BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2018

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

September 10, 2018

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bliss Joint School District No. 234 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Governmental Activities	Qualified Opinion
Each major fund	Unmodified Opinion
Aggregate remaining fund information	Unmodified Opinion

Basis for Qualified Opinion

Management has not adopted a methodology for reporting other postemployment benefits under the guidelines of GASB 75 in the government-wide statements and, accordingly, has not considered the need to record a liability for such benefits. Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that an adequate liability be provided for postemployment benefits, which would increase the liabilities and decrease fund balance and change the revenues in the government-wide statements. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, net position, and expenses of the government-wide statements is not reasonably determinable.

Qualified Opinion

In my opinion, except for the possible effects of the matter discussed in the "Basis for Qualified Opinion" paragraph, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the government-wide activities of Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Unmodified Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of June 30, 2018, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability, and schedule of employer's contribution on pages 36 through 46 be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Independent Auditor's Report Page Three

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated September 10, 2018, on my consideration of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2018

	Governmental Activities			ctivities
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Net Receivables Inventory	\$	68,328 767,188 86,328 9,486		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS			\$	931,330
NONCURRENT ASSETS Long-Term Receivables Investments - Restricted Non-depreciated Assets Capital Assets (net)	\$	3,810 284,958 12,000 1,308,833		
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS				1,609,601
TOTAL ASSETS				2,540,931
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Obligations TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	186,867		186,867
<u>LIABILITIES</u> <u>CURRENT LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interest Payable Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	\$	15,954 174,853 12,542 80,037		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES				283,386
<u>NONCURRENT LIABILITIES</u> Net Pension Liability Capital Lease Payable (net of current portion) Bond Payable (net of current portion)	\$	464,590 15,421 535,000		
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				1,015,011
TOTAL LIABILITIES				1,298,397

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Governmen			tal Activities		
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Pension Sources Deferred Amount on Net Bond Premium	\$	69,691 10,851			
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES				80,542	
NET POSITION					
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$	666,982			
Restricted for:					
Capital Projects		113,466			
Maintenance Match		18,333			
Debt Service		196,542			
Federal and State Programs		27,936			
Unrestricted		211,685			
			\$	1,348,859	
TOTAL NET POSITION					

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

		Program Revenues					
			Operating			Ca	pital
Primary Government		Cha	irges for	G	rants and	Gran	ts and
Functions/Programs	Expenses		ervices	Co	ntributions	Contri	butions
Governmental Activities:							
Instruction	\$ 1,060,722	\$	400	\$	358,359		
Support	168,493						
General Administrative	258,468						
Custodial/Maintenance	178,172				18,349		
Student Transportation	96,498				66,752		
Non-Instructional - Food Service	75,066		5,992		71,503		
Debt Service - Interest on Debt	29,741				2,936		
Total Governmental Activities	1,867,160		6,392		517,899	\$	0
Business-Type Activities None							
Total Business-Type Activities	0		0		0		0
Total Primary Government	\$ 1,867,160	\$	6,392	\$	517,899	\$	0

<u>General Revenue</u> Property Taxes State Formula Support Other State Support Local Revenue Earnings on Investments

Total General Revenue

Changes in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and				
	Changes in Net Position Primary Government	n		
Governmental	Business-Type			
Activities	Activities		Total	
\$ (701,963)		\$	(701,963)	
(168,493)			(168,493)	
(258,468)			(258,468)	
(159,823)			(159,823)	
(29,746)			(29,746)	
2,429			2,429	
(26,805)			(26,805)	
(1,342,869)			(1,342,869)	
0	<u>\$</u> 0		0	
(1,342,869)	0		(1,342,869)	
141,458			141,458	
1,241,768			1,241,768	
103,366			103,366	
76,772			76,772	
14,995			14,995	
1,578,359	0		1,578,359	
235,490	0		235,490	
1,113,369	0		1,113,369	
\$ 1,348,859	<u>\$0</u>	\$	1,348,859	

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS , IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

ASSETS	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted - Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted - Investments Property Taxes Receivable Due From Other Governments Other Local Receivables	\$ 767,188 18,333 975 43,193	\$ 13,157	\$
Interfund Receivables	7,651		700
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 837,340	\$ 13,157	\$ 195,842
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Payables	\$ 8,011 155,119	\$ 4,664	
TOTAL LIABILITIES	163,130	4,664	<u>\$0</u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows from Property Taxes	199		2,500
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	199	0	2,500
<u>FUND BALANCES</u> Restricted - Special Revenue Funds Restricted - Debt Service Restricted - Capital Projects Fund Restricted - Maintenance Match Unassigned - General Fund	18,333 655,678	8,493	193,342
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	674,011	8,493	193,342
TOTAL LIABILITIES ,DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	\$ 837,340	\$ 13,157	\$ 195,842

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

	Capital ects Fund	Gov	Other vernmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds	_
\$	99,975	\$	54,576	\$0 68,328 767,188 284,958	
Ψ	14,573		3,500	43,445 46,693 0 	
\$	114,548	\$	58,076	\$ 1,218,963	=
\$	18 532	\$	7,925 15,070 7,819	\$	_
	550		30,814	199,158	_
	1,111			3,810	_
	1,111		0	3,810	_
			27,262	35,755 193,342	
	112,887			112,887 18,333	
				655,678	-
	112,887		27,262	1,015,995	-
\$	114,548	\$	58,076	\$ 1,218,963	=

