</td></t<></td></td></td<>	ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3           103 %         70-130         EPA 515.3           24.2         ND         0.50         ug/L           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2 </td <td>ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           103 %         70-130         EPA 524.2         06/11/03 18:53           ND         0.50         ug/L         <t< td=""><td>ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           103 %         70-130         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2</td></t<></td>	ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03 17:10           103 %         70-130         EPA 524.2         06/11/03 18:53           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03 18:53           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03 18:53           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03 18:53           ND         0.50         ug/L <t< td=""><td>ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           103 %         70-130         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2</td></t<>	ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         10         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         1.5         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         2.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         0.20         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           ND         1.0         ug/L         EPA 515.3         06/17/03         17:10         DTI           103 %         70-130         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2         06/11/03         18:53         HG           ND         0.50         ug/L         EPA 524.2





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 7 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

### A3F0436-01

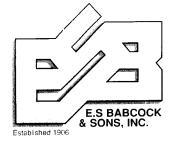
Sample Description
Van Dam Station Well

Matrix Water 
 Sampled Date/Time
 Received Date/Time

 06/10/03 12:15
 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date A	nalyst	Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EF	PA 524.2						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
1,4-Dioxane	ND	35	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone(MIBK)	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Benzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromochloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromoform	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromomethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Chloroethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Chloroform	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Chloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 8 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

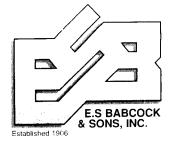
A3F0436-01

Sample Description
Van Dam Station Well

Matrix Water Sampled Date/TimeReceived Date/Time06/10/03 12:1506/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Ana	alyst Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by E	PA 524.2				
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Dibromomethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Di-isopropyl ether	ND	3.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	3.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Isopropylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Methyl tert butyl Ether	ND	3.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Methylene Chloride	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
n-Butylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
n-Propylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Naphthalene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
p-isopropyltoluene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Styrene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND	3.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
tert-Butyl alcohol	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
tert-Butylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Tetrachloroethene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
Toluene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 9 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

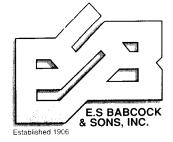
### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-01

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Receiv 06/10/03 12:15 06/10

Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Uni	its Method	Analysis Date A	nalyst	Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP	A 524.2					
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Trichloroethene	ND	0.50 ug/L	_ EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0 ug/L	_ EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	10 ug/L	_ EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Vinvl Chloride	ND	0.50 ug/L	_ EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Xylenes (m+p)	ND	0.50 ug/L	_ EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Xylenes (ortho)	ND	0.50 ug/L	_ EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Xylenes (Total)	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	86.8 %	50-150	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Surrogate: Bromofluorobenzene	113 %	50-150	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	108 %	50-150	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Semivolatile Organic Compounds b						
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	0.10 ug/l	L EPA 525.2	06/17/03 00:43	DF	
DEH-Adipate	ND	5.0 ug/l		06/17/03 00:43	DF	
DEH-Adipate DEH-Phthalate	ND	3.0 ug/l		06/17/03 00:43	DF	
	108 %	70-130	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 00:43	DF	
Surrogate: Perylene-d12 Carbamates by EPA 531.1	,,					
	ND	3.0 ug/l	L EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
3-Hydroxycarbofuran	ND	3.0 ug/l		06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Aldicarb	ND	4.0 ug/l		06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Aldicarb sulfone	ND	3.0 ug/l		06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Aldicarb sulfoxide	ND	5.0 ug/l		06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Carbaryl	ND	5.0 ug/l		06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Carbofuran	ND	5.0 ug/i				





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 10 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

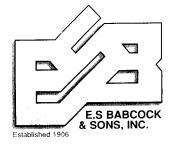
### Laboratory Reference Number

### A3F0436-01

Sample DescriptionMatrixSampled Date/TimeReceived Date/TimeVan Dam Station WellWater06/10/03 12:1506/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date A	nalyst	Flag
Carbamates by EPA 531.1						
Methomyl	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Oxamyl	ND	20 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Glyphosate by EPA 547 Glyphosate	ND	25 ug/L	EPA 547	06/18/03 21:57	DTI	
Endothall by EPA 548.1 Endothall	ND	<b>4</b> 5 ug/L	EPA 548.1	06/12/03 00:09	DF	





Client Name	Layne-Christensen	Analytical Report:	Page 1 of 22
	Cris Hepburn	Project Name:	Layne Christensen-State Title
	11001 Etiwanda Ave.	Project Number:	PO #43641
	Fontana, CA 92337	Work Order Number:	A3F0436
		Report Date:	27-Jun-2003

### **Sample Identification**

Lab Sample #	Client Sample ID	Matrix	Date Sampled	Ву	Date Submitted	<u>By</u>
A3F0436-01	Van Dam Station Well	Water	06/10/03 12:15	Lou Kohn	06/10/03 15:25	Lou Kohn
A3F0436-02	Van Dam Field Well	Water	06/10/03 11:15	Lou Kohn	06/10/03 15:25	Lou Kohn
A3F0436-03	Van Dam Station Well (Dissolved)	Water	06/10/03 12:15	Lou Kohn	06/10/03 15:25	Lou Kohn
A3F0436-04	Van Dam Field Well (Dissolved)	Water	06/10/03 11:15	Lou Kohn	06/10/03 15:25	Lou Kohn

### Approval

Enclosed are the analytical results for the submitted sample(s). Babcock Laboratories certify the data presented as part of this report meet the minimum quality standards in the referenced analytical methods. Any exceptions have been noted. Babcock Laboratories and its officers and employees assume no responsibility and make no warranty, express or implied, for uses or interpretations made by any recipients, intended or unintended, of this report.

Batter

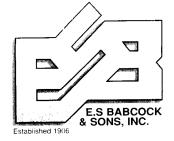
James K. Babcock President

Allison Mackenzie Lab Manager

Lawrence J. Chrystal Lab Director

CC:





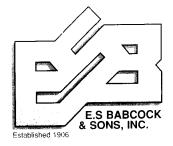
Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 2 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

# Laboratory Reference Number

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well	<u>Matrix</u>	Sampled Date/Time	Received Date/Time
	Water	06/10/03 12:15	06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date /	Analyst	Flag
Cations						lunat	
Total Hardness	52	3.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Calcium	17	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Magnesium	2.0	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	lmt	
Sodium	36	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Potassium	1.8	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Total Cations	2.63	0.05	me/L	Calculation	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Anions							
Total Alkalinity	98	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Hydroxide	ND	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Carbonate	ND	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Bicarbonate	120	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Sulfate	12	0.50	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:04	KOS	
Chloride	8.9	1.0	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:04	KOS	
Nitrate as N	2.3	0.20	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:04	KOS	
Fluoride	0.3	0.1	mg/L	SM 4500F C	06/12/03 21:59	imm	
Total Anions	2.64	0.05	me/L	Calculation	06/16/03 06:48	saf	
Aggregate Properties							
pH	8.1	1.0	pH Units	SM 4500H+ B	06/10/03 19:51	imm	
Specific Conductance	280	1.0	umhos/cm	SM 2510 B	06/10/03 19:51	imm	
Solids						_	
Total Dissolved Solids	180	10	mg/L	SM 2540C	06/13/03 13:50	tf	
Total Suspended Solids	ND	5	mg/L	SM 2540D	06/16/03 15:55	aeh	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 3 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

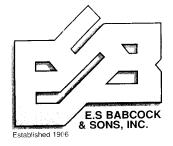
### Laboratory Reference Number

### A3F0436-01

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 12:15 Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date	Analyst	Flag
Aggregate Organic Compounds						1	
Total Organic Carbon	ND	0.70	mg/L	SM 5310B	06/19/03 13:16	la	
General Physical							
Color	3.0		Color Units		06/11/03 20:41	era	
Odor	ND		T.O.N.	SM 2150	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Turbidity	1.5	0.20	NTU	SM 2130 B	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Surfactants							
MBAS	ND	0.05	mg/L	SM 5540C	06/12/03 10:00	rrh	
General Inorganics							
Cyanide	ND	0.1	mg/L	SM 4500CN F	06/17/03 17:37	jb	NQChi
Nutrients							
Nitrite as N	ND	0.10	mg/L		8 06/11/03 12:19	aeh	
Total Phosphorus	ND	0.05	mg/L	SM 4500P B E	06/11/03 17:15	jme	
Metals and Metalloids							
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Antimony	ND	6.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Arsenic	ND	2.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Barium	ND	100	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Beryllium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Boron	ND	100	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:14	Imt	
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	
Total Chromium	16		ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/13/03 15:41	IEO	
Hexavalent Chromium	16		ug/L	EPA 218.6	06/10/03 23:28	kos	
Copper	21		ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:51	ieo	





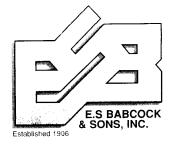
Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 4 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-01

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 12:15 Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analysis Date Analyst Flag Method \*RDL Units Result Analyte(s) Metals and Metalloids 06/12/03 15:14 Imt EPA 200.7 20 ug/L 110 Iron ieo EPA 200.8 06/12/03 17:51 ND 5.0 ug/L Lead ieo EPA 200.8 06/12/03 17:51 10 ug/L ND Manganese ieo 06/12/03 17:51 EPA 200.8 1.0 ug/L ND Mercury ieo 06/12/03 17:51 EPA 200.8 10 ug/L ND Nickel 06/12/03 17:51 ieo EPA 200.8 5.0 ug/L ND Selenium 06/12/03 15:14 Imt EPA 200.7 0.50 mg/L 18 Total Silica ieo 06/12/03 17:51 EPA 200.8 10 ug/L ND Silver ieo 06/12/03 17:51 EPA 200.8 1.0 ug/L ND Thallium 06/12/03 17:51 ieo EPA 200.8 10 ug/L ND Zinc EDB and DBCP by EPA 504 06/14/03 02:45 nmm EPA 504.1 ND 0.020 ug/L Ethylene dibromide nmm 06/14/03 02:45 EPA 504.1 0.010 ug/L ND Dibromochloropropane Nitrogen-Phosphorus Pesticides by EPA 507 06/13/03 23:14 df 1.0 ug/L EPA 507 ND Alachlor df 06/13/03 23:14 EPA 507 0.50 ug/L ND Atrazine df 06/13/03 23:14 EPA 507 10 ug/L ND Bromacil df 06/13/03 23:14 EPA 507 0.38 ug/L ND Butachlor df 06/13/03 23:14 EPA 507 0.25 ug/L ND Diazinon df 06/13/03 23:14 EPA 507 10 ug/L ND Dimethoate df 06/13/03 23:14 1.0 ug/L EPA 507 ND Diuron df 06/13/03 23:14 EPA 507 1.0 ug/L ND Metolachlor 06/13/03 23:14 df EPA 507 ND 1.0 ug/L Metribuzin





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 5 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

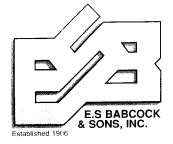
### A3F0436-01

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Red 06/10/03 12:15

Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date /	Analyst	Flag
Nitrogen-Phosphorus Pesticides by EF	PA 507						
Molinate	ND	0.90	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Prometryn	ND	2.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Simazine	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Thiobencarb	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	
Surrogate: 1,3-Dimethyl-2-Nitrobenzene	135 %	70-130		EPA 507	06/13/03 23:14	df	NShi
Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs	by EPA 508						
Aldrin	ND	0.075	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Chlordane	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Chlorothalonil	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Dieldrin	ND	0.020	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Endrin	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Heptachlor	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Heptachlor Epoxide	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Lindane	ND	0.20	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Methoxychlor	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
PCB'S (as DCB)	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Propachlor	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Toxaphene	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Surrogate: BZ-198	104 %	70-130	_	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:13	DTI	
Chlorinated Herbicides by EPA 515.3							
2,4,5-TP Silvex	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:10	DTI	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 6 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

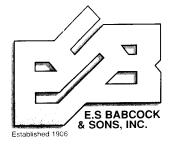
### Laboratory Reference Number

A3F0436-01

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Received Date/Time 06/10/03 12:15 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Ana	lyst Flag
Chlorinated Herbicides by EPA 51	5.3				
2, <b>4</b> -D	ND	10 ug/L	EPA 515.3	••••	
Bentazon	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3		
Dalapon	ND	10 ug/L	EPA 515.3		ІТС
Dicamba	ND	1.5 ug/L	EPA 515.3		ITC
Dinoseb	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	•••	ITC
Pentachlorophenol	ND	0.20 ug/L	EPA 515.3		DTI
Pichloram	ND	1.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:10	DTI
Surrogate: DCAA	103 %	70-130	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:10	DTI
Volatile Organic Compounds by El	PA 524.2				
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1.1.2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	00/11/00 10:00	HG
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1.1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,2.3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,2.4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,2.4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG
1,2-Dichloropropane 1,3 5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 7 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

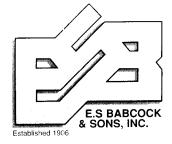
### A3F0436-01

Sample Description
Van Dam Station Well

<u>Matrix</u> Water Sampled Date/Time Received Date/Time 06/10/03 12:15 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date A	nalyst	Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA	524.2						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
1.4-Dioxane	ND	35	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone(MIBK)	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Benzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromochloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromoform	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Bromomethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Chloroethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Chloroform	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Chloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	NÐ		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 8 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

### A3F0436-01

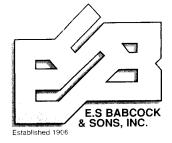
Sample Description
Van Dam Station Well

Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Receive 06/10/03 12:15

Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date /	Analyst	Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP/	A 524.2						
cis-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Dibromochloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Dibromomethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Dichlorodifluoromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Di-isopropyl ether	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Ethylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Hexachlorobutadiene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Isopropylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Methyl tert butyl Ether	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Methylene Chloride	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
n-Butylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
n-Propylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Naphthalene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
p-Isopropyltoluene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
sec-Butylbenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Styrene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
tert-Amyl Methyl Ether	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
tert-Butyl alcohol	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
tert-Butylbenzene	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Tetrachloroethene	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Toluene trans-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 9 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

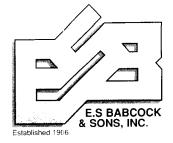
### Laboratory Reference Number

### A3F0436-01

Sample Description Van Dam Station Well Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Received Date/Time 06/10/03 12:15 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result *RDL		Units Method		Analysis Date Analyst		Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP	A 524.2						
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Trichloroethene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Xylenes (m+p)	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Xylenes (ortho)	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Xylenes (Total)	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	86.8 %	50-150		EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Surrogate: Bromofluorobenzene	113 %	50-150		EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	108 %	50-150		EPA 524.2	06/11/03 18:53	HG	
Semivolatile Organic Compounds b	y EPA 525.2						
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 00:43	DF	
DEH-Adipate	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 00:43	DF	
DEH-Phthalate	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 00:43	DF	
Surrogate: Perylene-d12	108 %	70-130		EPA 525.2	06/17/03 00:43	DF	
Carbamates by EPA 531.1							
3-Hydroxycarbofuran	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Aldicarb	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Aldicarb sulfone	ND	4.0	ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Aldicarb sulfoxide	ND	3.0	ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Carbaryl	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	
Carbofuran	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17	DTI	





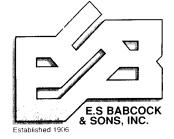
Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 10 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-01

Sample DescriptionMatrixSampled Date/TimeReceived Date/TimeVan Dam Station WellWater06/10/03 12:1506/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Analyst	Flag
Carbamates by EPA 531.1					
Methomyl	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17 DTI	
Oxamyl	ND	20 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 02:17 DTI	
Glyphosate by EPA 547 Glyphosate	ND	25 ug/L	EPA 547	06/18/03 21:57 DTI	
Endothall by EPA 548.1 Endothall	ND	<b>4</b> 5 ug/L	EPA 548.1	06/12/03 00:09 DF	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 11 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

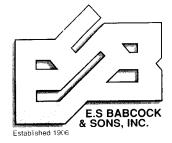
Sample Description

Matrix Water 
 Sampled Date/Time
 Received Date/Time

 06/10/03 11:15
 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date A	Analyst	Flag
Cations							
Total Hardness	85	3.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Calcium	28	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Magnesium	3.6	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	lmt	
Sodium	30	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Potassium	1.9	1.0	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Total Cations	3.05	0.05	me/L	Calculation	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Anions							
Total Alkalinity	120	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Hydroxide	ND	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Carbonate	ND	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Bicarbonate	150	3.0	mg/L	SM 2320B	06/12/03 15:47	era	
Sulfate	13	0.50	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:11	KOS	
Chloride	8.9	1.0	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:11	KOS	
Nitrate as N	2.5	0.20	mg/L	EPA 300.0	06/11/03 02:11	KOS	
Fluoride	0.2	0.1	mg/L	SM 4500F C	06/12/03 21:59	imm	
Total Anions	3.11	0.05	me/L	Calculation	06/16/03 06:48	saf	
Aggregate Properties							
pH	7.9	1.0	pH Units	SM 4500H+ B	06/10/03 19:51	imm	
Specific Conductance	320	1.0	umhos/cm	SM 2510 B	06/10/03 19:51	imm	
Solids							
Total Dissolved Solids	210	20	mg/L	SM 2540C	06/13/03 13:50	tf	
Total Suspended Solids	ND	5	mg/L	SM 2540D	06/16/03 15:55	aeh	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337

Analytical Report: Page 12 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

Sample Description Van Dam Field Well

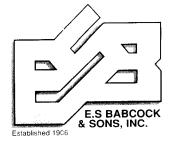
Matrix Water

Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15

**Received Date/Time** 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date	Analyst	Flag
Aggregate Organic Compounds							
Total Organic Carbon	ND	0.70	mg/L	SM 5310B	06/19/03 13:26	la	
General Physical							
Color	3.0		Color Units	SM 2120B	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Odor	ND	1.0	T.O.N.	SM 2150	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Turbidity	1.9	0.20	NTU	SM 2130 B	06/11/03 20:41	era	
Surfactants MBAS	ND	0.05	mg/L	SM 5540C	06/12/03 10:00	rrh	
General Inorganics Cyanide	ND	0.1	mg/L	SM 4500CN F	06/17/03 17:37	jb	NQChi
Nutrients							
Nitrite as N	ND		mg/L		3 06/11/03 12:19	aeh	
Total Phosphorus	ND	0.05	mg/L	SM 4500P B E	06/11/03 17:15	jme	
Metals and Metalloids						1	
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	Imt	
Antimony	ND		ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Arsenic	ND	2.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Barium	ND	100	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Beryllium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Boron	ND	100	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:16	lmt	
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Total Chromium	9.7	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/13/03 15:43	IEO	
Hexavalent Chromium	9.7		ug/L	EPA 218.6	06/10/03 23:28	kos	
Copper	ND	10	-	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 13 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

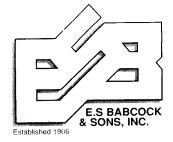
### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

Sample Description

Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15 Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date Analyst		Flag
Metals and Metalloids							
Iron	42	20	ug/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:16	lmt	
Lead	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Manganese	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Mercury	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Nickel	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Selenium	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Total Silica	23	0.50	mg/L	EPA 200.7	06/12/03 15:15	lmt	
Silver	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
Zinc	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 17:56	ieo	
EDB and DBCP by EPA 504			-				
Ethylene dibromide	ND	0.020	ug/L	EPA 504.1	06/14/03 03:11	nmm	
Dibromochloropropane	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 504.1	06/14/03 03:11	nmm	
Nitrogen-Phosphorus Pesticides by EPA 5			-				
	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Alachlor	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Atrazine	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Bromacil	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Butachlor	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Diazinon	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Dimethoate	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Diuron	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Metolachlor				EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Metribuzin	ND	1.0	ug/L		00/10/00 20:00		





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 14 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

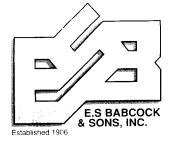
### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

Sample Description Van Dam Field Well Matrix Water 
 Sampled Date/Time
 Received Date/Time

 06/10/03 11:15
 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL	Units	Method	Analysis Date /	Analyst	Flag
Nitrogen-Phosphorus Pesticides by E	PA 507					-16	
Molinate	ND		ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Prometryn	ND	2.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Simazine	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Thiobencarb	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	
Surrogate: 1,3-Dimethyl-2-Nitrobenzene	134 %	70-130		EPA 507	06/13/03 23:39	df	NShi
Organochlorine Pesticides and PCBs	by EPA 508					D.T.	
Aldrin	ND	0.075	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Chlordane	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Chlorothalonil	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Dieldrin	ND	0.020	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Endrin	ND	0.10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Heptachlor	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Heptachlor Epoxide	ND	0.010	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Hexachlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Hexachlorocyclopentadiene	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Lindane	ND	0.20	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Methoxychlor	ND	10	ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
PCB'S (as DCB)	ND	1.0	-	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
	ND		ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Propachlor	ND		ug/L	EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Toxaphene	101 %	70-130		EPA 508	06/22/03 06:49	DTI	
Surrogate: BZ-198		/0/00					
Chlorinated Herbicides by EPA 515.3 2,4,5-TP Silvex	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337

Analytical Report: Page 15 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

#### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

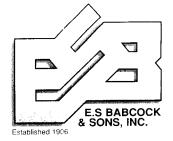
Sample Description Van Dam Field Well

Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15

**Received Date/Time** 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	yte(s) Result		Method	Analysis Date Analyst		Flag
Chlorinated Herbicides by EPA 515.	3					
2, <b>4</b> -D	ND	10 ug/L	EPA 515.3		DTI	
Bentazon	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	00,11,00,111,=	DTI	
Dalapon	NÐ	10 ug/L	EPA 515.3		DTI	
Dicamba	ND	1.5 ug/L	EPA 515.3		DTI	
Dinoseb	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	•••	DTI	
Pentachlorophenol	ND	0.20 ug/L	EPA 515.3		DTI	
Pichloram	ND	1.0 ug/L	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Surrogate: DCAA	107 %	70-130	EPA 515.3	06/17/03 17:42	DTI	
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP	A 524.2					
1,1,1,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1,1-Trichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1,2,2-Tetrachloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1,2-Trichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1-Dichloroethene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,1-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2.3-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2,4-Trichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2.4-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2-Dichloroethane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,3,5-Trimethylbenzene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 16 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

### Laboratory Reference Number

## A3F0436-02

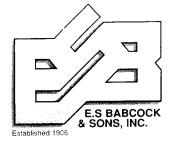
Sample Description

Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Receiv 06/10/03 11:15 06/10

Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	ult *RDL Units		Method	Analysis Date Analyst		Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP	PA 524.2						
1,3-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,3-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,4-Dichlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
1,4-Dioxane	ND	35	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
2,2-Dichloropropane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
2-Butanone(MEK)	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
2-Chloroethylvinyl Ether	ND	1.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
2-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
4-Chlorotoluene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
4-Methyl-2-Pentanone(MIBK)	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Benzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bis(2-Chloroethyl)Ether	ND	5.0	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromochloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromodichloromethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromoform	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Bromomethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Carbon Tetrachloride	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Chlorobenzene	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Chloroethane	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Chloroform	ND	0.50	ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
Chloromethane	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	
cis-1,2-Dichloroethene	ND		ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24	HG	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 17 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

# Laboratory Reference Number

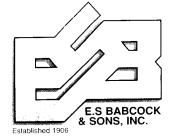
## A3F0436-02

Sample Description

Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time Received Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15 06/10/03 15:25

Analysis Date Analyst Flag Method \*RDL Units Result Analyte(s) Volatile Organic Compounds by EPA 524.2 HG EPA 524.2 06/11/03 19:24 0.50 ug/L ND cis-1,3-Dichloropropene HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 0.50 ug/L ND Dibromochloromethane HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 ND 0.50 ug/L Dibromomethane HG EPA 524.2 06/11/03 19:24 0.50 ug/L ND Dichlorodifluoromethane HG 06/11/03 19:24 3.0 ug/L EPA 524.2 ND Di-isopropyl ether HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 ND 3.0 ug/L Ethyl tert-Butyl Ether HG EPA 524.2 06/11/03 19:24 0.50 ug/L ND Ethylbenzene HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 ND 0.50 ug/L Hexachlorobutadiene 06/11/03 19:24 HG EPA 524.2 0.50 ug/L ND Isopropylbenzene HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 ND 3.0 ug/L Methyl tert butyl Ether HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 0.50 ug/L ND Methylene Chloride HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 ND 0.50 ug/L n-Butylbenzene HG EPA 524.2 06/11/03 19:24 0.50 ug/L ND n-Propylbenzene HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 0.50 ug/L ND Naphthalene HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 ND 0.50 ug/L p-Isopropyltoluene HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 0.50 ug/L ND sec-Butylbenzene HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 0.50 ug/L ND Styrene HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 3.0 ug/L ND tert-Amyl Methyl Ether HG EPA 524.2 06/11/03 19:24 2.0 ug/L ND tert-Butyl alcohol HG 06/11/03 19:24 EPA 524.2 ND 0.50 ug/L tert-Butylbenzene 06/11/03 19:24 HG EPA 524.2 ND 0.50 ug/L Tetrachloroethene 06/11/03 19:24 HG 0.50 ug/L EPA 524.2 ND Toluene 06/11/03 19:24 HG EPA 524.2 0.50 ug/L ND trans-1,2-Dichloroethene





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 18 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

#### Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-02

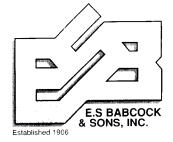
Sample Description

Matrix Water Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 11:15

Received Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Analy	st Flag
Volatile Organic Compounds by EP	A 524.2				_
trans-1,3-Dichloropropene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HG	
Trichloroethene	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HC	
Trichlorofluoromethane	ND	5.0 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HG	
Trichlorotrifluoroethane	ND	10 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HG	
Vinyl Chloride	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HC	_
Xylenes (m+p)	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HC	-
Xylenes (ortho)	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HC	
Xylenes (Total)	ND	0.50 ug/L	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HC	
Surrogate: 1,2-Dichloroethane-d4	91.4 %	50-150	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HC	
Surrogate: Bromofluorobenzene	111 %	50-150	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HC	
Surrogate: Toluene-d8	109 %	50-150	EPA 524.2	06/11/03 19:24 HC	3
Semivolatile Organic Compounds b	y EPA 525.2				
Benzo(a)pyrene	ND	0.10 ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 01:09 DF	
DEH-Adipate	ND	5.0 ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 01:09 DF	
DEH-Phthalate	ND	3.0 ug/L	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 01:09 DF	=
Surrogate: Perylene-d12	103 %	70-130	EPA 525.2	06/17/03 01:09 DF	=
Carbamates by EPA 531.1					
3-Hydroxycarbofuran	ND	3.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 D1	ΓI
Aldicarb	ND	3.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 DT	ГІ
Aldicarb sulfone	ND	4.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 D1	ГІ
Aldicarb sulfoxide	ND	3.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 DT	ГІ
	ND	5.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 DT	ГІ
Carbaryl	ND	5.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 DT	ГІ
Carbofuran		0.0 - 0			





06/10/03 11:15

Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337

Analytical Report: Page 19 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

# Laboratory Reference Number

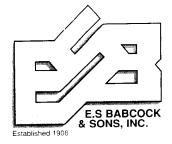
# A3F0436-02

Sample Description Van Dam Field Well Matrix Water

**Received Date/Time** Sampled Date/Time 06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	nalyte(s) Result		Method	Analysis Date Analy	st Flag
Carbamates by EPA 531.1					
Methomyl	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 DT	
Oxamyl	ND	20 ug/L	EPA 531.1	06/18/03 03:02 DT	.1
Glyphosate by EPA 547 Glyphosate	ND	25 ug/L	EPA 547	06/18/03 22:19 DT	1
Endothall by EPA 548.1 Endothall	ND	45 ug/L	EPA 548.1	06/12/03 00:33 DF	-





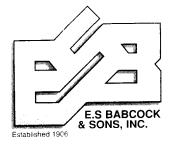
Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 20 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

# Laboratory Reference Number

Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>	Sampled Date/Time	Received Date/Time
Van Dam Station Well (Dissolved)	Water	06/10/03 12:15	06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Analyst	Flag
Metals and Metalloids	2.0	2.0 ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 15:17 ieo	





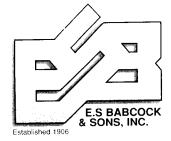
Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 21 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

## Laboratory Reference Number A3F0436-04

Sample Description	<u>Matrix</u>	Sampled Date/Time	Received Date/Time
Van Dam Field Well (Dissolved)	Water	06/10/03 11:15	06/10/03 15:25

Analyte(s)	Result	*RDL Units	Method	Analysis Date Analyst	Flag
Metals and Metalloids Arsenic	ND	2.0 ug/L	EPA 200.8	06/12/03 15:19 ieo	





Client Name: Layne-Christensen Contact: Cris Hepburn Address: 11001 Etiwanda Ave. Fontana, CA 92337 Analytical Report: Page 22 of 22 Project Name: Layne Christensen-State Title Project Number: PO #43641 Work Order Number: A3F0436 Report Date: 27-Jun-2003

#### **Notes and Definitions**

- NQChi QC was biased high, however analyte was not detected in sample.
- NShi The surrogate recovery for this sample was above laboratory acceptance limits.
- DET Analyte DETECTED
- ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit (RDL)
- NR Not Reported
- dry Sample results reported on a dry weight basis
- RPD Relative Percent Difference



rmation Record	ろってってくの (Rushes Require Approval, Additional Charges May Apply)	Wotes Willew 4364/ 7-B Recto	Print Name / Company N 1 0 2003 ab No. Page _ of _
Chain of Custody & Sample Information Record	Phone No. (9ω) 390-2933 48 Hours 24 Hours	Matrix Matrix XXXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX XXXX	The Kar
Chain of Cust	Kolt →	$\begin{array}{c} & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & \\ & & & & $	Date / Time Received By (Sign / ) o /52 C (ONOM 2000)
side. CA 92507 53-1662	Contact: Lou u	Preserved A Differenced A Differen	Print Name / Company Date Kour Layue 6/10 Sample Integrity Upon Pecceipt
E.S. Babcock & Sons, Inc. 6100 Quail Valley Court Riverside. CA 92507 E.S. Burcock (909) 653-3351 • FAX (909) 653-1662	Client: Layre Project Name: LuDS	1 Hr Jation nation	Relinquished By (sign) Pr Relinquished By (sign) Pr Relinquished By (sign) Pr Sampley Submitted on Ice?

Van Dam Property, Antelope Valley, CA Test Hole Results Proj. No. 27-7897

12-Nov-03



LABORATORY ANALYTICAL DATA SHEETS



LABORATORY REPORT							
Prepared For:	Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337	Project: Antelope Valley					
	Attention: Tony Morgan	Sampled: 07/25/03					
		Received: 07/25/03					
		Issued: 08/18/03					
		CA ELAP #1169					
weigh	t basis unless otherwise noted in th lytical and its client. This report sh	poort pertain only to the samples tested in the laboratory. All soil samples are reported on a wet be report. This Laboratory Report is confidential and is intended for the sole use of Del Mar ball not be reproduced, except in full, without written permission from Del Mar Analytical. s entire report was reviewed and approved for release.					
	111	s entire report was reviewed and approved for release.					

#### SAMPLE CROSS REFERENCE

SUBCONTRACTED: Refer to the last page for specific subcontract laboratory information included in this report.

CMG0155-01

**CLIENT ID** Van Dam #3 438' MATRIX Water

Jeanne Adade

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

		ME	TALS					
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dan	n #3 438' - Water)			Samp	led: 07/25/	03		
Reporting Units: ug/l								
Aluminum	EPA 200.7	3G28059	50	24000	1	7/28/2003	8/4/2003	
Antimony	EPA 200.8	3H11042	2.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Arsenic	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	5.4	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Barium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	10	180	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Beryllium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	0.50	0.67	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Boron	EPA 200.7	3G28059	50	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Cadmium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Calcium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	100	31000	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Chromium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	5.0	57	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Copper	EPA 200.7	3G28059	10	44	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Iron	EPA 200.7	3G28059	40	35000	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Lead	EPA 200.7	3G28059	5.0	9.3	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Magnesium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	20	13000	1	7/28/2003	8/1/2003	
Manganese	EPA 200.7	3G28059	20	620	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Mercury	EPA 245.1	3G30061	0.20	1.3	1	7/30/2003	7/30/2003	
Nickel	EPA 200.7	3G28059	10	43	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Potassium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	500	5100	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Selenium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	5.0	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Silicon	EPA 200.7	3G28059	51	60000	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Silver	EPA 200.7	3G28059	10	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Sodium	EPA 200.7	3G28059	500	36000	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Thallium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Zinc	EPA 200.7	3G28059	20	67	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**DISSOLVED METALS** 

			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438'	- Water)			Samp	led: 07/25/	03		
Reporting Units: ug/l								
Aluminum	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	50	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Antimony	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	2.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Arsenic	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Barium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	10	36	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Beryllium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	0.50	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Boron	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	50	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Cadmium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Calcium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	100	19000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Chromium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Copper	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Iron	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	40	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Lead	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Magnesium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	20	2300	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Manganese	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	20	57	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Mercury	EPA 245.1-Diss	3H13076	0.20	ND	1	8/13/2003	8/13/2003	
Nickel	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Potassium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	500	2200	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Selenium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Silicon	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	51	8700	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Silver	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Sodium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	500	34000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Thallium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11045	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Zinc	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14053	20	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

		INOR	GANICS					
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: °C	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Temperature	EPA 170.1	3H06051	NA	28	1	7/24/2003	7/24/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: Color Units	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Color	SM2120B	3G26035	1.0	19	1	7/26/2003	7/26/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: mg/l	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3G31105	2.0	110	1	7/31/2003	7/31/2003	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3G31105	2.0	100	1	7/31/2003	7/31/2003	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3G31105	2.0	8.0	1	7/31/2003	7/31/2003	
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3G31105	2.0	ND	1	7/31/2003	7/31/2003	
Ammonia-N	EPA 350.3	3G28048	0.50	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Bromide	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.50	ND	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Chloride	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.50	8.2	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Chromium VI	EPA 218.6	3G25073	0.0010	ND	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Total Cyanide	SM4500-CN-C,E	3G28061	0.025	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Fluoride	EPA 300.0	3G28039	0.50	ND	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Hardness (as CaCO3)	SM2340B	3G28059	1.0	130	1	7/28/2003	7/29/2003	
Nitrate-NO3	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.50	9.0	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Nitrite-N	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.15	ND	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.15	2.0	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Phosphorus	EPA 365.3	3G30049	0.050	0.15	1	7/30/2003	7/30/2003	
Sulfate	EPA 300.0	3G25037	0.50	14	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Surfactants (MBAS)	SM5540-C	3G25064	0.40	ND	4	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	M2, RL-1
Total Dissolved Solids	EPA 160.1	3G28080	10	200	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Total Organic Carbon	EPA 415.1	3G30056	1.0	2.1	1	7/30/2003	7/30/2003	
Total Suspended Solids	EPA 160.2	3G28060	10	460	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: NTU	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Turbidity	EPA 180.1	3G26036	50	990	50	7/26/2003	7/26/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: pH Units	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
рН	EPA 150.1	3G25077	NA	8.05	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438 Reporting Units: T.O.N.	' - Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/	03		
Odor	SM2150B	3G25079	1.0	ND	1	7/25/2003	7/25/2003	Н3

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



Attention: Tony Morgan	IN	ORGANICS		
Fontana, CA 92337	Report Number:	CMG0155	Received: 07/25/03	
Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue	Project ID:	Antelope Valley	Sampled: 07/25/03	

Analyte	Method	Batch	Reporting Limit	Sample Result	Dilution Factor	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Data Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438' -	Water)			Sampl	ed: 07/25/	03		
Reporting Units: umhos/cm								
Specific Conductance	EPA 120.1	3G28079	1.0	260	1	7/28/2003	7/28/2003	



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	Antelope Valley		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	07/25/03
Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Report Number:	CMG0155	Received:	07/25/03

			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data		
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers		
Sample ID: CMG0155-01 (Van Dam #3 438' -	· Water)			Sampl	led: 07/25/0	)3				
<b>Reporting Units: SI Units</b>										
Langlier Index	SM 2330B	3H06052	0.010	0.37	1	8/6/2003	8/6/2003			

LANCI IER SATURATION INDEX



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

#### SHORT HOLD TIME DETAIL REPORT

	Hold Time (in days)	Date/Time Sampled	Date/Time Received	Date/Time Extracted	Date/Time Analyzed
Sample ID: Van Dam #3 438' (CMG0155-01	l) - Water				
EPA 150.1	1	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 20:15	07/25/2003 21:20
EPA 170.1	1	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/24/2003 13:25	07/24/2003 13:25
EPA 180.1	2	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/26/2003 12:00	07/26/2003 13:00
EPA 218.6	1	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 18:40	07/25/2003 19:25
EPA 300.0	2	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 20:00	07/25/2003 20:51
SM2120B	2	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/26/2003 12:00	07/26/2003 13:00
SM2150B	1	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 20:00	07/25/2003 20:30
SM5540-C	2	07/25/2003 13:25	07/25/2003 16:00	07/25/2003 20:00	07/25/2003 21:00



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

#### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **METALS**

Batch: 3G28059 Extracted: 07/28/03	
Blank Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3G28059-BLK1)	
Aluminum ND 50 ug/l	
Barium ND 10 ug/l	
Boron ND 50 ug/l	
Calcium ND 100 ug/l	
Chromium ND 5.0 ug/l	
Copper ND 10 ug/l	
Iron ND 40 ug/l	
Lead ND 5.0 ug/l	
Magnesium ND 20 ug/l	
Manganese ND 20 ug/l	
Nickel ND 10 ug/l	
Potassium ND 500 ug/l	
Selenium ND 5.0 ug/l	
Silicon ND 51 ug/l	
Silver ND 10 ug/l	
Sodium ND 500 ug/l	
Zinc ND 20 ug/l	
LCS Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3G28059-BS1)	
Aluminum 540 50 ug/l 500 108 85-115	
Barium 524 10 ug/l 500 105 85-115	
Boron 513 50 ug/l 500 103 85-115	
Calcium 2820 100 ug/l 2500 113 85-115	
Chromium 524 5.0 ug/l 500 105 85-115	
Copper 486 10 ug/l 500 97 85-115	
Iron 526 40 ug/l 500 105 85-115	
Lead 521 5.0 ug/l 500 104 85-115	
Magnesium 2840 20 ug/l 2500 114 85-115	
Manganese 513 20 ug/l 500 103 85-115	
Nickel 508 10 ug/l 500 102 85-115	
Potassium 5160 500 ug/l 5000 103 85-115	
Selenium 509 5.0 ug/l 500 102 85-115	
Silicon 2570 51 ug/l 2500 103 85-115	
Silver 258 10 ug/l 250 103 85-115	
Sodium 2580 500 ug/l 2500 103 85-115	

#### Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3G28059 Extracted: 07/28/03_										
LCS Analyzed: 07/29/03 (3G28059-BS)										
Zinc	504	20	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3G2	8059-MS1)				Source: I	MG1369-0	01			
Aluminum	593	50	ug/l	500	ND	119	70-130			
Barium	527	10	ug/l	500	26	100	70-130			
Boron	674	50	ug/l	500	160	103	70-130			
Calcium	46600	100	ug/l	2500	44000	104	70-130			
Chromium	509	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130			
Copper	486	10	ug/l	500	4.6	96	70-130			
Iron	527	40	ug/l	500	18	102	70-130			
Lead	505	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130			
Magnesium	13400	20	ug/l	2500	10000	136	70-130			M1
Manganese	497	20	ug/l	500	ND	99	70-130			
Nickel	473	10	ug/l	500	ND	95	70-130			
Potassium	8600	500	ug/l	5000	3200	108	70-130			
Selenium	506	5.0	ug/l	500	4.8	100	70-130			
Silicon	16000	51	ug/l	2500	14000	80	70-130			
Silver	249	10	ug/l	250	ND	100	70-130			
Sodium	47400	500	ug/l	2500	44000	136	70-130			M-HA
Zinc	505	20	ug/l	500	9.4	99	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/04/03	(3G28059-M8	SD1)			Source: I	MG1369-0	01			
Aluminum	582	50	ug/l	500	ND	116	70-130	2	20	
Barium	531	10	ug/l	500	26	101	70-130	1	20	
Boron	682	50	ug/l	500	160	104	70-130	1	20	
Calcium	46700	100	ug/l	2500	44000	108	70-130	0	20	
Chromium	513	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	1	20	
Copper	490	10	ug/l	500	4.6	97	70-130	1	20	
Iron	531	40	ug/l	500	18	103	70-130	1	20	
Lead	510	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130	1	20	
Magnesium	13300	20	ug/l	2500	10000	132	70-130	1	20	M1
Manganese	503	20	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130	1	20	
Nickel	477	10	ug/l	500	ND	95	70-130	1	20	
Potassium	8720	500	ug/l	5000	3200	110	70-130	1	20	
Selenium	519	5.0	ug/l	500	4.8	103	70-130	3	20	
Silicon	16100	51	ug/l	2500	14000	84	70-130	1	20	

Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Oualifiers
Analyte	Kesuit	Linnt	Units	Level	Result	70KEU	Linnts	KFD	Linnt	Quaimers
Batch: 3G28059 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/29/03	3G28059-M8	SD1)			Source: I	MG1369-0	01			
Silver	250	10	ug/l	250	ND	100	70-130	0	20	
Sodium	47600	500	ug/l	2500	44000	144	70-130	0	20	M-HA
Zinc	510	20	ug/l	500	9.4	100	70-130	1	20	
Batch: 3G30061 Extracted: 07/30/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30061-BL	<b>K</b> 1)									
Mercury	ND	0.20	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30061-BS1	)									
Mercury	8.55	0.20	ug/l	8.00		107	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30	061-MS1)				Source: I	MG1501-(	02			
Mercury	7.39	0.20	ug/l	8.00	ND	92	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/30/03 (	3G30061-M8	SD1)			Source: I	MG1501-0	02			
Mercury	7.28	0.20	ug/l	8.00	ND	91	70-130	1	20	
Batch: 3H11042 Extracted: 08/11/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-BL	.K1)									
Antimony	ND	2.0	ug/l							
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Beryllium	ND	0.50	ug/l							
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/l							



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

# METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H11042 Extracted: 08/11/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-BS1	)									
Antimony	90.5	2.0	ug/l	80.0		113	85-115			
Arsenic	88.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0		111	85-115			
Beryllium	83.0	0.50	ug/l	80.0		104	85-115			
Cadmium	85.1	1.0	ug/l	80.0		106	85-115			
Thallium	84.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0		105	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11	.042-MS1)				Source: I	MH0411-(	01			
Antimony	82.3	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.49	102	70-130			
Arsenic	119	1.0	ug/l	80.0	34	106	70-130			
Beryllium	74.8	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	94	70-130			
Cadmium	71.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.092	89	70-130			
Thallium	79.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	99	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/11/03(	3H11042-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MH0411-(	01			
Antimony	82.2	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.49	102	70-130	0	20	
Arsenic	119	1.0	ug/l	80.0	34	106	70-130	0	20	
Beryllium	76.2	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	95	70-130	2	20	
Cadmium	71.4	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.092	89	70-130	0	20	
Thallium	79.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	99	70-130	0	20	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: Antelope Valley

Report Number: CMG0155

Sampled: 07/25/03 Received: 07/25/03

**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H11045 Extracted: 08/11/03										
Daten, SHII045 Extracted, 00/11/05										
Blank Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11045-BL	K1)									
Antimony	ND	2.0	ug/l							
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Beryllium	ND	0.50	ug/l							
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11045-BS1)	)									
Antimony	88.9	2.0	ug/l	80.0		111	85-115			
Arsenic	85.3	1.0	ug/l	80.0		107	85-115			
Beryllium	88.1	0.50	ug/l	80.0		110	85-115			
Cadmium	84.7	1.0	ug/l	80.0		106	85-115			
Thallium	75.6	1.0	ug/l	80.0		94	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11	045-MS1)				Source: C	CMG0155-	-01			
Antimony	88.4	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.22	110	70-130			
Arsenic	87.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.77	108	70-130			
Beryllium	87.0	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	109	70-130			
Cadmium	81.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	102	70-130			
Thallium	80.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	100	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3	3H11045-MS	SD1)			Source: C	CMG0155-	-01			
Antimony	87.8	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.22	109	70-130	1	20	
Arsenic	86.7	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.77	107	70-130	0	20	
Beryllium	86.6	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	108	70-130	1	20	
Cadmium	81.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	101	70-130	0	20	
Thallium	81.1	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	101	70-130	1	20	



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METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H13076 Extracted: 08/13/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13076-BL Mercury	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.20	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13076-BS1 Mercury	) 8.25	0.20	ug/l	8.00		103	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13 Mercury	<b>076-MS1</b> ) 7.75	0.20	ug/l	8.00	Source: I ND	<b>MH0074-</b> 97	<b>01</b> 70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/13/03 ( Mercury	<b>3H13076-MS</b> 7.80	<b>D1)</b> 0.20	ug/l	8.00	Source: I ND	<b>MH0074-</b> 98	<b>01</b> 70-130	1	20	
Batch: 3H14053 Extracted: 08/14/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14053-BI	.K1)									
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/l							
Barium	ND	10	ug/l							
Boron	ND	50	ug/l							
Calcium	ND	100	ug/l							
Chromium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Copper	ND	10	ug/l							
Iron	ND	40	ug/l							
Lead	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Magnesium	ND	20	ug/l							
Manganese	ND	20	ug/l							
Nickel	ND	10	ug/l							
Potassium	ND	500	ug/l							
Selenium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Silicon	ND	51	ug/l							
Silver	ND	10	ug/l							
Sodium	ND	500	ug/l							
Zinc	ND	20	ug/l							



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**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H14053 Extracted: 08/14/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14053-BS1										
Aluminum	498	50	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Barium	533	10	ug/l	500		107	85-115			
Boron	490	50	ug/l	500		98	85-115			
Calcium	2500	100	ug/l	2500		100	85-115			
Chromium	502	5.0	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Copper	500	10	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Iron	510	40	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Lead	499	5.0	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Magnesium	2520	20	ug/l	2500		101	85-115			
Manganese	534	20	ug/l	500		107	85-115			
Nickel	511	10	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Potassium	5150	500	ug/l	5000		103	85-115			
Selenium	505	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Silicon	2710	51	ug/l	2500		108	85-115			
Silver	254	10	ug/l	250		102	85-115			
Sodium	2590	500	ug/l	2500		104	85-115			
Zinc	494	20	ug/l	500		99	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14	1053-MS1)				Source: C	CMG0155-	-01			
Aluminum	538	50	ug/l	500	ND	108	70-130			
Barium	568	10	ug/l	500	36	106	70-130			
Boron	525	50	ug/l	500	27	100	70-130			
Calcium	21100	100	ug/l	2500	19000	84	70-130			
Chromium	504	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130			
Copper	536	10	ug/l	500	4.0	106	70-130			
Iron	512	40	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130			
Lead	509	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130			
Magnesium	4740	20	ug/l	2500	2300	98	70-130			
Manganese	593	20	ug/l	500	57	107	70-130			
Nickel	516	10	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130			
Potassium	7590	500	ug/l	5000	2200	108	70-130			
Selenium	511	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	102	70-130			
Silicon	11200	51	ug/l	2500	8700	100	70-130			
Silver	258	10	ug/l	250	ND	103	70-130			
Sodium	36100	500	ug/l	2500	34000	84	70-130			

Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



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#### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H14053 Extracted: 08/14/03	-									
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H	14053-MS1)				Source: (	CMG0155-	-01			
Zinc	507	20	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/15/03	(3H14053-MS	SD1)			Source: (	CMG0155-	·01			
Aluminum	517	50	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	4	20	
Barium	566	10	ug/l	500	36	106	70-130	0	20	
Boron	522	50	ug/l	500	27	99	70-130	1	20	
Calcium	21100	100	ug/l	2500	19000	84	70-130	0	20	
Chromium	501	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	100	70-130	1	20	
Copper	540	10	ug/l	500	4.0	107	70-130	1	20	
Iron	513	40	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	0	20	
Lead	507	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130	0	20	
Magnesium	4730	20	ug/l	2500	2300	97	70-130	0	20	
Manganese	574	20	ug/l	500	57	103	70-130	3	20	
Nickel	515	10	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	0	20	
Potassium	7600	500	ug/l	5000	2200	108	70-130	0	20	
Selenium	516	5.0	ug/l	500	ND	103	70-130	1	20	
Silicon	11100	51	ug/l	2500	8700	96	70-130	1	20	
Silver	256	10	ug/l	250	ND	102	70-130	1	20	
Sodium	36000	500	ug/l	2500	34000	80	70-130	0	20	
Zinc	505	20	ug/l	500	ND	101	70-130	0	20	



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#### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G25037 Extracted: 07/25/03										-
Blank Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25037-BL	<b>K</b> 1)									
Bromide	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Chloride	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrate-NO3	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrite-N	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	ND	0.15	mg/l							
Sulfate	ND	0.19	mg/l							
Sunac	ND	0.50	1115/1							
LCS Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25037-BS1	)									
Bromide	5.00	0.50	mg/l	5.00		100	90-110			
Chloride	4.84	0.50	mg/l	5.00		97	90-110			M3
Nitrate-NO3	5.00	0.50	mg/l	5.00		100	90-110			
Nitrite-N	1.54	0.15	mg/l	1.52		101	90-110			
Sulfate	9.52	0.50	mg/l	10.0		95	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25	037-MS1)				Source: I	MG1324-1	12			
Bromide	6.35	0.50	mg/l	5.00	1.2	103	80-120			
Nitrate-NO3	5.01	0.50	mg/l	5.00	ND	100	80-120			
Nitrite-N	2.01	0.15	mg/l	1.52	ND	132	80-120			M1
Sulfate	10.6	0.50	mg/l	10.0	1.5	91	80-120			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/25/03 (	3G25037-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: I	MG1324-1	12			
Bromide	6.37	0.50	mg/l	5.00	1.2	103	80-120	0	20	
Nitrate-NO3	5.19	0.50	mg/l	5.00	ND	104	80-120	4	20	
Nitrite-N	2.01	0.15	mg/l	1.52	ND	132	80-120	0	20	M1
Sulfate	10.8	0.50	mg/l	10.0	1.5	93	80-120	2	20	
Batch: 3G25064 Extracted: 07/25/03										

Blank Analyzed: 07/25/03	(3G25064-BLK1)	
Surfactants (MBAS)	ND	0.10

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager mg/l



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#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G25064 Extracted: 07/25/03										
LCS Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25064-BS1) Surfactants (MBAS)	0.230	0.10	mg/l	0.250		92	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25 Surfactants (MBAS)	<b>064-MS1)</b> 0.195	0.40	mg/l	1.00	<b>Source: (</b> 0.11	C <b>MG0155</b> - 8	- <b>01</b> 50-125			М2
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/25/03 ( Surfactants (MBAS)	<b>3G25064-MS</b> 0.203	<b>5D1</b> ) 0.40	mg/l	1.00	<b>Source: (</b> 0.11	C <b>MG0155</b> 9	- <b>01</b> 50-125	4	20	М2
Batch: 3G25073 Extracted: 07/25/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25073-BL	K1)									
Chromium VI	ND	0.0010	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25073-BS1) Chromium VI	) 0.0525	0.0010	mg/l	0.0500		105	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25 Chromium VI	073-MS1) 0.0532	0.0010	mg/l	0.0500	Source: ( ND	C <b>MG0155</b> 106	<b>-01</b> 70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/25/03 (. Chromium VI	<b>3G25073-MS</b> 0.0534	<b>5D1</b> ) 0.0010	mg/l	0.0500	Source: ( ND	C <b>MG0155</b> - 107	- <b>01</b> 70-130	0	15	
Batch: 3G25077 Extracted: 07/25/03										
<b>Duplicate Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25077</b> pH	- <b>DUP1</b> ) 7.75	NA	pH Units		<b>Source: I</b> 7.76	MG1309-	04	0	5	
1.			1							



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**METHOD BLANK/QC DATA** 

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G25079 Extracted: 07/25/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/25/03 (3G25079-BL Odor	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	1.0	T.O.N.							
Batch: 3G26035 Extracted: 07/26/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/26/03 (3G26035 Color	- <b>DUP1</b> ) 19.0	1.0	Color Units		<b>Source: (</b> 19	CMG0155-	-01	0	20	
Batch: 3G26036 Extracted: 07/26/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/26/03 (3G26036-BL	,									
Turbidity	ND	1.0	NTU							
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/26/03 (3G26036 Turbidity	- <b>DUP1</b> ) 1000	50	NTU		<b>Source: C</b> 990	CMG0155-	-01	1	20	
Batch: 3G28039 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28039-BL Fluoride	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.50	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28039-BS1 Fluoride	) 4.70	0.50	mg/l	5.00		94	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28 Fluoride	<b>039-MS1</b> ) 5.25	2.5	mg/l	5.00	<b>Source: I</b> 1.4	<b>MG1251-</b> ( 77	<b>01</b> 80-120			М2

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



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#### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G28039 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/28/03 ( Fluoride	<b>3G28039-M</b> 4.60	SD1) 2.5	mg/l	5.00	<b>Source: I</b> 1.4	MG1251-( 64	<b>01</b> 80-120	13	20	М2
Batch: 3G28048 Extracted: 07/28/03			6							
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28048-Bl	LK1)									
Ammonia-N	ND	0.50	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28048-BS1 Ammonia-N	.) 1.06	0.50	mg/l	1.00		106	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G2	3048-MS1)				Source: I	MG1139-(	01			
Ammonia-N	2.00	0.50	mg/l	2.00	0.11	94	75-125			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/28/03 (	3G28048-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MG1139-(	01			
Ammonia-N	2.08	0.50	mg/l	2.00	0.11	98	75-125	4	15	
Batch: 3G28059 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/29/03 (3G28059-Bl										
Hardness (as CaCO3)	ND	1.0	mg/l							
Batch: 3G28060 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28060-Bl	LK1)									
Total Suspended Solids	ND	10	mg/l							



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#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G28060 Extracted: 07/28/03										
LCS Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28060-BS1)	)									
Total Suspended Solids	1000	10	mg/l	1000		100	85-115			
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28060	-DUP1)				Source: IN	MG1245-0	01			
Total Suspended Solids	1340	10	mg/l		1300			3	5	
Batch: 3G28061 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28061-BL	K1)									
Total Cyanide	ND	0.025	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28061-BS1)	)									
Total Cyanide	0.204	0.025	mg/l	0.200		102	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28	061-MS1)				Source: IN	MG1253-0	01			
Total Cyanide	0.194	0.025	mg/l	0.200	ND	97	70-115			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3	3G28061-MS	D1)			Source: IN	MG1253-0	01			
Total Cyanide	0.192	0.025	mg/l	0.200	ND	96	70-115	1	15	
Batch: 3G28079 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28079	-DUP1)				Source: IN	MG1345-0	01			
Specific Conductance	880	1.0	umhos/cm		890			1	5	
Batch: 3G28080 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28080-BL										
Total Dissolved Solids	ND	10	mg/l							



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#### METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3G28080 Extracted: 07/28/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28080	,				Source: I	MG1248-	01			
Total Dissolved Solids	4400	10	mg/l		4400			0	20	
Reference Analyzed: 07/28/03 (3G28080 Total Dissolved Solids	<b>)-SRM1</b> ) 1020	10	mg/l	1000		102	90-110			
Batch: 3G30049 Extracted: 07/30/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30049-BL	.K1)									
Phosphorus	ND	0.050	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30049-BS1)										
Phosphorus	0.991	0.050	mg/l	1.00		99	80-120			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30	,				Source: I					
Phosphorus	1.07	0.050	mg/l	1.00	0.11	96	65-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3	3G30049-M\$	SD1)			Source: I	MG1448-	02			
Phosphorus	1.11	0.050	mg/l	1.00	0.11	100	65-130	4	15	
Batch: 3G30056 Extracted: 07/30/03										
Blank Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30056-BL	.K1)									
Total Organic Carbon	ND	1.0	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30056-BS1)	)									
Total Organic Carbon	10.3	1.0	mg/l	10.0		103	90-110			

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



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#### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **INORGANICS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3G30056 Extracted: 07/30/03										
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 07/30/03 (3G30	056-MS1)				Source: I	MG1194-0	02			
Total Organic Carbon	11.0	1.0	mg/l	5.00	5.8	104	80-120			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 07/30/03 (	3G30056-MSI	D1)			Source: I	MG1194-(	02			
Total Organic Carbon	10.8	1.0	mg/l	5.00	5.8	100	80-120	2	20	
Batch: 3G31105 Extracted: 07/31/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 07/31/03 (3G31105	-DUP1)				Source: I	MG1565-0	01			
Alkalinity as CaCO3	176	2.0	mg/l		180			2	20	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	176	2.0	mg/l		180			2	20	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND	2.0	mg/l		ND				20	
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND	2.0	mg/l		ND				20	
Reference Analyzed: 07/31/03 (3G31105	5-SRM1)									
Alkalinity as CaCO3	308	2.0	mg/l	311		99	94-105			



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Report Humber. Civico195

#### DATA QUALIFIERS AND DEFINITIONS

- C Calibration Verification recovery was above the method control limit for this analyte. Analyte not detected, data not impacted.
- H3 Sample was received and analyzed past holding time.
- M1 The MS and/or MSD were above the acceptance limits due to sample matrix interference. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- M2 The MS and/or MSD were below the acceptance limits due to sample matrix interference. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- M3 Results exceeded the linear range in the MS/MSD and therefore are not available for reporting. The batch was accepted based on acceptable recovery in the Blank Spike (LCS).
- **M-HA** Due to high levels of analyte in the sample, the MS/MSD calculation does not provide useful spike recovery information. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- **RL-1** Reporting limit raised due to sample matrix effects.
- ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit or MDL, if MDL is specified.
- **RPD** Relative Percent Difference
- **T.O.N.** Threshhold Odor Number
- SI Units Saturation Index Units



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11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	07/25/03
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#### **Certification Summary**

#### **Subcontracted Laboratories**

Del Mar Analytical - Irvine NELAP Accreditation #01108CA, CA ELAP Cert #1197, AZ DHS Licence #AZ0428 and NV Cert #CA-72

2852 Alton Ave. - Irvine, CA 92606 Method Performed: EPA 120.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 150.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 160.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 160.2 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 170.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 180.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.7 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.7-Diss Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.8 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.8-Diss Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 218.6 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 245.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 245.1-Diss Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 300.0 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 350.3 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 365.3 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: EPA 415.1 Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM 2330B Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM2120B Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM2150B Samples: CMG0155-01

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



Layne Geosciences	Project ID: Antelope Valley		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue		Sampled:	07/25/03
	Report Number: CMG0155	Received:	07/25/03
Attention: Tony Morgan			

Del Mar Analytical - Irvine NELAP Accreditation #01108CA, CA ELAP Cert #1197, AZ DHS Licence #AZ0428 and NV Cert #CA-72

2852 Alton Ave. - Irvine, CA 92606 Method Performed: SM2320B Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM2340B Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM4500-CN-C,E Samples: CMG0155-01 Method Performed: SM5540-C Samples: CMG0155-01

CMC 0/25 vine, CA 92606 (949) 261-1022 FAX (949) 261-1228 liton, CA 92324 (909) 370-4667 FAX (909) 370-1046 ego, CA 92123 (858) 505-9596 FAX (858) 505-9689 enix, AZ 85044 (480) 785-0043 FAX (480) 785-0851 gas, NV 89120 (702) 798-3620 FAX (702) 798-3621	Page of	Deum	In / Tany Mare AU	∘∑ Poe#:	K Pws ID#:	tion? Yes No X	+9-7'706'2'5	XXX			Date/Time: Tumaround Time*: (check one)	<u>ا</u> چ	es may hold tin	
CMC 2852 Alton Avenue, Irvine, CA 92606 1014 East Cooley Drive, Suite A, Colton, CA 92324 9484 Chesapeake Dr., Ste. 805, San Diego, CA 92123 9830 South 51st, Suite B-120, Phoenix, AZ 85044 2520 East Sunset, #3, Las Vegas, NV 89120	DRINKING WATER CHAIN OF CUSTODY FORM	P.O./Project Name: Uau De	Project Manager: Lou Kott	Compliance Sample: Yes No			Carbamates 531.1 Glyphosate 547 Endothall 548.1 Diquat / Paraquat 549.2 Coliform, Total 🗍 Fecal 🗍 Metals (Specify) General Physical (see fee schedule) General Physical (see fee schedule)				Time: Received by:	Time: Received by:	Time: Received in Lab by:	
Del MarAnalytical Providing Quality Environmental Laboratory Services	DRINKING WATER C		a Bue	State: <i>CH</i> Zip: 92337	Fax(909) 350-6097 Data to state's database?	North C	Date Sampled Time Mumber of Containers Volatiles Reg. UnReg. 524.2 Semivolatiles Reg. UnReg. 524.2 Semivolatiles Reg. UnReg. 524.2 Pesticides and PCBs 505 508.1 Pesticides and PCBs 505 508.1	1326 9			Religned by: A Date/Time:		Relinquished by: Date/Time	Remarks:
Del Mal Providing Quality		Client Name: A XvC	Address: 11001 Etiwanda	city: Foutawa	Tel: (909) 390-2833 Fax.	ature	S B D O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O O	Hach w			Matrix Types R DW - Drinking Water	ource)	•	TW - Treated Water (Point of Entry)



	LABORATORY REPORT							
Prepared For:	Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337	Project:WDS Van Dam						
	Attention: Tony Morgan	Sampled: 08/01/03						
		Received: 08/01/03						
		Issued: 08/18/03						
		CA ELAP #1169						
weigh	t basis unless otherwise noted in the re lytical and its client. This report shall	t pertain only to the samples tested in the laboratory. All soil samples are reported on a wet eport. This Laboratory Report is confidential and is intended for the sole use of Del Mar not be reproduced, except in full, without written permission from Del Mar Analytical. ttire report was reviewed and approved for release.						

