BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT JUNE 30, 2021

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314 October 5, 2021

Report on the Financial Statements

I have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bliss Joint School District No. 234 as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the District's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

My responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on my audit. I conducted my audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that I plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

I believe that the audit evidence I have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for my audit opinions.

Summary of Opinions

Governmental Activities	Unmodified Opinion
Each major fund	Unmodified Opinion
Aggregate remaining fund information	Unmodified Opinion

Opinions

In my opinion, the financial statements referred to in the first paragraph present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information for Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of June 30, 2021, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Management has omitted the management's discussion and analysis that accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require to be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such missing information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. My opinion on the basic financial statements is not affected by this missing information.

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the budgetary comparison information, schedule of employer's share of net pension liability and schedule of employer's contribution, and schedule of changes in the District's total OPEB liability as listed in the table of contents be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. I have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to my inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge I obtained during my audit of the basic financial statements. I do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide me with sufficient

Other Information

My audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements. The combining nonmajor fund financial statements are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements.

The combining nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are the responsibility of management and were derived from and relate directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In my opinion, the combining and individual nonmajor fund financial statements and the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Independent Auditor's Report Page Three

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, I have also issued my report dated October 5, 2021, on my consideration of the Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting and on my tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of my testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting and compliance

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2021

	Governmental Activities			
ASSETS CURRENT ASSETS Investments Net Receivables Inventory	\$	938,258 87,376 32,238		
TOTAL CURRENT ASSETS			\$	1,057,872
NONCURRENT ASSETS Long-Term Receivables Cash - Restricted Investments - Restricted Net OPEB Asset Non-depreciated Assets Capital Assets (net)	\$	4,057 124,441 100,942 98,325 12,000 1,368,399		
TOTAL NONCURRENT ASSETS				1,708,164
TOTAL ASSETS				2,766,036
DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES OPEB Obligations Pension Obligations TOTAL DEFERRED OUTFLOWS OF RESOURCES	\$	13,672 286,372		300,044
<u>LIABILITIES</u> <u>CURRENT LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interest Payable Current Portion of Long-Term Debt	\$	12,480 179,103 8,075 75,000		
TOTAL CURRENT LIABILITIES				274,658
<u>NONCURRENT LIABILITIES</u> Net Pension Liability Bond Payable (net of current portion)	\$	699,963 325,000		
TOTAL NONCURRENT LIABILITIES				1,024,963
TOTAL LIABILITIES				1,299,621

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

	Government	al Activities
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		
Pension Sources	\$ 22,855	
OPEB Sources	25,153	
Deferred Amount on Net Bond Premium	6,198	
		E4 000
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES		54,206
NET POSITION		
Invested in Capital Assets, net of related debt	\$ 966,126	
Non-spendable:		
Inventory	32,238	
Restricted for:		
Capital Projects	17,160	
Debt Service	213,451	
Federal and State Programs	46,187	
Unrestricted	 437,091	
TOTAL NET POSITION		<u>\$ 1,712,253</u>

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

			Program Revenue	S
			Operating	Capital
Primary Government		Charges for	Grants and	Grants and
Functions/Programs	Expenses	Services	Contributions	Contributions
Governmental Activities:	· · ·			
Instruction	\$ 1,375,433		\$ 1,508,969	
Support	171,016		89,273	
General Administrative	347,197			
Custodial/Maintenance	216,758		20,172	
Student Transportation	78,220		58,251	
Non-Instructional - Food Service	85,987	\$ 1,005	64,987	
Debt Service - Interest on Debt	19,249		7,215	
Total Governmental Activities	2,293,860	1,005	1,748,867	\$0
Business-Type Activities				
None				
Total Business-Type Activities	0	0	0	0
<u>Total Primary Government</u>	\$ 2,293,860	\$ 1,005	\$ 1,748,867	<u>\$</u> 0

<u>General Revenue</u> Property Taxes State Formula Support Local Revenue Earnings on Investments

Total General Revenue

Changes in Net Position

Net Position - Beginning

Net Position - Ending

	Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position					
		Primary Government				
G	Governmental Business-Type					
	Activities	Activities		Total		
\$	133,536		\$	133,536		
	(81,743)			(81,743)		
	(347,197)			(347,197)		
	(196,586)			(196,586)		
	(19,969)			(19,969)		
	(19,995)			(19,995)		
	(12,034)			(12,034)		
	(543,988)			(543,988)		
	0	<u>\$</u> 0		0		
	(543,988)	0		(543,988)		
	154,734			154,734		
	291,056			291,056		
	22,762			22,762		
	7,214			7,214		
	1,214			7,214		
	475,766	0		475,766		
	(68,222)	0		(68,222)		
	1,780,475	0		1,780,475		
\$	1,712,253	<u>\$0</u>	\$	1,712,253		

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS , IDAHO BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

ASSETS	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
Cash and Cash Equivalents Restricted - Cash and Cash Equivalents Investments Restricted - Investments Property Taxes Receivable Due From Other Governments Other Local Receivables Interfund Receivables	\$ 938,258 287 46,542 366	\$ 7,180	\$ 18,805 96,493 27,069 71,084
TOTAL ASSETS	\$ 985,453	\$ 7,180	\$ 213,451
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable Interfund Payables <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$ 5,903 158,758 34,099 198,760	\$ 2,294 5,108 7,402	<u> </u>
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows from Property Taxes <u>TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS</u> OF RESOURCES	0	0	2,687
FUND BALANCES Restricted - Special Revenue Funds Restricted - Debt Service Restricted - Capital Projects Fund Unassigned - General Fund	786,693	(222)	210,764
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	786,693	(222)	210,764
TOTAL LIABILITIES ,DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$ 985,453</u>	\$ 7,180	\$ 213,451

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Capital Projects Fund	Other Governmental Funds	Total Governmental Funds
\$	\$ 98,456	\$0 124,441 938,258 100,942 44,525 46,542 366 71,084
\$ 21,618	\$ 98,456	\$ 1,326,158
\$ 1,360	\$ 2,923 15,237	\$ 12,480 179,103
3,098	33,887	71,084
4,458	52,047	262,667
1,370		4,057
1,370	0	4,057
	10 100	
	46,409	46,187 210,764
15,790		15,790 786,693
15,790	46,409	1,059,434
\$ 21,618	\$ 98,456	\$ 1,326,158

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS , IDAHO STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES - GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

	General Fund	Food Service Fund	Debt Service Fund
<u>REVENUES</u> Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest State Foundation Support	\$ 14,822 46 1,468,378		\$ 98,344 527
Other State Support/Grants Federal Revenue/Grants Other Local Revenue	119,975 22,762	\$ 64,987 1,005	7,215
TOTAL REVENUES	1,625,983	65,992	106,086
EXPENDITURES Instruction Support General Administrative Custodial/Maintenance Student Transportation Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	990,591 75,640 300,869 167,006 55,632 1,084	80,214	
Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest & Costs			70,000 20,662
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	1,590,822	80,214	90,662
EXCESS REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	35,161	(14,222)	15,424
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings on Investments Operating Transfers In (Out)	5,167 (20,923)	14,000	474
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(15,756)	14,000	474
EXCESS REVENUES AND OTHER FINANCING SOURCES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	19,405	(222)	15,898
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	767,288	0	194,866
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ 786,693	\$ (222)	\$ 210,764

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

Projects Fund Funds \$ 52,886 238 \$ 68,043	Funds \$ 166,052 811 1,468,378 195,233 375,016
238 \$ 68,043	811 1,468,378 195,233
238 \$ 68,043	811 1,468,378 195,233
\$ 68,043	1,468,378 195,233
	195,233
310,029	575,010
1,305	25,072
1,303	23,072
53,124 379,377	2,230,562
477 409	1,167,694
177,103	164,913
89,273	
28 208	300,869
38,398	205,404
	55,632
16 007 110 000	81,298
16,087 118,882	134,969 70,000
	20,662
	20,002
54,485 385,258	2,201,441
(1,361) (5,881)	29,121
00	5 000
22	5,663
6,923	0
6,945 0	5,663
5,584 (5,881)	34,784
10,206 52,290	1,024,650
<u>\$ 15,790</u> <u>\$ 46,409</u>	\$ 1,059,434

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUND BALANCE TO NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES JUNE 30, 2021

\$ 1,059,434

		φ 1,000,101
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are Different Because:		
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and, therefore, are not reported in the fund balances, \$12,000 of non-depreciated assets plus \$3,162,429 net of accumulated depreciation of \$1,794,030.	\$ 1,380,399	
Interest is recorded when paid for funds but is reported when payable in the current period for government wide statements.	(8,075)	
Bond premiums are financial resources to fund statements but are reported as earned for government-wide reporting. Bond premiums of \$29,463 net of amortization of 21,714	(6,198)	
Long-term liabilities, including bonds payable and compensated absences payable, are not due and payable in the current period and, therefore, are not reported in the funds:		
- Bond	(400,000)	
Other long-term assets are not available to pay for current-period expenditures and therefore are deferred in the funds.	4,057	
Amounts resulting from pension liabilities as a result of GASB 68 are not recorded in the fund statements:		
-Deferred Outflows Pension Obligations	286,372	
-Deferred Inflows Pension Sources	(22,855)	
-Net Pension Liability	(699,963)	
Supplies purchased are reported as expenditures for fund reporting but are expensed as used for government-wide statements.	32,238	
Amounts resulting from OPEB assets as a result of GASB 75 are not recorded in the fund statements:		
-Deferred Outflows OPEB Obligations	13,672	
-Deferred Inflows OPEB Sources	(25,153)	
-Net OPEB Asset	98,325	
Net Changes		652,819
Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$ 1,712,253