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS , IDAHO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
<u>REVENUES</u> Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest	\$ 7,997 26		\$ 87,907 312
State Foundation Support Other State Support/Grants Federal Revenue/Grants	1,476,852 121,715	\$ 71,503	2,936
Medicaid Reimbursement Other Local Revenue	5,076 74,146	5,992	
TOTAL REVENUES	1,685,812	77,495	91,155
EXPENDITURES Instruction Support General Administrative Custodial/Maintenance Student Transportation Non-Instructional - Food Service	912,693 123,920 267,029 153,830 82,878 1,045	74,021	
Capital Expenditures Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest & Costs			60,000 29,925
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,541,395	74,021	89,925
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	144,417	3,474	1,230
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings on Investments Proceeds from Capital Leases Operating Transfers In (Out)	11,869 (54,829)		1,500
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(42,960)	0	1,500
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	101,457	3,474	2,730
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	572,554	5,019	190,612
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 674,011	\$ 8,493	\$ 193,342

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$		\$ 140,780 483
		1,476,852
	\$ 83,163	207,814
	101,788	173,291
	0.000	5,076
	3,026	83,164
45,021	187,977	2,087,460
	140.002	4 052 200
	140,693 47,043	1,053,386 170,963
	17,040	267,029
27,168		180,998
		82,878
		75,066
44.000		0
14,602 1,342		74,602 31,267
1,042		51,207
43,112	187,736	1,936,189
1,909	241	151,271
75		13,444
/		0
70,135	(15,306)	0
70,210	(15,306)	13,444
72,119	(15,065)	164,715
40,768	42,327	851,280
\$ 112,887	\$ 27,262	\$ 1,015,995

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2018

Total Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 1,015,995
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:	
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balances, \$12,000 of non-depreciated assets plus \$2,994,487 net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,685,654 \$ 1,320,833	
Interest is recorded when paid for funds but is reported when payable in the current period for government wide statements. (12,542)	
Bond premiums are financial resources to fund statements but are reported as earned for government- wide reporting. Bond premiums of \$29,463 net of amortization of \$18,612. (10,851)	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds: - Bond (600,000) - Capital Lease (30,458)	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds. 3,810	
Amounts resulting from pension liabilities as a result of GASB 68 are not recorded in the fund statements: -Deferred Outflows Pension Obligations186,867-Deferred Inflows Pension Sources(69,691)-Net Pension Liability(464,590)	
Supplies purchased are reported as expenditures for fund reporting but are expensed as used for government-wide statements9,486	
Net Changes	332,864
Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 1,348,859

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Balances	\$ 164,715
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:	
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. - Depreciation \$ (66,170) - Capital Expenditures 0	
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	
Proceeds from bond premiums are listed as other financing sources in the funds but are reported as earned in the Statement of Activities 1,551	
Payments of bond and capital lease principal are considered as an expenditure for the funds statement but as a reduction of liability for the Statement of Activities. 74,602	
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds. 59,071	
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstand bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due. 1,526	
Net Changes	 70,775
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities	\$ 235,490

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Agency Funds	
<u>Assets</u> Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$	66,160
Total Assets	\$	66,160
<u>Liabilities</u> Due to Student Groups	\$	66,160
Total Liabilities	\$	66,160

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. INTRODUCTION

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of Bliss Joint School District No. 234 are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2018.

The District is governed by an elected Board of Trustees which possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Board is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits, and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance school system operations and construction. All operations controlled by the Board are included within these financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

B - REPORTING ENTITY

These financial statements present the District (the primary government) and any component units of the District. As defined by GASB No. 14, component units are legally separate entities that are included in the District's reporting entity because of the significance of their operating or financial relationships with the District. Based on this definition, the District has no component units.

The District was established in 1921 under the laws and regulations of the State of Idaho. Idaho Code 33-301 *School Districts Bodies Corporate* states that each school district, now or hereafter established, when validly organized and existing, is declared to be a body corporate and politic, and in its corporate capacity may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its establishment, extension and existence. It shall have authority to issue negotiable coupon bonds and incur such other debt, in the amounts and manner, as provided by law. Title 33 of Idaho statutes dictates the laws that the District must operate under. The District is governed by a Board of Trustees.

C - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District's federal grants, state grants, debt service, capital projects, plant facilities, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The District has no services classified as business-type activities.

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the Statement of Net Positions.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (local revenue, education foundation support, grants, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (instruction, support, administrative, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs. All interfund activity has been eliminated.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

D - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. *GASBS No. 34* sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District can electively add funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes only one Capital Project Fund and it is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of interest and principle on the general long-term debt of the District. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the District's judgment.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the District in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund maintained by the District is the student body account.

E - MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- 3. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- Accrual Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.
- 1. Modified Accrual The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

F - ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the District.

Investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 2.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods/services type transactions are classified as "due to/from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivable/payable ." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 7 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end. All interfund activity has been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activity.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, grants, and State foundation funding. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories

In the government-wide statements, materials, supplies and food commodities are carried in an inventory account at the lower of cost or market and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Inventories also include plant maintenance, operating, and instructional supplies. In the fund financial statements, inventory items are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to bond proceeds to be used for a capital construction project of the District and to state and federal grants. For expenditures that apply to both restricted and unrestricted resources, the District uses restricted funds first.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts and can represent a reservation of fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements. The District does not use encumbrance accounting. Therefore, there is no reservation of fund balance.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are decreases in net assets that relate to future periods and are reported in a separate section of its government-wide and governmental funds financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources from pension obligations affect the government-wide statements and no deferred outflows effect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s) and is because the District will not recognize the related revenues until a future event occurs. The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources and has only one type of item which occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred property taxes and grants are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The deferred outflows of resources reported in its government-wide financial statements is a deferred amount arising from the bond premium arising from when the bond was issued and pension sources. This deferred premium amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the bond as part of investment income.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. For fund financial statements, the District has maintained a \$500 limit before an item is recorded as a capital expenditure. The limits for the government-wide statements vary and are shown below.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets are not required to be valued and reported on the District's financial statements and the District has not elected to report them. Therefore, the value of any infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003, are not included in these statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation based on its capitalization amount. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization limits by type of asset are as follows:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

		Capitalization
<u>Description</u>	Life	Amount
Aggregate Cost of Library Books	3	\$5,000
Automobiles	5 - 10	\$5,000
Office and Light-weight Equipment	5 - 10	\$5,000
Heavy Equipment	7 - 20	\$10,000
Buildings and Improvements	40	\$15,000
Infrastructure	50	\$50,000

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Liability for Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accrue 5 days personal leave each year. At the end of the year, the employees are paid for all unused personal days. The days are paid at the rate paid to substitutes and is included in their June pay check. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been incurred or recorded at year end.