### SAMPLE CROSS REFERENCE

SUBCONTRACTED: Refer to the last page for specific subcontract laboratory information included in this report.

LABORATORY ID

CMH0004-01

**CLIENT ID** Van Dam #4 358' MATRIX Water

Jeanne Adade

**Del Mar Analytical, Colton** Jeanne Shoulder Project Manager



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	WDS Van Dam		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Report Number:	CMH0004	Received:	08/01/03

		ME	TALS					
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 35	8' - Water)							
Reporting Units: ug/l								
Aluminum	EPA 200.7	3H06080	50	39000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Antimony	EPA 200.8	3H11042	2.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Arsenic	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	8.5	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Barium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	10	250	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Beryllium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	0.50	0.92	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Boron	EPA 200.7	3H06080	50	ND	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Cadmium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Calcium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	100	35000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Chromium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	5.0	82	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Copper	EPA 200.7	3H06080	10	56	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Iron	EPA 200.7	3H06080	40	56000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Lead	EPA 200.7	3H06080	5.0	13	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Magnesium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	20	22000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Manganese	EPA 200.7	3H06080	20	1100	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Mercury	EPA 245.1	3H04054	0.20	1.9	1	8/4/2003	8/4/2003	
Nickel	EPA 200.7	3H06080	10	65	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Potassium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	500	6600	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Selenium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	5.0	ND	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Silicon	EPA 200.7	3H06080	51	50000	1	8/6/2003	8/8/2003	
Silver	EPA 200.7	3H06080	10	ND	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Sodium	EPA 200.7	3H06080	500	36000	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Thallium	EPA 200.8	3H11042	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Zinc	EPA 200.7	3H06080	20	120	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	



Layne Geosciences	Project ID: WDS Van Dam	
11001 Etiwanda Avenue		Sampled: 08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337	Report Number: CMH0004	Received: 08/01/03
Attention: Tony Morgan		

	DISSOLVED METALS							
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam	#4 358' - Water)							
<b>Reporting Units: ug/l</b>								
Aluminum	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	50	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Antimony	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	2.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Arsenic	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	1.0	1.4	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Barium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	10	30	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Beryllium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	0.50	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	С
Boron	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	50	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Cadmium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Calcium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	100	18000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Chromium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Copper	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Iron	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	40	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Lead	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Magnesium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	20	2100	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Manganese	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	20	25	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Mercury	EPA 245.1-Diss	3H13076	0.20	ND	1	8/13/2003	8/13/2003	
Nickel	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Potassium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	500	2300	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Selenium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	5.0	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Silicon	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	51	5000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Silver	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	10	ND	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Sodium	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	500	33000	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	
Thallium	EPA 200.8-Diss	3H11039	1.0	ND	1	8/11/2003	8/11/2003	
Zinc	EPA 200.7-Diss	3H14051	20	24	1	8/14/2003	8/15/2003	



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	WDS Van Dam		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337	Report Number:	CMH0004	Received:	08/01/03
Attention: Tony Morgan				

		INOR	GANICS					
			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: °C	- Water)							
Temperature	EPA 170.1	3H06051	NA	23	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: Color Units	- Water)							
Color	SM2120B	3H02041	1.0	19	1	8/2/2003	8/2/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: mg/l	- Water)							
Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3H08061	2.0	130	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	
<b>Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3</b>	SM2320B	3H08061	2.0	130	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3H08061	2.0	ND	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	SM2320B	3H08061	2.0	ND	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	
Ammonia-N	EPA 350.3	3H04032	0.50	ND	1	8/4/2003	8/4/2003	
Bromide	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Chloride	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	11	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Chromium VI	EPA 7196A	3H01087	0.010	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Total Cyanide	SM4500-CN-C,E	3H05061	0.025	ND	1	8/5/2003	8/5/2003	
Fluoride	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Hardness (as CaCO3)	SM2340B	3H06080	1.0	180	1	8/6/2003	8/7/2003	
Nitrate-NO3	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	11	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Nitrite-N	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.15	0.17	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.15	2.7	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Phosphorus	EPA 365.3	3H05050	0.050	1.1	1	8/5/2003	8/5/2003	
Sulfate	EPA 300.0	3H01037	0.50	24	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Surfactants (MBAS)	SM5540-C	3H01091	0.10	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Total Dissolved Solids	EPA 160.1	3H06060	10	240	1	8/6/2003	8/6/2003	
Total Organic Carbon	EPA 415.1	3H07088	1.0	3.9	1	8/7/2003	8/7/2003	
Total Suspended Solids	EPA 160.2	3H05089	10	3600	1	8/5/2003	8/5/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: NTU	- Water)							
Turbidity	EPA 180.1	3H02040	100	2600	100	8/2/2003	8/2/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: pH Units	- Water)							
рН	EPA 150.1	3H01090	NA	7.84	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' Reporting Units: T.O.N.	- Water)							
Odor	SM2150B	3H01089	1.0	ND	1	8/1/2003	8/1/2003	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Project ID: WD		Sampled: 08/0 Received: 08/0			
INORGANICS						

			Reporting	Sample	Dilution	Date	Date	Data
Analyte	Method	Batch	Limit	Result	Factor	Extracted	Analyzed	Qualifiers
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' - Water)								
<b>Reporting Units: umhos/cm</b>								
Specific Conductance	EPA 120.1	3H06062	1.0	320	1	8/6/2003	8/6/2003	



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	WDS Van Dam		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337	Report Number:	CMH0004	Received:	08/01/03
Attention: Tony Morgan				

LANGLIER SATURATION INDEX								
Analyte	Method	Batch	Reporting Limit	Sample Result	Dilution Factor	Date Extracted	Date Analyzed	Data Oualifiers
Sample ID: CMH0004-01 (Van Dam #4 358' - Water)								
Reporting Units: SI Units								
Langlier Index	SM 2330B	3H08066	0.010	0.16	1	8/8/2003	8/8/2003	



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

# SHORT HOLD TIME DETAIL REPORT

Same I. ID. Van Dans #4.2501 (CMII)0004-01	Hold Time (in days)	Date/Time Sampled	Date/Time Received	Date/Time Extracted	Date/Time Analyzed
Sample ID: Van Dam #4 358' (CMH0004-01	) - water				
EPA 150.1	1	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 19:30	08/01/2003 20:45
EPA 170.1	1	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 07:30
EPA 180.1	2	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/02/2003 14:00	08/02/2003 15:00
EPA 300.0	2	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 19:15	08/01/2003 19:29
EPA 7196A	1	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 20:00	08/01/2003 20:02
SM2120B	2	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/02/2003 13:00	08/02/2003 14:00
SM2150B	1	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 20:30	08/01/2003 21:15
SM5540-C	2	08/01/2003 07:30	08/01/2003 13:35	08/01/2003 20:43	08/01/2003 21:00



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

#### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H04054 Extracted: 08/04/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04054-BL	LK1)									
Mercury	ND	0.20	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04054-BS1	)									
Mercury	7.82	0.20	ug/l	8.00		98	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04	054-MS1)				Source: I	MH0056-(	01			
Mercury	7.69	0.20	ug/l	8.00	ND	96	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/04/03(	3H04054-MS	D1)			Source: I	MH0056-(	01			
Mercury	7.56	0.20	ug/l	8.00	ND	94	70-130	2	20	
Batch: 3H06080 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H06080-BL	<b>K</b> 1)									
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/l							
Barium	ND	10	ug/l							
Boron	ND	50	ug/l							
Calcium	ND	100	ug/l							
Chromium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Copper	ND	10	ug/l							
Iron	ND	40	ug/l							
Lead	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Magnesium	ND	20	ug/l							
Manganese	ND	20	ug/l							
Nickel	ND	10	ug/l							
Potassium	ND	500	ug/l							
Selenium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Silicon	ND	51	ug/l							
Silver	ND	10	ug/l							
Sodium	ND	500	ug/l							
Zinc	ND	20	ug/l							



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H06080 Extracted: 08/06/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H06080-BS)	l)									
Aluminum	458	50	ug/l	500		92	85-115			
Barium	517	10	ug/l	500		103	85-115			
Boron	515	50	ug/l	500		103	85-115			
Calcium	2580	100	ug/l	2500		103	85-115			
Chromium	510	5.0	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Copper	491	10	ug/l	500		98	85-115			
Iron	521	40	ug/l	500		104	85-115			
Lead	519	5.0	ug/l	500		104	85-115			
Magnesium	2620	20	ug/l	2500		105	85-115			
Manganese	510	20	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Nickel	496	10	ug/l	500		99	85-115			
Potassium	4790	500	ug/l	5000		96	85-115			
Selenium	503	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Silicon	2340	51	ug/l	2500		94	85-115			
Silver	254	10	ug/l	250		102	85-115			
Sodium	2570	500	ug/l	2500		103	85-115			
Zinc	503	20	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H0	6080-MS1)				Source: I	MH0140-(	01			
Aluminum	4220	50	ug/l	500	2600	324	70-130			M-HA
Barium	571	10	ug/l	500	62	102	70-130			
Boron	1550	50	ug/l	500	990	112	70-130			
Calcium	222000	100	ug/l	2500	220000	80	70-130			M-HA
Chromium	511	5.0	ug/l	500	4.2	101	70-130			
Copper	517	10	ug/l	500	11	101	70-130			
Iron	4410	40	ug/l	500	3500	182	70-130			M-HA
Lead	501	5.0	ug/l	500	3.8	99	70-130			
Magnesium	59600	20	ug/l	2500	56000	144	70-130			M-HA
Manganese	654	20	ug/l	500	150	101	70-130			
Nickel	466	10	ug/l	500	6.2	92	70-130			
Potassium	9830	500	ug/l	5000	4800	101	70-130			
Selenium	530	5.0	ug/l	500	16	103	70-130			
Silicon	25000	51	ug/l	2500	21000	160	70-130			M-HA
Silver	258	10	ug/l	250	ND	103	70-130			
Sodium	96700	500	ug/l	2500	92000	188	70-130			M-HA

Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



Layne Geosciences 11001 Etiwanda Avenue Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan Project ID: WDS Van Dam

Report Number: CMH0004

Sampled: 08/01/03 Received: 08/01/03

#### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H06080 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H0	6080-MS1)				Source: I	MH0140-(	01			
Zinc	558	20	ug/l	500	52	101	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/07/03	(3H06080-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MH0140-0	01			
Aluminum	4250	50	ug/l	500	2600	330	70-130	1	20	M-HA
Barium	572	10	ug/l	500	62	102	70-130	0	20	
Boron	1550	50	ug/l	500	990	112	70-130	0	20	
Calcium	221000	100	ug/l	2500	220000	40	70-130	1	20	M-HA
Chromium	515	5.0	ug/l	500	4.2	102	70-130	1	20	
Copper	517	10	ug/l	500	11	101	70-130	0	20	
Iron	4460	40	ug/l	500	3500	192	70-130	1	20	M-HA
Lead	505	5.0	ug/l	500	3.8	100	70-130	1	20	
Magnesium	59500	20	ug/l	2500	56000	140	70-130	0	20	M-HA
Manganese	654	20	ug/l	500	150	101	70-130	0	20	
Nickel	469	10	ug/l	500	6.2	93	70-130	1	20	
Potassium	9690	500	ug/l	5000	4800	98	70-130	1	20	
Selenium	540	5.0	ug/l	500	16	105	70-130	2	20	
Silicon	25000	51	ug/l	2500	21000	160	70-130	0	20	M-HA
Silver	258	10	ug/l	250	ND	103	70-130	0	20	
Sodium	95000	500	ug/l	2500	92000	120	70-130	2	20	M-HA
Zinc	558	20	ug/l	500	52	101	70-130	0	20	
Batch: 3H11042 Extracted: 08/11/03										

Blank Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-BLK1)										
Antimony	ND	2.0	ug/l							
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Beryllium	ND	0.50	ug/l							
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/l							



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## METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H11042 Extracted: 08/11/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11042-BS1	)									
Antimony	90.5	2.0	ug/l	80.0		113	85-115			
Arsenic	88.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0		111	85-115			
Beryllium	83.0	0.50	ug/l	80.0		104	85-115			
Cadmium	85.1	1.0	ug/l	80.0		106	85-115			
Thallium	84.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0		105	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11	042-MS1)				Source: I	MH0411-(	01			
Antimony	82.3	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.49	102	70-130			
Arsenic	119	1.0	ug/l	80.0	34	106	70-130			
Beryllium	74.8	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	94	70-130			
Cadmium	71.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.092	89	70-130			
Thallium	79.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	99	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/11/03 (	3H11042-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MH0411-(	01			
Antimony	82.2	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.49	102	70-130	0	20	
Arsenic	119	1.0	ug/l	80.0	34	106	70-130	0	20	
Beryllium	76.2	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	95	70-130	2	20	
Cadmium	71.4	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.092	89	70-130	0	20	
Thallium	79.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	99	70-130	0	20	



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#### METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H11039 Extracted: 08/11/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11039-BL	K1)									
Antimony	ND	2.0	ug/l							
Arsenic	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Beryllium	ND	0.50	ug/l							
Cadmium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
Thallium	ND	1.0	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11039-BS1)	)									
Antimony	86.1	2.0	ug/l	80.0		108	85-115			
Arsenic	87.1	1.0	ug/l	80.0		109	85-115			
Beryllium	90.8	0.50	ug/l	80.0		114	85-115			
Cadmium	82.7	1.0	ug/l	80.0		103	85-115			
Thallium	82.0	1.0	ug/l	80.0		102	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3H11	039-MS1)				Source: C	CMH0004-	-01			
Antimony	87.3	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.78	108	70-130			
Arsenic	89.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0	1.4	110	70-130			
Beryllium	90.3	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	113	70-130			
Cadmium	82.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.047	103	70-130			
Thallium	82.2	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	103	70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/11/03 (3	3H11039-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: C	CMH0004-	-01			
Antimony	87.9	2.0	ug/l	80.0	0.78	109	70-130	1	20	
Arsenic	89.8	1.0	ug/l	80.0	1.4	110	70-130	0	20	
Beryllium	92.5	0.50	ug/l	80.0	ND	116	70-130	2	20	
Cadmium	82.5	1.0	ug/l	80.0	0.047	103	70-130	0	20	
Thallium	82.9	1.0	ug/l	80.0	ND	104	70-130	1	20	



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#### METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H13076 Extracted: 08/13/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13076-BL Mercury	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.20	ug/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13076-BS1 Mercury	) 8.25	0.20	ug/l	8.00		103	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/13/03 (3H13 Mercury	<b>076-MS1</b> ) 7.75	0.20	ug/l	8.00	Source: C	C <b>MH0004</b> 97	<b>-01</b> 70-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/13/03 ( Mercury	<b>3H13076-MS</b> 7.80	<b>D1</b> ) 0.20	ug/l	8.00	Source: C	C <b>MH0004</b> 98	<b>-01</b> 70-130	1	20	
Batch: 3H14051 Extracted: 08/14/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14051-BI	.K1)									
Aluminum	ND	50	ug/l							
Barium	ND	10	ug/l							
Boron	ND	50	ug/l							
Calcium	ND	100	ug/l							
Chromium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Copper	ND	10	ug/l							
Iron	ND	40	ug/l							
Lead	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Magnesium	ND	20	ug/l							
Manganese	ND	20	ug/l							
Nickel	ND	10	ug/l							
Potassium	ND	500	ug/l							
Selenium	ND	5.0	ug/l							
Silicon	ND	51	ug/l							
Silver	ND	10	ug/l							
Sodium	ND	500	ug/l							
Zinc	ND	20	ug/l							



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#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H14051 Extracted: 08/14/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H14051-BS1										M-NR1
Aluminum	498	50	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
Barium	539	10	ug/l	500		108	85-115			
Boron	492	50	ug/l	500		98	85-115			
Calcium	2570	100	ug/l	2500		103	85-115			
Chromium	510	5.0	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Copper	515	10	ug/l	500		103	85-115			
Iron	518	40	ug/l	500		104	85-115			
Lead	506	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115			
Magnesium	2560	20	ug/l	2500		102	85-115			
Manganese	524	20	ug/l	500		105	85-115			
Nickel	517	10	ug/l	500		103	85-115			
Potassium	5200	500	ug/l	5000		104	85-115			
Selenium	511	5.0	ug/l	500		102	85-115			
Silicon	2700	51	ug/l	2500		108	85-115			
Silver	255	10	ug/l	250		102	85-115			
Sodium	2600	500	ug/l	2500		104	85-115			
Zinc	500	20	ug/l	500		100	85-115			
LCS Dup Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H1405)	l-BSD1)									
Aluminum	486	50	ug/l	500		97	85-115	2	20	
Barium	525	10	ug/l	500		105	85-115	3	20	
Boron	480	50	ug/l	500		96	85-115	2	20	
Calcium	2570	100	ug/l	2500		103	85-115	0	20	
Chromium	504	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115	1	20	
Copper	508	10	ug/l	500		102	85-115	1	20	
Iron	512	40	ug/l	500		102	85-115	1	20	
Lead	504	5.0	ug/l	500		101	85-115	0	20	
Magnesium	2530	20	ug/l	2500		101	85-115	1	20	
Manganese	525	20	ug/l	500		105	85-115	0	20	
Nickel	511	10	ug/l	500		102	85-115	1	20	
Potassium	5140	500	ug/l	5000		103	85-115	1	20	
Selenium	511	5.0	ug/l	500		102	85-115	0	20	
Silicon	2630	51	ug/l	2500		105	85-115	3	20	
Silver	248	10	ug/l	250		99	85-115	3	20	
Sodium	2590	500	ug/l	2500		104	85-115	0	20	
			-							

#### Del Mar Analytical, Colton

Jeanne Shoulder

Project Manager



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#### **DISSOLVED METALS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H14051 Extracted: 08/14/03										
LCS Dup Analyzed: 08/15/03 (3H1405) Zinc	- <b>BSD1</b> ) 495	20	ug/l	500		99	85-115	1	20	



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#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H01037 Extracted: 08/01/03										
	171)									
Blank Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01037-BI		0.50								
Bromide	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Chloride	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Fluoride	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrate-NO3	ND	0.50	mg/l							
Nitrite-N	ND	0.15	mg/l							
Nitrate/Nitrite-N	ND	0.15	mg/l							
Sulfate	ND	0.50	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01037-BS1	)									
Bromide	4.74	0.50	mg/l	5.00		95	90-110			
Chloride	4.64	0.50	mg/l	5.00		93	90-110			М3
Fluoride	4.78	0.50	mg/l	5.00		96	90-110			
Nitrate-NO3	4.91	0.50	mg/l	5.00		98	90-110			
Nitrite-N	1.43	0.15	mg/l	1.52		94	90-110			
Sulfate	9.70	0.50	mg/l	10.0		97	90-110			M3
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01	037-MS1)				Source: I	MH0049-	02			
Bromide	6.07	2.5	mg/l	5.00	2.0	81	80-120			
Fluoride	6.00	2.5	mg/l	5.00	1.2	96	80-120			
Nitrate-NO3	5.99	2.5	mg/l	5.00	ND	120	80-120			
Nitrite-N	4.23	0.75	mg/l	1.52	ND	278	80-120			M1
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/01/03(	3H01037-MS	SD1)			Source: I	MH0049-	02			
Bromide	6.62	2.5	mg/l	5.00	2.0	92	80-120	9	20	
Fluoride	6.15	2.5	mg/l	5.00	1.2	99	80-120	2	20	
Nitrate-NO3	5.52	2.5	mg/l	5.00	ND	110	80-120	8	20	
Nitrite-N	5.02	0.75	mg/l	1.52	ND	330	80-120	17	20	M1



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#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H01087 Extracted: 08/01/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01087-BL Chromium VI	J <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.010	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01087-BS1 Chromium VI	) 0.0975	0.010	mg/l	0.100		97	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01 Chromium VI	087-MS1) 0.311	0.010	mg/l	0.300	Source: ( ND	C <b>MH0004</b> 104	- <b>01</b> 85-115			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/01/03 ( Chromium VI	<b>3H01087-MSE</b> 0.301	<b>01</b> ) 0.010	mg/l	0.300	Source: ( ND	C <b>MH0004</b> 100	<b>-01</b> 85-115	3	20	
Batch: 3H01089 Extracted: 08/01/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01089-BL Odor	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	1.0	T.O.N.							
Batch: 3H01090 Extracted: 08/01/03										
<b>Duplicate Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01090</b> pH	- <b>DUP1</b> ) 8.87	NA	pH Units		<b>Source: I</b> 8.85	MH0056-	01	0	5	
Batch: 3H01091 Extracted: 08/01/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01091-BL Surfactants (MBAS)	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.10	mg/l							



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#### METHOD BLANK/QC DATA

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H01091 Extracted: 08/01/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01091-BS1) Surfactants (MBAS)	0.230	0.10	mg/l	0.250		92	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3H01	091-MS1)				Source: (	СМН0004-	-01			
Surfactants (MBAS)	0.235	0.10	mg/l	0.250	ND	94	50-125			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/01/03 (3	3H01091-MSE	<b>D1</b> )			Source: (	CMH0004-	·01			
Surfactants (MBAS)	0.237	0.10	mg/l	0.250	ND	95	50-125	1	20	
Batch: 3H02040 Extracted: 08/02/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/02/03 (3H02040-BL	K1)									
Turbidity	ND	1.0	NTU							
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/02/03 (3H02040	-DUP1)				Source: I	MH0089-0	01			
Turbidity	2.13	1.0	NTU		2.1			1	20	
Batch: 3H02041 Extracted: 08/02/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/02/03 (3H02041	-DUP1)				Source: (	смнооо4-	·01			
Color	19.0	1.0	Color Units		19			0	20	
Batch: 3H04032 Extracted: 08/04/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04032-BL	K1)									
Ammonia-N	ND	0.50	mg/l							



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#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H04032 Extracted: 08/04/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04032-BS1 Ammonia-N	) 1.14	0.50	mg/l	1.00		114	85-115			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/04/03 (3H04	032-MS1)				Source: I	MH0056-	01			
Ammonia-N	2.08	0.50	mg/l	2.00	ND	104	75-125			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/04/03 (	3H04032-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: I	MH0056-	01			
Ammonia-N	2.03	0.50	mg/l	2.00	ND	102	75-125	2	15	
Batch: 3H05050 Extracted: 08/05/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05050-BL Phosphorus	. <b>K1</b> ) ND	0.050	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05050-BS1	)									
Phosphorus	0.963	0.050	mg/l	1.00		96	80-120			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05	050-MS1)				Source: I	MH0081-	01			
Phosphorus	1.05	0.050	mg/l	1.00	0.034	102	65-130			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/05/03 (	3H05050-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: I	MH0081-	01			
Phosphorus	1.04	0.050	mg/l	1.00	0.034	101	65-130	1	15	
Batch: 3H05061 Extracted: 08/05/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05061-BL	.K1)									
Total Cyanide	ND	0.025	mg/l							



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#### **METHOD BLANK/QC DATA**

#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H05061 Extracted: 08/05/03										
LCS Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05061-BS1) Total Cyanide	) 0.189	0.025	mg/l	0.200		94	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05	,					MG1569-				
Total Cyanide	0.190	0.025	mg/l	0.200	ND	95	70-115			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3	3H05061-MS	<b>D1</b> )			Source: I	MG1569-	01			
Total Cyanide	0.192	0.025	mg/l	0.200	ND	96	70-115	1	15	
Batch: 3H05089 Extracted: 08/05/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05089-BL	K1)									
Total Suspended Solids	ND	10	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05089-BS1)	)									
Total Suspended Solids	1010	10	mg/l	1000		101	85-115			
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/05/03 (3H05089	-DUP1)				Source: I	MH0139-	01			
Total Suspended Solids	ND	10	mg/l		ND				5	
Batch: 3H06060 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/06/03 (3H06060-BL	K1)									
Total Dissolved Solids	ND	10	mg/l							
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/06/03 (3H06060	-DUP1)				Source: I	MH0125-	01			
Total Dissolved Solids	371	10	mg/l		370			0	20	



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#### **INORGANICS**

Analyte	Result	Reporting Limit	Units	Spike Level	Source Result	%REC	%REC Limits	RPD	RPD Limit	Data Qualifiers
Batch: 3H06060 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Reference Analyzed: 08/06/03 (3H06060 Total Dissolved Solids	- <b>SRM1</b> ) 986	10	mg/l	1000		99	90-110			
Batch: 3H06062 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/06/03 (3H06062	,	1.0				MH0125-0	01		_	
Specific Conductance	578	1.0	umhos/cm		570			1	5	
Batch: 3H06080 Extracted: 08/06/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H06080-BL Hardness (as CaCO3)	<b>K1</b> ) ND	1.0	mg/l							
Batch: 3H07088 Extracted: 08/07/03										
Blank Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H07088-BL	,		_							
Total Organic Carbon	ND	1.0	mg/l							
LCS Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H07088-BS1) Total Organic Carbon	9.60	1.0	mg/l	10.0		96	90-110			
Matrix Spike Analyzed: 08/07/03 (3H07	088-MS1)				Source: I	MH0056-(	01			
Total Organic Carbon	7.99	1.0	mg/l	5.00	2.9	102	80-120			
Matrix Spike Dup Analyzed: 08/07/03 ( Total Organic Carbon	<b>3H07088-MS</b> 7.47	<b>D1</b> ) 1.0	mg/l	5.00	<b>Source: I</b> 2.9	<b>MH0056-</b> ( 91	0 <b>1</b> 80-120	7	20	



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#### **INORGANICS**

		Reporting		Spike	Source		%REC		RPD	Data
Analyte	Result	Limit	Units	Level	Result	%REC	Limits	RPD	Limit	Qualifiers
Batch: 3H08061 Extracted: 08/08/03										
Duplicate Analyzed: 08/08/03 (3H0806	1-DUP1)				Source: C	MH0004-	-01			
Alkalinity as CaCO3	128	2.0	mg/l		130			2	20	
Bicarbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	128	2.0	mg/l		130			2	20	
Carbonate Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND	2.0	mg/l		ND				20	
Hydroxide Alkalinity as CaCO3	ND	2.0	mg/l		ND				20	
Reference Analyzed: 08/08/03 (3H0806		2.0		211		07	04 105			
Alkalinity as CaCO3	302	2.0	mg/l	311		97	94-105			



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#### **DATA QUALIFIERS AND DEFINITIONS**

- С Calibration Verification recovery was above the method control limit for this analyte. Analyte not detected, data not impacted.
- M1The MS and/or MSD were above the acceptance limits due to sample matrix interference. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- M3 Results exceeded the linear range in the MS/MSD and therefore are not available for reporting. The batch was accepted based on acceptable recovery in the Blank Spike (LCS).
- М-НА Due to high levels of analyte in the sample, the MS/MSD calculation does not provide useful spike recovery information. See Blank Spike (LCS).
- M-NR1 There was no MS/MSD analyzed with this batch due to insufficient sample volume. See Blank Spike/Blank Spike Duplicate.
- ND Analyte NOT DETECTED at or above the reporting limit or MDL, if MDL is specified.
- RPD **Relative Percent Difference**
- T.O.N. Threshhold Odor Number
- SI Units Saturation Index Units



Layne Geosciences	Project ID:	WDS Van Dam		
11001 Etiwanda Avenue			Sampled:	08/01/03
Fontana, CA 92337 Attention: Tony Morgan	Report Number:	CMH0004	Received:	08/01/03

#### **Certification Summary**

#### **Subcontracted Laboratories**

Del Mar Analytical - Irvine NELAP Accreditation #01108CA, CA ELAP Cert #1197, AZ DHS Licence #AZ0428 and NV Cert #CA-72

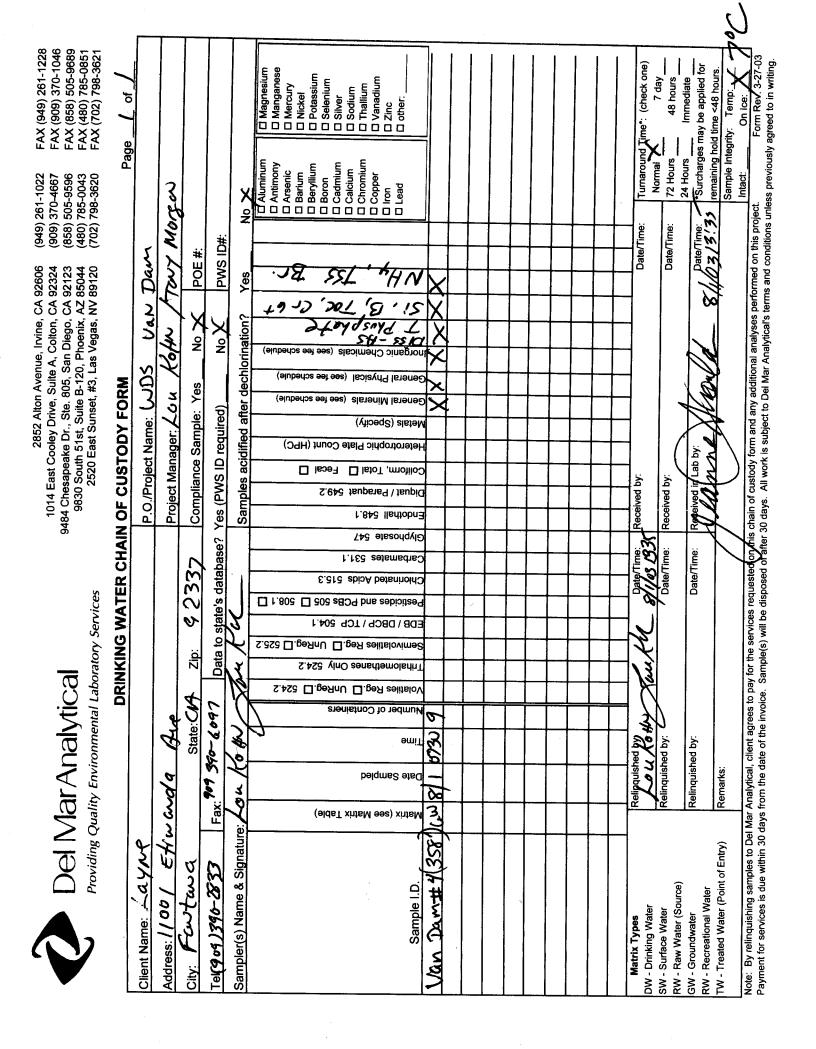
2852 Alton Ave. - Irvine, CA 92606 Method Performed: EPA 120.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 150.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 160.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 160.2 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 170.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 180.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.7 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.7-Diss Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.8 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 200.8-Diss Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 245.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 245.1-Diss Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 300.0 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 350.3 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 365.3 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 415.1 Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: EPA 7196A Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM 2330B Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM2120B Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM2150B Samples: CMH0004-01



Project ID: WDS Van Dam	
	Sampled: 08/01/03
Report Number: CMH0004	Received: 08/01/03
	5

Del Mar Analytical - Irvine NELAP Accreditation #01108CA, CA ELAP Cert #1197, AZ DHS Licence #AZ0428 and NV Cert #CA-72

2852 Alton Ave. - Irvine, CA 92606 Method Performed: SM2320B Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM2340B Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM4500-CN-C,E Samples: CMH0004-01 Method Performed: SM5540-C Samples: CMH0004-01



Appendix C Air Data

# Appendix C Introduction

Lynn Wall of Jones and Stokes Associates prepared the tables contained in this appendix using the emissions estimation software developed for the Port of Los Angeles. This software is based on models developed by the Sacramento Air District. Assumptions regarding the sources of emissions are based on the Project Description in Chapter 3 and additional construction and operations details provided by the applicant. Those details also are summarized in this appendix.

Ms. Wall has 11 years' experience in environmental assessments for air, noise, hazardous material, wastewater, and other environmental issues. She is experienced with all aspects of air quality management for construction projects, stationary sources, and transportation projects. She has conducted ambient air quality monitoring and is experienced with "hot spot" air quality analyses for transportation projects using U.S. EPA's MOBILE6 and CAL3QHC models. She has conducted emission inventories and air quality assessments for mobile sources, including railroads, airports, and marine operations.

Phase 1 Put System (Put from AVEK West Feeder Only): No pumpage required

e 1 Take System (Recov	very to AVEK West Feeder O	Only): Wells manifold to be	ooster	pumps at f	the pump-i	n points to the	AVE
Well	Required Power (HP)						
25	390						
22	333						
23	351						
24	370						
21	371						
20	380						
19	394						
30	374						
31	403						
39	412						
26	179						
18	466						
17	170						
38	188						
37	180						
36	195						
29	190		Nox	VOC	CO	PM10	
Booster Pump	5041	Emission factor (EF)	0.15g	/bhp- 0.15g	/bhp- 0.6g/b	ohp-h 0.02g/bhp	o-hr
		Tons/yr *	•	8.4		33.4 1.4	- 1
Total	10386	· · ·					

Phase 1 Take System (Recovery to AVEK West Feeder Only): Wells manifold to booster pumps at the pump-in points to the AVEK West Feeder

Total Number of wells

Phase 2 Take System (Recovery to AVEK West Feeder and LAA#2 or New Pipeline): Wells manifolded to boster pump to AVEK West Feeder and LAA#2 or New Pipeline

	( · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
Well	Required Power (HP)
25	390
22	333
23	351
24	370
21	371
20	380
19	394
30	374
31	403
39	412
26	179
18	466
17	170
38	188
37	180
36	195
29	190
Booster Pun	1p 5041

hission factor (FF)	0 15a/bhp-hr 0 15a/bhp- 0 6	Sa/bhp-hr 0.02a/bhp
	Nox VOC CC	D PM10
Pump Run Time	4872 hours per yea	ar of operation
Number of wells		
Total	17569 HP	
Booster Pump	545	
1	190	
15	179	
14	181	
16	189	
Booster Pump	953	
0	191	
2	189	
3	181	
12	175	
11	169	
28	165	
27	171	
Booster Pump	1634	
35	189	
34	186	
33	186	
4	179	
5	174	
9	167	
10	164	
13	172	
32	167	
7	160	
6	157	
8	166	

24 hour operations 203 days per year

	Nox	VOC	CO	PN	110
Emission factor (FF)	0.15g/bhp-hr	0.15g/bhp	- 0.6g/bhp-hr	0.0	2g/bhp-hr
Tons/yr *	14.1	14.1		56.6	1.9

\* where emissions = EF/454\*total HP\*Run Time/2000

Port of Los Angeles Construction	on Emission	s Calculato	or, Version 1	.3	L.	ANGEL
Emission Estimates for ->	Antelope Va	alley water s	upply		Exhaust	Fugitive Dust
Project Phases ( <mark>English Units</mark> )	ROG (lbs/day)	CO (lbs/day)	NO <sub>x</sub> (lbs/day)	PM10 (lbs/day)	PM10 (Ibs/day)	PM10 (lbs/day)
Construction	39.5	335.2	238.8	132.0	7.0	125.0
SCAQMD Threshold (lbs/day)	75	550	100	150		
Significant Impact?	No	No	Yes	No		
Project Length (months) -> Total Project Area (acres) -> Maximum Area Disturbed/Day (acres) -> Total Soil Imported/Exported (yd <sup>3</sup> /day)-> PM10 estimates assume 50% control of fugitive du Total PM10 emissions shown in column F are the s	<ul> <li>1612</li> <li>25</li> <li>0</li> <li>st from watering and</li> </ul>				of water trucks are sp	ecified.
Emission Estimates for ->	Antelope Va	alley water s	upply		Exhaust	Fugitive Dust
	Antelope Va ROG (kgs/day)	alley water s CO (kgs/day)	<mark>upply</mark> NO <sub>x</sub> (kgs/day)	PM10 (kgs/day)	Exhaust PM10 (kgs/day)	•
Emission Estimates for ->		-		<b>PM10 (kgs/day)</b> 60.0		Fugitive Dust PM10 (kgs/day) 56.8
Emission Estimates for -> Project Phases (Metric Units)	<b>ROG (kgs/day)</b> 18.0	CO (kgs/day)	NO <sub>X</sub> (kgs/day)		PM10 (kgs/day)	PM10 (kgs/day)
Emission Estimates for -> Project Phases (Metric Units) Construction	ROG (kgs/day)           18.0           2006	CO (kgs/day)	NO <sub>X</sub> (kgs/day)		PM10 (kgs/day)	PM10 (kgs/day)
Emission Estimates for -> Project Phases (Metric Units) Construction Notes: Project Start Year ->	ROG (kgs/day)           18.0           2006           6	CO (kgs/day)	NO <sub>X</sub> (kgs/day)		PM10 (kgs/day)	PM10 (kgs/day)
Emission Estimates for -> Project Phases (Metric Units) Construction Notes: Project Start Year -> Project Length (months) -> Total Project Area (hectares) -> Maximum Area Disturbed/Day (hectares) ->	ROG (kgs/day)         18.0         2006         6         652         10	CO (kgs/day)	NO <sub>X</sub> (kgs/day)		PM10 (kgs/day)	PM10 (kgs/day)
Emission Estimates for -> Project Phases (Metric Units) Construction Notes: Project Start Year -> Project Length (months) -> Total Project Area (hectares) ->	ROG (kgs/day)         18.0         2006         6         652         10	CO (kgs/day)	NO <sub>X</sub> (kgs/day)		PM10 (kgs/day)	PM10 (kgs/day)
Emission Estimates for -> Project Phases (Metric Units) Construction Notes: Project Start Year -> Project Length (months) -> Total Project Area (hectares) -> Maximum Area Disturbed/Day (hectares) ->	ROG (kgs/day)         18.0         2006         6         652         10         0	CO (kgs/day) 152.4	NO <sub>x</sub> (kgs/day) 108.6	60.0	PM10 (kgs/day) 3.2	PM10 (kgs/day 56.8

ļ A	В	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	J	К	L	М	N		0	Р
2	Port of Los Angeles Construction E	missions Calcula	tor. Version 1.3													
3	Data Entry Worksheet			EP	ORT											
4	Note: Required data input sections have a yellow backgro	aund		,×`												
5	Optional data input sections have a blue background. On				$\wedge \sqrt{\pi}$											
6	yellow or blue background can be modified. Program defa		nd.			To begin a new	project, click this b	utton to clear								
7	The user is required to enter information in cells C10 throu			[r]		data previously e	ntered. This button	n will only work								
8		0		O	44		to disable macros v his spreadsheet.	when loading								
9	Input Type			A A	NGEL		nis spreadsheet.									
10		ntelope Valley water supply			C C											
11	Construction Start Year	2006	Enter a Year between 2000	and 2010 inclusive												
12	Project Construction Time	6	months													
13	Total Project Area	1612	acres				•									
14	Maximum Area Disturbed/Day	25	acres								or	User Override	(for program calc	ulated		
18	Average Truck Capacity	16	yd <sup>3</sup> (assume 20 if unknown)													
19																
20	The remaining sections of this sheet contain areas that	at can be modified by the	user, although those modif	cations are optional.												
21																
30																
31	Worker commute default values can be overridden in cells	s C35 through C37.														
32																
33		User Override of Worker														
34	Worker Commute Emissions	Commute Default Values	Default Values													
35	Miles/one-way trip	30	20													
36	One-way trips/day	4	2													
37	No. of employees	4	24													
38																
39		ROG		CO	PM10											
40	Emission rate (grams/mile)	0.36		7.41	0.04											
41	Emission rate (grams/trip)	1.86		18.48	0.02											
42	Pounds per day	0.5	0.8	9.1	0.0											
43																
44																
45	Water truck default values can be overriden in cells C49 a	ind E49.														
46					<b></b>											
47	Water Truck Emissions		-	User Override of Water	Default Values											
48		Number of Water Trucks	Number of Water Trucks	Truck Feet Traveled	Feet Traveled/Day	_ · · ·										
49	Construction - Exhaust	5	5		211,200	200										
50		ROG		CO												
51	Emission rate (grams/mile)	0.85		8.59												
52	Pound per day	0.4	4.4	3.8	0.1											
53 54																
54 55	Evolution duet default volues can be everyidden in anti-															
55	Fugitive dust default values can be overridden in cell C59.		J													
57		User Override of Max	Default													+
58	Fugitive PM10 Dust		Maximum Acreage/Day	pounds/day												
59	Fugitive Dust - Construction	Acrerage/Day	Maximum Acreage/Day 25	pounds/day 125.0								2				
29	Fugitive Dust - Construction		25	125.0						1	3					

	АВ	С	D	E	F	G	Н	I	.I	К	1	М	N	0	Р
60		Ű	5	<b>–</b>		Ŭ			•		<b>–</b>	141		Ű	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·
61	The number of off-road equipment pieces can be input in	n cells C76 through C105.													+
62	The model year for off-road equipment can be input in ca		ose from either one of the follo	owing years:											
63	1. Pre-1996			string yearst											
64	2. 1996-2000														
65	3. 2001+														
66	Default hours of operation for off-road equipment can be	overridden in celle E76 thre													
67			-												+
68	Default horsepower for off-road equipment can be overri Default load factors for off-road equipment can be overri														+
69	Mitigation for off-road equipment can be input in cells M7	-		05											+
70			jii N 105, and 076 through 01	05.											
71	Off-Road Equipment Emissions												Mitigation		
72 73													Lean-NO <sub>x</sub> Catalyst or		-
73													-		-
74	Construction	Line	- Input		Default values				Emis			Purinox	Diesel Oxidation Catalyst	Diesel Particulate Filter	
74	Construction	User	· ·		Delault values				EIIIIS	SIONS		Pullilox	Calalysi	Filler	-
			Equipment Model Year: - Pre-1996												
		Nuber of	- 1996-2000									1 = Yes	1 = Yes	1 = Yes	
75	Construction Equipment	Equipment Pieces	- 2001+	Hours/day	Horsepower	Load Factor		ROG	со	NO <sub>x</sub>	PM10	2 = No	2 = No	2 = No	
76	Bore/Drill rig			8	218	0.75		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
77	Concrete/Industrial saw			8	84	0.73		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
78	Crane	1		8	190	0.43	]	1.44	5.89	16.89	0.85				
79	Crawler tractor			8	143	0.575		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
80 81	Crushing/Processing equipment Excavators	4	1996-2000	8	154 180	0.78 0.58		0.00 7.36	0.00 62.55	0.00 42.68	0.00				
82	Grader	4	1996-2000	8	174	0.58		7.36	62.55 59.94	42.68	1.18				-
83	Off-highway tractor	4	1990-2000	8	255	0.41		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
84	Off-highway truck			8	417	0.49		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
85	Other construction equipment			8	190	0.62		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
86	Paver			8	132	0.59		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
87	Paving equipment			8	111	0.53		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
88	Roller			8	114	0.43		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
89	Rough terrain forklift		4000.0000	8	94	0.475		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				-
90 91	Rubber-tired dozers Rubber-tired loaders	4	1996-2000	8	352 165	0.59 0.465		14.64 0.00	124.43 0.00	84.90 0.00	2.34 0.00				
92	Scrapers	1	1996-2000	<u> </u>	313	0.465		3.64	30.94	21.11	0.00				
93	Signal boards	•	1000 2000	8	119	0.82		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
94	Skid steer loaders			8	62	0.515		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
95	Surfacing equipment			8	437	0.49		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
96	Tractors/Loaders/Backhoes	2	1996-2000	8	79	0.465		1.29	11.00	7.51	0.21				
97	Trenchers	3	1996-2000	8	82	0.695		3.01	25.61	17.47	0.48				
98	Cat 950F loader			8	170	0.465		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
99 100	Case 590 backhoe			8	80 200	0.465	┥────┤	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				<u> </u>
100	Cat 140G grader Case 9050B excavator			8	200	0.575 0.575	┫────┦	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
101	Link-Belt 218 crane			<u> </u>	240	0.43		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
102	Cat 988 wheeled loader			8	475	0.475	1 1	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
104	IHC SC-75 hydrohammer with P-250 power pack			8	335	0.62	]	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
105	Fermec 650B skip			8	79	0.465		0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00				
106															
107						m	nax pounds per day	38.4	320.4	231.5	6.8				
108															4
109	Default load factors from SCAQMD CEQA Handbook, 19	993.													<u> </u>
110															
111	The number of additional on-road heavy duty trucks can		gh C119.												
112	The number of delivery trucks can be input in cells C129														1
113	The number of additional on-road pickups/light duty truck	ks can be input in cells C138	through C140.												
114															
115	Additional On-Road Vehicles														
116						1									+
117	Number of heavy duty trucks					1									+
118	Miles/round trip					1									+
119	Round trips/day/truck								0						+
			1		1	L			0		1	1			<u>.</u>

A	В	С	D	E	F	G	H	J	K	L	М	N	0	Р
120	Vehicle miles traveled/day	0												
121														
122	Heavy duty truck emissions	ROG	NO <sub>x</sub>	СО	PM10									
	Emission rate (grams/mile)	0.85	10.00	8.59	0.30									1
	Heavy duty truck emissions (pounds per day)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									
125														
126														1
	Delivery Truck Emissions	User Override of												
	User Input	Soil Hauling Defaults	Default Values											
129	Miles/round trip	0	30											
130	Round trips/day	200	0											
	Vehicle miles traveled/day (calculated)	50	0											
132														
	Hauling Emissions	ROG	NO <sub>x</sub>	СО	PM10									
134	Emission rate (grams/mile)	0.85	10.00	8.59	0.30									
	Pounds per day	0.1	1.1	0.9	0.0									
136														
137														
138	Number of pickups/light duty trucks													
	Miles/one-way trip													
	One-way trips/day													
	Vehicle miles traveled/day	0												
142														
	Pickup/light duty truck emissions	ROG	NO <sub>X</sub>	CO	PM10									
	Emission rate (grams/mile)	0.36	0.67	7.41	0.04									
	Emission rate (grams/trip)	1.86	0.82	18.48	0.02									
	Pickup/light duty truck emissions (pounds per day)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0									I
147	Total additional on-road emissions (pounds per day)	0.1	1.1	0.9	0.0									I

#### Light Duty Truck @ 30 mph

																		20 min	utes	20 minutes		
			F	Running Exhaust (	(g/mi)			Tire Wear (	g/mi) Break Wear (g	g/mi)			Start Emi	ission Rate @ 4	80 min (g/t	rip)		F	lot Soak (g/trip)	Evaporativ	e Running Los	s (g/mi)
Model Year ROG		Weighted NOx	We	eighted CO	Weighte	d PM10	Weighte	d PM10	PM10	ROG	Weigh	ted NOx	Wei	ighted CO	W	/eighted PM10	Weighted	ROG	Weighted	ROG	Weigh	nted
2000	0.52	0.00	1.27	0.00	13.10	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	2.37	0.00	1.18	0.00	29.73	0.00	0.02	.00	0.57 0.	00	0.13	0.00
2001	0.47	0.00	1.16	0.00	11.89	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	2.20	0.00	1.12	0.00	27.37	0.00	0.02 0	.00	0.53 0.	00	0.12	0.00
2002	0.40	0.00	1.01	0.00	10.58	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.99	0.00	1.03	0.00	24.78	0.00	0.02	.00	0.49 0.	00	0.12	0.00
2003	0.36	0.00	0.90	0.00	9.67	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.84	0.00	0.97	0.00	22.95	0.00	0.02 0	.00	0.46 0.	00	0.11	0.00
2004	0.32	0.00	0.81	0.00	8.77	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.69	0.00	0.91	0.00	21.20	0.00	0.02	.00	0.44 0.	00	0.11	0.00
2005	0.28	0.00	0.72	0.00	7.94	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.56	0.00	0.86	0.00	19.60	0.00	0.02 0	.00	0.41 0.	00	0.10	0.00
2006	0.26	0.26	0.67	0.67	7.41	7.41	0.02	0.02	0.01	0.01	1.46	1.46	0.82	0.82	18.48	18.48	0.02 0	.02	0.40 0.	40	0.10	0.10
2007	0.29	0.00	0.61	0.00	6.83	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.45	0.00	0.77	0.00	17.32	0.00	0.02 0	.00	0.38 0.	00	0.09	0.00
2008	0.21	0.00	0.55	0.00	6.25	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.25	0.00	0.72	0.00	16.13	0.00	0.02 0	.00	0.37 0.	00	0.09	0.00
2009	0.18	0.00	0.49	0.00	5.66	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.14	0.00	0.67	0.00	14.88	0.00	0.02 0	.00	0.35 0.	00	0.09	0.00
2010	0.16	0.00	0.44	0.00	5.10	0.00	0.02	0.00	0.01	0.01	1.04	0.00	0.62	0.00	13.67	0.00	0.02 0	.00	0.33 0.	00	0.08	0.00
		0.26		0.67		7.41		0.02				1.46		0.82		18.48	(	.02	0.	40		0.10

#### Heavy Duty Truck @ 30 mph

Theavy Duty Truck @	, oo mpn																				2	0 minutes	2	0 minutes	
Running Exh	naust (g/mi)							Tire Wear	(g/mi)	Break	Wear (g/m	i) S	Start Emi	ssion Rate	@ 480 min (g/t	rip)						Hot Soak (g/trip)		e Running Los	ss (g/mi)
Model Year ROG	Weig	hted NOx	Wei	ighted CO	Weigl	hted PM10	Weię	hted PM10	Weighted	PM10	We	eighted F	ROG	Weight	ed NOx	W	/eighted CO	١	Veighted PM	10 Wei	ghted R	OG	Weighted R	ROG V	Weighted
2000	1.12	0.00	13.23	0.00	14.06	0.00	0.38	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		7.72	0.00	4.32	0.00	124.87	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.06	0.00
2001	1.07	0.00	12.88	0.00	12.94	0.00	0.36	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		7.36	0.00	4.27	0.00	118.03	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.06	0.00
2002	1.01	0.00	12.53	0.00	11.90	0.00	0.33	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		7.00	0.00	4.15	0.00	111.63	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.05	0.00
2003	0.96	0.00	11.86	0.00	11.00	0.00	0.32	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		6.67	0.00	4.03	0.00	105.71	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.21	0.00	0.05	0.00
2004	0.91	0.00	11.21	0.00	10.15	0.00	0.30	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		6.32	0.00	3.93	0.00	99.68	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.19	0.00	0.05	0.00
2005	0.85	0.00	10.58	0.00	9.30	0.00	0.29	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		5.93	0.00	3.82	0.00	93.40	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.18	0.00	0.05	0.00
2006	0.80	0.80	10.00	10.00	8.59	8.59	0.26	0.26	0.03	0.03	0.01	0.01		5.58	5.58	3.70	3.70	87.83	87.83	0.01	0.01	0.17	0.17	0.05	0.05
2007	0.84	0.00	9.30	0.00	7.90	0.00	0.25	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		5.60	0.00	3.58	0.00	82.12	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.16	0.00	0.05	0.00
2008	0.70	0.00	8.63	0.00	7.25	0.00	0.23	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		4.90	0.00	3.44	0.00	77.18	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.14	0.00	0.05	0.00
2009	0.65	0.00	7.99	0.00	6.67	0.00	0.22	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		4.57	0.00	3.31	0.00	72.34	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.13	0.00	0.05	0.00
2010	0.60	0.00	7.23	0.00	6.11	0.00	0.20	0.00	0.03	0.00	0.01	0.00		4.27	0.00	3.16	0.00	67.83	0.00	0.01	0.00	0.12	0.00	0.05	0.00
		0.80		10.00		8.59		0.26		0.03		0.01			5.58		3.70		87.83		0.01		0.17		0.05