Total Governmental Fund Balances

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO RECONCILIATION OF STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Net Change in Fund Balances - Governmental Fund Balances		\$	34,784
Amounts Reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Activities are Different Because:			
Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation expense. This is the amount by which capital outlay exceeded depreciation in the current period. - Depreciation \$ - Capital Expenditures	(75,243) 128,797		
Revenues in the Statement of Activities that do not provide current financial resources are not reported as revenues in the funds.	(12,129)		
Proceeds from bond premiums are listed as other financing sources in the funds but are reported as earned in the Statement of Activities	1,551		
Supplies purchased are reported as expenditures for fund reporting but are expensed as used for government-wide statements.	8,536		
Payments of bond and capital lease principal are considered as an expenditure for the funds statement but as a reduction of liability for the Statement of Activities.	70,000		
Changes in net OPEB asset and related OPEB source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	(1,921)		
Changes in net pension liability and related pension source deferred outflow and deferred inflow of resources do not provide or require current financial resources and therefore are not reflected in the funds.	(224,001)		
In the Statement of Activities, interest is accrued on outstand bonds, whereas in governmental funds, an interest expenditure is reported when due.	1,413		
Net Changes		((102,997)
Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities		\$	(68,213)
See accompanying notes to the basis financial statements			

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Agency Funds	
Assets Cash and Cash Equivalents	\$ 56,629	
Total Assets	56,629	
<u>Liabilities</u> Accounts Payable	0	
Total Liabilities	0	
Net Position Restricted for Organizations	56,629	
Total Net Position	\$ 56,629	

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

Additions Dues and Contributions	\$ 21,483
Total Contributions	21,483
Investment Earnings Interest, Dividends, and Other	
Total Investment Earnings	
Total Additions	21,483
Deductions Student Group Expenditures	23,995
Total Deductions	23,995
Net Increase (Decrease) in Fiduciary Net Position	(2,512)
Net Position - Beginning	59,140
Net Position - Ending	\$ 56,629

See accompanying notes to the basic financial statements

NOTES TO BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

A. INTRODUCTION

The accounting and reporting framework and the more significant accounting principles and practices of Bliss Joint School District No. 234 are discussed in subsequent sections of this Note. The remainder of the Notes are organized to provide explanations, including required disclosures, of the District's financial activities for the year ended June 30, 2021.

The District is governed by an elected Board of Trustees which possesses final decision making authority and is held primarily accountable for those decisions. The Board is responsible for approving the budget, establishing spending limitations, funding any deficits, and borrowing funds and/or issuing bonds to finance school system operations and construction. All operations controlled by the Board are included within these financial statements.

The District's financial statements are prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP). The Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) is responsible for establishing GAAP for state and local governments through its pronouncements (Statements and Interpretations). The more significant accounting policies established in GAAP and used by the District are discussed below.

B - REPORTING ENTITY

The District follows GASB Statement No.'s 14 and 39, as amended by GASB Statement No. 61, in determining the reporting entity and component units. The financial reporting entity consists solely of the primary government. Accordingly, the financial statements include all funds and agencies of the primary government whose budgets are controlled or whose boards are appointed by the District's Board. Control or dependence on the District was determined on the basis of appointment authority, budget adoption, taxing authority, outstanding debt secured by revenues or general obligations of the District and legal standing.

The District contributes to the multi-employer Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI). Persi is administered by the State of Idaho. A ten year history is provided in PERSI's annual report.

The District was established in 1921 under the laws and regulations of the State of Idaho. Idaho Code 33-301 *School Districts Bodies Corporate* states that each school district, now or hereafter established, when validly organized and existing, is declared to be a body corporate and politic, and in its corporate capacity may sue and be sued and may acquire, hold and convey real and personal property necessary to its establishment, extension and existence. It shall have authority to issue negotiable coupon bonds and incur such other debt, in the amounts and manner, as provided by law. Title 33 of Idaho statutes dictates the laws that the District must operate under. The District is governed by a Board of Trustees.

C - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - GOVERNMENT-WIDE STATEMENTS

The District's basic financial statements include both government-wide (reporting the District as a whole) and fund financial statements (reporting the District's major funds). Both the government-wide and fund financial statements categorize primary activities as either governmental or business type. The District's federal grants, state grants, debt service, capital projects, plant facilities, and general administrative services are classified as governmental activities. The District has no services classified as business-type activities.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

In the government-wide Statement of Net Position, both the governmental and business-type activities columns (a) are presented on a consolidated basis by column, (b) and are reported on a full accrual, economic resource basis, which recognizes all long-term assets and receivables as well as long-term debt and obligations. Neither fiduciary funds nor component units that are fiduciary in nature are included in the Statement of Net Positions.

The government-wide Statement of Activities reports both the gross and net cost of each of the District's functions and business-type activities. The functions are also supported by general government revenues (local revenue, education foundation support, grants, etc.). The Statement of Activities reduces gross expenses (including depreciation) by related program revenues, operating and capital grants. Program revenues must be directly associated with the function (instruction, support, administrative, etc.) or a business-type activity. Operating grants include operating-specific and discretionary (either operating or capital) grants while the capital grants column reports capital-specific grants.

The net costs (by function or business-type activity) are normally covered by general revenue (property taxes, intergovernmental revenues, interest income, etc.).

The District does not allocate indirect costs. All interfund activity has been eliminated.

This government-wide focus is more on the sustainability of the District as an entity and the change in the District's net position resulting from the current year's activities.

D - BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS - FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The financial transactions of the District are reported in individual funds in the fund financial statements. Each fund is accounted for by providing a separate set of self-balancing accounts that comprises its assets, deferred outflows of resources, liabilities, deferred inflows of resources, fund equity, revenues and expenditures/expenses.

The emphasis in fund financial statements is on the major funds in either the governmental or business-type activities categories. Nonmajor funds by category are summarized into a single column. *GASBS No. 34* sets forth minimum criteria (percentage of the assets and deferred outflows of resources, liabilities and deferred inflows of resources, revenues or expenditures/expenses of either fund category or the governmental and enterprise combined) for the determination of major funds. The District can electively add funds, as major funds, which had a specific community focus. The nonmajor funds are combined in a column in the fund financial statements. Funds are organized into three major categories: governmental, proprietary, and fiduciary. An emphasis is placed on major funds within the governmental and proprietary categories. A fund is considered major if it is the primary operating fund of the District or meets the following criteria:

- 1. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of that individual governmental or enterprise fund are at least 10 percent of the corresponding total for all funds of that category or type; and
- 2. Total assets, liabilities, revenues, or expenditures/expenses of the individual governmental fund or enterprise fund are at least 5 percent of the corresponding total for all governmental and enterprise funds combined.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The funds of the financial reporting entity are described below:

GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

General Fund - The General Fund is the primary operating fund of the District and always classified as a major fund. It is used to account for all activities except those legally or administratively required to be accounted for in other funds.

Special Revenue Funds - Special revenue funds are used to account and report the proceeds of specific revenue sources that are restricted or committed to expenditure for specific purposes other than debt service or capital projects

Capital Project Funds - The Capital Project Fund is used to account for resources restricted, committed or assigned for the acquisition or construction of specific capital projects or items. The reporting entity includes only one Capital Project Fund and it is used to account for the acquisition of capital assets with transfers made from the General Fund.

Debt Service Fund - The Debt Service Fund accounts for all financial resources restricted, committed or assigned for the payment of interest and principle on the general long-term debt of the District. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest on the District's judgment.

PROPRIETARY FUNDS

Enterprise Funds - Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The District has no enterprise funds.

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (Not included in government-wide statements)

Agency Funds - Agency funds account for assets held by the District in a purely custodial capacity. The reporting entity includes one agency fund. Since agency funds are custodial in nature (i.e., assets equal liabilities), they do not involve the measurement of results of operations. The agency fund maintained by the District is the student body account.

E - MEASUREMENT FOCUS AND BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Measurement focus is a term used to describe "which" transactions are recorded within the various financial statements. Basis of accounting refers to "when" transactions are recorded regardless of the measurement focus applied.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Measurement Focus

On the government-wide Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities, both governmental and business-like activities are presented using the economic resources measurement focus as defined in item 2. below.

In the fund financial statements, the "current financial resources" measurement focus or the "economic resources" measurement focus is used as appropriate:

- 1. All governmental funds utilize a "current financial resources" measurement focus. Only current financial assets and liabilities are generally included on their balance sheets. Their operating statements present sources and uses of available spendable financial resources during a given period. These funds use fund balance as their measure of available spendable financial resources at the end of the period.
- 2. The proprietary fund utilizes an "economic resources" measurement focus. The accounting objectives of this measurement focus are the determination of operating income, changes in net position (or cost recovery), financial position, and cash flows. All assets and liabilities (whether current or noncurrent) associated with their activities are reported. Proprietary fund equity is classified as net position.
- 3. Agency funds are not involved in the measurement of results of operations; therefore, measurement focus is not applicable to them.

BASIS OF ACCOUNTING

Basis of accounting refers to the point at which revenues or expenditures/expenses are recognized in the accounts and reported in the financial statements. It relates to the timing of the measurements made regardless of the measurement focus applied.

- Accrual Both governmental and business-type activities in the government-wide financial statements and the proprietary and fiduciary fund financial statements are presented on the accrual basis of accounting. Property taxes are reported in the period for which levied. Other nonexchange revenues, including intergovernmental revenues and grants, are reported when all eligibility requirements have been met. Fees and charges and other exchange revenues are recognized when earned and expenses are recognized when incurred.
- 2. Modified Accrual The governmental funds financial statements are presented on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under the modified accrual basis of accounting, revenues are recorded when susceptible to accrual; i.e., both measurable and available. "Available" means collectible within the current period or within 60 days after year end. Property tax revenues are recognized in the period for which levied provided they are also available. Intergovernmental revenues and grants are recognized when all eligibility requirements are met and the revenues are available. Expenditures are recognized when the related liability is incurred. Exceptions to this general rule include principal and interest on general obligation long-term debt and employee vacation and sick leave, which are recognized when due and payable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

F - ASSETS, LIABILITIES, AND EQUITY

Cash and Investments

For the purpose of the Statement of Net Position, "cash and cash equivalents" includes all demand, savings accounts, and certificates of deposits of the District.