Vacation and sick days are not allowed to be carried over at the District level. Therefore, there is no liability associated with vacation or sick leave days.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are reported in the deferred inflows of resources section in the statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium of discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense;(expense offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value. This policy is due to GASB 75 which the District has not yet implemented.

Budget

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- 1. At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.
- 2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3. The board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

Equity Classifications (Net Position and Fund Balance)

Government-wide Financial Statements

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because they were not used. Net position on the Statement of Net Position include the following:

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - The component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position—Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Unrestricted net position—All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Trustees. Formal action is done by making and approving a motion of the Board.

Assigned Fund Balance - Includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. The Board delegates, in Policy 352.2, to the Superintendent or designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance - Includes the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. If the Board chooses not to adopt a policy addressing the order of spending, the default approach of reducing committed, then assigned, then unassigned fund balances will be used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of Idaho Code Sections 33-701 and 67-1210. Under Idaho Code, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposits provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States treasury bill rates.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

The classifications of risk associated with cash and investments are concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial credit risk. These are defined as:

Concentration of Credit Risk - The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The exposure to an unfavorable change in interest rates.

Credit Risk - The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District does not have formal investment policies to limit the concentration of credit risk or the interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2018, the District had a carrying value of cash deposits of \$134,488 and a bank balance of \$115,111. Of the total bank balance, all was insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Based on the above definitions, the District is subject to \$0 of concentration of credit risk.

Restricted cash is to be used as follows:	
State and Federal grants	\$ 67,733
Debt Service	595
Total	\$ 68,328

Fiduciary funds cash balance is \$66,160.

Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities and repurchase agreements. The carrying value of investments owned at year end was \$847,826 (Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool) which approximates market value. The Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool has no credit rating. \$8 is restricted for capital projects/construction and \$161,165 is restricted for debt service as a result of a bond levy passed by tax payers. There are no sinking fund or reserve funds required.

Investments by the District in the State Treasury Pool are specifically excluded from reporting for custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk by GASB 40.

Restricted investments are to be used as follows:	
Capital Projects	\$ 99,975
Facilities Maintenance Match	18,333
Debt Service	 166,650
Total	\$ 284,958

NOTE 3 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED TAX REVENUES

The District's property tax is levied each October on the value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the District. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every five years. The market value for the list of January 1, 2017, upon which the 2017 levy was based was \$90,970,930.

The tax rates assessed, per \$100 of valuation, for the year ended June 30, 2018, and maximum levy rates limited by Idaho Code Section 33-802 are as follows:

		Maximum
Туре	Rate	Rate
General	0.0000	Not Allowed
Tort	0.0078	No Limit
Debt Service	0.0989	Voter Approved
Plant Facility	0.0440	Voter Approved

At June 30, 2018, the components of taxes receivable are as follows:

Property Tax year	-	General Fund		Debt Service		Plant acilities	Total
2017	\$	895	\$	26,860	\$	14,100	\$ 41,855
2016		59		752		347	1,158
2015		21		285		126	 432
Total	\$	975	\$	27,897	\$	14,573	\$ 43,445

For fund financial statements, the recognition of revenue on taxes receivable shall not exceed 60 days collection after the June 30, 2018, year end. The collections for the 60 day period have been estimated based on prior years collection percentages. Property taxes uncollected by August 31, 2018, are deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue). The components of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Fund		Amount
General Fund	\$	199
Debt Service		2,500
Plant Facilities		1,111
Total	<u>\$</u>	3,810

For government-wide statements, an allowance for uncollectable taxes is calculated. However, historical information shows that the uncollectable amount is immaterial to these statements and no allowance will be recorded until it becomes a material amount. Also, the above deferred amounts are not included in the government-wide statements.

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives support from the State of Idaho through the School Foundation Program. All federal grants received by the District are passed through the State Department of Education. Amounts due from federal and state governments at June 30, 2018, are as follows:

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS (Continued)

Source - Description	General Fund		Special evenue	Total
State - Foundation	\$	43,193		\$ 43,193
State - Drivers Education			\$ 1,025	1,025
State - State Professional Technical		,	 2,475	 2,475
<u>Total</u>	\$	43,193	\$ 3,500	\$ 46,693

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

The District controls risk of loss by having adequate insurance coverage. The type and coverage amount is listed below:

Workers Compensation Insurance	Limited by State Law
General Liability	\$ 2,000,000
Building	10,000,000
Auto	3,000,000
Criminal Acts	500,000
Errors and Omissions	2,000,000
Chemical Spraying	500,000
Equipment Breakdown	5,000,000

The District believes that the above coverage is proper to protect the District from any losses.