	Emission Fa	actor (gra	ms/brak	e-hp-hr	·)
Year	ROG	CO	NOx		PM10
Pre-1996	1.00	) 4.	.09	11.73	0.59
1996-2000	) 1.00	) 8.	.50	6.90	0.40
2001+	1.00	<b>)</b> 8.	.50	5.80	0.16

	Construction	Permanent	
Item	Acres	Acres	Notes
Wells	39	4	30 to 40 new wells for a total of 30 to 40 construction acres and 3 to 4 permanent acres
Well piping system (Phase 1)	97		
Well piping system (Phase 1 and 2)	245	0	
84" pipeline	78	0	21,156 ft long, 160 foot construction width, mostly on project owned land
Distribution canals	95	31	Entirely on project owned land
Peripheral berms	219	42	Entirely on project owned land
Recharge basin levees	57	57	Tractor path is same as berm width
Recharge basins	0	1,482	No internal work, defined by levees
Cultural (unchanged)	16	16	

	Cubic Yards	
Item	Moved	Notes
Well piping system	125,824	
84" pipeline	215,476	
Distribution canals	219,114	Conservative, a precise cut/fill balance has not been computed
Peripheral berms	209,847	
Recharge basin levees	172,181	Periodically repeated as needed, mimics farming
Recharge basins	0	
Total in Year 1	942,442	
Total in Year 1 not including levees	770,261	Levee work mimics farming
Periodic amount as levees are re-built (up to)	172,181	

Item	Phase 1	Phase 2 (total)	Notes
Number of wells	17	40	Some will be existing wells, have conservatively assumed only 5
Average well pump power (HP)	314	235	
Total well pump power (HP)	5,346	9,396	
Booster station power (HP)	5,041	8,173	Phase 1 booster sized for the AVEK feeder pressure - which is 2X that of LAA#2
Total pump power (HP)	10,386	17,569	
84 inch pipeline length (miles)	4	4	
Recovery piping	7	18	
Well field flow rate (cfs)	149	242	

#### Notes:

Well pumps may alternately be sized to eliminate boosters

,	5,111	cfs) Flow	(cfs) Flow (	cfs) (cfs)	<sup>W</sup> Length (ft) 1,489	(ft) 0		Lateral Diameter (in) 24	r Diamete	er Diame	ter Velo (fr	ocity V ps) 3.6		aloolin .	Material	Sub-Main Material		Lateral Specific Roughness (ft) 0.000005	Specif	fic Rou ness	n Specific ughness (ft) 0.004	Water Temp (F)	Density (Ibm/ft3 62.37		ematic F cosity Ro t/sec) Ro 7E-05 0.0	Relative oughness (ft)	(ft)	re Rela ess Rough (f	tive Re iness Nu t) 00397 5.9	wnolds mber (-) I 96E+05	Sub-Main Reynolds Number (-)	Reynold Number (	is Frictic (-) Factor 5 0.012	n Fricti (-) Factor		tion Fi tor (-) He	rictional ad Loss ( (ft) 1.9	Frictional	Head Los	I Friction s Head Lo: (ft/100 ft 0.13	I Sub-Ma al Friction ss Head Lo t) (ft/100 f	nal Frictio oss Head L	nal Sta .oss Eleva 0 ft) (f 03 2,6	ation Ele t) 25	Start El vation (ft)	evation (ft) Ele	.633	End Flow	ation Eleva t) ain/I 78 8	Loss Gain ft) ( 8	/Loss Gair /Loss Gair ft) /	vation De v/Loss Wa (ft) W	ynamic Ree epth to Pi /ater in Pro Vell (ft) 1 300	ressure	Dipolino	Lateral Head Requirement ( 310		ann He ad Requi nt(ft) (1 2	ead E irement (ft) 257	Efficien (%) 85%
	5,111 5,111 5,111	11 1 11 1 11 1 11 1	11 11 11 23 11 34 11 11	46	2,741 10 10 2,884	0 2,649 1,292 0	9,188	24 24 24 24	30 36	84	3 3 3 3	3.6 3.6 3.6		1.2	PVC PVC	CCP CCP	RCP	0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.00	4 (	0.004	60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0	000000017 000000017 000000017	0.000011	93 0.0000	5.9 00397 5.9 5.9	96E+05 96E+05	9.54E+05 1.19E+06	6.81E+0	0.012	B 0.01 B 0.01 B	3 0.0		3.6 0.0 0.0 3.8	4.3 2.0	0.4	0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13	0.16 0.16	0.00	2,6	55 2 38 2 45		2 2,633 2 2	,638 2 ,635	,638 ,633 2,5	78 (	0 · 10	- 17 -5 - 0	0 -55	300 300 300 300	0	0	289 300 300 294	-69 -69 -56 -49		220 231 244 245	85% 85% 85%
	5,111 5,111 5,111	11 1 11 1 11 1 11 1	11 11 11 23	80	10 10 2,786 10	2,492 1,292 0 2,467	6,500	24 24 24 24	30 36 30	84	3 3 3 3	8.6 8.6 8.6	4.6 4.8 4.6		PVC PVC	CCP CCP CCP	RCP	0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.004	4 ( 4	0.004	60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	000000017 000000017 000000017	0.000009	93 0.0000 11	00397 5.9 5.9 5.9	96E+05 96E+05 96E+05	9.54E+05 1.19E+06 9.54E+05		0.012	B 0.01 B B 0.01	3 0.0 2		0.0 0.0 3.6 0.0	4.0 2.0 4.0	0.7	0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13		0.01	2,6 2,6	22 2 30 20 2	,620	2,615 2 2 2	,622 2 ,607 ,620 2	,622 ,615 2,5 ,610	-2	0 23	13 -7 - 0 10	0	300 300 300 300	0	0	300 300 281 300	-49 -40 -34 -34	2	251 260 247 266	85% 85% 85%
	1,813 5,111 1,813	11 1 4 - 11 1 4 -	4	114	10 2,500 2,517 10	1,839 0 0 1,845	5,311	24 10 24 10	36 24	84	3 7 3 7	7.4 8.6	4.8 6.2	3.0	PVC PVC PVC	CCP PVC	RCP	0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005			0.004	60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	000000042 000000017 000000042	0.000000		5.0 5.9 5.0	07E+05 96E+05 07E+05	1.19E+06 1.02E+06	1.70E+0	0.013 0.012 0.013	2 B 2 0.011			0.0 33.8 3.3 0.1	2.9 6.5	1.1	0.13 1.35 0.13 1.35	0.16	0.02	10 2,6 2,6 2,6 2,5	10 05	,610 ,593	2	,593 ,593 ,593 2	,607 2,5	-1	0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	0	300 325 325 325	0	0	300 342 316 325	-28 -8 -8 -8	3	272 333 308 317	85% 85% 85%
	1,813 1,813 1,813	4 4 4 4 4 149			2,308 10 1,884 1,929	0 1,898 0 0		10 10 10 10	16		7 7 7 7	7.4 7.4	5.8		PVC PVC PVC PVC	PVC		0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005		005		60 60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05	000000042	0.000000	00	5.0 5.0 5.0	07E+05 07E+05 07E+05 07E+05 00E+00	6.34E+05		0.013 0.013 0.013 0.013	2 0.012 2	25		31.2 0.1 25.4 26.1	9.3		1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35			2,5	78 2	,578	2	,578 ,578 2 ,578 ,578	,578	(	16 0 13 3	0	0	325 325 325 325	110	253	340 325 363 354	9 9 0 0	3	849 834 863 854	85% 85% 85% 85%
	67,099 1 17																																																											
-	o AVEK West F Well Flow Wel	II Flow Lat	eral Sub-M	ain Main Flov		Sub-Main			st Feeder a Sub-Mai	in Mair	n Lat	teral Su	b-Main elocity V		Lateral S	Sub-Main	Main	Lateral Specific	Sub-M Specit	fic Rou	n Specific ughness	Water	Water	er Kiner		Lateral Relative	Sub-Mai Relative				Sub-Main Reynolds					ain Fi	rictional	Frictional	Main Frictiona	I Friction	al Friction	nal Frictio	nal Sta	eral Sul art S	start "	in Start		End Floor	Eleva	ationG Elev	ation Elev	vation De	ynamic Re epth to Pi	ipeline	Discutions	Lateral Head	Downstre	ann He	Pumping	Pump
		cfs) Flow	(cfs) Flow (	:fs) (cfs)	(ft)	(ft)	(ft)	(in)	(in)	in)	(fp	ps)	(fps)	(fps) 0.3	Aaterial	Material	Material RCP	Roughness (ft)	s Roughn (ft)	less	(ft)	Temp (F)			cosity Ro t/sec) Ro	(11)	Roughne (ft)	(1	nness Nui t) 00397 5.9	mber (-)	Number (-)	Number (	(-) Factor	(-) Factor	(-) Fac	tor (-) He	ead Loss   (ft) 1.9	Head Loss (ft)	Head Los (ft) 0.0	s Head Lo: (ft/100 ft 0.13	ss Head Lo t) (ft/100	oss Head L ft) (ft/10 0.00	0ft) (f	t)	(ft)	(ft) Ele	vation Eler (ft) .633	vation (f (ft) 2,5	t) (f			(ft) W	Vater in Prevention Preventi Prevention Prevention Prevention Prevention Prevention Prev		Head (ft)	Requirement ( 310	t) Requirement	nt (ft) (ft)	irement [ (ft) 257	(%) 85%
	5,111 5,111 5,111	11 1	11 11 11 23 11 34	46	2,741 10 10 2,884	0 2,649 1,292	9,188	24 24 24 24	30 36	84	3 3 3 3 3	3.6 3.6 3.6	4.6			CCP CCP	RCP	0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.00	4	0.004	60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	000000017	0.000011	11	5.9 5.9 00397 5.9	96E+05 96E+05	9.54E+05 1.19E+06		0.012	B B 0.01 B 0.01	2		3.6 0.0 0.0 3.8	4.3 2.0	0.4	0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13	0.16 0.16		2,6 2,6	70 55 2 38 2	,655	2 2,633 2	,655 ,655 2	,638 ,633 2,5	-1 ( 78 (	0 - 0 -	0 17 -5 -	0 0 -55	300 300 300 300	0	0	289 300 300 294	-55 -69 -56	2	220 231 244	85% 85% 85%
	5,111 5,111	11 1 11 1 11 1		80	2,004 10 10 2,786 10	2,492 1,292 0	6,500	24 24 24 24	30 36	84	3 3 3	3.6 3.6 3.6	4.6 4.8	2.1	PVC	CCP CCP	RCP	0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.00	4 0	0.004	60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0	000000017 000000017 000000017	0.000011	93 0.0000	5.9 00397 5.9 5.9	96E+05 96E+05 96E+05	9.54E+05 1.19E+06 9.54E+05	1.19E+0	0.012	B 0.01 B 0.01 B	3 0.0	0112	0.0 0.0 3.6 0.0	4.0 2.0	0.7	0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13 0.13	0.16 0.16	0.01	2,6	35 2 22 2 30	,635 ,622 620	2,615 2 2,615 2	,635 2 ,622 2 ,607	,622 ,615 2,5 610	ć	0 - 0 -	0 13 -7 - 0	0 -37	300 300 300	0	0	294 300 300 281 300	-49 -49 -40 -34	2222	245 251 260 247	85% 85% 85%
	5,111 1,813 5,111	11 1 4 1 11 1	11 34 4	114	10 2,500 2,517	2,467 1,839 0 0	5,311	24 24 10 24	30 36	84	3 3 7 3	3.6 7.4 3.6		3.0	PVC PVC PVC	CCP	RCP	0.000005 0.000005 0.000005		4 (	0.004	60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	000000017 000000042 000000017	0.000009	93 0.0000	00397 5.9 5.0 5.9	96E+05 07E+05 96E+05	1.19E+06	1.70E+0	6 0.012 0.013 0.012	8 0.01 2 8	3 0.0		0.0 33.8 3.3	2.9	1.1	0.13 1.35 0.13	0.16 0.16	0.02	10 2,6 2,6 2,6	10 2 10 05	,610	2,607 2 2 2	,610 2 ,593 ,593	,607 2,5	-1	0 · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	0	0 -29 0 0	300 300 325 325	0	0	300 342 316	-34 -28 -8 -8	233	272 333 308	85% 85% 85%
	1,813 1,813 1,813	4 4 4 4	4 8		10 2,308 10 1,884	1,845 0 1,898 0		10 10 10 10	24 16		7 7 7 7	1.4 1.4 1.4	6.2 5.8		PVC PVC PVC PVC	PVC PVC		0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005				60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	000000042 000000042 000000042	0.000000		5.0 5.0 5.0	07E+05	1.02E+06 6.34E+05		0.013	2 0.012 2			0.1 31.2 0.1 25.4	6.5 9.3		1.35 1.35 1.35 1.35	0.35		2,5	94 78 2 65	,593 ,578	2	,578 ,578 2 ,578	,578 ,578	ć	0 - 16 0 13	0	0	325 325 325 325			325 340 325 363	-8 9 9 0	- 3 3 3	817 849 834 863 854	85% 85% 85% 85%
	67,099 1 1,813 1,813	4 149 4 4 4	4 4 4 8		1,929 2,726 10 10	0 2,721 2.759		10 10 10 10	16			7.4 7.4	5.8		PVC PVC PVC PVC	PVC PVC		0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.0000			60 60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217		00000042	0.000000		0.0 5.0 8.1	00E+00 07E+05 12E+05	6.34E+05 6.34E+05		0.013		25		26.1 36.8 0.1 0.1	13.4 4.0		1.35 1.35 1.23 1.19	0.49		2,5 2,5 2,5 2,5	44 25 2	,525	2		,506 ,488	-1 (		0 19	0	325 350 350 350	110	253	354 368 350 350	0 -58 -58	3	854 809 192	85% 85% 85% 85%
	1,813 1,813 1,813	4 4 4 4	4 8		10 2,777 10	2,759 2,550 2,568 2,804		10 10 10	24 24 16			1.4 1.4 1.4	3.9 5.1 5.8 3.9		PVC PVC	PVC PVC PVC		0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.0000	005		60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	000000017	0.000000	00	1.2 5.0 8.1	22E+06 07E+05 12E+05	6.34E+05 6.34E+05 6.34E+05		0.011 0.013 0.012	6 0.01	2		0.1 37.5 0.1 0.1	4.0 6.3 12.6 4.1		1.19 1.35 1.23 1.19	0.25			88 2 78 55 2	,506 ,488 ,555 .537	2	,488 2 ,555 ,555 2	,465 ,487 ,537 520	( -2 (	0 · 23 0 -	18 -1 0 18 17	0 0 0	350 350 350 350 350			350 365 350 350	-53 -39 -44 -44	3	311 320 306	85% 85% 85%
	1,813 1,813 1,813 1,813 1,813 1,813	4 4 4 4			10 10 10 10 10	2,804 2,416 2,782 2,781 2,646 1,237		10 10 10 10 10 10	24 24 30 36 36 42		7 7 7 7 7	1.4 1.4 1.4	5.9 5.1 4.1 5.7 6.3 5.0		PVC PVC PVC PVC	PVC PVC CCP CCP CCP CCP		0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.0000	005 4 4 4		60 60 60 60 60	62.37 62.37 62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	000000017 000000014 000000012 000000012	0.000000	00 11 93 93	1.2 1.5 1.8 1.8	22E+06 52E+06 53E+06 53E+06	8.46E+05 8.46E+05 1.41E+06 1.55E+06 1.45E+06		0.011	6 0.01 5 0.01 0 0.01 0 0.00	2 2 1 9		0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1 0.0	4.1 6.0 3.5 5.2 4.9 1.5		1.19 1.19 1.18 0.51 0.51 0.20	0.25 0.13 0.19 0.19		2,5 2,5 2,4 2,4	20 2 05 2 88 2 83 2	,537 ,520 ,505 ,488 ,483 ,473	2	520 2 505 2	,505 ,488 ,483 ,473		0 - 0 -	15 17 -5 10	0	350 350 350 350 350 350			350 350 350 350 350 350	-39 -26 -17 -3 -4 2	3	324 333 347 347 852	85% 85% 85% 85% 85%
	1,813 1,813 1,813	48 4 4 4	4 4 8 4 12		2,664 10 10	2,587 2,644		10 10 10 10	16 24		7	4	5.8 3.9		PVC	PVC PVC		0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.0000	005		60 60 60	62.37 62.37	7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	00000026	0.000000	00	8.1 1.2	22E+06	6.34E+05 6.34E+05		0.011	0.012 0 0.012	25		36.0 0.1 0.1	12.7 3.8		1.35 1.23 1.19	0.49 0.15		2,5	67 2 47 2	,567 ,547	2	547 2		ī			ō	350 350 350	110	253	361 350 350	-43 -43 -35	3	318 308 315	85% 85% 85%
	1,813 1,813 1,813	4 4	4 16 4 20 4 24 4 28		10 10 10 10	2,796 2,454 2,682 1,237		10 10 10 10	24 30 30 30		7	1,4 1,4 1,4	5.1 4.1 4.9 5.8		PVC PVC PVC	PVC CCP CCP CCP		0.000005 0.000005 0.000005 0.000005	0.00	4 4		60 60 60	62.37 62.37	7 1.217 7 1.217	7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0	00000014	0.000011	11 11	1.5 1.5	52E+06 52E+06	8.46E+05 8.46E+05 1.01E+06 1.18E+06		0.011	6 0.012 5 0.012 5 0.011 5 0.011	20 18		0.1 0.1 0.1 0.1	6.9 3.1 4.8 3.0		1.19 1.18 1.18 1.18	0.25 0.13 0.18		2,5 2,4	15 2 97 2	,533 ,515 ,497 ,487	2	,515 2 ,497 2	,515 ,497 ,487 ,490	0	0 - 0 -	18 18	ō	350 350 350 350			350 350 350 350	-25 -14 1 6	3	125 136 151 156	85% 85% 85%
	1,813	28 4 4			2,569 10	2,722		10 10	16		7		5.8		PVC PVC	PVC		0.000005	0.0000			60 60	62.37		7E-05 0.0 7E-05 0.0				5.0	07E+05	6.34E+05		0.013	2 0.012	xe		34.7 0.1	13.4		1.35 1.23	0.49		2,5 2,5	57 37 2	,537		,537 ,537 2	527	-2				350 350	110	253	365 350	-13 -13		852 837	85% 85% 85%

Phase 1 Put System (Put from AVEK West Feeder Only): No pumpage required

Item																1
Pipe diameter (inches)	10	12	14	16	18	20	24	30	36	42	48	54	60	72	84	Total
Material	PVC	CCP	CCP	CCP	CCP	RCP	RCP	RCP	RCP							
Max flow (cfs)	3.8	4.6	5.2	8.1	8.4	9.2	18.4	27.6	46.9	64.4	76.3	86.5	126.4	150.0	350.0	
Excavation wall slope (run/rise, ft/ft)	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Cover over pipe (ft)	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	2.0	
Minimum space between pipe and sidewall (ft)	0.6	0.4	0.4	0.3	0.7	1.2	1.0	1.8	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	1.5	
Depth of bed fill below pipe (ft)	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.2	0.03	0.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	1.0	
Fluff factor (-)	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	1.10	
Total depth (ft)	3.0	3.2	3.4	3.5	3.7	3.7	4.0	5.5	6.0	6.5	7.0	7.5	8.0	9.0	10.0	
Total excavation width (ft)	2.0	1.9	1.9	2.0	3.0	4.0	4.0	22.5	24.0	26.0	28.0	30.0	32.0	36.0	40.0	
Disturbed ground construction corridor width (ft)	100	100	100	100	120	120	120	120	120	120	160	160	160	160	160	
Disturbed ground construction corridor area (acres per linear ft)	0.0023	0.0023	0.0023	0.0023	0.0028	0.0028	0.0028	0.0028	0.0028	0.0028	0.0037	0.0037	0.0037	0.0037	0.0037	
Trench volume (cu/yd per linear foot)	0.24	0.24	0.27	0.29	0.45	0.60	0.65	3.19	3.67	4.30	4.99	5.73	6.52	8.25	10.19	
Linear feet (from GIS)	19,357	0	0	12,494	0	0	34,568	16,762	9,850	1,237	0	0	0	0	21,156	115,425
Area of construction disturbance (acres)	44	0	0	29	0	0	95	46	27	3	0	0	0	0	78	323
Volume of earth excavated (cubic yards)	4,733	0	0	3,596	0	0	22,533	53,523	36,116	5,323	0	0	0	0	215,476	341,300
Phase 1 linear feet (from GIS)	8,620	0	0	1,898	0	0	14,261	7,608	4,423	0	0	0	0	0	21,156	57,966
Phase 1 area of construction disturbance (acres)	20	0	0	4	0	0	39	21	12	0	0	0	0	0	78	174
1																

Distribution Canal	Linear Feet	Desired Capacity (cfs	Type S)	Down Canal Slope (ft/ft)	e Bottom Width (ft	) Below Water	Interior Side Slope Run/Rise	Mannings Resistance Coeff, n	Mannings Number	Submerged Side Slope Length (ft)	Waterline Width (ft)	Wetted Perimeter (ft)	Wetted Area (ft2)	) Canal Slope	Hydraulic Radius	Velocity (fps)	Q (cfs)	) Required Freeboard (ft)	Berm to berm width (ft)		Berm Ext Crest Run Width (ft) Sl	Rise V	olume Vo		factor		Total width (external toe to toe, ft)	Permanent Area (acres)	Construction Corridor width (ft)	Construction Area (acres)
West Lateral						Line (ft)								(ft/ft)																
188.2 cfs 121 cfs	2,600 2,650	188.2 121.0	Earthen Ditch	0.006985 0.005721	3.3	3.2 3.2	1.5 1.5	0.025	59.6 59.6	6	13	15	26 20	0.006985	1.7	7.23 6.02	188 121		19	2.1 1.8					1.15 1.15	26,104 25,519	56 54	3	50 50	9 9
63.8 cfs	2,800	63.8	Earthen Ditch	0.003929	1.0	2.8	1.5	0.025	59.6	5	9	11	14	0.003929	1.3	4.45	64	2	15	1.4	8 2	.0	2.9	2.9	1.15	23,277	50	3	50	10
33.6 cfs 30.2 cfs	3,100 2,600	33.6 30.2	Earthen Ditch Earthen Ditch	0.003871 0.006154	1.0	2.1 1.8	1.5 1.5	0.025	59.6 59.6	4	7	9	9	0.003871 0.006154	1.0 0.9	3.78 4.38	34 30	2	13 13	1.1 1.0					1.15 1.15	20,494 15,379	46 44	3	50 50	10 9
Mid Lateral 16.8 cfs	1,350	16.8	Earthen Ditch									0																		
East Lateral	1,350	10.8	Eartnen Ditch	0.008148	1.0	1.3	1.5	0.025	59.6	2	5	6	4	0.008148	0.7	4.20	17	2	11	0.7	8 2	.0	1.7	1.7	1.15	6,454	40	1	50	4
131 cfs 97.4 cfs	2,600 2,600	131.0 97.4	Earthen Ditch Earthen Ditch	0.005000 0.004615	2.2		1.5	0.025	59.6	6	12 11	14 13		0.005000	1.6	5.84	131 97	2	18 17	1.9 1.7					1.15	25,458 24,756	55	3	50 50	9
53.8 cfs	2,600	53.8	Earthen Ditch	0.004015	1.0	3.2 3.0	1.5 1.5	0.025	59.6 59.6	5	10	12	19 16	0.004615	1.5 1.4	5.26 3.26	54	2	16	1.6		0.0			1.15 1.15	23,243	53 52	3	50	9
10 cfs 30.2 cfs	2,400 2,500	10.0 30.2	Earthen Ditch Earthen Ditch	0.000833	1.0		1.5	0.025	59.6 59.6	3	6	7		0.000833	0.9	1.57 4.44	10 30		12	0.9					1.15	13,734 14,696	43 44	2	50 50	8
00.2 010	2,000	00.2	Edition Biton	0.000400	1.0	1.0	1.0	0.020	55.0	5	0	0	,	0.000400	0.5	4.44	50	2	12	1.0	v 2	.0	2.1	2.1	1.10	219,114	49	31		95
																										Total	Average	Total		Total
		Berm Crest		Berm Height (ft)				Total Volume	Total width		Construction	Construction																		
		Width (ft)	Run/Rise Slope		Volume (cy/ft)	Factor	(external o toe to toe,	(cy)	(external toe to toe, ft)	Area (acres)	Corridor width (ft)	Area (acres)																		
Peripheral Berms	Linear Feet						ft)																							
All berms on exterior of ponds	76,982	8	2.0	4	2.4	1.15	24.0	209,847	24	42	50	219																		
																		-												+
Pond Levees																														
Interior terrace	2,200 2,700	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0 13.0	1,968 2,415	13 13	1	13	1																		+
Interior terrace	2,700	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,415	13	1	13	. 1																		
Interior terrace	2,700 2,700	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	2,415	13 13	1	13 13	1		+ +			-													+
Interior terrace	2,700	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,415	13	1	13	1	1			1														
Interior terrace	2,700 2,700	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	2,415 2,415	13 13	1	13 13	1		+																
Interior terrace	1,800	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	1,610	13	1	13	1				1														
Interior terrace	900 500	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	805 447	13 13	0	13 13	0	+	+ +		-			+											+
Interior terrace	1,000	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	894	13	0	13	0																		
Interior terrace	1,700 2,300	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	1,521 2,057	13 13	1	13 13	1	+	+																<u> </u>
Interior terrace	2,900	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,594	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace	3,000 3,000	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	2,683 2,683	13 13	1	13 13	1		+ +																1
Interior terrace	3,000 3,000	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	2,683 2,683	13 13	1	13 13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,000	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0	1,789	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace	1,300 700	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0 13.0	1,163 626	13 13	0	13 13	0																		
Interior terrace	800	1	2	3	0.8		13.0	716	13	0	13	0																		
Interior terrace	1,200 1,200	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	1,073	13 13	0	13	0						-												
Interior terrace	1,200	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	1,073	13	0	13	0																		
Interior terrace	1,200 700	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	1,073 626	13 13	0	13 13	0																		<u> </u> ]
Interior terrace	900	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	805	13	Ő	13	0																		
Interior terrace	1,700 2,400	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	1,521 2,147	13 13	1	13 13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,900	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,594	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,900 2,900	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	2,594 2,594	13 13	1	13 13	1																		<u> </u>
Interior terrace	2,900	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,594	13	1	13	1																		[]
Interior terrace	1,700 2,600	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	1,521 2,326	13 13	1	13 13	1																		<b>!</b>
Interior terrace	2,600 2,600	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	2,326	13 13	1	13 13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,600	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,326	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,600 2,500	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0 13.0	2,326	13 13	1	13 13	1						-												
Interior terrace	2,500	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,236	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,500 2,500	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	2,236	13 13	1	13 13	1																		<sup> </sup>
Interior terrace	2,500	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,236	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,400 2,500	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	2,147 2,236	13 13	1	13 13	1																		+
Interior terrace	2,500	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,236	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,500 2,500	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	2,236 2,236	13 13	1	13 13	1		+ +																1
Interior terrace Interior terrace	2,500 2,500	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0 13.0	2,236 2,236	13 13	1	13 13	1																		
Interior terrace	1,600	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	1,431	13	0	13	0																		
Interior terrace	2,500 2,700	1	2	3	0.8 0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	2,236 2,415	13 13	1	13 13	1	<u> </u>	+						]						]				
Interior terrace	2,700	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,415	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace	2,700 2,700	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	2,415 2,415	13 13	1	13 13	1	+	+																
Interior terrace	2,700	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,415	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace Interior terrace	2,700 1,300	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	2,415 1,163	13 13	1 0	13 13	1	1	+ +			-		-											+
Interior terrace	1,400	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	1,252	13	0	13	0																		
Interior terrace	2,700 2,900	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	2,415 2,594	13 13	1	13 13	1											_		_+					
Interior terrace Interior terrace	2,700 800	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,415 716	13 13	1	13 13	1																		+
Interior terrace	1,700	1	2	3	0.8 0.8	1.15	13.0 13.0	1,521	13	1	13	1													+					
Interior terrace Interior terrace	2,500 3,000	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	2,236 2,683	13 13	1	13 13	1		+					+											+
Interior terrace	3,000	1	2	3	0.8 0.8	1.15	13.0	2,683	13	1	13	1																		
Interior terrace Interior terrace	3,000 2,300	1	2	3	0.8 0.8		13.0 13.0	2,683 2,057	13 13	1	13 13	1	+	+				+	+						— T					+
Interior terrace	1,600	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	1,431	13	0	13	0																		
Interior terrace Interior terrace	900 900	1	2	3	0.8	1.15 1.15	13.0 13.0	805 805	13 13	0	13 13	0	+	+				+	+						— <del>—</del> — <del>—</del>					+
Interior terrace	6,500	1	2	3	0.8 0.8	1.15	13.0	5,814	13	2	13	2																		
Interior terrace	2,200 3,000	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	1,968 2,683	13 13	1	13 13	1	<u> </u>	+ 1						]										+
Interior terrace	3,100	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,773	13	1	13	. 1																		
Interior terrace	3,100 3,100	1	2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0 13.0	2,773	13 13	1	13 13	1		+						]										<u> </u>
Interior terrace	2,300		2	3	0.8	1.15	13.0	2,057	13	1	13	1	1			1			1											
Interior terrace Interior terrace	1,600 900	1	2	3	0.8		13.0 13.0	1,431 805	13 13	0	13 13	0	+	+ +																
TOTAL	192,500		_	-	0.0			172,181	*	57	-	57																		
Miles Tractor speed (mph)	36 3				-	+ +																								
maator apood (Inph)	, <u> </u>	1		1							I		1	1		1	1		1	ı I		I							1	

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Hours to perform 5 passes	61										
Days to complete levees	6			601,142							
				428,961							
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16			<u> </u>	<u>├───</u>		<u> </u>		<u>├───</u>		+	<b>├</b> ─── <b>│</b>
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1,482 1 44 18	Min					<u> </u>				+	t
44	Max									+	<u>                                      </u>
18	Average									1 1	

## Appendix D California Natural Diversity Database Records

Special-Status Wildlife and Plant Species with Potential to Occur in the Project Area and Vicinity

Ventura Fish and Wildlife Species List

# Appendix D Introduction

This appendix contains lists of special-status species with potential to be present in the vicinity of the proposed Antelope Valley Water Bank. The lists were derived from three sources:

- 1. The California Natural Diversity Database (CNDDB)
- 2. The Sacramento Office of the United States Fish and Wildlife Service (USFWS)
- 3. The Ventura Office of the USFWS

The CNDDB records search was conducted on October 11, 2005. The search included the Fairmont Butte, Little Butte, and Lake Hughes 7.5-minute U.S. Geological Survey (USGS) quadrangles, which encompass the Project area, as well as the surrounding Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Willow Springs, Tylerhorse Canyon, Liebre Twins, Neenach School, Burnt Peak, Del Sur, Lancaster West, Sleepy Valley, Green Valley, and Warn Springs Mountain quadrangles.

The species list from the Sacramento Office of the USFWS was obtained on August 3, 2005, through an online database search. The list included federal endangered and threatened species that occur in or may be affected by projects in the Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Willow Springs, Tylerhorse Canyon, Fairmont Butte, Little Buttes, Liebre Twins, and Neenach School quadrangles. This list from the Sacramento Office included only quadrangles located in Kern County.

The special-status plant and wildlife list from the Ventura Office of the USFWS was obtained on July 19, 2005, through an online database search. This list included federal endangered and threatened species that may be affected by projects in Los Angeles County.

Jones & Stokes biologists Will Kohn and Kate Carpenter conducted a reconnaissance field survey of the Project area on July 18, 2005, to obtain information about existing habitat conditions within and adjacent to the Project area. Will Kohn is a wildlife biologist with more than 9 years of experience conducting surveys for sensitive wildlife species throughout California; developing mitigation strategies; monitoring projects for compliance with

mitigation measures; and preparing Section 7 biological assessments and biological resource chapters for EIRs. Kate Carpenter is a Certified Arborist who specializes in special-status plant surveys, plant community characterization and mapping, wetland delineations, arborist surveys, floristic inventories, noxious weed surveys, and collecting and preparing voucher plant specimens.

Mr. Kohn and Ms. Carpenter used the information from attached lists and the results of the field surveys to develop tables of special-status plants species (Table 4.3-1) and special-status wildlife species (Table 4.3-2) that have the potential to occur in the Project area and vicinity. Tables 4.3-1 and Table 4.3-2 include only those special-status plant and wildlife species that actually could occur within the Project area based on their historical occurrences, the current range of those species, and current habitat conditions within and surrounding the Project area. It was these plant and wildlife species that were addressed in the Draft Environmental Impact Report.

Additionally, Mr. Kohn consulted with the California Department of Fish and Game (DFG) concerning the desert tortoise and Mohave ground squirrel. Ms. Annette Tennenbeau (Environmental Specialist for the Department of Fish and Game in the Fresno Office) was first contacted on February 6, 2006. Ms. Tennenbeau said that the current range for Mohave ground squirrel is east of State Route 14 but that surveys have not been conducted as far west as the Project area in some time. Ms. Tennenbeau suggested that Becky Jones, a DFG biologist in Lancaster, California, be contacted to discuss potential Project impacts on Mohave ground squirrels and desert tortoises. Ms. Jones was contacted on February 9, 2006, and referred Mr. Kohn to Scott Harris, a DFG biologist in Lancaster, California. Mr. Kohn spoke with Mr. Harris on February 9, 2006, about the current range of the Mohave ground squirrel and desert tortoise and the potential for Project impacts on these species. Mr. Harris said that that the Project area is outside of the current range of the Mohave ground squirrel and desert tortoise because much of the area west of State Route 14 has been heavily altered by the conversion of native habitat to agriculture. Mr. Harris thought that the likelihood of these species occurring in the Project area is very low, and he did not think that mitigation measures would be necessary to avoid impacts on the Mohave ground squirrel or desert tortoise. Accordingly, the Project area was not considered to be habitat for either species.

California Department of Fish and Game

### Natural Diversity Database

Full Condensed Report for Selected Elements - Multiple Records per Page

Liebre Twins, Tylerhorse Canyon, Willow Springs, Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Little Buttes, Fairmont Butte, Neenach School, Burnt Peak, Lake Hughes, Del Sur, Lancaster West, Sleepy Valley, Green Valley, and Warm Springs Mountain USGS 7.5-minute Quadrangles

uice	olored blackbird				Element Code: ABPBXE		
	Statu	s	I	DDB Element Ranks	Other		
	Federal: None			Global: G2G3	CD	FG Status: SC	
	State: None			State: S2			
	Habitat As						
	General: (NESTIN	G COLONY) HIGH	ILY COLONIAL SPECIES, I	OST NUMBEROUS IN CENTRA	L VALLEY & VICINITY. LARGEL	Y ENDEMIC TO C	ALIFORNIA.
	Micro: REQUIR	ES OPEN WATER	R, PROTECTED NESTING	SUBSTRATE, & FORAGING ARE	A WITH INSECT PREY WITHIN	A FEW KM OF TH	E COLONY.
	Occurrence No.	205	Map Index: 21591	EO Index: 8777	,	Dates La	
	Occ Rank:						1995-05-20
SENSITIVE *	-	Natural/Native occ	currence			Site:	1995-05-20
		Presumed Extant			Deed	ord Last Updated:	2004 05 07
		Unknown	(000)		Reco	ord Last Opdated:	2004-05-07
	Main Source:	CHICHESTER, M.	. 1992 (OBS)				
	Quad Summary:	ROSAMOND LAK	E (3411871/186D), ROSAN	OND (3411872/186C)			
	County Summary:	LOS ANGELES					
SENSITIVE *	Lat/Long:				Том	/nship:	
	UTM:					Range:	
	Radius:			Mapping Precision:		ection:	Qtr:
	Elevation:			Symbol Type:	Ме	ridian:	
	Location:	*SENSITIVE* Loc	ation information suppresse	d.			
					of Fish and Game, for more inforr	mation: (916) 324-	3812.
	Location Detail:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M	e Calfornia Natural Diversity	Database, California Department	of Fish and Game, for more inforr NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	. ,	
	Location Detail:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY	Database, California Department		. ,	
	Location Detail: Ecological:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY	Database, California Department	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN
	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22
SENSITIVE *	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN
SENSITIVE *	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22
SENSITIVE *	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant Unknown	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22
SENSITIVE *	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22
SENSITIVE *	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant Unknown DFG 2004 (PERS)	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22
SENSITIVE *	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant Unknown DFG 2004 (PERS) NEENACH SCHO	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403 currence	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22
SENSITIVE *	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant Unknown DFG 2004 (PERS) NEENACH SCHO	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403 currence	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22
	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant Unknown DFG 2004 (PERS) NEENACH SCHO	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403 currence	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS EO Index: 5540	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22 2004-05-10
	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM: Radius:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant Unknown DFG 2004 (PERS) NEENACH SCHO	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403 currence	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS EO Index: 5540	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE — Dates La Element: Site: ord Last Updated: //nship: tange: ection:	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22
	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant Unknown DFG 2004 (PERS) NEENACH SCHO	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403 currence	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS EO Index: 5540	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22 2004-05-10
	Location Detail: Ecological: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	Please contact the FRESHWATER M FIELDS FOR RIGI 400 Unknown Natural/Native occ Presumed Extant Unknown DFG 2004 (PERS) NEENACH SCHO LOS ANGELES	e Calfornia Natural Diversity IARSH SURROUNDED BY HT GREEN CATEPILLARS Map Index: 55403 currence	Database, California Department SEMI-DESERT HABITAT. BIRDS EO Index: 5540 Mapping Precision: Symbol Type:	NESTING IN CATTAILS. BIRDS	FORAGING OVE — Dates La Element: Site: ord Last Updated: //nship: tange: ection:	R A MILE AWAY IN st Seen 2000-04-22 2000-04-22 2004-05-10

Owner/Manager:

		Element Co	ode: ARACC01012		
Stat	us —	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists -		
Federal: None		Global: G3G4T3T4Q	CDFG Status	s: SC	
State: None		State: S3			
Habitat As					
	OR LOOSE LOAMY SOILS UNDER SPA				
Micro: SOIL M	OISTURE IS ESSENTIAL. THEY PREFE	R SOILS WITH A HIGH MOISTURE CONTENT.			
Occurrence No	. 8 Map Index: 38704	EO Index: 33711	<u> </u>	Dates Las	t Seen
Occ Rank:	Unknown		EI	ement:	1988-03-28
Origin	Natural/Native occurrence			Site:	1988-03-28
	Presumed Extant				
	Unknown		Record Last U	Jpdated:	1998-05-05
Main Source	: MULLEN, D. 1988 (PERS)				
-	LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)				
County Summary	: LOS ANGELES				
-	34.64328º / -118.16114º		Township: (		
	Zone-11 N3834098 E393583		Range:		
Radius:		Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section:		Qtr: XX
Elevation	2,530 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian:	8	
	D VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT	CLE DUE TO NON-SPECIFIC DIRECTIONS.			
	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR D VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A				
General Owner/Manager	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES,	LIMITÍNG	CLIMATIC
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR D VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705	, SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE	N LIMIT OF SPECIES,	LIMITÍNG Dates Las	CLIMATIC
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank:	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES,	LIMITING Dates Las ement:	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin:	I: LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A : UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES,	LIMITING Dates Las ement:	CLIMATIC
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES,	LIMITING Dates Las ement: Site:	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1988-01-22
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR     ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT     KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A     UNKNOWN     9 Map Index: 38705     Unknown     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, —— [ El	LIMITING Dates Las ement: Site:	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1988-01-22
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR DVERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, —— [ El	LIMITING Dates Las ement: Site:	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1988-01-22
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown MULLEN, D. 1988 (PERS) LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, —— [ El	LIMITING Dates Las ement: Site:	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1988-01-22
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown MULLEN, D. 1988 (PERS) LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, —— [ El	LIMITING Dates Las ement: Site: Jpdated:	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1988-01-22
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long	I: LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR I: D VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A : UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown : MULLEN, D. 1988 (PERS) : LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B) : LOS ANGELES	; SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE NTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER!	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, —— [ Ei Record Last U	Dates Las ement: Site: Jpdated: 07N	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1988-01-22
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Radius:	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown MULLEN, D. 1988 (PERS) LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B) LOS ANGELES 34.69822° / -118.21855° Zone-11 N3840253 E388395 1 mile	SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE INTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTERN EO Index: 33712	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, — EI Record Last U Township: ( Range: Section:	Dates Las ement: Site: Jpdated: 07N 13W 13	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1988-01-22
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM:	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown MULLEN, D. 1988 (PERS) LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B) LOS ANGELES 34.69822° / -118.21855° Zone-11 N3840253 E388395 1 mile	, SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE INTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTERI EO Index: 33712	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, — [ El Record Last U Township: ( Range: 2	Dates Las ement: Site: Jpdated: 07N 13W 13	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1988-01-22 1998-05-05
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Radius: Elevation	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown MULLEN, D. 1988 (PERS) LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B) LOS ANGELES 34.69822°/-118.21855° Zone-11 N3840253 E388395 1 mile : 2,345 ft	SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE INTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTERN EO Index: 33712	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, — [ Record Last U Township: ( Range: Section: Meridian: 3	LIMITING Dates Las lement: Site: Jpdated: 07N 13W 13 S	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1998-05-05 Qtr: XX
General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Radius: Elevation Location	LOCATION MAPPED AS A 1 MILE CIR ID VERIFIED BY LAWRENCE E. HUNT KNOWN FROM DESERT FLOOR OF A UNKNOWN 9 Map Index: 38705 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown MULLEN, D. 1988 (PERS) LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B) LOS ANGELES 34.69822°/-118.21855° Zone-11 N3840253 E388395 1 mile : 2,345 ft : 7.2 KILOMETERS W OF LANCASTER,	, SPECIMENS IN SANTA BARBARA VERTEBRATE MUSE INTELOPE VALLEY. PROBABLY REPRESENTS EASTER! EO Index: 33712 Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC Symbol Type:POINT	N LIMIT OF SPECIES, — [ Record Last U Township: ( Range: Section: Section: Sect	LIMITING Dates Las ement: Site: Jpdated: 07N 13W 13 S S	CLIMATIC t Seen 1988-01-22 1998-05-05 Qtr: XX STER POST OFFIC

California Department of Fish and Game Natural Diversity Database

Status         NDD E Element Raits         Other Lists           Federal: None         Global: 6572         CMPS List: 18           State: None         State: 51.1         R-ED Code: 3.33           Habita Associations         General: KASITA LUTLE KNOWN.         Micro: MOUVE DESERT: 1220M.           Occ. Rank: Unknown         Map Index: "55943         EO Index: "55950         Dates Lasi Seen           Occ. Rank: Unknown         Element:: 1897/09-19         Site:: 1897/09-19         Site:: 1897/09-19           Ordgin: NaturalNative occurrence         Site:: 1897/09-19         Site:: 1897/09-19         Site:: 1897/09-19           Ordgin: NaturalNative occurrence         Site:: 1897/09-19         Site:: 1897/09-19         Site:: 1897/09-19           Ourdg Summay: DSNAELES         Courdy Summay: LOS NAELES         Courdy Summay: LOS NAELES         Township:: 07N           Location: LEBRE MOUNTAIN ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: Sumbal Type-PoLion Single PrecisionSPECIFIC         Section: 18         Orr: WW           Weither Stood Mutriting Road Road Road Road Road Road Road Road	Kusche's sandwort		Elemen	t Code: PDCAR040K4		
State: None State: S1.1 R-E-D Code: 3-3-3 Habitat Associations Habitat A	State		NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists		
Habitat Associations         Generat: HABITAT LUTLE KNOWN.         Mirors: BOUARD EDESERT. 1220M.         Occurrence No. <sup>4</sup> Map Index: "55943       EO Index: "55959       — Dates Last Seen         Occ Rant: Unknown       Elemant: 1987-00-19       Elemant: 1987-00-19         Origin: Natural/Native occurrence       Elemant: 1987-00-19       Elemant: 1987-00-19         Pressne:: Presumed Exant       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Torent: Stable       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)       County Summary: LOS ANGELS         LaftCorg: 34.708697-118.615897       Township: 07N         UTM:: Zone-11 Nation Sectors       Symbol TypePOLV'GON         Map Elevation: 5.800 fs       Symbol TypePOLV'GON         Velevation: 5.800 fs       Symbol TypePOLV'GON         Mire: 171X 20       Map Index: 55944         Eoolgical: THIN SOILS MONTAIN CAONS THE FIREBREAK WOR ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOR ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOR ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Coloniti: S COLONIES KAPPED IN THE NE 1/4 OF THE NW 1/4 OF SECTION TO MINITARS AND SUFFRUTTORS PERCENNULS         With HRIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLUMA, AND LOTUS P						
General: HABITAT LITTLE KNOWN. Micro: MOJAVE DESERT. 1220M. Docurrence No. <sup>4</sup> Map Index: <sup>5</sup> 5943 EO Index: <sup>5</sup> 5959 EO Index: <sup>5</sup> 5959 Element: 1997/09-19 Origin: Natural/Native occurrence Presence: Presumed Estant Trend: Stable Quad Summary: BURY FEAK (3411865/163A) County Summary: LOS ANGELES Lattlong: 34,7026/F. 1186:1595 <sup>6</sup> Township: 07N Range: 10V Area: 17.2 ac Mapping ProcisionSPECIFIC Sector 18 With FEAK (3411865/163A) Location EleBER MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location EleBER: MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location EleBER: MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location EleBER: MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location EleBER: MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location EleBER: MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location EleBER: MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location EleBER: MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location EleBER: MOUNTAIN, ROAD WIT do SECTOR AND THE WIT DE STOCOMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL, NEARSY. Threat: ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION, ROAD MAINTENANCE. General: OVER 660 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. Over:/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF Occurrence No. 5 Map Index: 55944 EO Index: 55960 Element: 1997/09-19 Site: 1997/09-19 Comparise: BURN FEAK (2411865/183A) County Summary: LOS ANGELES LatLong: 44 ac a Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Section: 5300 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Section: 5300 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Section: 530 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC S	State: None		State: S1.1	R-E-D Coo	de: 3-3-3	
Micre: MOJAVE DESERT. 1220M.           Occurrence No. <sup>4</sup> Map Index: "55943         EO Index: "55959         — Dates Last Seen           Occ Rank: Unknown         Element: 1997-09-19         Site: 1997-09-19           Presence: Presumed Extent         Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30           Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)         Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30           Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)         County Summary: LOS ANGELES           LavLong: 347008P / 118.61505/         Township: 07N           Range: 1610         Section: 16           Area: 7.500 ft         Symbol Type-POLYGON           Mercian: UBRANCIUMAN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.           Location Detail: 3 COLONIES MAPPED IN THE NE 1/4 OF THE NW 1/4 OF SECTION 18 AND THE SW1/4 OF SE1/4 SEC 7.           Ecological: THIN SOLLS WITH GRANTIC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNALS           WITH ERIOCOMUM FASCICULATIVM. ERIOPHYLLM CONFERTINCENCE           CharARRAL NEARD?           Threat: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.           Overrence No. 5         Map Index: 55944           EO Index: 55960         — Dates Last Seen           Occurrence No. 5         Map Index: 55944           EO Index: 55960         — Dates Last Seen           Origin: Natura/Nation Econrence         Element: 1997-09-19						
Occurrence No. <sup>5</sup> 4       Map Index: "55943       EO Index: "55959       Dates Last Seen         Orgin: Nutral/Native occurrence       Site: 1997-09-19       Site: 1997-09-19         Presence: Fesumed Extant       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Trond: Stable       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411986/163A)       County Summary: LOS ANGELES         Lat/Long: 34.7086P/.4118.61597       Tormship: 07N         Mare: 17.2 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC         Symbol Type-POLYGON       Meridian: S         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WOF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, MARK MARK MORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Cocurrence No. 5       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC         Greenti: OVER 600 PLANTS SEE						
Occ Rank: Unknown       Element: 1997-09-19         Site: 1997-09-19       Site: 1997-09-19         Presence: Presumed Extant       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Man Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Quad Summary: EURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)       County Summary: LOS ANGELES         County Summary: LOS ANGELES       Township: 07N         Last Unknown       Range: 16W         Are: 17.2 ac       Section: 13.6 Otr: WW         Elevation: 5.600 ft       Symbol Type-POLYGON         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WORF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, SOF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: Sullis OCLONIES MAPPED IN THE RIX HOP ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, SOF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: Dealiti's OCLONIES MAPPED IN THE RIX HOP ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, SOF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: Dealit's OCLONIES MAPPED IN THE RIX HOP ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR WIA OF SET148 SEC 7.         Ecological: Thin SOLIS WITH GRANITIC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VECETATION DOWINTED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH FRANCE.         General: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.         Over R600 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.         Over R600 PLANT SEEN IN 1997.         Ordigin: Natural/Native occurrence         Stable       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)         Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)	Micro: MOJAV	E DESERT. 1220M.				
Occ Rank: Unknown       Element: 1997-09-19         Site: 1997-09-19       Site: 1997-09-19         Presence: Presumed Extant       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Man Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Quad Summary: EURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)       County Summary: LOS ANGELES         County Summary: LOS ANGELES       Township: 07N         Last Unknown       Range: 16W         Are: 17.2 ac       Section: 13.6 Otr: WW         Elevation: 5.600 ft       Symbol Type-POLYGON         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK WORF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, SOF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: Sullis OCLONIES MAPPED IN THE RIX HOP ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, SOF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: Dealiti's OCLONIES MAPPED IN THE RIX HOP ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, SOF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: Dealit's OCLONIES MAPPED IN THE RIX HOP ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR WIA OF SET148 SEC 7.         Ecological: Thin SOLIS WITH GRANITIC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VECETATION DOWINTED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH FRANCE.         General: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.         Over R600 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.         Over R600 PLANT SEEN IN 1997.         Ordigin: Natural/Native occurrence         Stable       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)         Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				
Origin: NuturalNative occurrence       Site: 1997-09-19         Presence: Presumed Extant:       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)		•	EO Index: 55959			
Presence:       Presence:       Record Last Update:       2004-06-30         Main Source:       WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)       Cound Summary:       USANGELES         Cound Summary:       BURNT PEAK (341186/163A)       Coundy Summary:       Cou						
Trend: Stabile       Record Last Updated:       2004-06-30         Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)       County Summary: EURN TPEAK (3411865/163A)       County Summary: LOS ANGELES         Latf.ong: 34.700869 (-118.61959)       Township: 07N       Range: 16W         Min Source: VALL       Magning PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section: 18       Qrr: VV         Elevation: 5.600 ft       Symbol Type-POLYGON       Meridian: S       Section: 18       Qrr: VV         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.       Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD THE NH 1/4 OF SECTION 18 AND THE SW1/4 OF SE1/4 SEC 7.       Eeological: Thin SOLS WITH GRANITIC OUTCOPPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH FRIGONUM FASCULULATUM, ENOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFICIORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY.         Threat: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1907.       Over ACTIVITY, FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.       Element: 1997/09-19         Occurrence No. 5       Map Index: 55944       EO Index: 55960       Dates Last Seen         Ocidin: NaturalAvale occurrence       Site: 1997/09-19       Site: 1997/09-19         Presence: Presumed Extant       1997/09-19       Site: 1997/09-19         Order 347/0716 / 118.60527?       Township: 07N       Range: 16W         County Summary: LOS ANGELES       Sourd Symbol Type-POLYGON       Range: 16W	•				Site.	1997-09-19
Main Source:       WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)         Quad Summary: LOS ANGELES       County Summary: LOS ANGELES         Lat/Long:       Ar. 2004 (Strings Ar. 2004)         WTM:       Zone-11 N3841059 E351999         Ware:       172 accom-11 N3841059 E351999         Ware:       Township:         UTM:       Zone-11 N3841059 E351999         Ware:       172 accom-11 N3841059 E351999         Ware:       Train Status         Elevation:       5.600 ft         Section:       16 Bread Status         Location:       Libere MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location:       Location:         Colonide:       With GRAND SAND SARS VECETATION DOWNATED BY LOW SHUBS AND SUPFRUTICOSE PERENNULLS         Cocation:       UTH EXCOCOLUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE:         Charar Ange:       USPS-ANGELES NF         Occurrence No. 5       Map Index: 55944       E0 Index: 55960       Dates Last Seen         Orgin:       Natural Native occurrence       Site: 1997-09-19       Element: 1997-09-19         Orgin:       Natural Native occurrence       Site: 1997-09-19       Element: 1997-09-19         Orgin:       Natural Native occurrence       Site: 1997-09-19				Record Last	Undated:	2004-06-30
Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)         County Summary: LOS ANGELES         LatLong: 34,70086*/.118.61595*         TWI: Zone-11 N341099 E3513990         Area: 17.2 ac         Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC         Section: 18         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location: BERIES COLONIES MAPPED IN THE N1 14 OF THE NN 114 OF SECTION 18 AND THE SW1/a OF SE1/4 SEC 7.         Ecological: THIN SOLLS WITH GRANTIC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED BY LOW SHRUES AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH FOROCOMUN FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY.         Threat: ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.         General: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.         Owner/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF         Occurrence No. 5       Map Index: 55944         EO Index: 55960					opulloui	2001.00.00
County Summary: LOS ANGELES LaftCong: 43,70086*/-118,61595* LaftCong: 43,70086*/-118,61595* UTM: Zone-11 N3841595 E351999 Area: 17.2 at Symbol Type-POLYGON Meridian: S Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIBERE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIBERE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIBERE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIBERE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIBERE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: DIES MAPPED IN THE NE 1/4 OF THE W1/4 0F SECTON 18 AND THE SW1/4 OF S E1/4 SEC 7. Ecological: THIN SOLLS WITH GRAINITC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTITI-DRUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARSY. Threat: ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. General: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. Overer/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF Occurrence No. 5 Map Index: 55944 E0 Index: 55960 EIGENE: Presumed Extant Trend: Stable Record Last Updated: 2004:06:30 Main Source: WALL M. 1997 (PERS) LatiLong: 34,707719'.118.60527* UTM: Zone-11 N3941865/163A) County Summary: LOS ANOELES Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location: LIBERE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location: DEABLEONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE WIY 14 OF THE SW 144 OF SECTION 8. Eco						
Lat/Long: 34.70086°/-118.61595° Township: 07N UTM: Zone-11 N3841059 E351999 Area: 172 2a Location: 14 Section: 18 Location: 14EBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: 14EBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: 14EBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: 14EBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: 14EBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location: 14EBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location Datail: 3 COLONES MAPPED IN THE NE 1/4 OF THE NW 1/4 OF SECTION 18 AND THE SW1/4 OF SE1/4 SEC 7. Ecological: THIN SOLE SWITH GRANTIC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM. ERIOPHYTLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMMENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY. Threat: ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. General: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. Owner/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF Occurrence No. 5 Map Index: 55944 EO Index: 55960 — Dates Last Seen Coc Rank: Unknown Cor Rank: Unknown Trend: Stable Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30 Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS) Quad Summary: LOS ANGELES Lat/Long: 34.707719'.118.40527? TIT: Zone-11 N381403 E352900 Area: 4.9 ac Area: 4.9 ac Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Section: 08 Qtr: 3W Meridian: S Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS		· · · · · ·				
UTM:       Zone-11 N3841059 E351999       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       18       Otr:       Withit         Elevation:       5.000 ft       Symbol Type/POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.       Location:       Liebre MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location:       Liebre MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.       Location:       Liebre MOUNTAIN RAADPED.         Location:       Liebre MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.       Location:       Liebre MOUNTAIN ROAD.         Location:       Liebre MOUNTAIN, RAAPPED. IN THE NE 1/4 OF THE NW 1/4 OF SECTION 18 AND THE SW1/4 OF SE1/4 SEC 7.       Eereenvial.       Section: Section: Section: Section: Section: Section: Section: Section: COMPARIZED NOT SECTION PORTULATION COMPERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE         Corearie:       ORGENERATION:       Friend:       Section: Sect						
Area:       17.2 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       18       Otr:       With         Elevation:       5.600 it       Symbol Type-POLYGON       Merdian::       S       C<	-			•		
Elevation:     5,600 ft     Symbol Type:POLYGON     Meridian:     S       Location:     LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD.     Location Detail: 3 COLONIES MAPPED IN THE NE 1/4 OF THE NW 1/4 OF SECTION 18 AND THE SW1/4 OF SE1/4 SEC 7.     Ecological: THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFIC/RUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIPOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY.       Threat:     ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.     General: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.       Occurrence No. 5     Map Index: 55944     EO Index: 55960     Dates Last Seen       Occurrence No. 5     Map Index: 55944     EO Index: 55960     Element::     1997-09-19       Orce Rank:     Urknown     Site:     1997-09-19     Site:     1997-09-19       Orce Rank:     Urknown     Site:     1997-09-19     Site:     1997-09-19       Ortigin:     Natural/Native occurrence     Site:     1997-09-19     Site:     1997-09-19       Quad Summary:     USA NOTTIP', 118.60527°     Township:     07N     Range:     16W       Area:     4.9 ac     Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC     Section:     0.8     Ctr:: 3W       Elevation:     S.200 ft     Wardian:     S     Ctr:: 3W       Elevation:     S.200 ft			Manala a Brasisian ODEOIEIO			01
Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, ALONG THE FIREBREAK W OF ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD, S OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD. Location Detail:3 COLONIES MAPPED IN THE NE 1/4 OF THE NW 1/4 OF SECTION 18 AND THE SW1/4 OF SE1/4 SEC 7. Ecologicai: THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARRY. Threat: ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. General: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. Owner/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF Occurrence No. 5 Map Index: 55944 EO Index: 55960 — Dates Last Seen Coc Rank: Unknown Coc Rank: Coc Rank: Sec Rank Coc Rank: Unkn						Qtr: NVV
Location Detail: 3 COLONIES MAPPED IN THE NE 1/4 OF THE NW 1/4 OF SECTION 18 AND THE SW1/4 OF SE1/4 SEC 7. Ecological: THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCROPPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED BY LOW SHRUBS AND SUFFRUTICOSE PERENNIALS WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, AND LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY. Threat: ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. General: OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. Ovmer/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF Occurrence No. 5 Map Index: 55944 EO Index: 55960 — Dates Last Seen	2.074.10		e)	inorraian		
Occ Rank: Unknown       Element: 1997-09-19         Origin: Natural/Native occurrence       Site: 1997-09-19         Presence: Presumed Extant       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)       Steine: 1997-09-19         County Summary: LOS ANGELES       Steine: 1997-09-19         Lat/Long: 34.70771°/-118.60527°       Township: 07N         WTM: Zone-11 N3841803 E352990       Range: 16W         Area: 4.9 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC         Section: 5,200 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location Detail: ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological: SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ENIGGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFICORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat: FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTR	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S		
Occ Rank: Unknown       Element: 1997-09-19         Origin: Natural/Native occurrence       Site: 1997-09-19         Presence: Presumed Extant       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)       Township: 07N         County Summary: LOS ANGELES       Range: 16W         Lat/Long: 34.70771º/-118.60527°       Township: 07N         UTM: Zone-11 N3841803 E352990       Range: 16W         Area: 4.9 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC         Elevation: 5,200 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR MOAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR MOAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LI	Ecological Threat: General:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTR OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S		
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence       Site: 1997-09-19         Presence: Presumed Extant       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Main Source: WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)       Record Last Updated: 2004-06-30         Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)       Steiner (1997-09-19)         County Summary: LOS ANGELES       Township: 07N         Lat/Long: 34.70771°/-118.60527°       Range: 16W         Area: 4.9 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC         Section: 08       Qtr: SW         Elevation: 5,200 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location: Betail:ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological: SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat: FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTR OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S		
Presence:       Presumed Extant         Trend:       Stable         Main Source:       WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)         Quad Summary:       BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)         County Summary:       LOS ANGELES         Lat/Long:       34.70771° / -118.60527°         Township:       07N         UTM:       Zone-11 N3841803 E352990         Area:       4.9 ac         Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:         Subtraction:       LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location:       LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location betail:       ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological:       SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat:       FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No.	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCROWITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ICHAPARRAL NEARBY.         ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTROVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.         USFS-ANGELES NF         5       Map Index: 55944	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU	JS PROCU Dates Las	MBENS. DENSE
Trend:       Stable       Record Last Updated:       2004-06-30         Main Source:       WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)       Event Last (Jungated:       2004-06-30         Quad Summary:       UVRNT PEAK (3411865/163A)       Source:       Vince       Vince       Source:       Vince       Source:       Vince       Source:       Vince       Vince       Source:       Vince       Source:       Vince       Source:       Vince       Vince <th< td=""><td>Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank:</td><td>THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown</td><td>PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.</td><td>Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU</td><td>JS PROCU Dates Las Element:</td><td>MBENS. DENSE st Seen</td></th<>	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU	JS PROCU Dates Las Element:	MBENS. DENSE st Seen
Main Source:       WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)         Quad Summary:       BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)         County Summary:       LOS ANGELES         Lat/Long:       34.70771°/-118.60527°         Township:       07N         UTM:       Zone-11 N3841803 E352990         Area:       4.9 ac         Main Source:       View Symbol Type:POLYGON         Elevation:       5,200 ft         Symbol Type:POLYGON       Keridian:         S       Location LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location Detail:       ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological:       SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat:       FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU	JS PROCU Dates Las Element:	MBENS. DENSE st Seen
Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)         County Summary: LOS ANGELES         Lat/Long:       34.70771° / -118.60527°         UTM:       Zone-11 N3841803 E352990         Area:       4.9 ac         Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:         08       Qtr: SW         Elevation:       5,200 ft         Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:         S       Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location Detail:ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological:       SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat:       FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU	JS PROCU Dates Las Element: Site:	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19
County Summary: LOS ANGELES         Lat/Long:       34.70771º / -118.60527°       Township:       07N         UTM:       Zone-11 N3841803 E352990       Range:       16W         Area:       4.9 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       08       Qtr: SW         Elevation:       5,200 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location Detail:       ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological:       SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat:       FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU	JS PROCU Dates Las Element: Site:	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19
Lat/Long: 34.70771°/ · 118.60527°       Township: 07N         UTM:       Zone-11 N3841803 E352990       Range: 16W         Area:       4.9 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section: 08       Qtr: SW         Elevation:       5,200 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian: S         Location:       LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.         Location Detail:       ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological:       SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat:       FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU	JS PROCU Dates Las Element: Site:	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19
UTM:       Zone-11 N3841803 E352990       Range:       16W         Area:       4.9 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       08       Qtr: SW         Elevation:       5,200 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.       Location Detail: ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological:       SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat:       FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS) BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU	JS PROCU Dates Las Element: Site:	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19
Area:       4.9 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       08       Qtr: SW         Elevation:       5,200 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.       Location Detail:       ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Ecological:       SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat:       FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS) BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU	JS PROCU Dates Las Element: Site:	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19
Elevation:       5,200 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD.       Location Detail:       ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8.         Location:       SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB.       WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS.         Threat:       FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary Lat/Long:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS) BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A) : LOS ANGELES 34.70771º / -118.60527°	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU 	Dates Lat Element: Site: Updated: 07N	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19
Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE INTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND ATMORE MEADOWS SPUR ROAD. Location Detail:ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8. Ecological: SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS. Threat: FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS) BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A) : LOS ANGELES 34.70771° / -118.60527° Zone-11 N3841803 E352990	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. EO Index: 55960	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU Record Last Township: Range:	Dates Lat Element: Site: Updated: 07N 16W	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19 2004-06-30
Location Detail: ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLYGON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8. Ecological: SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS. Threat: FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS) BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A) :LOS ANGELES 34.70771° / -118.60527° Zone-11 N3841803 E352990 4.9 ac	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. EO Index: 55960	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU Record Last Township: Range: Section:	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 07N 16W 08	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19 2004-06-30
Ecological: SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DENSIFOLIUM, LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS. Threat: FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS) BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A) :LOS ANGELES 34.70771° / -118.60527° Zone-11 N3841803 E352990 4.9 ac	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. EO Index: 55960	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU Record Last Township: Range: Section:	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 07N 16W 08	MBENS. DENSE st Seen 1997-09-19 1997-09-19 2004-06-30
LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAPARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS, Q. WISLIZENII, ADENOSTOMA FASCICULATUM AND CEANOTHUS. Threat: FUELBREAK CONSTRUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	<ul> <li>THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY.</li> <li>ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.</li> <li>USFS-ANGELES NF</li> <li>5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)</li> <li>BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)</li> <li>LOS ANGELES</li> <li>34.70771° / -118.60527° Zone-11 N3841803 E352990 4.9 ac 5,200 ft</li> </ul>	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. EO Index: 55960 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU Record Last Township: Range: Section: Meridian:	Dates La: Element: Site: Updated: 07N 16W 08 S	MBENS. DENSE 1997-09-19 1997-09-19 2004-06-30 Qtr: SW
	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY. ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997. USFS-ANGELES NF 5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS) BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A) LOS ANGELES 34.70771º / -118.60527º Zone-11 N3841803 E352990 4.9 ac 5,200 ft LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE I	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. EO Index: 55960 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON NTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND A	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU Record Last Township: Range: Section: Meridian: TMORE MEADOWS SP	Dates La: Element: Site: Updated: 07N 16W 08 S	MBENS. DENSE 1997-09-19 1997-09-19 2004-06-30 Qtr: SW
	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation: Location Detail	<ul> <li>THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCROWITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ICHAPARRAL NEARBY.</li> <li>ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTROVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.</li> <li>USFS-ANGELES NF</li> <li>5 Map Index: 55944</li> <li>Unknown</li> <li>Natural/Native occurrence</li> <li>Presumed Extant</li> <li>Stable</li> <li>WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)</li> <li>BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)</li> <li>LOS ANGELES</li> <li>34.70771° / -118.60527°</li> <li>Zone-11 N3841803 E352990</li> <li>4.9 ac</li> <li>5,200 ft</li> <li>LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE I</li> <li>ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLY</li> <li>SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB</li> <li>LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAP</li> </ul>	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. EO Index: 55960 EO Index: 55960 NTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND A GON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8. . WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLU	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU 	Dates Lat Element: Site: Updated: 07N 16W 08 S UR ROAD , ERIASTR	MBENS. DENSE  st Seen  1997-09-19  1997-09-19  2004-06-30  Qtr: SW  .  UM DENSIFOLIUM
	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation: Location Detail Ecological	<ul> <li>THIN SOILS WITH GRANITIC OUTCRO WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, I CHAPARRAL NEARBY.</li> <li>ORV ACTIVITY. FUELBREAK CONSTF OVER 650 PLANTS SEEN IN 1997.</li> <li>USFS-ANGELES NF</li> <li>5 Map Index: 55944 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Stable WALL, M. 1997 (PERS)</li> <li>BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A)</li> <li>LOS ANGELES</li> <li>34.70771° / -118.60527° Zone-11 N3841803 E352990 4.9 ac 5,200 ft</li> <li>LIEBRE MOUNTAIN, JUST W OF THE I : ONE COLONY MAPPED AS ONE POLY</li> <li>SPARSELY VEGETATED LOW SCRUB LOTUS PROCUMBENS. DENSE CHAF CEANOTHUS.</li> </ul>	PPINGS AND SPARSE VEGETATION DOMINATED B ERIOPHYLLUM CONFERTIFLORUM, ERIASTRUM DE RUCTION. ROAD MAINTENANCE. EO Index: 55960 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON NTERSECTION OF LIEBRE MOUNTAIN ROAD AND A GON IN THE NW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTION 8. WITH ERIOGONUM FASCICULATUM, ERIOPHYLLU ARRAL NEARBY WITH QUERCUS CHRYSOLEPSIS,	Y LOW SHRUBS AND S NSIFOLIUM, AND LOTU 	Dates Lat Element: Site: Updated: 07N 16W 08 S UR ROAD , ERIASTR	MBENS. DENSE  st Seen  1997-09-19  1997-09-19  2004-06-30  Qtr: SW  .  UM DENSIFOLIUM