Investments are carried at fair value except for short-term U.S. Treasury obligations with a remaining maturity at the time of purchase of one year or less. Those investments are reported at amortized cost. Fair value is based on quoted market price. Additional cash and investment disclosures are presented in Note 2.

Interfund Receivables and Payables

During the course of operations, numerous transactions occur between individual funds that may result in amounts owed between funds. Those related to goods/services type transactions are classified as "due to/from other funds." Short-term interfund loans are reported as "interfund receivable/payable ." Long-term interfund loans (noncurrent portion) are reported as "advances to/from other funds." Interfund receivables and payables between funds within governmental activities are eliminated in the Statement of Net Position. See Note 6 for details of interfund transactions, including receivables and payables at year-end. All interfund activity has been eliminated in the government-wide statement of activity.

Receivables

In the government-wide statements, receivables consist of all revenues earned at year-end and not yet received. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable. Major receivable balances for the governmental activities include property taxes, grants, and State foundation funding. Business-type activities report utilities and interest earnings as their major receivables.

In the fund financial statements, material receivables in governmental funds include revenue accruals such as sales tax, franchise tax, and grants and other similar intergovernmental revenues since they are usually both measurable and available. Nonexchange transactions collectible but not available are deferred in the fund financial statements in accordance with modified accrual, but not deferred in the government-wide financial statements in accordance with the accrual basis. Interest and investment earnings are recorded when earned only if paid within 60 days since they would be considered both measurable and available. Allowances for uncollectable accounts receivable are based upon historical trends and the periodic aging of accounts receivable.

Inventories

In the government-wide statements, materials, supplies and food commodities are carried in an inventory account at the lower of cost or market and are subsequently charged to expenditures when consumed. Inventories also include plant maintenance, operating, and instructional supplies. In the fund financial statements, inventory items are recorded as expenditures when purchased.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Restricted Assets

Restricted assets include cash and investments that are legally restricted as to their use. The primary restricted assets are related to bond proceeds to be used for a capital construction project of the District and to state and federal grants. For expenditures that apply to both restricted and unrestricted resources, the District uses restricted funds first.

Encumbrance Accounting

Encumbrances for goods or purchased services are documented by purchase orders or contracts and can represent a reservation of fund balances in the governmental fund financial statements. The District does not use encumbrance accounting. Therefore, there is no reservation of fund balance.

Deferred Outflows of Resources

Deferred outflows of resources are decreases in net assets that relate to future periods and are reported in a separate section of its government-wide and governmental funds financial statements. Deferred outflows of resources from pension obligations affect the government-wide statements and no deferred outflows effect the governmental funds financial statements in the current year.

Deferred Inflows of Resources

Deferred inflows of resources reflects an increase in net assets that applies to a future period(s) and is because the District will not recognize the related revenues until a future event occurs. The District's governmental funds report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources and has only one type of item which occurs because governmental fund revenues are not recognized until available (collected not later than 60 days after the end of the District's fiscal year) under the modified accrual basis of accounting that qualifies for reporting in this category. Accordingly, deferred property taxes and grants are reported in the governmental funds balance sheet. The deferred outflows of resources reported in its government-wide financial statements is a deferred amount arising from the bond premium arising from when the bond was issued and pension sources. This deferred premium amount is being amortized over the remaining life of the bond as part of investment income.

Capital Assets

The accounting treatment over capital assets (property, plant, and equipment) depends on whether the assets are used in governmental fund operations or proprietary fund operations and whether they are reported in the government-wide or fund financial statements. For fund financial statements, the District has maintained a \$500 limit before an item is recorded as a capital expenditure. The limits for the government-wide statements vary and are shown below.

Government-wide Statements

In the government-wide financial statements, fixed assets are accounted for as capital assets. All fixed assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual is unavailable, except for donated fixed assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets acquired prior to June 30, 2003.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Prior to July 1, 2003, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets are not required to be valued and reported on the District's financial statements and the District has not elected to report them. Therefore, the value of any infrastructure assets purchased prior to July 1, 2003, are not included in these statements.

Depreciation of all exhaustible fixed assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation based on its capitalization amount. The range of estimated useful lives and capitalization limits by type of asset are as follows:

		Capitalization
<u>Description</u>	Life	Amount
Aggregate Cost of Library Books	3	\$5,000
Automobiles	5 - 10	\$5,000
Office and Light-weight Equipment	5 - 10	\$5,000
Heavy Equipment	7 - 20	\$10,000
Buildings and Improvements	40	\$15,000
Infrastructure	50	\$50,000

Fund Financial Statements

In the fund financial statements, fixed assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Fixed assets used in proprietary fund operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

Liability for Compensated Absences

Employees are allowed to accrue 5 days personal leave each year. At the end of the year, the employees are paid for all unused personal days. The days are paid at the rate paid to substitutes and is included in their June pay check. Therefore, no liability for compensated absences has been incurred or recorded at year end.

Vacation and sick days are not allowed to be carried over at the District level. Therefore, there is no liability associated with vacation or sick leave days.

Long-Term Debt

In the government-wide financial statements long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities in the applicable governmental activities statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts, are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method. Bond premiums are reported in the deferred inflows of resources section in the statement of net position. Bonds payable are reported net of the applicable bond premium of discount.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts and bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Pensions

For purposes of measuring the net pension liability and pension expense, information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho Base Plan (Base Plan) and additions to/deductions from Base Plan's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Base Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments (including refunds of employee contributions) are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

Other Post Employment Benefits (OPEB)

For purposes of measuring the net OPEB asset, deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to OPEB, and OPEB expense;(expense offset), information about the fiduciary net position of the Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund and additions to/deductions from Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund's fiduciary net position have been determined on the same basis as they are reported by the Sick Leave Plan. For this purpose, benefit payments are recognized when due and payable in accordance with the benefit terms. Investments are reported at fair value.

<u>Budget</u>

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

- 1. At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.
- 2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.
- 3. The board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.
- 4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

Equity Classifications (Net Position and Fund Balance)

Government-wide Financial Statements

When the District incurs an expense for which it may use either restricted or unrestricted net position, it uses restricted net position first unless unrestricted net position will have to be returned because they were not used. Net position on the Statement of Net Position include the following:

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Investment in Capital Assets, Net of Related Debt - The component of net position that reports the difference between capital assets less both the accumulated depreciation and the outstanding balance of debt, excluding unspent proceeds, that is directly attributable to the acquisition, construction or improvement of those assets.

Restricted net position—Consists of net position with constraints placed on the use either by (1) external groups such as creditors, grantors, contributors, or laws or regulations of other governments; or (2) law through constitutional provisions or enabling legislation.

Unrestricted net position—All other net position that do not meet the definition of "restricted" or "invested in capital assets, net of related debt."

Fund Statements

Governmental fund equity is classified as fund balance. Fund balance is further classified as nonspendable, restricted, committed, assigned, or unassigned.

Nonspendable Fund Balance - Includes amounts that cannot be spent because they are either (a) not in spendable form or (b) legally or contractually required to be maintained intact.

Restricted Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be spent only for the specific purposes stipulated by the constitution, external resource providers, or through enabling legislation.

Committed Fund Balance - Includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the District's highest level of decision making authority, the Board of Trustees. Formal action is done by making and approving a motion of the Board.

Assigned Fund Balance - Includes amounts intended to be used by the District for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as restricted or committed. In governmental funds other than the general fund, assigned fund balance represents the remaining amount that is not restricted or committed. The Board delegates to the Superintendent or designee the authority to assign amounts to be used for specific purposes. Such assignments cannot exceed the available (spendable, unrestricted, uncommitted) fund balance in any particular fund.

Unassigned Fund Balance - Includes the residual classification for the District's general fund and includes all spendable amounts not contained in the other classifications. In other funds, the unassigned classification should be used only to report a deficit balance from overspending for specific purposes for which amounts had been restricted, committed, or assigned. If the Board chooses not to adopt a policy addressing the order of spending, the default approach of reducing committed, then assigned, then unassigned fund balances will be used.

Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principals generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosures of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenue and expenditures during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The District's funds are required to be deposited and invested under the terms of Idaho Code Sections 33-701 and 67-1210. Under Idaho Code, the District, at its own discretion, may invest funds in time deposits and certificates of deposits provided by the depository bank at interest rates approximating United States treasury bill rates.

The classifications of risk associated with cash and investments are concentration of credit risk, interest rate risk, credit risk, and custodial credit risk. These are defined as:

Concentration of Credit Risk - The risk of loss attributed to the magnitude of a government's investment in a single issuer.

Interest Rate Risk - The exposure to an unfavorable change in interest rates.

Credit Risk - The risk that an issuer or other counterparty to an investment will not fulfill its obligations.

Custodial Credit Risk - The custodial credit risk for deposits is the risk that, in the event of the failure of a depository financial institution, a government will not be able to recover deposits or will not be able to recover collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party. The custodial credit risk for investments is the risk that, in the event of the failure of the counterparty to a transaction, a government will not be able to recover the value of investment or collateral securities that are in the possession of an outside party.

The District does not have formal investment policies to limit the concentration of credit risk or the interest rate risk.