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers and due to/from for the District for the year ended June 30, 2018, are summarized below:

	Receiving		
Purpose	Fund	Paying Fund	Amount
Transfers:			
To cover current expenditures	Capital Projects	General Fund	\$ 70,135
To cover current expenditures	General Fund	Special Revenue	\$ 15,306
Due To/From:			
To cover past over expenditures	Special Revenue	General Fund	\$ 7,651
To cover past over expenditures	Special Revenue	 Debt Service 	\$ 168
To cover past over expenditures	Capital Projects	Debt Service	\$ 532

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:

Instruction	\$ 48,744
Transportation	16,348
Non-Instructional	 1,078
Total	\$ 66,170

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2018, was as follows:

	Primary Government - Governmental Activities			
	Beginning Balance	Additions	Retirements	Ending Balance
Not being depreciated: Land	\$ 12,000			\$ 12,000
Subtotal	12,000	\$0	\$0	12,000
Other capital assets: Buildings and Improvements Library Heavy Equipment and Busses Equipment	2,267,418 328,222 293,966 65,930	38,951		2,306,369 328,222 293,966 65,930
Subtotal	2,955,536	38,951	0	2,994,487
Less accumulated depreciation for: Buildings and Improvements Library Heavy Equipment and Busses Equipment	(1,013,000) (326,388) (215,579) (64,517)	(46,586) (1,825) (16,348) (1,411)		(1,059,586) (328,213) (231,927) (65,928)
Subtotal	(1,541,417)	(66,170)	0	(1,685,654)
Net Other Capital Assets	1,414,119	(27,219)	0_	1,308,833
Net Capital Assets	\$ 1,426,119	\$ (27,219)	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 1,320,833

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation which would adversely affect the District. The District has received several federal/state grants for specific purposes that were subject to review and audit of compliance conditions of the programs. Some of these programs require unobligated amounts at September 30, 2018, to be returned. Since this amount is not capable of being measured at year end, no accrual has been recorded. The reports on internal accounting controls and compliance elements are contained on pages 57 to 60. This audit found no elements of non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the individual programs audited.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <u>www.persi.idaho.gov.</u>

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2017 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits	45,468
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	12,669
Active plan members	112,420
Total	170,557

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2015 it was 6.79% for general employees and 8.36% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.32% for general employees and 11.66% for police and firefighters of covered compensation. The District's employer contributions required and paid were \$113,915, \$103,860 and \$101,881 for the three years ended June 30, 2018, 2017, and 2016, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2018, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2016, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2017, the District's proportion was .0295573 percent,

For the year ended June 30, 2018, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$75,000. At June 30, 2018, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	64,360	\$	41,855
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		8,592		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		-		27,836
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions		-		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		113,915		-
Total	\$	186,867	\$	69,691

\$113,915 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2018.

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2016 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2014 is 4.9 and 5.5 for the measurement period June 30, 2016.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

\$ (25,257)
\$ 43,648
\$ 12,385
\$ (27,516)
\$ -
\$ -
\$ \$ \$ \$

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June30, 2017 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.25%
Salary increases including inflation	4.25 - 10.00%
Investment rate of return	7.10%, net of pension plan investment expenses
Cost of living adjustment	1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP – 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- Forward one year for female fire and police
- · Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2007 through June 30, 2013 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions other than mortality. Mortality and all economic assumptions were studied in 2014 for the period from July 1, 2009 through June 30, 2013. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2017 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2017.

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return expected for return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of January 1, 2016.

Capital Market Assumptions

	Expected	Expected	Strategic	Strategic
Asset Class:	Return	Risk	Normal	Ranges
Equities			70.00%	66% - 77%
Broad Domestic Equity	9.15%	19.00%	55.00%	50% - 65%
International	9.25%	20.20%	15.00%	10% - 20%
Fixed Income	3.05%	3.75%	30.00%	23% - 33%
Cash	2.25%	0.90%	0.00%	0% - 5%
			Expected	
	Expected	Expected	Real	Expected
Total Fund:	Return	Inflation	Return	Risk
Actuary	7.00%	3.25%	3.75%	N/A
Portfolio	6.58%	2.25%	4.33%	12.67%

Note: Expected arithmetic return net of fees and expenses.

Actuarial Assumptions:	
Assumed Inflation - Mean	3.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation	2.00%
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return	8.42%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return	7.50%
Assumed Investment Expenses	0.40%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of	
Investment Expenses	7.10%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.10%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.10 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.10 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.10 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.10%)	Current Discount Rate (7.10%)	1% Increase (8.10%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 1,079,803</u>	\$ 464,590	<u>\$ (46,668)</u>

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <u>www.persi.idaho.gov.</u>

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2018, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 10 - DEBT

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt obligations and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2018:

	Outstanding Amount Beginning Issued			 Retired	utstanding Amount Ending
Capital Lease - Thomas School Bus Bond Issue - Series 2005	\$ 45,060 660,000			\$ 14,602 60,000	\$ 30,458 600,000
<u>Total</u>	\$ 977,396	\$	0	\$ 74,602	\$ 630,458

Bond premium is being amortized over the life of the bond. Original amount of premium was \$31,014 with \$18,612 amortized to date. Current amount amortized was \$1,551.

NOTE 10 - DEBT (Continued)

The annual requirements to amortize the capital lease at 2.98% as of June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Principal		Ir	nterest		Total
2019	\$	15,037	\$	908	\$	15,945		
2020		15,421		524		15,945		
	¢	30,458	¢	1.432	\$	31,890		
	φ	30,430	φ	1,452	φ	31,090		

The annual requirements to amortize the bond issue at 4.36% as of June 30, 2018, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2019	\$	65,000	\$	27,500	\$ 92,500
2020		65,000		24,412	89,412
2021		70,000		21,325	91,325
2022		75,000		18,000	93,000
2023		75,000		14,625	89,625
2024		80,000		11,250	91,250
2025		85,000		7,650	92,650
2026		85,000		3,825	 88,825
Total	\$	600,000	\$	128,587	\$ 728,587

The capital leases have no special assessments made for funding of the leases. A special, voter approved, tax assessment is used to pay for the bond debt requirements. See Note 3 for the levy rate and other tax information concerning the debt funding assessment. Bond funds were to be used for the construction/remodel of the school building.