oastal western whiptail		Element Code: ARACJ02143	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: None	Global: G5T3T4	CDFG Status:	
State: None	State: S2S3		
Habitat Associations			
General: FOUND IN DESERTS & SEMIARIE	AREAS WITH SPARSE VEGETATION AND OPEN AREA	AS. ALSO FOUND IN WOODLAND & RIP	ARIAN AREAS.
Micro: GROUND MAY BE FIRM SOIL, SA	NDY, OR ROCKY.		
		Data	s Last Seen
•	idex: 54501 EO Index: 54501	Eleme	
Occ Rank: Poor Origin: Natural/Native occurrence			te: 2003-06-06
Presence: Presumed Extant		5	<b>1e.</b> 2003-00-00
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Upda	ted: 2004-02-26
Main Source: MESSETT, L. 2003 (OBS)			
Quad Summary: WARM SPRINGS MOUN	FAIN (3411855/163D)		
County Summary: LOS ANGELES			
Lat/Long: 34,56794°/-118,55767°		Township: 06N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3826233 E357	109	Range: 16W	
Radius: 80 meters	Mapping PrecisionSPECIF		Qtr: XX
Elevation: 2,000 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	
Location: 0.4 MILE NE OF ELIZABE	TH LAKE, ANGELES NATIONAL FOREST		
Ecological: HABITAT CONSISTS OF HARVESTER ANT COLO	NORTHERN MIXED CHAPARRAL, DOMINATED BY YER NY IN THE VICINITY.	BA SANTA, BUCKBRUSH, CHAMISE, AI	ID BLACK SAGE.
General: 1 ADULT OBSERVED ON	I 29 MAY 2003, IN AN UNPAVED TURNOUT AREA ALON	IG THE ROAD.	

Greata's aster	Element C	ode: PDAST0T1F0
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists
Federal: None	Global: G2	CNPS List: 1B
State: None	State: S2.3	R-E-D Code: 2-1-3
Habitat Associations —		
General: CHAPARRAL, CISMONTANE WOODLAND.		
Micro: MESIC CANYONS. 800-1500M.		
Occurrence No. 40 Map Index: 59089	EO Index: 59125	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown		Element: 2001-06-24
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence		Site: 2001-06-24
Presence: Presumed Extant		
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updated: 2005-01-04
Main Source: SWIFT, I. #228 (HERB)		
Quad Summary: BURNT PEAK (3411865/163A), LIEBR	E MTN. (3411866/163B)	
County Summary: LOS ANGELES		
Lat/Long: 34.63522º / -118.62625º		Township: 06N
UTM: Zone-11 N3833795 E350938		Range: 17W
Area: 49.9 ac	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section: 01 Qtr: SE
Elevation: 2,600 ft	Symbol Type:POLYGON	Meridian: S
Location: LIEBRE MOUNTAINS, FISH CANYON	, 2.0 MILES NORTH OF CIENEGA CAMPGROUND.	
Location Detail: MAPPED APPROXIMATELY 2.0 MILE	S NORTH OF CIENEGA CAMPGROUND ALONG FISH CA	NYON, NEAR ELEVATION PROVIDED.

Owner/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF

California Department of Fish and Game Natural Diversity Database

Lancaster milk-vetch	E	Element Code: PDFAB0F721	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	-
Federal: None	Global: G4T2T3	CNPS List: 1B	
State: None	State: S1.1	R-E-D Code: 3-3-2	
Habitat Associations —			
General: CHENOPOD SCRUB.			
Micro: ALKALINE CLAY FLATS OR GRA	VELLY OR SANDY WASHES AND ALONG DRAWS IN GULLIE	ED BADLANDS. 725M IN CALIFORNIA.	
Occurrence No. 1 Map I	Index: 27633 EO Index: 13967	Dates Last Seen	
Occ Rank: None		Element: 1902-06	
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence	e	Site: 1902-06	-XX
Presence: Possibly Extirpated		Record Last Updated: 2002-07	01
Trend: Unknown		Record Last opdated: 2002-07	-01
Main Source: ELMER, A. #3669 POM #	#49666 (HERB)		
Quad Summary: LANCASTER EAST (341	1861/161A), LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)		
County Summary: LOS ANGELES			
Lat/Long: 34.69828º / -118.13809º		Township: 07N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3840173 E395		Range: 12W	
Radius: 1 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPEC		Х
Elevation: 2,400 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	
Location: LANCASTER, ANTELOP	'E VALLEY.		

burrowing owl			Element Code: ABNSB10010		
Stat	us	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists		
Federal: None State: None		Global: G4 State: S2	CDFG Sta	tus: SC	
General: (BURRO	SSOCIATIONS OW SITES) OPEN, DRY ANNUAL OR PEREN RRANEAN NESTER, DEPENDENT UPON BL				VING VEGETATION.
Occurrence No	. 166 Map Index: 23831	EO Index: 17755		Dates Las	st Seen
Occ Rank:	: Good		,	Element:	1993-06-28
•	: Natural/Native occurrence : Presumed Extant			Site:	1993-06-28
	Unknown MALLORY, J. & I. ANDERSON 1993 (OBS)		Record Las	t Updated:	1993-07-20
Quad Summary County Summary	: ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)				
	: 34.79756º / -118.21941º		Township	- 08N	
UTM:	Zone-11 N3851271 E388450		Range:		
Radius: Elevation	: 1/5 mile : 2,360 ft	Mapping PrecisionNOI Symbol Type:POI			Qtr: SW
Location	EAST SIDE OF 50TH STREET WEST, 0.5 M	ILE SOUTH OF WEST AVENUE B,	5 MILES SW OF ROSAMOND.		
Location Detai	I:BURROW SITE LOCATED ALONG ROAD E	SETWEEN AGRICULTURAL FIELD	AND SALTBUSH SCRUB HABITAT.		
Ecological	I: HABITAT CONSISTS OF SALTBUSH SCRU	IB, SURROUNDED BY AGRICULTU	IRAL FIELDS AND IRRIGATION RUN	OFF AREA	S.
General	: 10 FLEDGLINGS OBSERVED, SOME ROOS	STING ON AN ATRIPLEX BUSH.			
Owner/Manager	: UNKNOWN				
Occurrence No	. 349 Map Index: 42488	EO Index: 42488		Dates Las	st Seen
Occ Rank:					1999-06-10 1999-06-10
-	: Natural/Native occurrence : Presumed Extant			Site.	1999-00-10
			Record Las	t Updated:	2000-03-02
	: HARRIS, S. 1999 (OBS)				
Quad Summary County Summary	: LITTLE BUTTES (3411873/187D) r: LOS ANGELES				
Lat/Long:	: 34.80928º / -118.29868º		Township	08N	
	Zone-11 N3852661 E381215 : 2/5 mile	Manning ProvisionNO	Range:		Qtr: XX
Elevation		Mapping PrecisionNOI Symbol Type:POI			<b>u</b> u. ^^
Location	: AVENUE B AT 95TH STREET WEST, ANTE	LOPE VALLEY.			
Ecological	I: HABITAT CONSISTS OF OLD, FALLOW AG	RICULTURAL FIELDS.			
Threat:	POSSIBLE THREAT OF DEVELOPMENT.				
General	: JUVENILE BIRD OBSERVED ON 10 JUN 19	999, INDICATING AT LEAST ONE Y	OUNG FLEDGED.		
Owner/Manager	UNKNOWN				
Occurrence No	•	EO Index: 42520	)	Dates Las	
Occ Rank: Origin:	: Good : Natural/Native occurrence				1999-06-27 1999-06-27
-	Presumed Extant				
	Unknown HARRIS, S. 1999 (OBS)		Record Las	t Updated:	2000-07-12
	: NEENACH SCHOOL (3411875/188D)				
County Summary					
	: 34.80308º / -118.60715º		Township		
	Zone-11 N3852383 E352987 80 meters	Mapping PrecisionSPE	ECIFIC Section		Qtr: XX
Elevation		Symbol Type:POI			NGU . 17/
Location	: SE OF THE INTERSECTION OF AVENUE E	3 AND 270TH STREET WEST, ANT	ELOPE VALLEY.		
Location Dotai	I:BURROW IS LOCATED 20 FEET SOUTH O	F THE INTERSECTION.			
Location Detai					v
Ecological	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DESERT SCRUB				

urrowing owl State		- NDDB Element Ranks	Element Code: ABNSB10010 Other Lists		
Federal: None State: None	us —————	Global: G4 State: S2	CDFG Statu	ıs: SC	
Habitat As	ssociations				
	OW SITES) OPEN, DRY ANNUAL OR PER				ING VEGETATIO
Micro: SUBTER	RRANEAN NESTER, DEPENDENT UPON	BURROWING MAMMALS, MOST NOTAE	BLY, THE CALIFORNIA GROUND SC	≀UIRREL.	
Occurrence No.		EO Index: 42522		Dates Last	
Occ Rank:	Fair Natural/Native occurrence		E	Element: Site:	1999-06-11 1999-06-11
-	Presumed Extant			one.	
	Unknown		Record Last	Updated:	2000-03-13
	HARRIS, S. 1999 (OBS)				
	NEENACH SCHOOL (3411875/188D)				
County Summary					
-	34.78435° / -118.57135° Zone-11 N3850253 E356230		Township: Range:		
	2/5 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-S	÷		Qtr: XX
Elevation:	2,940 ft	Symbol Type:POINT		S	
Location	250TH STREET WEST, BETWEEN AVE	NUE C AND THE CALIFORNIA AQUEDU	CT, ANTELOPE VALLEY		
Ecological	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DESERT SCRU	JB AND OLD AGRICULTURAL FIELDS.			
General:	BURROW WITH FLEDGED YOUNG OBS	SERVED ON 11 JUN 1999.			
Owner/Manager	: UNKNOWN				
Occurrence No.	. 352 <b>Map Index:</b> 42523	EO Index: 42523		Dates Last	Seen
Occurrence No.	•	EO IIIdea. 42323			1999-03-26
-	Natural/Native occurrence			Site:	1999-03-26
	Presumed Extant Unknown		Record Last	Updated:	2000-03-13
	HARRIS, S. 1999 (OBS)				
Quad Summary:	NEENACH SCHOOL (3411875/188D)				
County Summary	LOS ANGELES				
Lat/Long:	34.77728º / -118.58243º		Township:	08N	
	Zone-11 N3849485 E355204		Range:		
Elevation:	1/5 mile 3.000 ft	Mapping PrecisionNON-S Symbol Type:POINT			Qtr: XX
	NORTH OF AVENUE D, NEAR 256TH ST				
	: HABITAT CONSISTS OF DESERT SCRU				
•	OCCUPIED BURROW OBSERVED ON 2				
Owner/Manager					
	- ·-···				
Occurrence No.	•	EO Index: 42487		Dates Last	
Occ Rank: Origin:	Fair Natural/Native occurrence		E		1999-05-19 1999-05-19
-	Presumed Extant				
			Record Last	Updated:	2000-10-10
	HARRIS, S. 1999 (OBS)				
	LITTLE BUTTES (3411873/187D)				
	: KERN, LOS ANGELES				
	34.81224º / -118.32617º Zone-11 N3853023 E378705		Township: Range:		
	3/5 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-S	_		Qtr: XX
Elevation:	2,485 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian:	S	
Location	: 110TH STREET WEST, BETWEEN AVE	NUE A AND AVENUE B, ANTELOPE VAL	LEY		
Ecological	HABITAT CONSISTS OF OLD, FALLOW	AGRICULTURAL FIELDS AND DESERT	SCRUB.		
		ORY ON 19 MAY 1999; PRESUMED NE	TING		

burrowing owl			Element Code: ABNSB10010		
Stat	us ————	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists		
Federal: None		Global: G4	CDFG Stat	us: SC	
State: None		State: S2			
	ssociations —				
General: (BURRO	OW SITES) OPEN, DRY ANNUAL C	OR PERENIAL GRASSLANDS, DESERTS & SCRU	JBLANDS CHARACTERIZED BY L	OW-GROV	WING VEGETATIO
Micro: SUBTE	RRANEAN NESTER, DEPENDENT	UPON BURROWING MAMMALS, MOST NOTABL	Y, THE CALIFORNIA GROUND S	QUIRREL.	
Occurrence No	. 557 Map Index: 50	EO Index: 50574		Dates La	st Seen
Occ Rank:	Poor				2003-01-11
Origin	Natural/Native occurrence			Site:	2003-01-11
	Presumed Extant		Description	Under de	0000 00 40
			Record Last	updated:	2003-03-12
	: HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS)				
-	: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161	B)			
County Summary	LUS ANGELES				
-	34.67516°/-118.20192°		Township:		
	Zone-11 N3837677 E389888		Range:		
	80 meters	Mapping PrecisionSPECIFI			Qtr: SE
Elevation	2,365 π	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian:	5	
Ecological Threat: General:	: HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTURI EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE : THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN : BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAI	TION OF AVENUE K AND 40TH STREET WEST, BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. S BED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS TO THE SOUTH.		
Ecological Threat:	: HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTURI EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE : THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN : BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAI	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING.	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS TO THE SOUTH.		
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager	: HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTURI EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE : THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN : BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAI : PVT	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A	ND AGAIN	ON 11 JAN 2003.
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTURI EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAI PVT     586 Map Index: 57	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A	ND AGAIN Dates La	ON 11 JAN 2003.
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank:	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTURI EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAI PVT      586 Map Index: 57	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A	ND AGAIN Dates La: Element:	ON 11 JAN 2003.
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin:	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTURI EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT      586 Map Index: 57     Excellent	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site:	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	: HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE : THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN : BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD : PVT . 586 Map Index: 5' : Excellent : Natural/Native occurrence : Presumed Extant Unknown	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site:	ON 11 JAN 2003. st Seen 2003-05-14
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT 586 Map Index: 57 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site:	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT     586 Map Index: 57 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS)     DEL SUR (3411863/162A)	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site:	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary	: HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE : THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN : BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAI : PVT . 586 <b>Map Index</b> : 57 : Excellent : Natural/Native occurrence : Presumed Extant Unknown : HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS) : DEL SUR (3411863/162A) : LOS ANGELES	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 1 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A  Record Last	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated:	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT     586 Map Index: 57 Excellent     Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown     HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS)     EDL SUR (3411863/162A)     LOS ANGELES     34.70306° / -118.34132°	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI SED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A  Record Last	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated: 07N	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM:	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT     586 Map Index: 57 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS) DEL SUR (3411863/162A) CDEL SUR (3411863/162A) LOS ANGELES     34.70306° / -118.34132° Zone-11 N3840933 E377158	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI BED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D 1327 EO Index: 51327	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS 3 TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A  Record Last Township: Range:	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated: 07N 14W	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14 2003-05-20
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary UTM: Radius:	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT 586 Map Index: 51 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS) DEL SUR (3411863/162A) LOS ANGELES 34.70306° / -118.34132° Zone-11 N3840933 E377158 80 meters	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI BED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D 1327 EO Index: 51327 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFI	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS B TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A  Record Last  Township: Range: IC Section:	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated: 07N 14W 14	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Radius: Elevation	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT     586 Map Index: 57 Excellent     Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS)     EDL SUR (3411863/162A)     ELSUR (3411863/162A)     ELSUR (3411863/162A)     EOS ANGELES     34.70306° / -118.34132° Zone-11 N3840933 E377158     80 meters     2,540 ft	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI BED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D 1327 EO Index: 51327 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFI Symbol Type:POINT	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A  Record Last  Township: Range: IC Section: Meridian:	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated: 07N 14W 14	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14 2003-05-20
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Radius: Elevation Location	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT     586 Map Index: 57 Excellent     Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS)     EDL SUR (3411863/162A)     LOS ANGELES     34.70306° / -118.34132° Zone-11 N3840933 E377158 80 meters     2,540 ft     JUST SE OF THE INTERSECTION	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI BED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D 1327 EO Index: 51327 BO Index: 51327 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFI Symbol Type:POINT N OF AVENUE I AND 120TH STREET WEST, 4 M	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A  Record Last  Township: Range: IC Section: Meridian:	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated: 07N 14W 14	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14 2003-05-20
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Radius: Elevation Location	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT     586 Map Index: 57 Excellent     Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS)     EDL SUR (3411863/162A)     LOS ANGELES     34.70306° / -118.34132° Zone-11 N3840933 E377158 80 meters     2,540 ft     JUST SE OF THE INTERSECTION	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI BED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D 1327 EO Index: 51327 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFI Symbol Type:POINT	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A  Record Last  Township: Range: IC Section: Meridian:	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated: 07N 14W 14	ON 11 JAN 2003. <b>st Seen</b> 2003-05-14 2003-05-14 2003-05-20
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Radius: Elevation Location Detai	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT     586 Map Index: 57 Excellent     Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown     HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS)     DEL SUR (3411863/162A)     LOS ANGELES     34.70306° / -118.34132° Zone-11 N3840933 E377158     80 meters     2,540 ft     JUST SE OF THE INTERSECTION BURROW IS LOCATED ~50 FEET	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI BED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D 1327 EO Index: 51327 Symbol Type:POINT N OF AVENUE I AND 120TH STREET WEST, 4 M SOUTH OF THE SPEED SIGN ON AVENUE I. DW FIELD WITH SHORT, ANNUAL HERBACEOUS	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A Record Last Record Last IC Section: Meridian: ILES NE OF ELIZABETH LAKE	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated: 07N 14W 14 S	CN 11 JAN 2003. st Seen 2003-05-14 2003-05-20 Qtr: VW
Ecological Threat: General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Radius: Elevation Location Detai Ecological	HABITAT CONSISTS OF DISTUR EAST, AND WEST, AND DISTURE THREATENED BY ENCROACHIN BREEDING OBSERVATIONS MAD PVT     586 Map Index: 57 Excellent     Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown     HARRIS, S. 2003 (OBS)     DEL SUR (3411863/162A)     COS ANGELES     34.70306° / -118.34132° Zone-11 N3840933 E377158     80 meters     2,540 ft     JUST SE OF THE INTERSECTION     BURROW IS LOCATED ~50 FEET     HABITAT CONSISTS OF A FALLC BURROWS FOUND IN THE FLAT	BED ALKALI SINK SCRUB/EXOTIC ANNUALS. SI BED JOSHUA TREE WOODLAND/ALKALI SCRUE G URBANIZATION AND DUMPING. DE DURING 2001. 1 BIRD OBSERVED DURING D 1327 EO Index: 51327 Symbol Type:POINT N OF AVENUE I AND 120TH STREET WEST, 4 M SOUTH OF THE SPEED SIGN ON AVENUE I. DW FIELD WITH SHORT, ANNUAL HERBACEOUS	URROUNDING AREA CONSISTS TO THE SOUTH. DEC 2002 (XMAS BIRD COUNT) A  Record Last  IC Section: Meridian: ILES NE OF ELIZABETH LAKE S GROWTH/ANNUAL WILDFLOWI	ND AGAIN Dates La Element: Site: Updated: 07N 14W 14 S	CN 11 JAN 2003. st Seen 2003-05-14 2003-05-20 Qtr: VW

burrowing owl		1	Element Code: ABNSB10010	
Status	N	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: None		Global: G4	CDFG Status: SC	
State: None		State: S2		
Habitat Associations				
General: (BURROW SITES)	OPEN, DRY ANNUAL OR PERENI	AL GRASSLANDS, DESERTS & SCRUBL	ANDS CHARACTERIZED BY LOW-GRO	WING VEGETATIO
Micro: SUBTERRANEAN N	ESTER, DEPENDENT UPON BUP	RROWING MAMMALS, MOST NOTABLY,	THE CALIFORNIA GROUND SQUIRREL.	
Occurrence No. 710	Map Index: 56802	EO Index: 56818	Dates La	st Seen
Occ Rank: Fair			Element:	
Origin: Natural/Nati			Site:	2004-09-03
Presence: Presumed E	Extant		Record Last Updated:	2004-00-15
Trend: Unknown Main Source: HARRIS, S.	. 2004 (OBS)		Record Last opualed.	2004-03-13
Quad Summary: LANCASTE	R WEST (3411862/161B)			
County Summary: LOS ANGE	LES			
Lat/Long: 34.67860º /	′ -118.21146º		Township: 07N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3	3838069 E389018		Range: 13W	
Radius: 80 meters		Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	Section: 24	Qtr: SW
Elevation: 2,370 ft		Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	
Location: WEST SIDE	E OF 45TH AVENUE WEST, 0.3 M	IILE NORTH OF AVENUE K, 3.5 MILES W	/SW OF LANCASTER	
	ONSISTS OF DISTURBED FALLO RIGATION PIPES PROVIDE BUR		JDERAL VEGETATION, WITH SCATTER	ED RUDERAL WOO
Threat: THREATEN	ED BY ONGOING DEVELOPMEN	NT ON LAND SURROUNDING THIS SITE.		

evin's barberry			Element Code: PDBER060A0		
State		NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists		·
Federal: Endange		Global: G2	CNPS L		
State: Endange		State: S2.2	R-E-D Coo	de: 3-3-3	
Habitat As	ssociations — RRAL, CISMONTANE WOODLAND, COAS				
	EP, N-FACING SLOPES OR IN LOW GRA				
MICIO. ON STE	EP, N-FACING SLOPES OR IN LOW GRA	ADE SANDT WASHES. 290-1575W.			
Occurrence No.	11 Map Index: 01154	EO Index: 21582		Dates Las	st Seen
Occ Rank:	•		1	Element:	1988-10-24
Origin:	Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range			Site:	1988-10-24
Presence:	Presumed Extant				
	Increasing		Record Last	Updated:	2002-02-11
Main Source:	NISHIDA, J. 1987 (OBS)				
Quad Summary:	WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/	163D)			
County Summary	LOS ANGELES				
-	34.53252º / -118.52613º		Township:	05N	
	Zone-11 N3822260 E359944		Range:		
	14.6 ac	Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	Section:		Qtr: NE
Elevation:	1,500 ft	Symbol Type:POLYGON	Meridian:	S	
Ecological	SLOPES.	ERVICE FIRE STATION. 'ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS' ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO		STLY IN NO	ORTHWEST FACI
Ecological Threat:	: ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS		
Ecological Threat: General:	: ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE.	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS		
Ecological Threat: General:	: ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS		
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No.	ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF	RE IN 1929 Dates Las	BY PAYNE, MAY
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank:	ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. : USFS-ANGELES NF .19 Map Index: 01165 Poor	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF	RE IN 1929 Dates Las Element:	BY PAYNE, MAY <b>it Seen</b> 1985-11-13
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin:	ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF	RE IN 1929 Dates Las Element:	BY PAYNE, MAY
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	: ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. : USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF	RE IN 1929 Dates Las Element: Site:	BY PAYNE, MAY st Seen 1985-11-13 1985-11-13
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Orcigin: Presence: Trend:	: ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. : USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAS ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF	RE IN 1929 Dates Las Element: Site:	BY PAYNE, MAY st Seen 1985-11-13 1985-11-13
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	: ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. : USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS)	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF	RE IN 1929 Dates Las Element: Site:	BY PAYNE, MAY st Seen 1985-11-13 1985-11-13
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary:	CON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS)	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF	RE IN 1929 Dates Las Element: Site:	BY PAYNE, MAY st Seen 1985-11-13 1985-11-13
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	CON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS)	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF	RE IN 1929 Dates Las Element: Site:	BY PAYNE, MAY st Seen 1985-11-13 1985-11-13
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary Lat/Long:	ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS) WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/ LOS ANGELES 34.53880° / -118.52358°	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF  Record Last  Township:	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 05N	BY PAYNE, MAY st Seen 1985-11-13 1985-11-13
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	: ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. : USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS) : WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/ : LOS ANGELES 34.53880° / -118.52358° Zone-11 N3822953 E360189	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF 	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 05N 16W	BY PAYNE, MAY <b>5t Seen</b> 1985-11-13 1985-11-13 2002-02-11
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area:	CON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS) WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/ LOS ANGELES 34.53880° / -118.52358° Zone-11 N3822953 E360189 1.5 ac	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574 163D) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF 	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 05N 16W 11	BY PAYNE, MAY st Seen 1985-11-13 1985-11-13
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	CON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS) WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/ LOS ANGELES 34.53880° / -118.52358° Zone-11 N3822953 E360189 1.5 ac	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF 	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 05N 16W 11	BY PAYNE, MAY <b>5t Seen</b> 1985-11-13 1985-11-13 2002-02-11
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	CON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS) WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/ LOS ANGELES 34.53880° / -118.52358° Zone-11 N3822953 E360189 1.5 ac 1.680 ft	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574 163D) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF 	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 05N 16W 11	BY PAYNE, MAY <b>5t Seen</b> 1985-11-13 1985-11-13 2002-02-11
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	CON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES. DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE. USFS-ANGELES NF 19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS) WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/ LOS ANGELES 34.53880° / -118.52358° Zone-11 N3822953 E360189 1.5 ac 1.680 ft	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574 163D) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEF 	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 05N 16W 11	BY PAYNE, MAY <b>5t Seen</b> 1985-11-13 1985-11-13 2002-02-11
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation: Location Location Detail	<ul> <li>ON ROCKY, GRAVELLY CLIFFS AND W SLOPES.</li> <li>DUMPINGS, INVASION BY TAMARISK, I 75 SEEDLINGS SEEN IN 1986, 130+ PL/ NATURALIZED AT THIS SITE.</li> <li>USFS-ANGELES NF</li> <li>19 Map Index: 01165 Poor Introduced Back into Native Hab./Range Presumed Extant Unknown CODHRANE, S. 1985 (OBS)</li> <li>WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/ 2006-11 N3822953 E360189 1.5 ac 1.680 ft</li> <li>: APPROX 0.5 MI N SAN FRANSQUITO PO SIN 1/4 OF NE1/4 OF SEC 11.</li> </ul>	ASH BOTTOM IN CHAPARRAL WITH COAST ROAD WIDENINGS, AND GOLD EXTRACTIO ANTS IN 1987, 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1 EO Index: 21574 163D) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	LIVE OAK, BLACK SAGE. MOS N ACTIVITIES ARE THREATS. 988. BERBERIS PLANTED HEP 	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 05N 16W 11	BY PAYNE, MAY <b>5t Seen</b> 1985-11-13 1985-11-13 2002-02-11

## Natural Diversity Database

Natural Diversity Database Full Condensed Report for Selected Elements - Multiple Records per Page Liebre Twins, Tylerhorse Canyon, Willow Springs, Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Little Buttes, Fairmont Butte, Neenach School, Burnt Peak, Lake Hughes, Del Sur, Lancaster West, Sleepy Valley, Green Valley, and Warm Springs Mountain USGS 7.5-minute Quadrangles

Swainson's hawk		Element	Code: ABNKC19070	
Federal: None State: Threater		NDDB Element Ranks     Global: G5     State: S2	CDFG Status:	
	IG) BREEDS IN STANDS WITH FEW TF	REES IN JUNIPER-SAGE FLATS, RIPARIAN AREAS AN AREAS SUCH AS GRASSLANDS, OR ALFALFA OR GR		NT POPULATIONS
Occurrence No.	802 Map Index: 42484	EO Index: 42484	Dates Las	t Seen
Occ Rank:	Good		Element:	
-	Natural/Native occurrence		Site:	1995-07-04
	Presumed Extant		Record Last Updated:	2000-03-02
	Unknown HARRIS, S. 1995 (OBS)		Record Last opdated.	2000-03-02
	,			
-	LITTLE BUTTES (3411873/187D)			
-	XERN 34.82645° / -118.30778° Zone-11 N3854577 E380408		Township: 09N Range: 13W	
	1/10 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section: 31	Qtr: SW
Elevation:		Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	<b>G</b> (1. 5W
		NCES (VEHICLES, SHOOTING). WNY YOUNG OBSERVED ON 4 JUL 1995.		
Occurrence No.	803 Map Index: 42486	EO Index: 42486	Dates Las	t Seen
Occ Rank:			Element:	
•	Natural/Native occurrence		Site:	1999-07-01
	Presumed Extant Unknown		Record Last Updated:	2000-03-02
	HARRIS, S. 1999 (OBS)			
Quad Summary:	LITTLE BUTTES (3411873/187D)			
-	KERN, LOS ANGELES			
	34.81815º / -118.31677º		Townshine 09N	
-	Zone-11 N3853667 E379573		Township: 08N Range: 14W	
	2/5 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section: 01	Qtr: XX
Elevation:		Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	
Location:	SOUTH OF AVENUE A, APPROXIMAT	ELY 1.5 MILES WEST OF 90TH STREET WEST, ANTEL	LOPE VALLEY	
Ecological:	HABITAT CONSISTS OF OLD, FALLO	W AGRICULTURAL FIELDS, OVERGROWN WITH RUDI	ERAL VEGETATION.	

Owner/Manager: UNKNOWN

slender mariposa lily Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Element Code: PMLIL0D096 Other Lists
Federal: None	Global: G4T1	CNPS List: 1B
State: None	State: S1.1?	<b>R-E-D Code:</b> 3-2-3
Habitat Associations		
General: CHAPARRAL, COASTAL SCRUB.		
Micro: SHADED FOOTHILL CANYONS; OF	TEN ON GRASSY SLOPES WITHIN OTHER HABITAT. 4	.20-760M
Occurrence No. 4 Map Ind	ex: 26507 EO Index: 1660	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown		Element: 1922-06-12
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence		Site: 1922-06-12
Presence: Presumed Extant		
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updated: 1995-11-27
Main Source: OWNBEY, M. 1940 (LIT)		
Quad Summary: GREEN VALLEY (3411854/	162C)	
County Summary: LOS ANGELES		
Lat/Long: 34.58922º / -118.45295º		Township: 06N
UTM: Zone-11 N3828449 E36675	1	Range: 15W
Radius: 2/5 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPE	
Elevation: 2,200 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S
Location: SAN FRANCISQUITO CAN	YON, NEAR POWER PLANT NO. 1.	
Leastion Detail MADDED NEAD CONFLUE	NCE OF CLEARWATER CANYON AND SAN FRANCISQU	UITO CANYON.

Owner/Manager: UNKNOWN

alkali mariposa lily			t Code: PMLIL0D190
Federal: None State: None	us	<ul> <li>NDDB Element Ranks</li> <li>Global: G2</li> <li>State: S2.2</li> </ul>	Cher Lists CNPS List: 1B R-E-D Code: 2-2-2
	ssociations —		
	RRAL, CHENOPOD SCRUB, MOJAVEAN I	DESERT SCRUB, MEADOWS.	
Micro: ALKALI	NE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL WASHE	ES. 90-1595M.	
Occurrence No	. 20 Map Index: 02182	EO Index: 22106	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank:			Element: 1995-05-21 Site: 1995-05-21
-	: Natural/Native occurrence : Presumed Extant		<b>Gite.</b> 1335-03-21
Trend:	Unknown		Record Last Updated: 2002-08-08
Main Source:	: U.S. AIR FORCE 1984 (MAP)		
Quad Summary	: ROSAMOND LAKE (3411871/186D), ROS	SAMOND (3411872/186C)	
County Summary	: LOS ANGELES		
Lat/Long:	: 34.79112º/-118.13424º		Township: 08N
	Zone-11 N3850465 E396234		Range: 12W
Area: Elevation	121.6 ac 2 290 ft	Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	Section: 15 Qtr: NE Meridian: S
	·		
	: JUNCTION OF WEST AVE & DIVISION S		
	I:THREE POLYGONS MAPPED WEST OF		
Ecological	I: IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUSH SC	RUB.	
Threat:	LITTER AND SMALL AMOUNTS OF TRA	SH DUMPING ADJACENT TO ROAD. MILITARY OP	ERATIONS MAY THREATEN.
General		PLANTS COUNTED IN 1988, BUT MANY MORE SEE	EN. IN 1995 2633 PLANTS OBSERVED OVER 43
	HECTARES.		
Owner/Manager	: DOD-EDWARDS AFB		
Occurrence No	. 21 Map Index: 02168	EO Index: 22108	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank:	•		Element: 1988-05-01
	Natural/Native occurrence		Site: 1988-05-01
	Presumed Extant		Papard Last Undeted: 1005 11 15
	Unknown U.S. AIR FORCE 1984 (MAP)		Record Last Updated: 1995-11-15
	· · ·		
	: ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)		
County Summary			
	: 34.81275º / -118.13896º Zone-11 N3852869 E395829		Township: 08N Range: 12W
	: 1/5 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section: 03 Qtr: SE
		Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S
Elevation	: 2,295 ft	ejinder ijpen entr	
Elevation	: 2,295 ft : 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST & 0.5 MI N OF		
Elevation	: 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST & 0.5 MI N OF	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB.	
Elevation: Location General:	: 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST & 0.5 MI N OF : FEW DOZEN PLANTS SEEN IN 1978, 28	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB.	
Elevation: Location General:	: 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST & 0.5 MI N OF	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB.	
Elevation: Location General:	: 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST & 0.5 MI N OF : FEW DOZEN PLANTS SEEN IN 1978, 28 : DOD-EDWARDS AFB	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB.	Dates Last Seen
Elevation Location General: Owner/Manager	: 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST & 0.5 MI N OF : FEW DOZEN PLANTS SEEN IN 1978, 28 : DOD-EDWARDS AFB . 23 Map Index: 02152	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 9 SEEN IN 1988.	Element: 2000-05-17
Elevation Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin:	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 9 SEEN IN 1988.	
Elevation Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 9 SEEN IN 1988.	Element:         2000-05-17           Site:         2000-05-17
Elevation Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 9 SEEN IN 1988.	Element: 2000-05-17
Elevation Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484	Element:         2000-05-17           Site:         2000-05-17
Elevation: Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484	Element:         2000-05-17           Site:         2000-05-17
Elevation Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484	Element:         2000-05-17           Site:         2000-05-17
Elevation: Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	.: 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST & 0.5 MI N OF     FEW DOZEN PLANTS SEEN IN 1978, 28     DOD-EDWARDS AFB     . 23 Map Index: 02152     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     BROWN, L. ET AL 1995 (OBS)     LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B), RO     KERN, LOS ANGELES     34.77934° / -118.14915°     Zone-11 N3849174 E394855	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484	Element: 2000-05-17 Site: 2000-05-17 Record Last Updated: 2002-06-06 Township: 08N Range: 12W
Elevation: Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area:		WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484 PSAMOND (3411872/186C) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	Element: 2000-05-17 Site: 2000-05-17 Record Last Updated: 2002-06-06 Township: 08N Range: 12W Section: 16 Qtr: E
Elevation: Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:		WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484	Element: 2000-05-17 Site: 2000-05-17 Record Last Updated: 2002-06-06 Township: 08N Range: 12W
Elevation Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank Origin Presence Trend Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM Area Elevation	.: 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST & 0.5 MI N OF     FEW DOZEN PLANTS SEEN IN 1978, 28     DOD-EDWARDS AFB     . 23 Map Index: 02152     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     BROWN, L. ET AL 1995 (OBS)     LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B), RO     r: KERN, LOS ANGELES     34.77934° / -118.14915°     Zone-11 N3849174 E394855     773.2 ac     2,310 ft	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484 PSAMOND (3411872/186C) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	Element:         2000-05-17           Site:         2000-05-17           Record Last Updated:         2002-06-06           Township:         08N           Range:         12W           Section:         16         Qtr: E           Meridian:         S
Elevation: Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484 SAMOND (3411872/186C) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON I OF LANCASTER, FROM JUST SOUTH OF AVENUE IG THE HIGHWAY, MOSTLY ALONG THE EAST SIDE	Element: 2000-05-17 Site: 2000-05-17 Record Last Updated: 2002-06-06 Township: 08N Range: 12W Section: 16 Qtr: E Meridian: S E G NORTH PAST PATTERSON ROAD. E OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAIL ROAD RIGHT O
Elevation Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation Location Detai	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484 ISAMOND (3411872/186C) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON I OF LANCASTER, FROM JUST SOUTH OF AVENUE IG THE HIGHWAY, MOSTLY ALONG THE EAST SIDI EST. ALSO FOUND ALONG AT&T RIGHT-OF-WAY (1)	Element: 2000-05-17 Site: 2000-05-17 Record Last Updated: 2002-06-06 Township: 08N Range: 12W Section: 16 Qtr: E Meridian: S E G NORTH PAST PATTERSON ROAD. E OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAIL ROAD RIGHT O 10TH STREET) FROM PATTERSON ROAD TO AVENU
Elevation Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation Location Detai	Constant of the second se	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484 SAMOND (3411872/186C) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON I OF LANCASTER, FROM JUST SOUTH OF AVENUE IG THE HIGHWAY, MOSTLY ALONG THE EAST SIDI IST. ALSO FOUND ALONG AT&T RIGHT-OF-WAY (1 I SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF	Element: 2000-05-17 Site: 2000-05-17 Record Last Updated: 2002-06-06 Township: 08N Range: 12W Section: 16 Qtr: E Meridian: S E G NORTH PAST PATTERSON ROAD. E OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAIL ROAD RIGHT O
Elevation: Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation: Location Detai	<ul> <li>a: 0.5 MI W OF DIVISION ST &amp; 0.5 MI N OF</li> <li>b: FEW DOZEN PLANTS SEEN IN 1978, 28</li> <li>c: DOD-EDWARDS AFB</li> <li>a: 23 Map Index: 02152</li> <li>c: Fair</li> <li>a: Natural/Native occurrence</li> <li>c: Presumed Extant</li> <li>unknown</li> <li>b: BROWN, L. ET AL 1995 (OBS)</li> <li>c: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B), RO</li> <li>c: KERN, LOS ANGELES</li> <li>c: 34.77934° / -118.14915°</li> <li>Zone-11 N3849174 E394855</li> <li>773.2 ac</li> <li>c: 2,310 ft</li> <li>a: ALONG THE SIERRA HIGHWAY NORTH</li> <li>b: FREQUENT FOR ABOUT 8 MILES ALON</li> <li>WAY, WITH A FEW PLANTS TO THE WE</li> <li>b: FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN</li> <li>WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX C/WEEDY SPP.</li> </ul>	WEST AVE - EDWARDS AFB. 19 SEEN IN 1988. EO Index: 29484 SAMOND (3411872/186C) Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON I OF LANCASTER, FROM JUST SOUTH OF AVENUE IG THE HIGHWAY, MOSTLY ALONG THE EAST SIDI IST. ALSO FOUND ALONG AT&T RIGHT-OF-WAY (1 I SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF	Element: 2000-05-17 Site: 2000-05-17 Record Last Updated: 2002-06-06 Township: 08N Range: 12W Section: 16 Qtr: E Meridian: S E G NORTH PAST PATTERSON ROAD. E OF THE SOUTHERN PACIFIC RAIL ROAD RIGHT O 10TH STREET) FROM PATTERSON ROAD TO AVENU SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIATE TICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AND