At June 30, 2021, the District had a carrying value of cash deposits of \$185,368 and a bank balance of \$200,096. Of the total bank balance, all was insured through the Federal Depository Insurance Corporation (FDIC). Based on the above definitions, the District is subject to \$0 of concentration of credit risk.

Restricted cash is to be used as follows:	
State and Federal grants	\$ 105,636
Capital Projects	0
Debt Service	 18,805
Total	\$ 124,441

Fiduciary funds cash balance is \$56,629.

Idaho Code authorizes the District to invest in obligations of the U.S. Treasury and U.S. agencies, municipal securities and repurchase agreements. The carrying value of investments owned at year end was \$1,039,200 (Idaho State Local Government Investment Pool) which approximates market value. The Idaho State Local Government Pool has no credit rating. There are no sinking fund or reserve funds required.

Investments by the District in the State Treasury Pool are specifically excluded from reporting for custodial credit risk and concentration of credit risk by GASB 40.

2 - CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Restricted investments are to be used as follows:	
Capital Projects	\$ 4,449
Debt Service	96,493
Total	\$ 100,942

NOTE 3 - TAXES RECEIVABLE AND DEFERRED TAX REVENUES

The District's property tax is levied each October on the value listed as of the prior January 1 for all property located in the District. A revaluation of all property is required to be completed no less than every five years. The market value for the list of January 1, 2020 upon which the 2020 levy was based was \$117,210,472.

The tax rates assessed, per \$100 of valuation, for the year ended June 30, 2021, and maximum levy rates limited by Idaho Code Section 33-802 are as follows:

		Maximum
Туре	Rate	Rate
General	0.0000	Not Allowed
Tort	0.0069	No Limit
Debt Service	0.0768	Voter Approved
Plant Facility	0.0427	Voter Approved

At June 30, 2021, the components of taxes receivable are as follows:

Property Tax year	General Fund		Debt Service		F	Plant Facilities		Total
2020 2019	\$	157 23	\$	25,958 758	\$	16,575 379	\$	42,690 1,160
2018		107		353		215		675
Total	\$	287	\$	27,069	\$	17,169	\$	44,525

For fund financial statements, the recognition of revenue on taxes receivable shall not exceed 60 days collection after the June 30, 2021, year end. The collections for the 60 day period have been estimated based on prior years collection percentages. Property taxes uncollected by August 31, 2021, are deferred inflows of resources (deferred revenue). The components of deferred inflows of resources are as follows:

Fund	Amount	
General Fund	 \$ (
Debt Service	2,	687
Plant Facilities	 1,5	370
Total	\$4,	057

For government-wide statements, an allowance for uncollectable taxes is calculated. However, historical information shows that the uncollectable amount is immaterial to these statements and no allowance will be recorded until it becomes a material amount. Also, the above deferred amounts are not included in the government-

wide statements.

NOTE 4 - DUE FROM OTHER GOVERNMENTS AND OTHER RECEIABLES

The District participates in a variety of federal and state programs from which it receives grants to partially or fully finance certain activities. In addition, the District receives support from the State of Idaho through the School Foundation Program. All federal grants received by the District are passed through the State Department of Education. Amounts due from federal and state governments at June 30, 2021, are as follows:

Source - Description	(General Fund		ecial ⁄enue	Total
State - Foundation Local - Local Receivable	\$	46,542 366	0		\$ 46,542 366
Total	\$	46,908	\$	0	\$ 46,908

NOTE 5 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The District is exposed to various risks of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to and destruction of assets; errors and omissions and natural disasters for which the District carries commercial insurance. There have been no reductions in coverage from the prior year and settlements have not exceeded coverage in the past three years.

The District controls risk of loss by having adequate insurance coverage. The type and coverage amount is listed below which they believe is adequate to protect from losses::

Workers Compensation Insurance	Limited by State Law
General Liability	\$ 2,000,000
Building	10,000,000
Auto	3,000,000
Criminal Acts	500,000
Errors and Omissions	2,000,000
Chemical Spraying	500,000
Equipment Breakdown	5,000,000

NOTE 6 - INTERFUND TRANSACTIONS

Interfund transfers and due to/from for the District for the year ended June 30, 2021, are summarized below:

Purpose	Receiving Fund	Paying Fund		0		Amount
Transfers:						
To cover current expenditures	Food Service	General	\$	14,000		
To cover current expenditures	Cap. Proj.	General	\$	6,923		
Due To/From:						
To cover past over expenditures	General	Debt Service	\$	34,099		
To cover past over expenditures	Special Rev.	Debt Service		33,887		
To cover past over expenditures	Cap. Proj.	Debt Service		3,098		

(27)

NOTE 7 - CAPITAL ASSET ACTIVITY

Depreciation expense was charged to governmental functions as follows:			
Instruction	\$	49,057	
General Administration		8,761	
Transportation		16,347	
Non-Instructional		1,078	
Total	\$	75,243	

Capital asset activity for the District for the year ended June 30, 2021, was as follows:

	Primary Government - Governmental Activities					
	Beginning Balance	Additions Retirements		Ending Balance		
Not being depreciated:						
Land	\$ 12,000			\$ 12,000		
Subtotal	12,000	\$0	\$ 0	12,000		
Other capital assets:						
Buildings and Improvements	2,430,989			2,430,989		
Library	242,747			242,747		
Heavy Equipment and Busses	293,966			293,966		
Equipment	65,930	128,797		194,727		
Subtotal	3,033,632	128,797	0	3,162,429		
Less accumulated depreciation for:						
Buildings and Improvements	(1,156,549)	(47,723)		(1,204,272)		
Library	(231,685)	(5,527)		(237,212)		
Heavy Equipment and Busses	(264,623)	(16,347)		(280,970)		
Equipment	(65,930)	(5,646)		(71,576)		
Subtotal	(1,718,787)	(75,243)	0	(1,794,030)		
Net Other Capital Assets	1,314,845	53,554	0	1,368,399		
Net Capital Assets	<u> </u>	\$ 53,554	<u>\$0</u>	<u> </u>		

NOTE 8 - CONTINGENCIES

The District is not aware of any pending or threatened litigation which would adversely affect the District. The District has received several federal/state grants for specific purposes that were subject to review and audit of compliance conditions of the programs. Some of these programs require unobligated amounts at September 30, 2021, to be returned. Since this amount is not capable of being measured at year end, no accrual has been recorded. The reports on internal accounting controls and compliance elements are as listed in the table of

contents. This audit found no elements of non-compliance with the terms and conditions of the individual programs

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN

Plan Description

The District contributes to the Base Plan which is a cost-sharing multiple-employer defined benefit pension plan administered by Public Employee Retirement System of Idaho (PERSI or System) that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <u>www.persi.idaho.gov.</u>

Responsibility for administration of the Base Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Employee membership data related to the PERSI Base Plan, as of June 30, 2020 was as follows:

Retirees and beneficiaries currently receiving benefits			
Terminated employees entitled to but not yet receiving benefits	13,788		
Active plan members			
Total	137,198		

Pension Benefits

The Base Plan provides retirement, disability, death and survivor benefits of eligible members or beneficiaries. Benefits are based on members' years of service, age, and highest average salary. Members become fully vested in their retirement benefits with five years of credited service (5 months for elected or appointed officials). Members are eligible for retirement benefits upon attainment of the ages specified for their employment classification. The annual service retirement allowance for each month of credited service is 2.0% (2.3% for police/firefighters) of the average monthly salary for the highest consecutive 42 months. Amounts in parenthesis represent police/firefighters.

The benefit payments for the Base Plan are calculated using a benefit formula adopted by the Idaho Legislature. The Base Plan is required to provide a 1% minimum cost of living increase per year provided the Consumer Price Index increases 1% or more. The PERSI Board has the authority to provide higher cost of living increases to a maximum of the Consumer Price Index movement or 6%, whichever is less; however, any amount above the 1% minimum is subject to review by the Idaho Legislature.

Member and Employer Contributions

Member and employer contributions paid to the Base Plan are set by statute and are established as a percent of covered compensation and earnings from investments. Contribution rates are determined by the PERSI Board within limitations, as defined by state law. The Board may make periodic changes to employer and employee contribution rates (expressed as percentages of annual covered payroll) if current rates are actuarially determined to be inadequate or in excess to accumulate sufficient assets to pay benefits when due.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The contribution rates for employees are set by statute at 60% of the employer rate for general employees and 72% for police and firefighters. As of June 30, 2020 it was 7.16% for general employees and 8.81% for police and firefighters. The employer contribution rate as a percent of covered payroll is set by the Retirement Board and was 11.94% general employees and 12.28% for police and firefighters. The District's employer contributions required and paid were \$139,617, \$125,799 and \$117,072 for the three years ended June 30, 2021, 2020, and 2019, respectively.

Pension Liabilities, Pension Expense (Revenue), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to Pensions

At June 30, 2021, the District reported a liability for its proportionate share of the net pension liability. The net pension liability was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total pension liability used to calculate the net pension liability was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net pension liability was based on the District's share of contributions in the Base Plan pension plan relative to the total contributions of all participating PERSI Base Plan employers. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .0301431 percent,

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized pension expense (revenue) of \$253,495. At June 30, 2021, the District reported deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions from the following sources:

	Deferred Outflows of Resources		In	eferred flows of esources
Differences between expected and actual experience	\$	54,689	\$	22,855
Changes in assumptions or other inputs		11,837		-
Net difference between projected and actual earnings on pension plan investments		80,229		-
Changes in the employer's proportion and differences between the employer's contributions and the employer's proportionate contributions		-		-
District contributions subsequent to the measurement date		139,617		-
Total	\$	286,372	\$	22,855

\$139,617 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to pensions resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net pension liability in the year ending June 30, 2021.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The average of the expected remaining service lives of all employees that are provided with pensions through the System (active and inactive employees) determined at July 1, 2019 the beginning of the measurement period ended June 30, 2019 is 4.8 and 4.8 for the measurement period June 30, 2020.