NOTE 11 - REQUIRED DISCLOSURE - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following nonmajor funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2018:

Title I-A Local Program	\$ (9,765)
Title II Improving Teacher Quality	(1,985)
REAP Program	(4)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	(7,248)
Title IV Student Support	(3,039)
State Drivers Education	(175)

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 12 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

The Bliss Joint School District No. 234 has not implemented Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 75. Statement 75 is an accounting and financial reporting provision requiring government employers to measure and report the liabilities associated with other postemployment benefits (OPEB) other than pensions. Reported OPEBs may include postretirement medical, dental, pharmacy, vision, life, long-term disability and long-term care benefits that are not associated with a pension plan. Typically an actuary (or actuaries) with both pension and health experience must perform the calculations following generally accepted actuarial methods. GASB 75 was instigated by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) in June, 2015, because of the growing concern over the potential magnitude of government employer obligations for postemployment benefits.

Plan Description

The District participates in a postretirement health insurance program administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). PERSI administers the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund which collects salary-based contributions for state and school employees while employed and pays insurance premiums at retirement based on a portion of the accumulated balance of their unused sick leave.

Funding Policy

Payment to the Fund is done monthly and is based on a percentage of salary. The percentage is determined by PERSI and reported and paid by the District on a monthly basis.

Annual OPEB Cost and Net OPEB Obligation

Any OPEB costs is due to the increase in annual premiums of current employees due to the retired employees being placed in the same pool for the determination of current year premiums. Due to the high cost of obtaining actuarial prepared information and the small benefit it would provide, the District has determined that the implementation of GASB 75 is not cost effective for the District. Therefore, the District has not reported the OPEB cost or the net OPEB obligation in the general fund. The amount by which this departure would affect the assets, fund balances, and revenues of the general fund is not reasonably determinable.

NOTE 13 - MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT

Under federal law, local educational agencies (LEAs) that receive Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B (IDEA-B) funds must maintain local or combined local and state expenditures in each subsequent year of funding. This requirement is called "maintenance of effort" (MOE). Below is the MOE for the District.

		For the year ended June 30,								
Account	2018			2017		2016		2015		
100-521XXX 100-522XXX 100-616XXX Medicaid Reimbursement	\$	39,876 0 10,194 (5,076)	\$	42,279	\$	42,277	\$	41,284		
Maintenance of Effort	\$	44,994	\$	42,279	\$	42,277	\$	41,284		

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 480,000	\$ 480,000	\$ 572,554	\$ 92,554	
<u>Resources (Inflows)</u> Local Revenue					
Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest	10,899	10,899	7,997 26	(2,902) 26	
Earnings on Investments	4,500	4,500	11,869	7,369	
Other Local Revenue	6,635	6,635	74,146	67,511	
Total Local Revenue	22,034	22,034	94,038	72,004	
<u>State Revenue</u> Base Support Program	1,222,024	1,222,024	1,241,768	19,744	
Transportation Support Benefit Apportionment	67,000 165,578	67,000 165,578	66,752 168,332	(248) 2,754	
Other State Support	113,981	113,981	121,715	7,734	
Medicaid Reimbursement	25,200	25,200	5,076	(20,124)	
Total State Revenue	1,593,783	1,593,783	1,603,643	9,860	
<u>Federal Revenue</u> Indirect Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Total Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0	
Transfers From Other Funds	0	0	0	0	
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,095,817	2,095,817	2,270,235	174,418	
<u>Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)</u> <u>Instructional</u> Elementary School Program					
Salaries	357,131	357,131	343,045	14,086	
Benefits	111,001	111,001	96,555	14,446	
Purchased Services Supplies	36,000 13,633	36,000 13,633	118 10,437	35,882 3,196	
Total Elementary School Program	517,765	517,765	450,155	67,610	

Continued

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Secondary School Program				
Salaries	\$ 271,141	\$ 271,141	\$ 292,959	\$ (21,818)
Benefits	92,495	92,495	92,950	(455)
Purchased Services	200	200	1,025	(825)
Supplies	5,893	5,893	8,397	(2,504)
Total Secondary School Program	369,729	369,729	395,331	(25,602)
Exceptional Child Program				
Salaries	29,250	29,250	29,249	1
Benefits	10,725	10,725	10,604	121
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Supplies	100	100	24	76
Total Exceptional Child Program	40,075	40,075	39,877	198
Gifted & Talented				
Purchased Services	3,000	3,000	0	3,000
Total Gifted & Talented	3,000	3,000	0	3,000
Interscholastic				
Salaries	16,500	16,500	18,175	(1,675)
Benefits	3,404	3,404	2,625	779
Purchased Services	3,100	3,100	2,021	1,079
Supplies	2,000	2,000	4,166	(2,166)
Capital Expenditures	800	800	0	800
Total Interscholastic	25,804	25,804	26,987	(1,183)
School Activity				
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Supplies	1,200	1,200	343	857
Total School Activity	1,200	1,200	343	857
Total Instructional	957,573	957,573	912,693	44,880