Status         NDDB Element Ranks         Other Lists           Pederal: Kono         State: S2.2         CMPS List: 19           State: Kono         State: S2.2         R-E-D Code: 2.2.2           Habita Associations         General: CHAPARRAL, CHENOPOD SCRUB, MCJAVEAN DESERT SCRUB, MEADOWS.           Micro: ALKALINE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL WASHES. 90-1959M.         Octorrence No. 39         Map Index: 24272         EO Index: 7179         — Dates Last Seen           Occerrence No. 39         Map Index: 24272         EO Index: 7179         — Dates Last Seen         — Element: 1983-06-05           Orgin: Natural/Native occurrence         Site: 1983-06-05         Site: 1983-06-05         Site: 1983-06-05           Orgin: Natural/Native occurrence         Site: 1983-06-05         Site: 1983-06-05         Site: 1983-06-05           Orgin: Natural/Native occurrence         Site: 1983-06-05         Site: 1983-06-05         Site: 1983-06-05           Coundy Summay: LOS ANGELES         LastUngers: VILLASENOR, R. 1988 (OBS)         Coundy Summay: LOS ANGELES         LastUngers: Site: 1983-06-13           Location: XNTELOPE VALLEY, JUST SOUTH OF THE MRA LOMA DETENTION CHER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location Detail:LOCATED BETWEEN SOTH AND 60TH STREETS AND ALONG ETHER MEST OF LANCASTER.           Location: NATELOPE VALLEY, JUST SOUTH OF THE MRA LOMA DETENTION CHER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location Detail:LOCATED BETWEEN SOTH AND 60TH STREETS AND ALONG ETHER ME	lkali mariposa lily		Elemen	t Code: PMLIL0D190	
State: None       State: S2.2       R-E-D Code: 2-2-2         Image: Habitat Association:       Habitat Association:       Habitat Association:         Occurrence No. 39       Map Index: 24272       EO Index: 7179       Dates Last Seen         Occurrence No. 39       Map Index: 24272       EO Index: 7179       Dates Last Seen         Occe Rank: Good       Origin: NaturilNative occurrence       Site: 1988-06-05         Oued Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411962/1618)       County Summary: IOS ANGELES         Oued Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411962/1618)       County Summary: IOS ANGELES         County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411962/1618)       Section: 14         County: Sumont Astre Scrate And Sandon Estion County Properiter		ıs ————————————			
Habitat Associations General: CHAPARRAL, CHENOPOD SCRUB, MOLAVEAN DESERT SCRUB, MEADOWS. Mitro: ALAULRE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL WASHES. 90-1586M. Ovner/Manager: P/T, AT&T Courrence No. 39 Map Index: 24272 EO Index: 7179 — Dates Last Seen Element: 1988-06-05 Site: 1988-06-05 Presence: Presumed Extant Tend: Unknown Record Last Updated: 1993-10-13 Main Source: VULASENOR, R. 1988 (OBS) Quad Summary: CAXCASTER WEST (2411862/1618) Courry Summary: LOS ANGELES LavLong: 34,89477/-118.22447 LavLong: 34,99477/-118.22447 LavLong: 34,994777/-118.22447 LavLong: 34,994777/-114,94777/-114,94777/-114,94					
General: CHAPARRAL, CHENOPOD SCRUB, MOLAVEAN DESERT SCRUB, MEADOWS.         Micro: ALKALINE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL WASHES. 90-1599M.         Ovener/Manager, FVT, AT&T         Occ. Rank: Good         Occ. Rank: Good         Orgin: Natural/Native occurrence         Stree: Fresumed Extent         Trend: Unknown         Main Source: VILLASENOR. R. 1988 (0BS)         Oudd Summary: LOKANCENT WEST (3411862/1618)         County Summary: LOS ANGELES         Luft/ong: 34,65047/-118224849         Torend: 1178.80         Main Source: NULLESENOR. R. 1988 (0BS)         Lucation: ANTELOPE VALLEY, JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST (311802/1618)         Cocinity Summary: LOS ANGELES         Lucation: ANTELOPE VALLEY, JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY, JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY, JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY, JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location: MAINSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOUS. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFICIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EPHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND CHORTSHUTH SOND SCAMP AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PRISON.         General: APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988, ONLY 1% KO P POPULATION FLOWERED. DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITSY), ADDITIONALI NOROMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE: SINCE 1980, NEED	State: None		State: 52.2	R-E-D Code:	2-2-2
Micro: ALKALINE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL WASHES. 80-1585M.           Owner/Manager., PVT. AT&T           Occurrence No. 39         Map Index: 24272         EO Index: 7179					
Owner/Manager:,PVT, AT&T           Occurrence No. 39         Map Index: 24272         EO Index: 7179         — Dates Last Seen           Occ Rank: Good         Origin: Natural/Native occurrence         Site: 1988-06-05           Origin: Natural/Native occurrence         Site: 1988-06-05           Presence: Presumod Extint         Record Last Updated: 1993-10-13           Min Source: VILLSENOR, R. 1988 (0ES)         Record Last Updated: 1993-10-13           Ound Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411962/161B)         Cound Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411962/161B)           Cound Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411962/161B)         Cound Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411962/161B)           Cound: Station 24,600/77, 148,22484*         Township: 07N           WTM: Zone-11 X3839401 E387009         Range: 139V           Are: 117,8 ac         Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC           Section: 14 dort: 3,30001 E38709         Range: 139V           Are: 117,8 ac         Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC           Section: 14 dort: 5,3700         Symbol Type:POLYGON           Meridian: S         Ctr: S           Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY: JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER; WEST OF LANCASTER.           Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY: JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER; WEST OF LANCASTER.           Location: STRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THILS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW LA. COUNTY PRISON.           Gen			,		
Occurrence No. 39       Map Index: 24272       EO Index: 7179       — Dates Last Seen         Occ Rank: God       Origin: NaturalNative occurrence       Ster. 1988-06-05         Origin: NaturalNative occurrence       Ster. 1988-06-05         Presence: Presumed Extant       Record Last Updated: 1993-10-13         Min Source: VILLSENOR, R. 1988 (OBS)       Record Last Updated: 1993-10-13         Ouad Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)       Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)         Cound Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)       Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)         Cound Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)       Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)         Cound Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)       Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)         Cound Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)       Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)         Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)       Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)         Country Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)       Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)         Country Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)       Country Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)         Coord Last Updated: SHADSCALE SCRUB ON LAKALI SOILS. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTERULA, CRUNTY PRISON.       General: APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FUNCRENT ON APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?), ADDITIONAL INFORMATINO IN THE ST	MICTO: ALKALI	NE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL WASHE	ES. 90-1595M.		
Occ Rank: Good       Element: 1989-06-05         Origin: NaturalNature occurrence       Site: 1989-06-05         Presence: Presumed Extant       Record Last Update: 1993-10-13         Main Source: VLLASENOR, R. 1988 (OBS)       Record Last Update: 1993-10-13         Quad Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)       County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)         County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)       Record Last Update: 1993-10-13         County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)       Range: 13W         County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)       County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)         County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)       Range: 13W         County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)       County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)         County Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)       Range: 13W         Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.       Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location: Betail: LOCATED BETWEEN STH AND 601TH STREETS AND ALONG ETHER SIDE OF AVENUE J.       Element:: 1998-012         Eoologica: SHADSCALE SCPUE ON AUX LANCAL SOLD. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIPOLIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EPHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND CHRIZANTHE SPINOSA.       Element:: 1998-012         Origin: NaturalNative occurrence       Site: 1998-012       Element:: 1998-012         Occurre	Owner/Manager:	PVT, AT&T			
Ocr Ram:: Good       Element:       1983-06-05         Stite:       1983-06-05         Presence:       Presumed Extant       Record Last Updated:       1993-10-13         Main Source:       VILLASENOR, R. 1988 (OES)       Internet:       1993-10-13         Quad Summary:       LANCASTER WEST (3411882/1618)       Courny Summary: LOS ANGELES       Internet:       1993-10-13         Courny Summary:       LOS ANGELES       Township:       07N       Range:       13W         Arres:       117.8 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       14       Otr: S         Elevatio:       2.340.1       Symbol Type/POLYGON       Mendian:       8         Location:       Antel COPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.       Location: EARPROX, 200, PLANTS 0586472 (DL 1983, ALCAL SOLE)       Acceleration:       Acceleration: </td <td>Occurrence No.</td> <td>39 Map Index: 24272</td> <td>EO Index: 7179</td> <td> Da</td> <td>tes Last Seen</td>	Occurrence No.	39 Map Index: 24272	EO Index: 7179	Da	tes Last Seen
Presence: Fresumed Extant Trad: Unknown Main Source: VILLASENOR, R. 1988 (OBS) Quad Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1918) County Summary: LOS ANGELES LatUogi: 34,89077 -118,22484 <sup>4</sup> Township:: 07N Arange:: 13W Arange:: 14W Arange:: 12W Arange:: 12W Arange:		•		Eler	nent: 1988-06-05
Trend:       Unknown       Record Last Updated:       1993-10-13         Main Source:       VILLASENOR, R. 1988 (OBS)	Origin:	Natural/Native occurrence			Site: 1988-06-05
Main Source:       VILLASENOR, R. 1988 (OBS)         Quad Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1618)         County Summary: LOS ANGELES         Laf/Long:       34.6947?/-118.22484?         UTM:       Zone-11 N3839401 E387809         Area:       117.8 ac         Biovaria       Symbol Type-POLYGON         Meridian:       S         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH AND 60TH STREETS AND ALONG EITHER SIDE OF AVENUE J.         Ecological:       SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOLS.         ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFOLIA, CHRYSOTHAMINUS, EPHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND CHORANTHE STINOSA.         Threat:       Two CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW LA. COUNTY PRISON.         General:       APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONALINFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NE					
Quad Summary: LANCASTER WEST (341182/1618)         County Summary: LOS ANGELES         Lat/Long: 34.690477./118.224849       Township: 07N         WIT: Zone-11178 ac       Range: 13W         Area: 1178 ac       Symbol Type-POLYGON         Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.         Location Detail: LOCATED BETWEEN SOTH AND 60TH STREETS AND ALONG ETHERS IDE OF AVENUE J.         Ecological: SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOLS. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFOLIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EPHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA.         Threet: TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW LA. COUNTY PRISON.         General: APPROX.200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 19% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK.         Owner/Manager: LAX COUNTY?         Occurrence No. 40       Map Index: 2833       EO Index: 29485				Record Last Up	dated: 1993-10-13
County Summay: LOS ANGELES         Township: 07N Margin: 334.690479/.118.224849 UTM: Zone.11 N3834901 E387809 Area: 117.8 ac Elevation: 2,340 ft       Township: 07N Range: 13W Symbol Type:POLYGON       Range: 13W Range: 12W Range:	Main Source:	VILLASENOR, R. 1988 (OBS)			
Lat/Long: 34.690479/-118.22484° UTW: Zone-11 N3839401 E387809 Area: 117.8 ac Range: 13W Range: 13W Area: 117.8 ac Range: 13W Range: 12W Range:	Quad Summary:	LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)			
UTM:       Zone-11 N3839401 E387809       Rangin: 13W         Area:       117.8 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:: 14       Qtr:: S         Elevation:       2,340 ft       Qtr:: S       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:: A       Section:: A       Ctr:: S         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.       Location Detail: LOCATED BETWEEN 50TH AND 60TH STREETS AND ALONG EITHER SIDE OF AVENUE J.       Ecological: SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFOLIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EPHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND CHRYSOTHAMNOSA.         Threat:       TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PRISON.         General:       APPROX.200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK.         Owner/Manager:       LAX COUNTY?         Occcurrence No. 40       Map Index: 28333       EO Index: 29485	County Summary	LOS ANGELES			
Area:       117.8 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       1.4       Qtr: S         Elevation:       2,340 ft       Symbol Type-POLYGON       Meridia::       S         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER.       Location:       Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER.         Location:       ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER.       Location:				•	
Elevation:     2,340 ft     Symbol Type:POLYGON     Meridian:     S       Location:     ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER.     Location Detail: LOCATED BETWEEN 50TH AND 60TH STREETS AND ALONG EITHER SIDE OF AVENUE J.     Ecological: SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOLLS. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFOLIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EPHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA.       Threat:     TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PRISON.       General:     APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK.       Owner/Manager:     LAX COUNTY?       Occurrence No. 40     Map Index:     28333     EO Index:     29485			Manalan B. J. J. ODEOIEIC	-	
Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF THE MIRA LOMA DETITION CENTER, WEST OF LANCASTER. Location Detail: LOCATED BETWEEN 50TH AND 60TH STREETS AND ALONG EITHER SIDE OF AVENUE J. Ecological: SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFOLIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EPHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. Threat: TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PRISON. General: APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988, ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK. Owner/Manager: LAX COUNTY? Occurrence No. 40 Map Index: 28333 EO Index: 29485 — Dates Last Seen Occ Rank: Fair Occ Rank: Fair Trend: Unknown Main Source: BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) Quad Summary: SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) County Summary: SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) County Summary: SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MONITAIN. Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MONITAIN. Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MONITAIN. Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS. Ecological: FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA					Qtr: S
Location Detail:LOCATED BETWEEN 50TH AND 60TH STREETS AND ALONG EITHER SIDE OF AVENUE J. Ecological: SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFOLIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EPHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. Threat: TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PRISON. General: APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK. Owner/Manager: LAX COUNTY? Occurrence No. 40 Map Index: 28333 EO Index: 29485 — Occ Rank: Fair Occ Rank: Fair Cocr Bresemee Stant Trend: Unknown Main Source: BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) Quad Summary: SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) County Summary: KERN Lat/Long: 34,94445º-118,14872º UTM: Zone-11 N3867485 E395104 Area: 62.4 ac Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN. Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN. Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS. Ecological: FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA WIEEDY SPP.	Lievation.	2,340 11	Symbol Type: DETGON	Wendian. 5	
	Location	ANTELOPE VALLEY; JUST SOUTH OF T	THE MIRA LOMA DETENTION CENTER, WEST OF L	ANCASTER.	
CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. Threat: TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PRISON. General: APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK. Owner/Manager: LAX COUNTY? Occurrence No. 40 Map Index: 28333 E0 Index: 29485 — Dates Last Seen	Location Detail	LOOATED DETINEEN SOTULAND SOTULO			
Threat:       TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TARGETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PRISON.         Generat:       APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK.         Owner/Manager:       LAX COUNTY?         Occ Rank:       Fair         Occ Rank:       Fair         Occ Rank:       Fair         Origin:       Natural/Native occurrence         Presence:       Presumed Extant         Trend:       Unknown         Main Source:       ROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)         Quad Summary:       SOLED AD MTN. (3411882/186B)         County Summary:       KERN         Lat/Long:       34,944459 / -118,148729         Lat/Long:       34,944459 / -118,148729         Main Source:       Range:         Area:       62,4 ac         Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:         Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPR TRACKS.         Ecologica:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCI	Location Detail	LOCATED BETWEEN 50TH AND 60TH S	TREETS AND ALONG EITHER SIDE OF AVENUE J.	•	
General:       APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DUE IN PART TO APPARENT GRAZING (RABBITS?). ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK.         Owner/Manager: LAX COUNTY?		SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS.			PHEDRA, LYCIUM, AND
ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE STATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWORK. Owner/Manager: LAX COUNTY?           Occurrence No. 40       Map Index: 28333       EO Index: 29485       — Dates Last Seen         Occ Rank:       Fair       Element: 1995-05-12         Origin:       Natural/Native occurrence       Site: 1995-05-12         Orrence No. 40       Map Index: 28333       EO Index: 29485       — Dates Last Seen         Occ Rank:       Fair       Site: 1995-05-12         Origin:       Natural/Native occurrence       Site: 1995-05-12         Presence:       Presence:       Presence:       Presence:         Main Source:       BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)       Record Last Updated:       1996-10-03         Quad Summary:       SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)       Range: 12W       Range: 12W         County Summary:       KERN       Range: 12W       Range: 12W         Area:       62.4 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section: 22       Qtr: W         Elevation:       2.555 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian: S       Elevation: S         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.       Location Detail:EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecologicia:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF	Ecological	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA.	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF	
Owner/Manager: LAX COUNTY?         Occurrence No. 40       Map Index: 28333       EO Index: 29485       — Dates Last Seen —         Occ Rank: Fair       Element: 1995-05-12       Site: 1995-05-12         Origin: Natural/Native occurrence       Site: 1995-05-12         Presence: Presumed Extant       Element: 1996-10-03         Trend: Unknown       Record Last Updated: 1996-10-03         Main Source: BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)       Record Last Updated: 1996-10-03         Quad Summary: SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)	Ecological	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA.	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF	
Occurrence No. 40       Map Index: 28333       EO Index: 29485       — Dates Last Seen         Occ Rank: Fair       Element: 1995-05-12         Origin: Natural/Native occurrence       Site: 1995-05-12         Presence: Presumed Extant       Record Last Updated: 1996-10-03         Main Source: BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)       Record Last Updated: 1996-10-03         Quad Summary: SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)       Range: 12W         County Summary: KERN       Range: 12W         Lat/Long: 34.94445% / -118.14872%       Township: 10N         WTM: Zone-11 N3867485 E395104       Range: 12W         Area: 62.4 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC         Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian: S         Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.         Location: Detail:EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRT TRACKS.         Ecological: FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS, ASSOCIA WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT (	ISON.
Occ Rank: Fair       Element: 1995-05-12         Origin: Natural/Native occurrence       Site: 1995-05-12         Presence:       Presumed Extant         Trend:       Unknown         Main Source:       BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)         Quad Summary:       SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)         County Summary:       KERN         Lat/Long:       34.94445°/ -118.14872°         Lat/Long:       34.94445° / -118.14872°         Carea:       62.4 ac         Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:         Symbol Type:POLYGON       Keridian:         S       Symbol Type:POLYGON         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY, BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPR TRACKS.         Ecological:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA         WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT (	ISON.
Occ Rank:FairElement:1995-05-12Origin:Natural/Native occurrenceSite:1995-05-12Presence:Presumed ExtantRecord Last Updated:1996-10-03Main Source:BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)Record Last Updated:1996-10-03Quad Summary:SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)Image: 12WImage: 12WCounty Summary:SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)Image: 12WImage: 12WLat/Long:34.94445°/ -118.14872°Range: 12WImage: 12WArea:62.4 acMapping PrecisionSPECIFICSection: 22Qtr: WElevation:SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.Location:SIERRA HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRT TRACKS.Ecological:FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIAWITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT (	ISON.
Presence:	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY?	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT ( ORK.	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?).
Trend:       Unknown       Record Last Updated:       1996-10-03         Main Source:       BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)       Image: 1996-10-03       Image: 100         Quad Summary:       SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)       Image: 12W       Image: 12W         County Summary:       KERN       Image: 12W       Image: 12W         Lat/Long:       34.94445°/-118.14872°       Image: 12W       Image: 12W         Area:       62.4 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section: 22       Qtr: W         Elevation:       2,555 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Image: 12W         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecological:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No.	40 Map Index: 28333	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT ( ORK. —— Da	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen
Main Source:       BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)         Quad Summary:       SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)         County Summary:       KERN         Lat/Long:       34.94445° / -118.14872°         Lat/Long:       34.94445° / -118.14872°         Township:       10N         UTM:       Zone-11 N3867485 E395104         Area:       62.4 ac         Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:         22       Qtr:         Elevation:       2,555 ft         Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:         Source:       Signal Type:POLYGON         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.         Location Detail:       EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecological:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank:	APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 11 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY?	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT ( ORK. —— Da Eler	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12
Quad Summary: SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)         County Summary: KERN         Lat/Long: 34.94445° / -118.14872°       Township: 10N         UTM: Zone-11 N3867485 E395104       Range: 12W         Area: 62.4 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section: 22       Qtr: W         Elevation: 2,555 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian: S         Location: SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.         Location Detail: EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecological: FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK. —— Da Eler	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12
County Summary: KERN         Lat/Long:       34.9445° / -118.14872°       Township:       10N         UTM:       Zone-11 N3867485 E395104       Range:       12W         Area:       62.4 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       22       Qtr: W         Elevation:       2,555 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.       Location Detail: EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecological:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK. —— Da Eler	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12
Lat/Long:       34.94445°/-118.14872°       Township:       10N         UTM:       Zone-11 N3867485 E395104       Range:       12W         Area:       62.4 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       22       Qtr: W         Elevation:       2,555 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.         Location Detail:       EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecological:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA         WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK. —— Da Eler	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12
UTM:       Zone-11 N3867485 E395104       Range:       12W         Area:       62.4 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       22       Qtr: W         Elevation:       2,555 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.       Location Detail: EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecological:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS)	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK. —— Da Eler	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12
Area:       62.4 ac       Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC       Section:       22       Qtr:       W         Elevation:       2,555 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S       Qtr:       W         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.       Location Detail:       EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecological:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA       WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK. —— Da Eler	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12
Elevation:       2,555 ft       Symbol Type:POLYGON       Meridian:       S         Location:       SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP ROAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND SOUTHEAST OF SOLEDAD MOUNTAIN.         Location Detail:       EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS.         Ecological:       FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 11 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) KERN	. ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT ( ORK. —— Da Eler Record Last Up	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12 dated: 1996-10-03
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Location Detail:EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDES OF SPRR TRACKS. Ecological: FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF SALT PANS AND MINI ALKALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) :KERN 34.94445°/ -118.14872° Zone-11 N3867485 E395104 62.4 ac	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU FATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO EO Index: 29485	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT ( ORK. —— Da Eler Record Last Up 	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12 dated: 1996-10-03
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WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX CANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DISTICHLIS SPICATA, LASTHENIA CALIFORNICA, AN WEEDY SPP.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) : KERN 34.94445° / -118.14872° Zone-11 N3867485 E395104 62.4 ac 2,555 ft	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU TATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO EO Index: 29485 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK. —— Da Eler Record Last Up Township: 10 Range: 12 Section: 22 Meridian: S	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12 dated: 1996-10-03 N W Qtr: W
Threat: THREATENED BY ACTIVITY WITHIN ROAD AND RR RIGHT OF WAY AS WELL AS UTILITY CORRIDOR.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 11 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) KERN 34.94445° / -118.14872° Zone-11 N3867485 E395104 62.4 ac 2,555 ft SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP RC	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU TATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO EO Index: 29485 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON DAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND S	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK. —— Da Eler Record Last Up Township: 10 Range: 12 Section: 22 Meridian: S	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12 dated: 1996-10-03 N W Qtr: W
	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation: Location Detail	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) :KERN 34.94445° / -118.14872° Zone-11 N3867485 E395104 62.4 ac 2,555 ft SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP RC :EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDE FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX C/	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU TATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO EO Index: 29485 EO Index: 29485 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON DAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND S ES OF SPRR TRACKS. I SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK.	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12 dated: 1996-10-03 M W Qtr: W MOUNTAIN. ALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA
General: ABOUT 100 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 1995.	Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation: Location Detail Ecological	SHADSCALE SCRUB ON ALKALI SOILS. CHORIZANTHE SPINOSA. TWO CONSTRUCTION PROJECTS TAR APPROX. 200 PLANTS OBSERVED IN 19 ADDITIONAL INFORMATION ON THE ST LAX COUNTY? 40 Map Index: 28333 Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown BROWN, L. & M. DUNGEN 1995 (OBS) SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B) :KERN 34.94445° / -118.14872° Zone-11 N3867485 E395104 62.4 ac 2,555 ft :SIERRA HIGHWAY BETWEEN SOPP RC :EAST OF HIGHWAY, ALONG BOTH SIDE FOUND ON SILT/CAKED MUD, IN OPEN WITH ANNUAL GRASSES, ATRIPLEX C/	ASSOCIATES INCLUDE ATRIPLEX CONFERTIFO GETED FOR THIS SITE; MIRA LOMA BOYS CAMP A 988. ONLY 15% OF POPULATION FLOWERED, DU TATUS OF THIS SITE SINCE 1988, NEEDS FIELDWO EO Index: 29485 EO Index: 29485 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON DAD AND BACKUS ROAD, SOUTH OF ACTIS AND S ES OF SPRR TRACKS. I SPACES BETWEEN SHRUBS AND ON EDGES OF ANESCENS, CHRYSOTHAMNUS NAUSEOSUS, DIS	LIA, CHRYSOTHAMNUS, EF AND NEW L.A. COUNTY PR IE IN PART TO APPARENT O ORK.	ISON. GRAZING (RABBITS?). tes Last Seen nent: 1995-05-12 Site: 1995-05-12 dated: 1996-10-03 M W Qtr: W MOUNTAIN. ALI PLAYAS. ASSOCIA

alkali mariposa lily		E	lement Code: PMLIL0D190		
Federal: None	IS	- NDDB Element Ranks Global: G2	Other Lists CNPS L	ist 1B	
State: None		State: S2.2	R-E-D Co		
General: CHARA	sociations	DESERT SCRUB MEADOWS			
	NE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL WASH				
Occurrence No.	•	EO Index: 48060		Dates La	
Occ Rank:	Good Natural/Native occurrence				1998-06-16 1998-06-16
-	Presumed Extant			One.	
	Unknown		Record Last	Updated:	2002-06-06
	SWIFT, I. 1998 (OBS)				
-	LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)				
County Summary					
-	34.74475° / -118.24057° Zone-11 N3845438 E386442		Township: Range:		
	41.9 ac	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPEC			Qtr: NE
Elevation:		Symbol Type:POLYGON	Meridian:		
Location	WEST OF GENERAL WILLIAMS J. FOX	AIRFIELD, ABOUT 3 MILES NORTH OF MIRA	LOMA DETENTION CENTER,	NORTHWE	EST OF LANCASTER
Location Detail	MAPPED WITHIN THE NE 1/4 OF THE N	1/4 OF SECTION 22.			
Ecological	IN CHENOPOD SCRUB WITH ATRIPLEX OCCASIONAL MOUNDS OF VEGETATIO	( HYMENOLYTRA, A. POLYCARPA, AND A. C DN.	ONFERTIFOLIA. ON FLAT MU	ID-FLTA O	PEN AREA WITH
Threat:	ROAD USE, AGRICULTURE.				
General:	MORE THAN 30 HEALTHY PLANTS OBS	SERVED IN 1998.			
Owner/Manager:	LAX COUNTY, DPR				
Occurrence No.	45 Map Index: 48064	EO Index: 48064		Dates La	st Seen
Occ Rank:	•			Element:	1988-XX-XX
Origin:	Natural/Native occurrence			Site:	1988-XX-XX
	Presumed Extant		Descellent	I la data di	0000 00 00
	Unknown LAPRE & CAMPBELL SN UCR (HERB)		Record Last	Updated:	2002-06-06
	ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)				
County Summary					
Lat/Long:	34.84534º / -118.16706º		Township:	09N	
UTM:	Zone-11 N3856513 E393301		Range:	12W	
	1/10 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPEC			Qtr: NW
Elevation:	2,320 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian:	S	
Location	ROSAMOND, EAST SIDE OF 20TH STRE	EET WEST, 0.3 MILE SOUTH OF MARIE AVEN	NUE.		
Location Detail	:MAPPED ALONG 20TH STREET WEST,	0.3 MILE SOUTH OF MARIE AVENUE.			
General:	UNKNOWN NUMBER OF PLANTS SEEN	I IN 1988.			
Owner/Manager:	UNKNOWN				
Occurrence No.	77 Map Index: 48503	EO Index: 48503		Dates La	st Seen
Occ Rank:	-				1995-05-22
-	Natural/Native occurrence			Site:	1995-05-22
	Presumed Extant Unknown		Record Last	Updated:	2002-08-08
	TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT)				
Quad Summary:	ROSAMOND LAKE (3411871/186D), ROS	SAMOND (3411872/186C)			
County Summary	LOS ANGELES				
Lat/Long:	34.76959º / -118.12255º		Township:	08N	
	Zone-11 N3848065 E397276		Range:		
Area: Elevation:	183.7 ac 2.290 ft	Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	Section: Meridian:		Qtr: XX
	SOUTH OF WESTERN PIUTE PONDS, N	IORTH OF EAST AVENUE E BETWEEN DIVIS			UTH OF ROSAMOND
Leasting Det "					
	:5 POLYGONS MAPPED MOSTLY WITHI				
Ecological	IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUSH SC				
	MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THREATE IN 1995 8486 PLANTS OBSERVED OVE				

ali mariposa lily		Elem	ent Code: PMLIL0D190	
State	us ————	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: None		Global: G2	CNPS List: 1B	
State: None		State: S2.2	R-E-D Code: 2-2-2	2
Habitat As	sociations —			
General: CHAPA	RRAL, CHENOPOD SCRUB, MOJA	VEAN DESERT SCRUB, MEADOWS.		
Micro: ALKALII	NE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL V	NASHES. 90-1595M.		
Occurrence No.		EO Index: 48501	Dates La	ast Seen
Occ Rank:	•		Element:	1995-05-12
Origin:	Natural/Native occurrence		Site:	1995-05-12
Presence:	Presumed Extant			
	Unknown		Record Last Updated	: 2002-08-13
	TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT)			
Quad Summary: County Summary	: ROSAMOND LAKE (3411871/186D : KERN	), ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)		
	34.84344º / -118.13809º		Township: 09N	
	Zone-11 N3856272 E395947		Range: 12W	
	51.0 ac	Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	Section: 27	Qtr: E
Elevation:	2,290 ft	Symbol Type:POLYGON	Meridian: S	
Ecological	8 POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI 1 NHALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBU			
Ecological Threat: General:	8 POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE	F SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB.	D WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/	
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager	8 POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/	4 OF SECTION 23,
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No.	8 POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ E #79. Dates La	4 OF SECTION 23,
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank:	B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ E #79. Dates La Element:	4 OF SECTION 23,
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin:	8 POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ EE #79. Dates La Element: Site:	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB      79     Map Index: 48 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ E #79. Dates La Element:	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB      79     Map Index: 48     Excellent     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ EE #79. Dates La Element: Site:	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary:	B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB      79 Map Index: 48 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT)      ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ EE #79. Dates La Element: Site:	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary	B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB 79 Map Index: 48 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT) ROSAMOND (3411872/186C) : KERN, LOS ANGELES	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ E #79. — Dates La Element: Site: Record Last Updated	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary Lat/Long:	B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB 79 Map Index: 48 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT) ROSAMOND (3411872/186C) : KERN, LOS ANGELES 34.82108° / -118.13358°	E SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ E #79. — Dates La Element: Site: Record Last Updated — ——————————————————————————————————	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	<ul> <li>B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI</li> <li>IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE</li> <li>DOD-EDWARDS AFB</li> <li>79 Map Index: 48 Excellent</li> <li>Natural/Native occurrence</li> <li>Presumed Extant</li> <li>Unknown</li> <li>TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT)</li> <li>ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)</li> <li>: KERN, LOS ANGELES</li> <li>34.82108° / -118.13358°</li> <li>Zone-11 N3853787 E396331</li> </ul>	SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC 505 EO Index: 48505	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ E #79. Township: 09N Range: 12W	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX : 2002-08-08
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area:	B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB 79 Map Index: 48 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT) ROSAMOND (3411872/186C) : KERN, LOS ANGELES 34.82108° / -118.13358° Zone-11 N3853787 E396331 96.8 ac	SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC 505 EO Index: 48505 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	ED WITHIN THE S 1/2 OF THE SW 1/ E #79. Township: 09N Range: 12W Section: 34	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	<ul> <li>B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI</li> <li>IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE</li> <li>DOD-EDWARDS AFB</li> <li>79 Map Index: 48 Excellent</li> <li>Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown</li> <li>TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT)</li> <li>ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)</li> <li>: KERN, LOS ANGELES</li> <li>: 34.82108° / -118.13358° Zone-11 N3853787 E396331 96.8 ac</li> <li>: 2,290 ft</li> </ul>	SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC 505 EO Index: 48505 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	E #79. E #79. Township: 09N Range: 12W Section: 34 Meridian: S	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX : 2002-08-08 Qtr: SE
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation:	<ul> <li>B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB</li> <li>79 Map Index: 48 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT)</li> <li>ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)</li> <li>: KERN, LOS ANGELES</li> <li>: 34.82108° / -118.13358° Zone-11 N3853787 E396331 96.8 ac 2,290 ft</li> <li: 0.3="" along="" division="" li="" mil<="" street=""> </li:></ul>	SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC 505 EO Index: 48505 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON LE NORTH TO 0.8 MILE SOUTH OF KERN/LA COUNTY	E #79. Township: 09N Range: 12W Section: 34 Meridian: S LINE, EAST OF HIGHWAY 14, SSE	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX : 2002-08-08 Qtr: SE
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation: Location Detail	B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB 79 Map Index: 48 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT) ROSAMOND (3411872/186C) : KERN, LOS ANGELES 34.82108° / -118.13358° Zone-11 N3853787 E396331 96.8 ac : 2,290 ft : ALONG DIVISION STREET 0.3 MIL :MAPPED MOSTLY WITHIN THE S	SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC 505 EO Index: 48505 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON LE NORTH TO 0.8 MILE SOUTH OF KERN/LA COUNTY E 1/4 OF SECTION 34 AND THE NE 1/4 OF SECTION 3.	E #79. Township: 09N Range: 12W Section: 34 Meridian: S LINE, EAST OF HIGHWAY 14, SSE	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX : 2002-08-08 Qtr: SE
Ecological Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Area: Elevation Location Detail Ecological	<ul> <li>B POLYGONS LOCATED EAST OF SW 1/4 OF THE SW 1/4 OF SECTI IN HALOPHYTIC PHASE SALTBUS MILITARY OPERATIONS MAY THE IN 1995 63,799 PLANTS OBSERVE DOD-EDWARDS AFB</li> <li>79 Map Index: 48 Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT)</li> <li>ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)</li> <li>: KERN, LOS ANGELES</li> <li>: 34.82108° / -118.13358° Zone-11 N3853787 E396331 96.8 ac 2,290 ft</li> <li: 0.3="" along="" division="" li="" mil<="" street=""> </li:></ul>	SEWAGE DISPOSAL PONDS AND PIPELINE. MAPPE ON 26, AND THE E 1/2 OF SECTION 27. SH SCRUB. REATEN. ED BETWEEN THIS OCCURRENCE AND OCCURRENC 505 EO Index: 48505 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON LE NORTH TO 0.8 MILE SOUTH OF KERN/LA COUNTY E 1/4 OF SECTION 34 AND THE NE 1/4 OF SECTION 3. SH SCRUB.	E #79. Township: 09N Range: 12W Section: 34 Meridian: S LINE, EAST OF HIGHWAY 14, SSE	4 OF SECTION 23, ast Seen 1995-XX-XX 1995-XX-XX : 2002-08-08 Qtr: SE

Owner/Manager: DOD-EDWARDS AFB

		Element	t Code: PMLIL0D190	
Stat	us —	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: None		Global: G2	CNPS List: 1B	
State: None		State: S2.2	<b>R-E-D Code:</b> 2-2-2	
	ssociations			
	RRAL, CHENOPOD SCRUB, MOJAVEAN			
Micro: ALKALI	NE MEADOWS AND EPHEMERAL WASH	HES. 90-1595M.		
Occurrence No	. 85 Map Index: 48544	EO Index: 48544	Dates Last See	n ——
Occ Rank:	Excellent		Element: 1995-	-05-22
•	Natural/Native occurrence		Site: 1995	-05-22
	Presumed Extant		Record Loot Undeted: 2002	00.40
			Record Last Updated: 2002	-08-13
	: TETRA TECH 1995 (LIT)			
	: SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)			
County Summary	: KERN			
Lat/Long	34.94936º/-118.12969º		Township: 10N	
	Zone-11 N3868010 E396847		Range: 12W	
Area:	20.6 ac : 2,510 ft	Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	Section: 23 Qtr	r: NW

mountain plover		Element Code: ABNNB0310	)	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists		
Federal: None	Global: G2	CDFG S	tatus: SC	
State: None	State: S2?			
Habitat Associations —				
General: (WINTERING) SHORT GRASS	LANDS, FRESHLY PLOWED FIELDS, NEWLY S	SPROUTING GRAIN FIELDS, & SOMETIMES	SOD FARMS	;
Micro: SHORT VEGETATION, BARE	GROUND & FLAT TOPOGRAPHY. PREFER GR	AZED AREAS & AREAS WITH BURROWING	RODENTS.	
Occurrence No. 9 Ma	p Index: 41848 EO Index	<b>(:</b> 41848	<ul> <li>Dates Las</li> </ul>	
Occ Rank: Good			Element:	
Origin: Natural/Native occurre	nce		Site:	1999-03-12
Presence: Presumed Extant				
Trend: Unknown		Record L	ast Updated:	1999-11-09
Main Source: HARRIS, S. 1999 (OB	S)			
Quad Summary: LITTLE BUTTES (341	1873/187D)			
County Summary: LOS ANGELES				
Lat/Long: 34.78775º / -118.3446	5°	Townsh	<b>p:</b> 08N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3850329 E	376978	Rang	e: 14W	
Radius: 1/10 mile	Mapping Prec	isionNON-SPECIFIC Section	<b>n:</b> 15	Qtr: NE
Elevation: 2,510 ft	Symbol	Type:POINT Meridia	n: S	
Location: WEST SIDE OF 120T	H STREET WEST, 0.8 MILE NORTH OF AVENU	E D, 3 MILES NW OF ANTELOPE ACRES.		
Ecological: HABITAT CONSISTS OBSERVED UTILIZIN	OF A SPARSE, OPEN FIELD, WITH LOW RUDE G THE SAME FIELD.	RAL GROWTH; SURROUNDED BY AGRICU	LTURAL FIEL	DS. HORNED LAR
General: 24 INDIVIDUALS OBS	ERVED WINTERING ON 12 MAR 1999.			

Commercial Version -- Dated April 29, 2005 -- Wildlife and Habitat Data Analysis Branch Report Printed on Tuesday, October 11, 2005

California Department of Fish and Game

sann ennande ranej ep	bineflower	Element C	ode: PDPGN040J1	
Stat	us ————	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: Candida		Global: G2T1	CNPS List: 1B	
State: Endang	ered	State: S1.1	R-E-D Code: 3-3-3	
Habitat As	ssociations —			
General: COAST	AL SCRUB.			
Micro: SANDY	SOILS. 3-1035M.			
Occurrence No	. 2 Map Index: 01640	EO Index: 21126		st Seen
Occ Rank:	None		Element:	1929-05-21
Origin:	Natural/Native occurrence		Site:	199X-XX-XX
	Possibly Extirpated		Be a set it set the date de	0000 07 44
			Record Last Updated:	2002-07-11
	HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB)			
Quad Summary	: LAKE HUGHES (3411864/162B) : LOS ANGELES			
	: 34.66387º/-118.40396º		Township: 07N	
-	Zone-11 N3836665 E371359		Range: 14W	
Radius:		Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section: 30	Qtr: XX
Elevation	: 3,400 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	
	I: MAPPED AT ELIZABETH LAKE IN THE	ANGELES NATIONAL FOREST.		
Ecological	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR	ANGELES NATIONAL FOREST. '; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES		
Ecological General:	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR 2 UNKNOWN	; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE		TABLE HABITAT.
Ecological General: Owner/Manager	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. : 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR : UNKNOWN . 5 Map Index: 41261	(; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI	TABLE HABITAT.
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank:	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. : 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR : UNKNOWN . 5 Map Index: 41261	(; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates Lat Element:	TABLE HABITAT.
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. : 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SURV : UNKNOWN : 5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated	(; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates Las Element: Site:	TABLE HABITAT. st Seen 1929-04-27 1929-04-27
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. : 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SURV : UNKNOWN : 5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated Unknown	(; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates Lat Element:	TABLE HABITAT. st Seen 1929-04-27 1929-04-27
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source	FOUND ON SANDY BANKS.     3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR UNKNOWN     5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated Unknown HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB)	; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES EO Index: 41261	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates La: Element: Site: Record Last Updated:	St Seen
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source	FOUND ON SANDY BANKS.     3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR UNKNOWN     5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated Unknown     HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB)     NEWHALL (3411845/138A), VAL VERDE	(; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates La: Element: Site: Record Last Updated:	St Seen
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary	FOUND ON SANDY BANKS.     3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR UNKNOWN     5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated Unknown     HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB)     NEWHALL (3411845/138A), VAL VERDE	; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES EO Index: 41261	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates La: Element: Site: Record Last Updated:	St Seen
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. : 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR : UNKNOWN : 5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated Unknown : HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB) : NEWHALL (3411845/138A), VAL VERDE : LOS ANGELES : 34.49010° / -118.62176° Zone-11 N3817693 E351092	; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES EO Index: 41261 E (3411846/138B), WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (341185	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates Las Element: Site: Record Last Updated: 55/163D), WHITAKER PEAK (34 Township: 05N Range: 17W	St Seen
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Radius:	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. : 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SURV : UNKNOWN : 5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated Unknown : HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB) : NEWHALL (3411845/138A), VAL VERDE : LOS ANGELES : 34.49010° / -118.62176° Zone-11 N3817693 E351092 1 mile	(; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES EO Index: 41261 E (3411846/138B), WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (341185 Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates La: Element: Site: Record Last Updated: 55/163D), WHITAKER PEAK (34 Township: 05N Range: 17W Section: 25	St Seen
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. : 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SURV : UNKNOWN : 5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated Unknown : HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB) : NEWHALL (3411845/138A), VAL VERDE : LOS ANGELES : 34.49010° / -118.62176° Zone-11 N3817693 E351092 1 mile	; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES EO Index: 41261 E (3411846/138B), WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (341185	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates Las Element: Site: Record Last Updated: 55/163D), WHITAKER PEAK (34 Township: 05N Range: 17W	St Seen
Ecological General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	FOUND ON SANDY BANKS.     3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SURV     UNKNOWN     5 Map Index: 41261     None     Natural/Native occurrence     Possibly Extirpated     Unknown     HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB)     NEWHALL (3411845/138A), VAL VERDE     LOS ANGELES     34.49010° / -118.62176°     Zone-11 N3817693 E351092     1 mile     1,200 ft     NEAR CASTAIC.	; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES EO Index: 41261 E (3411846/138B), WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (341185 Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC Symbol Type:POINT	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates La: Element: Site: Record Last Updated: 55/163D), WHITAKER PEAK (34 Township: 05N Range: 17W Section: 25	St Seen
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	: FOUND ON SANDY BANKS. : 3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SUR : UNKNOWN : 5 Map Index: 41261 None Natural/Native occurrence Possibly Extirpated Unknown : HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB) : NEWHALL (3411845/138A), VAL VERDE : LOS ANGELES : 34.49010° / -118.62176° Zone-11 N3817693 E351092 1 mile : 1,200 ft	; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES EO Index: 41261 E (3411846/138B), WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (341185 Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC Symbol Type:POINT	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates La: Element: Site: Record Last Updated: 55/163D), WHITAKER PEAK (34 Township: 05N Range: 17W Section: 25	St Seen
Ecological General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation: Location Detai	FOUND ON SANDY BANKS.     3 COLLECTIONS FROM THIS VICINITY INDIVIDUALS LOCATED DURING SURV     UNKNOWN     5 Map Index: 41261     None     Natural/Native occurrence     Possibly Extirpated     Unknown     HOFFMANN, R. SN SBM (HERB)     NEWHALL (3411845/138A), VAL VERDE     LOS ANGELES     34.49010° / -118.62176°     Zone-11 N3817693 E351092     1 mile     1,200 ft     NEAR CASTAIC.	; HOFFMAN SN IN 1928 & 1929, AND UNDATED COLLE VEYS IN THIS AREA OVER THE LAST TEN YEARS, DES EO Index: 41261 E (3411846/138B), WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (341185 Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC Symbol Type:POINT	SPITE THE PRESENCE OF SUI — Dates La: Element: Site: Record Last Updated: 55/163D), WHITAKER PEAK (34 Township: 05N Range: 17W Section: 25	St Seen

arry's spineflower		Element Co	ode: PDPGN040J2	
Status	NDI	DB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: None	(	Global: G2T2	CNPS List: 3	
State: None		State: S2.1	R-E-D Code: ?-2-3	
Habitat Associations -				
General: COASTAL SCRUB, C	CHAPARRAL.			
Micro: DRY SLOPES AND F	LATS; SOMETIMES AT INTERFACI	E OF 2 VEG TYPES, SUCH AS CHAP AND OAK V	WDLAND; DRY, SANDY SOILS	. 40-1705M.
Occurrence No. 38	Map Index: 42078	EO Index: 42078	Dates Las	st Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown				1896-06-XX
Origin: Natural/Nativ			Site:	1896-06-XX
Presence: Presumed E	Extant		<b>B</b>	
Trend: Unknown			Record Last Updated:	1999-12-23
Main Source: DAVIDSON,	, A. SN UC #52602 (HERB)			
Quad Summary: LANCASTER	R EAST (3411861/161A), LANCAST	ER WEST (3411862/161B), ROSAMOND LAKE (34	411871/186D), ROSAMOND (34	411872/186C)
County Summary: LOS ANGEL	LES			
•			Township: 07N	
County Summary: LOS ANGEL	-118.13787º		Township: 07N Range: 12W	
County Summary: LOS ANGEL Lat/Long: 34.69883°/	-118.13787º	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	•	Qtr: XX
County Summary: LOS ANGEL Lat/Long: 34.69883° / UTM: Zone-11 N3	-118.13787º	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC Symbol Type:POINT	Range: 12W	Qtr: XX
County Summary: LOS ANGEL Lat/Long: 34.69883° / UTM: Zone-11 N3 Radius: 5 mile	-118.13787º 3840234 E395785		Range: 12W Section: 15	Qtr: XX
County Summary: LOS ANGEL Lat/Long: 34.69883°/ UTM: Zone-11 N3/ Radius: 5 mile Elevation: 2,350 ft Location: LANCASTER	-118.13787° 3840234 E395785 R.		Range: 12W Section: 15	Qtr: XX
County Summary: LOS ANGEL Lat/Long: 34.69883°/ UTM: Zone-11 N3: Radius: 5 mile Elevation: 2,350 ft Location: LANCASTER Location Detail: EXACT LOC	118.13787° 8840234 E395785 R. CATION NOT KNOWN; MAPPED IN	Symbol Type:POINT	Range: 12W Section: 15	Qtr: XX

California Department of Fish and Game Natural Diversity Database

Natural Diversity Database Full Condensed Report for Selected Elements - Multiple Records per Page Liebre Twins, Tylerhorse Canyon, Willow Springs, Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Little Buttes, Fairmont Butte, Neenach School, Burnt Peak, Lake Hughes, Del Sur, Lancaster West, Sleepy Valley, Green Valley, and Warm Springs Mountain USGS 7.5-minute Quadrangles

white-bracted spineflower	Ele	ement Code: PDPGN040Z1	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: None	Global: G4T3	CNPS List: 1E	
State: None	State: S1S2.2	R-E-D Code: 2-	2-3
Habitat Associations			
General: MOJAVE DESERT SCRUB, PINYON JUN	NIPER WOODLAND.		
Micro: 300-1200M.			
Occurrence No. 15 Map Index:	56628 EO Index: 56644	Dates	Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown			<b>t:</b> 1990-05-16
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence		Sit	e: 1990-05-16
Presence: Presumed Extant			
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updat	ed: 2004-09-08
Main Source: REISNER, C. SN SD (HERB)			
Quad Summary: SLEEPY VALLEY (3411853/162	D)		
County Summary: LOS ANGELES			
Lat/Long: 34.60689º / -118.25855º		Township: 06N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3830170 E384604		Range: 13W	
Radius: 2/5 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIF	FIC Section: 16	Qtr: XX
Elevation: 3,100 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	
Location: RITTER RANCH N OF PALMDA	LE.		
	. MAPPED AS BEST GUESS BY CNDDB, IN THE VICINI I ROAD AND 80TH ST. W, IN LEONA VALLEY.	ITY OF THE RITTER RANCH, 0.7 MI	LES SE OF THE JUNCT
General: UNKNOWN NUMBER OF PLAN	TS SEEN IN 1990. NEEDS FIELDWORK.		

Commercial Version -- Dated April 29, 2005 -- Wildlife and Habitat Data Analysis Branch Report Printed on Tuesday, October 11, 2005

## Natural Diversity Database

sou	thwestern pond turtle				ement Code: ARAAD02032	
		IS	NDDB Element Ra		Other Lists	
	Federal: None State: None		Global: G3G4T State: S2	213Q	CDFG Status: SC	
			State. 02			
	General: INHARI		PERMANENT BODIES OF WATE			
					R OPEN MUD BANKS. NEED SUITABL	
	MICIO. REQUIR	E BASKING SITES SUCH AS	PARTIALLY SUBMERGED LOGS	5, VEGETATION MATS, O	R OPEN MOD BANKS. NEED SUITABL	E NESTING SITES.
	<u> </u>			<b>0</b> In days <b>2</b> 0000		ast Seen
	Occurrence No. Occ Rank:	•	ex: 17287 E	O Index: 9696	Element:	
ENSITIVE *		Natural/Native occurrence			Site:	1999-09-15
	•	Presumed Extant				
	Trend:	Unknown			Record Last Updated	: 2000-01-18
	Main Source:	WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS)				
	Quad Summary:	RITTER RIDGE (3411852/16	31C), SLEEPY VALLEY (3411853/1	162D)		
	County Summary:	LOS ANGELES				
ENSITIVE *	Lat/Long:				Township:	
ENGILIVE	UTM:				Range:	
	Radius:		Mappir	ng Precision:	Section:	Qtr:
	Elevation:		S	ymbol Type:	Meridian:	
	Location Detail	HABITAT CONSISTS OF RI	Natural Diversity Database, Californ	LL PONDED AREAS OF V	d Game, for more information: (916) 324 VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES.	
	Location Detail Ecological:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DEV	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED	NEXT TO THE
	Location Detail Ecological: Threat:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE	Natural Diversity Database, Califorr PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWAY	NEXT TO THE
	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DEV 150 Map Inde	Natural Diversity Database, Califorr PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' — Dates L	NEXT TO THE
ENSITIVE *	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence	Natural Diversity Database, Califorr PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' — Dates L	NEXT TO THE
ENSITIVE *	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant	Natural Diversity Database, Califorr PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' — Dates L Element: Site:	NEXT TO THE ast Seen 1990-05-19 1990-05-19
ENSITIVE *	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Orcigin: Presence: Trend:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWAY Dates L Element:	NEXT TO THE ast Seen 1990-05-19 1990-05-19
ENSITIVE *	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS)	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU IX: 17288 E	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' — Dates L Element: Site:	NEXT TO THE ast Seen 1990-05-19 1990-05-19
ENSITIVE *	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU IX: 17288 E	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' — Dates L Element: Site:	NEXT TO THE ast Seen 1990-05-19 1990-05-19
ENSITIVE *	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU IX: 17288 E	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' — Dates L Element: Site:	NEXT TO THE ast Seen 1990-05-19 1990-05-19
ENSITIVE *	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU IX: 17288 E	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' — Dates L Element: Site:	NEXT TO THE ast Seen 1990-05-19 1990-05-19
	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU  IX: 17288 E	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P O Index: 9701	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' —— Dates L Element: Site: Record Last Updated Township: Range:	NEXT TO THE <b>ast Seen</b> 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1995-10-25
	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM: Radius:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU IX: 17288 EI S2B)	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P Co Index: 9701	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' —— Dates L Element: Site: Record Last Updated Township: Range: Section:	NEXT TO THE ast Seen 1990-05-19 1990-05-19
	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU IX: 17288 EI S2B)	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P O Index: 9701	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' —— Dates L Element: Site: Record Last Updated Township: Range:	NEXT TO THE <b>ast Seen</b> 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1995-10-25
	Location Detail Ecological Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU IX: 17288 E 32B) Mappir St	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P Co Index: 9701	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' —— Dates L Element: Site: Record Last Updated Township: Range: Section:	NEXT TO THE <b>ast Seen</b> 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1995-10-25
	Location Detail Ecological Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16 LOS ANGELES	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU XX: 17288 E 32B) Mappir Station suppressed.	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P O Index: 9701	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWA' —— Dates L Element: Site: Record Last Updated Township: Range: Section:	ANEXT TO THE (. 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1990-05-19 1: 1995-10-25 Qtr:
	Location Detail Ecological Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation: Location Detail	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RI ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DE 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16 LOS ANGELES	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THIS VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU IX: 17288 E Mappir S2B) Mappir	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P COIndex: 9701	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWAY —— Dates L Element: Site: Record Last Updated Township: Range: Section: Meridian:	ANEXT TO THE (. (. (.) (.) (.) (.) (.) (.) (.) (.) (
	Location Detail Ecological: Threat: Owner/Manager: Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary: County Summary: County Summary: Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation: Location Detail Ecological:	Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF RII ROADWAY WHERE IT CRO POSSIBLE THREAT OF DEV 150 Map Inde Excellent Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown WEINTRAUB, J. 1990 (OBS) LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16 LOS ANGELES *SENSITIVE* Location inform Please contact the Calfornia HABITAT CONSISTS OF SE	Natural Diversity Database, Californ PARIAN; CREEK CONTAINS SMAI SSES BENEATH THE ROAD. THE VELOPMENT AND HUMAN DISTU xx: 17288 E 32B) Mappir S2B) Mappir S2 mation suppressed. Natural Diversity Database, Californ VERAL SMALL LAKES RINGED B H LAKE.	LL PONDED AREAS OF V S AREA CONTAINS SMAI IRBANCE DUE TO THE P COIndex: 9701	VATER. THE MAIN POOL IS LOCATED LL REEDS BUT NO TREES. OOL'S PROXIMITY TO THE ROADWAY —— Dates L Element: Site: Record Last Updated Township: Range: Section: Meridian: d Game, for more information: (916) 324	ANEXT TO THE (. (. (.) (.) (.) (.) (.) (.) (.) (.) (

	Elei	ment Code: PDGER01070
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists
Federal: None	Global: G4	CNPS List: 2
State: None	State: S2.1	R-E-D Code: 2-3-1
Habitat Associations —		
General: CISMONTANE WOODLAND, VALLEY AN	ID FOOTHILL GRASSLAND.	
Micro: CLAY SOILS. 15-1200M.		
Occurrence No. 7 Map Index:	01640 EO Index: 45686	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown		Element: 1888-06-XX
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence		Site: 1888-06-XX
Presence: Presumed Extant		
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updated: 2001-08-28
Main Source: PARISH, S. #1906 JEPS #61401	(HERB)	
Quad Summary: LAKE HUGHES (3411864/162B)		
County Summary: LOS ANGELES		
Lat/Long: 34.66387° / -118.40396°		Township: 07N
UTM: Zone-11 N3836665 E371359		Range: 14W
Radius: 1 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFI	
Elevation: 3,400 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S
Location: ELIZABETH LAKE.		
General: ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMAT	ION FOR THIS SITE IS 1888 COLLECTION BY PARISH.	NEEDS FIELDWORK
Owner/Manager: UNKNOWN		

prairie	falcon	Elem	ent Code: ABNKD06090	
	Federal: None State: None	NDDB Element Ranks Global: G5 State: S3	Other Lists CDFG Status: SC	
	Habitat Associations — General: (NESTING) INHABITS DRY, C	PEN TERRAIN, EITHER LEVEL OR HILLY.		
	Micro: BREEDING SITES LOCATED	ON CLIFFS. FORAGES FAR AFIELD, EVEN TO MARSHLANDS AND (	OCEAN SHORES.	
	Occurrence No. 405	ap Index: 02034 EO Index: 26021	Dates Las	st Seen
	Occ Rank: Unknown		Element:	1978-06-16
SENSITIVE *	Origin: Natural/Native occurr	ence	Site:	1978-06-16
	Presence: Presumed Extant		Record Last Updated:	1080-08-10
	Trend: Unknown Main Source: CDFG RAPTOR NES		Record Last Opdated.	1969-06-10
		( ),		
	Quad Summary: SOLEDAD MTN. (34)	1882/186B)		
0	County Summary: KERN			
SENSITIVE *	Lat/Long:		Township:	
	UTM:		Range:	
	Radius:	Mapping Precision:	Section:	Qtr:
		Symbol Type:	Meridian:	

Location Detail: Please contact the Calfornia Natural Diversity Database, California Department of Fish and Game, for more information: (916) 324-3812.

Owner/Manager:

San Gabriel bedstraw	Elem	nent Code: PDRUB0N0V0
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists
Federal: None	Global: G1	CNPS List: 1B
State: None	State: S1.2	R-E-D Code: 3-1-3
Habitat Associations —		
General: CISMONTANE WOODLAND, CHAP	ARRAL, BROADLEAFED UPLAND FOREST, LOWER MONTAN	E CONIFEROUS FOREST.
Micro: OPEN CHAPARRAL AND LOW, OP	EN OAK FOREST; ON ROCKY SLOPES; PROBABLY UNDERCO	OLLECTED DUE TO INACCESSIBLE HAB. 425-1200M
•	dex: 24643 EO Index: 6888	Dates Last Seen Element: XXXX-XX-XX
Occ Rank: Unknown Origin: Natural/Native occurrence		Site: 1979-06-20
Presence: Presumed Extant		Site. 1979-00-20
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updated: 1993-12-13
Main Source: KRANTZ, T. 1979 (PERS)		
Quad Summary: WARM SPRINGS MOUNT	AIN (3411855/163D)	
County Summary: LOS ANGELES		
Lat/Long: 34.55968º / -118.56180º		Township: 06N
UTM: Zone-11 N3825323 E3567	17	Range: 16W
Radius: 1 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	
Elevation: 2,000 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S
Location: SOUTH OF ELIZABETH LA	AKE GUARD STATION, NORTHEAST OF CASTAIC.	
Ecological: ON ROCKY SLOPES IN O	PEN CHAPARRAL.	

Owner/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF

rmored threespine stickleback		Element Code: AFCPA03011	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: Endangered	Global: G5T1	CDFG Status:	
State: Endangered	State: S1		
Habitat Associations			
General: WEEDY POOLS, BACKWA	TERS, AND AMONG EMERGENT VEGETATION AT THE STREAM	A EDGE IN SMALL SOUTHERN CALIFORN	IA STREAMS.
Micro: COOL (<24 C), CLEAR WA	TER WITH ABUNDANT VEGETATION.		
Occurrence No. 2	Map Index: 01308 EO Index: 20033	Dates La	ast Seen 📃
Occ Rank: Unknown		Element:	XXXX-XX-XX
Origin: Natural/Native occ	urrence	Site:	XXXX-XX-XX
Presence: Presumed Extant			
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updated	: 1998-07-01
Main Source: U.S. FISH & WILD	LIFE SERVICE 1997 (LIT)		
Quad Summary: GREEN VALLEY (	(3411854/162C), WARM SPRINGS MOUNTAIN (3411855/163D)		
County Summary: LOS ANGELES			
Lat/Long: 34.54669º / -118.5	j1284°	Township: 05N	
UTM: Zone-11 N382381	4 E361188	Range: 15W	
	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPE	ECIFIC Section: 06	Qtr: NE
Area: 608.8 ac		DN Meridian: S	

Location Detail: FOUND FROM 100 M UPSTREAM OF SAN FRANCISQUITO CYN RD UPSTREAM TO SAN FRANCISQUITO POWERHOUSE NO. 1.