Other amounts reported as deferred outflows of resources and deferred inflows of resources related to pensions will be recognized in pension expense (revenue) as follows:

Year ended	
<u>June 30,</u>	
2021	\$ 2,261
2022	\$ 29,485
2023	\$ 40,018
2024	\$ 52,136
Thereafter - Additional future deferred inflows and outflows of resources may impact these numbers.	\$ -

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. Level percentages of payroll normal costs are determined using the Entry Age Normal Cost Method. Under the Entry Age Normal Cost Method, the actuarial present value of the projected benefits of each individual included in the actuarial valuation is allocated as a level percentage of each year's earnings of the individual between entry age and assumed exit age. The Base Plan amortizes any unfunded actuarial accrued liability based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Base Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total pension liability in the June30, 2020 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of pension plan investment expense
Cost of Living (COLA) Adjustments	1%

Mortality rates were based on the RP – 2000 combined table for healthy males or females as appropriate with the following offsets:

- Set back 3 years for teachers
- No offset for male fire and police
- · Forward one year for female fire and police
- Set back one year for all general employees and all beneficiaries

An experience study was performed for the period July 1, 2013 through June 30, 2017 which reviewed all economic and demographic assumptions including mortality. The Total Pension Liability as of June 30, 2020 is based on the results of an actuarial valuation date July 1, 2020.

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

The long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of pension plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return expected for return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation. The capital market assumptions are as of 2020.

		Long-Term Expected Nominal Rate of	Long-Term Expected Real Rate
Asset Allocation	Target Allocation	Return (Arithmetic)	of Return (Arithmetic)
			<u> </u>
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	2.80%	0.55%
Broad Us Equities	55.00%	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
		0.050/	4.000/
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assume Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return	Net of Invest Ex		3.49%
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of		(p. 0.0070	4.14%
Portfolio Standard Deviation	investment Exp.		14.16%
			14.1070
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investme	ent Expenses		4.05%
Assumed Inflation	•		3.00%
Long-Term Expected Geometric Rate of Return, Net of Inv	vestment Expense	es	7.05%

NOTE 9 - RETIREMENT PLAN (Continued)

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total pension liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the pension plans' net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on pension plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total pension liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of pension plan investment expense but without reduction for pension plan administrative expense.

Sensitivity of the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability to changes in the discount rate

The following presents the District's proportionate share of the net pension liability calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.05%)	Current Discount Rate (7.05%)	1% Increa (8.05	ase
Employer's proportionate share of the net pension liability (asset)	<u>\$ 1,435,432</u>	\$ 699,963	<u>\$ 91</u>	,850

Pension plan fiduciary net position

Detailed information about the pension plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at <u>www.persi.idaho.gov.</u>

Payables to the pension plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported payables to the defined benefit pension plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 10 - DEBT

The following is a summary of the District's long-term debt obligations and transactions for the year ended June 30, 2021:

	Outstanding Amount Beginning Issued			 Retired	utstanding Amount Ending	
Bond Issue - Series 2005	\$	470,000			\$ 70,000	 400,000
<u>Total</u>	\$	470,000	\$	0	\$ 70,000	\$ 400,000

NOTE 10 - DEBT (Continued)

Bond premium is being amortized over the life of the bond. Original amount of premium was \$31,014 with \$23,265 amortized to date. Current amount amortized was \$1,551.

The annual requirements to amortize the bond issue at 4.36% as of June 30, 2021, is as follows:

Year Ended June 30,	Principal		Interest		Total
2021	\$ 70,000	\$	21,325	\$	91,325
2022	75,000		18,000		93,000
2023	75,000		14,625		89,625
2024	80,000		11,250		91,250
2025	85,000		7,650		92,650
2026	85,000		3,825		88,825
<u>Total</u>	\$ 470,000	\$	76,675	\$	546,675

The capital leases have no special assessments made for funding of the leases. A special, voter approved, tax assessment is used to pay for the bond debt requirements. See Note 3 for the levy rate and other tax information concerning the debt funding assessment. Bond funds were to be used for the construction/remodel of the school building.

NOTE 11 - REQUIRED DISCLOSURE - DEFICIT FUND BALANCES

The following nonmajor funds had deficit fund balances at June 30, 2021:

Title I-A Local Program	\$ (8,872)
Title II Improving Teacher Quality	(1,325)
REAP Program	(2,538)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	(11,723)
Title IV Student Support	(4,523)
Special Education—Grants to States (IDEA, Preschool)	(787)
ESSER I Grant (Cares Act)	(6)
ESSER II Grant (Cares Act)	(15,289)
CVRF - Blended Learning	(40)
CVRF - Technology	(239)
State Professional Technology	(288)

NOTE 12 - MAINTENANCE OF EFFORT

Under federal law, local educational agencies (LEAs) that receive Individuals with Disabilities Education Act, Part B (IDEA-B) funds must maintain local or combined local and state expenditures in each subsequent year of funding. This requirement is called "maintenance of effort" (MOE). Below is the MOE for the District.

	For the year ended June 30,						
Account	 2021		2020		2019		2018
100-521XXX	\$ 51,834	\$	44,690	\$	43,419	\$	39,876
100-522XXX	0		0		0		0
100-616XXX	2,108		9,208		7,319		10,194
Medicaid Reimbursement	 						(5,076)
Maintenance of Effort	\$ 53,942	\$	53,898	\$	50,738	\$	44,994

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS

Plan Description

The Bliss Joint School District #234 contributes to the Sick Leave Insurance Reserve Fund (Sick Leave Plan) which is a cost sharing multiple-employer defined benefit OPEB plan that covers members receiving retirement benefits that are administered by PERSI that covers substantially all employees of the State of Idaho, its agencies and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the and various participating political subdivisions. The cost to administer the plan is financed through the contributions and investment earnings of the plan. PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for the Sick Leave Plan. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Responsibility for administration of the Sick Leave Plan is assigned to the Board comprised of five members appointed by the Governor and confirmed by the Idaho Senate. State law requires that two members of the Board be active Base Plan members with at least ten years of service and three members who are Idaho citizens not members of the Base Plan except by reason of having served on the Board.

Other Post Employment Benefits

Group retiree health, dental, accident, and life insurance premiums may qualify as a benefit. Retirees who have a sick leave account can use their balance as a credit towards these premiums paid directly to the applicable insurance company.

Employer Contributions

The contribution rate for employers are set by statute at .065% of covered compensation for state members. Covered school members contribution rates are set by statute based on the number of sick days offered by the employer. The contribution rate of 1.16% for school members with nine or ten sick days, 1.26% for school members with 11-14 sick days. If a school member has more than 14 days of sick leave then the contribution rate will be set by the PERSI Retirement Board based on current cost and actuarial data and reviewed annually. The District's contributions were \$0 for the year ended June 30, 2021.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

<u>OPEB Liabilities, OPEB Expense (Expense Offset), and Deferred Outflows of Resources and Deferred Inflows of Resources Related to OPEB</u>

At June 30, 2021, the District reported an asset for its proportionate share of the net OPEB asset. The net OPEB asset was measured as of June 30, 2020, and the total OPEB liability used to calculate the net OPEB asset was determined by an actuarial valuation as of that date. The District's proportion of the net OPEB asset was based on the District's share of contributions relative to the total contributions of all participating Sick Leave employers. At June 30, 2020, the District's proportion was .0798544 percent.

For the year ended June 30, 2021, the District recognized OPEB expense (expense offset) of \$761 reported as deferred outflows of resources related to OPEBs resulting from Employer contributions subsequent to the measurement date will be recognized as a reduction of the net OPEB asset in the year ended June 30, 2021.

Actuarial Assumptions

Valuations are based on actuarial assumptions, the benefit formulas, and employee groups. The Sick Leave Plan amortizes any net OPEB asset based on a level percentage of payroll. The maximum amortization period for the Sick Leave Plan permitted under Section 59-1322, Idaho Code, is 25 years.

The total OPEB liability in the June 30, 2019 actuarial valuation was determined using the following actuarial assumptions, applied to all periods included in the measurement:

Inflation	3.00%
Salary increases	3.75%
Salary inflation	3.75%
Investment rate of return	7.05%, net of pension plan investment expense

The long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was determined using the building block approach and a forward-looking model in which best estimate ranges of expected future real rates of return (expected returns, net of OPEB plan investment expense and inflation) are developed for each major asset class. These ranges are combined to produce the long-term expected rate of return by weighing the expected future real rates of return by the target asset allocation percentage and by adding expected inflation. The health care trend rate is not applicable as the benefit amount a participant will receive is established with a set amount upon retirement thus would have no impact.

Even though history provides a valuable perspective for setting the investment return assumption, the System relies primarily on an approach which builds upon the latest capital market assumptions. Specifically, the System uses consultants, investment managers and trustees to develop capital market assumptions in analyzing the System's asset allocation. The assumptions and the System's formal policy for asset allocation are shown below. The formal asset allocation policy is somewhat more conservative than the current allocation of System's assets.