		Budgete	ed Amou		A (B Ba	Actual mounts udgetary sis) (See	Fina Fi	iance With al Budget - avorable
	C	Driginal		Final		Note 1)	(Un	favorable)
<u>Support</u> <u>Guidance</u> Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies	\$	18,800 8,796 7,830 485	\$	18,800 8,796 7,830 485	\$	41,623 14,411 1,003 652	\$	(22,823) (5,615) 6,827 (167)
<u>Total Guidance</u>		35,911		35,911		57,689		(21,778)
<u>Special Services</u> Purchased Services		8,300		8,300		10,194		(1,894)
Total Special Services		8,300		8,300		10,194		(1,894)
Instruction Improvement Program Purchased Services Supplies		15,000 19,000		15,000 19,000		16,111 15,538		(1,111) 3,462
Total Instruction Improvement Program		34,000		34,000		31,649		2,351
<u>Educational Media Program</u> Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies		2,911 2,161 700 750		2,911 2,161 700 750		2,911 2,146 700 251		0 15 0 499
Total Educational Media Program		6,522		6,522		6,008		514
Instructional Technology Program Purchased Services Supplies		16,813 0		16,813 0		18,113 267		(1,300) (267)
Total Instructional Technology Program		16,813		16,813		18,380		(1,567)
Total Support		101,546		101,546		123,920		(22,374)

	Budgete	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
<u>General Administrative</u> Board of Education				
Benefits	\$ 1,175	\$ 1,175	\$ 770	\$ 405
Purchased Services	11,300	φ 1,173 11,300	9,327	φ 400 1,973
Supplies	500	500	487	13
Insurance	5,100	5,100	5,100	0
Total Board of Education	18,075	18,075	15,684	2,391
District Administration				
Salaries	104,055	104,055	104,056	(1)
Benefits	39,588	39,588	35,360	4,228
Purchased Services	1,930	1,930	2,423	(493)
Supplies	100	100	0	100
Total District Administration	145,673	145,673	141,839	3,834
School Administration				
Salaries	20,968	20,968	20,972	(4)
Benefits	10,393	10,393	11,020	(627)
Purchased Services	2,100	2,100	1,419	681
Supplies	4,200	4,200	4,219	(19)
Total School Administration	37,661	37,661	37,630	31
Business Operations				
Salaries	51,402	51,402	51,461	(59)
Benefits	17,285	17,285	16,537	748
Purchased Services	4,374	4,374	3,309	1,065
Supplies	500	500	569	(69)
Capital Expenditure	0	0	0_	0
Total Business Operations	73,561	73,561	71,876	1,685
Total General Administrative	274,970	274,970	267,029	7,941

		ted Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)
<u>Custodial / Maintenance</u> <u>Custodians</u>				
Salaries	\$ 27,634	\$ 27,634	\$ 28,346	\$ (712)
Benefits	25,242	25,242	14,062	11,180
Purchased Services	65,591	65,591	61,159	4,432
Supplies	6,500	6,500	6,255	245
Liability Insurance	7,700	7,700	7,666	34
Total Custodians	132,667	132,667	117,488	15,179
Non-student Maintenance				
Salaries	8,247	8,247	5,747	2,500
Benefits	2,613	2,613	2,279	334
Total Non-student Maintenance	10,860	10,860	8,026	2,834
Maintenance				
Salaries	17,242	17,242	17,241	1
Benefits	10,114	10,114	9,837	277
Purchased Services	500	500	0,007	500
Supplies	0	0	2	(2)
Total Non-student Maintenance	27,856	27,856	27,080	776
Total Non-Student Maintenance	27,000	21,000	21,000	
Maintenance - Grounds				
Purchased Services	0	0	296	(296)
Supplies	400	400	940	(540)
Total NonMaintenance - Grounds	400	400	1,236	(836)
Total Custodial / Maintenance	171,783	171,783	153,830	17,953
Student Transportation School Transportation				
Salaries	40,733	40,733	42,350	(1,617)
Benefits	23,556	23,556	18,232	5,324
Purchased Services	17,100	17,100	8,997	8,103
Supplies	16,600	16,600	9,668	6,932
Insurance	500	500		500
Total School Transportation	98,489	98,489	79,247	19,242

Continued

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)	
<u>Activity Transportation</u> Salaries Benefits Supplies	\$	\$ 3,260 300 1,000	\$ 2,935 0 696	\$ 325 300 304	
Total Activity Transportation Total Transportation	4,560	4,560	<u>3,631</u> 82,878	<u>929</u> 20,171	
<u>Non-Instructional</u> Benefits	1,600	1,600	1,045	555	
Total Non-Instructional	1,600	1,600	1,045	555	
Interfund Transfers	12,296	12,296	54,829	(42,533)	
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,622,817	1,622,817	1,596,224	26,593	
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 473,000	\$ 473,000	\$ 674,011	\$ 201,011	

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Dudastary Fund Dalance - Deninging	¢ 4.000	¢ 4.000	¢ 5.040	¢ 0.707
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 1,222	\$ 1,222	\$ 5,019	\$ 3,797
<u>Resources (Inflows)</u> Local Revenue				
Children Meal Sales	5,900	5,900	5,054	(846)
Adult Meal Sales	1,700	1,700	938	(762)
Other Local Revenue	0	0	0	0
Total Local Revenue	7,600	7,600	5,992	(1,608)
Federal Revenue				
Child Nutrition Reimbursement	58,400	58,400	71,503	13,103
Total Federal Revenue	58,400	58,400	71,503	13,103
Amounts Available for Appropriations	67,222	67,222	82,514	15,292
<u>Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)</u> <u>Non-Instructional</u>				
Salaries	21,078	21,078	19,593	1,485
Benefits	9,807	9,807	9,404	403
Purchased Services	381	381	245	136
Supplies	40,344	40,344	44,779	(4,435)
Total Non-Instructional	71,610	71,610	74,021	(2,411)
Total Charges to Appropriations	71,610	71,610	74,021	(2,411)
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ (4,388)	\$ (4,388)	\$ 8,493	\$ 12,881