Owner/manager: USFS-ANGELEST

California condor		Element Code: ABNKA03010	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: Endangered	Global: G1	CDFG Status:	
State: Endangered	State: S1		
Habitat Associations —			
General: REQUIRE VAST EXPANSES (	OF OPEN SAVANNAH, GRASSLANDS, AND FOOTHIL	L CHAPARRAL IN MOUNTAIN RANGES OF MODER	ATE ALTITUDE.
Micro: DEEP CANYONS CONTAININ	G CLEFTS IN THE ROCKY WALLS PROVIDE NESTIN	IG SITES. FORAGES UP TO 100 MILES FROM ROOS	ST/NEST.
Occurrence No. 2 Ma	ap Index: 00758 EO Index: 14	T758 Dates Las	st Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown		Element:	1976-10-14
Origin: Natural/Native occurre	ence	Site:	1976-10-14
Presence: Presumed Extant			
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updated:	1989-08-10
Main Source: WILBUR, S. 1981 (PE	RS)		
Quad Summary: LIEBRE TWINS (3411	1885/188A), WINTERS RIDGE (3411886/188B)		
County Summary: KERN			
Lat/Long: 34.95887º / -118.659	75°	Township: 10N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3869739 E	348461	Range: 17W	
Area: 19,746.7 ac	Mapping Precision	SPECIFIC Section: 10	Qtr: NE
Elevation: 4,200 ft	Symbol Type:	POLYGON Meridian: S	
Location: TEJON RANCH.			

gebrush loeflingia		El	lement Code: PDCAR0E011
Stat	us ————	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists
Federal: None		Global: G5T2T3	CNPS List: 2
State: None		State: S2.2	R-E-D Code: 2-2-1
Habitat A	ssociations —		
General: GREAT	BASIN SCRUB, SONORAN DESERT SC	RUB, DESERT DUNES.	
Micro: SANDY	FLATS AND DUNES. SANDY AREAS AR	OUND CLAY SLICKS W/SARCOBATUS, ATRIP	PLEX, TETRADYMIA, ETC. 700-1200M.
Occurrence No	. 2 Map Index: 35325	EO Index: 29334	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank	•		Element: XXXX-XX-XX
	Natural/Native occurrence		Site: XXXX-XX-XX
-	Presumed Extant		
Trend:	Unknown		Record Last Updated: 1996-09-16
Main Source	HOFFMANN SN SBM (HERB)		
Quad Summary	: ROSAMOND (3411872/186C)		
County Summary	: LOS ANGELES		
Lat/Long	: 34.77450º/-118.17066º		Township: 08N
UTM:	Zone-11 N3848660 E392880		Range: 12W
Radius	1 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECI	FIC Section: 20 Qtr: XX
Flevation			
Location	TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970		Meridian: S
Location General	5 MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER. ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO	
Location General	5 MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER. ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970 UNKNOWN	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO	
Location General Owner/Manager	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank Origin	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR —— Dates Last Seen ——
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence:	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank Origin Presence Trend:	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank Origin Presence Trend: Main Source	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank Origin Presence Trend: Main Source	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank Origin Presence Trend: Main Source	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)     SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)     SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)     : KERN	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long	S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.     ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)     UNKNOWN     14 Map Index: 48521     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)     SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18 Record Last Updated: 2002-08-09
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM:	<ul> <li>5 MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.</li> <li>ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)</li> <li>UNKNOWN</li> <li>14 Map Index: 48521 Fair</li> <li>Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown</li> <li>PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)</li> <li>SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)</li> <li>: KERN</li> <li>: 34.97626° / -118.13640°</li> </ul>	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO ). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO.	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18 Record Last Updated: 2002-08-09 Township: 10N
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM:	<ul> <li>5 MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.</li> <li>ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)</li> <li>UNKNOWN</li> <li>14 Map Index: 48521</li> <li>Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown</li> <li>PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)</li> <li>SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)</li> <li>: KERN</li> <li>34.97626° / -118.13640°</li> <li>Zone-11 N3871000 E396269</li> <li>8.3 ac</li> </ul>	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO D). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO. EO Index: 48521	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18 Record Last Updated: 2002-08-09 Township: 10N Range: 12W
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Area: Elevation	<ul> <li>5 MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.</li> <li>ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)</li> <li>UNKNOWN</li> <li>14 Map Index: 48521 Fair</li> <li>Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown</li> <li>PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)</li> <li>SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)</li> <li>: KERN</li> <li>34.97626° / -118.13640°</li> <li>Zone-11 N3871000 E396269 8.3 ac</li> <li>2,560 ft</li> </ul>	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO )). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO. EO Index: 48521 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18 Record Last Updated: 2002-08-09 Township: 10N Range: 12W Section: 10 Qtr: VE
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Area: Elevation Location	<ul> <li>5 MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.</li> <li>ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)</li> <li>UNKNOWN</li> <li>14 Map Index: 48521 Fair</li> <li>Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown</li> <li>PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)</li> <li>SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)</li> <li>KERN</li> <li>34.97626° / -118.13640° Zone-11 N3871000 E396269 8.3 ac</li> <li>2,560 ft</li> <li>: ~5.5 AIRMI SSE OF MOJAVE. APPROX</li> </ul>	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO )). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO. EO Index: 48521 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen — Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18 Record Last Updated: 2002-08-09 — Township: 10N Range: 12W Section: 10 Qtr: NE Meridian: S
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Area: Elevation Location Detai	<ul> <li>5 MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.</li> <li>ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)</li> <li>UNKNOWN</li> <li>14 Map Index: 48521</li> <li>Fair</li> <li>Natural/Native occurrence</li> <li>Presumed Extant</li> <li>Unknown</li> <li>PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)</li> <li>SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)</li> <li>KERN</li> <li>34.97626° / -118.13640°</li> <li>Zone-11 N3871000 E396269</li> <li>8.3 ac</li> <li>2,560 ft</li> <li>: ~5.5 AIRMI SSE OF MOJAVE. APPROX</li> </ul>	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO )). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO. EO Index: 48521 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON KIMATELY 0.8 MILE ESE OF UNITED STREET/F	DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR — Dates Last Seen Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18 Record Last Updated: 2002-08-09 — Township: 10N Range: 12W Section: 10 Qtr: NE Meridian: S REED AVENUE INTERSECTION, NORTHEAST OF ACT
Location General Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin Presence: Trend: Main Source Quad Summary County Summary County Summary Lat/Long UTM: Area: Elevation Location Detai Ecologica	<ul> <li>S MILES NORTH OF LANCASTER.</li> <li>ONLY SOURCE OF INFORMATION FOI TWISSELMANN IN MADRONO 20 (1970)</li> <li>UNKNOWN</li> <li>14 Map Index: 48521 Fair</li> <li>Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown</li> <li>PRESTON, R. 1998 (OBS)</li> <li>SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)</li> <li>KERN</li> <li>34.97626° / -118.13640° Zone-11 N3871000 E396269 8.3 ac</li> <li>2,560 ft</li> <li>5.5 AIRMI SSE OF MOJAVE. APPROX</li> <li>POPULATION OCCURS ALONG UNNAI</li> <li>SANDY AREA W/ TETRADYMIA STENCE</li> </ul>	R THIS SITE IS UNDATED COLLECTION BY HO )). NEED BETTER LOCATION INFO. EO Index: 48521 Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC Symbol Type:POLYGON KIMATELY 0.8 MILE ESE OF UNITED STREET/F MED ROAD WITHIN NE 1/4 OF SECTION 10.	CFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR  DFFMANN CITED IN "NOTES ON LOEFLINGA" BY BAR  Element: 1998-06-18 Site: 1998-06-18 Record Last Updated: 2002-08-09  Township: 10N Range: 12W Section: 10 Qtr: VE Meridian: S  REED AVENUE INTERSECTION, NORTHEAST OF ACT CA BREVIFOLIA, & HYMENOCLEA SALSOLA.

uthern grasshopper mouse			ode: AMAFF06022		
Status	ND	DB Element Ranks	Other Lists		
Federal: None	•	Global: G5T3?	CDFG State	us: SC	
State: None		State: S3?			
——— Habitat Associations —					
General: DESERT AREAS, ESP	ECIALLY SCRUB HABITATS WITH	H FRIABLE SOILS FOR DIGGING. PREFERS LO	W TO MODERATE SH	RUB COV	/ER.
Micro: FEEDS ALMOST EXCL	LUSIVELY ON ARTHROPODS, ES	PECIALLY SCORPIONS & ORTHOPTERAN INS	ECTS.		
Occurrence No. 24	Map Index: 58477	EO Index: 58513		Dates Las	st Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown			E	Element:	1930-11-02
Origin: Natural/Native	occurrence			Site:	1930-11-02
Presence: Presumed Ext	ant				
Trend: Unknown			Record Last	Updated:	2004-12-10
Main Source: MANIS 2004 (	(MUS)				
Quad Summary: AGUA DULCE	E (3411843/137A), MINT CANYON	(3411844/137B), SLEEPY VALLEY (3411853/162	2D), GREEN VALLEY	(3411854/	162C)
County Summary: LOS ANGELE	S				
Lat/Long: 34.50068º / -1	18.38141º		Township:	05N	
UTM: Zone-11 N381	18539 E373178		Range:	14W	
		Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section:	19	Qtr: XX
Radius: 1 mile		Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian:	S	
Radius: 1 mile Elevation: 2,100 ft					
Elevation: 2,100 ft	TIONAL FOREST. MINT CANYON	N ABOUT 3 MILES WEST OF AGUA DULCE.			

Natural Diversity Database Full Condensed Report for Selected Elements - Multiple Records per Page Liebre Twins, Tylerhorse Canyon, Willow Springs, Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Little Buttes, Fairmont Butte, Neenach School, Burnt Peak, Lake Hughes, Del Sur, Lancaster West, Sleepy Valley, Green Valley, and Warm Springs Mountain USGS 7.5-minute Quadrangles

Tehachapi pocket mouse		Element Code: AMAFD0		
Status	NDDB Element Ranks Global: G1G2T1T2 State: S1S2	CDF	ists	
	State. 5152			
Habitat Associations	ESERT SHRUB COMMUNITIES BUT ALSO 1			=
	ING. AESTIVATES AND HIBERNATES DUR			
MICIO. BORROWS FOR COVER & NEST	ING. AESTIVATES AND HIDERINATES DUR	ING EXTREME WEATHER. FORAGES O	N OFEN GROU	ND & UNDER SHRUE
Occurrence No. 10 Map I	Index: 01640 EO Inde	ex: 23897		ast Seen
Occ Rank: None			Element:	1938-07-16
Origin: Natural/Native occurrenc	e		Site:	1981-07-24
Presence: Possibly Extirpated				
Trend: Unknown		Reco	rd Last Updated	<b>1:</b> 1989-08-10
Main Source: VON BLOEKER, J. 1938	(MUS)			
Quad Summary: LAKE HUGHES (341186	4/162B)			
County Summary: LOS ANGELES				
Lat/Long: 34.66387º / -118.40396º		Тож	nship: 07N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3836665 E37	1359	R	ange: 14W	
Radius: 1 mile	Mapping Pre	cisionNON-SPECIFIC Se	ction: 30	Qtr: XX
	Symbol	Type:POINT Mer	idian: S	
Elevation: 3,400 ft	Symbol			
Elevation: 3,400 ft	R LAKE HUGHES. RAPPED 0.25 MI NE LAKE HUGES AT 3375 F	T AND HAD NO SUCCESS. ALSO NO SU	JCCESS 200 M	N OF W END LAKE
Elevation: 3,400 ft Location: ELIZABETH LAKE, NEAI Location Detail: IN 1981, SULENTICH TF ELIZABETH AT 3400 FT	R LAKE HUGHES. RAPPED 0.25 MI NE LAKE HUGES AT 3375 F		JCCESS 200 M	N OF W END LAKE

Commercial Version -- Dated April 29, 2005 -- Wildlife and Habitat Data Analysis Branch Report Printed on Tuesday, October 11, 2005

Coast (San Diego) horned lizard		Element Code: ARACF12021
Status	NDDB Element Ranks Global: G4T3T4 State: S2S3	CDFG Status: SC
Habitat Associations General: INHABITS COASTAL SAGE SCRUB A Micro: PREFERS FRIABLE, ROCKY, OR SH	AND CHAPARRAL IN ARID AND SEMI-ARID CLIMAT ALLOW SANDY SOILS.	TE CONDIT
	x: 02186 EO Index: 28068	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown Origin: Natural/Native occurrence Presence: Presumed Extant		Element: XXXX-XX-XX Site: XXXX-XX-XX
Trend: Unknown Main Source: BRODE, J. 1986 (PERS)		Record Last Updated: 1989-08-10
Quad Summary: LANCASTER EAST (341186 County Summary: LOS ANGELES	1/161A), LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161B)	
Lat/Long: 34.65831º / -118.13118º UTM: Zone-11 N3835734 E396348	3	Township: 07N Range: 12W
Radius: 1 mile Elevation: 2,480 ft	Mapping PrecisionNON- Symbol Type:POIN	SPECIFIC Section: 34 Qtr: NE
Location: 2 MI S LANCASTER ON HW		
General: LACM SPECIMEN; DATE OF Owner/Manager: UNKNOWN	F COLLECTION UNKNOWN.	
-	<b>EO Index:</b> 28059	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown Origin: Natural/Native occurrence Presence: Presumed Extant		Element: XXXX-XX-XX Site: XXXX-XX-XX
Trend: Unknown Main Source: BRODE, J. 1986 (PERS)		Record Last Updated: 1989-08-10
Quad Summary: LAKE HUGHES (3411864/16 County Summary: LOS ANGELES	2B), FAIRMONT BUTTE (3411874/187C)	
Lat/Long: 34.73609° / -118.42397° UTM: Zone-11 N3844700 E369639	)	Township: 08N Range: 15W
Radius: 1 mile Elevation: 2,800 ft	Mapping PrecisionNON- Symbol Type:POIN	
Location: FAIRMONT, 4 MI NNE OF L/		
General: SDNHM SPECIMEN; DATE ( Owner/Manager: UNKNOWN	OF COLLECTION UNKNOWN.	
Occurrence No. 443 Map Inde Occ Rank: Good	<b>EO Index:</b> 42141	Dates Last Seen     Element: 1995-05-21
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence Presence: Presumed Extant		Site: 1995-05-21
Trend: Unknown Main Source: MUTH, D. 1995 (OBS)		Record Last Updated: 2000-02-02
Quad Summary: SLEEPY VALLEY (3411853/ County Summary: LOS ANGELES	162D)	
Lat/Long: 34.59882° / -118.25875° UTM: Zone-11 N3829275 E384575	j	Township: 06N Range: 13W
Radius:2/5 mileElevation:3,200 ft	Mapping PrecisionNON- Symbol Type:POIN	SPECIFIC Section: 21 Qtr: NE
Location: 0.75 MILE SOUTH OF THE I Location Detail: LIZARDS OBSERVED ON TI	NTERSECTION OF ELIZABETH LAKE ROAD AND C	QUARTZ HILL ROAD, WEST OF PALMDALE.
	MIXTURE OF SCRUB AND GRASSLAND.	
Threat: THREATENED BY PROPOS		

	ned lizard		Element Code: ARACF12021	
Federal: None State: None	us —	NDDB Element Ranks     Global: G4T3T4     State: S2S3	CDFG Status: SC	
General: INHABI	SSOCIATIONS TS COASTAL SAGE SCRUB ANI RS FRIABLE, ROCKY, OR SHAL	D CHAPARRAL IN ARID AND SEMI-ARID CLIMAT LOW SANDY SOILS.	TE CONDIT	
Occurrence No	. 458 Map Index:	46981 EO Index: 46981	Dates Last Seen	
Occ Rank:			Element: 2001-09-2	
-	: Natural/Native occurrence : Presumed Extant		Site: 2001-09-2	27
Trend:	: Unknown : HARRIS, S. C. 2001 (OBS)		Record Last Updated: 2002-01-1	15
Quad Summary	: LAKE HUGHES (3411864/162B	3)		
County Summary	: LOS ANGELES			
UTM:	: 34.66957° / -118.43252° Zone-11 N3837334 E368752 : 80 meters : 3,287 ft	Mapping PrecisionSPEC Symbol Type:POIN		
Location	: PAINTED TURTLE CAMP, LAK	E HUGHES		
Threat:				
Threat: General: Owner/Manager	: THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD : 1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR/ :: PVT	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001.	Dates Last Seen	
Threat: General:	: THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD : 1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR : PVT . 522 Map Index:	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001.	Dates Last Seen Element: 2004-04-)	
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin:	: THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD : 1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR/ : PVT . 522 Map Index: : Fair : Natural/Native occurrence	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001.		
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	: THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD : 1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR : PVT . 522 Map Index: : Fair	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001. 56325 EO Index: 56341	Element: 2004-04-2	×х
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD     1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR/     PVT     522 Map Index:     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     SAPPHOS ENVIRONMENTAL,	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001. 56325 EO Index: 56341	Element: 2004-04-> Site: 2004-04->	×х
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD     1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR/     PVT     522 Map Index:     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     SAPPHOS ENVIRONMENTAL,     RITTER RIDGE (3411852/1610	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001. 56325 EO Index: 56341 INC.	Element: 2004-04-> Site: 2004-04->	×х
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long:	THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD THEATENED BY OFF-ROAD THEATENED BSERVED FOR/ The S22 T	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001. 56325 EO Index: 56341 INC.	Element: 2004-04-) Site: 2004-04-) Record Last Updated: 2004-08-0	×х
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD     1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR/     PVT     522 Map Index:     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     SAPPHOS ENVIRONMENTAL,     RITTER RIDGE (3411852/161C r: LOS ANGELES     34.50909° / -118.25067°     Zone-11 N3819315 E385193	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001. 56325 EO Index: 56341 INC. :), SLEEPY VALLEY (3411853/162D)	Element: 2004-04-) Site: 2004-04-) Record Last Updated: 2004-08-0 Township: 05N Range: 13W	KX 05
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM:	THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD     1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR/     PVT     522 Map Index:     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     SAPPHOS ENVIRONMENTAL,     RITTER RIDGE (3411852/1610     Cr LOS ANGELES     34.50909° / -118.25067°     Zone-11 N3819315 E385193     1/5 mile	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001. 56325 EO Index: 56341 INC.	Element:         2004-04-3           Site:         2004-04-3           Record Last Updated:         2004-08-0           Township:         05N           Range:         13W           SPECIFIC         Section:         21	KX 05
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD I JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR/ PVT  522 Map Index: Fair Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown SAPPHOS ENVIRONMENTAL, RITTER RIDGE (3411852/1610 LOS ANGELES 34.50909° / -118.25067° Zone-11 N3819315 E385193 1/5 mile 3,400 ft	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001. 56325 EO Index: 56341 INC. ), SLEEPY VALLEY (3411853/162D) Mapping PrecisionNON- Symbol Type:POIN	Element:         2004-04-3           Site:         2004-04-3           Record Last Updated:         2004-08-0           Township:         05N           Range:         13W           SPECIFIC         Section:         21	xx 05 V
Threat: General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	THREATENED BY OFF-ROAD     1 JUVENILE OBSERVED FOR/     PVT     522 Map Index:     Fair     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown     SAPPHOS ENVIRONMENTAL,     RITTER RIDGE (3411852/1610     LOS ANGELES     34.50909° / -118.25067°     Zone-11 N3819315 E385193     1/5 mile     3,400 ft     JUST NORTH OF VALLEY SAG	VEHICLES. AGING IN OPEN CHAPARRAL ON 27 SEP 2001. 56325 EO Index: 56341 INC. INC. SUBJECTION (3411853/162D) Mapping PrecisionNON- Symbol Type:POIN GE ROAD, 0.25 MILE NORTH OF HWY 14 AND AF PER WOODLAND WITH LOOSE, FRIABLE SOILS	Element: 2004-04-) Site: 2004-04-) Record Last Updated: 2004-08-0 Common Comparison Range: 13W SPECIFIC Section: 21 Qtr: VV T Meridian: S	XX D5 V V

Coast (California) horned lizard		Element Code: ARACF12022	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: None	Global: G4T3T4	CDFG Status: SC	
State: None	State: S3S4		
Habitat Associations —			
General: FREQUENTS A WIDE VARIETY OF HAB	ITATS, MOST COMMON IN LOWLANDS ALONG SAN	IDY WASHES WITH SCATTERED LOW BU	JSHES.
Micro: OPEN AREAS FOR SUNNING, BUSHES	FOR COVER, PATCHES OF LOOSE SOIL FOR BURI	IAL, & ABUNDANT SUPPLY OF ANTS & O	THER INSECTS.
Occurrence No. 8 Map Index:	39837 EO Index: 34839	Dates La	st Seen
Occ Rank: Fair		Element:	1991-05-15
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence		Site:	1991-05-15
Presence: Presumed Extant			
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updated:	1998-09-28
Main Source: YORKE, C. 1991 (OBS)			
Quad Summary: LANCASTER WEST (3411862/1	61B)		
County Summary: LOS ANGELES			
Lat/Long: 34.63468º / -118.21594º		Township: 06N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3833204 E388549		Range: 13W	
Radius: 80 meters	Mapping PrecisionSPECIFIC	Section: 01	Qtr: SW
Elevation: 2,585 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	
Location: 4733 WEST AVE., M-12, 0.15 M	ILE EAST OF JUNCTION WITH 50TH STREET WEST	, QUARTZ HILL.	
Location Detail: IN FRONT YARD NEAR HIGH D	ENSITY POPULATION OF ANTS.		
	AMILY RESIDENCES ON 3/4 ACRE LOTS IN OLD ALM BLE POPULATION OF P.CORONATUM HERE.	MOND ORCHARD. SEVERAL VACANT OR	OVERGROWN LO
Threat: DEVELOPMENT.			
	ATED THAT MORE SURVEYS NEEDED IN THE QUA	ARTZ HILL AREA; PREVIOUS RECORDS (	OF P.C. BLAINVILLI
General: 1 OBSERVED, 1991. IT WAS S COULD BE ERRONEOUS.			

California red-legged frog		Element Code: AAABH01022	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: Threatened	Global: G4T2T3	CDFG Status: SC	
State: None	State: S2S3		
Habitat Associations			
General: LOWLANDS & FOOTHILLS IN (	OR NEAR PERMANENT SOURCES OF DEEP WATER WITH	H DENSE, SHRUBBY OR EMERGENT RIPAR	IAN VEGETATION.
Micro: REQUIRES 11-20 WEEKS OF F	PERMANENT WATER FOR LARVAL DEVELOPMENT. MUS	T HAVE ACCESS TO ESTIVATION HABITAT.	
Occurrence No. 167 Ma	p Index: 33439 EO Index: 1580	Dates La	ast Seen
Occ Rank: Good		Element:	
Origin: Natural/Native occurrent	nce	Site:	1995-05-XX
Presence: Presumed Extant		Record Last Updated	1006 09 27
Trend: Unknown Main Source: SWAIM, K. 1995 (OBS		Record Last opulied	. 1990-06-27
, ,	·		
Quad Summary: SLEEPY VALLEY (341	1853/162D)		
County Summary: LOS ANGELES			
Lat/Long: 34.60652º / -118.2614	30	Township: 06N	
UTM: Zone-11 N3830132 E3	84336	Range: 13W	
Radius: 80 meters	Mapping PrecisionSPECI		Qtr: SE
Elevation: 3,020 ft	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S	
Location: RITTER RANCH, 9 MI	LES WEST OF PALMDALE.		
Ecological: HABITAT CONSISTS ( CATTAILS/BULRUSH.	OF A POND FED BY ARTESIAN SPRINGS. VEGETATION C	ONSISTS OF RIPARIAN VEGETATION, PRIM	ARILY WILLOW; 20
Threat: THREATS INCLUDE A	LARGE, BREEDING POPULATION OF AFRICAN CLAWED	FROGS AND A PROPOSED RESIDENTIAL I	DEVELOPMENT.
General: 4 ADULTS OBSERVE	D IN MAY 1995; NO LARVAL RED-LEGGED FROGS WERE	CAPTURED DURING EXTENSIVE POND SA	MPLING (SEINING A

### Natural Diversity Database

ohave ground squirrel		Element Code: AMAFB05150	
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	
Federal: None	Global: G2G3	CDFG State	us:
State: Threatened	State: S2S3		
Habitat Associations			
,		FEEDS IN ANNUAL GRASSLANDS. RESTRIC	
Micro: PREFERS SANDY TO GRAVELLY	SOILS, AVOIDS ROCKY AREAS. USES BUF	ROWS AT BASE OF SHRUBS FOR COVER. N	IESTS ARE IN BURROWS
Occurrence No. 26 Map In	dex: 02196 EO Index:	7360	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown		F	Element: 1984-06-14
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence			Site: 1984-06-14
Presence: Presumed Extant		<b>5</b>	
Trend: Unknown		Record Last	Updated: 1993-09-24
Main Source: BUREAU OF LAND MAN	AGEMENT 1985 (LIT)		
Quad Summary: LANCASTER EAST (341	861/161A), LANCASTER WEST (3411862/161	B)	
County Summary: LOS ANGELES			
Lat/Long: 34.67380º / -118.12153º		Township:	07N
UTM: Zone-11 N3837442 E397	251	Range:	12W
Radius: 1 mile		sionNON-SPECIFIC Section:	
Elevation: 2,440 ft	Symbol Ty	/pe:POINT Meridian:	S
Location: VICINITY OF LANCASTE	R.		
Location Detail: 1920 COLLECTION WAS	IN SEC 26; 1984 DETECTION WAS IN SEC 2	3.	
		DETECTED 14 JUN 1984 BY MCKERNAN (DC	* #271)
	01 10 30E 1320 (MVZ #31307), 1 3001((1EE	DETECTED 14 JOIN 1984 DT MICKERNAN (DC	<i>#211)</i> .
Owner/Manager: UNKNOWN			
Occurrence No. 281 Map I	idex: 22839 EO Index:	7874	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown		E	Element: 1973-XX-XX
Origin: Natural/Native occurrence			Site: 1973-XX-XX
Presence: Presumed Extant			
Trend: Unknown		Record Last	Updated: 1993-02-18
Main Source: CLARK, D. 1992 (PERS)			
Quad Summary: ROSAMOND (3411872/1	36C)		
County Summary: KERN			
Lat/Long: 34.86094º / -118.16107º		Township:	09N
UTM: Zone-11 N3858236 E393	368	Range:	
Radius: 1/5 mile	Mapping Precis	sionNON-SPECIFIC Section:	21 Qtr: NW
Elevation: 2,325 ft	Symbol Ty	vpe:POINT Meridian:	S
Location: ROSAMOND, APPROXIM	IATELY 100 METERS EAST OF SIERRA HIGH	IWAY.	

Natural Diversity Database Full Condensed Report for Selected Elements - Multiple Records per Page Liebre Twins, Tylerhorse Canyon, Willow Springs, Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Little Buttes, Fairmont Butte, Neenach School, Burnt Peak, Lake Hughes, Del Sur, Lancaster West, Sleepy Valley, Green Valley, and Warm Springs Mountain USGS 7.5-minute Quadrangles

Lodgepole chipmunk		Element C	ode: AMAFB02172		
Status —	NC	DB Element Ranks	Other Lists		
Federal: None		Global: G5T3?	CDFG Stat	us:	
State: None		State: S3?			
Habitat Associations					
General: SUMMITS OF ISOL	ATED PIUTE, SAN BERNARDINO, A	ND SAN JACINTO MOUNTAINS IN SOUTHERN C	ALIFORNIA		
Micro:					
Occurrence No. 8	Map Index: 58592	EO Index: 58628		Dates Las	
Occ Rank: Unknown			I		1974-09-03
Origin: Natural/Na				Site:	1974-09-03
Presence: Presumed	Extant		Descend Last	II. data di	00044044
Trend: Unknown			Record Last	Updated:	2004-12-14
Main Source: MANIS 200	)4 (MUS)				
Quad Summary: GREEN VA	ALLEY (3411854/162C), LAKE HUGH	IES (3411864/162B)			
County Summary: LOS ANGE	ELES				
Lat/Long: 34.62033º	/ -118.41126º		Township:	06N	
UTM: Zone-11 N	I3831846 E370622		Range:	14W	
Radius: 1 mile		Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section:	07	Qtr: XX
Elevation: 3,000 ft		Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian:	S	
	ALLEY, ANGELES NATIONAL FORE	ST.			
Location: GREEN VA					
		ROVIDED BY MANIS. LOCATION UNCERTAINTY	GIVEN AS 6010.8998	M (3.75 M	I)

Owner/Manager: USFS-ANGELES NF

American badger			nt Code: AMAJF04010
Federal: None State: None	us	— NDDB Element Ranks Global: G5 State: S4	CDFG Status: SC
Habitat As	ssociations ———		
		F MOST SHRUB, FOREST, AND HERBACEOUS HAB	BITATS, WITH FRIABLE SOILS.
Micro: NEED S	SUFFICIENT FOOD, FRIABLE SOILS & O	PEN, UNCULTIVATED GROUND. PREY ON BURRO	WING RODENTS. DIG BURROWS.
Occurrence No.	-	EO Index: 56543	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank:	: Good : Natural/Native occurrence		Element: 1988-05-16 Site: 1988-05-16
-	Presumed Extant		
	Unknown		Record Last Updated: 2004-08-30
	: LAPRE, L. 1988 (OBS)		
-	: LAKE HUGHES (3411864/162B)		
County Summary	: LOS ANGELES		
-	34.68657°/-118.45049°		Township: 07N
	Zone-11 N3839243 E367132 42.6 ac	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Range: 15W Section: 22 Qtr: NE
Elevation:		Symbol Type:POLYGON	Meridian: S
Location	: 0.6 MILE NORTH OF LAKE HUGHES		
Ecological	HABITAT CONSISTS OF CHAPARRAL	, DOMINATED BY ADENOSTOMA, ARCTOSTAPHYLO	OS, CEANOTHUS, CERCOCARPUS, AND PINUS COULT
Threat:	POSSIBLY THREATENED BY A WAST	EWATER TREATMENT PLANT.	
General:	AN ACTIVE DEN WAS OBSERVED, 13-	-16 MAY 1988.	
Owner/Manager	: UNKNOWN		
Occurrence No.	. 151 Map Index: 01549	EO Index: 56863	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank:	•		Element: 1904-06-21
-	Natural/Native occurrence		<b>Site:</b> 1904-06-21
	Presumed Extant		Record Last Updated: 2004-09-20
	: MVZ 2004 (MUS)		
Quad Summary:	: LAKE HUGHES (3411864/162B), FAIRN	/ONT BUTTE (3411874/187C)	
County Summary	: LOS ANGELES		
-	34.73609º / -118.42397º		Township: 08N
UTM: Radius:	Zone-11 N3844700 E369639	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Range: 15W Section: 36 Qtr: SW
Elevation		Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: S
Location	: FAIRMONT, ANTELOPE VALLEY.		
Location Detail	I:MAPPED ACCORDING TO LAT/LONG	GIVEN BY MVZ; MAX ERROR DISTANCE: 1 KM.	
General:	MALE COLLECTED (MVZ #7077) BY J	DSEPH GRINNELL ON 21 JUN 1904. 1 COLLECTED	(DATE UNKNOWN), LACM.
Owner/Manager	: UNKNOWN		
Occurrence No.	. 282 Map Index: 57473	EO Index: 57489	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank:	•		Element: XXXX-XX-XX
-	Natural/Native occurrence		Site: XXXX-XX-XX
	Presumed Extant		Record Last Updated: 2004-10-19
	: CDFG 1986 (LIT)		-
Quad Summary:	: LITTLE BUTTES (3411873/187D), WILL	OW SPRINGS (3411883/187A)	
County Summary	: KERN		
	34.87842°/-118.29677°		Township: 09N
UTM: Radius:	Zone-11 N3860327 E381488	Manning ProvisionNION OPECIFIC	Range: 13W
Radius: Elevation:		Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC Symbol Type:POINT	Section: 07 Qtr: XX Meridian: S
Location	: WILLOW SPRINGS.		
	: WILLOW SPRINGS. : 1 COLLECTED, AMNH (AMERICAN MU		

merican badger		Element Code: AMAJF04010
Status	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists
Federal: None	Global: G5	CDFG Status: SC
State: None	State: S4	
Habitat Associations		
General: MOST ABUNDANT IN DRIER OI	PEN STAGES OF MOST SHRUB, FOREST, AND HERBACEOU	S HABITATS, WITH FRIABLE SOILS.
Micro: NEED SUFFICIENT FOOD, FRIA	ABLE SOILS & OPEN, UNCULTIVATED GROUND. PREY ON B	JURROWING RODENTS. DIG BURROWS.
Occurrence No. 334 Map	Dindex: 57756 EO Index: 57772	Dates Last Seen
Occ Rank: Unknown		Element: XXXX-XX-XX
Origin: Natural/Native occurren	ice	Site: XXXX-XX-XX
Presence: Presumed Extant		
Trend: Unknown		Record Last Updated: 2004-10-27
Main Source: CDFG 1986 (LIT)		
Quad Summary: NEENACH SCHOOL (3	411875/188D)	
County Summary: KERN, LOS ANGELES		
	0	Township: 09N
Lat/Long: 34.82942º / -118.57052		Range: 16W
UTM: Zone-11 N3855251 E3		
UTM: Zone-11 N3855251 E3 Radius: 1 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPEC	CIFIC Section: 34 Qtr: XX
UTM: Zone-11 N3855251 E3		
UTM: Zone-11 N3855251 E3 Radius: 1 mile Elevation:	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPEC	CIFIC Section: 34 Qtr: XX
UTM: Zone-11 N3855251 E3 Radius: 1 mile Elevation: Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY, N	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPEC Symbol Type:POINT	CIFIC Section: 34 Qtr: XX Meridian: S
UTM: Zone-11 N3855251 E3 Radius: 1 mile Elevation: Location: ANTELOPE VALLEY, N Location Detail: AREA MAPPED IS IN T	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPEC Symbol Type:POINT NEAR NEENACH, KERN COUNTY.	CIFIC Section: 34 Qtr: XX Meridian: S

Natural Diversity Database Full Condensed Report for Selected Elements - Multiple Records per Page Liebre Twins, Tylerhorse Canyon, Willow Springs, Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Little Buttes, Fairmont Butte, Neenach School, Burnt Peak, Lake Hughes, Del Sur, Lancaster West, Sleepy Valley, Green Valley, and Warm Springs Mountain USGS 7.5-minute Quadrangles

two-striped garter snake			Element Code: ARADB36160	)	
Status	N	IDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists	·	
Federal: None		Global: G3	CDFG S	tatus: SC	
State: None		State: S2			
Habitat Association	ns ————				
General: COASTAL CALIF	ORNIA FROM VICINITY OF SALINAS	TO NORTHWEST BAJA CALIFO	RNIA. FROM SEA TO ABOUT 7,000	FT ELEVATION	۱.
Micro: HIGHLY AQUATION	C, FOUND IN OR NEAR PERMANEN	T FRESH WATER. OFTEN ALON	G STREAMS WITH ROCKY BEDS A	ND RIPARIAN G	GROWTH.
Occurrence No. 54	Map Index: 17287	EO Index: 42186		Dates Last	Seen
Occ Rank: Good				Element: 1	999-09-15
Origin: Natural/	Native occurrence			Site: 1	999-09-15
Presence: Presume					
Trend: Unknown			Record La	ast Updated: 2	2000-01-18
Main Source: MUTH, [	D. 1997 (OBS)				
Out of Output of Difference	RIDGE (3411852/161C), SLEEPY VA	LLEY (3411853/162D)			
Quad Summary: RITTER					
Quad Summary: RITTER County Summary: LOS AN	GELES				
•	GELES		Townshi	p:	
County Summary: LOS AN	GELES		Townshi Rango	•	
County Summary: LOS AN Lat/Long: UTM: Radius:	GELES	Mapping Precision:	Range Sectio	e: n:	Qtr:
County Summary: LOS AN Lat/Long: UTM:	GELES	Mapping Precision: Symbol Type:	Range	e: n:	Qtr:
County Summary: LOS AN Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	GELES OSA CREEK, ALONG THE NORTH S	Symbol Type:	Rang Sectio Meridia	n: n:	
County Summary: LOS AN Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation: Location: AMARG Ecological: HABITA		Symbol Type: IDE OF ELIZABETH LAKE PINE ( CONTAINS SMALL PONDED ARE	Range Sectio Meridia ANYON ROAD, APPROXIMATELY AS OF WATER. THE MAIN POOL IS	e: n: 7 MILES WNW ( S LOCATED NE	OF PALMDALE.
County Summary: LOS AN Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation: Location: AMARG Ecological: HABITA' ROADW	OSA CREEK, ALONG THE NORTH S T CONSISTS OF RIPARIAN; CREEK	Symbol Type: IDE OF ELIZABETH LAKE PINE C CONTAINS SMALL PONDED ARE THE ROAD. THIS AREA CONTAI	Range Sectio Meridia ANYON ROAD, APPROXIMATELY AS OF WATER. THE MAIN POOL IS	e: n: 7 MILES WNW ( S LOCATED NE	OF PALMDALE.

Owner/Manager: CITY OF PALMDALE

California Deparatient of Fish and Game Natural Diversity Database Full Condensed Report for Selected Elements - Multiple Records per Page Liebre Twins, Tylerhorse Canyon, Willow Springs, Soledad Mountain, Rosamond, Little Buttes, Fairmont Butte, Neenach School, Burnt Peak, Lake Hughes, Del Sur, Lancaster West, Sleepy Valley, Green Valley, and Warm Springs Mountain USGS 7.5-minute Quadrangles

Le Conte's thrasher		Eleme	ent Code: ABPBK06100		
State	us ————	NDDB Element Ranks	Other Lists		
Federal: None		Global: G3	CDFG Statu	is: SC	
State: None		State: S3			
Habitat As	ssociations				
General: DESER	T RESIDENT; PRIMARILY OF OPEN DES	SERT WASH, DESERT SCRUB, ALKALI DESERT SC	CRUB, AND DESERT SUCC	CULENT S	CRUB HABITATS.
Micro: COMMC	ONLY NESTS IN A DENSE, SPINY SHRU	B OR DENSELY BRANCHED CACTUS IN DESERT	WASH HABITAT, USUALLY	Y 2-8 FEE	T ABOVE GROUND.
Occurrence No.	. 57 Map Index: 01703	EO Index: 24519		Dates Las	st Seen
Occ Rank:	Unknown		E		1968-09-21
	Natural/Native occurrence			Site:	1968-09-21
	Presumed Extant		Bernellert		1000 00 10
	Unknown		Record Last	Updated:	1989-08-10
Main Source:	BUREAU OF LAND MANAGEMENT 198	30 (LIT)			
Quad Summary:	LITTLE BUTTES (3411873/187D), FAIR	MONT BUTTE (3411874/187C), WILLOW SPRINGS	(3411883/187A), TYLERHO	RSE CAN	IYON (3411884/187E
County Summary	: KERN				
Lat/Long:	34.87886º / -118.38201º		Township:	09N	
UTM:	Zone-11 N3860480 E373699		Range:	14W	
Radius:	1 mile	Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC	Section:	08	Qtr: SE
		Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian:		ST.
Location	: 5 MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669.	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian:		ST.
Location General:	: 5 MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669. : UNKNOWN	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: ERS ROAD AND 104TH STI		
Location General: Owner/Manager	: 5 MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669. : UNKNOWN . 141 Map Index: 02137	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: ERS ROAD AND 104TH STI	REET WE	
Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank:	: 5 MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669. : UNKNOWN . 141 Map Index: 02137	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: ERS ROAD AND 104TH STI	REET WE	st Seen
Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin:	: 5 MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669. : UNKNOWN . 141 Map Index: 02137 Unknown	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: ERS ROAD AND 104TH STI I E	REET WE	<b>t Seen</b> 1986-06-01 1986-06-01
Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence:	S MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669. UNKNOWN      141 Map Index: 02137 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: ERS ROAD AND 104TH STI	REET WE	<b>t Seen</b> 1986-06-01 1986-06-01
Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend:	S MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669. UNKNOWN      141     Map Index: 02137 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: ERS ROAD AND 104TH STI I E	REET WE	<b>t Seen</b> 1986-06-01 1986-06-01
Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source:	S MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669. UNKNOWN     Map Index: 02137 Unknown     Natural/Native occurrence     Presumed Extant     Unknown	Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: ERS ROAD AND 104TH STI I E	REET WE	<b>t Seen</b> 1986-06-01 1986-06-01
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Location General: Owner/Manager Occurrence No. Occ Rank: Origin: Presence: Trend: Main Source: Quad Summary County Summary Lat/Long: UTM: Radius: Elevation:	<ul> <li>5 MILES WEST OF WILLOW SPRINGS, LACM SPECIMEN #80669.</li> <li>UNKNOWN</li> <li>141 Map Index: 02137 Unknown Natural/Native occurrence Presumed Extant Unknown ENGLAND, S. 1987 (LIT)</li> <li>SOLEDAD MTN. (3411882/186B)</li> <li>: KERN</li> <li>34.90857° / -118.16007° Zone-11 N3863517 E394021 1/5 mile</li> </ul>	EO Index: 6133 Mapping PrecisionNON-SPECIFIC Symbol Type:POINT	Meridian: ERS ROAD AND 104TH ST  E Record Last I Record Last I Range: Section:	Dates Las Element: Site: Updated: 09N 12W 04	t Seen 1986-06-01 1986-06-01 1989-08-10
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Owner/Manager: PVT

<- Revise Selection

Make Official Letter ->

Federal Endangered and Threatened Species that Occur in or may be Affected by Projects in the Counties and/or U.S.G.S. 7 1/2 Minute Quads you requested

Document Number: 051011085420

Database Last Updated: September 30, 2005

### CRITICAL HABITAT:

On August 11, 2005, the Service published a revised <u>critical habitat designation</u> for vernal pool species. It did not specify critical habitat locations on a species by species basis. If there are species on the list(s) below that were covered under the rule, they are shown because we believe that they are present in the area or may be affected by projects in the area, not because it has specifically been designated as critical habitat for them.

# **Quad Lists**

# SOLEDAD MTN (186B)

# **Species of Concern**

# Birds

Agelaius tricolor - tricolored blackbird (SC)

Athene cunicularia hypugaea - western burrowing owl (SC)

Buteo Swainsoni - Swainson's hawk (CA)

Carduelis lawrencei - Lawrence's goldfinch (SC)

Numenius americanus - long-billed curlew (SC)

# ROSAMOND (186C)

# **Species of Concern**

# Birds

Agelaius tricolor - tricolored blackbird (SC)

Athene cunicularia hypugaea - western burrowing owl (SC)

Buteo Swainsoni - Swainson's hawk (CA)

Carduelis lawrencei - Lawrence's goldfinch (SC)

Cypseloides niger - black swift (SC)

Numenius americanus - long-billed curlew (SC)

# Plants

Calochortus striatus - alkali mariposa lily (SC)

# WILLOW SPRINGS (187A)

# **Species of Concern**

# Birds

Agelaius tricolor - tricolored blackbird (SC)

Athene cunicularia hypugaea - western burrowing owl (SC)

Buteo Swainsoni - Swainson's hawk (CA)

Calypte costae - Costa's hummingbird (SC)

Carduelis lawrencei - Lawrence's goldfinch (SC)

Chaetura vauxi - Vaux's swift (SC)

Charadrius montanus - mountain plover (SC)

Cypseloides niger - black swift (SC)

Numenius americanus - long-billed curlew (SC)

Toxostoma redivivum - California thrasher (SC)

# **TYLERHORSE CANYON (187B)**

# **Listed Species**

# Amphibians

Rana aurora draytonii - California red-legged frog (T)

#### Birds

file://P:\Projects\LSF%20AV\05303.05%20-%20AV%20Water%20Bank\\_Working%20D... 11/9/2005

Gymnogyps californianus - California condor (E)

Haliaeetus leucocephalus - bald eagle (T)

# **Species of Concern**

### Invertebrates

Plebulina emigdionis - San Emigdio blue butterfly (SC)

Speyeria egleis tehachapina - Tehachapi mountain silverspot butterfly (SC)

### Fish

Pogonichthys macrolepidotus - Sacramento splittail (SC)

#### Amphibians

Batrachoseps stebbinsi - Tehachapi slender salamander (CA)

Spea hammondii (was Scaphiopus h.) - western spadefoot toad (SC)

#### **Reptiles**

Lichanura trivirgata - rosy boa (SC)

Phrynosoma coronatum frontale - California horned lizard (SC)

### Birds

- Agelaius tricolor tricolored blackbird (SC)
- Athene cunicularia hypugaea western burrowing owl (SC)
- Buteo regalis ferruginous hawk (SC)
- Buteo Swainsoni Swainson's hawk (CA)
- Calypte costae Costa's hummingbird (SC)
- Carduelis lawrencei Lawrence's goldfinch (SC)
- Chaetura vauxi Vaux's swift (SC)

Charadrius montanus - mountain plover (SC) Cypseloides niger - black swift (SC) Falco peregrinus anatum - American peregrine falcon (D) Lanius ludovicianus - loggerhead shrike (SC) Melanerpes lewis - Lewis' woodpecker (SC) Numenius americanus - long-billed curlew (SC) Selasphorus rufus - rufous hummingbird (SC) Toxostoma lecontei macmillanorum - San Joaquin LeConte's thrasher (SC)

# Mammals

Euderma maculatum - spotted bat (SC)

Eumops perotis californicus - greater western mastiff-bat (SC)

Myotis ciliolabrum - small-footed myotis bat (SC)

Myotis evotis - long-eared myotis bat (SC)

Myotis thysanodes - fringed myotis bat (SC)

Myotis volans - long-legged myotis bat (SC)

Onychomys torridus ramona - Southern grasshopper mouse (SC)

Onychomys torridus tularensis - Tulare grasshopper mouse (SC)

Perognathus inornatus - San Joaquin pocket mouse (SC)

# FAIRMONT BUTTE (187C)

# **Species of Concern**

# Birds

Agelaius tricolor - tricolored blackbird (SC)

Athene cunicularia hypugaea - western burrowing owl (SC)

Buteo Swainsoni - Swainson's hawk (CA)

Carduelis lawrencei - Lawrence's goldfinch (SC)

Charadrius montanus - mountain plover (SC)

Cypseloides niger - black swift (SC)

Numenius americanus - long-billed curlew (SC)

# LITTLE BUTTES (187D)

# **Species of Concern**

# Birds

Agelaius tricolor - tricolored blackbird (SC)

Athene cunicularia hypugaea - western burrowing owl (SC)

Buteo Swainsoni - Swainson's hawk (CA)

Carduelis lawrencei - Lawrence's goldfinch (SC)

Charadrius montanus - mountain plover (SC)

Cypseloides niger - black swift (SC)

Numenius americanus - long-billed curlew (SC)

# LIEBRE TWINS (188A)

# **Listed Species**

# Invertebrates

Branchinecta lynchi - vernal pool fairy shrimp (T)

# Amphibians

Rana aurora draytonii - California red-legged frog (T)

# Birds

Gymnogyps californianus - California condor (E)

Haliaeetus leucocephalus - bald eagle (T)

# Mammals

Vulpes macrotis mutica - San Joaquin kit fox (E)

# **Species of Concern**

# Invertebrates

Linderiella occidentalis - California linderiella fairy shrimp (SC)

Plebulina emigdionis - San Emigdio blue butterfly (SC)

Speyeria egleis tehachapina - Tehachapi mountain silverspot butterfly (SC)

# Fish

Pogonichthys macrolepidotus - Sacramento splittail (SC)

### Amphibians

Batrachoseps stebbinsi - Tehachapi slender salamander (CA)

Spea hammondii (was Scaphiopus h.) - western spadefoot toad (SC)

# **Reptiles**

Charina bottae umbratica - southern rubber boa (CA)

Lichanura trivirgata - rosy boa (SC)

Phrynosoma coronatum frontale - California horned lizard (SC)

# Birds

Agelaius tricolor - tricolored blackbird (SC)

Athene cunicularia hypugaea - western burrowing owl (SC)

Buteo regalis - ferruginous hawk (SC)

Buteo Swainsoni - Swainson's hawk (CA)

Calypte costae - Costa's hummingbird (SC) Carduelis lawrencei - Lawrence's goldfinch (SC) Chaetura vauxi - Vaux's swift (SC) Charadrius montanus - mountain plover (SC) Cypseloides niger - black swift (SC) Falco peregrinus anatum - American peregrine falcon (D) Lanius ludovicianus - loggerhead shrike (SC) Melanerpes lewis - Lewis' woodpecker (SC) Numenius americanus - long-billed curlew (SC) Selasphorus rufus - rufous hummingbird (SC) Toxostoma lecontei macmillanorum - San Joaquin LeConte's thrasher (SC)

# Mammals

Ammospermophilus nelsoni - San Joaquin (=Nelson's) antelope squirrel (CA) Dipodomys nitratoides brevinasus - short-nosed kangaroo rat (SC) Euderma maculatum - spotted bat (SC) Eumops perotis californicus - greater western mastiff-bat (SC) Myotis ciliolabrum - small-footed myotis bat (SC) Myotis evotis - long-eared myotis bat (SC) Myotis thysanodes - fringed myotis bat (SC) Myotis volans - long-legged myotis bat (SC) Onychomys torridus ramona - Southern grasshopper mouse (SC) Onychomys torridus tularensis - Tulare grasshopper mouse (SC) Perognathus inornatus - San Joaquin pocket mouse (SC)

# **NEENACH SCHOOL (188D)**

# **Species of Concern**

# Birds

Agelaius tricolor - tricolored blackbird (SC)

Athene cunicularia hypugaea - western burrowing owl (SC)

Buteo Swainsoni - Swainson's hawk (CA)

Carduelis lawrencei - Lawrence's goldfinch (SC)

Charadrius montanus - mountain plover (SC)

Cypseloides niger - black swift (SC)

Numenius americanus - long-billed curlew (SC)

# **County Lists**

# No county species lists requested.

Key:

- (E) Endangered Listed (in the Federal Register) as being in danger of extinction.
- (T) Threatened Listed as likely to become endangered within the foreseeable future.
- (P) Proposed Officially proposed (in the Federal Register) for listing as endangered or threatened.
- (NMFS) Species under the Jurisdiction of the <u>National Marine Fisheries Service</u>. Consult with them directly about these species.
- Critical Habitat Area essential to the conservation of a species.
- (PX) Proposed Critical Habitat The species is already listed. Critical habitat is being proposed for it.
- (C) Candidate Candidate to become a proposed species.
- (CA) Listed by the State of California but not by the Fish & Wildlife Service.
- (D) Delisted Species will be monitored for 5 years.
- (SC) Species of Concern/(SLC) Species of Local Concern Other species of concern to the Sacramento Fish & Wildlife Office.
- (V) Vacated by a court order. Not currently in effect. Being reviewed by the Service.
- (X) Critical Habitat designated for this species

# **Important Information About Your Species List**

#### How We Make Species Lists

We store information about endangered and threatened species lists by U.S. Geological Survey  $\frac{7\hat{A}\frac{1}{2}}{\text{minute quads}}$ . The United States is divided into these quads, which are about the size of San Francisco.

The animals on your species list are ones that occur within, or may be affected by projects within, the quads covered by the list.

- Fish and other aquatic species appear on your list if they are in the same watershed as your quad or if water use in your quad might affect them.
- Amphibians will be on the list for a quad or county if pesticides applied in that area may be carried to their habitat by air currents.
- Birds are shown regardless of whether they are resident or migratory. Relevant birds on the county list should be considered regard-less of whether they appear on a quad list.

#### Plants

Any plants on your list are ones that have actually been observed in the quad or quads covered by the list. Plants may exist in an area without ever having been detected there. You can find out what's in the nine surrounding quads through the California Native Plant Society's online <u>Inventory of Rare and</u> <u>Endangered Plants</u>.

#### Surveying

Some of the species on your list may not be affected by your project. A trained biologist or botanist, familiar with the habitat requirements of the species on your list, should determine whether they or habitats suitable for them may be affected by your project. We recommend that your surveys include any proposed and candidate species on your list.

For plant surveys, we recommend using the <u>Guidelines for Conducting and Reporting Botanical</u> <u>Inventories</u>. The results of your surveys should be published in any environmental documents prepared for your project.

#### **State-Listed Species**

If a species has been listed as threatened or endangered by the State of California, but not by us nor by the National Marine Fisheries Service, it will appear on your list as a Species of Concern. However you should contact the California Department of Fish and Game <u>Wildlife and Habitat Data Analysis Branch</u> for official information about these species.

#### Your Responsibilities Under the Endangered Species Act

All plants and animals identified as listed above are fully protected under the Endangered Species Act of 1973, as amended. Section 9 of the Act and its implementing regulations prohibit the take of a federally listed wildlife species. Take is defined by the Act as "to harass, harm, pursue, hunt, shoot, wound, kill, trap, capture, or collect" any such animal.

Take may include significant habitat modification or degradation where it actually kills or injures wildlife by significantly impairing essential behavioral patterns, including breeding, feeding, or shelter (50 CFR  $\hat{A}$  §17.3).

### Take incidental to an otherwise lawful activity may be authorized by one of two procedures:

• If a Federal agency is involved with the permitting, funding, or carrying out of a project that may result in take, then that agency must engage in a formal <u>consultation</u> with the Service.

During formal consultation, the Federal agency, the applicant and the Service work together to avoid or minimize the impact on listed species and their habitat. Such consultation would result in a biological opinion by the Service addressing the anticipated effect of the project on listed and proposed species. The opinion may authorize a limited level of incidental take.

• If no Federal agency is involved with the project, and federally listed species may be taken as part of the project, then you, the applicant, should apply for an incidental take permit. The Service may issue such a permit if you submit a satisfactory conservation plan for the species that would be affected by your project.

Should your survey determine that federally listed or proposed species occur in the area and are likely to be affected by the project, we recommend that you work with this office and the California Department of Fish and Game to develop a plan that minimizes the project's direct and indirect impacts to listed species and compensates for project-related loss of habitat. You should include the plan in any environmental documents you file.

# **Critical Habitat**

When a species is listed as endangered or threatened, areas of habitat considered essential to its conservation may be designated as critical habitat. These areas may require special management considerations or protection. They provide needed space for growth and normal behavior; food, water, air, light, other nutritional or physiological requirements; cover or shelter; and sites for breeding, reproduction, rearing of offspring, germination or seed dispersal.

Although critical habitat may be designated on private or State lands, activities on these lands are not restricted unless there is Federal involvement in the activities or direct harm to listed wildlife.

If any species has proposed or designated critical habitat within a quad, there will be a separate line for this on the species list. Boundary descriptions of the critical habitat may be found in the Federal Register. The information is also reprinted in the Code of Federal Regulations (50 CFR 17.95). See our critical habitat page for maps.

# **Candidate Species**

We recommend that you address impacts to candidate species. We put plants and animals on our candidate list when we have enough scientific information to eventually propose them for listing as threatened or endangered. By considering these species early in your planning process you may be able

to avoid the problems that could develop if one of these candidates was listed before the end of your project.

### **Species of Concern**

Your list may contain a section called Species of Concern. This is an informal term that refers to those species that the Sacramento Fish and Wildlife Office believes might be in need of concentrated conservation actions. Such conservation actions vary depending on the health of the populations and degree and types of threats. At one extreme, there may only need to be periodic monitoring of populations and threats to the species and its habitat. At the other extreme, a species may need to be listed as a Federal threatened or endangered species. Species of concern receive no legal protection and the use of the term does not necessarily mean that the species will eventually be proposed for listing as a threatened or endangered species.

# Wetlands

If your project will impact wetlands, riparian habitat, or other jurisdictional waters as defined by section 404 of the Clean Water Act and/or section 10 of the Rivers and Harbors Act, you will need to obtain a permit from the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers. Impacts to wetland habitats require site specific mitigation and monitoring. For questions regarding wetlands, please contact Mark Littlefield of this office at (916) 414-6580.

# Updates

Our database is constantly updated as species are proposed, listed and delisted. If you address proposed, candidate and special concern species in your planning, this should not be a problem. However, we recommend that you get an updated list every 90 days. That would be January 09, 2006.