The best-estimate range for the long-term expected rate of return is determined by adding expected inflation to expected long-term real returns and reflecting expected volatility and correlation.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Capital Market Assumptions from Callen 2020

		Long-Term Nominal	Long-Term Expected
		Real Rate of	Real Rate of
Assat Olass	Target	Return	Return
Asset Class	Allocation	(Arithmetic)	(Arithmetic)
Core Fixed Income	30.00%	2.80%	0.55%
Broad US Equities	55.00%	8.55%	6.30%
Developed Foreign Equities	15.00%	8.70%	6.45%
Assumed Inflation - Mean		2.25%	2.25%
Assumed Inflation - Standard Deviation		1.50%	1.50%
Assumed Initiation - Standard Deviation		1.5070	1.5070
Portfolio Arithmetic Mean Return		6.85%	4.60%
Portfolio Standard Deviation		12.33%	12.33%
Portfolio Long-term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return		6.25%	3.89%
Assumed Investment Expenses		0.40%	0.40%
Portfolio Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expenses		5.85%	3.49%
Investment Policy Assumptions from PERSI November 207	<u>19</u>		
Portfolio Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investme	nt Expenses		4.14%
Portfolio Standard Deviation	·		14.16%
Economic/Demographic Assumptions from Milliman 2018			
Valuation Assumptions Chosen by PERSI Board			
Long-Term Expected Real Rate of Return, Net of Investment Expen	ses		4.05%
Assumed Inflation			3.00%
Long-Term (Geometric) Expected Rate of Return, Net of Invest	tment Expenses		7.05%

Discount Rate

The discount rate used to measure the total OPEB liability was 7.05%. The projection of cash flows used to determine the discount rate assumed that contributions from plan members will be made at the current contribution rate. Based on these assumptions, the OPEB plan's net position was projected to be available to make all projected future benefit payments of current plan members. Therefore, the long-term expected rate of return on OPEB plan investments was applied to all periods of projected benefit payments to determine the total OPEB liability. The long-term expected rate of return was determined net of OPEB plan investment expense but without reduction for OPEB plan administrative expense.

NOTE 13 - OTHER POST-EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (Continued)

Sensitivity of the net OPEB Asset to Changes in the Discount Rate

The following presents the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset calculated using the discount rate of 7.05 percent, as well as what the Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB asset would be if it were calculated using a discount rate that is 1-percentage-point lower (6.05 percent) or 1-percentage-point higher (8.05 percent) than the current rate:

	1% Decrease (6.05%)	Current Discount Rate (7.05%)	1% Increase (8.05%)
Employer's proportionate share of the net OPEB liability (asset)	\$ (85,487)	<u>\$ (98,325)</u>	\$ (110,206)

OPEB Plan Fiduciary Net Position

Detailed information about the OPEB plan's fiduciary net position is available in the separately issued PERSI financial report.

PERSI issues a publicly available financial report that includes financial statements and the required supplementary information for PERSI. That report may be obtained on the PERSI website at www.persi.idaho.gov.

Payables to the OPEB Plan

At June 30, 2021, the District reported payables to the defined benefit OPEB plan of \$0 for legally required employer contributions and \$0 for legally required employee contributions which had been withheld from employee wages but not yet remitted to PERSI.

NOTE 14 - EARNINGS ON INVESTMENTS

The components of earnings on investments are:

Interest Income	\$	5,663
Net per Fund Statements		5,663
Bond Premium Amortization		1,551
Net per Government-Wide Statements	¢	7.214
	φ	1,214

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	Budgetee Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	\$ 746,410	\$ 767,288	\$ 767,288	\$ 0
<u>Resources (Inflows)</u> <u>Local Revenue</u> Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest Earnings on Investments	14,632 0 10,000	14,632 0 7,000	14,822 46 5,167	190 46 (1,833)
Other Local Revenue	00	14,350	22,762	8,412
Total Local Revenue	24,632	35,982	42,797	6,815
<u>State Revenue</u> Base Support Program Transportation Support Benefit Apportionment Other State Support	1,247,412 44,770 176,890 105,402	1,220,203 46,794 183,181 121,697	1,226,812 58,251 183,315 119,975	6,609 11,457 134 (1,722)
Total State Revenue	1,574,474	1,571,875	1,588,353	16,478
<u>Federal Revenue</u> Indirect Federal Revenue	0	0_	0_	0
Total Federal Revenue	0	0	0	0
Transfers From Other Funds	0	0_	0	0
Amounts Available for Appropriations	2,345,516	2,375,145	2,398,438	23,293
<u>Charges to Appropriations (Outflows)</u> Instructional Elementary School Program				
Salaries	272,593	306,635	288,943	17,692
Benefits Purchased Services	90,750 200	97,491 75	86,482 1,016	11,009
Supplies	8,550	9,061	11,904	(941) (2,843)
Total Elementary School Program	372,093	413,262	388,345	24,917

Continued

	Budgete Original	d Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Secondary School Program				
Salaries Benefits	\$ 367,867	\$ 416,668	\$ 396,140	\$ 20,528
Purchased Services	122,184 200	122,470 190	121,336 621	1,134 (431)
Supplies	7,050	2,452	4,453	(431)
Total Secondary School Program	497,301	541,780	522,550	19,230
Special Education Program				
Salaries	33,280	36,500	33,866	2,634
Benefits	11,960	12,400	11,287	1,113
Purchased Services	0	659	6,131	(5,472)
Supplies	101	101	549	(448)
Total Special Education Program	45,341	49,660	51,833	(2,173)
<u>Gifted & Talented</u>	0	0	<u>_</u>	0
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Total Gifted & Talented	0	0	0	0
Interscholastic				
Salaries	18,000	18,418	18,600	(182)
Benefits	3,836	3,422	3,458	(36)
Purchased Services	1,600	1,102	1,102	0
Supplies	2,200 800	700 626	1,297 0	(597) 626
Capital Expenditures	800	020	0	020
Total Interscholastic	26,436	24,268	24,457	(189)
School Activity				
Purchased Services	0	263	264	(1)
Supplies	1,500	3,142	3,142	0
Total School Activity	1,500	3,405	3,406	(1)
Total Instructional	942,671	1,032,375	990,591	41,784

	Budgete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)
<u>Support</u> <u>Guidance</u> Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies	\$ 31,216 9,629 2,856 0	\$ 30,216 10,073 90 770	\$ 30,216 10,370 90 770	\$0 (297) 0 0
Total Guidance	43,701	41,149	41,446	(297)
<u>Special Services</u> Purchased Services	6,500	2,108	2,108	0_
Total Special Services	6,500	2,108	2,108	0
<u>Instructional Improvement</u> Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies	0 0 14,261 0	16,704 3,018 11,554 276	12,054 3,085 11,629 301	4,650 (67) (75) (25)
Total Instructional Improvement	14,261	31,552	27,069	4,483
<u>Educational Media Program</u> Salaries Benefits Purchased Services Supplies	3,500 2,255 744 750	3,500 2,255 744 341	3,500 430 745 342	0 1,825 (1) (1)
Total Educational Media Program	7,249	6,840	5,017	1,823
Instructional Technology Program Purchased Services Supplies	0	0	0	0
Total Instructional Technology Program	0	0	0	0
Total Support	71,711	81,649	75,640	6,009

	Budaete	d Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)
			/	<u> </u>
General Administrative				
Board of Education				
Benefits	\$0	\$ 111	\$ 111	\$0
Purchased Services	12,930	11,444	12,645	(1,201)
Supplies	0	0	231	(231)
Insurance	7,000	7,000	7,000	0
Total Board of Education	19,930	18,555	19,987	(1,432)
District Administration				
Salaries	111,453	113,682	113,682	0
Benefits	42,886	43,137	38,804	4,333
Purchased Services	1,775	1,355	1,280	75
Supplies	100	262	306	
Capital Outlay	0	0	0	0
Total District Administration	156,214	158,436	154,072	4,408
School Administration				
Salaries	29,169	24,572	21,520	3,052
Benefits	15,249	10,125	9,734	391
Purchased Services	2,100	1,900	1,377	523
Supplies	4,200	4,200	2,571	1,629
Total School Administration	50,718	40,797	35,202	5,595
Business Operations				
Salaries	54,530	71,586	67,873	3,713
Benefits	17,700	20,433	19,572	861
Purchased Services	4,374	3,377	2,731	646
Supplies	500	1,401	1,432	(31)
Capital Expenditure	0	0	0	<u> </u>
Total Business Operations	77,104	96,797	91,608	5,189
Total General Administrative	303,966	314,585	300,869	13,760

		ed Amounts	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable
	Original	Final	Note 1)	(Unfavorable)
Custodial / Maintenance				
Custodians				
Salaries	\$ 32,960	\$ 33,295	\$ 32,778	\$ 517
Benefits	13,458	12,437	12,961	(524)
Purchased Services	68,170	0	65,164	(65,164)
Supplies	6,000	0	4,088	(4,088)
Capital Outlay	500	0	0	0
Liability Insurance	7,124	7,865	7,865	0
Total Custodians	128,212	53,597	122,856	(69,259)
Non-student Maintenance				
Salaries	7,598	7,013	7,014	(1)
Benefits	3,513	3,015	2,985	30
Total Non-student Maintenance	11,111	10,028	9,999	29
Maintenance				
Salaries	20,459	22,125	21,584	541
Benefits	10,219	7,607	7,596	11
Purchased Services	1,500	1,500	1,059	441
Supplies	4,500	2,893	3,151	(258)
Total Maintenance	36,678	34,125	33,390	735
Maintenance - Grounds				
Purchased Services	0	0	0	0
Supplies	600	600	761	(161)
Total NonMaintenance - Grounds	600	600	761	(161)
Total Custodial / Maintenance	176,601	98,350	167,006	(68,656)
Student Transportation				
School Transportation				
Salaries	35,272	33,317	31,950	1,367
Benefits	8,351	8,351	7,931	420
Purchased Services	17,237	8,237	6,887	1,350
Supplies	16,600	10,100	6,540	3,560
Insurance	500	500	0	500
Total School Transportation	77,960	60,505	53,308	7,197