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY <u>PERSI - BASE PLAN</u> LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	Employer's portion of net pension liability	pro sha	mployer's oportionate re of the net ision liability	 Employer's covered- employee payroll	Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered- employee payroll	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the total pension liability
2017	0.0295573%	\$	464,590	\$ 1,006,317	46.17%	90.68%
2017	0.0307727%	\$	623,810	\$ 917,493	67.99%	87.26%
2016	0.0313015%	\$	412,190	\$ 900,008	45.80%	91.38%
2015	0.0314911%	\$	231,824	\$ 966,486	23.99%	94.95%
2014	*		*	*	*	*
2013	*		*	*	*	*
2012	*		*	*	*	*
2011	*		*	*	*	*
2010	*		*	*	*	*
2009	*		*	*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2017

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	5	Statutorily required	rela	atributions in ation to the statutorily required patribution	ontribution leficiency) excess	Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll
2018	\$	113,915	\$	113,915	\$ -	\$ 1,006,317	11.32%
2017	\$	103,860	\$	103,860	\$ -	\$ 917,493	11.32%
2016	\$	101,881	\$	101,881	\$ -	\$ 900,008	11.32%
2015	\$	109,447	\$	109,447	\$ -	\$ 966,486	11.32%
2014		*		*	*	*	*
2013		*		*	*	*	*
2012		*		*	*	*	*
2011		*		*	*	*	*
2010		*		*	*	*	*
2009		*		*	*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2018

* GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 1 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET TO GAAP

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and revenues and expenditures determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America follows:

	General Fund	Food Service
<u>Sources/Inflows of Resources</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 2,270,235	\$ 82,514
<u>Differences - Budget to GAAP</u> The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(572,554)	(5,019)
Earnings from investments are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(11,869)	0_
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,685,812</u>	<u>\$ 77,495</u>
<u>Uses/Outflows of Resources</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 1,596,224	\$ 74,021
Differences - Budget to GAAP Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting	(54,829)	0
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,541,395</u>	<u>\$ 74,021</u>

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2018

NOTE 2 - REQUIRED FUND DISCLOSURE

The following funds had excess actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures:

Fund	 Budget		Actual	0	Overage	
Food Service	\$ 71,610	\$	74,021	\$	(2,411)	

NOTE 3 - BUDGETING PROCEDURES

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

1. At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.

2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.

3. he board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.

4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

NOTE 4 - PENSION DISCLOSURES

The following information is required to be disclosed as it relates to the pension:

- Changes of benefit terms: None
- Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit terms: None
- Changes of assumptions: None

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Driv Educ		Prof	State essional chnical	Te	Basic chnology Grant	itle I-A Local rogram
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments	\$	1,025	\$	2,979 2,475	\$	44,541	
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	1,025	\$	5,454	\$	44,541	\$ 0
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	1,200	\$	3,109 929 4,038	\$	413	\$ 2,746 7,019 9,765
FUND BALANCES Unreserved TOTAL FUND BALANCES		<u>(175)</u> (175)		<u>1,416</u> 1,416		<u>44,128</u> 44,128	 (9,765) (9,765)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	1,025	\$	5,454	\$	44,541	\$ 0

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	S	Fitle IV Student Support	Ed G Stat	Special ucation - rants to es (IDEA, Part B)	Educ Pres (II	ecial cation - school DEA chool)	REAF	^o Grant
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments								
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	1,281 786 972 3,039	\$	2,421 4,827 7,248	\$	0	\$	4
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(3,039)		(7,248)		0		(4)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(3,039)		(7,248)		0		(4)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Т	proving eacher Quality	ate Drug Free	ssional opment	 Total
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments			\$ 7,056		\$ 54,576 0 3,500
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$ 7,056	\$ 0	\$ 58,076
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	662 1,323 1,985	\$ 3,122 3,122	\$ 0	\$ 7,925 7,819 15,070 30,814
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(1,985)	 3,934	 0	 27,262
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(1,985)	 3,934	 0	 27,262
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$ 7,056	\$ 0	\$ 58,076

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Driver's Education	State Professional Technical	Basic Technology Grant	Title I-A Local Program
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State Federal	\$	\$ 2,626 30,795	\$ 48,232	<u>\$ 44,401</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	900	33,421	48,232	44,401
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	1,200	32,251	46,549	45,629
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,200	32,251	46,549	45,629
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(300)	1,170	1,683	(1,228)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0_	0_	0_	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(300)	1,170	1,683	(1,228)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	125	246	42,445	(8,537)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ (175)</u>	\$ 1,416	\$ 44,128	\$ (9,765)

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Title IV Student Support	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	Special Education - Preschool (IDEA Preschool)	REAP Grant
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State				
Federal	\$ 7,746	\$ 31,122	\$ 34	\$ 7,510
TOTAL REVENUES	7,746	31,122	34	7,510
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	10,785	32,042	25	7,511
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	10,785	32,042	25	7,511
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,039)	(920)	99	(1)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0_	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,039)	(920)	9	(1)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	0	(6,328)	(9)	(3)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$ (3,039)</u>	\$ (7,248)	<u>\$0</u>	\$ (4)

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - NONMAJOR SPECIAL REVENUE FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Improving Teacher Quality	State Drug Free	Professional Development	Total
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State Federal <u>TOTAL REVENUES</u>	<u>\$ 10,975</u> 10,975	\$ 3,636 3,636	<u>\$</u> 0	\$ 3,026 83,163 101,788 187,977
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	7,078 494	4,172	0	140,693 47,043 0 0
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	7,572	4,172	0	187,736
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	3,403	(536)	0_	241
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers			(15,306)	(15,306)
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0_	0	(15,306)	(15,306)
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	3,403	(536)	(15,306)	(15,065)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(5,388)	4,470	15,306	42,327
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (1,985)	\$ 3,934	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 27,262