×							
lome   Endang	<u>ered Species   Species List</u>						Site Map   Search
Previou	S			(29 Specie			
							Key
<u>Type</u>	Common Name	Scientific Name	<u>Status</u>	Date Listed	<u>CH</u>	CH Date	Occurs In
Amphibian	Arroyo toad	Bufo microscaphus californicus	Endangered	16-Dec-94	Proposed		LA
Amphibian	California red-legged frog	Rana aurora draytonii	Threatened	23-May-96	Proposed		LA, MNT, SBA, SBD, SBE, SCZ, SLO, VEN
Bird	Bald Eagle	Haliaeetus leucocephalus	Threatened	11-Mar-67	No		INY, LA, MNO, MNT, SBE, SBR, SCZ, SLO, SBA, VEN
Bird	Brown Pelican	Pelicanus occidentalis	Endangered	02-Jun-70	No		MNT, SCZ, SLO, SBA, VEN
Bird	California condor	Gymnogyps californianus	Endangered	11-Mar-67	Yes	22-Sep-77	KRN, LA, MNT, SLO, SBA
Bird	California gnatcatcher	Polioptila californica	Threatened	30-Mar-93	Proposed		LA, VEN
Bird	California least tern	Sterna antillarum browni	Endangered	02-Jun-70	No		LA, MNT, SBA, SLO, VEN
Bird	Least Bell's vireo	Vireo bellii pusillus	Endangered	02-May-86	Yes	02-Feb-94	INY, KRN, LA, SBA, SBD, SLO, VEN
Bird	Southwestern willow flycatcher	Empidonax trallii extimus	Endangered	27-Feb-95	Yes	22-Jul-97	INY, KRN, LA, SBA, SBD, LA
Bird	Western snowy plover	Charadrius alexandrinus nivosus	Threatened	05-Mar-93	Yes	07-Dec-99	LA, MNT, SBA, SLO
Bird	Yellow-billed cuckoo	Coccyzus americanus	Candidate	25-Jul-01	No		INY, KRN, LA, MNO, MNT, SBA, SBD, SBE, SCZ, SLO, VEN
Fish	Southern California steelhead	Oncorhynchus mykiss	Endangered	17-Jun-98	Proposed		LA, MNT, SBA, SLO, VEN
Fish	Tidewater goby	Eucyclogobius newberryi	Endangered	07-Mar-94	No		LA, MNT, VEN, SBA, SCZ, SLO
Fish	Unarmored threespine stickleback	Gasterosteus aculeatus williamsoni	Endangered	13-Oct-70	No		LA, SBA, VEN
Invertebrate	Quino checker-spot butterfly	Euphydryas editha quino	Endangered	16-Jan-97	No		LA
Invertebrate	Riverside fairy shrimp	Streptocephalus woottoni	Endangered	03-Aug-93	Yes	30-May-01	LA
Mammal	<u>San Joaquin kit fox</u>	Vulpes macrotis mutica	Endangered	11-Mar-67	No		MNT, SBA, SBE, SLO
Plant	Braunton's milk-vetch	Astralagus brauntonii	Endangered	27-Jan-97	No		LA, VEN
Plant	California orcutt grass	Orcuttia californica	Endangered	03-Aug-93	No		LA, SBA, SLO, VEN
Plant	<u>Conejo dudleya</u>	Dudleya abramsii ssp. parva	Threatened	29-Jan-97	No		LA, VEN
Plant	Lyon's pentachaeta	Pentachaeta lyonii	Endangered	29-Jan-97	No		LA, VEN
Plant	Marcescent dudleya	Dudleya cymosa ssp. marcescens	Threatened	29-Jan-97	No		LA, VEN

Plant	Nevin's barberry	Berberis nevinii	Endangered	13-Oct-98	No		LA
Plant	<u>Santa Monica Mountains</u> <u>dudleya</u>	Dudleya cymosa ssp. ovatifolia	Threatened	29-Jan-97	No		VEN, LA
Plant	<u>Slender-horned</u> spineflower	Dodecahema (=Centrostegia) leptoceras	Endangered	28-Sep-87	No		LA, VEN
Plant	Spreading navarretia	Navarretia fossalis	Threatened	13-Oct-98	Proposed	07-Oct-04	LA
Plant	Verity's dudleya	Dudleya verityi	Threatened	29-Jan-97	No		VEN, LA
Reptile	<u>Blunt-nosed leopard</u> lizard	Gambelia silus	Endangered	11-Mar-67	No		LA, SBA, SBD, SBE, SLO, VEN
Reptile	Desert tortoise	Gopherus agassizzii	Threatened	02-Apr-90	Yes	08-Feb-94	INY, KRN, LA, SBD

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> 2493 Portola Road, Suite B Ventura, CA 93003 office (805) 644-1766 | fax (805) 644-3958 or to contact the WebMaster by e-mail, click <u>here</u>.



# Appendix E Cultural Resources Survey Report

Archaeological Evaluation Report for The Antelope Valley Water Bank Project Kern and Los Angeles Counties, California

# Prepared for:

WDS 5700 Wilshire Boulevard Los Angeles, CA 90036 Contact: Andrew Werner Phone: 323/936/9303

Prepared by:

Jones & Stokes 811 West 7<sup>th</sup> Street, Suite 800 Los Angeles, CA 90017 Contact: Mark C. Robinson 213/627-5376

October 2005

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# **Management Summary**

Jones & Stokes conducted an archaeological survey and assessment of cultural resources for the Antelope Valley Water Bank Project. This work included a records search, a sample survey of the recovery and recharge basin areas of the Antelope Valley floor, and a complete survey, except for areas of no access, of a proposed pipeline extending south to the California Aqueduct.

In the 1,640 acres of the proposed recharge basins, a 26.83 percent sample was surveyed, consisting of randomly selected 40-acre parcels. Each 40-acre tract was surveyed on foot using 15-meter transects. No cultural resources were located. The pipeline right-of-way was surveyed for a distance of 5.5 miles on to the hillslopes south of the recharge basin area. This survey ended at Avenue F8 because of property access. Two transects were walked for this survey, on the east side of 170<sup>th</sup> Street, one at the edge of the shoulder and one in agricultural fields 15 meters farther east. No cultural resources were located.

In many areas of the Project, such as the proposed well field and connecting collection pipelines, construction locations and details are not finalized. Therefore, no cultural resources survey has been done in these areas, and further survey will be required when construction locations are determined.

A sample survey in the proposed recharge and recovery basin area located no cultural resources. Based on the setting of this area and its low potential for cultural resources, no further survey is recommended. In the unlikely possibility that prehistoric or historic cultural resources are discovered in this area during construction, all work shall be halted in the vicinity of the archaeological discovery until a qualified archaeologist can visit the site of discovery and assess the significance of the archaeological discovery. Further treatment may be required, including site recordation, excavation, site evaluation, and data recovery.

In the surveyed portions of the proposed connector pipeline to the California Aqueduct, no sites were located. In this area, due to the depth of disturbance associated with the pipeline, and the fact that it crosses low alluvial fans and near stream channels, areas likely to have a high potential for buried cultural resources, cultural resources monitoring is recommended.

In the remainder of areas, when construction details are confirmed as to well and pipeline locations, these areas should be surveyed by a qualified archaeologist, and supplemental survey reports prepared as needed. If cultural resources are located, the Project component may be redesigned to avoid the resource, or the cultural resources treated as described above, that is assessed for significance by a qualified archaeologist; further treatment may include site recordation, excavation, site evaluation, and data recovery.

### I. INTRODUCTION AND PROJECT DESCRIPTION

The Project area is located in eastern Kern County and northern Los Angeles County, approximately 10 miles west of the community of Rosamond in Kern County and 17 miles northwest of the City of Lancaster in Los Angeles County. Edwards Air Force Base is located 15 miles to the east of the Project area, and the county line between Kern and Los Angeles Counties is located along the southern edge of the recharge facilities (Figure 1).

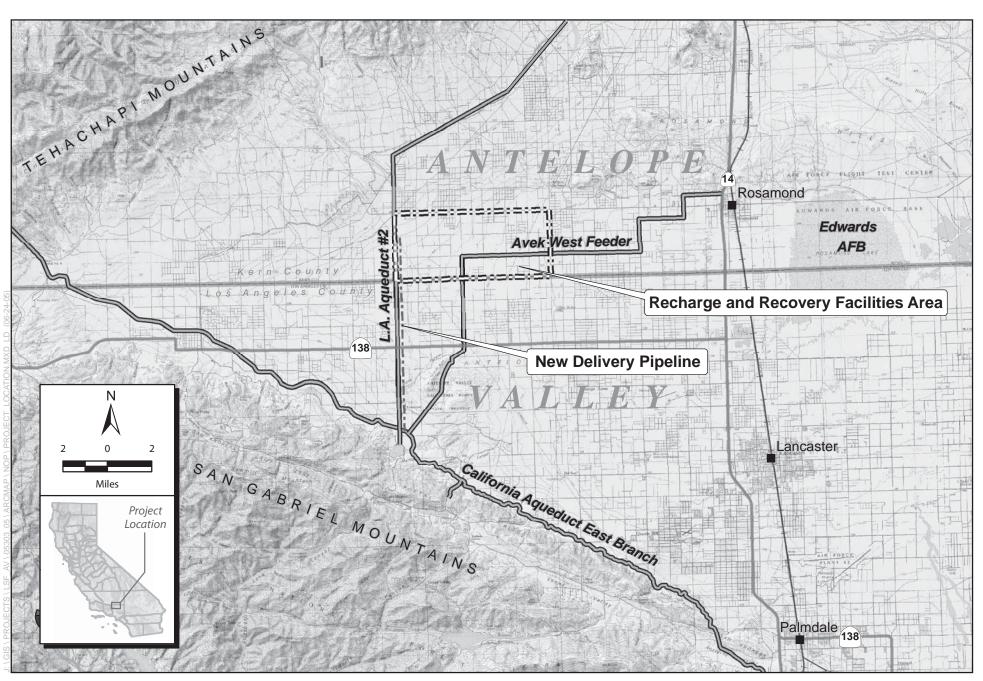
A 21-square-mile area in Kern County is proposed for recharge and recovery. This 21square-mile area (13,440 acres) is bounded by Rosamond Boulevard to the north, Avenue A to the south (Kern County–Los Angeles County line), 170<sup>th</sup> Street West to the west, and 100<sup>th</sup> Street West to the east. Recharge and recovery facilities include a distribution pipeline, local distribution canals and recharge basins, recovery wells, and recovery pipelines. The land in the recharge and recovery area is made up of farmland and undeveloped land. Recharge basins would occupy about 1,500 acres of the recharge and recovery area. An additional 370 acres of the 21-square-mile area would be disturbed for construction of associated distribution canals, peripheral berms, and internal water checks; 3 to 40 acres would be disturbed for well construction; and additional acreage, not currently estimated, would be disturbed for the well piping system.

The area proposed for recharge and recovery facilities is located in the service area of the Antelope Valley East Kern Water Agency (AVEK), which supplies imported State Water Project water to customers via the AVEK West Feeder. The Project area also is crossed by the Los Angeles Aqueduct #2 (LAA#2), which passes just west of the area proposed for recharge basins and runs through Los Angeles County. LAA#2 conveys water from the Owens Valley to Los Angeles.

To expand recharge and recovery capacity, the Project may be connected directly to the California Aqueduct in the future by constructing a new pipeline parallel to LAA #2 on the east shoulder of 170<sup>th</sup> Street. The connection would occur at the California Aqueduct in Los Angeles County, 7 miles to the south of the recharge and recovery area.

At present, only the recharge basin portion of the Project area is available for cultural resources survey, as are parts of the connector pipeline south of this area. The Project has not yet finalized design of recovery wells and recovery pipelines. For this reason, this report divides the prehistoric and historical cultural resources analysis into areas that have been surveyed for cultural resources and areas that will require survey for cultural resources in the future, as Project facilities are designed and land acquired.

Lands incorporated into the Project area include parts of the Fairmont Butte, Little Buttes, and Lake Hughes 7.5 minute USGS topographic maps, with sections listed on Table 1 below. It must be emphasized as described above that only a small amounts of the total acreage of the area outside of the recharge basin sections will be used for Project construction.



Jones & Stokes

Figure 1 Project Location

K	ern County	Los Angeles County		
Township/Range Sections		Township/Range	Sections	
T 9 N, R 15 W	24, 25, 36	T 8 N, R 15 W	1, 12, 13, 24, 25, 36	
T 9 N, R14 W	13, 14, 15, 16, 19, 20, 21, 22, 23, 24, 25, 26, 27, 28, 29, 30, 31, 32, 33, 34, 35, 36	T 7 N, R 15 W	1	
T 9 N, R 13 W	30, 31			

**Table 1. Sections in Proposed Project Area** 

#### **II. ENVIRONMENTAL SETTING**

The Project area is located in the Antelope Valley, a semiarid region with gently sloping land that borders the Mojave Desert. The west end of Antelope Valley is bounded by the Tehachapi Mountains on the north and the San Gabriel Mountains on the south; these two ranges converge to form a triangular-shaped western end of the valley at the Sierra Pelona Range. The Antelope Valley is a graben—a block of the earth's crust that has dropped down to form a basin as a result of crustal extension and movement on the Garlock fault in the Tehachapi Mountains and the San Andreas fault in the San Gabriel Mountains. Over time the basin has filled with several thousand feet of alluvial materials that have eroded from the surrounding mountain ranges. In particular, ephemeral Cottonwood Creek, emanating from the Tehachapis, continues to deposit a large volume of sands and gravel in a distributary alluvial fan extending into the recharge and recovery area. There are no perennial surface water features. Despite sparse rainfall, the area has been used extensively for agriculture through irrigation with subsurface waters. Ornamental trees are planted densely along some of the fields to provide a wind block.

Elevation in the recharge and recovery facilities area ranges from approximately 2,760 to 2,460 feet above mean sea level. Currently used agriculture fields or open grasslands, many of which appear to have been disturbed by previous plowing or construction, occupy the majority of the Project area. Native vegetation once present in the Project area includes annual grasslands, rabbitbrush scrub, and a small area of Joshua tree woodland. Portions of the Antelope Valley floor adjacent to the Project area that have not been previously disturbed by plowing contain intermittent sand sheet deposits.

#### **III. CULTURAL SETTING**

This section provides a general overview of prehistoric, ethnographic, and historical periods in the southern California deserts. The discussion of the prehistoric cultural setting is based primarily on a cultural sequence defined by Warren (1984) for the Mojave Desert.

#### **Prehistoric Setting**

### Early Man Period

Several sites in the southern California deserts, the most well known of which is Calico Hills, have been tentatively assigned to the "Early Man Period" with relative dates ranging from 12,000 years ago to as far back as 50,000 years ago (Moratto 1984). Various geologic and experimental dating methods provide these extreme temporal assignments. Thus far, however, none of these Early Man sites has withstood scientific scrutiny. Despite claims for evidence of Early Man in the California deserts, it appears likely that humans first arrived in southern California about 12,000 years ago.

#### Paleo-Indian Period (ca. 12,000–7,000 B.P. [ca. 10,000–5000 B.C.])

The earliest humans to occupy North America were highly mobile hunters and gatherers. Paleo-Indian sites in southern California were assigned by Rogers (1966) to the San Dieguito Culture. Moratto (1984:92) divides assemblages of this early era into a Fluted Point tradition (12,000–10,000 B.P.) and a Western Pluvial Lakes Tradition (10,000–7,000 B.P.). Although a few fluted points have been recovered on the shoreline of Lake Mojave, north of the Project area, few have been documented in the Antelope Valley. For the most part, San Dieguito sites are often found on the margins of dry lakes and on mesas and terraces overlooking large washes. Lake Mojave and Silver Lake points are the typical point types found from this time period.

#### Pinto Period (ca. 7,000-4,000 B.P. [ca. 5000-2000 B.C.])

The Pinto Period is marked in general by a gradual transition from pluvial to arid conditions during the terminal Pleistocene–Early Holocene. However, at least one period of increased moisture, from approximately 6,500 to 5,500 years ago, resulted in the return of pluvial lake conditions. Warren (1984:414) postulates that human occupation of the southern California deserts approximately 7,000 to 6,500 years ago and from 5,500 to 4,000 years ago may have been limited because of the arid conditions. It is also suggested that the Pinto Period populations withdrew to the desert margins and oases during these arid periods, leaving large portions of the California deserts unoccupied for many centuries. Several sites are known from the Pinto Period in southern California, including sites in Death Valley, Salt Springs, the Stahl Site in Owens Valley, and sites in Pinto Basin near Joshua Tree National Monument. Pinto

Period sites are associated with the margins of pluvial lakes and with now-extinct springs. Pintoseries projectile points, crudely made stemmed or basally notched dart points, are the most distinctive artifact type of the Pinto Period. Other artifacts found at Pinto sites include large leaf-shaped knives, thick, split cobble choppers and scrapers, scraper-planes, and small milling slabs and manos. Most known Pinto Period sites are small surface deposits of lithic artifacts, suggestive of temporary and perhaps seasonal occupation by small groups of people (Warren 1984).

#### Gypsum Period (ca. 4,000–1,500 B.P. [ca. 2000 B.C. to A.D. 500])

The Gypsum Period is one of cultural intensification in the deserts of southern California. The beginning of this period coincides with the beginning of the Little Pluvial (ca. 2000 B.C.), a period of increased effective moisture in the region that apparently allowed for more intensive occupation of the California deserts. During the succeeding arid periods, it appears that human populations gradually adapted in a variety of technological and socioeconomic ways to the more arid desert environment. A few Gypsum Period sites from the deserts of California, Nevada, and Arizona have been excavated, including Gypsum Cave, Newberry Cave, Willow Beach, Rose Spring, Indian Hill Rockshelter, and Ray, Baird, and Chapman caves.

Diagnostic projectile points of this period include Humboldt, Gypsum, and Elko-series dart points (Warren 1984). Late in the Gypsum Period, Rose Spring arrow points appear in the archaeological record, reflecting the spread of bow and arrow technology. Another technological innovation introduced during this period was the mortar and pestle for processing hard seeds. Other artifact types characteristic of this period include leaf-shaped arrow points, rectangular-based knives, flake scrapers, T-shaped drills, milling slabs and manos, core/cobble tools assemblages such as scraper planes, large choppers, and hammerstones, shaft smoothers, incised slate and sandstone tablets and pendants, and bone awls (Warren 1984). A wide range of perishable items dating to this period were recovered from Newberry Cave, including atlatl hooks, dartshafts and foreshafts, sandals and S-twist cordage, tortoise-shell bowls, and split-twig animal figurines indicates that the California desert occupants were in contact with populations from the Pacific coast and the southern Great Basin of Arizona, Utah, and Nevada.

#### Saratoga Springs Period (ca. A.D. 500–1200)

This period reflects a continuation of trends begun during the Gypsum Period, including an increasing adaptation to the desert environment and an increase in trade relations (Warren 1984). Variations in regional cultural adaptations during the Saratoga Springs Period also become apparent. Warren (1984) defines four cultural spheres in the Mojave and Colorado Deserts during this period: a northern sphere located north of the Mojave River, a central desert sphere located around the Mojave River, the Antelope Valley sphere, and a southern desert sphere influenced by Hatakayan (Patayan) cultures adjacent to the Colorado River. In the northern Mojave, the Saratoga Springs Period is marked by the dominance of Rose Spring and Eastgate arrow points over earlier Elko and Humboldt series dart points. Excepting this technological change, there appears to be a strong continuity of the Gypsum Period cultural assemblages in the northwestern Mojave.

In the central Mojave Desert, Anasazi interest in turquoise likely influenced populations living in the Mojave Desert as far west as the Halloran Springs area where hundreds of small turquoise mines existed. Toward the end of the Saratoga Springs Period, the Hakataya people apparently moved far enough north to gain control of the turquoise mines in the central Mojave Desert, thus replacing the Anasazi occupation of the eastern California desert.

In the Antelope Valley and western Mojave Desert, the Saratoga Springs Period is identified by Rose Spring and Cottonwood Triangular projectile points at large village sites containing deep middens and cemeteries that have been dated from 250 B.C. to A.D. 1650 (Sutton 1981:217). These sites also contain large quantities of shell beads and steatite items that originated from southern California coastal regions. It appears that the occupants of Antelope Valley traded heavily with the coastal populations, developed large villages in the Saratoga Springs Period, and represent another divergent regional development during this period.

In the southern desert region, the impetus for change appears to have derived from Hakataya influences from the lower Colorado River, evidenced by the introduction of Buff and Brown Ware pottery and Cottonwood and Desert Side-notched projectile points. The initial date for the first Hakataya influence on the southern Mojave Desert remains unknown; however, it does appear that by A.D. 800–900 the Mojave Sink was heavily influenced, if not occupied, by lower Colorado River peoples (Moratto 1984:423).

#### Shoshonean Period (ca. A.D. 1200 to 1800)

The formation of distinct ethnographic groups becomes clearer during the Shoshonean Period. In the southern deserts, Brown and Buff Ware pottery, first appearing on the lower Colorado River at about A.D. 800, started to diffuse across the California deserts by about A.D. 900 (Moratto 1984:425). Associated with the diffusion of this pottery were Desert Side-notched and Cottonwood Triangular projectile points dating to about A.D. 1150–1200, suggesting a continued spread of Hakataya influences. Trade along the Mojave River also expanded, resulting in middlemen between coastal and Colorado River populations. Large, complex housepit village sites were established along the headwaters of the Mojave River (Smith 1963) and were somewhat similar to those reported in Antelope Valley (Sutton 1981). Although both of these areas appear to have participated in extensive trade between the desert and the coast, the lack of Buff and Brown Ware pottery at Antelope Valley sites suggests that these people were influenced minimally by the Hakataya developments along the Mojave River (Moratto 1984:426).

In this period, cultural expressions in the northwestern and eastern Mojave appear to have coalesced, forming a single cultural unit that roughly corresponds to the boundary of the Numic speaking peoples. Hakataya influence in this region is marked by Desert Side-notched and Cottonwood Triangular projectile points and Brown Ware (Moratto 1984:427). This influence appears to have diminished during the late Shoshonean Period when the extensive trade networks along the Mojave River and in Antelope Valley appear to have broken down and the large village sites were abandoned. Subsequently, Spanish exploration and establishment of the Mission system during the late 1700s mark the end of prehistoric lifeways.

#### **Ethnographic Background**

The Antelope Valley and adjacent Tehachapi Mountains lie within the traditional cultural territory of the Kitanemuk Native American group, with the western Antelope Valley shared with the Tataviam, Vanyume, and Serrano peoples as well. All of these cultural groups were based in areas outside the western Antelope Valley in the surrounding mountains or along the Mojave River. The Kitanemuk were based primarily in the Tehachapi Mountains and built their villages there, but members of this tribe ranged into the western Antelope Valley during the cooler seasons of the year. Ethnographic sites, as is true with archaeological sites, were tethered to water resources, with streams and springs located in or at the base of mountain and hillslopes supporting villages and other significant use areas. Lithic resources procurement areas were also heavily exploited by the Kitanemuk. Areas such as the Antelope Valley floor were used only sporadically, usually for hunting or gathering, activities that are unlikely to leave much archaeological evidence.

The Kitanemuk spoke a Serran language of the Takic family. Many kinship terms are similar to those in other southern California languages and suggest that the Kitanemuk were organized in a patrilineal structure. Unlike other groups, however, they were not organized into totemic lineages or moieties (Blackburn and Bean 1978). The Kitanemuk were enemies of the Tatavium to the east and the Yokuts in the Central Valley but maintained complex trade and ritual alliances with the Chumash to the west and the Tubatulabal tribe to the north. These complex interactions gave them access to the resources of distant peoples, as well as influencing Kitanemuk mythology and ritual activities (Blackburn and Bean 1978).

The Kitanemuk for the most part were hunting, collecting, and harvesting peoples. Family groups worked in the mountains, foothills, and valleys, providing resources from different ecological niches. Kitanemuk houses were built of wattle and daub to withstand harsh winter weather in the mountains. Temporary shelters of brush were probably built in the desert areas to provide protection from the sun. To gather and prepare food resources, an array of equipment was used. Bows and arrows were the most important hunting tools, but traps, nets, blinds, throwing sticks, and slings were also part of the hunting technology. Gathering required few tools: poles for shaking down pine nuts and acorns, cactus pickers, chia hooks, seed beaters, digging sticks and weights, and pry bars. Materials associated with transportation were used mainly to move food and included burden baskets, carrying nets, and game bags. Some food was stored in large baskets.

Pottery ollas and baskets treated with asphaltum were used to store and carry water and seeds. Wood, clay, and steatite were used to make jars, bowls, and trays. Skin and woven grass

were used to make bags. Food processing required hammers and anvils for cracking nuts; mortars and pestles for grinding acorns; manos and metates for grinding seeds and berries; winnowing shells and baskets; strainers; leaching baskets and bowls; knives of stone, bone, and wood; and bone saws. Basket mortars, with asphaltum used to attach an open-bottomed basket to a mortar, were important for food processing. Food was served in wooden gourd dishes and cups and in basket bowls that were sometimes tarred.

#### **Historic Background**

#### **Early Exploration**

As early as 1769, the Spanish explored the foothills surrounding the Antelope Valley in the western Mojave Desert. By 1806, two routes led from the desert to the coast: the Old Spanish Trail near Cajon Pass and Owens Valley Road through Tehachapi Pass (Beck and Haase 1974; Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

One of the first Anglo-Americans to pass through the area was mountain man Jedediah Smith. When he arrived at Mission San Gabriel in 1826, local Mexican officials, suspicious of his intentions, refused permission for him to continue travels in California (Magruder 1950). Despite the governor's command, Smith went north through the Tejon Pass and up the San Joaquin Valley to the Stanislaus River. Kit Carson, one of the trappers in Jedediah Smith's 1828 expedition, was the guide for John C. Fremont's party in 1844. Under Carson's guidance, the party crossed over the Old Spanish Trail, reached the Antelope Valley floor, and subsequently provided the first published descriptions of the regional flora, geography, and geology (Thompson 1929; Goetzmann 1978, 1979 cited in Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

#### **American Period**

From the 1840s through the 1940s, federal and state lands in the Far West were available for private entry by the general public. Private land entry for agricultural settlement occurred by cash purchase, preemption, military service, homesteading, and railroad construction. A national policy for inhabiting unsettled or sparsely populated territories encouraged development of rural agriculture, growth of resource procurement industries, relocation of urban inhabitants to outlying rural areas, and expansion of the national economy (Ross 1998).

Settlement of the western Mojave Desert was motivated by most of the same factors experienced in other western states. However, the region has its own specific environmental and geographic circumstances, and four factors specifically stimulated growth in the region: railroad construction, enactment of Homestead and Desert Land laws, improved irrigation technology, and the development and experimentation of scientific dry-farming techniques (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

In 1850, the federal government funded surveys to explore alternative routes for the transcontinental railroad, including two surveys through the central Antelope Valley (Goetzmann 1979 cited in Guerrero and Komporlides 1995). In 1853, Lt. R. S. Williamson led an expedition to explore the passes in the southern Sierra and across the Mojave along the Old Spanish Trail to connect with surveys of the 32<sup>nd</sup> and 35<sup>th</sup> parallel routes. In 1854, Lt. Amiel W. Whipple's party surveyed the 35<sup>th</sup> parallel route from the Mississippi River to the coast. The results of these surveys indicated that the 35<sup>th</sup> parallel route was the best topographically for railroad construction (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

Prior to the arrival of railroads, stagecoach routes brought travelers north from Los Angeles via Tejon Pass to the west of the project area, or traversed Antelope Valley. On such route, known as the Joe Walker Trail or Los Angeles to Havilah route, stopped at Willow Springs, about 20 miles east of the Project area, before proceeding north to the mines in the Kern River area. This stage route passed east of the project area.

Two land grant railroads, the Atlantic and Pacific and the Southern Pacific, and one locally independent line, the California Southern, were catalysts for growth in the Antelope Valley. These railroads established routes from Los Angeles to San Francisco, Mojave to Needles, and San Diego to Barstow. The Southern Pacific Railroad finished its line from San Francisco to Los Angeles via the Antelope Valley in 1876. In 1884, the Southern Pacific line joined the Atchison, Topeka & Santa Fe and completed the line to Needles. Construction of the railroads with accompanying towns and watering stations and the enactment of various laws between 1862 and 1878 for claiming land in the public domain, including the Homestead Act of 1862 and the Desert Land Act of 1877, encouraged population growth in the region (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995; Ross 1998). The community of Rosamond east of the Project area was named for the daughter of a Southern Pacific railroad executive when the town was established in 1877. Rosamond is the nearest location to the project area that is on a rail line.

#### **Colonization and Homesteading**

In the 1880s, colonization companies and local boosters spurred a variety of groups to establish colonies in the region, including Quakers, German Lutherans, Scots, English, proponents of Prohibition and Scientific Farming, and Utopian Socialists. During the initial colonization years through 1920, the region faced fluctuating water levels and severe drought years (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995). Despite droughts that caused the failure of numerous colonies, development in the central Antelope Valley became relatively active between 1910 and 1929 (Hensher 1991; Hine 1953 cited in Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

By 1930, more than 80 towns had been built in the Antelope Valley, many of them located along the railroads. In the vicinity of the Project, the small community of Fairmount was developed around 1910, in Los Angeles County near Fairmont Reservoir. The reservoir is part of the Los Angeles Aqueduct, which was built across the Antelope Valley in 1908–1913. Nearby Willow Springs was developed as a resort in 1904 by the owner of the adjacent Tropico Mine.

In the 1930s, severe drought, compounded by events in the Dust Bowl and an unprecedented worldwide depression, began to impede homesteading efforts severely. The homesteading era ended in 1935 when the remaining public domain was withdrawn from entry (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

The focus of the homesteaders' economy in the Antelope Valley was agriculture and ranching. Dry-farming methods were used with some success in the late 1880s and early 1890s when rainfall was unusually plentiful. However, a severe drought between 1893 and 1904 brought the demise of many agricultural pursuits in the Antelope Valley (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

Cattle and sheep ranching were profitable largely because of the availability of open range and water. Although cattle grazing in the central Antelope Valley began in the late 1860s, widespread cattle ranching did not begin until 1888, when the Starkey and Butterworth families settled in the Rosamond area. The Butterworth ranch, near Buckhorn Springs, became the largest cattle operation in Antelope Valley. Eventually, the Rosamond area developed into an industrial center for cattle ranching (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

Sheep also played an important role in the area's economy. They were more amenable to the arid environment and could spend the winter grazing on desert plants lush enough to preclude the need for a separate, consistent water source. When desert foliage dried, the sheep were driven north along the western edge of the Mojave through Walker Pass and into the basin ranges to graze for the spring and summer (Beck and Haase 1974; Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

#### Mining

Mining was an important addition to the economy of the homesteader because it offered the potential of a high return for minimal investment. The development of mining in the central Antelope Valley was the result of mining technology adapted to the desert environment and the availability of rail transportation (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995). Three types of mining were dominant in the Antelope Valley: precious metals mining (gold and silver), common mineral extraction (clay, mud, and borate), and leaseable resources (oil). A mining boom occurred with the discovery of gold by Ezra Hamilton at Tropico Hill just east of Willow Springs in 1894. After Hamilton's initial discovery, others followed in an attempt to establish their fortunes. Thousands of miners filed mining claims in Kramer Hills after gold was discovered there in 1926. Kramer Hills became one of several mining districts developed in the Antelope Valley (Guerrero and Komporlides 1995).

#### **IV. RESEARCH AND PREDICTIVE MODELING**

#### **Records Search Results**

An area of 77 miles in Kern County and 24 square miles in Los Angeles County was included in the cultural resources literature and records search for this Project. This records search encompassed the 4–square mile area of Kern County designated for the recharge basins, the 26–square mile area that will include the proposed well field, and a buffer zone designed to capture a sample area of the Antelope Valley floor in the Project area. In addition, the records search included a 2-mile-wide strip centered on the proposed pipeline location running south of the recovery and recharge facilities into Los Angles County.

Within the 4 square miles encompassing the proposed recharge basins, no cultural sites or isolated artifacts have been recorded. One survey had been undertaken in the past in this area, a pipeline survey along Avenue A. In the proposed recovery wells and recovery pipelines area, a zone covering 17 square miles, 16 previous surveys totaling 4,340 acres have located two prehistoric sites and six isolated artifacts.

Mid-twentieth century maps were examined for information regarding potential historicera sites in the recharge ponds portion of the Project; however, no evidence of earlier structures or other historic uses was depicted. The more recent 1965 Fairmont Butte quadrangle map depicts two structures in the recharge ponds area. One of these structures, a now-abandoned house, was built in the late 1950s or early 1960s and is not a historical resource. A second structure depicted on the 1965 quadrangle map has been demolished, and no evidence of it exists on the ground.

In the 18 square miles extending south to the California Aqueduct, 15 cultural sites have been recorded. Seven prehistoric sites are situated a little less than a mile east of 170<sup>th</sup> Avenue, surrounding Fairmont Butte. This butte, a complex of granite and andesite, is a large prehistoric quarry and camp area recorded as CA-KER-1789, where prehistoric populations were supported by small springs and intermittent streams. The remaining eight sites are from the historic period; one of these, the former town site of Fairmont (CA-RIV-673H), is located just east of the proposed connector pipeline. No structures associated with Fairmont are currently standing, and no historic era structures of any kind occur on the proposed pipeline route in Los Angeles County.

On the portion of the Antelope Valley floor in Los Angeles County adjacent to the proposed Project, four isolated artifacts have been recorded. This pattern supports the pattern seen in Kern County: prehistoric sites occur near water or lithic material sources and not on the un-watered valley floor.

#### Modeling

To focus cultural resources efforts prior to pedestrian survey, the Project area was assessed for its probability of containing prehistoric cultural resources. Results of the records and literature search area were compared to the Project area in terms of natural setting and known site locations. This comparison included the 39 square miles of the Project records search, and an additional 63–square mile buffer area and sample on the Antelope Valley Floor, for a total of 102 square miles examined.

Four types of terrain were distinguished, based primarily on the proximity of the terrain to water:

- 1. alluvial fan surfaces with no drainages depicted,
- 2. alluvial fan slopes with dashed or solid blue line streams,
- 3. areas at the edges of hillslopes, and
- 4. areas within 1 mile of springs or lithic sources

Each section in the records search area then was assigned to one of the above categories. This arbitrary use of sections, designed to make the acreage calculations more straightforward, was altered only in the case of springs and known lithic sources, including Fairmont Butte near the connector pipeline. Those areas within 1 mile of a spring or a lithic source were assigned to the spring and lithic sections, regardless of the actual section lines.

Terrain Type	Acres	Acres Surveyed	Sites	One Site/X Acres
No drainages	23,040	2,680	4	5,760
Dashed blue line	35,200	3,390	12	2,514
Edge of slopes	3,840	20	2	1,920
Springs and lithics	2,560	680	13	196

The results of this effort are presented on Table 2.

This examination of the records search results revealed a clear pattern in prehistoric site locations. In the 102–square mile records search area encompassing the Project and its surroundings, a total of 6,770 acres have been surveyed and 30 sites recorded. Of these, 13 are located within 1 mile of springs or lithic sources, 12 sites are located along or near intermittent stream channels, two are at hillslope interfaces, and three are found on the open valley floor. Dividing the acreage of each terrain type by the number of sites found, it is very clear that the open valley floor has a very low potential to encompass prehistoric sites; water and the presence of lithic materials drew prehistoric occupation and use. It should be mentioned that the sites found near springs and quarry areas are also dramatically larger than those found near intermittent streams or on the open valley floor. The unwatered valley floor does show signs of

prehistoric use, however—nine isolated artifacts, usually single flakes, have been previously recorded in the 23,040 acres of this terrain in the study area.

Sediments in the valley floor portion of the Project area are of Holocene age, that is, less than 10,000 years, and could contain cultural deposits. However, the valley floor appears to have been covered originally with a thin Aeolian sand sheet, 1 to 3 feet thick. This area has been plowed and deep plowed, as well as leveled by machine, to accommodate agriculture. Holocene Age sediments on the valley floor portion of the Project area are estimated to be 5 feet thick. Previous work in southern California has shown that deep plowing and machine leveling can disturb this thickness of sediments and bring prehistoric artifacts to the ground surface (Robinson 2001), making it unlikely that significant prehistoric cultural resources with no surface expression are buried in the thin valley floor sediments.

In contrast, the south slopes of the Antelope Valley are made up of thicker wedges of alluvial fan sediment on the lower slopes between Avenue A and Avenue D, and Older Quaternary alluvium south of Avenue D. Archaeological monitoring work in southern California in similar settings has recovered deeply buried early Holocene sites (McDougall et al. 2003). This setting indicates that this portion of the Project, the location of part of the Phase 2 delivery pipeline, has a moderate potential to contain buried cultural resources. In addition, this area is crossed by several small intermittent streams and is located less than 1 mile east of the Project area has a moderate sensitivity for buried cultural resources. South of Avenue D, the older Quaternary alluvium is exposed at the surface, with a low potential for buried cultural resources.

Results of the records search and other survey work in the area indicate that the valley floor setting of the Project area has very low potential to encompass prehistoric archaeological sites. Given the large extent of the Project area, and a desire to limit environmental assessment efforts to those likely to be productive, the choice was made to conduct a sample survey of a portion of the Project area. Within the records search area, the majority of recorded sites were located near Willow Springs and Bean Spring, northeast of the Project area, or at the base of the Tehachapi Mountains, northwest of the Project area.

#### V. FIELD METHODS

Cultural resources survey was conducted for the recharge basins portion of the Project and the pipeline right-of-way location extending south into Los Angeles County to the California Aqueduct. Survey was conducted on June 9, 23, 27, 28, 29, August 26 and 27, and September 2005. Within the 1,640 acres of the proposed recharge basins, a sample survey was conducted. The recharge basin area was divided into 41 forty-acre parcels, using the standard quarter section lines and each parcel assigned a number. Eleven of these parcels, a 26.83 percent sample, were then selected at random for pedestrian survey using a random number generator (Figure 2). Each 40-acre tract was surveyed on foot using 15-meter transects. No cultural resources were located. (Although parcel 35 was selected by random number, the surface visibility was poor in this area because of standing barley and deep weeds; therefore, parcel 36, across the road, was substituted and surveyed.) Visibility in these randomly selected 40-acre parcels ranged from 100 percent in bare plowed areas, to 30 to 40 percent in barley fields and recently harvested hay fields.

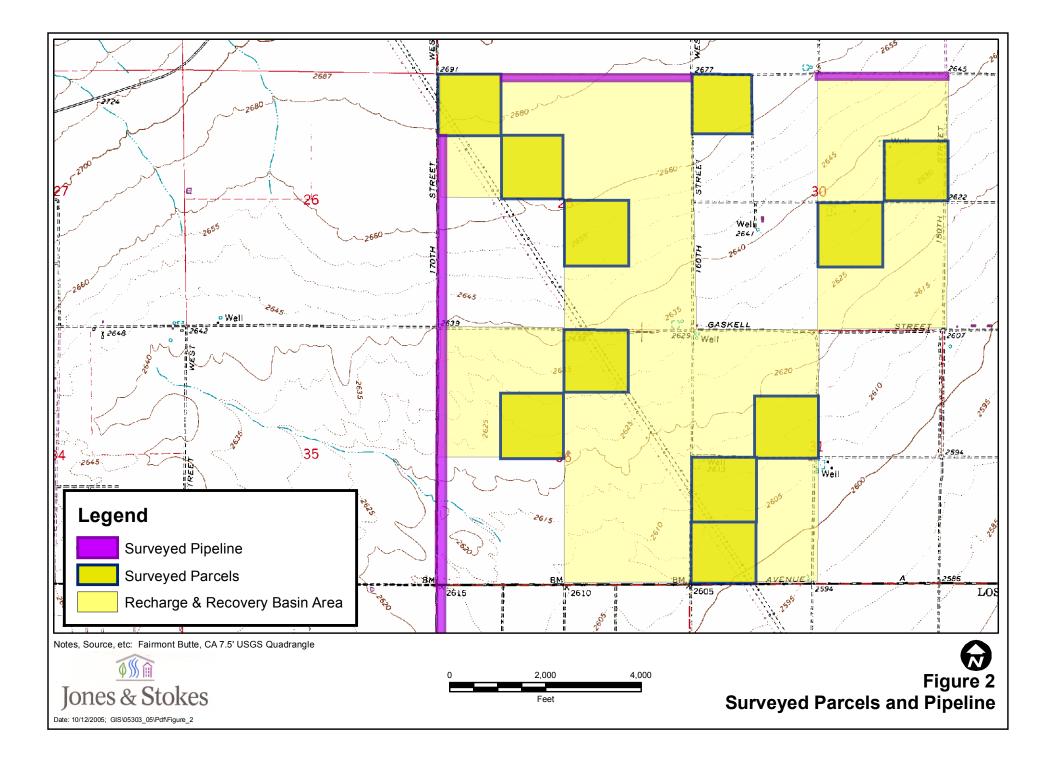
The pipeline right-of-way was surveyed for a distance of 5.5 miles onto the hillslopes south of the recharge basin area. This survey ended at Avenue F8, because of property access (Figures 3 and 4). Two transects were walked for this survey, on the east side of 170<sup>th</sup> Street, one at the edge of the shoulder and one in agricultural fields 15 meters farther east. Visibility ranged from very low to good. Areas of little visibility were located along the edge of fields that had been previously disturbed and were overgrown with grass and weedy disturbance vegetation. Areas along the pipeline where the ground surface was undisturbed had good visibility, in the range of 70 to 90 percent. No cultural resources were located.

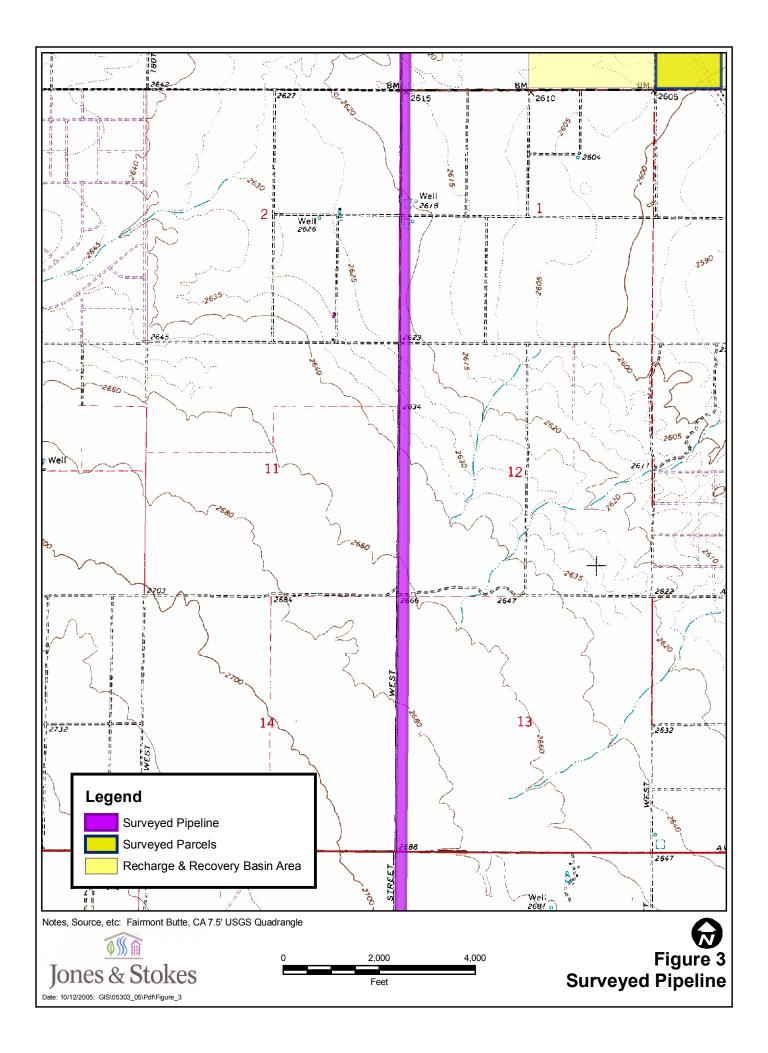
In many areas of the Project, such as the proposed well field and connecting collection pipelines, construction locations and details are not finalized. Therefore, no cultural resources survey has been done in these areas, and further survey will be required when construction locations are determined, as discussed in the mitigation measures below.

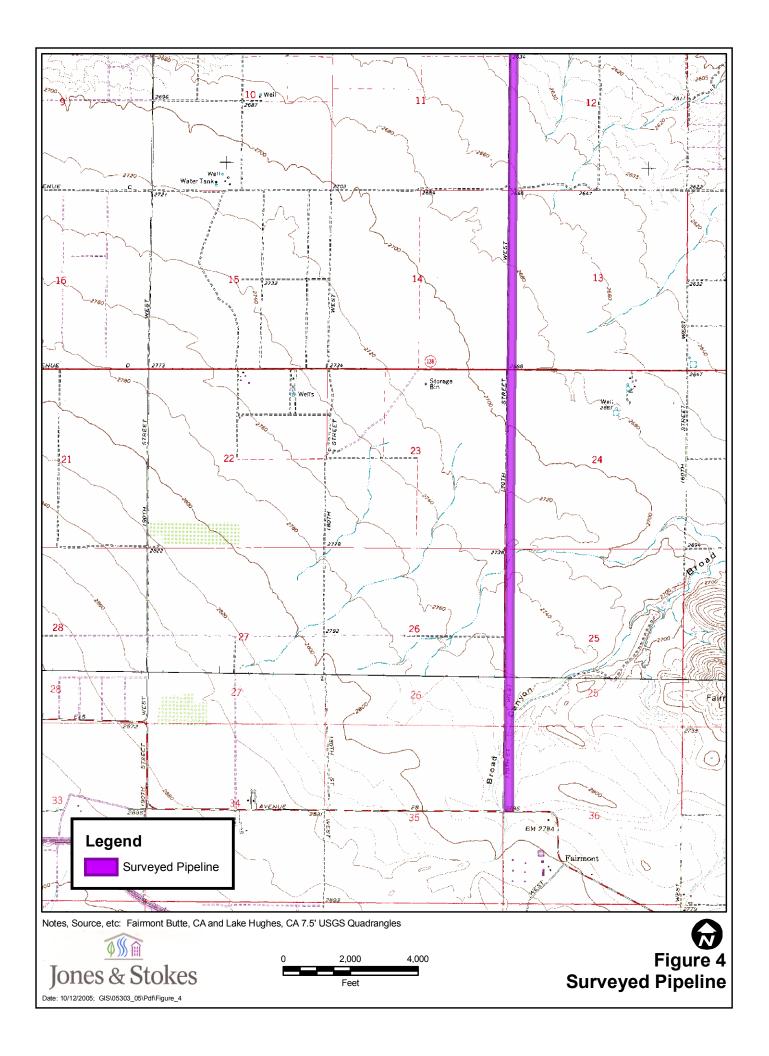
#### VI. RESULTS & RECOMMENDATIONS

The sample survey of the recharge and recovery basin area located no prehistoric or historic-era cultural resources. This result is expected given the desert conditions prevailing in this portion of the Project area and the lack of springs and other surface water. Survey along the accessible portions of the proposed connector pipeline also did not locate any cultural resources.

In areas that have not been surveyed, proposed Project construction locations and details are not finalized. Therefore no cultural resources survey has been done in these areas (i.e., the proposed well field and connecting collection pipelines).







### Recommendations

Sample surveys in the proposed recharge and recovery basin area located no cultural resources. Based on the setting of this area and its low potential for cultural resources, no further survey is recommended. In the unlikely possibility that prehistoric or historic cultural resources are discovered in this area during construction, all work shall be halted in the vicinity of the archaeological discovery until a qualified archaeologist can visit the site of discovery and assess the significance of the archaeological discovery. Further treatment may be required, including site recordation, excavation, site evaluation, and data recovery.

In the event of an accidental discovery of any human remains in a location other than a dedicated cemetery, the steps and procedures specified in Health and Safety Code 7050.5, State CEQA Guidelines 15064.5(e), and Public Resources Code 5097.98 shall be implemented.

In the surveyed portions of the proposed connector pipeline to the California Aqueduct, no sites were located. An archaeologist shall monitor all Project-related initial ground-disturbing activities along the proposed Phase 2 delivery pipeline alignment between Avenue A and Avenue D, because of the depth of disturbance associated with the pipeline and the fact that it crosses alluvial fans and near stream channels, areas likely to have a high potential for buried cultural resources. All discoveries shall be documented, and a report of findings prepared and submitted to the Los Angeles County Planning Department and the tribes identified by the Native American Heritage Commission for SB 18 consultation. Archaeological deposits shall be further evaluated for significance according to California Register criteria. Recovery of significant archaeological deposits shall occur using standard archaeological techniques, including but not limited to, manual or mechanical excavations, monitoring, soils testing, photography, mapping, or drawing to adequately recover the scientifically consequential information from and about the archaeological resource. An adequate sample of cultural materials shall be recovered. The applicant shall arrange for permanent curation of artifacts and documents in a repository consistent with the National Park Service guidelines for the curation of archaeological collections (36CFR79).

When construction details are confirmed as to well and pipeline locations, the remaining areas should be surveyed by a qualified archaeologist and supplemental survey reports prepared as needed. The report should include findings and recommendations, if any, for further work to ensure protection of any discoveries. If cultural resources are located, the Project component may be redesigned to avoid the resource, or the cultural resources treated as described above (i.e., assessed for significance by a qualified archaeologist); further treatment may include site recordation, excavation, site evaluation, and data recovery. All reports shall be submitted to the Kern County Planning Department, the Los Angeles County Planning Department, and the tribes identified by the Native American Heritage Commission for SB 18 consultation. All recommendations shall be incorporated into grading and construction plans.

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#### Acronyms

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### Appendix F Noise Tables

# Appendix F Introduction

Lynn Wall of Jones and Stokes Associates prepared the tables contained in this appendix using formulas and assumptions developed by the Federal Transportation Administration (FTA 1995). Assumptions regarding the sources of noise are based on the Project Description in Chapter 3 and additional construction and operations details provided by the applicant.

Ms. Wall has 11 years' experience in environmental assessments for air, noise, hazardous material, wastewater, and other environmental issues. She is experienced with noise assessments and noise abatement design projects for transportation projects and has conducted noise-monitoring programs to gather baseline data and to demonstrate post-startup compliance with noise ordinances. She has used a variety of predictive noise models, including TNM for highways.

### Table F-1 Noise Levels from Construction Operations

Construction Condition: Site grading	
Source 1: Grader - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	85
Source 2: Scraper - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	89
Average Height of Sources - Hs (ft) =	10
Average Height of Recevier - Hr (ft.) =	5
Ground Type (soft or hard) =	soft
Calculated Data:	
All Sources Combined - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	90
Effective Height (Hs+Hr)/2 =	7.5
Ground factor (G) =	0.62

Distance Between Source and Receiver (ft.)	Geometric Attenuation (dB)	Ground Effect Attenuation (dB)	Calculated Sound Level (dBA)	Calculated Ldn Value (dBA)
50	0	0	90	96
100	-6	-2	83	89
200	-12	-4	75	81
300	-16	-5	70	76
400	-18	-6	67	73
500	-20	-6	64	70
600	-22	-7	62	68
700	-23	-7	60	66
800	-24	-7	59	65
900	-25	-8	58	64
1000	-26	-8	56	62
1200	-28	-9	54	60
1400	-29	-9	53	59
1600	-30	-9	51	57
1800	-31	-10	50	56
2000	-32	-10	49	55
2200	-33	-10	47	53
2800	-35	-11	45	51

Calculations based on FTA 1995.

Note: This calculation does not include the effects, if any, of local shielding from walls, topography or other barriers which may reduce sound levels further.

#### Table F-2 Propane Powered Pump Noise Reference Calculations

Engine Rated Horsepower Fuel Type		466 Hp Propane	Correction Factor B (-3) from Table 7-16 Hoover and Keit
Overall Sound Power	Lw =	<b>114</b> dB	where Lw= 92+ 10 LOG(rated Horespower) +A +B+C+D
	Lp @50 ft=	82 dB at 50 Feet	equation 6-2 page 6-2 Hoover and Keith

### Table F-3 Noise Levels from Well Drilling Construction Operations

Construction Condition: Well Drilling	
Source 1: Well Drilling - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	85
	0
Average Height of Sources - Hs (ft) =	10
Average Height of Recevier - Hr (ft.) =	5
Ground Type (soft or hard) =	soft
Calculated Data:	
All Sources Combined - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	85
Effective Height (Hs+Hr)/2 =	7.5
Ground factor (G) =	0.62

Distance Between	Geometric	Ground Effect	Calculated Sound	Calculated Ldn
Source and		B) Attenuation (dB)	Level (dBA)	(dBA)
Receiver (ft.)	/	(42)	2010. (02/1)	(0.27.1)
50	0	0	85	91
100	-6	-2	77	83
200	-12	-4	69	75
300	-16	-5	65	71
400	-18	-6	61	67
500	-20	-6	59	65
600	-22	-7	57	63
700	-23	-7	55	61
800	-24	-7	53	59
900	-25	-8	52	58
1000	-26	-8	51	57
1200	-28	-9	49	55
1400	-29	-9	47	53
1600	-30	-9	46	52
1800	-31	-10	44	50
2000	-32	-10	43	49

Calculations based on FTA 1995.

Note: This calculation does not include the effects, if any, of local shielding from walls, topography or other barriers which may reduce sound levels further.

For continuous 24-hour operation Ldn is 6 dB greater than the one hour Leq value.

### Table F-4 Noise Levels from Well Pump Operations

Operating Condition: Propane Well pump- 466 Hp	
Source 1: Well Pump - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	82
	0
Average Height of Sources - Hs (ft) =	4
Average Height of Recevier - Hr (ft.) =	5
Ground Type (soft or hard) =	soft
Calculated Data:	
All Sources Combined - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	82
Effective Height (Hs+Hr)/2 =	4.5
Ground factor (G) =	0.66

Distance Between Source and Receiver (ft.)	Geometric Attenuation (dB	Ground Effect 3) Attenuation (dB)	Calculated Sound Level (dBA)	Calculated Ldn
50	0	0	82	88
100	-6	-2	74	80
200	-12	-4	66	72
300	-16	-5	61	67
400	-18	-6	58	64
500	-20	-7	55	61
600	-22	-7	53	59
700	-23	-8	52	58
800	-24	-8	50	56
900	-25	-8	49	55
1000	-26	-9	47	53
1200	-28	-9	45	51
1400	-29	-10	44	50
1600	-30	-10	42	48
1800	-31	-10	41	47
2000	-32	-11	39	45

Calculations based on FTA 1995.

Note: This calculation does not include the effects, if any, of local shielding from walls, topography or other barriers which may reduce sound levels further.

### Table F-5 Noise Levels from Lift Station Pump Operations

Operating Condition: Propane Lift Station pump 5041 Hp	
Source 1: Well Pump - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	92
	0
Average Height of Sources - Hs (ft) =	4
Average Height of Recevier - Hr (ft.) =	5
Ground Type (soft or hard) =	soft
Calculated Data:	
All Sources Combined - Sound level (dBA) at 50 feet =	92
Effective Height (Hs+Hr)/2 =	4.5
Ground factor (G) =	0.66

Distance Between Source and Receiver (ft.)	Geometric Attenuation (dB	Ground Effect ) Attenuation (dB)	Calculated Sound Level (dBA)	Calculated Ldn (dBA)
50	0	0	92	00
	•	•		98
100	-6	-2	84	90
200	-12	-4	76	82
300	-16	-5	71	77
400	-18	-6	68	74
500	-20	-7	65	71
600	-22	-7	63	69
700	-23	-8	62	68
800	-24	-8	60	66
900	-25	-8	59	65
1000	-26	-9	57	63
1200	-28	-9	55	61
1400	-29	-10	54	60
1600	-30	-10	52	58
1800	-31	-10	51	57
2000	-32	-11	49	55
2800	-35	-12	45	51

Calculations based on FTA 1995.

Note: This calculation does not include the effects, if any, of local shielding from walls, topography or other barriers which may reduce sound levels further.

For continuous 24-hour operation Ldn is 6 dB greater than the one hour Leq value.

#### Table F-6 Propane Powered Lift Station Pump Noise Reference Calculations

Engine Rated Horsepo	wer	5014 Hp	
Fuel Type		Propane	
Correction Factor B		(-3)	from Table 7-16 Hoover and Keith
Overall Sound Power	Lw =	<b>124</b> dB	where Lw= 92+ 10 LOG(rated Horespower) +A +B+C+D
	Lp @50 ft=	92 dB at 50 Feet	equation 6-2 page 6-2 Hoover and Keith

### Appendix G Environmental Data Report



### EDR DataMap<sup>TM</sup> Area Study

Antelope Valley Water Bank Project Kern/LA County, CA 93536

July 20, 2005

Inquiry number 01468999.1r

### The Standard in Environmental Risk Management Information

440 Wheelers Farms Road Milford, Connecticut 06460

#### Nationwide Customer Service

Telephone: 1-800-352-0050 Fax: 1-800-231-6802 Internet: www.edrnet.com

A search of available environmental records was conducted by Environmental Data Resources, Inc. (EDR).