Continued

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
<u>Activity Transportation</u> Salaries Benefits	\$	\$	\$	\$ 1,214 202
Supplies	1,333	1,333	440	893
Total Activity Transportation	4,633	4,633	2,324	2,309
Total Transportation	82,593	65,138	55,632	9,506
<u>Non-Instructional</u> <u>Contingency</u> Benefits	2,305 1,800	0 1,200	0 1,084	0 116
Total Non-Instructional	4,105	1,200	1,084	116
Interfund Transfers	18,459	16,910	20,923	(4,013)
Total Charges to Appropriations	1,600,106	1,610,207	1,611,745	(1,538)
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	\$ 745,410	\$ 764,938	\$ 786,693	\$ 21,755

	Budgete Original	ed Amounts Final	Actual Amounts (Budgetary Basis) (See Note 1)	Variance With Final Budget - Favorable (Unfavorable)
Budgetary Fund Balance - Beginning	<u>\$</u> 0	\$0	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$0</u>
<u>Resources (Inflows)</u> <u>Local Revenue</u> Children Meal Sales Adult Meal Sales	5,700 500	500	118 887	118 387
Other Local Revenue				0
Total Local Revenue	6,200	500	1,005	505
Federal Revenue Child Nutrition Reimbursement	62,000	62,000	64,987	2,987
Total Federal Revenue	62,000	62,000	64,987	2,987
Transfers From Other Funds	3,500	5,000	14,000	9,000
Amounts Available for Appropriations	71,700	67,500	79,992	12,492
Charges to Appropriations (Outflows) Non-Instructional				
Salaries Benefits	19,136	21,913	19,519	2,394
Purchased Services	8,564 0	9,229 2,798	8,250 5,038	979 (2,240)
Supplies	44,000	42,200	47,407	(5,207)
Total Non-Instructional	71,700	76,140	80,214	(4,074)
Total Charges to Appropriations	71,700	76,140	80,214	(4,074)
Ending Budgetary Fund Balance	<u>\$0</u>	\$ (8,640)	\$ (222)	\$ 8,418

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET PENSION LIABILITY <u>PERSI - BASE PLAN</u> LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

	Employer's	pro	mployer's oportionate		Employer's covered-	Employer's proportional share of the net pension liability as a percentage of its covered-	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the
Year Ended	portion of net		re of the net		employee	employee	total pension
June 30,	pension liability	per	sion liability	payroll		payroll	liability
2021	0.0301431%	\$	699,963	\$	1,169,325	59.86%	88.22%
2020	0.0304501%	\$	347,579	\$	1,057,881	32.86%	93.79%
2019	0.0309530%	\$	456,562	\$	1,034,208	44.15%	91.69%
2018	0.0295573%	\$	464,590	\$	1,006,317	46.17%	90.68%
2017	0.0307727%	\$	623,810	\$	917,493	67.99%	87.26%
2016	0.0313015%	\$	412,190	\$	900,008	45.80%	91.38%
2015	0.0314911%	\$	231,824	\$	966,486	23.99%	94.95%
2014	*		*		*	*	*
2013	*		*		*	*	*
2012	*		*		*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of July 1, 2020

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - BASE PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	Statutorily required	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution		-	ontribution deficiency) excess	I 	Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll	
2021	\$ 139,617	\$	139,617	\$	-	\$	1,169,325	11.94%	
2020	\$ 125,799	\$	125,799	\$	-	\$	1,057,881	11.89%	
2019	\$ 117,072	\$	117,072	\$	-	\$	1,034,208	11.32%	
2018	\$ 113,915	\$	113,915	\$	-	\$	1,006,317	11.32%	
2017	\$ 103,860	\$	103,860	\$	-	\$	917,493	11.32%	
2016	\$ 101,881	\$	101,881	\$	-	\$	900,008	11.32%	
2015	\$ 109,447	\$	109,447	\$	-	\$	966,486	11.32%	
2014	*		*		*		*	*	
2013	*		*		*		*	*	
2012	*		*		*		*	*	

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021

* GASB Statement No. 68 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER'S SHARE OF NET OPEB ASSET <u>PERSI - SICK LEAVE</u> LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended	Employer's	pro	mployer's pportionate re of the net		Employer's covered- employee	Employer's proportional share of the net OPEB asset as a percentage of its covered- employee	Plan fiduciary net position as a percentage of the
June 30,	OPEB asset	OF	PEB asset		payroll	payroll	total OPEB asset
2021 2020 2019	0.0798544% 0.0696652% 0.0740683%	\$ \$ \$	98,325 66,276 61,436	\$ \$ \$	1,169,325 1,057,881 1,034,208	8.41% 6.26% 5.94%	152.87% 138.51% 135.69%
2018	*	Ψ	*	Ψ	*	*	*
2017	*		*		*	*	*
2016	*		*		*	*	*
2015	*		*		*	*	*
2014	*		*		*	*	*
2013	*		*		*	*	*
2012	*		*		*	*	*

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2020

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF EMPLOYER CONTRIBUTIONS PERSI - OPEB PLAN LAST 10 FISCAL YEARS *

Year Ended June 30,	r	tatutorily equired ntribution	Contributions in relation to the statutorily required contribution			ontribution eficiency) excess		Employer's covered- employee payroll	Contributions as a percentage of covered- employee payroll		
2021	\$	-	\$	-	\$	-	\$	1,169,325	0.00%		
2020	\$	7,160	\$	7,160	\$	-	\$	1,057,881	0.68%		
2019	\$	11,427	\$ 11,427		\$	-	\$	1,034,208	1.10%		
2018		*		*	*		*		*		
2017		*		*		*		*	*		
2016		*		*		*		*	*		
2015		*		*		*		*	*		
2014		*	*			*		*	*		
2013		*		*		*		*	*		
2012		*	*		*			*	*		

Data reported is measured as of June 30, 2021

* GASB Statement No. 75 requires ten years of information to be presented in this table. However, until a full 10year trend is compiled, the District will present information for those years for which information is available.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 1 - RECONCILIATION OF BUDGET TO GAAP

An explanation of the differences between budgetary inflows and outflows and revenues and expenditures determined in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America follows:

	General Fund	Food Service
<u>Sources/Inflows of Resources</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "available for appropriation" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 2,398,438	\$ 79,992
<u>Differences - Budget to GAAP</u> The fund balance at the beginning of the year is a budgetary resource but is not a current year revenue for financial reporting purposes	(767,288)	0
Transfers from other funds are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenue for financial reporting purposes	0	(14,000)
Earnings from investments are inflows of budgetary resources but are not revenues for financial reporting purposes	(5,167)	0_
Total revenues as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,625,983</u>	<u>\$ 65,992</u>
<u>Uses/Outflows of Resources</u> Actual amounts (budgetary basis) "total charges to appropriations" from the budgetary comparison schedule	\$ 1,611,745	\$ 80,214
<u>Differences - Budget to GAAP</u> Transfers to other funds are outflows of budgetary resources but are not expenditures for financial reporting	(20,923)	0_
Total expenditures as reported on the statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances - governmental funds	<u>\$ 1,590,822</u>	\$ 80,214

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 2 - REQUIRED FUND DISCLOSURE

The following funds had excess actual expenditures over budgeted expenditures:

Fund	Budget			Actual	Overage		
Food Service General Fund	\$	76,140 1,610,207	\$	80,214 1,611,745	\$	(4,074) (1,538)	

NOTE 3 - BUDGETING PROCEDURES

The Board of Trustees adopts a budget on a basis consistent with the GAAP with minor changes for most funds. The District is required to present the adopted and final amended budget of the general fund and all other funds shown as major funds in the fund financial statements. These items are presented in the required supplementary information section following the notes to the financial statements.

The following procedures are followed in establishing the budget for the District:

1. At least 28 days prior to its annual meeting, the board of trustees shall have prepared a budget in a form prescribed by the state superintendent of public education, and shall have notified the public of the budget hearing.

2. At the public hearing or a special meeting held no later than 14 days after the public hearing, the board of trustees shall adopt a budget for the ensuing year.

3. he board of trustees shall publish a summary statement of the budget and a complete copy of the budget shall be submitted to the Idaho State Board of Education.

4. The District may amend the budget any time during the year but the above procedures must be followed each time a budget amendment is made.

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO NOTES TO REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION JUNE 30, 2021

NOTE 4 - PENSION DISCLOSURES

The following information is required to be disclosed as it relates to the pension:

- Changes of benefit terms:	None
 Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit terms: 	None
- Changes of assumptions:	None

NOTE 5 - OPEB DISCLOSURES

The following information is required to be disclosed as it relates to the pension:

- Changes of benefit terms:	None
- Changes in composition of the population covered by the benefit terms:	None
- Changes of assumptions:	None

SUPPLEMENTAL INFORMATION SECTION

	CVRF - Blended Learning		Pro	State fessional chnical	Te	Basic chnology Grant	Title I-A Local Program	
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments			\$	3,640	\$	86,383		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	3,640	\$	86,383	\$	0
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	40 40	\$	2,008 1,920 3,928	\$	0	\$	4,618 4,254 8,872
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(40)		(288)		86,383		(8,872)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(40)		(288)		86,383		(8,872)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	3,640	\$	86,383	\$	0

	Title IV Student Support		Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)		Edu Pre (pecial ucation - eschool IDEA eschool)	REAP Grant		
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments									
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	
<u>LIABILITIES</u> Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	41 3,040 1,442 4,523	\$	7,395 4,328 11,723	\$	787 	\$	1,809 729 2,538	
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(4,523)		(11,723)		(787)		(2,538)	
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(4,523)		(11,723)		(787)		(2,538)	
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	

	Improving Teacher Quality		ate Drug Free	edicaid Match	ESSER I Grant (Cares Act)	
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments			\$ 3,949	\$ 4,484		
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$ 3,949	\$ 4,484	\$	0
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	664 661 1,325	\$ 0	\$ 874 1,903 2,777	\$	6
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(1,325)	 3,949	 1,707		(6)
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(1,325)	 3,949	 1,707		(6)
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$ 3,949	\$ 4,484	\$	0