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2018

	Capital Construction Fund	Plant Facilities Fund	Total
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Investments Property Taxes Receivable Interfund Receivable		\$ 99,975 14,573	\$0 99,975 14,573 0
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 114,548	\$ 114,548
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Interfund Payable <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	<u> </u>	\$ 18 532 550	\$ 18 532 550
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows From Property Taxes		1,111	1,111
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0	1,111	1,111
FUND BALANCES Restricted	0_	112,887	112,887
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	0	112,887	112,887
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 114,548	\$ 114,548

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE - CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

	Capital Construction Fund	Plant Facilities Fund	Total
<u>REVENUES</u> Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest Other State Support/Grants		\$ 44,876 145	\$ 44,876 145 0
TOTAL REVENUES	<u>\$</u> 0	45,021	45,021
EXPENDITURES Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest		17,830 9,338 14,602 1,342	17,830 9,338 0 14,602 1,342
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	43,112	43,112
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	0	1,909	1,909
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings from Investments Proceeds from Capital Leases Interfund Transfers <u>TOTAL OTHER FINANCING</u>		75 70,135	75 0 70,135
SOURCES (USES)	0	70,210	70,210
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	0	72,119	72,119
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	0	40,768	40,768
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 112,887	\$ 112,887

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2018

Student Group	Beginning Balance	Receipts	Disbursements	Transfers In (Out)	Ending Balance
Student Body	\$ 3,238.51	\$ 933.07	\$ 1,094.47		\$ 3,077.11
Mona Maag Scholarship	2,999.38	1,100.00	+ ,		4,099.38
SB Class Trip	12,639.01	12,898.31	9,502.35	\$ (224.50)	15,810.47
Box Tops	683.79	,	-,	· ()	683.79
Annual	1,306.74	435.00	281.69		1,460.05
Assembly	2,616.21	465.00	338.00	(49.00)	2,694.21
IDLA	175.00		50.00	()	125.00
Activity Cards	1,031.50	577.00		(1,608.50)	0.00
Athletics	18.54	4,930.20	5,900.57	1,440.50	488.67
RCD Raffle	605.00				605.00
Future Farmers of America	1,819.89	2,874.55	4,123.45	(40.00)	530.99
Greenhouse	3,009.47	1,684.78	2,415.84	. ,	2,278.41
Shop	162.16	225.00	10.92		376.24
Music	115.49				115.49
Library	60.22		41.18		19.04
Cheerleading	72.43				72.43
Sunshine Club	852.64	224.00	134.02	(117.00)	825.62
Book Damage	982.00				982.00
Driver's Education	740.00	400.00			1,140.00
Girls Basketball	214.53	590.00			804.53
Girls Soccer	246.83				246.83
Boys Basketball	42.39	4,452.00	631.00		3,863.39
Wood Shop	2,100.60				2,100.60
Ski Club	182.44				182.44
Bear Factory - Home Ec	2,056.72	6,436.03	5,909.19	568.50	3,152.06
Bear Factory - Ag	4,246.38	2,440.52	405.22	30.00	6,311.68
Bear Factory - Business	114.31				114.31
P.A.W.S.	0.00	687.00	687.00		0.00
Leader In Me	0.00	14,000.00			14,000.00
Total	\$ 42,332.18	\$ 55,352.46	\$ 31,524.90	\$ 0.00	\$ 66,159.74

R. MICHAEL BURR

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314 September 10, 2018

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in Government Auditing Standards issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2018, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated September 10, 2018.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the preceding paragraph and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified. However, as described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, I identified certain deficiencies in internal control that I consider to be material weaknesses and significant deficiencies,

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected on a timely basis. I consider the deficiency described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses to be a material weakness, 2018-001. Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page Two

A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance. I consider none of the deficiencies described in the accompany schedule of findings and responses to be significant deficiencies.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bliss Joint School District No. 234's financial statements are free of material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of my audit, and accordingly, I do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed an instance of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards* and which is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and responses, 2018-002 and 2018-003.

Bliss Joint School District No. 234's Response to Findings

Bliss Joint School District No. 234's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bliss Joint School District No. 234's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2018

MATERIAL WAEKNESSES

2018-001 Segregation of Duties

Condition: Only one person is employed by the District in the accounting department which does not allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Criteria: Segregation of duties is an internal control that should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that one person does not have complete control over the entire

Cause : There are not enough personnel hired to allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Effect: May allow for misstatement of general purpose financial statements and misuse of assets.

Recommendation: Hire additional staff to provide a proper segregation of duties.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation. However, due to a lack of financial resources to pay for the additional staff and other controls currently in place, no action will be taken at this point.

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

None

NONCOMPLIANCE

2018-002 GASB 75 NOT IMPLEMENTED

Condition: GASB 75 has not yet been implemented for reporting OPEB (other post employment benefits other than pensions).

Criteria: GASB 75 was supposed to be implemented for fiscal years beginning after 6-15-2017 with reporting criteria.

Cause : Failed to get it done due to time and financial constraints.

Effect: Will not properly report government-wide statements, required supplemental information, and note disclosers in accordance with GASB requirements.

Recommendation: Implement GASB 75 and get actuarial measurements done.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2018

FINDING 2018-3 Does not Stay Current with Required Website Postings (Idaho Code 33-357)

Condition: District does not post required information in the time manner required by Idaho Code 33-357.

Criteria: Idaho Code 33-357 requires that school districts and charter schools maintain a publicly available website where expenditures are posted at least monthly.

Cause : Failed to get it done in timely manner due to workload.

Effect: Will not be in compliance with Idaho code.

Recommendation: Post information monthly.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation.

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2016-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties

The District believes that this finding applies only to the financial reporting and does not effect the federal award programs. No corrective action was taken.