#### TARGET PROPERTY INFORMATION

#### ADDRESS

KERN/LA COUNTY, CA KERN/LA COUNTY, CA

#### DATABASES WITH NO MAPPED SITES

No mapped sites were found in EDR's search of available ("reasonably ascertainable") government records within the requested search area for the following databases:

#### FEDERAL ASTM STANDARD

NPL	National Priority List
Proposed NPL	Proposed National Priority List Sites
CERCLIS	Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information
	System
CERC-NFRAP	CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned
CORRACTS	Corrective Action Report
RCRA-TSDF	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Information
RCRA-LQG	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Information
RCRA-SQG	Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Information
ERNS	Emergency Response Notification System

#### STATE ASTM STANDARD

Annual Workplan Sites
Calsites Database
California Hazardous Material Incident Report System
"Cortese" Hazardous Waste & Substances Sites List
Proposition 65 Records
Toxic Pits Cleanup Act Sites
Solid Waste Information System
Waste Management Unit Database
Geotracker's Leaking Underground Fuel Tank Report
Bond Expenditure Plan
Voluntary Cleanup Program Properties
Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land
Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land
- Facility Inventory Database

#### FEDERAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL

CONSENT	Superfund	(CERCLA)	) Consent Decrees
---------	-----------	----------	-------------------

ROD	Records Of Decision
	National Priority List Deletions
	Facility Index System/Facility Identification Initiative Program Summary Report
	Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System
	Material Licensing Tracking System
MINES	0 0 3
NPL Liens	
	PCB Activity Database System
UMTRA	
	Engineering Controls Sites List
ODI	0 0
	Formerly Used Defense Sites
	Department of Defense Sites
INDIAN RESERV	
	RCRA Administrative Action Tracking System
	Toxic Chemical Release Inventory System
	Toxic Substances Control Act
SSTS	
	_ FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, &
	Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act)
	Rodenicide Aciji i OCA (Toxic Oubstances Control Aciji

#### STATE OR LOCAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL

AST	Aboveground Petroleum Storage Tank Facilities
CLEANERS	Cleaner Facilities
CA WDS	Waste Discharge System
DEED	Deed Restriction Listing
NFE	Properties Needing Further Evaluation
SCH	School Property Evaluation Program
WIP	Well Investigation Program Case List
EMI	Emissions Inventory Data
REF	Unconfirmed Properties Referred to Another Agency
NFA	No Further Action Determination
SLIC	Statewide SLIC Cases

#### EDR PROPRIETARY HISTORICAL DATABASES

Coal Gas\_\_\_\_\_ Former Manufactured Gas (Coal Gas) Sites

#### **BROWNFIELDS DATABASES**

US BROWNFIELDS	A Listing of Brownfields Sites
US INST CONTROL	Sites with Institutional Controls
VCP	- Voluntary Cleanup Program Properties

#### SURROUNDING SITES: SEARCH RESULTS

Surrounding sites were identified.

Page numbers and map identification numbers refer to the EDR Radius Map report where detailed data on individual sites can be reviewed.

Sites listed in *bold italics* are in multiple databases.

Unmappable (orphan) sites are not considered in the foregoing analysis.

#### STATE ASTM STANDARD

**UST:** The Underground Storage Tank database contains registered USTs. USTs are regulated under Subtitle I of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). The data come from the State Water Resources Control Board's Hazardous Substance Storage Container Database.

A review of the UST list, as provided by EDR, and dated 04/12/2005 has revealed that there are 2 UST sites within the searched area.

Site	Address	Map ID	Page
WIL MAR FARMS	1747 100TH ST WEST	2	3
WEAVER RANCH	100TH W/GASKELL RD	3	3

HIST UST: Historical UST Registered Database.

A review of the HIST UST list, as provided by EDR, and dated 10/15/1990 has revealed that there is 1 HIST UST site within the searched area.

Site	Address	Map ID	Page
LANCASTER RANCHES INC	150TH ST WEST / GASKE	4	4

#### STATE OR LOCAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL

**HAZNET:** The data is extracted from the copies of hazardous waste manifests received each year by the DTSC. The annual volume of manifests is typically 700,000-1,000,000 annually, representing approximately 350,000-500,000 shipments. Data from non-California manifests & continuation sheets are not included at the present time. Data are from the manifests submitted without correction, and therefore many contain some invalid values for data elements such as generator ID, TSD ID, waste category, & disposal method. The source is the Department of Toxic Substance Control is the agency

A review of the HAZNET list, as provided by EDR, and dated 12/31/2002 has revealed that there is 1 HAZNET site within the searched area.

Site	Address	Map ID	Page
ORANIC CHOICE LTD	12622 HOLIDAY AVE	1	3

Please refer to the end of the findings report for unmapped orphan sites due to poor or inadequate address information.

#### MAP FINDINGS SUMMARY

	Database	Total Plotted
FEDERAL ASTM STANDARD		
	NPL Proposed NPL CERCLIS CERC-NFRAP CORRACTS RCRA TSD RCRA Lg. Quan. Gen. RCRA Sm. Quan. Gen. ERNS	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
STATE ASTM STANDARD		
	AWP Cal-Sites CHMIRS Cortese Notify 65 Toxic Pits State Landfill WMUDS/SWAT LUST CA Bond Exp. Plan UST VCP INDIAN UST INDIAN UST INDIAN LUST CA FID UST HIST UST	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0
FEDERAL ASTM SUPPLEME	NTAL	
	CONSENT ROD Delisted NPL FINDS HMIRS MLTS MINES NPL Liens PADS UMTRA US ENG CONTROLS ODI FUDS DOD INDIAN RESERV RAATS	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0

#### MAP FINDINGS SUMMARY

	Database	Total Plotted				
	TRIS TSCA SSTS FTTS	0 0 0 0				
STATE OR LOCAL ASTM	STATE OR LOCAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL					
EDR PROPRIETARY HIST	AST CLEANERS CA WDS DEED NFE SCH WIP EMI REF NFA SLIC HAZNET Los Angeles Co. HMS LA Co. Site Mitigation AOCONCERN	0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0				
	Coal Gas	0				
BROWNFIELDS DATABASES						
	US BROWNFIELDS US INST CONTROL VCP	0 0 0				

#### NOTES:

Sites may be listed in more than one database

Map ID Direction Distance Distance (ft.)Site

1

EDR ID Number

Database(s)

HAZNET

**EPA ID Number** 

S105092981

N/A

#### Coal Gas Site Search: No site was found in a search of Real Property Scan's ENVIROHAZ database.

**ORANIC CHOICE LTD** 12622 HOLIDAY AVE ROSAMOND, CA 93560 HAZNET: CAL000214978 Gepaid: TSD EPA ID: AZC980813022 Gen County: Kern Tsd County: 99 Tons: .0000 Waste Category: Waste oil and mixed oil Disposal Method: Recycler MIKE DUNCAN Contact: (661) 845-2296 Telephone: Mailing Address: 12000 MAIN ST LAMONT, CA 93241 County Kern WIL MAR FARMS 1747 100TH ST WEST ROSAMOND, CA 93560 UST Kern County: Owner Id: 550074 Owner Name: KECK, WILLIAM III Tank Num: 0 Tank Capacity: Not reported Compliant : Not reported APN : Not reported Active Facility : No Bakersfield City: No Common Name : Not reported Tank Do: Not reported WEAVER RANCH

UST U003993525 N/A

3

2

#### 100TH W/GASKELL RD ROSAMOND, CA 93560

UST Kern County:

Owner Id:	550062
Owner Name:	WEAVER, LESLIE
Tank Num:	0
Tank Capacity:	Not reported
Compliant :	Not reported
APN :	Not reported
Active Facility :	No
Bakersfield City :	No
Common Name :	Not reported
Tank Do:	Not reported

UST U003993484 N/A

EDR ID Number

Database(s) EPA ID Number

\_\_\_\_\_

4	LANCASTER RANCH 150TH ST WEST / G/ ROSAMOND, CA 935	ASKELL RD		HIST UST U001587134 N/A
	UST HIST:			
	Facility ID:	38704	Owner Name:	LANCASTER RANCHES INC
	Total Tanks:	2	Region:	STATE
	Owner Address:	8320 W AVE D LANCASTER, CA 93534		
	Tank Used for:	PRODUCT		
	Tank Num:	1	Container Num:	2
	Tank Capacity:	00001000	Year Installed:	1965
	Type of Fuel:	DIESEL	Tank Construction:	Not Reported
	Leak Detection:	Stock Inventor		
	Contact Name:	ROLLINS PET	Telephone:	(805) 942-6400
	Facility Type:	Other	Other Type:	RANCH
	Facility ID:	38704	Owner Name:	LANCASTER RANCHES INC
	Total Tanks:	2	Region:	STATE
	Owner Address:			
		LANCASTER, CA 93534		
	Tank Used for:	PRODUCT		
	Tank Num:	2	Container Num:	1
	Tank Capacity:	00001000	Year Installed:	1965
	Type of Fuel:	REGULAR	Tank Construction:	Not Reported
	Leak Detection:	Stock Inventor		
	Contact Name:	ROLLINS PET	Telephone:	(805) 942-6400
	Facility Type:	Other	Other Type:	RANCH

MAP FINDINGS

ORPHAN SUMMARY

City	EDR ID	Site Name	Site Address	Zip	Database(s)
LANCASTER	1007200748	OSO PUMPING PLANT	HWY 138 AND 300 ST WEST	93536	RCRA-SQG
LANCASTER	S106826009	ANTELOPE VALLEY COLLEGE	3041 W AV K	93536	EMI
LANCASTER	S105628525	MIDDLE SCHOOL #21 (PROPOSED)	AVENUE K-4/22ND STREET WEST	93536	SCH
LANCASTER	S105628537	AVENUE N SCHOOL	AVENUE N/35TH STREET WEST	93536	SCH
LANCASTER	S106895128	MIDDLE SCHOOL SITE NO. 24	AVENUE H-8/40TH STREET WEST	93536	SCH
LANCASTER	S106568248	RETIREMENT HOUSING FOUND., MAYFLOWER	6570 WEST AVENUE, L-12	93536	VCP
LANCASTER	S105087155	WASHINGTON MUTUAL BANK	805 LANCASTER AVE	93536	HAZNET
ROSAMOND	U003992540	JIM GOLTCHE PROPERTY	110 W 130 W ROSAMOND BLVD	93560	UST
ROSAMOND	U001587135	NORTHROP CORPORATION, ADVANCED	170TH STREET WEST, ROSAMOND BO	93560	HIST UST
ROSAMOND	1000483119	OSAGE INDUSTRIES, 60TH STREET WEST	60TH STREET WEST T9N,R13W,S10 SE CORNER	93560	Cal-Sites, AWP
ROSAMOND	1002850166	OSAGE INDUSTRIES	60TH WEST	93560	CERC-NFRAP
ROSAMOND	U001595283	PACIFIC BELL (SA-064)	W/S GLENDOWNER 279 N/O WILLOW	93560	HIST UST
ROSAMOND	U003993105	ROSAMOND AIRPORT	ROSAMOND AIRPORT	93560	UST
ROSAMOND	S100714218	SWEETSER ROAD UNAUTHORIZED DISPOSAL SITE	SWEETSER RD NEAR HWY 14 / FRONTAGE RD	93560	REF
ROSAMOND	S105964526	GRIMMWAY FARMS COMPOSTING -LANCASTER	TEHACHAPIWILLOWSP. RD. 1.5 S. BACKUS RD.	93560	SWF/LF
ROSAMOND	1003879424	AVENUE A	1/2 MI W OF W 10TH ST ALONG AVENUE A	93560	CERC-NFRAP
SANDBERG	1000250314	PACIFIC BELL	HWY 138 QUAIL LAKE 3 MILES NORTH OF	93532	RCRA-SQG, FINDS
TROPICO	S106079116	TROPICO BD	NW/4, SE/4, SEC 11, T9N, R13W	93560	SWF/LF

#### **GOVERNMENT RECORDS SEARCHED / DATA CURRENCY TRACKING**

To maintain currency of the following federal and state databases, EDR contacts the appropriate governmental agency on a monthly or quarterly basis, as required.

Elapsed ASTM days: Provides confirmation that this EDR report meets or exceeds the 90-day updating requirement of the ASTM standard.

#### FEDERAL ASTM STANDARD RECORDS

NPL: National Priority List

Source: EPA Telephone: N/A

National Priorities List (Superfund). The NPL is a subset of CERCLIS and identifies over 1,200 sites for priority cleanup under the Superfund Program. NPL sites may encompass relatively large areas. As such, EDR provides polygon coverage for over 1,000 NPL site boundaries produced by EPA's Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC) and regional EPA offices.

Date of Government Version: 04/28/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 05/16/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

#### **NPL Site Boundaries**

Sources:

EPA's Environmental Photographic Interpretation Center (EPIC) Telephone: 202-564-7333

EPA Region 1 Telephone 617-918-1143

**EPA Region 3** Telephone 215-814-5418

**EPA Region 4** Telephone 404-562-8033

Proposed NPL: Proposed National Priority List Sites

Source: EPA Telephone: N/A

> Date of Government Version: 04/27/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 05/16/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 05/04/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 12 Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/04/05

EPA Region 6 Telephone: 214-655-6659

**EPA Region 8** Telephone: 303-312-6774

> Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 05/04/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 12 Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/04/05

CERCLIS: Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Information System

Source: EPA

Telephone: 703-413-0223

CERCLIS contains data on potentially hazardous waste sites that have been reported to the USEPA by states, municipalities, private companies and private persons, pursuant to Section 103 of the Comprehensive Environmental Response, Compensation, and Liability Act (CERCLA). CERCLIS contains sites which are either proposed to or on the National Priorities List (NPL) and sites which are in the screening and assessment phase for possible inclusion on the NPL.

Date of Government Version: 02/15/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 04/06/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 03/22/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 15 Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/22/05

#### CERCLIS-NFRAP: CERCLIS No Further Remedial Action Planned

Source: EPA Telephone: 703-413-0223

As of February 1995, CERCLIS sites designated "No Further Remedial Action Planned" (NFRAP) have been removed from CERCLIS. NFRAP sites may be sites where, following an initial investigation, no contamination was found, contamination was removed quickly without the need for the site to be placed on the NPL, or the contamination was not serious enough to require Federal Superfund action or NPL consideration. EPA has removed approximately 25,000 NFRAP sites to lift the unintended barriers to the redevelopment of these properties and has archived them as historical records so EPA does not needlessly repeat the investigations in the future. This policy change is part of the EPA's Brownfields Redevelopment Program to help cities, states, private investors and affected citizens to promote economic redevelopment of unproductive urban sites.

Date of Government Version: 03/22/05 Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 04/01/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 04/06/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 5 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/01/05 **CORRACTS:** Corrective Action Report Source: EPA Telephone: 800-424-9346 CORRACTS identifies hazardous waste handlers with RCRA corrective action activity. Date of Government Version: 03/29/05 Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 04/11/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 05/16/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 35 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/07/05 RCRA: Resource Conservation and Recovery Act Information Source: EPA Telephone: 800-424-9346 RCRAInfo is EPA's comprehensive information system, providing access to data supporting the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA) of 1976 and the Hazardous and Solid Waste Amendments (HSWA) of 1984. RCRAInfo replaces the data recording and reporting abilities of the Resource Conservation and Recovery Information System (RCRIS). The database includes selective information on sites which generate, transport, store, treat and/or dispose of hazardous waste as defined by the Resource Conservation and Recovery Act (RCRA). Conditionally exempt small quantity generators (CESQGs) generate less than 100 kg of hazardous waste, or less than 1 kg of acutely hazardous waste per month. Small quantity generators (SQGs) generate between 100 kg and 1,000 kg of hazardous waste per month. Large quantity generators (LQGs) generate over 1,000 kilograms (kg) of hazardous waste, or over 1 kg of acutely hazardous waste per month. Transporters are individuals or entities that move hazardous waste from the generator off-site to a facility that can recycle, treat, store, or dispose of the waste. TSDFs treat, store, or dispose of the waste. Date of Government Version: 05/20/05 Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 05/24/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 06/09/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 16 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/24/05 ERNS: Emergency Response Notification System Source: National Response Center, United States Coast Guard Telephone: 202-260-2342 Emergency Response Notification System. ERNS records and stores information on reported releases of oil and hazardous substances. Date of Government Version: 12/31/04 Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 01/27/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 03/24/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 56 Database Release Frequency: Annually Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/25/05 FEDERAL ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL RECORDS BRS: Biennial Reporting System Source: EPA/NTIS Telephone: 800-424-9346 The Biennial Reporting System is a national system administered by the EPA that collects data on the generation and management of hazardous waste. BRS captures detailed data from two groups: Large Quantity Generators (LQG) and Treatment, Storage, and Disposal Facilities. Date of Government Version: 12/01/01 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/15/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/13/05 Database Release Frequency: Biennially CONSENT: Superfund (CERCLA) Consent Decrees Source: Department of Justice, Consent Decree Library **Telephone:** Varies Major legal settlements that establish responsibility and standards for cleanup at NPL (Superfund) sites. Released

periodically by United States District Courts after settlement by parties to litigation matters.

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Date of Government Version: 12/14/04 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/26/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/25/05
<ul> <li>ROD: Records Of Decision</li> <li>Source: EPA</li> <li>Telephone: 703-416-0223</li> <li>Record of Decision. ROD documents mandate a permanent remedy and health information to aid in the cleanup.</li> </ul>	y at an NPL (Superfund) site containing technical
Date of Government Version: 03/07/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/04/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
<ul> <li>DELISTED NPL: National Priority List Deletions</li> <li>Source: EPA</li> <li>Telephone: N/A</li> <li>The National Oil and Hazardous Substances Pollution Contingency</li> <li>EPA uses to delete sites from the NPL. In accordance with 40 CF</li> <li>NPL where no further response is appropriate.</li> </ul>	
Date of Government Version: 04/28/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/04/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/01/05
<ul> <li>FINDS: Facility Index System/Facility Identification Initiative Program Source: EPA</li> <li>Telephone: N/A</li> <li>Facility Index System. FINDS contains both facility information and detail. EDR includes the following FINDS databases in this report Information Retrieval System), DOCKET (Enforcement Docket us enforcement cases for all environmental statutes), FURS (Federa Docket System used to track criminal enforcement actions for all Information System), STATE (State Environmental Laws and State)</li> </ul>	'pointers' to other sources that contain more t: PCS (Permit Compliance System), AIRS (Aerometric sed to manage and track information on civil judicial al Underground Injection Control), C-DOCKET (Criminal environmental statutes), FFIS (Federal Facilities
Date of Government Version: 04/11/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/04/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
HMIRS: Hazardous Materials Information Reporting System Source: U.S. Department of Transportation Telephone: 202-366-4555 Hazardous Materials Incident Report System. HMIRS contains haza	ardous material spill incidents reported to DOT.
Date of Government Version: 12/31/04 Database Release Frequency: Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/19/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/18/05
<ul> <li>MLTS: Material Licensing Tracking System</li> <li>Source: Nuclear Regulatory Commission</li> <li>Telephone: 301-415-7169</li> <li>MLTS is maintained by the Nuclear Regulatory Commission and compossess or use radioactive materials and which are subject to NF EDR contacts the Agency on a quarterly basis.</li> </ul>	
Date of Government Version: 04/14/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/04/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
<ul> <li>MINES: Mines Master Index File</li> <li>Source: Department of Labor, Mine Safety and Health Administration</li> <li>Telephone: 303-231-5959</li> <li>Contains all mine identification numbers issued for mines active or or violation information.</li> </ul>	

Date of Government Version: 02/11/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/30/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/27/05
<ul> <li>NPL LIENS: Federal Superfund Liens</li> <li>Source: EPA</li> <li>Telephone: 202-564-4267</li> <li>Federal Superfund Liens. Under the authority granted the USEPA by t and Liability Act (CERCLA) of 1980, the USEPA has the authority to to recover remedial action expenditures or when the property owner USEPA compiles a listing of filed notices of Superfund Liens.</li> </ul>	o file liens against real property in order
Date of Government Version: 10/15/91 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/22/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/23/05
<ul> <li>PADS: PCB Activity Database System</li> <li>Source: EPA</li> <li>Telephone: 202-564-3887</li> <li>PCB Activity Database. PADS Identifies generators, transporters, com of PCB's who are required to notify the EPA of such activities.</li> </ul>	mercial storers and/or brokers and disposers
Date of Government Version: 03/30/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/10/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/08/05
DOD: Department of Defense Sites Source: USGS Telephone: 703-692-8801 This data set consists of federally owned or administered lands, admir have any area equal to or greater than 640 acres of the United Stat Date of Government Version: 10/01/03 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	
<ul> <li>UMTRA: Uranium Mill Tailings Sites</li> <li>Source: Department of Energy</li> <li>Telephone: 505-845-0011</li> <li>Uranium ore was mined by private companies for federal government shut down, large piles of the sand-like material (mill tailings) remain the ore. Levels of human exposure to radioactive materials from th were used as construction materials before the potential health haz 24 inactive uranium mill tailings sites in Oregon, Idaho, Wyoming, U South Dakota, Pennsylvania, and on Navajo and Hopi tribal lands, Energy.</li> </ul>	use in national defense programs. When the mills nafter uranium has been extracted from ne piles are low; however, in some cases tailings rards of the tailings were recognized. In 1978, Jtah, Colorado, New Mexico, Texas, North Dakota,
Date of Government Version: 12/29/04 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/22/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/20/05
<b>ODI:</b> Open Dump Inventory Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 800-424-9346 An open dump is defined as a disposal facility that does not comply w Subtitle D Criteria.	ith one or more of the Part 257 or Part 258
Date of Government Version: 06/30/85 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/23/95 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: N/A
<b>FUDS:</b> Formerly Used Defense Sites Source: U.S. Army Corps of Engineers Telephone: 202-528-4285 The listing includes locations of Formerly Used Defense Sites properti	

The listing includes locations of Formerly Used Defense Sites properties where the US Army Corps of Engineers

is actively working or will take necessary cleanup actions.

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	Date of Government Version: 12/31/03 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/04/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
-	DIAN RESERV: Indian Reservations Source: USGS Felephone: 202-208-3710 Fhis map layer portrays Indian administered lands of the United States that have a than 640 acres.	ny area equal to or greater
	Date of Government Version: 10/01/03 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/08/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/09/05
-	ENG CONTROLS: Engineering Controls Sites List Source: Environmental Protection Agency Felephone: 703-603-8867 A listing of sites with engineering controls in place. Engineering controls include va foundations, liners, and treatment methods to create pathway elimination for reg media or effect human health.	
	Date of Government Version: 01/10/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/04/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
-	ATS: RCRA Administrative Action Tracking System Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-4104 RCRA Administration Action Tracking System. RAATS contains records based on pertaining to major violators and includes administrative and civil actions brough actions after September 30, 1995, data entry in the RAATS database was disco the database for historical records. It was necessary to terminate RAATS becau made it impossible to continue to update the information contained in the database	It by the EPA. For administration ntinued. EPA will retain a copy of se a decrease in agency resources
	Date of Government Version: 04/17/95 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/07/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/06/05
-	<ul> <li>S: Toxic Chemical Release Inventory System</li> <li>Source: EPA</li> <li>Felephone: 202-566-0250</li> <li>Foxic Release Inventory System. TRIS identifies facilities which release toxic chem land in reportable quantities under SARA Title III Section 313.</li> </ul>	nicals to the air, water and
	Date of Government Version: 12/31/02 Database Release Frequency: Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/22/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/20/05
-	CA: Toxic Substances Control Act Source: EPA Telephone: 202-260-5521 Toxic Substances Control Act. TSCA identifies manufacturers and importers of che TSCA Chemical Substance Inventory list. It includes data on the production volu site.	
	Date of Government Version: 12/31/02 Database Release Frequency: Every 4 Years	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/05/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/06/05
5	<b>IS INSP:</b> FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, Source: EPA Felephone: 202-566-1667	& Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Contro
	Date of Government Version: 04/13/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/21/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/20/05

Act)

SSTS: Section 7 Tracking Systems Source: EPA Telephone: 202-564-4203 Section 7 of the Federal Insecticide, Fungicide and Rodenticide Act, as amended (92 Stat. 829) requires all registered pesticide-producing establishments to submit a report to the Environmental Protection Agency by March 1st each year. Each establishment must report the types and amounts of pesticides, active ingredients and devices being produced, and those having been produced and sold or distributed in the past year. Date of Government Version: 12/31/03 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/19/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/18/05 FTTS: FIFRA/ TSCA Tracking System - FIFRA (Federal Insecticide, Fungicide, & Rodenticide Act)/TSCA (Toxic Substances Control Act) Source: EPA/Office of Prevention, Pesticides and Toxic Substances Telephone: 202-566-1667 FTTS tracks administrative cases and pesticide enforcement actions and compliance activities related to FIFRA, TSCA and EPCRA (Emergency Planning and Community Right-to-Know Act). To maintain currency, EDR contacts the Agency on a quarterly basis. Date of Government Version: 04/13/05 Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/21/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/20/05 STATE OF CALIFORNIA ASTM STANDARD RECORDS AWP: Annual Workplan Sites Source: California Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 916-323-3400 Known Hazardous Waste Sites. California DTSC's Annual Workplan (AWP), formerly BEP, identifies known hazardous substance sites targeted for cleanup. Date of Government Version: 05/04/05 Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 06/01/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 06/29/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 28 Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually **CAL-SITES:** Calsites Database Source: Department of Toxic Substance Control Telephone: 916-323-3400 The Calsites database contains potential or confirmed hazardous substance release properties. In 1996, California EPA reevaluated and significantly reduced the number of sites in the Calsites database. Date of Government Version: 05/04/05 Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 06/01/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 06/29/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 28 Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly CHMIRS: California Hazardous Material Incident Report System Source: Office of Emergency Services Telephone: 916-845-8400 California Hazardous Material Incident Reporting System. CHMIRS contains information on reported hazardous material incidents (accidental releases or spills). Date of Government Version: 12/31/03 Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 05/18/04 Date Made Active at EDR: 06/25/04 Elapsed ASTM days: 38 Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/23/05 **Database Release Frequency: Varies** CORTESE: "Cortese" Hazardous Waste & Substances Sites List Source: CAL EPA/Office of Emergency Information Telephone: 916-323-9100 The sites for the list are designated by the State Water Resource Control Board (LUST), the Integrated Waste Board (SWF/LS), and the Department of Toxic Substances Control (Cal-Sites). This listing is no longer updated by the state agency.

Date of Government Version: 04/01/01 Date Made Active at EDR: 07/26/01 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 05/29/01 Elapsed ASTM days: 58 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/25/05
<ul> <li>NOTIFY 65: Proposition 65 Records</li> <li>Source: State Water Resources Control Board</li> <li>Telephone: 916-445-3846</li> <li>Proposition 65 Notification Records. NOTIFY 65 contains fac drinking water and thereby expose the public to a potential</li> </ul>	
Date of Government Version: 10/21/93 Date Made Active at EDR: 11/19/93 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 11/01/93 Elapsed ASTM days: 18 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/18/05
<ul> <li>TOXIC PITS: Toxic Pits Cleanup Act Sites</li> <li>Source: State Water Resources Control Board</li> <li>Telephone: 916-227-4364</li> <li>Toxic PITS Cleanup Act Sites. TOXIC PITS identifies sites su</li> <li>has not yet been completed.</li> </ul>	uspected of containing hazardous substances where cleanup
Date of Government Version: 07/01/95 Date Made Active at EDR: 09/26/95 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 08/30/95 Elapsed ASTM days: 27 Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/01/05
<ul> <li>SWF/LF (SWIS): Solid Waste Information System</li> <li>Source: Integrated Waste Management Board</li> <li>Telephone: 916-341-6320</li> <li>Active, Closed and Inactive Landfills. SWF/LF records typical</li> <li>facilities or landfills. These may be active or i nactive facilities</li> <li>4004 criteria for solid waste landfills or disposal sites.</li> </ul>	
Date of Government Version: 06/13/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 07/15/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 06/14/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 31 Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/14/05
of the following databases: Facility Information, Scheduled SWAT Program Information, SWAT Report Summary Info	by the State Water Resources Control Board staff and the ng and inventory of waste management units. WMUDS is composed Inspections Information, Waste Management Unit Information, rmation, SWAT Report Summary Data, Chapter 15 (formerly Subchapter A Program Information, RCRA Program Information, Closure
Date of Government Version: 04/01/00 Date Made Active at EDR: 05/10/00 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 04/10/00 Elapsed ASTM days: 30 Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/07/05
storage tank incidents. Not all states maintain these record	records contain an inventory of reported leaking underground ds, and the information stored varies by state.
	Data of Data Arrival at EDD: 05/40/05

Date of Government Version: 05/12/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 06/07/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 05/12/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 26 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/13/05

<ul> <li>LUST REG 1: Active Toxic Site Investigation</li> <li>Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board North Coast (1)</li> <li>Telephone: 707-576-2220</li> <li>Del Norte, Humboldt, Lake, Mendocino, Modoc, Siskiyou, Sonoma, Trinity counties</li> <li>please refer to the State Water Resources Control Board's LUST database.</li> </ul>	s. For more current information,
Date of Government Version: 02/01/01 Date Made Active at EDR: 03/29/01 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 02/28/01 Elapsed ASTM days: 29 Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/23/05
LUST REG 2: Fuel Leak List Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Francisco Bay Regi Telephone: 510-286-0457	on (2)
Date of Government Version: 09/30/04 Date Made Active at EDR: 11/19/04 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 10/20/04 Elapsed ASTM days: 30 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/11/05
LUST REG 3: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Database Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Coast Region (3 Telephone: 805-549-3147	)
Date of Government Version: 05/19/03 Date Made Active at EDR: 06/02/03 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 05/19/03 Elapsed ASTM days: 14 Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/14/05
LUST REG 4: Underground Storage Tank Leak List Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Los Angeles Region (4) Telephone: 213-576-6600 Los Angeles, Ventura counties. For more current information, please refer to the S Board's LUST database.	tate Water Resources Control
Date of Government Version: 09/07/04 Date Made Active at EDR: 10/12/04 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 09/07/04 Elapsed ASTM days: 35 Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/29/05
LUST REG 5: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Database Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Valley Region (5 Telephone: 916-464-3291	)
Date of Government Version: 04/01/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 05/06/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 04/28/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 8 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/19/05
LUST REG 6L: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Case Listing Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Lahontan Region (6) Telephone: 916-542-5424 For more current information, please refer to the State Water Resources Control B	oard's I I IST database
Date of Government Version: 09/09/03 Date Made Active at EDR: 10/07/03 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 09/10/03 Elapsed ASTM days: 27 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/12/05
LUST REG 6V: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Case Listing Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Victorville Branch Office Telephone: 760-346-7491	(6)
Date of Government Version: 06/07/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 06/29/05 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 06/07/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 22 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/15/05

LUST REG 7: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Case Listing Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Colorado River Basin Re Telephone: 760-346-7491	egion (7)
Date of Government Version: 02/26/04 Date Made Active at EDR: 03/24/04 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 02/26/04 Elapsed ASTM days: 27 Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/29/05
<ul> <li>LUST REG 8: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks</li> <li>Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Santa Ana Region (8)</li> <li>Telephone: 951-782-4130</li> <li>California Regional Water Quality Control Board Santa Ana Region (8). For more to the State Water Resources Control Board's LUST database.</li> </ul>	current information, please refer
Date of Government Version: 02/14/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 03/28/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 02/15/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 41 Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/08/05
<ul> <li>LUST REG 9: Leaking Underground Storage Tank Report</li> <li>Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region (9)</li> <li>Telephone: 858-467-2980</li> <li>Orange, Riverside, San Diego counties. For more current information, please refe</li> <li>Control Board's LUST database.</li> </ul>	er to the State Water Resources
Date of Government Version: 03/01/01 Date Made Active at EDR: 05/21/01 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 04/23/01 Elapsed ASTM days: 28 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/19/05
<ul> <li>CA BOND EXP. PLAN: Bond Expenditure Plan Source: Department of Health Services</li> <li>Telephone: 916-255-2118</li> <li>Department of Health Services developed a site-specific expenditure plan as the b Hazardous Substance Cleanup Bond Act funds. It is not updated.</li> </ul>	basis for an appropriation of
Date of Government Version: 01/01/89 Date Made Active at EDR: 08/02/94 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 07/27/94 Elapsed ASTM days: 6 Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/31/94
CA UST:	
UST: Active UST Facilities Source: SWRCB Contact: Los Angeles County Public Works, (626) 458-3511 Active UST facilities gathered from the local regulatory agencies	
Date of Government Version: 04/12/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 05/06/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 04/13/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 23 Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/13/05
<ul> <li>VCP: Voluntary Cleanup Program Properties</li> <li>Source: Department of Toxic Substances Control</li> <li>Telephone: 916-323-3400</li> <li>Contains low threat level properties with either confirmed or unconfirmed releases have request that DTSC oversee investigation and/or cleanup activities and have DTSC's costs.</li> </ul>	
Date of Government Version: 05/04/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 07/07/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 06/01/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 36 Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/01/05

INDIAN UST: Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land Source: EPA Region 9 Telephone: 415-972-3368	
Date of Government Version: 04/18/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 05/31/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 05/16/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 15 Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/16/05
INDIAN LUST: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land Source: Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 415-972-3372 LUSTs on Indian land in Arizona, California, New Mexico and Nevada	
Date of Government Version: 06/02/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 07/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 06/03/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 28 Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/25/05
INDIAN LUST: Leaking Underground Storage Tanks on Indian Land Source: EPA Region 10 Telephone: 206-553-2857 LUSTs on Indian land in Alaska, Idaho, Oregon and Washington.	
Date of Government Version: 06/14/05 Date Made Active at EDR: 07/15/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 06/14/05 Elapsed ASTM days: 31 Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/25/05
<ul> <li>CA FID UST: Facility Inventory Database</li> <li>Source: California Environmental Protection Agency</li> <li>Telephone: 916-341-5851</li> <li>The Facility Inventory Database (FID) contains a historical listing of a tank locations from the State Water Resource Control Board. Refer</li> </ul>	
Date of Government Version: 10/31/94 Date Made Active at EDR: 09/29/95 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 09/05/95 Elapsed ASTM days: 24 Date of Last EDR Contact: 12/28/98
HIST UST: Hazardous Substance Storage Container Database Source: State Water Resources Control Board Telephone: 916-341-5851 The Hazardous Substance Storage Container Database is a historical li source for current data.	isting of UST sites. Refer to local/county
Date of Government Version: 10/15/90 Date Made Active at EDR: 02/12/91 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Data Arrival at EDR: 01/25/91 Elapsed ASTM days: 18 Date of Last EDR Contact: 07/26/01
STATE OF CALIFORNIA ASTM SUPPLEMENTAL RECORDS	
<b>AST:</b> Aboveground Petroleum Storage Tank Facilities Source: State Water Resources Control Board Telephone: 916-341-5712 Registered Aboveground Storage Tanks.	
Date of Government Version: 02/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/24/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/02/05
CLEANERS: Cleaner Facilities Source: Department of Toxic Substance Control Telephone: 916-327-4498	the facilities with cortain SIC codes:

A list of drycleaner related facilities that have EPA ID numbers. These are facilities with certain SIC codes: power laundries, family and commercial; garment pressing and cleaner's agents; linen supply; coin-operated laundries and cleaning; drycleaning plants, except rugs; carpet and upholster cleaning; industrial launderers; laundry and garment services.

Date of Government Version: 04/18/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/15/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
<b>CA WDS:</b> Waste Discharge System Source: State Water Resources Control Board Telephone: 916-341-5227 Sites which have been issued waste discharge requirements.	
Date of Government Version: 03/21/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/22/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/20/05
<ul> <li>DEED: Deed Restriction Listing</li> <li>Source: Department of Toxic Substances Control</li> <li>Telephone: 916-323-3400</li> <li>Site Mitigation and Brownfields Reuse Program Facility Sites with Deed Restricti</li> <li>Program Facility Sites with Deed / Land Use Restriction. The DTSC Site Mitig</li> <li>(SMBRP) list includes sites cleaned up under the program's oversight and get or former hazardous waste facilities that required a hazardous waste facility prestrictions that are active. Some sites have multiple deed restrictions. The D'Program (HWMP) has developed a list of current or former hazardous waste facilities of the DTSC HUMP as a result of the presence of hazardous substances that re part of the facility) has been closed or cleaned up. The types of land use restriction, or a land use restriction that binds current and future owners.</li> </ul>	pation and Brownfields Reuse Program nerally does not include current ermit. The list represents deed TSC Hazardous Waste Management facilities that have a recorded land on this list were required by emain on site after the facility (or
Date of Government Version: 04/05/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/04/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
<ul> <li>NFA: No Further Action Determination</li> <li>Source: Department of Toxic Substances Control</li> <li>Telephone: 916-323-3400</li> <li>This category contains properties at which DTSC has made a clear determinatio</li> <li>a problem to the environment or to public health.</li> </ul>	n that the property does not pose
Date of Government Version: 05/04/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/01/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/29/05
<ul> <li>EMI: Emissions Inventory Data Source: California Air Resources Board Telephone: 916-322-2990</li> <li>Toxics and criteria pollutant emissions data collected by the ARB and local air po Date of Government Version: 12/31/02</li> </ul>	ollution agencies. Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/22/05
Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/18/05
<ul> <li>WIP: Well Investigation Program Case List</li> <li>Source: Los Angeles Water Quality Control Board</li> <li>Telephone: 213-576-6726</li> <li>Well Investigation Program case in the San Gabriel and San Fernando Valley are</li> </ul>	ea.
Date of Government Version: 04/26/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/25/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/25/05
<ul> <li>REF: Unconfirmed Properties Referred to Another Agency Source: Department of Toxic Substances Control Telephone: 916-323-3400</li> <li>This category contains properties where contamination has not been confirmed a requiring direct DTSC Site Mitigation Program action or oversight. Accordingly to another state or local regulatory agency.</li> </ul>	

Data of Coversment Version, 05/04/05	Data of Last EDD Costact: 06/01/05
Date of Government Version: 05/04/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/01/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/29/05
<ul> <li>SCH: School Property Evaluation Program</li> <li>Source: Department of Toxic Substances Control</li> <li>Telephone: 916-323-3400</li> <li>This category contains proposed and existing school sites that are being materials contamination. In some cases, these properties may be listed level of threat to public health and safety or the environment they post</li> </ul>	ed in the CalSites category depending on the
Date of Government Version: 05/04/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/01/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/29/05
<ul> <li>NFE: Properties Needing Further Evaluation Source: Department of Toxic Substances Control Telephone: 916-323-3400</li> <li>This category contains properties that are suspected of being contamina properties that need to be assessed using the PEA process. PEA in F currently conducting a PEA. PEA Required indicates properties where not currently underway.</li> </ul>	Progress indicates properties where DTSC is
Date of Government Version: 05/04/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/01/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/29/05
<ul> <li>SLIC: Statewide SLIC Cases</li> <li>Source: State Water Resources Control Board</li> <li>Contact: Los Angeles County Public Works, (626) 458-3511</li> <li>The Spills, Leaks, Investigations, and Cleanups (SLIC) listings includes and leaks, other than from underground storage tanks or other regular</li> </ul>	
Date of Government Version: 04/12/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/13/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/11/05
<ul> <li>SLIC REG 1: Active Toxic Site Investigations</li> <li>Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board, North Coast R Telephone: 707-576-2220</li> </ul>	Region (1)
Date of Government Version: 04/03/03 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/23/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/23/05
<ul> <li>SLIC REG 2: Spills, Leaks, Investigation &amp; Cleanup Cost Recovery Listing Source: Regional Water Quality Control Board San Francisco Bay Region Telephone: 510-286-0457</li> <li>Any contaminated site that impacts groundwater or has the potential to in</li> </ul>	on (2)
Date of Government Version: 09/30/04 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/11/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/11/05
<ul> <li>SLIC REG 3: Spills, Leaks, Investigation &amp; Cleanup Cost Recovery Listing Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Coast Telephone: 805-549-3147</li> <li>Any contaminated site that impacts groundwater or has the potential to in</li> </ul>	Region (3)
Date of Government Version: 05/16/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/16/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/15/05
<ul> <li>SLIC REG 4: Spills, Leaks, Investigation &amp; Cleanup Cost Recovery Listing Source: Region Water Quality Control Board Los Angeles Region (4) Telephone: 213-576-6600</li> <li>Any contaminated site that impacts groundwater or has the potential to in</li> </ul>	

Any contaminated site that impacts groundwater or has the potential to impact groundwater.

Date of Government Version: 11/17/04	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/25/05
Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/25/05
<ul> <li>SLIC REG 5: Spills, Leaks, Investigation &amp; Cleanup Cost Recovery Listing Source: Regional Water Quality Control Board Central Valley Region (5) Telephone: 916-464-3291</li> <li>Unregulated sites that impact groundwater or have the potential to impact groundwater</li> </ul>	indwater.
Date of Government Version: 04/01/05	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/05/05
Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
SLIC REG 6V: Spills, Leaks, Investigation & Cleanup Cost Recovery Listing Source: Regional Water Quality Control Board, Victorville Branch Telephone: 619-241-6583	
Date of Government Version: 05/24/05	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/18/05
Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
SLIC REG 6L: SLIC Sites Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board, Lahontan Region Telephone: 530-542-5574	
Date of Government Version: 09/07/04	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/07/05
Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/06/05
SLIC REG 7: SLIC List Source: California Regional Quality Control Board, Colorado River Basin Regi Telephone: 760-346-7491	on
Date of Government Version: 11/24/04	Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/22/05
Database Release Frequency: Varies	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/23/05
SLIC REG 8: Spills, Leaks, Investigation & Cleanup Cost Recovery Listing Source: California Region Water Quality Control Board Santa Ana Region (8) Telephone: 951-782-3298	
Date of Government Version: 07/01/04	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/06/05
Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05
SLIC REG 9: Spills, Leaks, Investigation & Cleanup Cost Recovery Listing Source: California Regional Water Quality Control Board San Diego Region (9 Telephone: 858-467-2980	))
Date of Government Version: 09/10/04	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/01/05
Database Release Frequency: Annually	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/30/05
<ul> <li>HAZNET: Facility and Manifest Data Source: California Environmental Protection Agency Telephone: 916-255-1136</li> <li>Facility and Manifest Data. The data is extracted from the copies of hazardous by the DTSC. The annual volume of manifests is typically 700,000 - 1,000,0 350,000 - 500,000 shipments. Data are from the manifests submitted withou some invalid values for data elements such as generator ID, TSD ID, waste</li> </ul>	00 annually, representing approximately it correction, and therefore many contain
Date of Government Version: 12/31/02	Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/17/05
Database Release Frequency: Annually	Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/09/05

# LOCAL RECORDS

## ALAMEDA COUNTY:

#### **Underground Tanks**

Source: Alameda County Environmental Health Services Telephone: 510-567-6700

Date of Government Version: 02/15/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

#### **Contaminated Sites**

Source: Alameda County Environmental Health Services Telephone: 510-567-6700

A listing of contaminated sites overseen by the Toxic Release Program (oil and groundwater contamination from chemical releases and spills) and the Leaking Underground Storage Tank Program (soil and ground water contamination from leaking petroleum USTs).

Date of Government Version: 05/25/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/25/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/25/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/25/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/25/05

## CONTRA COSTA COUNTY:

## Site List

Source: Contra Costa Health Services Department Telephone: 925-646-2286 List includes sites from the underground tank, hazardous waste generator and business plan/2185 programs.

Date of Government Version: 06/13/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/13/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/29/05

# FRESNO COUNTY:

## **CUPA Resources List**

Source: Dept. of Community Health Telephone: 559-445-3271 Certified Unified Program Agency. CUPA's are responsible for implementing a unified hazardous materials and hazardous waste management regulatory program. The agency provides oversight of businesses that deal with hazardous materials, operate underground storage tanks or aboveground storage tanks.

Date of Government Version: 03/31/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

KERN COUNTY:

# **Underground Storage Tank Sites & Tank Listing**

Source: Kern County Environment Health Services Department Telephone: 661-862-8700 Kern County Sites and Tanks Listing.

Date of Government Version: 05/10/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

LOS ANGELES COUNTY:

Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/19/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/09/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/02/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/05/05

#### List of Solid Waste Facilities

Source: La County Department of Public Works Telephone: 818-458-5185

Date of Government Version: 02/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies

## City of El Segundo Underground Storage Tank

Source: City of El Segundo Fire Department Telephone: 310-524-2236

Date of Government Version: 05/31/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

# City of Long Beach Underground Storage Tank

Source: City of Long Beach Fire Department Telephone: 562-570-2563

Date of Government Version: 03/28/03 Database Release Frequency: Annually

#### **City of Torrance Underground Storage Tank**

Source: City of Torrance Fire Department Telephone: 310-618-2973

Date of Government Version: 06/02/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

#### **City of Los Angeles Landfills**

Source: Engineering & Construction Division Telephone: 213-473-7869

Date of Government Version: 03/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies

## **HMS: Street Number List**

Source: Department of Public Works Telephone: 626-458-3517 Industrial Waste and Underground Storage Tank Sites.

Date of Government Version: 02/28/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

#### Site Mitigation List

Source: Community Health Services Telephone: 323-890-7806 Industrial sites that have had some sort of spill or complaint.

Date of Government Version: 05/25/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually

## San Gabriel Valley Areas of Concern

Source: EPA Region 9 Telephone: 415-972-3178 San Gabriel Valley areas where VOC contamination is at or above the MCL as designated by region 9 EPA office.

Date of Government Version: 12/31/98 Database Release Frequency: No Update Planned Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/16/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/16/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/15/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/23/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/23/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/31/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/15/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/13/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/14/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/16/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/16/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/15/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 07/06/99 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: N/A

#### MARIN COUNTY:

# **Underground Storage Tank Sites**

Source: Public Works Department Waste Management Telephone: 415-499-6647 Currently permitted USTs in Marin County.

Date of Government Version: 02/08/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

# NAPA COUNTY:

# Sites With Reported Contamination

Source: Napa County Department of Environmental Management Telephone: 707-253-4269

Date of Government Version: 03/29/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

#### **Closed and Operating Underground Storage Tank Sites**

Source: Napa County Department of Environmental Management Telephone: 707-253-4269

Date of Government Version: 03/29/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually

#### **ORANGE COUNTY:**

## List of Underground Storage Tank Cleanups

Source: Health Care Agency Telephone: 714-834-3446 Orange County Underground Storage Tank Cleanups (LUST).

Date of Government Version: 06/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

## List of Underground Storage Tank Facilities

Source: Health Care Agency Telephone: 714-834-3446 Orange County Underground Storage Tank Facilities (UST).

Date of Government Version: 06/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

## List of Industrial Site Cleanups

Source: Health Care Agency Telephone: 714-834-3446 Petroleum and non-petroleum spills.

Date of Government Version: 06/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually

## PLACER COUNTY:

## **Master List of Facilities**

Source: Placer County Health and Human Services Telephone: 530-889-7312 List includes aboveground tanks, underground tanks and cleanup sites. Date of Last EDR Contact: 01/31/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/02/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/28/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/27/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/28/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/27/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/10/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/05/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/10/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/05/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/10/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/05/05

Date of Government Version: 04/05/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

#### **RIVERSIDE COUNTY:**

#### Listing of Underground Tank Cleanup Sites

Source: Department of Public Health Telephone: 951-358-5055 Riverside County Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Sites (LUST).

Date of Government Version: 05/24/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

#### **Underground Storage Tank Tank List**

Source: Health Services Agency Telephone: 951-358-5055

Date of Government Version: 05/24/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

#### SACRAMENTO COUNTY:

#### CS - Contaminated Sites

Source: Sacramento County Environmental Management Telephone: 916-875-8406

Date of Government Version: 04/06/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

#### **ML - Regulatory Compliance Master List**

Source: Sacramento County Environmental Management Telephone: 916-875-8406 Any business that has hazardous materials on site - hazardous material storage sites, underground storage tanks, waste generators.

Date of Government Version: 03/29/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

# SAN BERNARDINO COUNTY:

### Hazardous Material Permits

Source: San Bernardino County Fire Department Hazardous Materials Division

Telephone: 909-387-3041

This listing includes underground storage tanks, medical waste handlers/generators, hazardous materials handlers, hazardous waste generators, and waste oil generators/handlers.

Date of Government Version: 03/25/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

# SAN DIEGO COUNTY:

#### Solid Waste Facilities

Source: Department of Health Services Telephone: 619-338-2209 San Diego County Solid Waste Facilities. Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/21/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/20/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/18/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/18/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/06/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/01/05

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/01/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 05/06/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/07/05

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/06/05

Date of Government Version: 08/01/00 Database Release Frequency: Varies

# Hazardous Materials Management Division Database

Source: Hazardous Materials Management Division

Telephone: 619-338-2268

The database includes: HE58 - This report contains the business name, site address, business phone number, establishment 'H' permit number, type of permit, and the business status. HE17 - In addition to providing the same information provided in the HE58 listing, HE17 provides inspection dates, violations received by the establishment, hazardous waste generated, the quantity, method of storage, treatment/disposal of waste and the hauler, and information on underground storage tanks. Unauthorized Release List - Includes a summary of environmental contamination cases in San Diego County (underground tank cases, non-tank cases, groundwater contamination, and soil contamination are included.)

Date of Government Version: 05/16/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

SAN FRANCISCO COUNTY:

#### **Local Oversite Facilities**

Source: Department Of Public Health San Francisco County Telephone: 415-252-3920

Date of Government Version: 06/07/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

#### **Underground Storage Tank Information**

Source: Department of Public Health Telephone: 415-252-3920

Date of Government Version: 06/07/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

### SAN MATEO COUNTY:

#### **Fuel Leak List**

Source: San Mateo County Environmental Health Services Division Telephone: 650-363-1921

Date of Government Version: 05/05/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

#### **Business Inventory**

Source: San Mateo County Environmental Health Services Division Telephone: 650-363-1921 List includes Hazardous Materials Business Plan, hazardous waste ger

List includes Hazardous Materials Business Plan, hazardous waste generators, and underground storage tanks.

Date of Government Version: 05/12/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually

#### SANTA CLARA COUNTY:

#### **Fuel Leak Site Activity Report**

Source: Santa Clara Valley Water District Telephone: 408-265-2600 Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/22/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/23/05

Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/22/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/05/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/05/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/05/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 09/05/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/11/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/11/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/11/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/11/05

Date of Government Version: 03/29/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

## **Hazardous Material Facilities**

Source: City of San Jose Fire Department Telephone: 408-277-4659

Date of Government Version: 01/14/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually

# SOLANO COUNTY:

#### Leaking Underground Storage Tanks

Source: Solano County Department of Environmental Management Telephone: 707-784-6770

Date of Government Version: 04/18/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

## Underground Storage Tanks

Source: Solano County Department of Environmental Management Telephone: 707-784-6770

Date of Government Version: 04/18/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

#### SONOMA COUNTY:

### Leaking Underground Storage Tank Sites

Source: Department of Health Services Telephone: 707-565-6565

Date of Government Version: 04/25/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly

### SUTTER COUNTY:

#### **Underground Storage Tanks**

Source: Sutter County Department of Agriculture Telephone: 530-822-7500

Date of Government Version: 01/29/04 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually

# VENTURA COUNTY:

#### Inventory of Illegal Abandoned and Inactive Sites

Source: Environmental Health Division Telephone: 805-654-2813 Ventura County Inventory of Closed, Illegal Abandoned, and Inactive Sites.

Date of Government Version: 08/01/04 Database Release Frequency: Annually

## Listing of Underground Tank Cleanup Sites

Source: Environmental Health Division Telephone: 805-654-2813 Ventura County Underground Storage Tank Cleanup Sites (LUST). Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/29/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/27/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/07/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/06/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/13/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/13/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/25/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/25/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 02/23/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 05/23/05

Date of Government Version: 03/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/13/05
Underground Tank Closed Sites List Source: Environmental Health Division Telephone: 805-654-2813 Ventura County Operating Underground Storage Tank Sites (UST)	)/Underground Tank Closed Sites List.
Date of Government Version: 03/30/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/15/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/11/05
<ul> <li>Business Plan, Hazardous Waste Producers, and Operating Und Source: Ventura County Environmental Health Division Telephone: 805-654-2813</li> <li>The BWT list indicates by site address whether the Environmental Producer (W), and/or Underground Tank (T) information.</li> </ul>	
Date of Government Version: 03/01/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly	Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/13/05
YOLO COUNTY:	
Underground Storage Tank Comprehensive Facility Report	

Source: Yolo County Department of Health Telephone: 530-666-8646

Date of Government Version: 04/19/05 Database Release Frequency: Annually

#### EDR PROPRIETARY HISTORICAL DATABASES

**Former Manufactured Gas (Coal Gas) Sites:** The existence and location of Coal Gas sites is provided exclusively to EDR by Real Property Scan, Inc. ©Copyright 1993 Real Property Scan, Inc. For a technical description of the types of hazards which may be found at such sites, contact your EDR customer service representative.

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# **BROWNFIELDS DATABASES**

VCP: Voluntary Cleanup Program Properties

Source: Department of Toxic Substances Control

Telephone: 916-323-3400

Contains low threat level properties with either confirmed or unconfirmed releases and the project proponents have request that DTSC oversee investigation and/or cleanup activities and have agreed to provide coverage for DTSC's costs.

Date of Government Version: 05/04/05 Database Release Frequency: Quarterly Date of Last EDR Contact: 06/01/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 08/29/05

Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/18/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/18/05

#### US BROWNFIELDS: A Listing of Brownfields Sites

Source: Environmental Protection Agency

Telephone: 202-566-2777

Included in the listing are brownfields properties addresses by Cooperative Agreement Recipients and brownfields properties addressed by Targeted Brownfields Assessments. Targeted Brownfields Assessments-EPA's Targeted Brownfields Assessments (TBA) program is designed to help states, tribes, and municipalities--especially those without EPA Brownfields Assessment Demonstration Pilots--minimize the uncertainties of contamination often associated with brownfields. Under the TBA program, EPA provides funding and/or technical assistance for environmental assessments at brownfields sites throughout the country. Targeted Brownfields Assessments supplement and work with other efforts under EPA's Brownfields Initiative to promote cleanup and redevelopment of brownfields. Cooperative Agreement Recipients-States, political subdivisions, territories, and Indian tribes become Brownfields Cleanup Revolving Loan Fund (BCRLF) cooperative agreement recipients when they enter into BCRLF cooperative agreements with the U.S. EPA. EPA selects BCRLF cooperative agreement recipients based on a proposal and application process. BCRLF cooperative agreement recipients must use EPA funds provided through BCRLF cooperative agreement for specified brownfields-related cleanup activities.

Date of Government Version: 01/10/05 Database Release Frequency: Semi-Annually Date of Last EDR Contact: 03/14/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 06/13/05

## US INST CONTROL: Sites with Institutional Controls

Source: Environmental Protection Agency

Telephone: 703-603-8867

A listing of sites with institutional controls in place. Institutional controls include administrative measures, such as groundwater use restrictions, construction restrictions, property use restrictions, and post remediation care requirements intended to prevent exposure to contaminants remaining on site. Deed restrictions are generally required as part of the institutional controls.

Date of Government Version: 01/10/05 Database Release Frequency: Varies Date of Last EDR Contact: 04/04/05 Date of Next Scheduled EDR Contact: 07/04/05

# **OTHER DATABASE(S)**

Depending on the geographic area covered by this report, the data provided in these specialty databases may or may not be complete. For example, the existence of wetlands information data in a specific report does not mean that all wetlands in the area covered by the report are included. Moreover, the absence of any reported wetlands information does not necessarily mean that wetlands do not exist in the area covered by the report.

**Sensitive Receptors:** There are individuals deemed sensitive receptors due to their fragile immune systems and special sensitivity to environmental discharges. These sensitive receptors typically include the elderly, the sick, and children. While the location of all sensitive receptors cannot be determined, EDR indicates those buildings and facilities - schools, daycares, hospitals, medical centers, and nursing homes - where individuals who are sensitive receptors are likely to be located.

#### AHA Hospitals:

Source: American Hospital Association, Inc. Telephone: 312-280-5991

The database includes a listing of hospitals based on the American Hospital Association's annual survey of hospitals.

#### Medical Centers: Provider of Services Listing

Source: Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services

Telephone: 410-786-3000

A listing of hospitals with Medicare provider number, produced by Centers of Medicare & Medicaid Services,

a federal agency within the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services.

Nursing Homes

Source: National Institutes of Health

Telephone: 301-594-6248

Information on Medicare and Medicaid certified nursing homes in the United States.

### Public Schools

Source: National Center for Education Statistics

Telephone: 202-502-7300

The National Center for Education Statistics' primary database on elementary

and secondary public education in the United States. It is a comprehensive, annual, national statistical database of all public elementary and secondary schools and school districts, which contains data that are comparable across all states.

#### **Private Schools**

Source: National Center for Education Statistics Telephone: 202-502-7300 The National Center for Education Statistics' primary database on private school locations in the United States. **Daycare Centers: Licensed Facilities** Source: Department of Social Services Telephone: 916-657-4041

**Flood Zone Data:** This data, available in select counties across the country, was obtained by EDR in 1999 from the Federal Emergency Management Agency (FEMA). Data depicts 100-year and 500-year flood zones as defined by FEMA.

**NWI:** National Wetlands Inventory. This data, available in select counties across the country, was obtained by EDR in 2002 from the U.S. Fish and Wildlife Service.

## STREET AND ADDRESS INFORMATION

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