	ESSER Grant II (Cares Act)		CVRF - Technology		CVRF - Special Distribution		Total	
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Interfund Receivable Due From Other Governments							\$	98,456 0 0
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	98,456
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable Contracts and Benefits Payable <u>TOTAL LIABILITIES</u>	\$	15,289 15,289	\$	239 239	\$	0	\$	2,923 33,887 15,237 52,047
FUND BALANCES Unreserved		(15,289)		(239)		0		46,409
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		(15,289)		(239)		0		46,409
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	0	\$	0	\$	0	\$	98,456

	CVRF - Blended Learning	State Professional Technical	Basic Technology Grant	Title I-A Local Program
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State Federal	<u>\$ 128,127</u>	\$ 23,632	\$ 1,305 40,910	<u>\$ 26,468</u>
TOTAL REVENUES	128,127	23,632	42,215	26,468
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service	29,514	23,920	25,806	32,973
Capital Expenditures	98,653		4,940	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	128,167	23,920	30,746	32,973
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(40)	(288)	11,469	(6,505)
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers				
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0	0	0_	0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(40)	(288)	11,469	(6,505)
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	0	0	74,914	(2,367)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (40)	\$ (288)	\$ 86,383	\$ (8,872)

	Title IV Student Support	Special Education - Grants to States (IDEA, Part B)	Special Education - Preschool (IDEA Preschool)	REAP Grant	
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State					
Federal	\$ 16,119	\$ 25,527	\$	\$ 3,431	
TOTAL REVENUES	16,119	25,527	0	3,431	
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures	19,976	25,356	2	4,361	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	19,976	25,356	2	4,361	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(3,857)	171	(2)	(930)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers					
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0_	0	0_	0_	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(3,857)	171	(2)	(930)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	(666)	(11,894)	(785)	(1,608)	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (4,523)	<u>\$ (11,723)</u>	<u>\$ (787)</u>	\$ (2,538)	

	Improving Teacher Quality		State Drug Free		Medicaid Match		ESSER Grant I (Cares Act)	
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State			\$	3,501				
Federal	\$	6,063			\$	25,165	\$	29,060
TOTAL REVENUES		6,063		3,501		25,165		29,060
<u>EXPENDITURES</u> Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service Capital Expenditures		3,964		2,265		23,458		23,000 1,473
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		3,964		2,265		23,458		24,473
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES		2,099		1,236		1,707		4,587
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers								
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)		0		0		0		0
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE		2,099		1,236		1,707		4,587
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING		(3,424)		2,713		0		(4,593)
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$	(1,325)	\$	3,949	\$	1,707	\$	(6)

	ESSER Grant II (Cares Act)	CVRF - Technology	CVRF - Special Distribution	Total	
<u>REVENUES</u> Local State Federal TOTAL REVENUES	<u> </u>	<u>\$ 10,000</u> 10,000	<u>\$ 40,069</u> 40,069	\$ 1,305 68,043 <u>310,029</u> 379,377	
	<u>φ 0</u>	10,000	40,009	319,311	
EXPENDITURES Instructional Support Administrative Non-Instructional - Food Service		10,239	40,069	177,103 89,273 0 0	
Capital Expenditures	15,289			118,882	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	15,289	10,239	40,069	385,258	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	(15,289)	(239)	0_	(5,881)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Interfund Transfers				0_	
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	0_	0	0	0	
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	(15,289)	(239)	0	(5,881)	
FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING	0	0	0	52,290	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	\$ (15,289)	\$ (239)	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 46,409	

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO COMBINING BALANCE SHEET CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS JUNE 30, 2021

	Capital Construction Fund	Plant Facilities Fund	Total
<u>ASSETS</u> Cash Investments Property Taxes Receivable Interfund Receivable		\$ 4,449 17,169	,
TOTAL ASSETS	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 21,618	<u>\$ 21,618</u>
LIABILITIES Accounts Payable Interfund Payable TOTAL LIABILITIES	\$ 0	1,360 <u>\$3,098</u> 4,458	3,098
DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES Deferred Inflows From Property Taxes		1,370	1,370
TOTAL DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES	0	1,370	1,370
FUND BALANCES Restricted	0	15,790	15,790
TOTAL FUND BALANCES	0	15,790	15,790
TOTAL LIABILITIES, DEFERRED INFLOWS OF RESOURCES, AND FUND BALANCES	<u>\$0</u>	\$ 21,618	\$ 21,618

	Capital Construction Fund	Plant Facilities Fund	Total	
<u>REVENUES</u> Property Taxes Property Tax Penalty and Interest		\$ 52,886 238	\$ 52,886 238	
TOTAL REVENUES	\$ 0	53,124	53,124	
EXPENDITURES Purchased Services Supplies Capital Outlay Debt Service - Principal Debt Service - Interest		32,936 5,462 16,087	32,936 5,462 16,087 0 0	
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	0	54,485	54,485	
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUE OVER EXPENDITURES	0	(1,361)	(1,361)	
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Earnings from Investments Interfund Transfers		22 6,923	22 6,923	
<u>TOTAL OTHER FINANCING</u> SOURCES (USES)	0	6,945	6,945	
<u>NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE</u> <u>FUND BALANCE - BEGINNING</u>	0 0	5,584 10,206	5,584 10,206	
FUND BALANCE - ENDING	<u>\$0</u>	<u>\$ 15,790</u>	\$ 15,790	

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF CHANGE IN NET POSITION - AGENCY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2021

Student Group	Beginning Balance	Receipts Disbursements		Transfers In (Out)	s Ending Balance	
Student Body	\$ 2,986.80	\$ 390.62	\$ 953.36	\$ (21.00)	\$ 2,403.06	
Mona Maag Scholarship	4,649.38	1,750.00	2,350.00	+ (,	4,049.38	
SB Class Trip	18,555.49	445.00	5,183.16	(105.00)	13,712.33	
Box Tops	1,060.49		0.58	(/	1,059.91	
Annual	1,179.48	799.55	680.30		1,298.73	
Assembly	3,550.21	405.00	198.98		3,756.23	
IDLA	25.00	325.00	300.00		50.00	
Activity Cards	916.00	675.00	40.50		1,550.50	
Athletics	(55.52)	5,098.63	5,118.11	(120.00)	(195.00)	
RCD Raffle	605.00			, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	605.00	
Future Farmers of America	382.56	330.00	693.32		19.24	
Greenhouse	4,933.84	3,072.90	1,155.46	50.00	6,901.28	
Shop	478.62	244.24			722.86	
Music	105.49	50.00		(25.00)	130.49	
Library	44.04				44.04	
Cheerleading	777.12	333.00			1,110.12	
Sunshine Club	525.92	150.00	369.67		306.25	
Book Damage	891.27				891.27	
Driver's Education	0.00				0.00	
Girls Basketball	1,028.74				1,028.74	
Girls Soccer	246.83		175.00		71.83	
Boys Basketball	1,134.39				1,134.39	
Wood Shop	2,100.60				2,100.60	
Ski Club	182.44				182.44	
Bear Factory - Home Ec	2,568.38	7,350.22	6,772.77	221.00	3,366.83	
Bear Factory - Ag	8,353.60				8,353.60	
Bear Factory - Business	114.31				114.31	
Finn Fund	0.00	64.00	3.84		60.16	
Leader In Me	1,800.00				1,800.00	
Total	\$ 59,140.48	\$ 21,483.16	\$ 23,995.05	\$ 0.00	\$ 56,628.59	

R. MICHAEL BURR

Certified Public Accountant P.O. Box 2229 Twin Falls, ID 83303-2229

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REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

Chairman and Board of Trustees Bliss Joint School District No. 234 Bliss, ID 83314 October 5, 2021

I have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Bliss Joint School District No. 234, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Bliss Joint School District No. 234's basic financial statements and have issued my report thereon dated October 5, 2021.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing my audit of the financial statements, I considered Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing my opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control. Accordingly, I do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Bliss Joint School District No. 234's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

My consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies and therefore, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that have not been identified. I did identify certain deficiencies in internal control, described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs as item 2021-001.

Independent Auditor's Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* Page Two

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Bliss Joint School District No. 234's financial statements are free from material misstatement, I performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of my tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Bliss Joint School District No. 234's Response to Findings

Bliss Joint School District No. 234's response to the findings identified in my audit is described in the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs. Bliss Joint School District No. 234's response was not subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements and, accordingly, I express no opinion on it.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

Sincerely,

R. Michael Burr

R. Michael Burr Certified Public Accountant

BLISS JOINT SCHOOL DISTRICT NO. 234 BLISS, IDAHO SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND RESPONSES JUNE 30, 2021

SIGNIFICANT DEFICIENCIES

2021-001 Segregation of Duties

Condition: Only one person is employed by the District in the accounting department which does not allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Criteria: Segregation of duties is an internal control that should be in place to provide reasonable assurance that one person does not have complete control over the entire

Cause : There are not enough personnel hired to allow for a strict segregation of duties.

Effect: May allow for misstatement of general purpose financial statements and misuse of assets.

Recommendation: Hire additional staff to provide a proper segregation of duties.

Views of Responsible Official and Planned Corrective Actions: We concur with the recommendation. However, due to a lack of financial resources to pay for the additional staff and other controls currently in place, no action will be taken at this point.

MATERIAL WAEKNESSES

None

NONCOMPLIANCE

None

Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

Finding 2020-001 Lack of Segregation of Duties

The District believes that this finding applies only to the financial reporting and does not effect the federal award programs. No corrective action was taken.